NEW-YORK DAILY TRIBUNE.

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NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

THE NEW-YORK DAILY TRIBUNE IS PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED) At The Tribune Buildings, corner of Spruce and Nassau streets, opposite the City Hall, And delivered to City Subscribers for 12½ cents per week; or, when they prefer, they can pay in advance at the Desk for six months or a year at the same rate. Single copies, Two Cents. Mail Subscribers Five Dollars per annum, in advance. Subscriptions taken for six months. For three months $1 50. Three Dollars in advance required in all cases with Country Newspapers. Daily papers received at the office, whose terms are higher than those of The Tribune, are not allowed any difference.

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Business Notices.—12½ cents per line each insertion.

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Legal Advertisements—At the rates fixed by the laws.

All Advertisements inserted in this paper appear both in the Morning and Evening Editions.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE

Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning.—Terms $5 per annum. Two copies for $8.

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NEW-YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE

A VERY LARGE PAPER FOR THE COUNTRY, is published every Saturday Morning, at the low price of $2 per annum, in advance. Eight copies for $10, or twenty copies to one address for $20, and the paper in no case discontinued beyond the time for which it is paid.

Advertisements for this sheet will be charged 20 cents for the first insertion and 75 cents for each insertion.

GREELEY & McELRATH, Publishers.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

Arrival of the Ohio.

The fine steamer Ohio, under command of Lieut. Hunoch, U. S. N., arrived in New-York Harbor from New Orleans and Havana at an early hour on Saturday afternoon.

She left New-Orleans the afternoon of the 4th at 5 o'clock, and came down the river to meet the Falcon, which was Telegraphed before the O. left New-Orleans and which came up and transferred her passengers and mails to the Ohio, and proceeded up the river. The Ohio did not cross the bar at the Balize until next day at 5 P. M. on account of the low water. The pilot stated afterward that had he known the ease and certainty with which she steered he would have brought her to sea without stopping. A detention of this kind will not be likely to occur again, as the pilot said she would be able to cross the bar at the low tide, drawing even a greater draught than she drew at this time.

She made the run to Havana in 51 hours and from thence home in 5 days, making 7 days and 3 hours from the Balize to this City, running time. She brings 128 passengers, 51 from California, brought by the Falcon from Chagres, 67 from New-Orleans and 10 from Havana. She took 21 from New Orleans to Havana.

She brings a very large letter and newspaper mail from San Francisco and places along the coast. Her papers were anticipated by the Empire City, but *The Tribune's* Correspondence which she brings will be found fresh and interesting. Among our letters are some from BAYARD TAYLOR.

Among the passengers, by the Ohio, is Col. J. H. Tinge, bearer of dispatches from the Postmaster General of California, and Commodore Jones. A number who went out in Col. Stevenson's regiment have returned, nearly all of whom have from three to ten thousand dollars in gold. The largest piece brought was dug by Col. Inge, at the upper Mocelumne diggins. It is of virgin gold, weighing 8 ounces.

The amount of gold actually brought is known to be worth $120,000, which probably does not cover the whole amount. The Ohio brings $60,000 on freight for this city.

The news from Havana is but of little interest. The quarantine restrictions have been removed, vessels are permitted to enter and depart from every port in the United States without difficulty.

A large number of persons visited the Ohio on her return from New-Orleans, all being permitted to go and come as they pleased at Havana. The Tacon Theater opened on the 10th.

The steamship Isabel, Capt. Rollins, left Havana on the morning of the 8th for Charleston.

The Falcon is advertised to leave Havana for Chagres on the 22d, on the arrival of the Ohio from New-York.

The following is a list of the Ohio's passengers:

In U. S. Steamship Ohio, brought by the steamship Falcon from Chagres to New-Orleans—J H W Inge, bearer of dispatches; Mr Davis, R N Holmes, J S Norris, J B Taylor, O Dennison, Mr Wood, A Delsdorfer, Mr Benham, J McCaley, Woodbury Masters, B P Smith, John Harriman, J R Turney, John Hannon, E Pardee, M Hussey, James Stephens, Lieut J Samoudi, Aaron Turner, J C Hardy, J H Glenn, P G O'Callahan, Sam'l Kellum, Jason White, C B Brooks, G B Ironsides, Mr Sage, George Effner, Mr Stoutenburg, John Sherman, John Fulton, Mr Scoullen, A Burke, James Rowen, John C Hanning, F Griebach, Dr Tukesbury, Charles Baker, Charles Imes, J Alston, D Caswell, James Phillips, James McCarty, Wm Ryan, Mr Batchelder, John Ennis, E Hunsley, J W Norris, Dr Brainard—49.

