FIRST EVENING EDITION.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 1 O'CLOCK

Sales at the Stock Exchange...JULY 1.

$4,000	U S 6s, '67	116⅛	12	Harlem RR	74⅛
2,000	Erie, 1st mtg	109	50	do	74⅛
5,000	do 2d do	102½	100	Nor & Wor	s60 60½
5,000	Erie, conv	s30 95½	50	do	b90 61
27,000	do	95½	250	do	opg 60½
13,000	do	b60 96	100	do	s30 60½
5,000	Erie Inc Bds	s60 96½	50	Stonington R R	44½
5,000	do	s30 96½	50	do	b10 44½
5,000	do	96½	100	do	44½
5,000	do	96½	150	Canton Co	b60 73
5,000	NY & NH bds	100½	75	do	72
1,000	Hudson 1st Mtg	106½	100	Farmers	69
1,000	do	106½	25	Utica & Schen	129
1,000	do	106	25	Roch & Syracuse	114½
2	Manhattan Bk	129	100	Long Island	18½
250	Morris Canal	16	400	do	18½
400	do	b60 16½	100	Reading RR	57½
250	Erie RR	83½	200	do	57½
50	do	b60 84½	850	do	57½
150	do	c 83½	500	do	b30 57½
250	do	c 83½	100	Portsmouth DDk	74
200	do	b60 84½	400	do	b60 74
150	do	b30 84½	37	Hudson River RR	75
200	do	83½	5	Panama	83
25	do	83½			
10	do	s30 83½			

CITY ITEMS.

FIRE.—Last evening, about 9 o'clock, a fire broke out in the store No. 253 Bleecker-st. near Morton, occupied by Mr. James Smith, tin and iron worker. The fire department of that district were soon on the ground and succeeded in subduing the flames before much damage was done. Loss about $100, no insurance. The fire was occasioned by some fireworks in the window coming in contact with the show-lamps. All the glass in the window and store-door was blown out by the explosion which followed. Fortunately no one was injured.

HURL GATE CHANNEL.—Mons. Maillefort expects to commence operations on Pot Rock on the 7th of July. The operating vessels which will be moored along-side of Pot Rock, will display a flag during the day time, and a light during the night. Timely notice will be given to masters of vessels and steamers.

A MAN STABBED IN READE-ST.—Last evening, about 7 o'clock, a bloody affray took place in Reade-st. near the northeast corner of Broadway, at the French wine and liquor store of J. B. Chabon & Co. where a dispute arose between some rowdies and some gentlemen in consequence of some difference in regard to the payment of drinks or eatables. A desperate fight ensued, and a young man by the name of Thomas was stabbed in the head with a long dirk-knife that was in the hands of a rough looking customer who effected his escape before the police arrived. He was conveyed home by his associates, who soon came to his assistance, but too late to detect the desperado.

From the South.

The steamer Marion, Capt. Berry, arrived this morning in fifty-four hours from Charleston. We are indebted to our Charleston cotemporaries of the *Courier, Mercury, Evening News* and *Sun* for late papers.

The U. S. mail-steamship Florida also arrived this morning, in fifty-eight hours from Savannah. We are under obligations to the *Savannah Republican* and *News* for favors.

The Florida brings the largest passenger list that has ever left the port of Savannah by an ocean steamer. Nearly 200 names are enrolled.

The *Charleston Sun* was merged on the 28th ult. in the *Southern Standard*; the proprietors of the former, Messrs. Sill and Darr, having disposed of their materials and wound up their business. The *Standard* was to be issued on the 1st July.

The Calhoun Manuscripts, it is announced, are nearly ready for the public.

Great preparations were being made in Charleston for the celebration of the Battle of Fort Moultrie, June 28.

The Georgia State Fair is to be held at Macon in October next.

The Savannah papers announce the death of Henry McAlpin, Esq., an old citizen, at the age of 64. He was a native of Scotland, but emigrated to Savannah at the age of 17.

A gentleman in Alabama is said to have invented an important machine for planters. He has had it in successful operation for two months, and claims to be able to plant and cultivate Cotton with about *one-fourth* the usual labor to a man and horse; beside which, the machine performs the work more neatly and better. It lays off the rows, two at a time, the ridges being made in the usual way; opens the drill, drops the seed, and covers the same in two drills at the same operation, doing the work of seven or eight hands and four horses. It then harrows and scrapes both side of two drills, and then chops out at the rate of two drills at a time. It then bars the same, and cultivates, entirely breaking and stirring the ground the width of two rows at a time, superseding nearly all the necessity of scraping and hoeing through the season, &c. The machine is worked with one horse, and only one person is necessary to manage it, and is very simple in its construction.

