CITY ITEMS.

☞ THANKSGIVING was observed yesterday through the City much more generally than usual. The stores were mostly closed and the churches well attended. The weather in the morning was unpleasant, but by noon it had cleared up and the afternoon and evening were fair and May-like. As it was Evacuation Day also, the military were out, and both the religious services of the morning and the joys of the thanksgiving dinners in the afternoon were alike interrupted by strains of martial music. The evening was marked by the usual abundance of public amusements and "exuberant hilarity" among all classes. However, we saw but few whose hilarity had been so exuberant as to leave them in the brutality of utter intoxication.

☞ The bill of RICHARD HOFFMAN'S Concert last evening was a very attractive one and we were surprised to see a smaller audience than the utmost limits of the Tabernacle would accommodate, especially as it was a holiday night, and Mr. Hoffman had the good sense to put the price of admission at half a dollar.—Artists are too much in the habit of supposing that it is impossible to charge less than a dollar, no matter what they offer. No concert ticket ought to be a dollar where there is not a full orchestra and the best vocal assistance to be obtained.

Though Mr. Hoffman had not a crowd, the audience was a good one, and seemed fully to appreciate his fine talents and the earnestness of his playing. We know no one who seems to maintain so vital a connection with his instrument as Mr. Hoffman. For the time being it is his world, and the music he is playing sole existence. We were able to hear him last evening only in a Fantasia by Prudent; it was a performance full of beauty and of promise, though we confess we could not but wish for the absorbed and most prepossessing young artist a school more adequate to his talents than he is likely to find in this country. America is good for the accomplished master, who seeks a substantial harvest for the early years of labor and preparation: but it is not so good for the forming student who needs the severe influence of great models, and a truly cultivated public.

Mr. Burke played that rather tedious piece of sentimentality, Prume's *Melancolie*: it was a little strange to see a genial, sunshiny person like him about such a die-away business. But it was little more than mechanical, after all; he was not at home in it, and though his violin gave the notes, there were no tears, no delicate distresses in any of them. Sig. Sivori does that sort of thing vastly better, for it is more in his vein. However, the piece was encored, and then Mr. Burke must also play that eternal encore-piece, "The Last Rose of Summer." This was discouraging; we have had it belabored by everybody, and trusted not soon to hear it again. However, Mr. Burke played some things afterward which might silence all fault-finding.

Beside Mr. Burke, Mr. Hoffman presented Mr. Leach and Mrs. Eastcott, who sang several pieces to the acceptance of the audience. Messrs. Timm and Scharfenberg also joined him in a piano trio which, to our regret, we could not hear. Herr Saroni played a violoncello obligato to Mr. Leach, but we missed that too. But from what we did hear we can safely pronounce the concert a delightful one and we hope that it may be repeated.

PUBLIC DEMONSTRATION FOR PIUS IX. AND ITALY.—A meeting of the Committee of Arrangements for a public expression of opinion and sympathy, by the citizens of New-York, with the efforts of Pius IX. and the Italian people in favor of National Independence and Rational Liberty, will be held *this* evening at 7 o'clock P. M. at the American Hotel.

☞ Members of the next Congress are daily crowding into the City on their way to Washington.—Among the names we saw on the Hotel-books yesterday are those of Hon. A. Felch, U. S. Senator from Michigan, Robert McClelland, Representative from the same State, Gen. Chas. H. Peaslee, from New-Hampshire, Robert Smith from Illinois, and N. K. Hall from Buffalo, N. Y. The first four gentlemen are Loco-Focos—their misfortune, perhaps, more than their fault. Probably they don't know any better.

We are glad the members sojourn awhile with us before proceeding to the scene of their official duties. At Washington their whole energies will be devoted to their office. Their time will be all the people's—none their own—*nullum tempus occurrit Representativi*.

Here, on the contrary, they can make their time wait upon their inclinations—can visit the theatre, which some of them never saw before—the opera, which most of them may hope never to see again, and other places which none of them had better seen at all.

They may learn to talk of "Shakspeare and the musical glasses;" of *verts*, and subjects equally deserving to be understood. They may get a cool bullt by Wyman, Elmendorf and Derby, (for you don't call those things coats they bring here, do you?) and acquire pantaloons, innocent of straps. Hats and gloves, and boots of patent leather and all the "fixins," that compose *the* man, they of course will abundantly supply themselves with.