From New-Orleans to New-York—Maj Chapman & lady, Dr Mackie, lady and 2 children and 3 servants; Mrs Fielding, Mr Wilson and lady, Mrs Auchinack, Mrs Maria Antonio Llorente and 2 children, Mrs C Wright, Col. Garland and lady, 3 children and servant; Miss Eubanks, A Ross, M Martin, F Fisher, Bernardo Nares, Johnson Yankee, C Wright, Mitchell Ferry, John S O'Sullivan, James Minsback, A C Woodruff, James Hartett, J E Tucker, Antonio Reyes, Chas Wooley, Manuel Martin, E T Beaver, Mr Price, N R Jennings, N H Robins, Morris Gilbert, H Aines, Israel Snow, John Malone, D C Woodruff, Mrs Farrel, D H Dillingham, Bernard Narras, Antonio Leyar, Edward Beaven, T C Knoll, Felix Starr, J B Thomas, Harry Aing—59. Total, 108.

☞ The *Independent* (religious) has an interesting letter from Lumberland, Sullivan Co. which says of the Hudson and Delaware Canal:

"Nearly half a million tuns coal will be sent down the Canal the present year; next year it is expected that the quantity will be more than doubled. The boats now carry 50 tuns each, but when the Canal is enlarged they will be made to carry each 100 tuns, and about 100 boats can be passed through the locks in a day. About 8,000 men and 1,000 horses are in the employment of this Company, on their canal and railroad, and at the mines. The Sabbath is observed on the whole route. No locks are opened on that day. Three missionaries are constantly employed on the line of the Canal, one of whom is supported by the Company. This has been the policy of the Company from the beginning; and mark how they have been prospered. They now divide from 12 to 16 per cent. per annum on the capital stock, which is worth from 60 to 70 per cent. above par value."

—We fear our clerical friend has written so carelessly that many a hasty reader will consider "12 to 16 per cent. per annum" the natural and proper reward of godliness and Sabbath-keeping, and fancy his righteousness a dead loss when his stocks are not "worth from 60 to 70 per cent. above par." We must be careful of our words.

☞ JOHN WENTWORTH is advising his fellow-citizens of Illinois to improve their breed of minor civil functionaries at the Election about taking place. He says:

"There are too many Justices and Constables in all our counties entirely unfit for their duties. Money in their hands is often harder to be got than when in the hands of the original parties. Many Justices and Constables have actually stolen the money they have collected, and some have been so brazen-faced as not to run off after having done all this. Many, too, are notorious drunkards, and entirely incompetent to discharge their duties; and many are very ignorant. There are also many that are in conspiracy with thieves, counterfeiters, &c. &c. and understand like a book how to libertate a criminal in a legal way."

—Surely there is room for improvement.

Whig Nominations.

VIth Judicial District—(Cayuga, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Steuben, Seneca, Wayne and Yates Cos.)—THOMAS A. JOHNSON of Steuben, for Justice of the Supreme Court.

Oswego Co.—Clerk, DANIEL MCCARTY, Richland; Sheriff, ROBERT ELLIOT, Hastings; Assembly—1, HENRY FITZHUGH, Oswego; 2, JAMES S. CHANDLER, Hannibal.

Monroe Co.—Assembly, EDWARD Y. PARK, Conklin; Clerk, ALBERT D. FREEMAN, Lisle; Justice, EDWARD J. BOYD, Chenango.

Loco-Foco Nominations.

Livingston Co.—Sheriff, Daniel H. Bissell; Clerk, Geo. A. Fuller; Assembly, 1st District, Horatio Jones, 2d District, John Virnam.

Ontario Co.—Sheriff, William C. Dryer; Clerk, John Watson; District Attorney, Jabez W. Metcalfe; Justice, Charles J. Folger; Assembly, Thomas Barclay and Geo. M. Horton.

Cayuga Co.—Clerk, Elmore P. Ross; Judge, James Hunter, Jr.; Associate Justice, Geo. H. Brinkerhoff; Surrogate, Nelson T. Stevens.

Dutchess Co.—Assembly, 1st Dist. Charles Robinson; 2d, John Winchell; Sheriff, Alonzo H. Morey.

Norfolk Co.—Assembly, David Pierson.

Rensselaer Co.—Senator, Thos. B. Carroll; Sheriff, Abraham Whitbeck; Justice, Chas. J. Wilber.

VIIth Judicial Dist.—Theron R. Strong, of Wayne, for Justice of the Supreme Court.

DISASTER AT SAULT ST. MARIE.—The propeller Independence arrived at the Sault from Point Keewenaw on the 10th inst. with 181 tuns of mass Copper from the Cliff mine, 34 tuns from the North American, and 6 tuns from the Copper Falls. On the 23d the Schooner Fur Trader came in from the Ontonagon with 35 tuns from the Minnesota Co.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE,

OHIO ELECTION.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, Oct. 13, 1849.