INTRODUCTION OF RICE INTO CAROLINA.—A lady correspondent of the Charleston *Evening News*, gives the following account of the introduction of rice into Carolina, which must have taken place about the year 1693. She says—Now I will proceed, according to promise, to tell of the fortunate accident which occasioned the introduction of Rice into Carolina,—a grain suitable to the climate and soil of the country. A brigantine from the island of Madagascar, touching at this town on her way to Britain, came to anchor off Sullivan's Island. The Landgrave, Smith, on an invitation from the Captain, paid him a visit, and received from him the present of a bag of seed rice, which he had seen growing in the eastern countries, where it was deemed excellent food and very productive. The Governor most thankfully accepted and divided the small quantity between Stephen Bull, Joseph Woodward, and some other friends, who agreed to make the experiment, and planted each his parcel in a different soil: it answered their highest expectations. Some years after that Mr. Dubois, Treasurer of the East India Company, sent a bag of seed rice to Carolina, which is supposed by some gave rise to the distinction of red and white; others believe it to depend on culture.

OHIO.

Temperance Victory.---Majority for the New Constitution.

CLEVELAND, Friday, June 27, 1851.

To the Editors of the N. Y. Tribune:

I have carefully collated the returns upon the License question, and in sixty-seven counties (42 of them official) find the result to be—

Majority against License	23,849
In favor of License	12,525
Majority against	11,224

In the same counties the majority for the New Constitution is about 15,000.

Neither of these majorities will be lessened, but rather increased by the returns from remaining counties.

Our anti-License victory is clearly the result of the efforts of the Sons of Temperance, who from the first have, with unflinching courage, fought the "good fight."

To them belong the honor of this triumph. No other organization could have sent us 3,404 anti-License majority from Hamilton county (Cincinnati).

BUCKEYE.

The Great Triumph—Spirit Rappings.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Thursday, June 26

To the Editor of The Tribune:

The telegraph has informed you long ago of the results of our late vote on the New Constitution and the License Question; but, inasmuch as you but rarely have a line from this city—the capital of our Western "Empire State"—permit me to ask of your thousands of readers to send up one good hearty shout of exultation for the victory we have achieved over the combined forces of rum makers, rum sellers and rum drinkers. The returns are not all in, but the Constitution is adopted by a majority of 12 or 15,000, and the No-License Clause by perhaps rather less. Individually, I have no peans to sing over the Constitution, for it has several fatal defects, according to the best light I have, but for the victory achieved over the legions of Alcohol, I feel that every true friend of humanity throughout the land ought to send us his blessing. Our temperance men did their duty nobly, by speeches, tracts and personal explanations. The preachers came up to the work manfully, many of them giving notonly their sermons on Sunday, but their whole time to the work. The endorsement of the action of the Legislature last winter is thorough, and we now have a clear field and a fair start, and hope to give the demon a good chase for his life. Will not your readers give us their best wishes for our success?

Our city has been a little stirred up during the past week by the presence of some of the veritable Rochester Mediums. Miss Catharine Fox, her sister, Mrs. Smith, and her mother have been here, and as usual, many who witnessed the "rappings" and communications were convinced that they were not the result of human agency, while many others, unable to see through, or understand what they saw and heard, adopted the valiant and sage argument of a sneer and the cry of "humbug!" "humbug!" After a very careful examination, I confess myself totally unable to believe that the sounds made, or the intelligence conveyed, are either of them the result of human contrivance and trickery. To do so would require greater credulity on my part than any other explanation that has been suggested. Yours, J.

Kentucky Congressional Nominations.

Dist.	Whig.	Opposition.
I..		*Linn Boyd,
		Hiram McElroy
II..	Jefferson Jennings,	
	Ben Edwards Grey,	
III..	Presley Ewing.	Beverly L. Clark.
IV..	Maj. Wm. T. Ward.	*G. A. Caldwell.
V..	Clement S. Hill.	J. W. Stone.
VI..	Addison White.	
VII..	*Humphrey Marshall.	David Merriwether.
VIII..	Leslie Combs.	John C. Breckenridge.
IX..	William Flanegan.	*John C. Mason.
X..	Wm. C. Marshall.	*Richard H. Stanton.

*Late Members.

INDIANA.—A great division yet exists among the Reformers of the VIth District, five or six candidates running in opposition to Gorman the late member.

In the VIIth District, Ezra Read is in the field as a Loco candidate. He is opposed by Mr. McGaughey and another Whig.

In the VIIIth District, William K. Rochester, who has been running as an Independent candidate, has agreed to submit his claims to a District Convection.

In the IVth (Julian's) District, the Hunker Locos, in a District Convention voted down a proposition to nominate a separate candidate for Congress, expecting thereby to obtain Julian's influence on the State and County offices. This was the bargain. Manlove Caldwell, an aged and influential Loco from Fayette, declared in the course of his remarks, that he would not, and a large number of Locos in his County would not submit to the decisions of the Convention, should no nomination be made.