☞ With great pleasure we announce to the public that the French Ballet Company performing at the Broadway Theatre has kindly volunteered to perform for the benefit of the Fire Department Fund this evening. Of course the house will be crowded.

☞ We are happy to say that the difference between Sig. Benedetti and the Opera managers has been amicably settled. He returns to his post in the troupe, and his many friends will have the opportunity of hearing him again within the next fortnight. We believe that the character in which he first appears is not yet settled. Why not *Rarensood?*

☞ Don't forget the lecture on Association this evening at the Physicians' and Surgeons' College in Crosby-st. by Parke Godwin, Esq.

TESTIMONIAL TO THE NEW-YORK SOLDIERS IN MEXICO.—The question of a tribute from our City authorities to the Regiment of New-York State Volunteers was settled last night by the passage of the following Resolution at the meeting of the Assistant Aldermen.—The only thing about it yet to be settled regards the sum appropriated and no doubt the Board of Aldermen will concur as to it:

Resolved, That the sum of three thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, for the purpose of procuring suitable medals for distribution among the surviving officers and privates and the widow or eldest surviving member of the family of those who have lost their lives in the War with Mexico, belonging to the Regiment of New-York State Volunteers.

EMPIRE ENGINE CO. NO. 42.—The well known and powerful machine of this Company, which has been for nearly a year absent from the City for the purpose of undergoing repairs, has just returne in complete order, and the Company are now doing duty with their usual efficiency.

☞ A man named Patrick Carroll was found lying drunk in the Bowery on Wednesday night, by officer Jaques and Campbell of the Eleventh Ward.—They found to have upward of $1,100 in gold coin on his person, the earnings of several years hard labor.

☞ The morniog boats for Albany have discontinued their trips for the season.

NATIONAL REFORM HALL.—The Annual Ball of the young National Reformers came off last night at Tammany Hall. The attendance of gay young men and blithe maidens was very large—dancing was kept up with spirit till a late hour, and everybody seemed cheerful and happy. If every couple who took the floor had been able to vote themselves a farm in the West, they would have peopled a large township at once, on the new plan, and doubtless have soon become a thriving, contented and prosperous community.

HONESTY REWARDED.—A gentleman from Missouri having on Wednesday night lost his wallet as he supposed, in the sewer corner of Broadway and Liberty-st and having searched for it to vain, returned to the Astor House, when a chambermaid attached to the house by the name of ANN CLARK, presented it to him, having found it behind his bed. It contained about $1,300. He immediately presented her with $50.

☞ A faint exhibition of Aurora Borerlis was visible in these parts last night.

SUICIDE.—The Coroner was called yesterday to hold an inquest, in Seventh-av. between Eighteenth and Nineteenth sts. upon the body of John Norgenroth, a native of Germany, aged 18 years, who committed suicide on Tuesday night by hanging himself. He was an apprentice to a Mr. Jacob Hoffman, segar maker, and is represented to have been a very attentive and industrious boy. On Tuesday evening, about 8 o'clock, he was sent by Mr. Hoffman, to hang some tobacco to dry in a room in the rear, and not returning in proper time, his master inquired for him, and was told he was out. A Mr. John Howell, who manufactures malt in the same room, went in, and found him hanging by the side of the door, with a cord passed thrice around his neck, carried under the arms, and tied behind, which loop, behind, was fastened to the top of one side of the door. He was of very cheerful disposition, was kindly treated by Mr. H. and no possible cause can be assigned for the deed. The Jury found a verdict in accordance with the foregoing facts.

BURGLARY AND ARSON.—Some daring burglars, about 5 o'clock yesterday morning, entered the establishment of Messrs. Sears & Osborn, rear of 150 Read-st. by a rear window, and inserting powder in the key hole of the iron safe, blew it to atoms. They then ransacked the upper room, where they found and carried off about $100 worth of unfinished work. The gold had been removed from the safe only the evening before, but a quantity of pearls and valuable stones were left, which, however, the thieves did not find, but which were almost destroyed by the fire. Failing to lay hold of the prize they had expected, they set fire to the premises. The fire was discovered and put out before it had made much progress, but not until it had done $1,000 damage, which, however, is almost entirely covered by insurance. The villains have not been detected.

We are happy to be informed by Mr. Sears that their business will be continued as usual, their tools having been injured but little, and their finished goods not at all.

