NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

Venezuela.

From the Journal of Commerce.

We give below a translation of a dispatch from Gen. Justo Briceno to the Government at Caracas, giving an account of the decisive battle which took place between his forces and those of the supporters of Paez, at a town called San Carlos, situated some little distance up the river Zulia.

After the naval action of the 13th December, in which the Paez flotilla lost three of its vessels, Gen. Briceno landed his troops. The Paezistos then abandoned the Castle of San Carlos, spiking their guns left there; and the garrison, together with the troops which were in camp in the neighborhood of the town of Maracaibo, abandoned their entrenchments and retired. On the 25th, Gen. Briceno entered Maracaibo, and joined Col. Custelli, who had so long defended the town against the attacks of the Paez forces, and subsequently embarked with 350 men, the General being on board the steamer Libertador. This expedition then went up the Lake in pursuit of the remaining Paez vessels, and found that they had directed their course for the Zulia, a river at the south-western extremity of the Lake of Maracaibo.

We have given these details in order that our readers may understand the state of affairs previous to this last battle:

REPUBLIC OF VENEZUELA.
HEADQUARTERS, on board of the Steamer Libertador, at anchor in San Carlos de Zulia, the 1st of Jan. 1849.

To Sec. of State in the War and Naval Departments:

Having been informed yesterday, while going up the river, that the rebels to the number of 1,500 men, with their steamer, had possession of the town of San Carlos, with the exception of 350 of them who had crossed over to the opposite side of the river, when within a league's distance, I resolved on disembarking the column of 360 men which I had with me, under the orders of the valiant Commandant Exequite Zamora, and not 400, as I had stated to you in my last dispatch (the squadron La Democratia not being incorporated, we could not make use of), taking care that until the hour for marching the troops should rest themselves, and be supplied with provisions. The appointed time for marching was that in which they could do so without being seen, and they were furnished with two experienced guides, so that they might arrive in the silence of the night at the town, and attack the enemy, surprising them in the three houses in which they were quartered, the position of which would be pointed out to the Commandant by the guides.*

This operation being executed with the greatest dexterity, exactitude and resolution, by Commandant Zamora, the fire was opened, which, notwithstanding it was a complete surprise, was obstinately and vigorously returned by the enemy's steamer, and from the three houses, during four hours, at the end of which, having in the meantime set fire to the houses in which the enemy were quartered, we obtained a complete and decisive victory. A singular and heroic deed was performed during the action, and one that is worthy of being particularly mentioned to H. E. the Executive power. When the firing was at its hight, a lady living in the neighborhood of the town, whose name is Maria Encarnacion Pirela, appeared with a torch in her hand, exciting our troops to set fire to the houses in which the rebels were defending themselves. With the greatest courage and enthusiasm, she was the first to set the example, by climbing up to a window and setting fire to the roof with the torch she had brought with her—in doing which, she received a wound in the leg from a grape-shot. She was afterward well attended to, and was sent to your city. She cannot yet have arrived.

A great number perished in the flames, more than a hundred were drowned, who, in their tumultuous flight, threw themselves into the river, in order to save themselves by getting on board the steamer; a great portion met their death by blindly rushing upon the bayonets of the valiant soldiers of the Government, who in the darkness were compelled to drive them back with their weapons. More than five hundred prisoners were taken and brought in as soon as daylight permitted it, and very few effected their escape, among whom were Andrade, Gorrell, Weir, Pena y Luis Celis, with the three hundred infantry and fifty cavalry who were on the opposite side of the river; but to-morrow Commandant Zamora, with his victorious column, will set forth in pursuit of them, and very probably will come up with and destroy them completely.

There were also taken the steamer Libertador, seven feluccas and more than thirty pirogues, which will remain behind to bring on all the land prisoners and any others that may be brought in.

The loss sustained by our troops was small, on taking into consideration the heavy fire of grape and musketry to which they were exposed. Our whole loss was the valiant and gallant Lieutenant Genaro Torres, who, after being shot down by grape from the steamer, while leading a charge against one of the fortified houses—from the ground on which he was prostrated and already in the agonies of death, his voice was heard above all, animating the soldiers to continue the assault. Five other soldiers died, and nineteen were wounded.

I am assured that the captured steamer has on board more than 800 muskets, with other arms and articles of war.

The way was paved to these glorious results for the country by the combat of the 13th of last month; a combat which was no less splendid, for in that the rebels lost their naval force, and its effect was to introduce demoralization and want of confidence among their auxiliaries and troops; and having consequently lost all hope of future triumph, they only sought a place in which they might shelter themselves from the chastisement which their own consciences assured them was due to their misdeeds.