The 'Free Democratic' State Convention resolved to maintain a separate organization.—They reaffirmed the Buffalo Platform, and especially denounced the Fugitive Slave Law. The State Central Committee is composed of the following gentlemen:

MADISON—Stephen C. Stevens, John C. Cravens, John H. Tibbetts and Lyman Hoyt.
LAFAYETTE—Dr. Deming and H. L. Ellsworth.
CENTERVILLE—R. Vaile.
SOUTH BEND—Joseph L. Jernigan and E. B. Crocker.
WILLIAMSPORT—Elisha Hitchens.
EVANSVILLE—A. L. Robinson.
MILAN—S. S. Harding.

U. S. Commissioner's Office....TUESDAY, July 1.

Extradition Case.—There was quite a crowd in front of the U. S. Court Rooms this forenoon, mostly of our Irish citizens, in reference to the arrest of Walsh, and as to whether he will be discharged or not. The Commissioner has not yet rendered a decision, nor will he do so till to-morrow, but we understand there is very little doubt but Walsh will be discharged.

There were some non-commissioned officers and privates of the U. S. Army present, in full dress, as witnesses in a trial expected at the U. S. Court (but which did not take place) of a man indicted for enticing soldiers to desert. It gave to the scene quite an animated appearance, and led to the report outside that they were there to protect the U. S. Marshal's office.

NEW MUSIC.—We have received from Firth, Pond & Co. the "Happy Family Polka," by Francis H. Brown; "Variations of Foster's Ethiopian Melodies," by Otto Dale; "Home, Sweet Home," "Spirit Polka," by H. Kleber, and "Wood Nymph Waltz," by Edward Leroy.

AN HONEST BOY.—A lady, stepping off the cars yesterday morning, lost a purse containing $35. A boy, 10 or 12 years of age, by the name of Richard Shay, picked up the purse. While seeking for the lady he was told to keep it, for she would never give him a cent. The honest boy replied he did not care, he did not want a cent, for the money was not his. He sought out the lady, and restored her the purse. Richard is the eldest son of a widow, a hard working woman, who by her labor supports six children. [Albany Argus.

LARGE BLAST OF ZINC ORE.—The miners engaged in the mines at Sterling Hill, of the New Jersey Exploring and Mining Company, a few days ago, the *Sussex Herald* states, put in a sand blast, by which about 400 tuns of zinc ore of pure quality was thrown down upon the bank. It is believed to be the largest blast of workable ore ever loosened at one time. [Newark Adv.

Passengers Arrived

In steamship Florida, from Savannah—Thomas Quarterman, Miss Quarterman, George Walthour and lady, Miss Walthour, Master Wilm. Geo P Cumming, lady, 2 children and 2 nurses, Mrs E S Jones and 4 children, Miss Newton, Mrs Brailsford, Miss Withmore, J A Anderson, John Dees, Mrs Minis, Miss Minis, Miss B R Johnston, Mrs Winn, Miss Baker, Miss Warner, Miss D Chamberlain, Miss Kate O'Brien, Mrs Nathan Ell, Mrs Reed, Ira Peck, lady and daughter, Ira Peck, Jr, Mrs John R Wilder, child and servant, S S Mellen and lady, Joseph Story Fay, S M Nickerson, J M Reinhart, A Young, J Clunas, J S Montmolin, G W Kimball, Wm Warner, lady, 2 children and servant, S H Van Ness, Thomas Wood, 3 children and servant, Mr Newberrar, Mrs J G Mills, 4 children and servant, H Hicks, lady and 2 children, Geo D Pitkin, Geo Carroll, Jr, H F Willink, Jr, Capt H J Dickerson, L Dewitt, Dr L F Nicoll, C J Shephard, lady and 2 children, Mrs Sarah Clark and 2 children, N P Garmillot, Chas Browarden, G Faust, H Sawyer, Robert Stafford, H Bacon, Mrs Teft, Miss Ker, Hon T F Long, J C Chamberlain, Mrs Prendergrast 2 children and servant, Wm Nagle Habersham, lady, 6 children and servant, Wm Crowder, lady and child, J R Stow, A Scott, L C Macrae, A G Henry and lady, Mrs Myers, Mrs Ryder, C S Sibley, Col S S Sibley, Z Morris, John Rockenbusch, R Lachlisson, James Lachlisson, N K Barnum, P W White, C A Ells, lady and child, B W Avery, H M Robinson, M Finch, J Downer, A Dodge, Mr Metcalf, H Guysen, Mr Hellcromer, Horace Cable, Wm Dodge, John Clarke, and 47 in steerage.

