To Christians.

I have declared that I am inspired "to learn and to teach, to observe and to do," as were Moses and the Prophets of old.

My doctrine is of Peace and Good Will, even as that of the blessed Jesus, whose precepts and examples ye approve and profess to follow, yet is my mission especially to the people of Israel, whom you call *Jews*.

And hereby may you infer whether or not I be a true prophet. The word *Jew*, which hath been applied in contempt, and which may continue in use on account of its shortness, shall henceforth become an honorable appellative in all the countries of the earth.

I mean not that an Israelite shall be better than another in the estimation of his Maker, for God is impartial: but that they who utter or hear the word *Jew*, shall no more attach a contemptuous idea to the expression.

And, moreover, that the people who have hitherto felt insulted when called by this name, shall not be shocked, but willingly bear the appellation, as well as the more appropriate title of Israelites or Hebrews.

I mean not that such a change will instantly take place, as if miraculous; but that this improvement in manners, and a much higher one in morals, will forthwith be gradually made manifest:

That, even according to the cry of the followers of Mahomet,

"There is no God but God; lo! God is great!"

The scripture may be fulfilled which saith "AND YE SHALL KNOW THAT I AM THE LORD."

The time hath come that the people of Israel, if they will heartily repent of their transgressions, in consequence of which they live as scattered outcasts over all the earth—may unite and dwell together, in the fear and admonition of the Lord.

Wo unto them if they fail to establish and to practice that which is good. Wo will be to me if I fail to utter what the Lord shall dictate.

Give me of Thy strength, wherewith to obey thee, O Author of Existence; for I am weakness. Sinner, yet, by Thy indulgence, still servant, let me but know Thy just will, and grant me the heart to do it for Thy sake.

I am Thy creature, unworthy if I labor not for Thy service, by doing good on earth according to the best judgment which I can train myself to form, under the instruction Thou hast established.

Thou hast given me a cheering hope of being acceptable, through Thy pardoning Mercy, if I offend not by forgetting that I must serve Thee alone.

O Father, I pray that Thou wilt pardon, guide and protect; for he who liveth, liveth not by his own power, but by Thy permission; and unworthy is he in Thy sight if he live not according to Thy law.

Thy law groweth spontaneously in the human mind, if we but worship Thee with our best endeavors. Thy servants of old, who sought Thee by prayer and by cultivating continually the internal Sense of Right,—were enabled to know Thy will.

Merciful is thy ordinance, that he who seeketh with perfect devotion shall have the gift of Understanding.

God of our Fathers, the prophets have declared Thy will in regard to Israel. Whom Thou hast taught, are worthy to be believed. Thy will be done.

The time hath now come, that if the descendants of Abraham, and any who would serve the Lord in purity, will turn from the errors of their ways with all their hearts, the Lord will bless them.

Wherefore should the prophet declare what he seeth in the future?—Can any man tell him a good reason? When it is right that he should see and declare, the Lord prompteth him.

Prophetic knowledge is not given for the gratification of baneful curiosity; but as a direction for the accomplishment of important good.

"Prophecy is from the Lord; and its use is for the Lord alone. If "the wise man foreseeth evil and avoideth it," surely they who take warning from a true prophet, shall escape from trouble.

Vain man! seek not to learn or disclose that which will not make thee, or thy brother, better; but task thyself to make good use of the knowledge, talents, faculties and opportunities with which thou art *blest* or *tempted*—according as thou accepteest them. ONE.

PURSUIT OF KNOWLEDGE UNDER DIFFICULTIES.—The following is a most remarkable and praiseworthy instance of what perseverance and industry, rightly directed, are able to effect. Among the graduating Class at the Commencement last week, at Williams College, was one by the name of Condit, from Jersey. This gentleman is a shoemaker, is married, and has a family of four children. Six years ago, becoming sensible of the blessings of an education, he commenced learning the simple branches, such are taught in our primary schools. One by one, as he sat on his shoemaker's bench, he mastered Grammar, Arithmetic, Geography, &c. with some occasional assistance from his fellow-workmen. At this time he determined to obtain a collegiate education. Without means, and with a large family depending on him for support, he commenced, and learned Latin and Greek in the evenings, after his day's labor was over, under the direction of a friend; and after the lapse of a year and a half, prepared himself, and entered the sophomore class at Williams College.

