New Publications.

"JARR'S NEW MANUAL."—The fifth and sixth parts of the second volume of this truly valuable homœopathic work have just been published by Radde, 322 Broadway. We have so often expressed our sense of its merits, that we can add but little in the way of commendation. For thoroughness of analysis and comprehensive application of principles we know no work in medical science that can be called its superior.

"L'AMERICAIN FRANCAIS."—This is the title of a new work by M. P. CHERBONNIER of Baltimore, designed for the use of students of French. It proposes to teach them in a very short time by means of examples rather than rules to read fluently, pronounce correctly and write with accuracy every word of that language. The work is published by John D Toy, Baltimore.

"THE DISEASES OF WOMEN."—This is the title of a work by Dr. HOLLICK, published by Burgess, Stringer & Co. designed to furnish women with that knowledge of their own peculiar constitution, for the want of which much suffering exists. The volume is a compact one, and the facts are clearly and succinctly stated.

"LIFE OF HENRY FOURTH."—The fourth and last Part of this interesting work has just been published by the Harpers. Mr. JAMES is, to our thinking, more successful as a historian than as a novelist. The book is published in very handsome style. Price 50 cents a part—$2 for the whole.

"CHAMBER'S MISCELLANY."—No. 6 of this useful and interesting series is for sale by Berford & Co. 181 Astor House

THE "CHRISTIAN WORLD."—Mr. G. G. Channing has relinquished the editorial charge of the Boston paper under this name, which has been entrusted to Rev. James Freeman Clarke, as his successor. The new Editor makes the following statement of his plans and prospects:

"He will endeavor to make this sheet useful in promoting a sincere piety, an enlarged catholicity, and the application of Christianity to every department of life, including politics and the conduct of public men of all parties."

Several gentlemen of distinguished ability and well known as the friends of every humane enterprise, have promised their aid as regular contributors.

SEVERE LOSS.—The *New-Hampshire Sentinel* (Thursday says that a valuable forge in East Middleboro, has been carried away by a recent flood. Loss $1,000 to $1,000.

☞ Jesse P. Loller has been tried at Jefferson City, Mo. on a charge of murdering his wife, and acquitted.

Law Courts.

SUPREME COURT—*General Term*—Before Judges Birdsall, McCoun and Mason —*Habeas Corpus.*—Messrs. Irving and Ward were brought up yesterday, pursuant to adjournment, on the appeal or review as to the Stillwell warrant. Mr. N. B. Blunt, for defendants, contended—1st, that the Stillwell act, under which the proceedings were had, is unconstitutional, inasmuch as it gives to a single Judge penal power on a debt where the party has a right to demand a trial by Jury; also, that the affidavit is defective &c. Mr. Sherman, (of Jefferson Co.) on behalf of the Jefferson County Bank, denied that the act is unconstitutional; the act is not intended to embrace an original proceeding, but is collateral to a suit which must be entered at the time, or has been entered, and its main object is to reach the property of a defendant to abide the judgment, &c.—To be continued this forenoon.

☞ *Special Term*—Before Judge Edwards.—*Application for Mandamus*—In the suit of *Brian O'Hara, vs. Paul Nanry*, in the Superior Court, (already referred to,) the copies was returnable in July, and Mr. N. was held to bail in the action of trespass on a claim for notes, in the sum of $12,000. The plaintiff did not enter his declaration at the time alleged by plaintiff to be required by law, and an order of discontinuance was obtained, but on appeal to the Court the order was vacated, and the plaintiff allowed two or three months in which to get certain documents and testimony from the West Indies, to which the parties belong. This extension of time was declared by Mr. Logan to operate hard upon the defendant, and also to be invalid, and he now makes application to the Supreme Court for a mandamus, requiring the Judges of the Superior Court to enter a judgment of discontinuance, or show cause. The order for mandamus was granted, setting forth that the said Brian O'Hara did not declare before the end of the next term after the term when the said writ was returnable, as required by law, and ordered that the said Judges enter judgment of discontinuance, or show cause to the contrary on the first Monday of December next. [This case will probably decide the point as to the power of the Courts to extend time in such cases.]

SUPREME COURT—*Case of Madame Restell.*—The application before Judge Edmonds, on Thursday, was for a writ of error, also to stay proceedings. The former the Judge was bound to grant by law, and the latter as he considered to be proper. The application on both points was granted, and she transferred to the custody of the Sheriff. The writ of error is an appeal to the Supreme Court, and a motion is to be made, we understand, to admit her to bail.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Before Judges Nelson and Betts —*Sun Mutual Ins. Co. ads. J. C. Hall and J. C. Pants*—Inquest set aside.

Sigg & Delamater ads. John B. Emerson.—Suit as to promissory.—Motion for new trial argued.