In steamship Marion from Charleston—O H Middleton, J J Pringle and lady, infant and servant, R H Gardner, lady and servant, S A Wainwright, O Dyer, Saml Sibley, Lyman Howard and lady, Mrs Perrine, Miss Fish, S H Douglass, Rev L M Pardy, John Yates, Mrs E M Ward, Miss W Schmidt, E Vadder and lady, G W Flagg, C D Pratt, Mrs W F Smith, Mrs M Leroy, Miss H A Flanagan, Miss M Parker, Mrs Schriner, East Schriner, Miss L Schriner, Miss H Schriner, Mrs Nichols and 4 children, Miss Stephens and servant, J B Blache, R H Johnson, R Guiteras, G Moregor Mrs Solomans, Miss B Keeley, A A Solomans, Dr S W Schmidt, B Domonquer, T Barrua, W Domonquer, W Alvarez, Wm Ashton, J S Store, E B Cuthbert, Geo Cuthbert, Geo Pettibone, Dr L A Long, W S Knott, J Carter, G J S Walker, S H Oppenheim, S Conley, W H Dunn, Mr Treat, lady and 6 children, E Fullings, lady and 3 children, Thos Gordon, Edward Swafields, Miss Abbott, L S Catlin, E Sherman, J E Dumoat, W S Hurd, lady and child, Mrs M Berry, Miss Ewan, H H Williams, and 44 in the steerage.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-YORK....JULY 1.

Cleared this Forenoon.

Ships—London, Hebberd, London, Grinnell & Minturn. Brigs—Excel, Talman, Savannah, Sturgess, Clearman & Co, Juba, (Swed) Liebeck, Petersburg, Franklin & Marsh; Arcona, Arey, Matanzas, R C Reed.
Schooners—Sarah Elizabeth, Smith, New-Haven; C D Ellis, Horton, Wilmington, N L McCready & Co; Exempler, Smith, Windsor, J S Whitney & Co.

Arrived.

U S M steamship Florida, Lyons, 58 hours fm Savannah; to Samuel S Mitchell.
U S M steamship Marion, Berry, 54 hours fm Charleston, with mdse and pass to Spofford, Tileston & Co.
WIND—At sunrise NW and light, at meridian do do.

Spoken, &c.

June 23, lat 30 40, lon 50 20, ship Italy, fm New-York for River St Lawrence.

Whalers.

Cld at New Bedford, 28th—brig Gov Hopkins, of Dartmouth, Taylor, Atlantic Ocean. Sld ship Maria Theresa, Pacific.
Sld 26th Mattapoisett 26th, bark Sun, Atlantic.
A letter from Capt Lambert of bark Saml & Thomas, of Mattapoisett, reports her at St Vincent, May 20, all well, with 250 bbls sp oil. A letter from Capt West of brig America, of do, reports her at the same place, same time, with 223 bbls sp oil.
A letter from bark Louisa, Wyatt, of New Bedford, reports her Feb 1, no lat &c, with one large sp whale.

Domestic Ports.

BRISTOL, June 27—Arr sch H J Leighton, Perry, Calais, sloop Emeline, Arnold, East Greenwich for New-York. Cld brig Henry Marshall, West, Havana. Sld brig Maria, Peterson, Virginia.
FALL RIVER, June 28—Sld schr Thos Sefferson, St John, for New-York; Delphin, Allen, supposed for an Eastern port.
NEW-BEDFORD, June 28—Arr sch Mary Elizabeth, Potter, Philadelphia; Betsey and Deborah Tripp, Gardiner, sloop Georgiana, Bourne, Albany. 29, U S Surveying sch Madison, Lieut Comdg Woodhull from a cruise.
PROVIDENCE, June 28—Arr schs Orson, Endicott, Phila; John Rogers, Paynter, do; United, Hallock, Albany; sloops Fairfield, Allen, do; Willard, Dayton, NYork; Thos B Hawkins, Jones, do. Sld schs A J Horton, Corson, Phil; Cape May, Ross, do. Arr 29th, sch George Washington, Williams, Bangor. Sld sch J W McKee, Wilse, Phila.
SALEM, June 26—Arr schs Fountain, Bucklin, NYork; Frances, Williams, and Pierce, Thomas, Bangor, 28th, brigs Cyrene, (Br) Croscup, Portsu; Exile, (Br) Sharp, Digby. Sld, schs Star, Nickerson, and Copia, Sears, Philadelphia.
PORTLAND, June 28—Arr bark C B Hamilton, Means, Havana; brig Oneco, Hutchinson, Baltimore; scs Ben Taylor, Wright, Norfolk; Sarah, Libby, and Tremont, Lowell, Norfolk; Valhalla, Lord, Philadelphia; Meridian, Hart, New-York; Maria Jane, Sumner, do; Mary Langdon, Holmes, do; Viola, Grindle, Middletown, Conn for Bangor. Cld bark Mary Lowell, Gooding, Havana; brig Emily, Small, New-York; schs Don Nicholas, York, Baltimore; Moro, Sawyer, Boston. Sld bark Mary Lowell.
WARREN, June 27—Sld sch Montezuma, Reed, for an Eastern Port; sloop Henrá Castloff, Carr, New-York.