In that day the greater part of the conquerors of Zulia, also conquerors at Rejo Seco, fought jointly with the national squadron. The description which I then gave the government of that combat was not as exact as it should have been, because the retreat of the enemy prevented my knowing the precise amount of their loss, which was only discovered when their remaining vessels were taken, and after having seen them abandon their strong positions and dly with terror, although with forces still numerous, and above a thousand muskets and other munitions of war in reserve. This is proved by the fact that after three or four hundred men had dispersed, before the taking of the entrance to the Zulia, they had collected more than 1,500 in this place. I can assure you that this number is in reality exact. I am, &c. your obedient servant. JUSTO BRICENO.

From Brazos Santiago.

By the arrival of the schooner Crescent City, Capt. Talbot, from Brazos Santiago, we have received, through the Captain's politeness, the *American Flag* of Brownville, of the 1st inst. We clip from the *Flag* the following items of news:

Brevet Col. Hardee, at the head of a squadron of Dragoons, left this port on Saturday 27th January for Fort Ringgold, and will be the commanding officer at that post. Col Hardee is a true soldier—frank, dashing, generous and brave—and is capable of rendering the frontier much service. Capt. Newton, Lieut. Neill, and Dr. Ferrin, compose the junior officers of this well-equipped squadron. They have all seen service, and the past is an earnest of the future, that whatever public service is required at their hands will be gallantly and faithfully executed.

A mail was received last night at Matamoros from the City of Mexico. Private letters state that a bill has passed the House of Deputies, allowing the entry of all provisions through the Custom House on this frontier, at a duty of 15 per cent, to continue in force for three years. The writer states that it will undoubtedly become a law. A reduction of the general tariff is under consideration, but the result is thought doubtful. Dr. Jarvis, chief surgeon of the district of the Rio Grande, arrived per steamer Telegraph. He is an old soldier, a high-toned, courteous gentleman, as distinguished for gallantry in many a well-fought field as for eminent skill in his profession. We are truly gratified that he takes post here. The schr. Charon arrived at the Brazos harbor in 58 hours from the mouth of the Mississippi. We understand that she brings New-Orleans dates to Jan. 27, 13 days ahead of the U. S. mail. [Picayune.

Colonel Fremont.

Correspondence of the St. Louis Union.

PUEBLA, N. M. Nov. 28, 1848.

Col. Fremont passed this place on the 22d inst. Many of his mules and horses were much jaded and worn out. He succeeded in purchasing and exchanging several mules at this place, and at Best's fort. At a small settlement 25 miles above this, he purchased corn for his animals. He dismounted all his company, and each man packed his riding animal with corn. This will greatly facilitate his passage through the snowy regions.

The snow is usually deep in the mountains in this vicinity, and many have expressed a doubt as to the possibility of Col. F.'s success in making the passage; but I am of a different opinion. His own experience as a mountain traveler—his energy, perseverance and patience, in truth, will carry him through difficulties from which an ordinary mind would recoil. He is fortunate, too, in having secured the services of that experienced and energetic young man, Alexander Godey.

On the 26th, Col. Fremont commenced the ascent of the Snowy Mountains. The last we heard from him, he was wending his way slowly through snow about two feet deep, and was within five miles of the top of the first range of mountains. It is the intention of Col F. to go to the Pacific by an entire new route, south of all his former routes across the Continent. His present survey will be of much interest. Should a southern route be determined on for the great railroad across the Continent, this survey will greatly aid Congress in determining the western terminus.

The Indians are quiet in this country at present, though there is a rumor here that the Cheyennes have stolen between 2 and 300 Government animals from Vegas. If this is the case, we may soon expect war. S. P. L.

THE U. S. TROOPS IN TEXAS.—The six companies of the 3d Infantry, now at San Antonio, Texas, under command of Major Van Horne, will leave for El Paso del Norte about the 10th of April. Gen. Worth, who arrived at San Antonio toward the end of January, will accompany this command. The companies of the 1st Infantry, stationed at Austin, Fredericksburg and Arroyo Saco, will proceed to the Rio Grande and occupy Loredo and Presidio del Norte. The 8th Infantry, which reached their camp on the head-waters of the San Antonio the latter end of January, will take the places now occupied by the companies of the 1st Infantry mentioned. Although the Eighth has lost about 130 men by cholera, the regiment, as well as the six companies of the Third, were in fine health and spirits the 1st of this month. There was no cholera at San Antonio at that time, nor any serious sickness in any part of the country. [Picayune, 14th.

COLD WEATHER.—The accumulation of ice in the lake, and the various streams which empty into it, is greater than it has been for many years. Navigation will not open until very late in the spring, unless we should be favored with a constant succession of easterly winds. [Toledo (O.) Blade, 14th.

A NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT EXPELLED.—The Loco-Foco majority in the Ohio House of Representatives have expelled Mr. Bruce, the "Cavsignac" correspondent of the *Cleveland Herald*, for exposing the treason of those mock Free Soilers, Morse and Townsend.

