Chihuahua.

We have received *El Paso* of the 14th July, a Mexican paper published in Chihuahua. We regret to find that disturbances of a very grave character have taken place at El Paso, between the Americans sojourning or passing through there and the Mexican authorities. It appears that on the 9th July an American named John Hawk, while in a state of intoxication, beat and terribly maimed a Mexican woman. Two Mexican non-commissioned officers, named Alvino Olivares and Lorenzo Ortiz, ran to protect her from further ill-usage, and to restrain the aggressor. Meanwhile, the U. S. Consul, Mr. J. S. Lucas, accompanied by another American, in a similar state of drunkenness, drew near, and commenced an assault on the officers—A fight ensued, which terminated in the three Americans being overpowered, and they were conducted to the guard-house by Olivares. Here the lieutenant commanding, called Lerma, endeavored to effect a reconciliation, when one of them tore his shirt and coat—Although they were set at liberty, all their countrymen, the Americans in the neighborhood, threatened to attack the city, to chastise those who had offended them, and they eagerly profit by the quarrel above-mentioned as a pretext for pillaging the inhabitants. This is the account given by the authorities of Canton Bravo in a letter of complaint which they make to the Government of Chihuahua.

The Mexicans say that there were on the 9th of August more than 500 Americans at El Paso, and they were expecting, in the course of the next days, 1,000 more. They are all represented to be in such a state of destitution that they have no other resource than robbery. Eight days previously they had threatened to attack the city, under the pretence of releasing an American, who was in jail, and of killing a criminal named Ramon Chavez, who had murdered two Americans while they were asleep near Samalayucan. The Mexican authorities say that they and the population are precisely in the same position as the lamb in the well-known fable of the lamb and the wolf. They further declare, that if not soon succored, they will be sacrificed to the terrible *Norte Americanos*. They ask for a few pieces of artillery and 100 muskets, in addition to those to be forwarded to them through Col. Ugarte.

The Governor of Chihuahua, in reply to the authorities at Canton Bravo, instructs them to make a judicial investigation of the complaints against the non-commissioned officers, Olivares and Ortiz, and if they are guilty to punish them according to the laws of Mexico. They are to be protected against the vengeance of the Americans. Four field pieces are placed at their disposition, and 100 muskets more, to aid in arming the National Guard. If the Americans commit any outrage the authorities are directe repel force by force, and are forthwith to send an express to Chihuahua, when a respectable force will be dispatched against the perturbators, to cause the laws to be respected

[N. O. Picayune, 8th.

NEGROES RUNNING AWAY FROM THE BLESSINGS OF SLAVERY.—Eight slaves attempted to cross the Ohio River below Maysville, on the night of the 10th instant, in order to get into Ohio and secure their freedom. There were too many of them for the skiff, which upset, and four were drowned. The other four clung to the bottom and cried for help, which came to them in the shape of a gentleman who had them all put in jail for their masters. Another slave, who was helping them across, was flogged to the extent of the law—39 lashes.