DR. JENNING'S POEM ON HEALTH.—

For through the small arterial mouths that pierce
In endless millions, the close-woven skin,
The finer fluids in a constant stream
Escape, and viewless melt into the air.
While this eternal, this most copious waste
Of blood, degenerates into vapid brine,
Maintains its wonted course, all the powers
Of health befriend you, all the wheels of life
With ease and pleasure move; but this restrained,
Or more or less, so more or less you feel
The functions labor; from this fatal source
What woes descend is never to be sung.

It is susceptible of demonstration, that changes of temperature in the atmosphere are the most fruitful sources of diseases of the bowels and the lungs. External impressions of the atmosphere are connected, says a celebrated writer, with the most important functions of the animal economy. Where the transitions are violent, as in our climate, in the firmest constitutions, a morbid effect is extended by sympathy to the interior organs. The sympathy between the skin and the stomach has long since been observed and acknowledged by physicians. One of the most familiar and frequent instances, says Dr. Jas. Johnson, illustrative of this consent of action between the skin and the stomach, is where cold or wet is applied to the extremities, exciting pain or indigestion in the stomach, an occurrence which almost every individual has experienced. Now when we consider the influence which the state of the stomach (the primary organ of digestion, sympathizing extensively with the whole nervous system) must have on the health, and when we contemplate the frequency of the above mentioned occurrence in a climate forever varying, we cannot but conclude that this contributes materially to swell the long catalogue of stomach complaints. The bowels as well as the stomach sympathize readily with the skin and the most *common origin of bowel complaints* is checked perspiration. The kidneys and the liver are affected by like influences. No sane man can doubt the truth of the above doctrines; yet sane people are forever neglecting the means of guarding against the operation of this too frequent cause of disease. They wait until they are attacked, and then run to the physician to be drugged to death. Science, like a good friend, is ever on the look-out for the interest of humanity; and the celebrated Dr. BADGER, many years ago, invented a simple contrivance, which he medicated with great skill to act as a shield and effectually guard the bowels from external enemies and internal commotions. His Medicated Aprons, after years and years of trial, have never failed to fulfill all the indications of a preventive as well as a curative. Dr. BADGER'S MEDICATED BREAST PIECES, for the protection of the Lungs, have been singularly successful. The Lungs are of so delicate a texture, and the sympathy between them and the skin are of so intimate a character, that they suffer more, perhaps, than any other organ from vicissitudes of climate. This sympathy explains the enormous waste of life occasioned by ariel vicissitudes operating on the lungs of delicate females. Never, until the present time, has there been offered to the public such simple, beautiful and effective contrivances as the Medicated Apron and Breast Piece; and never has science made a more skilful combination of curative agents than those which constitute the medication of these articles. Office 66 Lispenard-st., near Broadway.
je27 6tMW&Fh

To the Sick and Afflicted.

DR. SWAYNE'S Compound SYRUP of WILD CHERRY.—Since this, the most invaluable discovery of Dr. SWAYNE, thousands have been by it restored to health and the enjoyment of life, who were suffering from the ravages of the most excruciating diseases. From John Milton Earle, Proprietor of the Massachusetts Spy, Worcester, Mass. The following is another link in the great chain of testimony to its merits:

"We have used Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry in our family, and find it one of the most soothing and agreeable medicines for coughs, inflammation of the throat, lungs, &c., that we have ever tried, and have no hesitation in recommending a trial of it to those who have occasion for such medicine. We do this of our own free will, without the knowledge of Dr. Swayne or any of his agents, or any suggestion from them."

Dr. J. H. Ellison, Frankfort, Ky., states:

"I have been engaged in active practice 12 years, am a regular graduate of Transylvania. I now prescribe your preparation of Prunus Virginia or Wild Cherry, in preference to all other remedies. I regard it as an invaluable remedy in the treatment of Pneumonia or Disease of the Lungs." HOME CURE.

Ezekiel Thomas, Cherry-st., three doors west of Schuylkill Second, was afflicted with a violent cough, pains in the side and breast, soreness of the lungs, shortness of breath, loss of appetite, night sweats, &c.; indeed, his whole system seemed prostrated, but by the use of Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry was restored to perfect health.

Look well to the marks of the genuine.

Remember the original and only genuine preparation of Wild Cherry is put up in square bottles, covered with a beautiful wrapper, (steel engraving,) with a portrait of Dr. Swayne thereon; also, his signature. All others are positively fictitious and counterfeit.