We have returns from nearly the entire State, and the next Legislature pretty certainly stands:

Senate:

Whig....17 Loco....16 Free Soiler....1

House of Representatives:

Whig....30 Loco....34 Free Soilers....6

Disputed, First District of Hamilton Co. which elects 1 Senator and 2 Representatives.

Later from Santa Fe.

S. Louis, Friday, Oct. 12.

By an arrival from Santa Fé, we have advices to the 11th of September. There is, however, no news of importance. Business was very dull. No recent disturbances had occurred among the Indians, who now seem peaceably disposed.

The crops were abundant in the Valley of the Rio Grande.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

ORGANIZATION OF THE Constitutional Convention.

Correspondence of The Tribune.

MONTEREY, (California) Sept. 1, 1849.

The Convention for the formation of a Constitution for the State of California, assembled this day in the Court-House at 12 o'clock, M. Nearly all of the Delegates were present, and all the Districts were represented. A temporary organization was made by the election of Gen. K. H. DIMMICK, Chairman, and HENRY TIFT, Secretary. Both these gentlemen were formerly residents of the State of New-York.

After this temporary organization, the Convention adjourned until Monday next.

The people of California will free Congress from further quarreling over the subject of Slavery here, and refuse the foul institution, in all its forms, a resting-place in California.

The Constitution will be submitted to the people for their adoption in October next.

The following is a list of Delegates to the Convention elected in accordance with the Proclamation of Gen. RILEY, Governor, &c.:

District of Pueblo de San Jose.—Kimball H. Dimmick, Joseph Aram, Jacob D. Hoppe, Don Antonio M. Pico, Elam Brown.

District of Monterey.—H. Wager Halleck, Thomas O. Larkin, Lewis S. Dent, Pacificus Ord, Chas. T. Botts.

San Francisco District.—Myron Norton, Edward Gilbert, Jos. Hobson, William M. Steuart, Wm. M. Gwin.

Sacramento District.—John H. Sutter, Jacob Snider, L. W. Hastings, J. H. Shannon.

Sonoma District.—Lyman W. Boggs, Don Gasseloupe Vallejo, Robert Semple, Joel P. Walker.

San Luis Obispo District.—Don A. J. Carruvius, Henry Tift.

Santa Barbara.—Don Pablo Noriago.

Ciudad de los Angelos.—Don Manuel Domingas, A. J. Carrers, Abel Stearns, Dr. Foster.

San Diego.—Henry Hill, Miguel de Pedrorena.

Yours, &c. NEW-YORKER.

Philadelphia Election—[Official.]

Canal Commissioner:

	Whig	Native	Loco Foco
Fuller	19,100	Cleaver.....2,513	Gamble.....19282

Gamble's plurality 182; Maj against him 2,331.

Sheriff:

Rothermel	17,621	Parr.....	2,193 Deal.....18,604
Dickerson, (Ind.)			2,609 Deal's plu'y 983

County Treasurer:

S. Wagner	21,265	B. Thomas	19,514

Wagner's (Whig) majority..1,751

County Commissioner:

Dobleman	21,226	Van Osten	19,447

Dobleman's (Whig) majority..1,779.

County Auditor:

Henry Tunison	20,561	W. H. Fagen	19,091

J. A. Bowie....831 Tunison's plurality..1,470.

Register of Wills:

Vineyard	18,446	Bonsall.....	2,838 Bunting...19,735

Bunting's (Loco) plurality..1,289.

Clerk of the Orphan's Court:

Jacob Broom	20,830	Geo. Carpenter	19,956

Broom's (Whig) majority..874.

County Senator—(City excluded:)

James Verree, Jr.	13,282	Thos. S. Fernon	14,645

[It will be seen that Loco-Focoism carried but *two* of the six City and County officers, and these purely through division among the friends of the Administration.]

☞ CONNECTICUT is to hold her Annual Thanksgiving on the 29th of November. Gov. Trumbull in his Proclamation makes the following timely suggestion:

In the observance of the day, let us be careful to evince our thankfulness to the Giver of every good and perfect gift, by a liberal supply of the wants of others; that they may be enabled to partake with us in the benefits of the occasion;—so that it may become to us a day "of feasting and joy, and of sending portions one to another and of gifts to the poor."

☞ F. D. ROBINSON says he has not withdrawn his name as the Loco-Foco candidate for Congress in the IVth District of Massachusetts.

Canadian Annexation Address.

"The tone and temper of the document which recommends so important a change, is, we willingly admit, unexceptionable, and the parties whose names are appended to it are highly respectable. It must, however, be admitted, on a cursory perusal of the names, that in no respect can they be considered entitled to represent more than their own individual opinions—that, to use their own words, they 'belong to all parties, origins and creeds.'"