United States vs. R. Schaper—The defendant was charged in 1846 with altering a Custom-house certificate given with a cask of imported brandy (usually stamp a great coat.) The alteration was in the No. of the certificate. [The act of 1799, under which the charge was made, subjects a party to a penalty of $100 and costs of suit for altering any of said certificates, or erasing the Custom-house marks on a cask.] The case came up on demurrer which was argued by Mr. Hall on behalf of Mr. S. and the case dismissed, the Court considering the papers to be defective in not showing that the Collector, who signed the certificate was inspector as required by the act.

The case of the *Sun Mutual Ins. Co. ads. Loring Sigs*, was resumed.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE—*James Fair*, 24 mate of the ship Christina, was arrested, charged with cruel and unusual punishment of Wm. J. Bell, the carpenter of the vessel. Examination this afternoon.

SAILED FOR INDIA.—The new ship Valparaiso got under way yesterday for Canton. This is the first vessel that has sailed out of this port direct for the East Indies, for a number of years, and the occasion of her departure, with a number of missionaries on board, excited considerable interest, and as she moved down the river in tow of the steamer Washington, cannons were fired. Some twelve or fifteen years ago there was a considerable East India trade belonging to this port, and it was no unusual thing for Indiemen to sail here almost every month; but that trade has since been entirely lost sight of. It is to be hoped, however, that with our commerce increasing in almost every other quarter, this state of things will not long continue. [Phil. News.

The *North American* adds that: Messrs. Cox & Boughton shipped, on board the Valparaiso, an invoice of their superior stoves, destined for Shanghai, China. This is a new channel for Philadelphia enterprise, and the Celestials, at a distance of 18,000 miles, can cook their rice and roast their rats and puppies on stoves made of the Keystone iron.

DISGRACEFUL CONDUCT OF A BRITISH LANDHOLDER.—Great excitement prevails at St. John, New Brunswick, in consequence of the arrival of two vessels laden with paupers from Lord Palmerston's estate in Ireland. The number is over 600. This Lord Palmerston is a British statesman, who has been in office most of the time for the last thirty years, and passes for a man of consummate ability. All this may be true. But the expulsion of poor people from his estate, while he is surrounded by luxuries in London, the product, doubtless, of their labor in former times, shows a degree of inhumanity almost incredible. These persons, who are paupers, are said to have been once in comfortable circumstances. But the scourge of famine and the exactions of taskmasters have reduced them to a state of starvation; and as they are unable longer to minister to the wants of their landlord, they are shipped off by the hundred to the British possessions in America. No provision is made for their future sustenance. With such landlords is the condition of Ireland to be wondered at? Famine is a scourge less terrible than the rod of oppression wielded by the petty sovereign of two or three thousand acres.

The people of St. John have made out bills for the support of these people, which, if not paid by Lord Palmerston, will be presented to the Government. The Assembly of the Province has taken the matter in hand. [Rochester Dem.

ACQUITTED.—Sarah Morrison was arraigned in our Criminal Court last Monday, charged with the murder of her step mother. Our readers will remember the horrid affair—the girl having burned her mother to death, after having first disabled her by a blow on the head with a fire shovel. The girl gave the following account of the transaction: "You know, father, you was tired of her and I was tired of her, and I thought I'd put her out of the way. Polly was reading her Bible, and I hit her a lick with the shovel, and she fell down in a fit, and I hit her again, and put her into the fire—and we were short of wood, and I put old clothes on, and we'll never see old Polly again." She was of course acquitted on the ground of idiocy—the proof on that subject being conclusive. During her imprisonment she was visited by a colored woman, who persisted in calling her mother, whom she supposed to have been burned black by the process. The girl was remanded for future disposal of the Court. [Pittsburgh Journal.

☞ Persons wishing THE Tribune left regularly at their residences, or at their places of business, either in New-York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, Williamsburgh or Newark, will please leave their address at the desk of the Publishing Office, or send it by note through the Post Office. The price of The Daily Tribune to those who regularly receive it from our Carriers is 12½ Cents per week

Country subscribers for the Daily, $5 per annum } In advance
do do Semi-Weekly, $3 do do }
do do Weekly, $2 do do }

The Tribune in Philadelphia.

Our friends in Philadelphia, who wish to be supplied regularly with The Tribune, will please leave their names and residences with Zieber & Co. 3 Ledger Building, Third st. below Chesnut, who will deliver the paper to them immediately after the arrival of the passenger line from New-York, at 12½ cents per week. Single copies, price 2 cents, may always be obtained at the store, or from the Philadelphia Newsboys.

☞ GEORGE CLARK is our agent in Schenectady for the sale of *The Tribune*.

FIRES.—A large barn in Canton, Mass. owned by F. W. Lincoln, President of the Neponset Bank, was destroyed by fire at an early hour on Thursday morning, together with from twenty to thirty tons of hay, three or four cows, a chaise, buggy, &c. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

The Unitarian meeting house in Stow, Mass. was destroyed by fire on Tuesday last. The desk, clock, communion service, books, &c. were saved.