He brought his bench and tools as well as his books with him. The students supplied him with work; the faculty assisted him; and together with the fund for indigent students and some occasional assistance from other sources, he was enabled to go through the college course, and at the same time support his family. He graduated last week, on his birth-day, aged thirty-two. He stood high in his class and received a part at the Commencement, but declined. At the farewell meeting of the class, in consideration of his perseverance, talents and Christian character, they presented his wife with an elegant set of silver spoons, tea and table, each handsomely engraved with an appropriate inscription.

Mr. Condit will now enter the Theological Seminary at New-York, and will, no doubt, make a faithful and popular Minister.

What young man in this country will ever, after such an example as this, despair of obtaining an education? [Springfield Republican.

COMMERCIAL AND MONEY MATTERS.

For Sales of Stocks, &c. see Fourth Page.

THURSDAY, P. M.

The fancy stocks continue very buoyant, and in the leading stocks, Norwich and Harlem, there is an active speculation going on, and the tendency is still upward. This state of things might with propriety be looked for. The operators have mostly returned to town; money is plenty, and the market for the last month or two has been quiet—consequently the bulls have a sharp appetite for a speculation and appear to be gratifying.

Sterling continues firm, but the market is not active. Holders ask 7 per cent for favorite signatures, and some sales have been made at that figure. For a parcel of Canada Bank bills 7½ is asked. France sold at 5.30.

In freight there is a moderate business doing, and the rates are still heavy. Engagements to Liverpool of Flour are made at 1s.3d@1s.6d. and 150 to 200 tons heavy freight were engaged at 30s. Cotton is je.@3-16d. For a direct port two vessels were taken at 6¼d for Corn, and four or five vessels were taken up for the Continent at round sums.

The money market is decidedly easier, and a good deal of money was seeking employment to-day in the street at 5 per cent. on first class stocks. The best paper was done at 6 per cent. by bankers.

The New-York State Bank, Albany, has declared a dividend of five per cent.

The work on the Erie Railroad is being pushed with great energy. Over seven thousand men are now engaged on the different sections. The earnings of the completed portion are large, and sufficient at present to pay the expenses and the interest on the new instalments.

The aggregate amount of tolls received both ways at all the offices on the Erie Canal up to the 14th inst. inclusive, was $1,978,886 35.

The amount received for Canal tolls at Buffalo, Rochester and Oswego, during the third week in August in the years 1845, '46 and '47, is as follows:

	1845.	1846.	1847.
Buffalo	$12,187 25	$16,821 40	$31,148 84
Rochester	5,812 31	6,643 09	6,213 24
Oswego	4,499 69	5,469 11	8,342 12
Total	$22,499 25	$28,933 60	$45,704 20

Alfred Kelly, Esq. has been appointed President of the Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad Company, in place of John W. Andrews, Esq. resigned. The Company has resolved to make another vigorous effort for the prosecution of this work.

A new Bank is about to be established at Bridgeport, Ohio.

The Indianapolis and Madison Railroad is now finished within fourteen miles of Indianapolis, and is expected to be completed clear through in two or three weeks. The trade of another section of rich country will then be opened to the Ohio River.

The Solicitor of the United States Treasury has advertised all the lands at South Boston for sale, which the Government received from the exploded Commonwealth Bank in Boston.

The value of the merchandise exported from the Port of Boston to foreign ports, during the week ending August 21, was as follows: Domestic Products, $192,566 63; Foreign Products, 25,634 47; Specie, 915 00. Total, $218,516 10.