FIRE.—A correspondent of the *Rochester Daily Advertiser* writes that on Sunday evening the grist and flouring mill of Smith & Fairchild, in North Bloomfield, was burned to the ground. Loss from five to six thousand dollars—no insurance.

The Gold Fever in Mexico.

A letter to the *N. O. Crescent*, dated Corpus Christi, Feb. 6, says:

By a recent arrival from Mier and Durango, we learn that this intolerable Gold Fever, which is now consuming the Yankees, has taken equally as severe a hold on the universal magnanimous Mexican nation. Mr. Redmond, the partner of Mr. Mann, merchant of this place, who has just returned from a trading tour through the Northern Provinces of Mexico, states that large numbers of Mexicans have started for the placers of California. English, Scotch and Mexican miners have invested large amounts of money in equipping and sending over their parties to bring away the precious metals, and the number already *en route* for the "diggins" has been estimated at 15,000!

That these figures are large enough to astonish one, under ordinary circumstances, I cannot deny; but when we take into consideration the great excitement on this subject with our own people, this statement can the more readily be credited; beside, a Mexican is always equipped for long overland journeys, and will be far on his road while an American is settling a question of practicability, as to whether he will go by land or water, in a steamer or in a carriage and four. The question is, can we allow foreign adventurers to abstract the precious metals of our Territory and convert it into foreign coin!—and this question is one for our people and government to answer.

Our Navy can guard our interests on the Coast, and the next point to be looked to will be our line of posts on the Rio Grande and the Gila, and from the Gila to San Diego on the Pacific. If the Mexicans dig our gold, we doubt much whether they will be very successful in getting it out of the country. A conducta of $2,000,000 in silver recently left the Fair of San Juan de los Lagos for the gold region of California, to purchase gold dust; and another passed through Parras with $400,000, for the same purpose. Gen. Mejia has arrived at Camargo in command of 300 troops; they are to be stationed on the line of the Rio Grande to prevent smuggling.

The Seneca Indians.

The Governor transmitted the following Message to the Assembly, Tuesday morning, Feb. 20:

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, ALBANY, Feb. 20, 1849.

To the Legislature:

Application has been made by a deputation of Seneca Indians, for the recognition of a new form of Government which they claim to have established, in a General Convention of the Seneca Nation of Indians, abolishing the ancient form of government by chiefs, which has heretofore existed in the several nations of the Iroquois confederacy.

This Convention was held on the Cattaraugus Reservation, and on the 8th of December last adopted a declaration and a constitutional charter, and passed resolutions directing that a copy of the declaration and charter then adopted should be transmitted to the Governor of the State, with the request that the same be put on file in the proper offices. I have placed the manuscript copy, which I received from the Clerk of the Nation under this new Government, on file with the Commissioners of the Land Office, in whom has been vested, by the act of 1841, the charge of most of the relations of this State with the Indian tribes. Another deputation, representing the chiefs, has earnestly remonstrated against any change being recognized in the form of government of their ancient forest republic, or in the relations between this Government of this State and the Seneca nation of Indians.

Each of these parties has been represented at the Seat of the Federal Government; and I am informed that the Bureau on Indian Affairs has given notice to the Sub-Agent of the United States, for the New-York Indians, that the new form of government will be recognized by the Government of the United States, and that, so far as may be necessary, its relations with those Indians will be made to conform thereto. No power exists in the Executive to recognize or to disclaim the new form of Government. The power of making treaties with the Indians, which was formerly lodged in the Executive, was transferred by the Act of 1841 to the Commissioners of the Land Office. The objects for which the Commissioners are authorized to treat with Indians are supposed to be limited, so as not to enable them to act upon the question which the friends of the new government desire to present. It has, therefore, been deemed advisable to present the whole subject to the consideration of the Legislature. I accordingly communicate herewith a copy of the Resolutions, and of the Declaration and Constitution adopted by the new form of Government, together with the papers which their representatives have submitted to me, including copies of letters from the Commissioners of Indian Affairs at Washington, declaring the intention of the Government there to recognize the newly established Government of the Seneca Nation.

I also communicate a letter and remonstrance addressed to me by the representative and delegate Chiefs, earnestly and eloquently protesting against any change in the relations between the Government of this State and that of the Seneca Nations; and also copies of a protest and remonstrance addressed to the President of the United States, which they desire may also be considered by the authorities of this State in determining on the question which is now submitted. These papers present the question as submitted by the respective parties. The subject is full of interest, as bearing upon the peace, the happiness, and the future civilization of the remains of what was once a great and powerful nation. The importance of an early decision of this subject, as involving not only a question of philanthropy and benevolence, but also one of high State policy, induces me to commit it to your attention.

HAMILTON FISH.

