BUSINESS NOTICES.

YOU MUST JUDGE BY APPEARANCES.—The old saying of "never judge by appearances" used to be implicitly relied upon. Since UNION HALL, at the corner of Nassau and Fulton-sts, has been established as a grand depôt of Gentlemen's Clothing, however, nobody gives the aforesaid saying any credence. All persons who go there and travel over six large apartments (each one occupying an entire story) filled with the finest and most beautiful garments ever manufactured, will at once arrive at the conclusion that "appearances are everything."

☞ Seven years ago, two young mechanics, Journeymen Hatters, with very little money and very few friends, resolved to start business for themselves. They commenced, first a manufactory for the trade, not having money enough to furnish and stock a store. They met with all the obstacles which labor alone, when opposed by capital must encounter, but after two or three years they were enabled to purchase the stock and good-will of the store on the corner of Chatham and Pearl-sts., and from that moment they have been in the full tide of prosperity. As soon as their Hats came before the public, under their own name, they gave universal satisfaction. They have always made it a to point employ the very best men in the trade, and hence their success; the little one has literally become a thousand, so much so that they have been obliged to fit up another store at No. 57 Chatham-st., opposite Chambers, which, in point of elegance, is not surpassed by any in the city. They open to-day with an entire new stock of everything in their line. Rocky Mountain Drab Beaver, Moleskin and Drab Silk Hats, together with Panama, Leghorn and all kinds of Straw Goods for Men's wear, with an extensive assortment of Childrens' Summer Hats and Caps of every variety. Call and see their new store, at No. 57 Chatham-st., opposite Chambers. RAFFERTY & LEASK.

KNOX'S SEASONS.—These popular productions, divided into the Spring, Summer, Fall and Winter styles of Gentlemen's Hats are quite as popular and decidedly more useful than "Thompson's Season." As poetical in their conception as the latter work, it is a remarkable fact that they are selling at his famous and much-visited establishment, No. 128 Fulton-st., at only four dollars each. Call and make a purchase.

☞ Beaver, Felt, Panama, and Straw Hats—Summer Styles.—Also, Ladies' Straw Riding Hat, and Fancy Straw Hats, for either Boys or little Girls. The largest stock of Summer Hats to be found in any store in this city. Call on BANTA, the Hatter, No. 106 Canal-st. You can get suited at his establishment.

GRAY, DRAB AND CREAM COLOR BEAVER HATS.—BIRD, corner Pine and Nassau sts., will introduce the Summer style of Gentlemen's Hats, on Tuesday, May 25th. In addition to the varieties above mentioned, we have prepared several styles of soft fur Hats, of various shades of fur, securing to the wearer the perfection of comfort and convenience; together with an ample stock of newest styles of Panama and Straw Goods. BIRD, corner Pine and Nassau-sts.

☞ Ladies going in the country, should procure a pair of India Rubber Gloves. They keep the hands soft and white in gardening, or any other exposure. For sale by the BERRIENS, No. 601 Broadway, HITCHCOCK & LEADBEATER, No. 347 Broadway, and by all Rubber dealers in the Union.

☞ Knotted Straw Bonnets, a new and rich style; Blonde Lace do, the richest patterns in market; black Straws, both open and close; Misses' Leghorn, open-work and thick straw Bloomers; Boys' Leghorns and other styles Boys' Hats; besides an endless variety of other styles, comprising the best assortment and shapes to be found in the city, at moderate prices, at No. 6 John-st, first store from Broadway. JOHN F. SEAMAN.

UNDERGARMENTS ADAPTED TO THE SEASON—From their cheapness and durability expressly adapted to the pockets of the economical, and from their lightness, elasticity and softness, well adapted to the wants of those who wish their bodies protected and comforted, and their spirits exhilerated in warm weather, may be obtained of A. RANKIN & Co., Importers and Manufacturers of Hosiery and Undergarments, No. 194 Bowery.

SUMMER UNDER-GARMENTS.—RAY & ADAMS, No. 591 Broadway, import a style of Zephyr Under-Vests for Ladies, Gentlemen, and Children, to which they invite the special attention of the public. If perfect adaptation to the summer season, and very reasonable prices are good recommendations, these superior vests will assuredly win universal favor and acceptance. RAY & ADAMS, Importers and Manufacturers of Under-Garments and Hosiery, No. 591 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Garden.

☞ Ladies wonder how it is that G. M. BODINE sells Dry Goods so much cheaper than other stores, particularly his Crape Shawls and Silks, for he is certainly selling plain and embroidered Crape Shawls at $6, $8, $10 and $12; rich and elegant Spring Silks for only 5/0, 6/0, 7/0 and 8/0 per yard; Summer Silks very low; Bareges and Barege Delaines, the richest and most unique designs and colors; Challies, Printed Muslins, and Summer Poplins and Parasols, Drapery Muslins, all at corresponding low prices. Every description of Domestic Goods, at manufacturers' prices, at No. 323 Grand-st., corner of Orchard.