POLICE COURT.—Officer Prince John Davis took into custody on Friday, a person named Alonzo Drummond, who is charged by his clerk with having, on the night of the 28th April, 1848, set fire to his drygoods store, No. 341 Greenwich st for the purpose of recovering the insurance. It appears he arranged with his clerk, one Charles Lalsen, to fire the premises, which was done, but the flames being speedily extinguished, the two destroyed and damaged a large quantity of goods after the fire had subsided. No insurance had yet been paid, though an awardment of $2,000 had been made by referees; but some difficulty occurring between the accused and his clerk, the latter revealed the whole transaction. Justice McGrath committed Drummond to answer....Officer Coons, of the Lower Police, arrived from Albany with two negroes named Anthony Williams and Charles Yates, in custody, who stand charged with the commission of a grand larceny in stealing $60 from the stewardess of an Albany steamboat. They were committed by Justice Ingham.... About a month since a young German girl named Ann Sacs, a servant in the family of Mr. John Hartman of the Seventh Ward, left the house, carrying away with her about $70 in money belonging to Mr H. Nothing was heard of her until Saturday evening, when assistant Capt. Merritt of the Seventh Ward, receiving information that the girl might be found in a German dance-house in Pearl-st dispatched officers Simpson and Lefferts, who succeeded in arresting her. Upon her person was found $21 and a silver watch, and she was possessed of valuable clothing beside. Ann was taken before Justice Osborne, who committed her for trial.... A man named Walter Martin was taken into custody on Saturday for running over a boy, by officer Nowlill of the Sixteenth Ward. He was detained for examination.... Four persons, namely Augustus Perego, William Wilson, William Michael Quinn and Black Lois, were taken into custody on Saturday by officers Frean, M. McCarty and Van Houten of the First Ward, charged with an aggravated assault upon Mrs. Phillips, an Irish emigrant, by throwing her from the deck of the Liverpool packet-ship E Z into another vessel, injuring her so much that her life is despaired of. The unfortunate woman was taken to the Hospital and the accused held to bail by Justice McGrath.... Officer Maloney, of the Second Ward, arrested a person named William Stewart, charged with stealing a quantity of twine, valued at $3. He was locked up to answer.... A man named Robt Campbell, was taken into custody for violent assault upon officer Robt. King, of the Fifth Ward, and detained to answer.... Officer Fullerton, of the Fourth Ward, arrested one Joseph Smith, upon the charge of having stabbed Mr Stephen Conolly with an oyster-knife, in Cherry-st on Saturday night last. The injured man was conveyed to the City Hospital, in a critical state.—Smith was committed to answer.... Bridget English, having stolen $21 from H. M. Luther, was arrested by officer Sharpe, of the Fourth Ward, and committed to answer.

BROOKLYN.

CITY COURT.—*The People* vs. *John Stubenrauh*, indicted for selling without licenses, was placed at the bar, and after a patient investigation of the case, the Jury found him not guilty.... *George Brocine* was also placed on trial for selling liquor without license. The Jury, as in the first case, acquitted him.... *The People* vs. *Robert King*, indicted for an assault and battery on James Downy, in April last, at a boarding house in Willow-st was placed on trial. It appeared from the evidence of the complaining witness, Downy, that on the day of the assault he was committed, the defendant was sitting at the table, eating his dinner, when Downy came in and took his seat at the table also, and said to the defendant that he had insulted his wife the night before, by saying that the *New-York Tribune* and all the readers of it were a damned set of sorcerers and Communists, and from these words the fight commenced. It was shown by another witness, however, that Downy was drunk when he came in, and that he was the aggressor, and not King. There were no witnesses examined for the defense, they resting entirely upon the testimony of the prosecuting witnesses. The Jury, without leaving their seats, acquitted the defendant.—Henry J. Hepner for the people and Judge Garrison for the defendant

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.—This Court opened on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, and the Grand Jury not having brought in any bills, the Court was adjourned until Monday, 17th inst. at 10 o'clock.

COMMERCIAL AND MONEY MATTERS.

For Sales of Stocks, &c. see Fourth Page.

SATURDAY, Sept. 15—P. M.

The Stock market was dull to day; the prices of Fancies had a downward tendency. Governments were in moderate demand.

In Freights there is no change of importance. Some Cotton was engaged to Liverpool at 75 cents, 3,000 bush Wheat, 34; 1,000 bbls Flour, 6d, and heavy freight, 12s 6d @ 15s; 1,000 bbls Rosin, 6d. To Glasgow, 200 bbls Lard, 20s; and 200 boxes Cheese, 22s 6d. To Hamburg, 40 puncheons Rum, 2 cents ⅌ gallon. A Norw. ship to load Lumber at Quebec for London, was taken up at 33s ⅌ load of 50 cubic feet; and a Norw. brig to load at Charleston for North of Europe at 35s for Rice and 9 16 of a cent for Cotton. There is rather more activity in California freights.

Exchanges are quiet but steady. Sterling is selling at ⅌ for good bills, although leading drawers ask ⅌ @ 10 per cent.

There was no new feature in the street to-day worthy of notice.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $81,886 89; paid, $65,932 96; balance, $3,523,239 17.