PROPERTY OF MARRIED WOMEN IN VIRGINIA.—A bill has been introduced in the House of Delegates which is entitled "A bill to protect the property of Married Women." The bill provides that the real and personal property of any woman who may hereafter marry, and which she shall own at the time of her marriage, and the rents, issues and profits thereof, shall not be subject to the disposal of her husband nor be liable for his debts, but shall continue her sole and separate property as if she were a single woman. It also provides that it shall be lawful for any married woman to receive by gift, devise or bequest, from any person other than her husband and to hold to her sole and separate use, as if she were a single woman, real and personal property and the rents and profits thereof, which shall not be subject to the disposal or liable for the debts of her husband, provided however that the rents, &c. of such estate for any one year shall be liable for contracts made by her husband within that year in the purchase of articles for the use of his family. To secure the benefits of this act, the woman must cause an accurate inventory of her estate to be recorded in the county or corporation court where she resides within eight months after her marriage, or eight months after coming in possession of any gift, &c. Clerk of the court to publish a description of such inventories. The woman is not authorized by the act to make sale of any of her estate, but the County, Corporation or Superior Courts, upon the joint petition of herself and her husband may order the sale of any portion of her estate and direct the proceeds to be loaned out or invested for her sole and separate use. The bill further provides that in case the husband survives the wife, she leaving issue, he shall have a life estate in all her property; and in case she dies without issue, he shall have a full title forever to all her personal property. [Richmond Republican.

LICENSES.—The vote in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 10th inst. upon the License question, resulted For the City Law, 498; No City Law, 64. Licenses will be the order of the day, says the *True Democrat*.

☞ A meeting of the citizens of Madison Co. Miss. was held on the 20th ult. the object of which was to take into consideration the expediency of immediately calling the Legislature, for the purpose of enacting laws prohibiting the farther ingress of slaves into the State. The meeting adopted a petition, signed by forty citizens, to Gov. Matthews, requesting him to convene the Legislature at as early a day as possible.

☞ The *Knoxville* (Tenn.) *Tribune* has been publishing able papers in favor of gradual emancipation and Colonization, and it urges a Convention for that purpose. With this, says that journal, as our principle of action, we may, under the blessing of God, *open the way for the full and final redemption of the State.*

☞ The Maverick Block, Maverick-square, East Boston, was discovered to be on fire this morning at 10 o'clock. Considerable property was destroyed before it could be checked. [Transcript, 21st.

☞ A bill has been reported to the House of Delegates of Virginia doing away with public executions, and directing them to be inflicted privately, as in some other States of the Union.

☞ A petition from Portland and Stark Cos. for the dissolution of the Union on account of Slavery, caused some excitement in the Ohio Legislature of the 11th inst.

☞ Mr. Abraham Marland, a large woolen manufacturer of Andover, Mass. died in that place on the 20th, at the age of 77. Mr. M. was a native of England.

☞ We understand that a drove of 200 fat cattle from Michigan passed over the wire Suspension Bridge, below the Falls, yesterday afternoon. [Buff. Ex.

☞ The name of the 'Split-Rock' Post-Office in Essex Co. N. J. is changed to Whallonsburgh, by order of the Postmaster-General.

☞ The New-Orleans papers of the 14th say that the Mississippi was still falling at that city and all the way up. The Arkansas was also falling.

☞ A young man named Freeman Ross had his brains blown out by the accidental discharge of a gun at Pittsburgh on the 16th inst.

☞ At Charleston, on the 18th, the thermometer was down to 29°, which, for that city, was killing cold.

☞ Seventy dogs were killed in Boston on Monday last, the day on which the dog law first took effect.

☞ Ninety-two thousand letters passed through the Baltimore Post Office on St. Valentine's Day.

☞ A lynx measuring five and a half feet was killed in Waterford, Vermont, last week.

GENERAL NOTICES.

☞ **Hydropathy and the Water-Cure.**—FOWLERS & WELLS, 131 Nassau-st. New-York, publish, and have for sale, all works on Hydropathy, Water-Cure, Physiology, Phrenology, Magnetism and Physiognomy—at wholesale and retail. A complete assortment of the above-named works always on hand. Just published: The Water-Cure Journal, monthly, $1 a year; Water-Cure Manual, 50 cents; Water-Cure in All Diseases, 50 cents; The Cholera Hydropathically Treated, 25 cents. 22f 6t FOWLERS & WELLS, 131 Nassau-st.

☞ **Fowlers & Wells, Phrenologists and Publishers,** Clinton Hall, 131 Nassau-st. near the Park.

☞ **To Ladies.**—Mrs GOVE NICHOLS's next Lecture will be at her Water-Cure House, 291 Tenth-st. on Friday, 23d inst. at ½ P.M. 22f 2t*

☞ **Carhart's Melodeons.**—These beautiful Parlor Instruments, so justly celebrated, may be obtained of BADGER, the flute-maker, 181 Broadway, who is appointed sole agent for the manufacturers. 6f 3w

☞ **Water-Cure.**—Dr. TRALL receives patients at his commodious city establishment, 15 Laight-st. and at Oyster Bay, L. I. where new and extensive buildings are being erected. The Summer term will commence April 1. Outdoor practice attended to. Consultations $5. 6f 1m*

California Emigrants.