Laboratory removed to 4 North Seventh-st., second door above Market, where are prepared all of Dr. Swayne's other Family Medicines, Panacea, Vermifuge, Sugar Coated Sarsaparilla and Tar Pills, &c. &c.

For sale by C. H. RING, corner of Broadway and John sts.; Dr. WARNER, 265 Bleecker-st.; FORMAN & CO., 348 Grand, corner Norfolk; J. S. LEWIS, 577 Greenwich; R. A. SANDS, 188 Bowery; NORRIS, 56 Market, corner Monroe; LYON, 472 Grand-st.; RUSHTON & CO., 110 Broadway; A. B. & D. SANDS, 100 Fulton; C. V. CLICKENER & CO., 81 Barclay; HAVILAND, KEESE & CO., 86 Maiden-lane; Mrs. HAYS, Brooklyn. my21 2mMW&S*

THOSE ELEGANT WHITE RUBBER GOODS.—Never in the progress of the India Rubber art has a mode of manufacturing been discovered by which the fabric could be vulcanized and come out a white color, until Tyer & Helm made their invention, and obtained a patent for their beautiful Zinc Rubber, which now takes precedence of all other rubber fabrics. These goods are of a light drab, so light as to border on white, and can be shaded any color. The fabric is admirably adapted for table, piano and other furniture covers, and ornamental articles, as well and better than rubber made from any other patents. It is free from that unpleasant, sulphurous odor of Goodyear's patent, is not affected by heat or cold, or constant exposure to the weather. All goods made by Goodyear's patent are necessarily dark or black. Lead turns dark when vulcanized in steam, while zinc remains a clear white. Dealers are invited to compare my patent fabrics with any other in the market, and are warned against the infringement of my patent by the Union India Rubber Co., and other concerns forming part of the combination, against whom suits have been commenced for this piracy. HORACE H. DAY,
je20 6tMW&F 23 Cortland-st.

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, &c.---LOCKWOOD & ELLISON are just opening at their stores,

243 (late 229) Greenwich-street,
between Barclay and Robinson sts. and
195 (late 191) Greenwich-street,

one door below Fulton, in connection with a full and general assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, an entire new stock of

CARPETING, MATTING, FLOOR AND TABLE OIL CLOTHS,

adapted for family, hotel and steamboat use. These stocks have been selected with great care and bought at the lowest auction prices, and are offered for sale at the lowest cash prices, wholesale and retail.
☞ 195 and 243 Greenwich-st. je2 1mMW&S

CHURCH ORGAN MANUFACTORY.—GEORGE JARDINE, 548 Pearl-st. near City Hospital, Broadway, New-York.—Plans and estimates given. Orders respectfully solicited, which will be met faithfully executed, and upon liberal terms. ja12 fyMW&F*

A. B. & D. SANDS, 100 Fulton-st., corner of William, are prepared to furnish, (either at retail or wholesale,) in any quantity, Dr. HOOFLAND'S celebrated GERMAN BITTERS, prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia. These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids, possessing great virtues in the rectification of disease of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching power in weakness and affections of the digestive organs; they are withal safe, certain, and pleasant. je7 6wMW&S*

FOR SALE—Four splendid COUNTRY SEATS, No. 1, of 6 acres; No. 2, 10 acres; No. 3, 15 acres; No. 4, 40 acres; No. 5, 50 acres, with good buildings and abundance of fruit and shrubbery, half a mile from Plainfield. Do. 120 acres of good land and buildings. Do. 150 acres. Do. 2 farms of 100 acres each, all within 3 miles of Plainfield Depot. Do., 100 acres good farming land for $20 per acre, with wood and fruit, and common buildings. Call on S. VAIL, every Saturday at 1 Washington-st., up stairs, from 9 to 2 o'clock; other days, Plainfield, New-Jersey. Call and see the crops on the ground.
je16 1mMW&F*

TO HOTEL KEEPERS.—To Lease, at a fair rent, for two years from the 1st of May, 1851, the Basement House and Lot 496 Broadway, corner of Broome-st. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW, 11 Wall-st. je27 3tMW&F (B26)

PIG IRON.—50 tuns of Dover No. 1 Charcoal Pig Iron.
100 tuns of Boonton No. 1 Foundry Pig Iron.
100 tuns of Boonton No. 2 Foundry Pig Iron.
50 tuns Sussex No. 3 White Pig Iron.
150 tuns Oxford Nos. 2 and 3 Pig Iron.
100 tuns Gartsherrie No. 1 Pig Iron.
For sale in lots to suit purchasers, by
DUDLEY B. FULLER & CO.,
je9 1mMW&F* 139 Greenwich-st.