POLICE.—Margaret Binley was arrested on Wednesday night by officer Claughey of the Fourteenth Ward, charged with stealing a watch and chain with $55 from John Brady, 126 Crosby st. She was detained.... Montanio Nichols was arrested last night by officer Beam of the Third Ward, charged with shooting at James Jackson with a pistol. He was committed in default of $500 bail.

BROOKLYN AFFAIRS.

NEW FERRY BRIDGE.—The new ferry bridge over Furman-st is progressing very rapidly, and a large number of workmen are now engaged in cutting a road through the pleasure grounds of Mr. Pierrepont, from Montague-st. to the bridge. At the foot of the bridge there is to be a ferry house built, and fitted up in the best style. The new ferry boats between this bridge and the foot of Wall-st. New-York, are expected to commence running at an early day.

NAVAL.—The storeship Fredonia, which recently returned from the Gulf of Mexico, is refitting and is shortly expected to sail again for the Gulf. The brig Dolphin is also being refitted with all possible dispatch.

CONCERT.—Miss Julia Northall and Mrs. C. E. Horn purpose giving a Concert of vocal and instrumental music at the Female Institute in Jerolomanst. on Monday evening next.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH.—This place of worship, which was entered by means of false keys on the night of the 17th inst. and robbed of a large quantity of carpet and pulpit ornaments, was broken open on Tuesday night last, and robbed of the remaining carpet, the clergyman's robes, and other property. This is the third time that this Church has been feloniously entered and robbed.

ADMITTED TO BAIL.—William Haughey, who was recently brought out of the State Prison on a writ of error, and in whose case a new trial was granted by the Supreme Court, was taken before Judge Rockwell, on Wednesday last admitted to bail in the sum of $6,000.

From the Farmers' Library.

Agricultural Surveys.

Note from the Secretary of the New-York State Agricultural Society.

It was not until since the New-York State Fair that the following reached our hands. We beg the writer, unaffectedly, to believe that every sentiment of kindness and every disposition for the interchange of kind offices expressed in it, are cordially and fully reciprocated on our part.

We are delighted to hear of the proposed Agricultural Survey of Washington and other Counties, and that it has been committed to such competent hands. We heard, too, with pleasure, some indistinct intimation that, as connected with the particular Survey designated, we are likely to have a thorough analysis of *Indian Corn*, in all its parts and periods of growth, to be made by one so adequate to the work and so zealous in the general cause as is the learned Doctor EMMONS.—When such really useful investigations are thus entered upon, the public will have confidence in the results, and will cheerfully support the Institutions by which they are directed, since they cannot fail to result in (what alone constitutes usefulness in almost everything) valuable additions to the existing stock of knowledge. We have no hesitation in believing that an Agricultural Survey of a single County, well conducted—as we are sure this will be—and embracing everything connected with that branch of industry, will be of more real and lasting benefit than all the State Exhibitions which have been held since the foundation of the Society. We could wish the Society had taken measures to have ascertained the proportion which the fodder of corn bears to the *grain*. We are aware that much depends on the kind of corn and something on the season, but still approximations might be had, highly useful as a matter of agricultural economics.

In regard to the extraordinary and, doubtless, well authenticated crops mentioned in this note, we may be allowed to say that if, along with these accounts, the Society had possessed the means to have analyzed the *soils on which they grew*, and of giving, along with that analysis, the *chemical composition of each of the crops* (which has been ascertained as to wheat and oats, at least) showing how much of their nourishment they derive from the soil—how much from the manure applied to it, and how much from the atmosphere—presenting the whole sum of information at one view—it would have contributed more toward the general production, or approximation to the production, of such crops throughout the State, that all the premiums they distributed for animals at the last Fair. It is by such investigations, and such diffusion of a knowledge of the elements of the crops, and the principles on which their successful culture depends, that Agriculture has made such vast strides of late years in Europe, and especially in England, where the average increase in the last quarter of a century has been nearly equal to the total average product per acre in New-York—where there is reason to doubt whether the average *increase* has been one grain!