The bark St. Mary, Capt. Reese, which sailed from this port, 22d inst. takes out the West Coast Trading and Mining Company. The following members, 30 in number, each contribute $500:

T. R. Warren, President; E. P. Rogers, Secretary; J. W. Ludlow, Treasurer; F. W. Krieg, J. H. Gibbs, J. E. Walker, J. D. Driggs, W. D. Burhans, E. H. Roell, W. H. Hoagland, W. O. Stoughtenburgh, W. S. Throckmorton, J. V. Hardgrove, T. Lambert, J. Walton, J. B. West, R. A. Powers, S. Conner, J. R. Ingersoll, D. Lawson, J. Rathbone, A. C. Rathbone, S. Johnson, E. Lee, G. W. Arnold, T. O. Williams, J. O. Kemp, W. W. Hodges, H. Pierce, Total—30.

By the steam propeller Hartford, from this port, Feb. 19:

Rev. Wm May, H. W. Wright, — Sodine, P. Carrigan, Wm Potter, H. Camp, J. Finn, A. A. Nicholson, R. Mallory, J. D. Skinner, Benjamin Dorr, J. B. Chapman, Thomas Andrews, J. G. Wood, C. H. Morgan, Wm J. Hickox, Timothy Briggs, James Heenes, Dr J. King, J. Wallace, — Yerks, C. Randall, C. F. Russell, E. S. B. Briggs, A. G. Hudson, M. McFarland, Dr Cleaveland, C. Jones, F. Corner, g, Justin Hodge, W. A. Roberts, H. Kraft, Capt Corner, Elias Snow, L. Van Orden, P. T. Phelps, S. M. Benton, T. A. Rogs, J. Gaylor, Jos. Weed, James Huntington, E. Hartford, R. Hoagland, E. Martling, George Bass, Sandy Kipp, Andrew S. Low, — Tasker, Wm Dorsan, Wm Rogers, J. Kelly, jr., — Walters, and three others—32.

By the bark Nautilus, Capt. Wilson, from this port, Feb. 21:

The Albany Mining Association, consisting of A. Clark, President; T. J. Wallace, Secretary; J. McCausin, Treasurer; Stephen Clark, W. T. Skinner, E. F. Cady, A. F. Wilber, E. A. Cornwall, S. W. Hardy, T. Foster, C. Styles, J. D. Mitchell, A. Chrisler, J. E. Hutton, S. C. Birdsall, A. H. Dunbar, S. C. Fox, E. S. Chaney, C. H. Wright, W. H. Boyington, J. Hodges, W. Hurlburt, J. Sanford, C. C. Wooley, Chas. E. Stoker, J. Wilson, H. Rupersberger, S. W. Simmons, E. S. Bennett, S. Packard, J. Van Buskirk, J. H. Stevens, M. A. Knickerbo, H. P. Hosmer, N. J. Van Vranken, P. G. Voltare, E. Farer, W. H. Carlon, J. S. Wemple, P. V. Lewis, A. Moore, A. W. Meaghan, C. H. Brunson, J. Bennett, J. Bennett, J. Bennett, Jr., J. Bennett, 3d, J. Bennett, 4th, J. Bennett, 5th, D. N. Bennet, L. Gray, M. Van Buskirk, H. H. Bolton, D. E. Jones, J. S. Lyons, J. L. Pangborn, C. Beagle, J. Conner, S. T. Bookstaver, J. S. Graham, Wm S. Butler, J. Noonan, E. Westinghouse, E. S. Barney—Total, 64.

By the brig Empire, from this port for Vera Cruz, Feb. 19:

Joseph Martin, J. C. Dexter, J. Gilman, R. C. Hunter, John Brell, R. Felmer, D. D. Crimb, W. M. Nichol, J. W. Stanton, J. Logan, D. Glover, W. H. Burke, G. W. Pierson, G. W. Ostrom, O. H. Berry, W. Seymour, H. L. Dodge, S. H. Hunter, H. P. Hoffman, A. F. Sherman, S. and T. McCausin, M. Corlis, W. H. Gould, J. O. Fowler, J. T. Hyed, G. R. Welch, H. Bower, J. B. Stanton, D. Moss, S. Wagerts, P. Hoaxon, J. H. Lindsay, W. H. Hoffman, J. Conselick, Edward Clark, Michael Gallagher, Providence, George H. Martin, Horace Easterbrooks, Allen Easterbrooks, — Haley, Bristol.