Statement showing the receipts of some of the principal articles of merchandise at that port, for the week ending August 31:—Flour from New-Orleans 6,554 bbls; do. from Baltimore 180; do. from Albany, water, 3,792; do. do. W. R. R. 5,556; do. from New-York 4,267; do. from other places 684; Corn 42,998 bushels, 3,599 sacks; Corn Meal 887 bbls; Wheat 4,738 bushels; Rye 1,970 bushels; Oats 11,385 bushels; Rye Flour 100 bbls; Cotton 3,980 bales; Coffee, from St. Domingo, 2,397 bags; Sugar, foreign, 2,015 boxes; do. do. 139 hads.

The Annual Report of the Commissioner of Patents has just been published. It contains, in addition to other valuable matter, a tabular estimate of the crops for 1845. The aggregates are thus given:

Bush. of Wheat	106,548,000	Hay, tons	14,065,000
do. Barley	5,160,000	Flax & Hemp, tons	37,500
do. Oats	163,208,000	Tobacco, lbs	187,422,000
do. Rye	27,175,000	Cotton, lbs	936,088,000
do. Buckwheat	10,268,000	Rice, lbs	89,765,000
do. Indian Corn	417,899,000	Silk, lbs of coc's	486,530
do. Potatoes	88,392,000	Sugar, lbs	226,026,000

The Commissioner, in giving this statement, says that while no pretension is made to complete accuracy, the best sources of information have been consulted.

The sale of the assets of the Union Bank of Mississippi by the Trustees under the Bank law of 1846, commences in a few weeks in the various counties in the State. Among the assets which the court directed to be sold are the stock mortgages. These mortgages were created to secure the payment of the State Bonds for $10,000,000, which were to have been issued for the benefit of the Bank, and "seven per centum interest on any loans that be may obtain from the Bank as stockholder therein." But few, if any, received discounts as stockholders.

The following table with reference to Potatoes, Tobacco, Cotton, Wheat and Indian Corn, expressed in thousands of bushels and lbs. possess especial interest:

State or Territory.	1,000 bush. wheat	1,000 bus. corn.	1,000 bus. potatoes.	1,000 lbs. tobacco.	1,000 lbs. of cotton
Maine	502	1,912	8,613		
New-Hampshire	647	1,828	3,714		
Massachusetts	241	3,098	3,038	123	
Rhode-Island	5	731	650		
Connecticut	114	2,619	1,694	794	
Vermont	854	1,728	4,926		
New-York	16,200	13,250	21,986		
New-Jersey	1,050	7,314	1,757		
Pennsylvania	12,580	17,126	5,497	535	
Delaware	440	2,713	155		
Maryland	4,885	3,723	765	17,980	6,000
Virginia	11,885	27,272	1,899	30,218	2,412
North Carolina	1,969	14,887	2,711	10,373	40,000
South Carolina	1,168	8,184	2,520	40	45,000
Georgia	1,571	13,320	1,536	195	205,000
Alabama	980	16,650	1,635	341	145,000
Mississippi	378	9,167	3,040	193	235,000
Louisiana		8,360	1,299		185,000
Tennessee	8,340	70,265	2,256	37,109	48,000
Kentucky	4,769	54,625	1,508	63,310	1,200
Ohio	13,572	57,600	4,120	7,576	
Indiana	7,044	30,625	2,680	3,539	
Illinois	4,563	25,584	2,631	1,168	270
Missouri	1,525	15,625	875	13,714	200
Arkansas	2,427	8,250	642		17,000
Michigan	7,061	4,945	4,555		
Florida		733	255	260	12,000
Wisconsin Terry	971	672	938		
Iowa Territory	793	2,028	516		
Dist. of Columbia	15	35	41		
Total	106,548	417,889	88,392	187,422	936,088

Markets....*Carefully reported for The Tribune.*

THURSDAY, August 26.