In relation to the "TRANSACTION OF THE NEW-YORK STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY," we have to acknowledge the receipt of the copy referred to, and will take the first leisure moment to examine and view it, with the candor and freedom which such performances authorize and invite, and at the same time with all the respect which is due to those under whose direction they are published. In the mean time, as a matter of agricultural history, and of information to which the public is entitled, we would feel obliged to the unfailing politeness of the Secretary to state—the Act of Assembly which authorizes the publication of those Transactions of the State Society—Does it specify the number to be published, and the disposition to be made of them? or leave both to the discretion of whom? Are they to be made up *bona fide* of the "Transactions" of the Society, or may they be composed of any matter, at the discretion of the compilers? and under whose particular direction was the matter designated of which the last volume was composed? What was the whole number published? at what cost per volume? and how have they been disposed of? To these inquiries, connected with a public expenditure for agricultural purposes, it is hoped there can be no objection—while it is due to frankness to state explicitly that so little of public patronage is bestowed on a branch of industry which supports all others, as the tree on which it grows supports the mistletoe, that we feel a jealous anxiety that that little shall be so expended as to achieve the greatest possible augmentation of the agricultural capabilities of the State. This feeling of anxiety has been demonstrated by the labors of not a short lifetime; and being altogether, thank Heaven! unconnected with and far above all alloy of pecuniary or self interest, will not be deemed out of place on this occasion. We should be glad, also, if the Secretary would have the kindness to specify the number of each of the books and publications distributed as premiums by the State Society and the County Societies, designating each work by its title and the cost per copy; and that when foreign editions have been given, the fact and their cost per copy may be stated. It is deemed best and most respectful to make these requests public, as the results are designed for public information, and exclusively for their bearing on the cause and interests of Agriculture. We have no doubt of the liberal interpretation of our views of the excellent Secretary of the Society, and of his coöperation, as far as respects the communication of facts to be ascertained by reference to the archives of the Society.

Before closing this hasty but grateful acknowledgment of the kind offer to furnish us with any information, and the invitation to communicate freely in relation to any matters on which we may desire to be informed, we will take the occasion here at once to say that, according to our humble judgment, the measure which, as we see in this volume of the Transaction, admits the *Ex Presidents of the Society, ex officio, as acting members of the Executive Committee*, to whom is intrusted the whole administration of the policy, funds and affairs of the Society, *is decidedly wrong and unjustifiable*. It might be well to give them honorary seats and privileges on public occasions; but for an equal participation of government, and control of the proceedings of the Society, is to accumulate power in perpetuity in the same hands, contrary to the spirit in which all our institutions are organized and conducted. We shall, however, maintain our views on this, as on all other questions, meet respectfully toward all who differ with us—pity the narrow mindedness of all, of any, who can find in an honest and independent of opinion, matter for personal umbrage or ill will.

All measures conceived in a high and proper public spirit, as those of this Society, may be presumed to court rather than shun close and respectful criticism. The Secretarys of such institutions should be carefully selected and retained, but the direction should be in a certain proportion changed every year, so as to bring in fresh infusions of spirit and judgment, keeping pace with the progress of improvement, and leaving no opportunity for the formation of cliques or combinations such as might naturally be expected to result from having men appoint their own successors, with power to "hold over" in everything but the name of being President. We speak of the principle, not of the men—*principia non homines*—but it would be in principle just as reasonable to have ether Presidents or chief executive officers sitting in council for life. Instead of being members of the Executive Committee, *ex officio*, they should be rendered expressly ineligible.

AGRICULTURAL ROOMS, ALBANY, June 10, 1847.

J. S. SKINNER, Esq.—*Dear Sir:* I send you by to-day's mail the "Albany Evening Journal," which contains a notice of a proposed Survey of Washington County, under the direction of the New-York State Agricultural Society. We are desirous of making progress, and if we can obtain thorough and minute Agricultural Surveys of the several Counties in the State, we shall ascertain the defects of farming—the means necessary to revive and improve the condition of the farmer, and to increase our crops, and adapt them also to soils and locations most congenial. Dr. ASA FITCH, who has been selected to perform the Survey, is every way well calculated to do the work thoroughly, and I hope much good will result from it.

I have just seen your June No. of the Library, and thank you for the notice of our Premium List, &c. We are ever glad to receive suggestions as to its improvement—our only desire being to make it as perfect as we can, and as liberal as our means will justify.

You make some inquiries, under the head of "Scraps," as to crops reported at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the N. Y. State Agricultural Society. In relation to some of those, the entire crop was shelled and measured after being in a merchantable condition. In the Transactions, which I forward you to day by express, you will find the statements and proofs as referred to below, viz:

Charles W. Eels, Kirkland, Oneida Co.—123½ bushels corn per acre. Vide proofs page 162.