The amount received for duties during the week was $363,443.

The following table will show the value of the dry goods imported at this port for the week ending yesterday, and the amount deposited at and withdrawn from the U. S. Warehouse:

	Imports.	Warehoused.	Withdrawn.
Manufacturers of wool....	$49,626	$18,501	$87,806
do cotton....	132,497	4,811	22,803
do silk.....	259,103	5,748	31,536
do flax.....	164,307	7,057	8,676
Miscellaneous.....	56,927	2,777	4,297
Total.....	$1,002,464	$38,842	$105,781

The subscription books of the Broadway Bank remain open for the present for the purpose of filling up the stock subscription to $500,000. It is now $300,000, and the Bank is doing an excellent business.

The *Albany Evening Journal* gives the annexed statement of the quantity of Flour, Wheat, Corn and Barley left at tide water during the 2d week in September, in the years 1848 and 1849, as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Barley, bu.
1848.....	86,883	87,217	140,403	8,250
1849.....	79,781	57,819	137,769	6,450
Dec.....	7,052	29,398	2,720	1,800

The aggregate quantity of the same articles left at tidewater from the commencement of navigation to the 14th of September, inclusive, is as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Barley, bu.
1848.....	1,525,049	1,140,539	1,767,113	158,429
1849.....	1,473,310	1,083,648	3,960,353	117,495
Inc.....	148,267	Dec. 57,291	Inc. 2,193,240	Dec. 40,934

By reducing the Wheat to Flour the quantity of the latter left at tide-water this year, compared with the corresponding period of last year, shows an increase of 136,899 bbls of Flour. The following table shows the quantity of some of the principal articles of produce left at tide-water, from the commencement of navigation to the 14th of September, inclusive, during the years 1847, '48 and '49, the Canal in those years having been opened on the 1st day of May:

Canal open:	May 1, '47.	May 1, '48.	May 1, '49.
Flour.....bbls.	2,505,414	1,525,049	1,473,310
Wheat.....bush.	2,680,194	1,140,539	1,083,648
Corn.....	4,832,169	1,767,113	3,960,353
Barley.....	3,434,300	158,429	117,495
Beef.....bbls.	28,655	17,540	17,977
Pork.....	69,993	83,504	67,059
Ashes.....	24,472	35,343	35,143
Butter.....lbs.	6,506,962	6,520,928	4,043,197
Lard.....	4,913,100	7,801,138	7,381,600
Cheese.....	7,650,480	7,800,945	8,663,704
Wool.....	8,290,952	7,062,270	9,290,793
Bacon.....	3,215,200	7,724,992	7,534,880

MARKETS....CAREFULLY REPORTED FOR THE TRIBUNE.

SATURDAY, Sept. 15

ASHES.—The receipts continue small and sales limited, at 6 60 for Pearls, $7 for Pots.

COTTON.—A better feeling in the market, with sales of 2,000 bales, is not for export.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—A be ayy market for the low and extra grades of Flour, and prices are easier. There is more doing in ualo-grades of Flour, and prices are easier. There is some demand for Flour being shipped for account of Western owners. The demand is moderate for the East and City trade. The sales reach 6,000 bbls, at 3 75@4 12½ for fine, 4 62½ for ordinary State, 4 75@4 87½ for common State and old round Michigan, $4 62½ for at art State and new Michigan, 5 25@5 37½ for pure Genesee and Southern Ohio, 4 62½@5 37½ for fancy State and Ohio, 5 50@5 25 for extra State and Ohio. At the close the market was unsettled and prices nominal. In Southern there is but little doing. Sales 300 bbls to the trade, at 5 31 for old. Reinspected, 5 37½ for new Brandywine, 5 50 for old Georgetown, and 5 62½ for new Petersburg City Mills. Rye Flour is firm. Sales 300 bbls, on time, at $4 87½ 00. Corn Meal is inactive at 3 12½@3 25 for jersey

GRAIN.—Our market for Wheat is heavy, with increased receipts. The demand is moderate for milling, with sales of 2,400 bush prime Genesee at 1 00 cash. Corn is quiet, the demand set in using the trade. The sales are 12,000 bush, at 63@65c for Western mixed, 65c for flat yellow and Southern white, and 66½@68c for Northern and Jersey yellow, closing heavy.