The above remarks, as to the character of the parties who signed the remarkable address on annexation, dated at Montreal, we copy from *The Pilot*, which is the organ of Lord Elgin's government in that city.

☞ The steamer Cherokee arrived at 12 o'clock, Saturday afternoon, from Savannah. We are indebted to her officers and friends of the Savannah press for late papers.

CALIFORNIA GOLD.—We understand that the Broadway Bank received, on Saturday, from Messrs. S. & S. Halsted, a deposit of $22,000, in California Gold, coined at the Mint at Philadelphia. The grains proved more nearly pure than was at first thought, yielding a very large per cent.

☞ We perceive by the *Pilot* that a meeting is called in the City of Boston to make arrangements for sending a contribution toward the support and comfort of the family of O'Donohue, the Irish patriot, transported for high treason, in company with Meagher, O'Brien, and McManus. O'Donohu was a conducting law clerk of high standing, trust, and ability in the City of Dublin. From his profession he derived a very handsome but not over-sufficient income—having a family to rear and educate. Consequently, on his martyrdom to the sacred cause of Freedom, they lost their main stay and only support, and we cannot but admire the sense of duty displayed by the Irish citizens of the sister city, and commend their example to our own.

☞ We are informed that the National Reformers have questioned the candidates for State Offices of all the parties, with reference to their views on the doctrines of National Reform.

STEPHEN S. FOSTER and his wife Abby Kelly Foster were lecturing on Slavery in Westchester Co. last week. They were allowed to speak in a school house in Pleasantville, the church being refused them. They opened on the horrors of Slavery, gave the next evening to the responsibility of the American Church therefor, and were proceeding to lecture next on its relations to Politics, when they found the house locked and barred against them.

THE LOST BOY.—It will be remembered that several papers commented pretty seriously on the conduct of a Mrs. Goulding of Oswego, who had in her possession the little son of Mr. Burt of Albany. The *Oswego Palladium* says that the charges are entirely groundless against Mrs. G. that she was imposed upon by the person really guilty. Her husband, Mr. Goulding, is one of the most respectable citizens of Oswego—a man whose character is entirely above suspicion.—The affair is about to undergo a legal investigation.—The *Palladium* says: "When the facts shall all be published, we are confident the public and the press will commend him and his lady as kind-hearted and benevolent friends of the fatherless and homeless, rather than assail them with epithets and denunciations, as some at a distance have done."

ESCAPED SLAVES.—Constable Moody and others were watching at the Bridge on Monday and Tuesday night last, for fourteen slaves who had run away. Eleven of them belonged to Wm. Moffatt, and two to George Casey, both of Kent Co. Md. The slaves made good their escape. [Blue Men's Chicken, 19th.

Signs of Progress.

There was a time when the man who uttered an idea which could be called Socialist was greeted with liberal measures of ridicule or abuse by such journals as claimed to be either leaders or followers of respectability. Now such a paper as the *Philadelphia Ledger* uses language like the following in speaking of the strike among the Boston tailors. After all the world gets ahead a little:

Their emancipation [that of the rebellious workmen] is in their own hands, if they will direct their hands with *their own heads*, instead of allowing them to be directed by the heads of others. They must alter the system, which they can do peacefully and effectually, without infringing the rights of anybody. But how without infringing the rights of anybody. But how can they alter it? Merely by doing that in concert which their employers do singly—work for the public. Their employers sell the proceeds of *their* labor at a profit, let them sell it themselves, and put the profit into their own pockets. Let us suppose that a fine dress coats $10 in cloth, $1 in trimmings, and $4 paid to the journeyman in making. The *merchant* tailor, the employer, sells it for $22 or $25, and thus makes a profit of $7 or $9 on one coat. With proportionate profits on all other garments, and a business employing a hundred laborers, male and female, who, at the end of five years, can wonder at *him* for soon making a large fortune, or at his *laborers* for finding themselves where they began? If three hundred laborers had formed themselves into four or five or fewer joint-stock companies, making garments to order, or buying materials and making them for sale, they might not only have pocketed their present wages, but a large profit beside, while underselling their present employers at present prices. If ten journeymen make a hundred coats in a given time for $4 on each, and the employer sells them for $22, his profit is $360. But if these journeymen make these coats in partnership, and sell them for $19, *their* profits will be $400, in addition to their wages; and thus each, when the coats were made and sold, would have $40 more than if he had worked as a journeyman. From this profit they could pay for store rent, clerkship and other necessaries, and still have a surplus, and the public would receive a hundred coats as good at $19 as they would buy of the merchant tailor for $22. *Such* is the operation of the new system. The remedy of laborers is combination, not competition, and combination to work in partnership instead of not to work at all.