By the steam propeller McKim, from New Orleans:

Mr Hennings and lady, Messrs Solomon, Tenberg, T. Purnell, H. P. Watkins, J. R. Painter, F. Baker, John Swarthout, Dr David Goodale, J. Gardner, C. F. Fergo, J. F. Painter, Murphy, J. B. Wadsworth, R. V. Hall, Lieutenant Hall, Lieutenant Gardner, Lieutenant Tyler, Charles T. Blake, Lieutenant Baldwin, New-Haven, Conn; H. C. Logan, Wm Wallace, Wm Egner, Philadelphia; Col Thomas A. Mackabone, N York; Henry Dean, sen, South Jersey; Henry F. Jervis, George Soule, James D. M. Evans, Wm Bartholomew, Jos. Bartholomew, Jos. Bartholomew, Jr., J. A. Brown, N York; Charles J. Hoskins, Chicago, Co., N Y.; George Ainsinge, Charles Steadman, D. Hunt, J. Henry Reily, Pitts; John W. Peters, Philip Meyer, Abner K. Sartman, E. Tyson Keyser, Lieutenant M. Fenn, Pitts; Charles M. Kay, Lieutenant Wm Chase, Lieutenant Wm Pabst, A large stock of cheap works will be kept constantly on hand. Traveling agents will do well to call. Call immediately at SKINNER'S Publication Room, N. Y. Branch Office, 100 Broadway, room No. 2, up stairs. 27 1m*

TO PRINTERS.—Wanted, a first rate pressman for the improved Adams Press. Inquire at 49 Ann-st. 9f 1f

BOARDING

PRIVATE BOARD WANTED—A gentleman and his wife wish board in a small private family, where there are no other boarders. Location east side of the town, and not farther up than Fourth-st. They will require a parlor and bedroom, unfurnished, on the second floor, with pantries. The gentleman will dine down town. Any small family wishing to reduce their rent, can address "Private Board." 22f 3t*

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE desire to obtain a parlor with bed-room and pantry adjoining on the second floor without board, in a small genteel private family, where there are no other boarders, in the vicinity of Broadway, not above Union-park. Terms moderate.—Address P. H. Tribune Office, stating terms, location, &c. 22f 3t*

BOARDING—Suite of two or three rooms to rent together in a gentleman's private boarding-house, with part or full board served in the rooms. Also single bed rooms, with breakfast or tea. The house is conducted by an English lady on the English principle. Hot and cold bath rooms. No moving on 1st of May. Apply at 541 Hudson-st. 22f 6t*

BOARD.—Gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen can be accommodated with board at 179 Henry-st. corner of Jefferson. No removal on the 1st of May. 125 1m

FURNISHED LODGING & ROOMS TO LET, with or without board.—Two or three gentlemen can be accommodated with furnished lodging rooms, with full or partial board, by applying at 75 Duane-st. Terms moderate. References exchanged. 21f W&F*

FURNISHED PARLORS.—One, two or three rooms, with full board or with breakfast and tea, can be had the balance of the present year, with privilege of the next references being satisfactory. Apply to M. HOLTON, 11 Amity-st. 21f Stood*

WANTED—A professional gentleman wishes breakfast and tea in a genteel private family, or boarding-house, above Eighth-st. and east of Second-avenue. Parlor and bedroom on second floor preferred. References given and required. Address C. P. Post Office, box 2,761. 21f 3t*

PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms, on the second and third floors, with or without breakfast and tea, at 7 Park place. 15f 1m*

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the subscribers under the name of M. V. B. FOWLER & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by either at No. 45 Cortland-st. M. V. B. FOWLER,
Feb. 15, 1849. S. F. GREENLEAF.

The undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of GREENLEAF & KINSLEY, and will continue the wholesale Drug business at No. 45 Cortland-st.
S. F. GREENLEAF,
Feb. 15, 1849. W. H. KINSLEY.
A loft to let. 20f 3TuWaF*

THE COPARTNERSHIP of Knight & Rhodes is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either of the undersigned are authorized to use the name of the firm in liquidation. WM. KNIGHT,
New-York, Feb. 16, 1849. WM. RHODES.
WM. RHODES will continue the business at the old stand, 631 Broadway, near Thirteenth-st. where all orders will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.
WM. KNIGHT will be happy to see his friends and the public at his new store, 78 Fourth-avenue, near Tenth-st. 16f 2w*

THE SUBSCRIBERS having this the first day of January, 1849, entered into Copartnership to carry on the business of Public Waiting, (which they will continue at the old stand of Edward V. Clark, 27½ Mott-st.) under the firm of E. H. TRACY & CO. and would most respectfully inform the ladies and gentlemen of New-York and vicinity, that they are prepared to furnish them with loans of the most fashionable kind of China and silver ware, and all other articles suitable for wedding, dinner or evening parties. Those desiring can call and examine for themselves. Notices served, Waiters or Cooks provided at the shortest notice.
N. B. A first-rate quadrille band in attendance.
EDWARD H. TRACY.
1f 7t* EDWARD V. CLARK.