PROVISIONS.—Our market for Pork is rather lower, with a fair trade demand, and sales of 1,000 bbls, at 8 62½ for Prime and 10 12 @10 25 for Mess, closing steady, but very dull. Beef is inactive, at 10 50@4 25 for Mess, a 8 50@9 for Prime. Cut Meats are dull at 4@4½c for Shoulders and 6@6½c for Hams. Lard is heavy, with a fair inquiry, and sales at 6@6½c for Western, and 6@6½c for prime. Butter is valuable, at 8@11c for Ohio and 10@18c for State. Cheese is plenty, and arriving more freely, and the tency is downward. Sales at 6@6½c.

WHISKY.—The market is more settled, with sales of 300 bbls Ohio and Pennsylvania at 25½c, and 500 Ohio at 26c. Drudge sales are reported at $40, and English refined, in bond, at 30 cents, at 6½@6½c.

LEAD.—A fair demand for Pig at steady prices. The sales are 100 bbls Spanish, to arrive, at 4 50, 6 mos.

OILS.—There is a fair demand for Linseed, with sales of 2,500 gals Kingan at 70c. Olive oils are lower, and selected White at 65@40 cents.

GOOD FRIER.—The aggregate business for three days, including some before reported, is as follows: The stock of Brown Coffee yesterday was 8,000 bags, and of other descriptions, late perhaps not reported, is comparatively light. The market, with an active demand from the trade, continues to advance, and yesterday prices were quite much higher. The sales include 6,000 bags Rio Grande at 7½@8c; 1,000 Maracaibo, 7½@8½c; 500 Java, 9c; 500 Laguayra, 7½@8c; 4 to 5 mos; 500 Domingo, 7 cash.... There has been less activity in the Havana market, but prices are well maintained. We hear of sales amount to 1,600 bags New Orleans at 8½@8½c; Florida 7½; 1,700 Cuba, 8½@9c; 1,700 Cuba, 8½@9c; 500 Porto Rico, 8@8½c; and prime, 8½@9c; 50 St Croix, 8½@9c; 1,200 Cartagena, 8½@9c; 1,000 Laguayra, 8½@9c; and 2,000 Portland Sugar House, 7½c, 4 mos. The receipts have been very moderate, and we note sales of 1,000 bags Rio, at 7½c, 4 mos; 1,000 Laguayra, 8½c, 4 mos; 1,000 Cuba, 8½c, 4 mos; 1,000 Cartagena, 8½c, 4 mos.

NAVAL STORES.—There have been further sales of 1,500 North Carolina Turpentine, at 2 62½@2 75 ⅌ 280 ℔ for old and new. Tar is quiet. Turpentine is at 3 00@3 12½, 4 mos, in open packs, and 3 12½@3 25 cash, for lots as wanted in market. 300 bbls Pitch, 2 37½, to be put up in 1 00; common Rosin is small lots at 1 12½@1 18 for Wilmington in bond, and 1 20@1 25, delivered; and 300 bbls selected Tar at 2 50@2 62½, delivered, in the shape of the market.

RICE.—The market was rather quiet, with sales of about 500 quarts, for dry. Cod, rate, at 4 62½@4 75; leaving about 1,000 quarts—Salmon about 600 bbls Mackerel were made at about 10 25@10 37½ for No 1, and 6 25@6 37½ for No 2.

HOPS.—Sales of 100 bales from the trade, and we note sales of 100 bales New-Jersey, at 18c, 6 mos, and 500 do Maine, on terms we do not learn.

SEEDS.—There is little or nothing to notice. Sales of 821 Buenos Ayres at 75, shipped at 1 lb; 1,417 Cloverseed, at 5½, 6½, 6 mos; 300 Portugal, at 5c, 2 mos; 300 Portugal, at 5c, 2 mos; 300 Portugal, at 5c, 2