This was a crop raised without any extraordinary application of manure.

Wheat.—Daniel Short, Richmond, Ontario Co.—See statement, p. 593. 178 bushels, 3 pecks, by actual measurement, on 3 1-160 acres of land: 60 bushels per acre, by weight.

The cultivation in ordinary manner.

Oats.—Wm. C. Burrett—102 bushels per acre, by weight.

The statement accompanying this was duly verified by affidavit and witnesses, as to measurement, land, harvesting, and threshing and measuring crop—grain from entire piece, &c.

Our Societies are requiring, more generally than formerly, the measurement of the entire crop, which is the only true test of the actual yield.

You inquire as to Committees on Agriculture in our Legislature. The Committee in the House of Assembly made a report on the subject of Agricultural Education, which is published in our Transactions. The Committee in the Senate did not make any Report on the subject of Agriculture. I give you the names of the Committees:

In the Senate—J. R. SMITH, Long Island; J. P. BEEKMAN, Columbia; C. EMMONS, Erie.

In the Assembly—A. BECKWITH Herkimer; S. LAWRENCE, Tompkins; A. G. VANDERBILT, Dutchess; J. MCGONEGAL, Monroe; WM. TEMPLE, Otsego.

It will give me great pleasure to furnish you with any information which I can give from this quarter, and I hope you will freely communicate with me in relation to any matters you desire information upon here.

I am, respectfully, yours,

BENJ. P. JOHNSON, Sec'y N. Y. S. Ag. Soc.

NOTICES.

☞ **Public Demonstration.**—We, the undersigned, cordially invite our fellow-citizens to unite, without distinction of persuasion, or party, in a public expression of the earnest sympathy with which the American people regard the efforts of Pope Pius IX. and the Italian people for National Independence and Constitutional Freedom, on *Monday, the 29th day of November, inst. at 7 P. M. at the Broadway Tabernacle.*

NEW-YORK, November 25, 1847.