MARRIED:

In East Lyme, Conn. on Sunday, the 7th inst. by Rev. F. Gridley, Mr. M. W. COMSTOCK to Miss PHEBE J. GRISWOLD.

At Harrison, N. J. on Wednesday evening, Nov. 10, by Rev. John Garretson, Mr. HORACE TRUMBULL to Miss MARIA HELEN, eldest daughter of Leonard Gordon, Esq.

DIED:

Suddenly at the New-York Hospital, on the 11th inst. of apoplexy, ABRAHAM J. MOORE, in the 43d year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, the 14th inst. at 1½ o'clock, from the residence of his brother, Lawrence J. Moore, 471 Greenwich-st.

Farmers' Library and Monthly Journal of Agriculture for November, 1847.

CONTENTS OF THE NOVEMBER NUMBER.

Engravings and Illustrations.

Threshing Machines; Crank Steam Engine; The Dung-Hawk or Drag; Potato Planting; The Potato Horrow; Section of do; The Breaking-Bridle Bit; Illustrations of Stafford's Patent Grain-Dryers. Botany—A series of Illustrations of the Cells, Internal Currents, etc. of Plants.

Farmers' Library.

STEPHENS'S BOOK OF THE FARM—*(Continued.)*

Planting Potatoes—(Concluded)—Containing every necessary instruction for the Culture and Preservation of Potatoes; Finlayson's Harrow or Grubber—18. Breaking-in Young Draught-Horses—19. Sows Farrowing or Littering—20. The Hatching of Fowls, with Notes by the Editor of the Farmers' Library.

SUMMER—The Season of progress, in which nothing is begun or ended; with instructions and reflections.

Monthly Journal of Agriculture.

South Carolina Agriculture—Notice of the Address of Hon. Mitchel King.

Cultivation of the Olive.

Statistical—Persons employed on the Mississippi River, and the amount of tonnage of vessels brought into requisition, etc.

Bought, or Artificial and Farm-yard Manures, with remarks by Prof. Lindly.

Parsnips as Food for Hogs.

Important Invention for the Growers of Indian Corn—New Method of Drying Grain and Meal, Stafford's Patent Dryer illustrated and explained.

Hemp and Flax Husbandry—The composition of Flax, and how to manage its Culture without injury to the Land.

Linseed and Oil-Cake as Food for Stock—Difference in value between Food crushed and uncrushed.

An Essay on the Condition of a Stallion.

The Rhubarb and its 'canals.'

Amount of Wool used at the Utica Woolen Factory, and its value.

How should a Cattle-Show be Reported?

Cattle of Improved Breeds—Unaccountable apathy in regard to them.

Oxfordshire, or Improved Cotswold Sheep—Mr. Clayton Reybold's Annual Sale.

Modern Facts, Opinion and Practice, drawn from experience, as detailed in the best accounts of English and Scotch Husbandry.

Salt—Is it necessary or useful to give it in the food of Cattle?

Agricultural Surveys.

Note from the Secretary of the New-York State Agricultural Society, and remarks thereupon.

The Characters of Men and the Appearances of Wheat contrasted.

Grain and Flour Trade of the United States.

Glass Milk-Pans.

Lectures on Botany—No. III.

A Sprinkler Ever Lost.

Annual Statement of the Cotton Trade.

Barrel making—Editorial Notice.

Prices Current for the preceding month, carefully corrected.

Subscription price $5 per year, in advance.

GREELEY & McELRATH, Publishers.

COMMERCIAL AND MONEY MATTERS.

For Sales of Stocks, &c. see Fourth Page.

FRIDAY, P. M.

There was no marked change in the Fancies today, but at the First Board the market was generally firm. At the Second Board, however, this firmness was lost, and prices fell off slightly. Treasury Notes went to par, at which $50,000 was sold—a fall of 7¼ per cent since the market turned.

In Bills there is a firm business doing at 9¼ a 9¾, but the purchases are mostly confined to Bank bills—Southern, Canada and West India. France are 5 22½@5 20.

The Freight market is very heavy. The rates are about nominal. Naval Stores are going to some extent at 1s 3d@1s 6d to Liverpool, and 2s 6d to London. To the Continent there is some Cotton. Ashes, &c. going at previous rates.

There were various rumors set afloat by the bears that the Washington had a very large amount of specie. This morning not a sovereign had been engaged.

The next Liverpool packet has about $40,000 engaged in gold.

The Bank of Albany has declared a dividend of 4 per cent.

Now that Treasury Notes are at par, they will probably be received and paid out by the Banks. Their customers, who need funds for the payment of duties, will draw Treasury Notes instead of specie. The available receipts of the Custom-House will be much diminished, but the Banks will be relieved of the drain for specie. There is now nearly $7,000,000 in the Sub-Treasury.

The export of Domestic Goods from the port of Boston during October, was 1,407 packages.

The great "Galloway Estate" in Bucks County, Pa. which was advertised for sale a short time ago, has been sold by auction, for the aggregate sum of $118,415 75.