TO FIRE COMPANIES AND CORPORATIONS.—For sale a Philadelphia Fire Engine, ornamented with eight paintings in Woodside's best style. The engine is nearly new and in perfect order, it throws a gallery of six stream over 200 feet, has extending levers, springs, hose cylender, and all the recent improvements. The company being out of service at present have no farther use for the same. Address ROBERT P. JAMES,
21f Stood 75 Cherry-st. Philadelphia.

SAMUEL H. TERRY has removed from 46 Beaver-st. to 74 William-st. between Cedar and Liberty sts. where he will continue to keep an assortment of Ribbons and Military goods, embroidery, Laces, Gloves, etc. as heretofore, bought principally at auction, and which will be sold at very low rates. 16f 6tood

BRADBURY & NASH'S MUSICAL ACADEMY, 411 Broadway.—Messrs. B. & N. will commence a Glee Class next THURSDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock; also, an Elementary Class on TUESDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock. Private Instruction on the Piano-forte and Singing $5 per quarter. 21f 3t*

500,000 HAVANA CIGARS of different brands and sizes, in bond or duty paid, at prices under cost to close a concern, for sale
22f 6t* P. SATRUSTEGUI, 12 Broadway.

NEW-YORK WATER-CURE ESTABLISHMENT, with Gymnasium, Dr. PIERSON, M. D. Physician, cor. of Twelfth-st. and University-place. 7f 3m*

Sales at the Stock Exchange....FEB. 22

$2,000 Treas Notes	109½	100 Erie, new full	61½
10,400 do	109½	100 do	b10 61½
2,100 U S 6s, '67	110¼	45 Auburn and Roch.	88
1,000 Kentucky 6s	101	300 Long Island	25½
1,000 Ohio 6s, '60	103	200 do	25¾
5,000 do, 7s	102½	300 Reading RR	25¾
10,000 Penn 5s	b60 7½	100 do	s30 25¾
4,000 Reading Bds	45	100 do	s60 25¾
1,000 Erie 7 ⅌ ct Bds.	96½	150 do	25¾
20 Manhattan Co.	94½	100 do	s60 26
20 Ill State Bk	10	60 N Y and N H RR	92
50 Nat Fire Ins Co	88	50 do	b30 92½
565 Harlem RR	60	50 Farm Trust	s30 33½
150 do	bnw 60½	50 do	s60 33½
50 do	60½	250 do	33½
200 do	s30 60	500 do	b30 33½
100 do	s60 60	50 do	bl 33½
100 do	s30 60½	200 Canton Co	40½
200 do	60½	50 do	b10 40½
450 do	60½	150 do	40

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000 Ind St 5s	b60 64	25 Harlem RR	60
1,000 Kentucky 6s	101	50 do	b30 60½
2,000 Reading Bds	45½	500 do	b60 61
100 Farm Trust	b30 36½	250 do	b60 61
100 do	b60 36½	200 do	60
25 Erie, new	b3 61½	100 do	b30 60½
100 Long Island	bnw 25½	25 Nor and West	35½

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-YORK ..FEBRUARY 22.

ARRIVED—Ship Gertrude, Sherman, Liverpool, Jan 4, mdse and 200 steerage passengers, to D Pokenham. 1 took out 2 deaths during the passage. Has had heavy westerly gales the whole voyage. Left ship Cora Linn, Lambert, Glasgow, 20th inst. and 40 steerage passengers to Dunham & Dwight. Feb 2, Henry Shaw, seaman, a native of Sweden, fell from mast and was killed.

Bark Linda, Christiansen, Philadelphia, and 2 days for the Capes, mdse to Kouns, Card & Co.

Brig La Bella Pepina, Morlin, fm Vera Cruz 27th Jan, sugar, syrup, &c. Left 2 ships of war Saratoga, Truxtun, from Tampico lying at Sacrificios; bark Nassau, Cortlandt, (Br) Dupont, for Boston; schs Fair Play, Tilton, Boston, for Vera Cruz; J. W. Johnson and Pioneer, Newport, for do; schs Ann Eliza, Bunker, Boston, and Ann Eliza, Bunker, Newport, for do; sld in company 8th inst. Spoke Feb 8, lat 29 50 N, lon 74 50 W, ship Ontario, Wood, for Bermuda sld 22d Jan.

Schr Meteorite, Bingham, Richmond.

RETURNED—Br ship Oriental, Hoyt, hence for Liverpool, sailed yesterday, put ashore on Flynn's Knoll at 3 PM, and had there all night, when she was stuck very hard, which caused the ship to leak considerably, was got off with the assistance of the steamer Telegraph, Capt. Parks, and towed back to the City for repairs. She was drawing 19 feet water.

SAILED—Ship Gomer, Richmond; barks Nautilus, San Francisco; Clarendon, Vera Cruz; St Marys, San Francisco; brigs Brilliant, do; Wilson, Savannah.

Disasters, &c.