☞ New Mantillas, Shawls, Silks, Grenadines and Dress Goods, one of the best stocks in market, comprising every variety of style and quality. Houston Valenciennes and Point Laces; Richardson's and other styles of Linens; Table Cloths, Napkins, Barnsley Sheeting, and the usual full supply of Domestic Goods, all at low prices, for sale by TIFFANY & CUTTING, No. 321 Broadway.

SUMMER ZEPHYRS.—In this fluctuating climate of ours there is no such light and secure coat of mail against colds, influenza and the like, as the Zephyr Undershirts of RAY & ADAMS, No. 591 Broadway. While they are so light and soft in texture as scarcely to be felt, they are an effectual preventive of the evils resulting from a sudden check of perspiration. It is a mistake to suppose that one can safely dispense with such a protection.

IMPORTANT TO GENTLEMEN.—Gentlemen who prize an elegant fit as one of the requisites of their under clothing, may insure it at GREEN'S, No. 1 Astor House. The Shirts, &c., made at that establishment, are warranted to fit with an unwrinkled smoothness, and to be ready for delivery on the day, and at the hour, at which they are promised.

☞ The gentle breezes wafted from the spicy grove are not more refreshing to the weary traveler panting under a tropical sun, than are those Zephyr Undergarments sold by MCLAUGHLIN, corner of Chambers and Greenwich-st. His assortment of Silk, Cotton and Merino Shirts and Drawers are very extensive, and sold at the lowest rates.

☞ ANDREWS & LANPHIER, Merchant Tailors, have removed from No. 263 to No. 627 Broadway, (Brewster's Marble Buildings, between Houston and Bleecker-sts.) where they are prepared to furnish articles in their line at the shortest notice, and the most fashionable materials.

☞ WILLIAM H. ROBERTS, Merchant Tailor, informs his friends and customers that owing to a large increase of business, he has removed from No. 200 Wooster st, to the spacious store, No. 791 Broadway, west-side, one door above 4th st, where he respectfully invites a call from all, and in addition to his regular business intends to keep Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods of every description.

THE PIONEERS OF THE FASHIONABLE READY-MADE CLOTHING BUSINESS.—The position taken by the firm of W. T. JENNINGS & Co., twenty seven years ago, as the leading house in the fashionable ready-made clothing business they have ever since maintained, enlarging their connection every year, and increasing their unrivalled facilities for obtaining the most elegant fabrics from abroad. They employ none but cutters of the very first class, and their assortment of summer goods, recently imported, includes the most beautiful plain and fancy Cassimeres, Zephyr Cloths, Drills, Marseilles and other Vestings, together with a variety of entirely new styles of goods for summer Coats, Sacks, Pantaloons, Vests, &c. These elegant fabrics, cut after the latest Paris modes, in gentlemen's costume, from the materials of the ready-made summer stock, at this popular establishment, while those who prefer having their clothes made to measure, will find the fit, style and finish of the suits made by JENNINGS & Co., the *ne plus ultra* of elegance. W. T. JENNINGS & Co., No. 251 Broadway, AMERICAN Hotel.

MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER CLOTHING.—The best stock to be found in this city, at a saving of full 20 per cent. Every person in want of clothing will find this no humbug catch, as we are closing out our stock of summer goods. BOUGHTON & KNAPP, No. 33 Maiden-lane.

FINE SHOES AND GAITERS.—WATKINS, No. 114 Fulton-st., invites attention to his splendid assortment of Summer Shoes and Gaiters, all made by himself, in the newest Parisian styles. Having the largest Customer Boot store in the city, he is enabled to keep a very extensive stock, from which every variety of taste can be suited.

CANTREL'S LADIES' SHOE STORE.—There is no establishment in the city where Ladies can procure Gaiters, Slippers, Ties, &c, to greater advantage than at CANTRELL'S, No. 336 Bowery. Assisted by the well-known firm of Laboyteaux & Son, he produces these articles faultless in appearance, durability and cheapness. In connection with this branch of his business, he pays particular attention to the manufacture of Children's Boots, Shoes, &c., and his assortment is worthy the attention of parents.

NEW UPTOWN FANCY GOODS STORE—No. 547 Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts. The stock embraces an elegant variety of articles suitable for wedding and Holiday presents, Stationery, Perfumes, Fans, Papier-mache, Porcelain and Glass Ware. Particular attention paid to stamping Crests, Coats of Arms, Initials, &c., on paper and envelopes free of charge to purchasers. A beautiful assortment of Writing Desks, Portfolios, Opera Glasses, Canes, Umbrellas, Riding Whips, Work Boxes, Dressing Cases, Statuettes, &c. A particularly fine assortment of Shell Combs, and, in short, of every article in the Fancy Business, both useful and ornamental. The subscribers rely upon moderate prices, tastefully selected goods, and courteous attention to visitors, for obtaining a share of public patronage. NEAL, CARROLL & HUTCHINSON.