The water will be let into the Juniata Division of the Pennsylvania Canal on the 13th inst. The upper portion from Newton Hamilton to Hollidaysburg will be ready on the 1st of March next. The navigation is already open to the rope ferry, a boat having passed down from that point. The breach on the Susquehanna division at the head of Duncan's Island, has been repaired, which opens the communication with the head of the North Branch division. No official information has been received as to the exact time when any portion of the West Branch division will be ready for navigation.

The *New-Orleans Times* publishes a letter from the President of the City Bank of New Orleans, stating that that Bank is implicated only to the extent of £932 by the failure of Reid, Irving & Co. that being the sum which was in the hands of that firm, as agents for the Bank, for the payment of the September dividend. The Bank has drawn no bill on Europe, nor purchased any foreign exchange whatever, during the past year.

The difficulty of negotiating exchange in New-Orleans is having a most depressing influence upon the business of the city.

The Exports from New-Orleans since 1st September of the following articles have been as annexed:

Articles.	1846.	1847.	*Articles.*	1846.	1847.
Flour...bbls.	27,011	36,161	Beef...bbls.	3,536	250
Prok...bbls.	11,936	3,778	Lead...pigs.	80,356	73,112
Bacon. hhds.	1,269	385	Whisky bbls.	3,421	6,632
Lard...bbls.	4,061	1,401	Wheat. sacks.	3,967	14,358
do...kegs.	25,768	8,893	Corn...sacks.	52,072	33,598

The above figures show a large decrease in every article excepting Wheat and Whisky. Of the exports this season there were to New-York 451 bbls Flour, 1,740 bbls Pork, 14 hhds Bacon, 156 bbls Beef, 37,469 pigs Lead, 2,628 bbls Whisky, 2,784 sacks Corn.

Markets—*Carefully reported for The Tribune.*

FRIDAY, November 12.

ASHES—The market is heavy, and about 100 bbls have been sold at 6 75 and 7 87½. The demand is not large.

COTTON—The Sales of Cotton to-day have been to the extent of 1,000 bales chiefly to manufacturers—Prices are not lower generally, but much irregularity prevails, and it is difficult to fix exact quotations. Fair Uplands may be quoted at 8¼ cts; Middling 7½ to 7¾ cts; Orleans Fair 9 cts, Middling 8 cts.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The demand has not been large to-day, and the quotations not well sustained. Buyers were holding off for a larger concession. The sales were about 6,000 bbls, generally at 6 12½@6 25 for strict Ogwego, Western and Genesee, but sales of mixed brands Western and a lot or two of irregular Genesee sold at 6 12½. At the close the market was dull and the tendency downward. There was a fair demand for Fancy, and sales 1,500 bbls were made at 6 37½@6 75.—We can hear of no shipping demand. The lower grades are not plenty, and are consequently rather firmer than quoted. In Southern descriptions we hear of nothing doing. Small sales are being made at 6 50 for Georgetown, Petersburg, &c. There are no lots, we believe, offered. Meal is firm, and about 1,000 bbls sold at 3 25@3 31½ for Western and State, and 3 50 for Pennsylvania and Jersey. Small sales Rye Flour at $5@5 25. Buckwheat is 1 87½@$2 in bags, and 3 75@4 25 in bbls.

GRAIN—A sale of 3,000 bush Ohio Wheat was made yesterday at 138 cts. There have also been sales 500 bush Inferior Red Western at 110c, and 3,000 bush Southern at 120 cts. Genesee is dull at 140 cts. Corn had rather a better appearance to-day. There was not much pressing on the market, and 15,000 bush sold at 70 cts for inferior, 71@72 cts for good parcels Mixed, and 73@75 cts for flat and round Yellow. A small parcel flat White sold at 73 cts. Prime samples Barley are not plenty and wanted. Sales 2,500 bush at 90 cts, 200 do fair at 85, and 1,300 do common at 80 cts. Rye is firm, and 5,000 bush sold at 90@91 cts. Oats are steady at 49@50 cts, with moderate sales. Sales 2,300 bush Jersey at 47 cts, cash.

WHISKY—This article is very heavy, and small sales are making at 22 cts for good bbls. Drudge is held at 20 cts.

PROVISIONS—The market for Mess Pork is firm, but Prime is dull. Sales of 500 bbls Mess was made at $15, and some small lots Prime at $10@10 12½. A sale of 100 bbls thin Mess was made at 13 62½. Beef is dull at previous quotations. Beef Hams are nominally $10@10 50. Few or no tierces new Prime Mess are on the market—Lard is dull, and we hear only of 100 bbls No. 2 at 9½ cts. Pickled Meats are out of first hands. Butter is in fair inquiry at 13@18 cts for State, and 10@13 cts for Ohio. Cheese is not very active nor firm, but the change is not material. Ohio and good State ranges from 6½ to 7½ cts.

HAY—Sales 1,000 bales at 55@60 cts, the latter delivered. The market is firm.