Wm. V. Brady,	Jacob B. Wood,	John C. Andrew,
Robert H. Morris,	Edmund M. Young,	And. A. Wemmell,
W. C. Bryant,	John E. White,	William Egiston,
Henry Grinnell,	John McGarich,	David Walker,
Edgar Howland,	James McGarich,	Frederick West,
Thomas E. Davis,	Charles Anthon,	Jno. Scarlett,
Benj. F. Butler,	Wm. C. Herring,	P. G. Moloney,
Gregory Dillon,	Allen N. Leet,	James A. Betts,
Wm. H. Maxwell,	Sidney C. Genin,	Samuel Macneven,
Elijah F. Purdy,	T. Van Tine,	Sandford S. Small,
Daniel E. Delavan,	Geo. F. Morris,	Jno. Watson,
Wm. C. Bouck,	E. H. Faunticroy,	Joseph F. Green,
Ely Moore,	J. A. McMaster,	W. S. Richardson,
George Douglass,	Silas C. Herring,	S. Rogers,
Joseph G. Cogswell,	Emel. E. Francois,	Joseph T. Atwill,
F. F. Marbury,	F. Rousse,	R. W. Noxon,
John B. Lassia,	V. W. McDonald,	W. Dennott,
R. E. Lozada,	Thos. Cotre,	John N. Genin,
Venbrh Livingston	Philip Roche,	E. B. Kiernan,
Robt. C. Tyrensend	Charles J. Cannon,	C. C. P. Parker,
T. M. Wetmore,	T. Doyle,	F. Ingoldsby,
B. McEvers,	John C. Nicholas,	R. W. Meade, U.S.A
Abijah Ingraham,	P. Dietsch,	John Biemie,
Sam. J. Willis,	William Ebbets,	H. Edd Lord,
C. A. Clinton,	W. D. Craft,	W. H. Appleton,
Henry Nicoll,	James C. Stoneall,	Giovanni Fenari,
John M. Knox,	R. Gouin,	Marcus Velasquez,
S. Weir Roosevelt,	R. McLandam,	Philip P. Kerrigan,
J. McCullough,	H. Gourd,	Shepherd Knapp,
Alfred Seton,	C. C. Bechet,	Robert Kelly,
A. Patrullo,	Anthony Chardon,	Wm. Sw'l Johnson,
Francis R. Tillou,	Chs. Ron. Astoin,	Thomas W. Titus,
Daniel D. Briggs,	A. Theriot,	G. Giannini,
J. C. Treadwell,	N. B. Daly,	O. Comagnii,
James L. Graham,	Jos. Clarkson,	William Sheets,
Pascal W. Turney,	J. C. Kunkelman,	A. C. Albert,
Isaac V. Fowler,	E. Masoras,	R. Brim,
Abijah Mann, jr,	Chs. Berault,	Constant Milden,
Edward Vincent,	M. S. Rapelye,	Lawrence Curtis,
H. J. Moses,	N. Noel,	A. Conklin,
James Lynch,	A. Noel, jr.	Arthur Bartlett,
Jeremiah Towle,	C. Meletta,	Joseph Getz,
George A. Dwight,	J. Moulon,	Aug. Bourdajie,
James Conner,	Vr. De Lannay,	F. Rockling,
S. Campbell,	E. Maleziaux,	E. Labouelere,
Campbell P. White,	R. Monium,	C. S. Cavanagh,
Thomas Glover,	R. Diedericks,	Z. Switzer,
H. M. Graham,	Geo. Guyvet,	H. Schroeder,
Thomas J. Bayard,	Fred'k Guillardet,	Wm. McArthur,
William Kobbe,	F. Werzy,	James McCreesy,
George M. Mann,	A. Raveret,	Joseph Bayley,
John P. Nesmith,	Belle Carique,	Thomas Fleming,
J. Colignon,	J. B. Stouvenel,	Thos. Zoekwarts,
Alex. S. Cothenl,	H. A. Lucas,	James Gibson,
D. Cothenl,	Andrew Highlner,	N. G. Carnes,
Henry Cothenl,	A. Ludwig,	P. Zincke,
Conte de Bongars,	G. Sprime,	Henry Demnach,
Louis Cuitti,	S. Pollux,	F. X. Frossard,
J. T. Headley,	J. Pfannmuller,	John H. Little,
Thomas McElrath,	Jonathan Miller,	Jno. W. Herbertson,
F. Argenti,	Andrew Carrigan,	L. G. Forman,
Hamilton Brooks,	David D'ley Field,	Thomas Maxwell,
W. B. Townsend,	George Griffin,	L. Chapman,
Maurice Leyne,	G. Cristadoro,	C. D. W. Lilliendahl
R. M. Strebeigh,	Gerf Beer,	Arthur Finogan,
W. W. Peck,	Fran's Monteverde	Emmit Metchin,
James D. Whelpley,	Stefano Ferrero,	J. J. Boyd,
George H. Colton,	M. G. Lenghi,	Thos. Hall,
Charles E. West,	Jos. Bonacorochi,	Stephen J. Field,
Antonio Marili,	Jas. Levy,	L. R. Marsh,
W. Foster Lee,	D. Burnjanno,	Lewis H. Sanford,
W. Stewart,	Giuseppe Attinelli,	John Sherwood,
Theodore Dwight,	Paolo Savini,	Morris M. Davidson
Horace Greeley,	Evan M. Johnson,	Charles B. Moore,
L. Martini,	Michael Burke,	William S. Sears,
Charles Serlbner,	Leonard S. Suxer,	John Anderson,