LOVELIER THAN EVER—No. 16—THE COMIC PICK.—This comic Illustrated Weekly is more spirited than ever. It contains more original illustrations and caricatures than any previous number. All are original. General SCOTT, FILLMORE, SEWARD, and VAN BUREN, are to the life. LOLA MONTEZ in Bavaria, and a great variety of amusing reading matter, all for sale at the price of two cents. The Pick is issued this morning, and will be for sale at the Office, No. 26 Ann-st., and by all the agents and newsboys.

NEW-YORK BOOK BINDERY, No. 114 FULTON-ST.—E. WALKER & SONS respectfully inform the book trade and their friends, that they have resumed business in their new building, No. 114 Fulton-st., where they are prepared to bind all descriptions of neat and elegant Job and Library Bindings, especially large works of Engravings, Maps, &c., to which they give special attention. Editions of works bound in Plain, Fancy and Pictorial Bindings with neatness and dispatch. E. W. & Sons solicit a call from their friends to examine their new and commodious establishment.

☞ BRADY'S PRIZE PICTURES at the World's Fair, together with his extensive Gallery of Portraits of distinguished persons, universally admitted to be the best collection extant, are daily on exhibition at his National Gallery, No. 205 Broadway.

T. GILBERT & Co's IMPROVED ÆOLIAN PIANOS.—New-York Ware Rooms, No. 333 Broadway, corner of Anthony-st., and opposite the Broadway Theater, where the largest assortment of Pianos, with or without the Improved Æolian, may be found, and will be sold at great bargains. These instruments are now coming into general use. The improvement T. Gilbert & Co. have made upon Coleman's original Æolian is very great. HORACE WATERS, Sole Agent.

☞ FOWLERS & WELLS, Phrenologists and Publishers, Clinton Hall, No. 131 Nassau-st., New-York, and No. 142 Washington-st., Boston.

☞ The Mount Vernon Building Association will meet on Wednesday, June 2, at 8 o'clock P. M., at the corner of Christopher and Hudson-sts GEO. W. COOPER, Sec'y. B. H. BALDWIN, Pres't.

EMPIRE BUILDING ASSOCIATION.—The next monthly Meeting will be held at the Hall, corner of Broome and Crosby-streets, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 2, at 8 o'clock. Members will pay their dues at the office, No. 173 Spring-st., on or before Tuesday, the 1st. Office open from 2 to 9 P. M. J. R. TAYLOR, President. J. W. ALLEN, Vice-President. J. W. FELL, Secretary.

CANAL-ST. CARPET STORE.—Now is the time; if you want to make a saving of 15 per cent., call at No. 70 Canal-st., E. A. PETERSON & Co., and there you will find good Ingrain Carpets at 4/ per yard; Three-ply 7/ per yard; Tapestry Brussels, $1 to 10/ per yard. Also a large and splendid assortment of Tapestry Velvets.

RICH CARPETINGS.——PETERSON & HUMPHREY, No. 379 Broadway, corner of White-st., have just received, direct from the European manufactories, per late arrivals from Europe, a large and elegant assortment of rich Mossic Velvet and Tapestry Carpeting, surpassing anything ever before in this country; patterns entirely new, exclusively our own, and for sale full 10 per cent. less than other stores selling similar goods.

CRYSTAL PALACE AGAIN.—Patent Three-ply, Ingrain and Patent Tapestry Three-ply Carpeting, same as were exhibited at the World's Fair, at No. 99 Bowery, HIRAM ANDERSON'S. Also Pardoe's, and Crosley & Son's English Exhibition Tapestries and Brussels Carpeting, of magnificent new styles. They will be sold remarkably low.

GLORIOUS!—English Imperial Three-ply Carpeting of gorgeous and glittering colors, magnificent, unique, mosaic, and scroll figures, never before exhibited, at No. 99 Bowery, HIRAM ANDERSON'S. Also American three-ply Carpets, at 6/6, 7/ and 8/ per yard, of elegant new spring styles.

EXCELSIOR!—Only 4s. per yard for beautiful Ingrain Carpets, of large scroll and small figures, at HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery. Elegant new patterns of English Ingrain Carpeting at 5/, 5/6, 6/, 6/6 and 7/ per yard; also, Common Ingrain and Stair Carpets at 1/6, 2/, 3/, 3/6 and 4/ per yard. Look at them.

☞ English Floor Oil Cloths, 24 feet wide, elegant new Marble, Scroll and Mosaic figures, of Satin finish, at No. 99 Bowery, HIRAM ANDERSON'S. Also, 1,000 pieces of beautiful Floor Oil Cloths, in widths, at 2/6, 3/, 3/6 and 4/ per yard, and upward, the most extraordinary bargains ever offered in this city.