LIME—One or two cargoes Eastern sold at 80@81 cts, and a cargo of finishing Lime at 106@112½ cts.

OILS—We note only 200 bbls Crude Whale at 33 cts, for export. English Linseed is nominally 56 cts. American 59@60 cts.

BONE—Farther sales 12,000 lbs South Sea at 31 cts, cash, for export.

HOPS—The market is dull. Sales 15 to 20 bales for home use, at 7@8 cts for Western.

TALLOW—The Butchers' Association has submitted to a decline, and sell at 9½ cts. About 50,000 lbs country and Philadelphia sold at that figure.

HIDES—We note sales 3,000 Buenos Ayres at 11½ cts, 6 mos. The supply in first hands is small.

RICE—The market is rather heavy, and there is nothing of importance doing.

LEAD—A sale of 1,200 pigs has been made at 4 62½, 30 days, adding interest.

NAVAL STORES—A sale of 800 bbls Newbern Rosin was made at 65 cts, delivered. Spirits are 43@44 cts, and quiet. Raw Turpentine is nominally $1.

PIMENTO—A sale of 100 bags Jamaica was made at 7½ cts, for shipment.

STAVES—The market is without change since our last notice. The demand is not large.

WOOL—The market this week has been without animation. The sales are light but prices remain the same as were last reported, viz: American Saxony Fleece, 45@50; full blood Merino, 38@42 half to three-quarters Merino, 34@37; common and quarter do 30@33 cents. In Foreign we have nothing to report.

FOREIGN IMPORTATIONS.

LIVERPOOL—*Ship Tarelinda*—749 bars Iron 62 bbls do G W Shields & Co—20 bales Clark & Colman—47 cases Reiss, Brothers & Co—4 bales 1200 bars 20 bdls iron Bleecker & Schoonhoven 8 anchors 4 bbls Cordage Cornell & Ellman & Brothers—3235 bars iron S Crook—2 cases Grayson & Co—3 do Ingleby & Brown—59 crates M Cheney—24 bales Godfrey, Pattison & Co—5 cases R Emery—1226 bars iron Eagleston & Battelle—3 boxes G Hastings—3 do L Cook & Co—16 casks 1 case P T Hayden—9 crates 1 cask J M Shea—82 crates 50 anvils Wolfe & Bishop—1 do T McConnell—3 casks T Burritt—3 do Daniels & Brady—1 do Sheldon & Phelps—12 anvils W Bryce & Co—45 bxs copper J Macy & Sohn—500 do tin Hendricks Brothers—120 tons coal D Colden—121 crates 5 casks 6 bales 9 chain cables to order.

DOMESTIC IMPORTATIONS.

NEW-ORLEANS—*Ship Jessore*—815 pigs lead C H Rogers & Co—714 do order—32 hhds tobacco J Hunter & Co—75 do Francis & Co—19 do D R Stewart—24 do Boorman, Johnston & Co—1 bales cotton to order—213 do Manton & Fisher—24 do C P Leverich—40 do Allen & Paxson—154 do H Coit—51 do Waterman & Arnold—51 do A D & G Smith—55 do Waterman & Co—114 do R D Weeden—126 1-0 Rhodes—67 do Roberts & Williams—100 do Newbold & Croft—4 bales hemp N G Ray—43 casks Bullard & Co—50 do beef Strachan & Scott—150 pkgs to order.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-YORK.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.....THIS DAY.

THE SUN.		THE MOON.		FULL SEA.
Rises....6 46	Sets....4 42	Sets.... 9 39	Morn.... —	

LATEST DATES.

London ....Oct. 24 | Havre .....Oct. 22
Liverpool .....Oct. 23 | New-Orleans.....Nov. 4

☞ *SEE MARINE JOURNAL FOURTH PAGE.* ☜

Cleared.—Ships Albany, Crocker, Charleston, J Elwell & Co: Emma, Elzard, Bremen, E Pavenstadt & Schumacher.

Brig Mary, Dolby, Halifax, NS, G & J Laurie.

Schrs Pandora, Field, Newbern; Senator, Clark Wareham, Mass; Chesapeake, Stuart, Baltimore; Statesman, Story, Buckseville, Badger, Peck & Co: Mary Jane, Robbins, Yarmouth, NS, J H Braine; American Belle, Baxter, Boston; Actor, Robinson, Washington; New-York, Goodsell, Boston.

Barges Delaware, Cresse, Philadelphia; Star, Longbeard, do.

Arrived.—Brig Charlotte, (of Bangor, Me) Hopkins, de Cuba, sugar, &c. to Pillsbury & Sanford. The C before reported ashore on Romer, was got off after discharging part of her cargo, in a leaky condition, having received some damage in her bottom.

New brig Winthrop, Schranton, Madison, Conn, 48 hours, in ballast.

Schr Ellen, Moss, Suffolk, Va, 3 ds, shingles, J B Bouton.

Schr Vulture, Jackman, Newburyport, 4 days, fish.