Philadelphia Markets and Stocks

Correspondence of The Tribune.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Oct. 12.

The FLOUR market continues inactive, and the sales are confined to small lots for city consumption at $5 12@$5 25 for common and good brands, and $5 31@$5 62½ per bbl for extra. RYE FLOUR is held at $3 12½, but no sales have been reported. CORN MEAL is but little inquired after. A small lot of Pennsylvania sold at $3 12½ per bbl. GRAIN.—There is a fair demand for WHEAT, and the supplies are quite moderate. Sales of good and prime red at $1 07@$1 08, and white at $1 14 per bushel. RYE is scarce. CORN is in good demand, but there is very little doing. Sales of 2,000 bushels yellow at 66 cents. OATS—A cargo of superior southern sold at 31 cents and some Pennsylvania at 35 cts per bush. In COTTON the transactions are limited, but without any material change in prices. WHISKY is in fair demand at 29 cts in bbls; hhds are held at the same price.

SALES OF STOCKS—*First Board*—$1,000 U S Loan 6s, '67, 116; $2,700 do 111; 75 U S Bank, 24; $500 State 6s, 105; 2 Union Canal 10½; 36 Girard Bank, 12½; $3,000 State 5s, 86½; $100 do, 86½; 5 Penn Bk, 109½; 10 Penn RR, 36½; 50 N L Gas, 26½; 150 Reading RR, 16½; $1,000 Norristown RR 6s, 84½; 4 N A Bk, 129½; $2,000 Ky 6ds, 6s, 103.

Second Board—$6,000 State 5s, 86½; $900 City 6s, '76, 103; $900 Sch Nav 6s, 48; $1,750 State 5s, 86½; 30 Man & Mech Bk, 2½.

☞ We learn from the *Binghamton Republican* that a party of gentlemen, officers of and otherwise interested in the Panama Railroad, visited that place on Wednesday of last week. The party, says the *Republican*, consisted of Gen. Scott, T. W. Ludlow, President, John L. Stephens, the distinguished traveler and author, Samuel B. Ruggles, well known for his report on Internal Improvements in the State of New York, Vice President, and W. H. Slidell, Chief Engineer of the Panama Railroad, Señor Rivas, Charge d'Affaires of New Granada, and suite, and several other gentlemen. Señor Rivas and suite were anxious to examine the celebrated works of the New-York and Erie Railroad, with a view to railroad improvements in their own country, and the distinguished party were the invited guests of the New-York and Erie Railroad Company.

METHODISM IN MICHIGAN.—From a pamphlet containing the proceedings of the Michigan Annual Conference, recently held at Adrian, we gather the following facts: Number of churches in the State, 98; do parsonages, 38; do members, 14,605; do on trial, 1,428; do local preachers, 182; amount contributed to Bible cause, $256 09; do. to missionary cause, $1,272; claims of salaries of all preachers during the year, $24,874, of which they received, $19,026; deficiencies, $5,208.

CABET AND THE ICARIANS.—We were favored, yesterday, by a call from Mons. Cabet, the chief of the Icarian Association, recently settled at Nauvoo. Mr. Cabet contradicts the report of disagreement, &c. in the Association. He will be joined, in the Spring, by a large emigration from France, and perhaps Hungary, when the more enlarged industrial enterprises will be undertaken; such as the remodeling of the "Temple" for a workshop, &c. They have now 200 acres of land in cultivation, and every necessary aid to comfort.—The community numbers 260 persons. [St. Louis Revielle, 34.

OLD LINE CONVENTION.—A call appears in the *Sentinel* of the 9th, for a Democratic Convention to be held on the 18th day of Oct. 1849. The call has quite an array of names and is signed by those who are styled Old Line Democrats. In a *poetical* point of view, this call is entirely outdone by the late call of the Free Soil Committee, which like a tempest in a tea-pot, grew "sterner and stronger" from beginning to end, and came out in "poetic fits." [Burlington, Vt. Free Press.

SNOW STORM!—On Sunday last this section of the country was visited by a severe snow storm, very extraordinary for the season. The tops of the highest hills were covered, both east and west of this; here, however, the snow melted as it fell. At Northfield we saw snow on Monday evening; and from some of the high lands we have heard that the ground was covered on Sunday by from three to six inches of snow. [Montpelier Vt. Watchman, 11th.

DOG LAW-SUIT.—The conductor on the Nashua and Lowell road recently seized three dogs belonging to sportsmen in the cars, the latter declining to pay for their transportation. A suit is to grow out of the matter, and one of the parties aggrieved, threatens, says the *Lowell Courier*, to employ Daniel Webster.—Meanwhile, the dogs are boarded out at Lowell, to await the result.