The Jenny Lind, ashore at Cohasset, lies on a smooth beach, and there is but little doubt that she will be got off. Her people are engaged in discharging her cotton, and a bargain has been made with the Old Colony RR Co. to carry it to Boston for $800.

The vessel from Salem, which went ashore on Seal Island, about 20 out, and was taken into Barrington, NS, was undoubtedly the ship Maria Theresa, Baker, of and from Salem, Jan 31, for Rio Grande, although she is said to be of from north 400 tons. The vessel is not reported. The M T and cargo are insured in Salem for about $17,000.

The Captain of brig Oscar, (before reported lost on Scituate) in a letter to his owner says: "We left Scituate seventeen days in the Bay—have been on Plymouth Beach ever since—have had 7 feet of water at times driven off—four times the brig has been iced so badly that she was unmanageable altogether. I was out of provisions, wood and water. Myself, officers and crew entirely worn out. I was endeavoring to get the brig into Boston at the time I went ashore—the weather was so thick and hazy I could not see from the north end. She struck on Scituate rocks and in one hour after there was nothing left of her except her quarter deck; all hands were saved but in an exhausted state. The vessel and cargo will be a total loss except the chains and anchors and perhaps some of the rigging and copper.

Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, Feb 21—Arr ship Archelaus, Rostelle, N Orleans; bark Ulmer, Mobile; schr Independence, Howard, Baltimore. Cld ships Sheffield, Lewis, Mobile; Ann Parker, Grover, Liverpool; barks Leopold, Hopkins, do; barks John Archer, Jordan, Portland; Bohemia, Higgins, Havana; brig Oconaco, Lewis, St Marys, Ga.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb 12—Arr ships Astraea, Ford, Boston; Galena, Lewis, N York. Cld ships Ann Parker, Grover, do; ship Geo Berry, Fatten, do; barks Orbado, Cousins, Boston.

WANTS.

WANTED—By a respectable American girl, a situation as seamstress, nurse or chambermaid; will make herself generally useful. Best of city reference. Apply at No. Fulton-st. in the basement, 169 Concord-st. Brooklyn, or address a note to either of the above places. 22f 2t*

WANTED—At WATT'S Agency for Domestics, 228 Grand-st. situations in city or country for some good girls to do general housework, cooking, washing and ironing, chambermaids, &c. &c. all with good references. Employers will please call or send. 22f 3t*

WANTED—By a married man, a situation as porter in a store, or would be willing to make himself generally useful. Understands the care and driving of a horse for the last four years in this city. Good reference can be given. Address C. O. P. office of this paper. 21f 3t*

WANTED—By a Protestant young woman a situation as chambermaid, or to do the cooking, washing and ironing of a small family. Good reference if required.—Call at 75 Crosby-st. 22f 2t*

WANTED—A young man to act in the capacity of dry goods salesman. Also, a first rate milliner, well qualified to take charge of a millinery establishment. Apply at 388 Grand-st. 22f 2t*

WANTED—A situation as porter in a store by an industrious and trustworthy young man. Best reference can be given. Address Porter, at this office. The advertiser refers also to W. E. Robinson, Esq. 5 Spruce-st. 20f 1w*

WET NURSE—A healthy respectable young German woman with fresh breast of milk wishes a situation as wet nurse. Inquire at 190 West Twentieth-st. 22f 2t*

PARTNER WANTED—$15,000—In a Forwarding and Commission business, (that has been in successful operation for more than 12 years,) with a cash capital of $12,000 to $15,000. The profits of this business the last year was $10,000. A young man of good character and industrious habits would be preferred, and that would be willing to take an active part in the business. Would have no objections to having a silent or special partner; if so, would secure the latter a share of profits if preferred. The business is in a prosperous condition, and may be increased to twice the present amount. Any person wishing an interview with the advertiser, will address, with real name and residence, J. & T. Tribune office. 21f 3t*

YOUNG MEN from the country are wanted, to sell several cheap and popular works issued at Skinner's Boston Publication Rooms. The largest commission will be allowed, or fair wages by the month, if more paid. A large stock of cheap works will be kept constantly on hand. Traveling agents will do well to call. Call immediately at SKINNER'S Publication Room, N. Y. Branch Office, 100 Broadway, room No. 2, up stairs. 27 1m*

TO PRINTERS.—Wanted, a first rate pressman for the improved Adams Press. Inquire at 49 Ann-st. 9f 1f

TO LET.

TO LET—The lower part of house 69 Pike-st. Inquire 194 Fulton-st. 16f 2w

TO LET—The store and house 6 West-st. near the Battery. Apply to C. & L. DENISON & CO. 54 Dey-st. 17f 1w*

TO LET—For the Sabbath and evening, a large room, lighted with gas, suitable for religious or other societies. Inquire at 59 Bond-st. from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. 21f Stood*

TO RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES—TO LET—A convenient church in Fourth-st between Avenues C and D.