Schr Tahmiroo, Holmes, Machias, Me, 10 days, lumber, to I F Snow & Son.

Schr Wesmacott, York, Calais, Me, 10 days, lath.

Schr A K Hay, Henderson, Attakapas, La, 18 days, live oak, to N L McCready & Co.

Below.—2 brigs. Wind—SW.

Sailed.—Ship Montreal, Vera Cruz, with troops.

NOTICES.

☞ **Church of the Puritans.**—The adjourned sale of pews in the Church of the Puritans, on Union-square, will take place on Monday Evening next, November 15, at half-past 7 o'clock. The church will be open for inspection all day Monday. At the sale on Monday evening last, forty-two pews were sold, at a premium of about $3,700. The sales thus far, including subscriptions for which pews have not yet been selected, amount to about $37,000. The Trustees are enabled to state that the annual assessment for current expenses will not exceed 12½ per cent.

THEO. MCNAMEE, Chairman Trustees.

The usual religious services will be held in the church tomorrow, (Sunday,) commencing at 10½ o'clock, A. M. and and 3 and 7 o'clock, P. M. n13 1t*

☞ **The Reformed Dutch Church** in Twenty-first-st. (near Sixth-avenue) will be dedicated to-morrow, the 14th inst. service to commence at 10½ o'clock A. M. 3 P. M. and 7½ evening—Rev. Dr. BETHUNE in the morning, Rev. Dr. DE WITT in the afternoon, and Rev. Dr. HUTTON in the evening. n13 1t*

☞ **Rev. E. H. Chapin,** of Boston, Mass. will preach in the Apollo Saloon, Broadway, to-morrow (Sunday) morning, 10½ o'clock; afternoon, 3 o'clock; evening, 7 o'clock. n13 1t*

☞ **Moravian Missions.**—By Divine permission a sermon will be delivered on next Sunday evening the 14th inst. in the Moravian Church, on the corner of Stanton and Mott sts. by the Pastor, in aid of the Missions of that church. At the close of the services a collection will be taken up. All friendly to the cause of Missions are respectfully invited to attend. Service to commence at half past 7 o'clock. n13 1t*

☞ **The Ladies of the Mariners' Family Industrial Society** will open their Fair on Monday evening next, at 6 o'clock, in the basement of the Mariners' Church in Roosevelt-st. and will continue it open on the afternoons and evenings of the four following days. Persons interested in the object are invited to send their donations, and come themselves. n13 5t

☞ **Lecture in St. Peter's Church,** Barclay-st. —Rev. Dr. POWER will lecture in this church on Sunday evening, Nov. 14, 1847, at 7 o'clock. Subject, "One God, one faith, one baptism." Tickets 25 cents each. For the benefit of the poor of the Church. Should the weather prove bad the Lecture will be postponed until the next fair Sunday. Tickets can be had at the door of the church on the evening of the lecture. n11 3tis*

☞ **Prof. Bush** will deliver a Lecture to-morrow (Sabbath) evening, at the Lyceum, Washington-st. Brooklyn, on Swedenborg's view of Heaven, as contrasted with that of the prevailing Church. Lecture to commence at 7½ o'clock. General attendance invited. n13 1t*

☞ **Colored Orphan Asylum.**—The Managers of the Colored Orphan Asylum, in anticipation of the exigencies of the establishment during the approaching Winter, would once more appeal to the sympathies of their friends. The wants of the institution now present themselves under the most urgent of all forms, that of an imperative necessity of defraying the expenses of food, clothing, fuel, and other contingencies, for the maintenance of 145 children; requisitions which have hitherto demanded the utmost care and forethought in the enjoyment of their limited and fluctuating income, and which now present themselves with a totally exhausted treasury.

Children are admitted into the institution from two to eight years of age; and being thoroughly grounded in the rudiments of a practical education, and early instructed in their duties to themselves, their fellow beings, and their Creator, are indentured generally at the age of twelve. The habits of honest and useful industry, which are sedulously cultivated, will not, it is believed, allow them to be thrown upon society helpless and incompetent to provide for themselves, but will act as a stimulus to that self-respect, which, in its humblest form, ever tends to usefulness and virtue.

The Managers hope that none will centre the earnestness of their expression, when they insist upon the importance of their wants, but that the friends of this neglected class will so far cooperate in it as to afford them pecuniary assistance in their present necessities.

Contributions will be received by Bussey & Murray, 62 South-st. and 96 Fourteenth-st.; C. V. S. Roosevelt, 94 Madison-lane; Joseph B. Collins, 56 Wall-st. and 415 Broadway; Anthony P. Halsey, 350 Greenwich-st.; John Wood, 26 Pine-st. and 181 East Broadway; William B. Skidmore, 628 Houston-st.