ATLANTIC DOCK MILLS.—Indian Corn, Flour and Indian Corn Farina dried and manufactured by "Stafford's Patent Processes," may be obtained of respectable Grocers generally, in this City and Brooklyn. "Indian Corn Flour" is designed for making Bread Puddings and Cakes, and for mixing with Wheat, Rye or Buckwheat Flour, and will be found on trial a very superior article. It is put up in double-papered packages of 7 lbs. and in boxes of one dozen each.

"Indian Corn Farina," an entirely new and most delicious article for making Puddings, Mush, &c., will prove an admirable substitute for Rice, Samp and Hominony. As an article for the composition of Puddings this Farina has no rival. It is put up in lb. papers in beautiful style, and in boxes of 4 dozen each, at the extremely low price of 6¼ cents per single package.

The above manufactures of Indian Corn are peculiarly adapted to the use of the INVALID, and experience has demonstrated that DYSPEPTICS can partake of this kind of diet with impunity, to the exclusion of almost every other form of food. Its daily use will improve the digestion, correct the bowels, and give tone and energy to the whole frame.

These articles are sold at wholesale by Messrs. Allen & Whittlesey, 21 South-st.; J. M. Hoyt & Sons, 176 Washington-st. and of A. G. Benson, 39 South-st. or at the Mills.

Consumers can obtain of the Grocers a pamphlet of 16 pages, entitled, "Remarks on Indian Corn: its Preservation and Manufacture, with Recipes for Cooking," together with testimonials of the highest respectability.

Orders addressed to E. BRONSON, Agent, Atlantic Dock Mills Company, Nos. 17, 18, 19 and 20 Atlantic Docs, Brooklyn, New-York, will receive prompt attention and dispatch. je6 6mMWF

BUILDING PLOTS at TARRYTOWN, on the Hudson River.—For SALE several very fine PLOTS, varying from two to ten acres each; also, a handsome stone DWELLING HOUSE, with from four to twenty-five acres, handsomely located near the Depot, and in the vicinity of the best improvements now being made in that village. The property is said to close up and divide an estate, and is offered on easy terms. Persons wishing to purchase on the line of the river are requested to notice this property, as it is very desirable. For maps and terms apply to JOHN BUTLER, Jr., Auctioneer, 39 William-st., up stairs, or at his office in Tarrytown. my28 1tWS*

SECOND EVENING EDITION.

FOR STEAMBOATS, RAILROADS, &C.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 3 O'CLOCK

Markets.....Two O'Clock.

ASHES—Market very quiet, at $5½@5 50 for Pot and Pearls.

COTTON—The market is quiet.

FLOUR, &c.—There is less doing in the lower grades of State and Western Flour, and the market is very heavy. The demand for export is light and is confined to the inferior grades. Canadian is heavy at $4 18@4 25. The sales of Domestic are 2,700 bbls. at $4@4 18¾ for Michigan, Indiana and State, and $4 31@4 37½ for pure Genesee. Southern is in limited demand and is steady. Sales of 300 bbls at $4 37½@4 50 for mixed to strait brands. Rye Flour and Corn Meal are inactive.

GRAIN.—Wheat is in moderate demand and the market is firm. Rye is quiet and nominal at 74c. Barley nominal at 75@80c. Oats are less plenty and are in good demand at 42@44c for State; 39@41c. for Ohio, and 40@42c. for Jersey. Corn is plenty and is dull and lower—2,800 bush. sold at 56@59c. for Western mixed, and 59@60c. for Round Yellow, closing nominal.

WHISKY—The market is quiet but steady, with sales of 60 bbls Prison at 24c.

PROVISIONS—There is nothing doing in Pork. The receipts are large and the demand light at $14 50 and $12 87½ for new Prime and Mess. Large sales can be effected at these figures. Cut Meats are plenty and quiet at 7¾@7¾ for Hams and 6¼@6¾ for Shoulders. Lard is steady, but very quiet at 8¼@9c. Butter is steady but dull at 9@13 for Ohio and 10@14c for State. Cheese is salable at 5@7c.

Receipts of Produce

By the North River Boats—Tuesday, July 1.—7,016 bbls Flour, 614 pkgs Pork, 593 do Beef, 424 do Cut Meats, 571 do Cheese, 222 do Meal, 450 do Butter, 665 bbls Whisky, 43 bales Wool, 61 pkgs Ashes, 6,478 bush Wheat, 5,000 do Rye, 51,767 do Corn, 8,000 do Oats.

By Telegraph to the New-York Tribune.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, July 1.

The Grand Lodge of Masons of the District of Columbia, have accepted the invitation of the President, to perform the appropriate ceremonies at the laying of the corner stone for the extension of the Capitol, and the Masonic fraternity of the neighboring states are requested to unite with them. Grand-Master French will wear the same Regalia and use the same Gavel which Washington, in 1793, in the capacity of Grand-Master, used in laying the corner stone of the Capitol.

Over $5,000 was received in June as contributions for the National Monument.

Ex-Secretary Marcy is here attending the Talcott Court Martial.