D. La Manna,	Jas. H. Grinnell,	Edward W. Tiers,
J. K. Sanlomowski,	James Mathews,	F. L. Schemerhorn,
Giorgio Ciprice,	Jacob Harvey,	M. Bragaldi,
Piotr Kowalewski,	John T. Doyle,	Gran. A. Sackett,
G. Godene,	John McKeon,	George P. Titus,
J. Avezzana,	J. Phillips Phoenix,	Charles Barns,
Augusto Nasi,	W. F. Havemeyer,	Robert H. Mayer,
H. Hobart,	Wm. S. Cozzens,	John H. McNeil,
J. B. Varnum, Jr.	Peter A. Hargous,	J. A. Sidell,
Jas. Thos. Boyd,	Charles M. Leupp,	Charles A. Peck,
Francis Cooper,	William V. White,	Thos. T. Bloodgood,
Hamilton Fish,	Thomas Waterman,	Jas. Lee,
D. Ullmann,	J. Lemoyne,	George Corydon,
Eso. S. B. Hart,	A. Plunkett,	John F. Seaman,
R. Emmet,	Joseph Dupré,	W. H. Minturn,
M. J. Bailey,	Jules L. Ramee,	Wm. Gerard,
John S. McKibbin,	A. Legoux,	J. S. Betts,
A. B. Vanderpool,	S. Pardessus,	Wm. Chamberlain,
John C. Devereux,	Z. M. Carrington,	W. C. Wetmore,
Philip Keasy,	J. Sherter,	George B. Butler,
J. H. Magher,	C. C. Roumage,	A. N. H. Gouverneur
B. F. Lee,	A. Hognet,	Arthur A. Gifford,
W. S. Jewett,	B. L. Schmitt,	J. H. Titus,
Fred. L. Cozzens,	D. Rolland,	Thomas W. Tucker,
J. W. Mason,	L. Casenge,	N. Bloodgood,
Edw'd C. Marshall,	Wm. Sullivan,	John J. Greco,
Edward Dunigan,	P. Pomeroy,	Thomas Hunt,
James B. Kirker,	J. H. Mantel,	C. H. Post,
John Fagan,	E. Lentilhon,	R. T. Underhill, MD
A. W. Clason,	A. Gilbert,	Jacob D. Stagg,
Benj. F. Shearman,	S. A. Lesueur,	Legrand Lockwood,
C. S. Buxton,	Joseph Michel,	W. S. Campbell
H. Fuller,	J. T. Wymbs,	Thos. H. Herring,
Winslow M Watson	W. S. Wallace,	Philip Kimball,
Charles F Briggs,	John Mullan,	N. P. Willis,
F. A. Tallmadge,	J. Barriere,	J. M. Catlin,
John E Develin,	Alex. Henschel,	Charles J. Conner,
Elisha P. Hurlbut,	P. Remy,	W. G. Wood,
John L. Stephens,	Joseph Carpenter,	F. R. Lee,
R. O'Connor,	J. B. Thierry,	John Griffin,
James W. White,	James McGivisk,	John Aug. Bogart,
Eugene Casserly,	Nicolas Poifrit,	M. T. Walsh,
Horace Brooks,	Jacob Schaff,	M. R. Zabriskie,
Isaac T. Sherwood,	Peter Krupp,	Wm. Von Eichthal,
Hy. T. Tuckerman,	M. Angulo,	Theod. Sedgwick,
James Reyburn,	R. Ogden Glover,	Wm. C. Russell,
Liv. Livingston,	T. James Glover,	John J. Ullmann,
J. W. Edmonds,	E. W. Stoughton,	James C. Stoneall,
N. Bowditch Blunt,	J. W. Gerard,	J. Lee,
J. S. Bosworth,	Luis H F. d'Aguiar,	Edmund S. Derry,
Edmund Terry,	J. B. Purroy,	Sahl. F. Conover,
Chas. P. Daly,	Wm. O'Brien,	P. Fusseddu,
L. B. Woodruff,	John O'Brien,	M. J. Whelan,
Louis Leclerc,	F. S. Stallknecht,	James G. Bennett,
E. Felix Forest,	Robert Hogan,	R. R. Crean,
C. C. Pise, D.D.	John Satterlee,	E. Magery,
Lewis B. Binsse,	Leopold Rierwith,	W. T. Childs,
Henry DeCourcy,	Nich's S. Donnelly,	C. D. Sackett,
John Tyssowski,	Terence Donnelly,	C. Addisses,
Gottfried Mass,	Jas. Hogan,	John Boyd,
G. F. Secchi de Casali,	Aug. L. Brown,	Abm. J. Beekman,
E. Dumageaud,	Wm. T. McCoun,	Jacob Burdett,
A. Dufour,	M. M. Noah,	Sol. Townsend,
A. J. Marion,	Charles O'Conor,	Theo. Peck,
S. Delmonico,	Andrew Mount,	Edgar Hicks,
Louis Faigel,	Joseph Tryon,	Josiah Hopper,
P. A. Delmonico,	O. A. Wolf,	Clement Gaion,
Lorenzo Delmonico	George G. Dowling,	Robert Reed,
Fougaine aîné,	J. W. Cummings, no	A. S. Snyder,
Eugene Bergouzie,	J. Prescott Hall,	John P. Elwell,
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F. Finiels,	John P. Crosby,	Jas. L. King,
H. Rillet,	Wm. M. Evarts,	A. H. Gooch,
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COMMERCIAL AND MONEY MATTERS.