☞ Housekeepers and others in want of Bedding, Bedsteads, &c., would do well to call at WILLARD'S old established Warerooms, No, 150 Chatham-st., corner of Mulberry-st., where may be found the largest assortment of articles in his line ever offered to the public.

☞ 31,000 Yeast Powders have been sold by the subscriber since the 17th April last. They are put up in tin cans of nine ounces, and sold at 9c. a can, with a discount off to the trade. Each can contains full directions for making the lightest, sweetest, and most healthy family Bread, Corn Bread, Tea Biscuits, Cup Cake, Pancakes, &c., which can be fully relied upon. Also, the "Excelsior" Double-Refined Saleratus, and Soda Saleratus, in any package or quantity. Patent Soap Powder, Imported Sal. Soda, Sup. Carb. Soda, and pure Cream Tartar, from the best selected crystals, all warranted of superior quality, free of any adulteration whatever. For sale by the manufacturer and importer, THOMAS ANDREWS, No. 136 Cedar-st.

☞ Where now are the doubts as to the operation of CRISTADORO'S Liquid Hair Dye? No one now denies that it is, in its chemical composition, a fac simile of the real coloring fluid which rises from the scalp through the capillary tubes of the hair. Applied and sold, wholesale and retail, at CRISTADORO'S Wig and Scalp Establishment, No. 6 Astor House. Private rooms for applying the Dye and fitting Wigs.

WIG AND HAIR DYE.—BATCHELOR'S Manufactory, No. 4 Wall-st., is the best place in the city for procuring these articles; his original Liquid Hair Dye holds the highest place in public estimation, and for the last fourteen years has given the greatest satisfaction to thousands who have used it in all parts of the world. As a Wig and Toupee maker he has no equal. Copy his address, and beware of imitations.

☞ GOURAUD'S Liquid Hair Dye is, without exception or reservation, the very best ever invented; equally celebrated is GOURAUD'S Medicated Soap, for curing pimples, freckles, salt rheum, flesh-worms, tetter, sallowness, chaps, roughness, &c. Poudre Subtile uproots hair from any part of the body. Liquid Rouge, Lily White, and Hair Gloss, at 67 Walker-st., near Broadway.

WHAT'S NOBODY'S BUSINESS IS EVERYBODY'S BUSINESS.—If your hair is gray, you can restore its former color by using DAVIS'S Rahvene, which acts upon the scalp, stimulates the roots of the hair, and reëxcites to action the minute glands which supply the coloring material. It is the greatest discovery of the age. Price 50 cts. per bottle. For sale at the general depôt, No. 506 Grand-st., and at Nos. 192 Broadway, 279 Washington-st., 362 Hudson st., 127 Bowery, and 111 Houston-st.

TEN THOUSAND CURES AND NOT A SINGLE FAILURE.—Dr. HASTINGS'S Compound Syrup of Naphtha, celebrated throughout both continents for its wonderful cures of consumption, asthma, decline, spitting of blood, night-sweats, difficult breathing, coughs, colds, and all diseases of the chest and lungs.

Its effect upon the system is mild and soothing, at the same time certain and efficacious; rarely failing to give relief on the first application, and by repeating it a few times a permanent cure is effected.

The proprietor, therefore, not only recommends his Naphtha Syrup, but warrants it to cure! He warrants it to act upon the chyle and purify it; he warrants it to remove all impediments which retard the free circulation of the blood; he warrants it to open the internal and external pores of the body, and eject all the obnoxious particles which have collected in the system; he warrants it as a never-failing remedy in CURING DISEASED LUNGS, hectic fever, night-sweats, dyspepsia, liver complaint, pain in the chest and asthma; and he warrants it to arrest the formation of tubercles in the lungs, and to heal those already formed, so that persons in consumption may take it with the most positive confidence of a cure; for its great seat of action is the lungs, which it penetrates in all directions, purifying them of everything obnoxious in its progress, and which, if applied according to directions, it cannot fail to leave in a perfectly healthy condition.

Dr. HASTINGS'S Compound Syrup of Naphtha is highly recommended by the medical profession. That eminent physician, Dr. Mott, of New-York, says, that "as a pulmonic remedy it cannot be too highly praised." Dr. Arnold of the Marine Hospital, Savannah; Dr. Ware of Liverpool, England; Dr. Williamson of Manchester, England; Dr. Boyd of Lancaster; Dr. Hamilton of Bath; and those eminent English publications, *The London Lancet*, *The Medical Journal* and *Braithwaite's Retrospect*, all accord to it the most convincing certificates of its virtues. In this country it has been used with distinguished success.