ASHES—The inquiry for Ashes is steady and the market about as before quoted. Pearls are $8; Pots $5 25, with sales 150 bbls.

COTTON—The sales to-day have been to the extent of 1,200 bales mostly for shipment. The market continues without animation and prices in favor of the buyer, not sufficiently so however to cause us to alter quotations.

FLOUR AND MEAL—There was no marked change to-day in Flour. The demand is fair for home use and the East, with a little inquiry for shipment at prices a shade below current rates. Fresh Genesee is $5 75, firm; Oswego $5 62@5 69; Western $5 50@5 69. The sales of the day reach about 5,000 bbls. Holders at the close were firm. The receipts were moderate. A sale of 700 bbls sour Michigan was made at $4 50. The inquiry for sour Flour is good. Meal is rather quiet and 1,000 bbls sold at $2 62½@2 87½ for Western. In Jersey we hear of nothing doing. Rye Flour is $4@4 35 with small sales.

GRAIN—For Wheat the inquiry is good and the market firm. We note sales 2800 bush red Western at 110@111; 4,000 do fair at 115, and 2,600 fair Mixed Ohio at 126 cts. Genesee is held at 134 cts. Corn was dull and heavy. The quotations for sound Mixed were 71@2; flat, nearly Yellow, 74@75; round Yellow 76 cts—the sales are about 20,000 bush. Some heated sold at 70@71c. Rye is in good demand and scarce. About 8,000 bush were sold at 87½@92, part in arrive. New brought 70 cts. Barley is nominally 55 c. New Oats are coming in more freely and sell at 50@55 cts. Old are 57@60 by cargo and at retail. We note sale small parcel New-Jersey Oats at 48 cts. Beans are in fair demand with sales 500 or 600 bbls at $1@1 50 per bush. Peas are worth 87½@1 37½ per bushel.

WHISKY—The market is firm and about 400 bbls changed hands at 28½ for Ohio and 29 for State Prison. Drudge is held at 29 cts.

PROVISIONS—There is some movement in provisions for the trade and we notice 600 or 800 bbls Pork at $12 to 12 25 and $15 to 15 25 for Prime and Mess, including some State Mess at $16 and lots of refuse at the usual difference. For Beef there is a fair inquiry and holders are asking more in consequence of the Government demand. A sale of 100 tcs Prime Mess was made at $19 50. For Lard the inquiry is good and 1,000 to 1,200 bbls have changed hands, mostly inferior, at 8@9½ for Grease and No. 2 and 10½ for Prime. Butter and Cheese are steady and in fair inquiry. Sales 500 boxes Cheese at 7½ cts.

LEATHER—The Leather Market presents no new features excepting an increased demand, caused by the return of the journeymen shoemakers from their annual agricultural labors to their legitimate pursuits. The quantity of Leather sold during this week is quite large, say 15,000 sides. There is a great deal of Leather arriving from the tanneries, but it is sold freely upon arriving at full prices. The public sale to-day was very fully attended, by out of town buyers principally, and the whole catalogue, consisting of 7,123 sides Hemlock and 1,367 Oak was sold as follows:

Light mid. Hemlock	16¼@18	Heavy	19 @ 20
Heavy do	15 @16	Middling	21 @ 22
Good damged do	13@15	Light	20 @ 23
Poor do	9 @ 9½		

OIL CAKE—A sale of 100 tons thin oblong was made at $28, cash.

OIL—Linseed is quiet at 68 for Country, 70 for best American and 67@68 for English. Sales 100 bbls Crude Whale for home use at 35 cts and 100 do Winter Bleached Whale at 53 cts.

BONE—A sale of 7,000 lbs North-west for home use was made at 31c. cash.

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine is very firm at $3 for 280 without sales. Spirits sold to the extent of 700 or 800 bbls at 46@47c, mostly 47 cts. In other Stores there is no movement.

SEED—Clover is held very firmly at 7@7½ cts, but we hear of no sales of importance. A small lot of Rough Flax sold at 143 cts and 3,500 bush do on private terms.