MORE TROOPS FOR FLORIDA.—The *Savannah Georgian* of the 9th notices the arrival of the bark C. Devens, Capt. Bailey, from Newport, R. I. with four companies—B, D, H and L—of the 3d Regiment of U. S. Artillery, embracing a total of 182 men. This command is destined to Pilatka, Florida, Brevt. Lt. Col. E. J. Steptoe, commanding.

RICHMOND KIDNAPPING CASE.—W. C. Parkhurst was committed at Richmond, on Wednesday, for examination before the Hustings Court, to be held on Friday, the 9th of November, on the charge of kidnapping three colored children, and selling them as slaves to Mr Levy of Richmond.

MAINE LUMBER.—The *Belfast Journal* learns that the great rush to procure lumber for California shipment has drained the market at Bangor, and the river is too low to get more down at present, which must raise the price of that great article of Maine trade.

FIRE AT MONROE.—A telegraph dispatch dated at Monroe, Michigan, Oct. 9, at 7 o'clock, says a fire broke out in Noble & Sterling's steam grist mill, which destroyed that and a new dwelling-house, and a small barn. Loss of mill $5,500, on dwelling and barn $1,000. No insurance.

GOLD ON THE POTOMAC.—A small specimen of pure gold has been exhibited to us by a gentleman of this city, which is said to have been found on one of the tributaries of the Potomac, distant from the Capitol about fifteen miles. [National Intelligencer.

LUTHERAN SYNOD.—The Evangelical Lutheran Synod of Maryland will meet at Hagerstown on the 18th inst. The Synodical sermon will be preached by Rev. Dr. Kurtz, President of the Synod.

☞ The schooner Milan, of Oswego, foundered on Wednesday last on Lake Ontario. The crew barely by escaped with their lives. The damage to the cargo was $3,000 or $4,000—covered by insurance.

☞ Mary Purcell, aged 5½ years, was burned to death by her clothes taking fire, in Ann-st. Boston, on Thursday night last.

GENERAL NOTICES.

☞ **Magnetic Machines.**—An improved article! o18 6t For sale by FOWLERS & WELLS, 131 Nassau-st.

☞ **Fowlers & Wells, Phrenologists and Publishers,** Clinton Hall, 131 Nassau-st. near the Post Office.

☞ **Water-Cure.**—JOEL SHEW, M.D. Practitioner, 86 Fourth-av. Railroad, near Tenth-st. o9 1N1*

☞ **Mrs. M. S. Gove Nichols,** Water-Cure Physician, 46 Lexington-av. Consultations from 10 A.M. to 2 P.M. Patients visited at their residences.

☞ **Restoration of Natural Sight.**—Professor BRONSON, M.D. Preserves and Restores the natural sight, cures near sight and does away with glasses entirely.—Office days in New-York, the last three of each week, in Warren-st. No. 3, from Broadway; in Boston the other days, at 12 Winter-st. References in abundance. s24 1mo

☞ **A Fact for Fashionables.**—Those who put their fate in the hands of MEDHURST or HEARD, or any of their journeymen, will come from under their clean brass eye and bright scissors with as handsome a head of hair as the most fastidious taste could desire. 27 Maiden-lane. s26 1m

☞ **Wigs and Toupees.**—Citizens and strangers are informed that the largest and best assortment of Wigs, half Wigs, Toupees, braids of Long Hair, &c. are to be found at the manufactory of MEDHURST & HEARD, 27 Maiden-lane. Also to be had a sure cure for Dandruff. s26 1m

☞ **Wigs and Toupees.**—BATCHELOR'S celebrated Wig Factory is at 4 Wall-st. where at all times can be found the largest assortment in the city. Strangers and citizens should call and judge for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. BATCHELOR'S newly invented Wigs obtained a silver medal at the Fair of the American Institute. Copy the address. my15 MW&Fif

☞ **Water-Cure Institutes.**—Dr. TRALL receives patients at his commodious city establishment, 15 Laight-st. and at Oyster Bay, L. I. General practice attended to. Advice given for home treatment. Consultations, verbal or by letter, $5. s25 1m*

CITY ITEMS.

☞ Extravagance is the order of the day.—Some new-style brocades we saw on Friday, intended to adorn the beauteous forms of our Republican aristocracy during the coming galties, for which the modest proprietor demanded only six dollars a yard. We suppose that from eighteen to twenty yards would be considered a "full pattern" by a fashionable lady—and thus, trimming and making included, a single evening or dinner dress would n't cost much over a hundred and forty dollars. A lace bertha (very fashionable with ladies above forty and under ten stone) is worth twenty dollars; a head-dress ten; a graceful little tuft of ostrich feather, three; a suit of diamonds or other precious stones, anything from one hundred to a thousand; and several other little articles of apparel, very important but which we now forget. Altogether, we suppose, a lady of any "pretension" cannot make her *entrée* into a dining or drawing room respectably under five hundred dollars. This is getting on, really; and we shall have hopes of turning out as silly and expensive aristocracy here, in time, as the very best of them.