ANICARTHA MILLER,
First Directress.

n13 1t

☞ **Colored Orphan Asylum.**—The friends of Colored Orphans are invited to visit the Asylum on Tuesday, the 16th instant, at half-past three o'clock. The schools, and the house generally, will be open to the inspection of visiters. The institution is greatly in need of funds, and the Managers will be happy at that time to receive contributions from those interested in its object.

The Asylum is situated on the Fifth-avenue, just above the Croton Reservoir.

The Railroad cars will leave the City Hall for Forty second-st. at 2, half-past 2, and 3 o'clock.

POST OFFICE, New-York, Nov. 13, 1847.

☞ **The Steamer Caledonia** will leave Boston on Tuesday, the 16th November. Her mails will close at the Office on Monday, the 15th inst. at 5½ P. M. Postage on all letters must be pre-paid to Boston. Letters of half an ounce or under, 5 cts, and each additional half ounce 5 cts.

ROBERT H. MORRIS, P. M.

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TESTIMONY OF A LADY.

GREAT CURE OF RHEUMATISM.

☞ **The following singular case of cure** of rheumatism and cramps is highly interesting, and is only one of thousands of similar instances of the wonderful effects of DR. TOWNSEND'S Sarsaparilla:

NEW-YORK, Nov. 6, 1847.

DR. TOWNSEND—*Dear Sir*: This is to certify that I have been afflicted for the last 15 years with chronic rheumatism in my head, limbs and joints, caused by blood and phlegm stagnant, with large swellings and lumps on my legs. Ever since the cholera season I have suffered extremely, but am happy that, through the blessing of Providence, I have been restored, by the use of your Sarsaparilla. I have taken four bottles, and now enjoy health and strength. If you choose to publish this for the benefit of the afflicted, you are at liberty to do so.

CATHARINE SHEWRY,
180 Prince-st. near Thompson.

Principal Office, 126 Fulton-st.

☞ **Hyer's Pills,** the American improved Hygeian Vegetable Medicine, one of the best correctives of the system ever known. An approval is warranted, if used in accordance with directions. Try them, or at least call at the genuine depot, 130 Fulton-st. (Sun buildings) and procure gratuitous a pamphlet and testimonials. [MW&SSt

NOTICES.

☞ **The National Reformers.**—At the regular weekly meeting of the National Reform Association of New-York, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 3, on motion of Mr. M. T. O'Connor, a Committee of Seven was appointed to draw up a Constitution and By-Laws for the government of the National Reform Party.

The Committee appointed were Messrs. John C. Clark, Isaac Peck, W. V. Barr, M. T. O'Connor, Andrew Day, Doct. P. Lapham and L. W. Ryckman.

The Committee met by appointment, and after a lengthened conference the following Report was unanimously adopted.

That this Committee have taken into consideration the document published in a paper entitled "The People's Rights," and dated 4th of April, 1846, and assumed to be the Constitution of the National Reform Association; and your Committee have decided that as that Constitution has not been complied with, no such body as the "Central Committee" does actually exist; and that your Committee have therefore no means of reforming the said Constitution in accordance with its own provisions. Your Committee feel that that Constitution is wholly unfit to govern the National Reform Party; and that therefore, in accordance with your instructions, your Committee have no course open to them but to draw up a new Constitution, in which shall be embodied such means of carrying out the measures of the National Reform Party as time and experience have shown to be necessary.

The following Constitution was subsequently drawn up and presented to the General Meeting for adoption—when, on motion of Mr. M. T. O'Connor, it was ordered to be printed in "Young America," (the supposed organ of the party,) and its adoption to be postponed two weeks, to afford all the members an opportunity to consider its provisions.

George H. Evans, the owner of "Young America," refusing to publish it, a motion prevailed to publish it in the columns of The Tribune:

REVISED CONSTITUTION OF THE NATIONAL REFORM PARTY.

Qualification of Constitutional Members.—We whose names are hereunto annexed pledge ourselves not to vote for any man for any legislative office who is not at least twenty-one days a member of the National Reform party, and who shall not pledge himself in writing to use all his exertions, whether in or out of office, to procure the legal adoption of the following measures:

1. To limit the quantity of land any individual may hereafter acquire in this State.

2. To exempt the Homestead from alienation on account of any future debt, mortgage or other liability.

3. To prevent all farther traffic in the Public Lands of this State, and of the United States, and cause them to be laid out in farms and lots for the free and exclusive use of actual settlers, not possessed of other lands, in limited quantities.

4. To limit the hours of labor to ten on all public works, and in establishments chartered by law.

For the better carrying into effect the above objects ourselves, we agree to form a Constitution and By-Laws for our government, which are as follows:

CONSTITUTION.

This organization shall continue to be known as the National Reform Association.

The officers of the party shall be an Executive Committee, a College of Wardens, a General Secretary, a Treasurer and an Auditing Committee. The Executive Committee shall consist of one member from each ward in the city, who shall be elected one by each ward in the city where there are Reform Reform organizations, and in case of no ward organizations existing, the vacancies shall be filled up by vote of the general meeting of the Association. The term of office of each Executive Committee shall be six months, and their duties shall be such as shall be from time to time committed to them by the general body.