PLASTER—We note sales four or five cargoes Eastern to go up River at $2 62½@2 75, cash.

LEAD—A sale of 1,000 pigs was made at 4 cents ⅌ 6 cash.

MARRIED:

At Babylon, Long Island, August 19, by Rev. Mr. Ketchum, Mr. WM. V. DANA, of Plainfield, Vermont, to Miss A. E. MURRAY, of Babylon.

On the 16th instant, by Rev. Mr. Jones, at the residence of Mr. Nathaniel Burwell, Sr. of Clarke County, Va. BEVERLY RANDOLPH, U. S. N. to Miss MARY C. eldest daughter of the late Dr. Philip Grymes Randolph, of Clarke.

DIED:

At Brooklyn, 26th inst. after a lingering illness, LAURA ANN GRANNISS, wife of George B. Grannies, aged 36 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral this afternoon, Friday, at 3 o'clock, precisely, from the residence of her husband, No. 64 Sands st. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood cemetery.

On Thursday, Aug. 26, of dysentery, CLEMENT LEFEVRE, son of Thomas J. and Sophia C. Coleman, aged 3 years, 9 months and 12 days.

Funeral this day, 27th, at 3 o'clock, precisely, from No. 58 Fifth-avenue. His remains will be taken to Greenwood cemetery for interment.

On Wednesday, 25th inst at Albany Mrs. MARY AKERLY widow of the late Dr. Samuel Akerly.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED

In ship Shenandoah, from Havre—Mr E Burgess, Abigail Burgess, Mariam Burgess, Martha Burgess, E P Burgess, Ed Burgess, all of U S; J Grimot, of France; By Morino, of Lpsin; Victor Reaudiom, of France; Theodore Thiry, and 200 steerage.