☞ Hat-brims are as narrow as a bigot's mind or a politician's conscience. A fashionable tile looks as much like a chimney pot as like any more Christian commodity. When will people learn to wear hats that not only fit them but become them, and leaving wearing all of the same pattern to the hat-blocks?

☞ The Drummond Light is really one of the most brilliant things in Broadway. With one of them on the steeple of Old Trinity, another on the new weather-van and liberty-pole at the corner of Grand-st. and a third at the pinnacle of Grace Church, Broadway would be moonlighted in spite of the almanac.

☞ They started the prettiest *jet d'eau* in the Park Fountain on Friday! All the people were delighted, and the little babies clapped their hands and crowed in triumph as the spray blew in their faces, baptizing them with "the wild west wind, the breath of Autumn's being."

RATHER FAT.—Some of the "full-blooded Italian grayhounds" for sale by the dog-dealers in Wall st. One who is not much versed in dogology stands as good a chance to be shaved on these pups as if he were to invest his surplus in —— stock.

SOUNDS BAD.—To hear a young gentleman coming out of College Green, with his class-books under his arm, say to his chum, who seems to be nothing loth—"Come, Jim, let's go and take a drink!"

PROTECTIVE UNION.—This ready and simple device of the Laboring Class to save itself from the heavy tax imposed upon it by the necessity of purchasing at retail prices its groceries and provisions, has never made great progress in this City, though in Boston it is very prosperous and is rapidly extending itself through New-England. The Laborers of this City, as a body, seem to know little of and care less for any practical movement for the improvement of their own condition. For the benefit of the few, however, we will state that there is a nucleus of the movement in our City at the 'Protective Union Bakery,' corner of Eighth-avenue and Nineteenth-st. with which a grocery and provision store either has been or is soon to be connected. (Address Geo. Adam, Superintendent.)

—We find the following in *The Chronotype*:

THE PROTECTIVE UNIONS.—The Central Division, composed of delegates from each of the Local Divisions, held its quarterly session in this city yesterday. We had the pleasure of being present during a portion of its deliberations, and were struck with the courteous and fraternal spirit that prevailed even during some differences of opinion. The Report of the Board of Trade was most encouraging. We have only room for an item now, but hope to give the whole Report in future.

The amount of purchases through our agent during the quarter ending September 30, is $89,651 22; being the usual increase of about $10,000 on the purchases of the preceding quarter.

The Central Division, among other things, adopted the following Resolutions:

"1. *Resolved*, That we, the members of the New-England Protective Union, hereby recommend all persons, but in particular our working men, to employ the BOSTON TAILORS' ASSOCIATIVE UNION."

"2. *Resolved*, That justice can only be meted out to the laborers, in Societies based upon the principle of co-operation."

SUPREME COURT.—*General Term.*—Decisions.—Charles H. Clayton, and Sarah, his wife *ads.* Robert Tier.—Case to stand for a rehearing upon plaintiff's paying $10 costs of motion, and amending undertaking.

SUPERIOR COURT.—Decisions.—Frederick A. Hallet, appellant, *vs.* Andrew Euste, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

FIRES.—A fire was discovered at 8 o'clock on Thursday evening, issuing from the basement of house 409 Hudson-st. It was extinguished with trifling damage.....Friday evening, between 8 and 9 o'clock, a fire broke out in the upper part of the house 33 Vesey-st. It was got under by Engine Company 14, before the other engines arrived. There was not much damage done, except what was done by the water. The lower part of the house is occupied as the Washington Oyster Market.

KNOCKED DOWN BY AN OX.—At the corner of Tenth-st. and Third-avenue, on Friday, an ox owned John Connors was knocked down by an ox which was running down Tenth-st. The old man was crossing at the time and not able to move quickly enough out of the way. He was cut in the face and head and bruised considerably, but no bone was broken.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.—A man named James Zimmons, a baker of 44 Hammersley-st. was chopping wood a few days since with an adze, which slipped and gave him a serious gash on the shin. He was quacking the wound himself, but was obliged to go to the Hospital, the wound having become very serious and threatening mortification of the leg.

ACCIDENT.—A boy named Smith, residing at 60 Leight-st had his hand frightfully crushed as he was assisting his father in heaving coals from a vessel at the wharf bottom of Beach st. North River. His left hand was caught between the rope and the windlass-block, by means of which the accident occurred.