THURSDAY, P. M.

The Stock Board adjourned on Wednesday to Friday, and the Banks being closed, there has been no business done in Wall-st.

At Boston on Wednesday the Money market was less stringent than it was supposed it would be, two days payment coming in one. The Stock market was heavy.

The amount of duties received at the New Orleans Custom-House in July, August and September was $328,427, against $263,802 in same quarter of last year, showing an increase of about 25 per cent.

Charles E. Dubois has been elected President of the Doylestown Bank, in the place of Abram Chapman, resigned. The Bank is now fully organized under the new charter, in which is incorporated the "individual liability" clause.

The work on the Cape Cod Branch Railroad is progressing very well. The grading and masonry for the whole distance to Sandwich is nearly completed, and the Road will be open for travel to Wareham by the 1st of January.

During the month ending October 31, 1847, there was coined at the U. S. Branch Mint in New-Orleans $300,000 in gold, and $60,000 in silver. The *Delta* says the Treasurer of the Mint expects every day a remittance of over $2,000,000 in foreign gold coin, by order of the Secretary of the Treasury, which, when it arrives, will have to be melted and received into American gold pieces.

The aggregate tonnage of Coal transported over the Reading Railroad thus far this season is 1,236,466.—From the Lehigh Region 618,824. By the Schuylkill Navigation 221,644. Total 2,076,934 tons.

At New-Orleans the Money market continues tight. In Texas money nothing done. There is none forced upon the market, and moderate amounts would find takers at 12½@13c for Red Backs, and 19@20c for Ten Per Cent. Bonds. Sterling bills continue to be negotiated with great difficulty, and may be quoted at 104@105½, though there is hardly any demand. France 5 40@5 50. Bills on New York at 60 days, 2½@3½ per cent discount. Checks, 1@1½ per cent. discount.

The report of the Bank of St. Mary's gives, Loans and Discounts, $182,952; Specie, $95,502; Cash Items, $72,346; Circulation, $172,095; Deposites, $56,327.

The merchants of Baltimore who are engaged in the trade with Liverpool and London have agreed that hereafter all freight to either port, engaged by either of them, shall be on condition that the freight shall be paid immediately on the landing of the goods, and the same shall be particularly noted in the bills of lading before signing, to wit: "Freight to be paid immediately on the landing of the goods, without any allowance of credit, or discount, to the consignee." They also farther agree that freights on cotton shall be charged on the invoice weight, which must be furnished by the shippers before the bills of lading are signed, and the amount of freight to be paid specified on the bill of lading."

Markets—*Carefully reported for The Tribune.*

THURSDAY, November 25

☞ The markets very generally observed the recommendation of the Governor, and there was no business done worthy of report.

FOREIGN IMPORTATIONS.

MALAGA—*Brig Guinare*—140 qr casks wine 10,000 bas raisins 500 cks do 100 hf cks grapes 134 bales mats 78 do almonds Francis & Co.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED

In brig Guinare, from Malaga—Raymond Moscatvarge and lady, Missionaries from Oran, Africa, on their way to Valparaiso.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-YORK.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.....THIS DAY.

THE SUN.		THE MOON.		FULL SEA.	
Rises....7 1	Sets....4 33	Rises... 9 12	Sets... 11 19	Morn... 11 19	

LATEST DATES.

London	Nov. 3	Havre.....	Nov. 2
Liverpool	Nov. 4	New-Orleans.....	Nov. 17

☞ *SEE MARINE JOURNAL FOURTH PAGE.* ☜

Arrived—Ship B Ayres, Nichols, Turks Island 12 ds, 19,372 bushels salt, to Nesmith & Walsh.

Brig Guinare, (of Sacville, Me) Dodge, fm Malaga and Gibraltar 39 ds, fruit, &c, to Nesmith & Walsh. Sailed from Gibraltar in co with bark Nile, for NYork; and left brig Baltimore, for Boston same day.

Brig Moses, Bulkley, Charleston 6 ds, cotton, &c, to G Bulkley.

Br brig Falcon, Pitt, Bermuda 8 ds, in ballast, to Tucker & Lightbourn.

Br brig Douglass, Pictou, NS, 12 ds, coal, Randolph & Co.

Brig John Kendall, Stover, Thomaston, Me, 7 ds, lime, to master.

Brig Imogene, Clark, Turks Island 8 ds, 8000 bushels salt, to Fernando Wood. Left bark Duc d'Orleans, for NOrleans