The Southern Mail.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, July 1.

The Southern Mail did not reach here last night till after 10 o'clock, the locomotive having run off the track near Washington. Nobody was hurt. The papers from the South are barren of news.

MARYLAND.—A proclamation has been issued by Gov. Lowe, declaring the New Constitution of the State adopted by the people, and that it will go into operation on the 4th of July.

MICHIGAN.—The *Detroit Free Press* states, on authority, that Gov. BARRY is not a candidate for renomination.

☞ The *St. Louis Intelligencer* appears in a new dress, and its weekly issue is to be enlarged to the size of the daily.

West Indies.

By the *Merlin*, we have received later intelligence from the West Indies. We copy the following account of an earthquake in Guadaloupe:

This day, 16th of May, 1851, Point-a-Pitre has had to undergo another severe trial. At sixteen minutes after 9 in the morning a violent shock of earthquake was felt, its oscillations being from S. E. to N. W. It was preceded by a rumbling noise like that of thunder. Its duration was of about one second. It were impossible to describe the impression made on the population by this shock, recalling, as it did, that of the 8th of February, 1843. Fortunately, at Point-a-Pitre, we have no serious damage to deplore from it; our wooden buildings having withstood the shock, not one having fallen. At 2 o'clock in the morning, there was a slight shock; and at 55 min. past 9 another was felt, and then at 55 min. past 10, a fourth shock, accompanied with a noise strong enough to create deep anxiety. In a moment the whole town was on the alert, and after the principal shock, at forty-five minutes past nine, the cry of fire was heard, the shops were immediately closed, and the people thronged in the direction of the alarm. Fortunately there was nothing of consequence. A cooper, overturned by the shock, had communicated fire to some pieces of wood in a house in the Rue d'Arbaud, near the Tabanon wharf, but it was discovered in time and extinguished. We repeat, then, that for this time, Pointe-a-Pitre has escaped free. Heaven grant that we may not have to record some heavy disaster as having befallen either our wretched plantations, now in the hight of crop, or our sister colony of Martinique, or some of our neighbors, the British, Danish and Spanish colonies.

P. S.—Since the forgoing was written (1 P.M.) some fresh shocks, of considerable violence, have succeeded—one at 50 minutes past 1, another at 38 minutes past 2.

We learn that several estates at Petit-Bourg, Goyave, Ste. Marie, and Capsterre, have incurred a good deal of damage. It is added, that the new bridge at Capsterre has suffered much injury, and a house at the Abymes has been thrown down.

The following additional particulars are extracted from a private letter:

POINT-A-PITRE, May 20, 1851.

The earth continued to quake, though with less violence, up to 7½ o'clock, A.M. of the 17th inst. It is unnecessary for me to paint the consternation into which they were plunged—you may more easily imagine it. Some families had to take refuge on board of the ships, where they passed the day and night until the oscillations became less violent and more distant from one another. We thank Providence that our town has been spared. There have been, however, some walls cracked, particularly those of the jail.

SURINAM.—By the Curacoanaar we have received Surinam papers to the 23d inst. They contain some important Government regulations for carrying into effect the royal order of the 6th of February last, respecting the slaves. These regulations, which form an entire new slave code, are too lengthy for us to go through the whole of them at present. We may safely say, however, that they appear to be one great step more made by the government of the Netherlands toward final emancipation, and however they may be received by the planters, that they evince much solicitude for the improvement of the slaves. In defining the amount of labor to be rendered by the slaves on plantations, the principle adhered to in these regulations is not to state the number of hours daily during which the slave shall have been found to work, but the amount of work which he shall give his master daily. In this respect the Dutch Government seem to have taken a leaf out of our book. The principle, there, upon which Slavery in Surinam may now be considered to rest, is that of compulsory task-work. [Dem. Royal Gaz., May 27.

FROM NEW GRENADA.—The *Merlin* brings news from Bogota to the 20th of May. Congress was in extra session on the subject of the difficulties with Equador—the Governor advising a declaration of war, and levying a force of 10,000 men. The Equadorians were also making preparations for a contest, and it was expected that they would be assisted by Peru. Gen Flores, it was thought, would command the auxiliary force from Peru.

HEARTRENDING ACCIDENT.—On the 11th instant, as a number of men were engaged at haymaking upon the farm of Mr. Daniel Schneider, near Rehrersburg, the youngest daughter of Mr. Schneider sprang forward unobserved, from behind, and was pierced to the heart by her brother's scythe. She lived only fifteen minutes after the sad occurrence. The grief of her parents, and brother in particular, by whose hand she was thus suddenly deprived of life, was deep and heartrending. The child was in the fourth year of her age. [Reading (Pa.) Gaz.

LAKE SUPERIOR IRON.—The *Ann Arbor* (Mich.