FALL FROM A SCAFFOLD.—At a new building in East-Twenty third-st. on Friday, two laborers named Thomas Mackey and John Furlong, who were adjusting a plank in the scaffolding, overbalanced themselves and fell to the ground. Mackey cut his head very badly, and Furlong broke his right leg.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A carman named Peter Quart, while driving his cart, loaded with coal, through Eighteenth-st. when near the corner of Tenth-avenue, accidentally fell off his cart, the wheel of which passed over his body, killing him immediately. The Coroner held an inquest on Saturday, and the Jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

BROOKLYN AFFAIRS.

THE WARD MEETINGS.—The meetings held by the Whigs of the different Wards Friday evening were numerously attended. The Delegates to the County Convention, so far as heard from, are as follows:

First Ward—Howard C. Cady, H. Ford and W. Peet.
Second Ward—Elisha B. Morrell, Henry Oakey, and George W. Prince.
Third Ward—Jesse C. Smith, James A. Morris and Stephen Ridder.
Fourth Ward—Nelson G. Carman, Alexander Lewis, and Ezra Bulwin.
Fifth Ward—Ebenezer Smith, John Davis, and Andrew Dezendorf.
Sixth Ward—No elections.
Seventh Ward—Wm. A. Cobb, David Stewart, and Isaac S. P. Bryant.
Eighth Ward—John G. Bergen, John C. Spinola, William L. Patterson. [John B. King, Esq. was appointed a Delegate to the Whig General Committee, vice Davenport, removed from the Ward.]
Ninth Ward—Daniel T. Walden, Wm. Simonson, John M. Phelps.

The County Convention to which these Delegates have been elected meets on Tuesday next.

DISTINGUISHED GUEST.—Hon. Millard Fillmore visited Brooklyn on Friday, making a general tour of the principal public buildings and improvements. He was accompanied by Hon. David H. Bokee, Representative elect from this District, and Charles B. Stuart, Esq. first Engineer of the Dry Dock at the Navy Yard. The distinguished visitor expressed himself highly pleased with the appearance of the City Hall and of the city generally.

COMMON COUNCIL.—A special meeting of this Board was held Friday afternoon, for the purpose of hearing counsel in favor of, and in opposition to, the proposed confirmation of the assessments of sewers in Raymond-st.

Total Amount of Produce per Hudson River Boats.

SATURDAY, Oct. 13.—11,525 bbls Flour, 2,300 bush Wheat, 5,065 do Barley, 18,569 do Corn, 131 bbls Ashes, 146 do Whiskey, 15,700 boxes Cheese, 549 bales Wool.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to ORLANDO FISH, BENJAMIN P. MIDDLETON and LUKE A. WHITE or either of them, or to the firm of FISH, MIDDLETON & COMPANY, late proprietors of the Howard Hotel, in the City of New-York, are directed to make payment to the subscriber, who has become the legal Assignee for said persons and said firm. All persons having any property belonging to said firm or to either of them, in their possession or under their control, are directed to deliver the same to the subscriber. And all persons having any demands against the said firm or either of them, are requested to present their claims to the subscriber at his office, No. 11 Nassau-st. New-York. F. W. WALKER, Assignee. 11 Nassau-st. N. Y. s27 3tc

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

CIRCUIT COURT.—Nos 3, 6, 7, 9, 64, 70, 76, 78, 79, 86, 87, 88, 94, 95, 96, 97, 97p, 98 to 105.

COMMON PLEAS.—Part I—Nos 155, 225, 15, 31, 105, 111, 147, 149, 245, 251, 253. Part II—Nos 36, 62, 82, 86, 96, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 116, 120, 122, 2, 6, 7, 20, 22, 26, 27½, 42, 94.

SUPERIOR COURT.—Nos. 20, 122, 8, 9, 15, 16, 69, 116, 210, 212, 217, 226, 227, 231, 43, 79, 138, 198, 75, 15, 238, 240, 53, 114, 118, 167, 228, 200, 242 to 147, 250, 252, 255 to 260, 198, 67, 17, 100, 102, 120, 177, 169, 2, 258, 198, 207, 104, 105, 41, 223.

Law Courts.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER—Before Judge Edwards, and Ald. Underhill and Jackson.—The trial of Chas. H. Carpenter, as an accessary, before the fact, to the passing of counterfeit money was continued on Saturday. The principal testimony given was that of a Mr. Greenly, who testified that he was introduced to Carpenter at the Westchester House, and that C. offered to sell him some counterfeits, two and three dollar bills on Massachusetts Banks at 25 cents on the dollar.—To be continued this forenoon.

CIRCUIT COURT—Before Judge Jones.—*James Ha