Sold by C. V. CLICKENER & Co., No. 81 Barclay-st., General Agent for New-York and vicinity.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER TO THE EDITOR OF THE JERSEYMAN FROM HIS SON.—"San Juan del Sur, April 18, 1852. I found the India rubber overcoat bought of Day of greatest service; but, above all, I regret I did not bring more of LYON'S Extract of Ginger, as it is the very thing required while crossing from the Atlantic to the Pacific, where the water is none of the best. Many partook of mine, (although rather sparingly,) and all pronounced it superior to anything they had seen prepared for a beverage. I advise every person to purchase a dozen bottles at least before he starts for California. J. A. H."

☞ Lo! they muster;
How they cluster,
In the walls, the sacking.
Shall they encroach—
Flea, bedbug, roach?
No, send them all a packing.
A flash from LYON
(Go and buy one)
Kills them in a moment.
Don't stand aloof,
A single proof
Is worth a yard of comment.

LYON'S Magnetic Powder and Pills, for the destruction of insects and vermin, have been reduced to 25 cents the flask or box. Wholesale price in proportion.

WESTERN FARM AND VILLAGE ASSOCIATION.—Those papers that have copied reports of the breaking up of the Farm and Village Association, Rolling Stone Creek, Wabeshaw Prairie, Minnesota, are requested to say that, though a few sunny-day soldiers have left the ground, the great body of these hardy and determined emigrants are prepared to work out the experiment upon which they have entered. They have chosen a location that has many advantages, other than those found in a healthful climate and a fertile soil, and they are now going ahead with energy that is not dampened by the timidity of those who have left. Though until within a short time past the season has been peculiarly unpropitious, and though, during the recent wet weather, the whole party have been under the necessity of living in tents, or in such temporary structures of boards as could be thrown together in a day, rain, wind and a backward spring have not had the effect to discourage them, even for an hour. They have now procured rafts of lumber from above, and their workshops and farm houses will soon dot the prairie for miles around. In a twelve-month the colonists will have the means to feed themselves, and, perhaps, be able to export a surplus; and those who, a twelve-month since, were houseless, homeless, landless, will be in the way to competence, if not independence.

We would suggest to them the propriety of petitioning Congress for a gift of the land upon which they have settled. The nation has given away the public domain to everything and everybody except to the actual settler, whose claims have heretofore been overlooked. Here is an opportunity to bestow such a gratuity worthily, and we would gladly see the precedent established. Who in Galena will not sign a petition to this effect? [Galena (Ill.) Jeffersonian.

☞ A man by the name of Beardslee, while walking upon the railroad track below Stratford, on Saturday evening, was run over by the Bridgeport special train and instantly killed. He was picked up and carried to Stratford, where we understand he belonged. No blame can be attached to any person connected with the train, as timely warning was given the man, and every effort made to stop the headway of the cars in time to prevent the accident.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 1.

☞ *The Tribune* is served in this City, Brooklyn, Williamsburgh and Jersey City for 12½ cents per week, payable to the carriers. Names sent through the Post-Office or Penny Post will be promptly placed upon the Carriers' books.

For Europe.

The next number of *The Tribune for European Circulation* will be issued TO-MORROW MORNING at 9 o'clock. It will contain all the Latest News up to the time of going to press. Single copies, in wrappers, ready for mailing, can be had at the desk. Price Six Cents. The *Africa* sails from this port To-Morrow at 12 o'clock.

Presidential.

TIME AND PLACE OF HOLDING NATIONAL CONVENTIONS:

Democratic	Baltimore	To-Day.
Whig	Baltimore	June 16.
Native American	Trenton	July 5.
Free-Soil	Cleveland	August 4.
Liberty Party	Buffalo	Sept. 1.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, yesterday, after a short debate, the Deficiency bill was passed. The Senate adjourned to Thursday, in order to attend the Democratic Convention at Baltimore.

The House did nothing except arrange the adjournment, so that the members could attend the Convention.

BY TELEGRAPH.—We have a rumor that the Mexican Congress intends after all to grant the right of way for the Tehuentepec route to Col. Sloo.

The St. Louis great fire was, as we suspected, a hoax.

The Cholera is said to be spreading at Lasalle, Ill.

We give the latest reports from the Presbyterian Assembly.

Kossuth is to lecture before the Young Men of Albany.

The Whigs of Portland refuse to come up to the endorsement of the Administration.

THE CANALS.—We print in another column a letter from Hon. H. J. RAYMOND, proposing a plan by which the work of enlarging and completing the Canal, may be accomplished. Mr. Raymond would not have the entire Constitution subjected to change, but would simply add to that clause which appropriates the surplus revenues o the Canals to their completion, a new clause, allowing those revenues to be anticipated for that purpose, very much as was designed by the recent law. In the present crisis, Mr. Raymond's view of the matter is worthy of careful consideration.

WHIG NATIONAL CONVENTION, '48.