The General Secretary shall be chosen by the Executive Committee, from their number, and shall, by virtue of his office, be a member. He duty shall be to record the proceedings of the Executive Committee; to correspond with all persons who may address the Organization, or with whom the Executive Committee may order him to correspond; to keep an exact record of the moneys received by the Executive Committee, and the disbursements made by their order. He shall record the names of the Executive Committee in the order of the Wards by which elected, stating, opposite the name of each, whether elected by Ward organization or by the vote of the general body. He shall place before the Executive Committee all matters referred to their care and consideration by the General Meetings of the party, and announce, at each General Meeting of the party, the action they have taken on the same. He shall not in any case be the organ of the party, or transact any business in their name not specially committed to him by a vote of the General Meeting.

The Treasurer shall be elected by the General Meeting of the party, and shall hold his office six months. His duty shall be to receive from the General Secretary all moneys intended for the use of the party. He shall not pay out any sum over $1 without a public vote of the General Body, signed by the President and Secretary of the meeting; nor any sum over $5 without the written order of the Chairman and Secretary of the Executive Committee who may have presided at the meeting of that Committee making such order for disbursement. He shall sign a receipt in the Secretary's Book for all money he may receive, and carefully preserve the vouchers upon which he has paid out any sum whatever, and submit the same to the inspection of the Auditing Committee every three months.

The Auditing Committee shall be chosen by the general body and shall consist of three members, none of whom shall at the time hold any other office in the organization. Their duty shall be to examine the accounts of the General Secretary and Treasurer every three months and report thereon at the next general meeting after such audit is made. They shall hold their office for six months.

The College of Wardens shall consist of one from each Ward, and their duty shall be to collect funds for the use of the general body. They shall hand in the same every eight of general meeting, with an exhibit of particulars. They shall be elected one for each Ward in which there is an organization, by the vote of the General Meeting for those Wards where an organization exists. They shall preside at all elections of delegates to the Executive Committee and report the names of the elected as well as the names of all who may have voted on the occasion. Their term of office shall be six months.

General Meeting—Its Business.

1. To provide funds for carrying into effect the views of the Society, by admission fees, monthly dues of members, and public and private donations and donations.

2. To present memorials to Congress and the Legislatures of the several States, setting forth the condition of the working classes, and demanding that the Public Lands may be thrown open for the relief of the people, and an end put to the sales, bargaining, monopolizing, and speculations carried on therein; with such other observations as may be expedient; and to use every reasonable exertion to have copies of said memorials widely circulated for the signatures of our fellow citizens throughout the United States.

3. To cause a bill repealing the present ruinous monopoly of the Public Lands, and providing for opening them exclusively for actual settlers, to be carefully prepared, and its provisions discreetly considered, and to take steps for its introduction under the most favorable circumstances into Congress; to watch and widely publish the proceedings of Congress thereon; correspond with its Members of the Senate and House of Representatives, with the President of the United States, and with candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, Governor of States, and such other public functionaries or candidates as may in any way promote the object sought to be obtained.

4. To assist those public journalists who may support the Society's measures; to circulate suitable tracts and newspapers widely among the people; and to adopt the Missionary system by paid lecturers, who shall exert themselves to disseminate the principles of the Society; to increase its numbers, and encourage our fellow citizens to establish similar societies.

5. To enter into correspondence with intelligent settlers in the new States and in the Territories; editors near the western and northern frontiers, and such other persons as may be able to make known in the fullest manner the practical working of the present system of land sales, cash payments by poor settlers, land speculation and land companies, with their effects upon the common welfare.

6. To provide proper places at which to hold general meetings of the Association as often as may be convenient. At all such meetings a chairman and secretary for the day or evening shall be chosen by the members present, which officers shall report their proceedings to the Secretary of the Committee.

Order of Business—for Meetings.

7. The Chairman shall be elected every meeting at seven o'clock, unless the time of meeting be altered by the vote of any previous meeting. The first business after the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting, then the reading of the letters. If any of next the reports of committees and notices respecting them; then the notices of motions as they stand on the minute book; and then any new business of importance that may arise, of which business a written notice shall be given to the Chairman, who shall put it to the meeting to (without admitting of any discussion) see if there is any objection to it without the usual notice being given. All motions shall be decided by a show of hands, unless where the votes are required to be recorded.

Notices of Motions.

8. All notices of motions shall be entered by the proposers in the notice book, with their names attached, and the dates affixed on which they wish them to be discussed. They shall be publicly read by the Secretary, and entered in the minute book in the order in which they are written. No motion shall be audibly made by any member, unless it be strictly in order on any proceeding before the meeting, in which case he may at once make either a motion or propose an amendment. Any Delegate not being present when his motion comes on for discussion, shall lose his turn, and the other notices shall be taken in rotation.

Sub-Committees.

9. On ordinary occasions, the proposer