FOREIGN IMPORTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL—*Ship Henry Clay*—15 cases W Wainwright—4 bales Baker & Co—1 case Wickham & Hutchison—14 boxes S L Jones & Co—8 bales F Burrit—7 boxes A McFarlane—6 cases Coals, Bush & Co—10 boxes J Robertson & Co—240 bundles iron Warren, Hart & Co—480 do Pierson & Co—800 bars iron Whittemore & Co—65 do Davenport & Co—9 do D N Wilson & Co—1 case B Pike—50 tons coal D C Colden—2 cases Simonsdiel, Back & Co—2 cases Hallock & Co—2 cases Sisson, Swan & Co—2 J Robinson & Co—8 do Wight, Sturges & Co—2 do J Emeric—2 do Binns, Halstead & Co—9 do 4 boxes Bird, Gillian & Co—1 case Warrell, Coats & Co—2 do Russell & Marsh—3 do Acriance, Strong & Co—6 casks Wetmore & Co—5 cases Kent, Bend & Co—1 do Lewis & Farnum—1 do Jackson & Co—1 do A H Mallory & Co—1 do 3 bales Smith & Sharp—2 cases McAlvain & Williams—3 do Wyeth, Rogers & Co—1 do Halstead, Haines & Co—2 boxes Godfrey, Pattison & Co—3 bales R N Tinson & Co—1 do W Sloan—5 do Buckley & Clapham—1 case Bramhall, Abernethy & Co—7 do J R Warrell & Son—5 Robbins, Hall & Co—3 do Merritt, Ely & Co—2 do C Cope & Co—2 do Freeland & Co—3 do G Taylor & Son—4 do J Keeley—2 do McIlvain & Williams—7 do C W & J T Moore & Co—2 do Cromwell, Haight & Co—2 do Greenway, Henry & Co—2 do Field, Merritt & Co—2 do Van Dusen & Co—6 do A M & W N Strong—1 do Allen, Hazen & Co—2 do J & J Crox—3 do Fellows, Wadsworth & Co—14 do Russell, Marsh & Co—7 do Wright, Lave & Co—4 J Lefferts & Co—13 crates W W Haydock & Co—3 cases J & A Petrie—6 do Hunt Brothers—1 do Chambers & Co—5 do R L Crock—3 do Blatchford & Lydig—2 do Phelps, Dodge & Co—2 do Wait & Sherman—1 do T S Wilston & Co—3 do J & N Donnaly & Co—1 do Clapp & Kent—1 do Fanning & Pattchard—1 do Hubbard, Sweetzer & Co—2 do Lyman, Codner & Co—6 do W G Hunt & Co—1 do E Lipsiold & Co—1 do Van Dusen, Jagger & Co—4 do L & V Kirby & Co—2 do Marks & Duval—3 do A & S Willets—8 do Riggs, Jenkins & Co—3 do W S Bend & Co—10 do J S H Wetmore & Co—1 do J W Morton—1 do Tobtoski & Horner—13 do Wait & Sherman—2 do G W Colt—2 do W Habersham—2 do Lewis & Goodhman—5 do L Forman & Co—36 do sands, Fuller & Co—4 do Mortimer & Gantz—3 do Cook & Clark—10 do D Oakey & Co—9 do Butterfield & Brothers—19 cases McCall & Strong—8 do A R Enos—3 do J Falconer & Co—4 do C Buckingham & Co—12 do W Richmond—3 do S T Jones & Co—7 do G Pattison & Co—11 do W Whitewright & Co—12 do A J Stewart & Co—30 do I Nicholson & Co—18 do Swan & Co—1348 bars 80 bbls R Waterman & Co—8 cases J Falconer & Co—6 do Wight, Sturges & Shaw—3 do Clark, Southworth & Co—5 do Nevins & Co—14 do J Gibon & Co—5 do Bulkley & Co—5 casks 5 baskets G W Sworde—1 cask L B Binne & Co—29 cases 7 bbls Relan, Brothers & 2 cases G Emerie—2 do sharpe, Lindsey & Co—8 do Richardson, Wetmore & Co—12 do Wetmore & Co—6 do Hughes, Ward & Co—9 do Austin & Co—21 bales 26 cases Tooker, Mead & Co—1 do S & J Jones & Co—26 do 9 bales 4 cts W Whitewight & Co—2691 bars 40 bbls iron Pierson & Co—7 casks W J Miller—11 cases E S Clark—3 do Russell & Marsh—5 do A Arnold & Co—9 do Watson, Johnson & Co—6 do G Pattison & Co—12 do Riggs, Jenkins & Co—524 bills iron 270 boxes tin 100 bbls wire 12 casks 32 cases copper Phelps, Dodge & Co—42 cases 22 bdls steel Naylor & Co—6 cases Bulkley, Graham & Co—2 cases D & S W Poulin & Co—1 do Reid & Sprague—5 do Corning & Horner—1 do J B Windle & Co—4 do Sheldon, Phelps & Co—4 do Townsend & Co—26 do Coffin & Co—1 do H W Richardson & Co—3 do Boyd & Co—1 do 3 bales Smith & Sharp—2 cases McAlvain & Williams—3 do Wyeth, Rogers & Co—1 do A H Mallory & Co—1 do 3 bales Smith & Sharp—2 cases McAlvain & Williams—3 do Wyeth, Rogers & Co—1 do Halstead, Haines & Co—2 boxes Godfrey, Pattison & Co—3 bales R N Tinson & Co—1 do W Sloan—5 do Buckley & Clapham—1 case Bramhall, Abernethy & Co—7 do J R Warrell & Son—5 Robbins, Hall & Co—3 do Merritt, Ely & Co—2 do C Cope & Co—2 do Freeland & Co—3 do G Taylor & Son—4 do J Keeley—2 do McIlvain & Williams—7 do C W & J T Moore & Co—2 do Cromwell, Haight & Co—2 do Greenway, Henry & Co—2 do Field, 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