Four years ago, the last Whig National Convention assembled at Philadelphia, and was organized by the choice of Gen. MOREHEAD of N. C. as President, with a complement of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries, The Convention then proceeded to ballot for a Whig candidate for President with the following result: [We copy from our schedule marked as the votes were given, but we may have somewhat confused it by marking afterward thereon the results of the subsequent ballots. We believe, however, that this was the first ballot:

States	Taylor.	Clay.	Scott.	Webster.	Clayton.
Maine	5	1	—	3	—
New-Hampshire	—	—	—	6	—
Vermont	1	5	—	—	—
Massachusetts	—	—	—	12	—
Rhode-Island	—	4	—	—	—
Connecticut	—	6	—	—	—
New-York	—	30	4	1	1
New-Jersey	3	4	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	8	12	6	—	—
Delaware	—	—	—	—	3
Maryland	—	8	—	—	—
Virginia	15	2	—	—	—
North-Carolina	6	5	—	—	—
South-Carolina	1	1	—	—	—
Georgia	10	—	—	—	—
Alabama	6	1	—	—	—
Mississippi	6	—	—	—	—
Louisiana	5	1	—	—	—
Ohio	1	1	20	—	1*
Kentucky	7	5	—	—	—
Tennessee	13	—	—	—	—
Indiana	1	2	9	—	—
Illinois	4	3	—	—	—
Missouri	6	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	3	—	—	—	—
Michigan	—	3	2	—	—
Texas	3†	—	—	—	—
Florida	3	—	—	—	—
Wisconsin	1	3	—	—	—
Iowa	2	1	—	—	1*
Total	111	97	43	22	6

* These two were for McLean, leaving Clayton but 4.
† Cast by the Louisiana Delegation, under instructions.

Total 279: No choice.

Second Ballot:
Taylor..118 Clay..86 Scott..49 Webster..22 Clayton..4.

No choice again: Adjourned to next morning.

Third Ballot:
Taylor..133 Clay..74 Scott..54 Webster..17 Clayton..1.

Fourth Ballot:
Taylor..171 Clay..32 Scott..63 Webster..14 Taylor over all..52.

Whereupon Gen. ZACHARY TAYLOR was declared the Whig candidate for President.

MASSACHUSETTS AND RHODE ISLAND.

The friends of Temperance in these States have achieved a great, and to many an unexpected triumph. That of Rhode Island was won by judicious and faithful *work*—by making little noise and few nominations, but bending all their exertions to the choice of legislators (nominated by whichever party) who could do the right thing as to the Maine Law. By taking this prudent and politic course, and pursuing it energetically, they secured success, and their law one of the best enacted anywhere—was carried through both Houses with but a show of opposition.

Massachusetts is probably more thoroughly for Temperance than Rhode Island, but no election has been carried on that issue, while the Distilling and Rumselling interest in Boston is very rich and powerful. Neither House dared to vote down the Maine Law, but the lower would evidently have been glad to see it fail any where else than on its own table, so that it took months to get a bill into shape that would pass both Houses. When it finally *did* pass, the State was amazed by a Veto from Gov. Boutwell, who had all along been counted a friend of the measure until within a day or two of this demonstration. The Veto was based on frivolous grounds, and excited equal astonishment and indignation. A stormy excitement resulted, whereby the bill was galvanized into new life, and, but slightly amended by striking out the reference to the People, was repassed and now *signed*, thus becoming a law, within a few days after it had been (as was supposed) knocked in the head by a Veto.

Thus both these States have the Maine Law, so far as respects grog-shops and tippling-houses of all kinds, to go into effect very soon.

Now, friends of Temperance! this law will stand or fall as *you* shall or shall not faithfully uphold and enforce it. Everything depends on your fidelity. You must allow no time to elapse before making your preparations to give its provisions their full and fair effect. Begin at once your organizations, if you have not already begun them, to cause the law to be thoroughly respected in your several Towns and Counties, and give seasonable notice to the grog-sellers that you shall expect them to obey it. Do not allow one tippling-house within your municipality to continue openly selling one hour after the law takes effect; you will find it far more easy to deal with the offenders promptly than otherwise. If you let them sell unwarned a day, they will be harder to stop ever after; if you don't prosecute them within a week, you will probably not stop them at all. 'A stitch in time' will save you infinite trouble and humiliation thereafter.

Friends of Temperance in the Maine Law States! the eyes of millions in other States are upon you. Their deliverance from the devouring monster rests immediately on you. The great cavil of the professedly Temperance but practically anti-Temperance men is that *the Maine Law will not be sustained and enforced.* Show them that it *can* be and *is*, and we shall easily carry it everywhere; but if you falter, the whole charging line will be dispirited and broken. Act worthy of your cause and your responsibility. 'Remember those in bonds as bound with them.' Help us to carry and teach us to enforce the beneficent Maine Law!

FREE LAND AND ITS FOES.

The passage of the Homestead bill by the House has aroused a good many slumbering Rip Van Winkles. Rubbing their eyes and lazily stirring their stumps, so as to restore circulation to their torpid blood, they forget to look at the clock to ascertain the true time of day. Thus the *Courier and Enquirer* trains its rusty carronade upon the Free Land bill and opens upon it in the following style:

"Demagogueism is of fruitful growth, and, like an ill weed, thrives best where it is the most baneful. This is an axiom we need hardly repeat. Wherever the greatest amount of liberty prevails, there it is found with but nominal restrictions, and it comports itself accordingly. It assumes many forms, and exhibits itself under many aspects. And it not unfrequently accomplishes wonders. Popular liberty is as essential to it as the vital air we breathe; and they who depend upon a popular constituency, are sometimes dragged into its support, either by its deceptions, or the misled opinions of those represented, who lend to it a greedy ear, and are convinced by its blandishments. Nowhere in the world is it to be found in more shameful nudity than in the United States—nowhere in the United States, in more unmistakable colors than in the Senate and House of Representatives at Washington. One of its latest Protean shapes, is the movement to vote away the public lands, under the philanthropic view of the question, that the poor need homes, and that the Government cannot do better than by parcelling out to them homesteads from our immense unsettled domain."

Perhaps the above is *argument*; if so, we may as well confess that we don't know how to answer it. We may be permitted to suggest, however, that *The Courier* and its Editor have often professed a profound admiration of the Statesmanship of WILLIAM H. SEWARD, who is the warm supporter of this very "Protean shape" of the Free Farm bill, the "shameful nudity" whereof now fills *The Courier* with amazement and indignation. We wish its Editor would just take up Gov. S.'s masterly speech on this subject and see what fist he can make at answering it. Then there is DANIEL WEBSTER, whom *The Courier* now professes to support for President, and to regard as the model of a great conservative Statesman, who has been an open and zealous advocate of the Free Land principle even longer than Gov. Seward, and who, on the 22d January, 1850, submitted to the Senate the following:

"*Resolved*, That provision ought to be made by law, that *every male citizen* of the United States, and *every male person* who has declared his intention of *becoming* a citizen according to the provisions of law, of 21 years of age or upward, *shall be entitled to enter upon and take any one quarter section of the public lands*, which may be open to entry at private sale, for the purposes of residence and cultivation; and that when such citizen shall have resided on the same land *for three years*, and cultivated the same, or if dying in the meantime, the residence and cultivation shall have been held and carried out by his widow or his heirs, or devisees, for the space of full three years from and after making entry of such land, such residence and cultivation to be completed within four years from the time of such entry, *then a patent to issue for the same to the person making entry*, if living, or otherwise to his heirs or devisees, as the case may require: *Provided, nevertheless*, that such person so entering and taking the quarter section as aforesaid, shall not have, nor shall his heirs or devisees have, any power to alienate such land, nor create any title thereto, in law or equity, by deed, transfer, lease, or any other conveyance, except by devise by will."

This, it will be seen, is the Homestead bill which has just passed the House almost *verbatim*, and Mr. Webster has on several occasions reiterated his devotion to it. Where slept the thunders of *The Courier*—that inexorable devotee of 'Principles, not Men,'—while WEBSTER and SEWARD were indoctrinating the Country with this Free Land "demagoguism" in all its atrocious "nudity?" Is there not danger that Rip has shaken the poppies from his eyelids a trifle too late?

—But *The Courier* has a more specific objection to Free Farms. '*The South*' is especially smitten by them, and their valiant champion rushes to the rescue. Hear him!

"This whole question is argued on its merits, not as a political, but a philanthropic measure. The masses in the North and West are favorable to it, as naturally they should be, inasmuch as these sections embrace nine-tenths of the needy population, for whose benefit the donations would be made. The South oppose the movement, and to our mind correctly denounce it as a fraud, and a scheme that could proceed from no other source than pure demagogueism itself.

"But in thus trifling with the South, there is more real than imaginary danger to that harmony which happily exists at the present moment between the two sections. The South view the question as an infraction of right, and enter their protest against what they deem a reckless waste of the national wealth."

Now the author of this very bill which *The Courier* is denouncing is ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tenn., a Southern Member, who has ably urged its passage for years; while one of the most forcible arguments in its favor was that of ALBERT G. BROWN, Member from Mississippi and late Governor of that State; while another speech warmly advocating it was made by FAYETTE MCMULLEN, Member from Virginia—while among the votes for the bill on its passage by the House were those of the following Southern Members, viz:

Messrs. Abercrombie, Ala A. G. Brown, Miss. Churchwell, Tenn. W. R. W. Cobb, Ala. Cottman, Md. Cullom, Tenn. Ewing, Ky. Gentry, Tenn. Grey, Ky. Hall, Mo. S. W. Harris, Ala. Houston, Ala. A. Johnson, Tenn. R. W. Johnson, Ark. McMullen, Va. J. Moore, La. Penn, La. Phelps, Mo. Polk, Tenn. Porter, Mo. Riddle, Del. Savage, Tenn. Smith, Ala. F. P. Stanton, Tenn. Stone, Ky. St. Martin, La. G. W. Thompson, Va. Walsh, Md. Ward, Ky. Watkins, Tenn. A. White, Ky. Alex. White, Ala. Williams, Tenn.—Total 33.

Here is *a majority* of the votes from the Southern States, (there being but *thirty* Southern votes against the bill) cast in favor of a measure whereof *The Courier* exclaims, "*it is odorous of Abolitionism*," in addition to its fulmination above.

We really must despair of the 'finality.' The country has been told that 'Abolitionism,' 'Agitation,' and all such rascally things had been killed by *the Compromise*, and it only had to hold hard by that to keep all snug and safe. But while it was holding on like grim Death, behold! *The Courier* discovers Abolition rampant and militant once more in a bill which has already passed the House, backed by a majority of the Slaveholding Representatives, and is now going full sail through the Senate! Is it not plain that 'Abolitionism' can't be put down?—that it is the air we breathe and evades alike the subtlest and the most formidable hostile demonstrations? No net is fine enough, no bars are strong enough, to hold it. Must we not clear the track and let it go ahead?

A PERSONAL PORTRAIT.

[Talbotype.]

There blesses the State of Maine with the light of his countenance a certain Geo. F. Talbot, a Loco-Foco Free Soiler, (F. S. candidate for Governor in 1850,) who seems ill pleased that the growing Anti-Slavery sentiment of the North does not work so nicely in the way of Politics as when it elected Polk and brought Texas and the Mexican War upon us in 1844. Mr. Talbot, we regret to see, attributes an exaggerated consequence in the premises to *The Tribune* and its Editor, and is moved by his aggrieved sensibilities to indite the following slasher:

From the Portland Inquirer.

HORACE GREELEY.

There is no man in the country whose services the slaveholders could so ill spare as those of Horace Greeley. He is the regularly accredited minister plenipotentiary of the Slave Power of the South at the Court of the religious and reformatory sentiment of the North. Ordinarily, it is the duty and custom of a power to sustain and aid its minister in all his official functions, as well as in his character and person. But this diplomatic office is of such a character that the government he represents is obliged ostensibly to repudiate and abuse him, and to seem to thwart all his purposes and views. In fine, to give him standing and influence with the jealous organization whom it is his mission to control, there must be between his employers and himself a perpetual public dispute, criminations and recriminations very edifying for outsiders to behold.

To sustain one's self in such a delicate office, as is very apparent, requires a great deal of talent, and that of a very peculiar kind. Mr. Greeley is of all the world the very man for his place. He has been accused of inconsistency. It has been said that the unpleasant and ludicrous dilemmas in which he has involved himself, the painful writhings and wrigglings which he has imposed upon himself as the rites of his God-and-Mammon worship, are evidences of an insane intellect or bad heart.

Criticisms like these, based upon no adequate conceptions of his *mission*, as reformers word it, have done him grievous injustice. Even if before next autumn, he should come blubbering into a lugubrious support of Webster and Fillmore, whom he has been denouncing for the last three years, swearing with his hand on his heart, and his eyes turned up to heaven, *a la Mr. Packsniff*, that it was a divine necessity, forced upon him by providential circumstances, I have no doubt that it could all be explained consistently with the *rôle* which he has undertaken to play;—nay, more, that there would be a vein of sense perceptible to critical minds in the eloquent sophistry with which he would vindicate his own course and overwhelm all objectors.

His apostleship is to the Gentiles of Anti-Slavery. These men (unfortunately for the quiet of the Government) have votes, and become periodically of considerable importance to the lordships exercising authority over us. Let them to their ways, to what Dr. Dewey learnedly deprecates as the mere "*instinct of conscience*," these men would vote against Slavery Extension, Mexican Wars, Fugitive Slave Bills, and kindred measures so essential to the comfort of the Slave Power. To attempt to lead them directly to the accomplishment of such rascalities would quite intimidate and disaffect them. The pig is to be got to Kilkenny, but it must be by imposing upon his defective topography, and under pretext of going to Cork.

Men that have retained the luxury of a conscience, do not like to have it overlooked. They rather plume themselves upon it as a rarity, and expect at least to have its existence recognized. Now it is obvious that the brutal appeals and low bar-room logic of such journals as *The Express* cannot reach this class of people. The solemn objurgations of *The Journal of Commerce* are as little to their taste. There must be a journal of the new school, hypercritical in morals, adept in all the cant of reform, and to which the whole philosophy of progress is familiar, to put the administrators of the "*lower law*" in communication with these sensitive spirits. Behold our NEW-YORK TRIBUNE! deep in Kossuth and European Revolution, the accredited organ of Socialism, the medium of the communications of ghosts, the enthusiastic advocate of Cold Water, the premature harbinger of *the good time coming*, committed to every *