right side very severely. Mr. Haffey was conveyed to his residence, No. 131 North Fourth st., Williamsburgh, where medical attendance was procured, and after dressing his side he experienced some relief

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Monday evening, R. B. Coddington, a laborer in the employ of Mr. John Roebottom, No. 85 Broad st., was almost instantly killed by a heavy mass of sheet iron accidentally falling on him, while in the act of assisting to place a portion of the iron upon a cart. The iron was removed from his body, when it was found that life was extinct. The deceased was a worthy man and resided in Pearl-st., where he has left a family to mourn his loss

[Advertisement.]

AFTER A STORM COMES A CALM.—Those who visited Columbian Hall, No. 281 Grand-st., yesterday, can vouch for the falsity of the above *proverb*. The weather on Monday having proved disastrous to the expectation of the ladies who design shopping, consequently each fair one was eager to take the advantage of the earliest opportunity to supply their wants the next fair day. From early morn till late in the evening yesterday was one continual stream of happy faces pouring in the above establishment, and no doubt there were hundreds that could not get served, still they were consoled with the knowledge of the fact, there would be a few of the same sort left *ride Smith*, and we can assure them there are those who were disappointed yesterday can find to-day as rich an assortment of Shawls, Silks, Merinos, Cashmeres, Paramattas, Muslin de Laines, and other Dress Goods, as at any other house in the city, and at a more reasonable price

[Advertisement.]

☞ The Great Fair of the American Institute will open to the public this day, at 9 A. M., and continue open daily, (Sundays excepted) from 9 A. M. until 10 P. M. By order of the Managers.

[Advertisement.]

☞ The delighted crowds who obtain such superior Portraits at ROOT'S, No. 363 Broadway, corner of Franklin-st., are now better satisfied than ever.—ROOT takes premium Daguerreotypes.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT CALENDAR—THIS DAY.

SUPERIOR COURT—Part I.—Nos. 62, 86, 87, 88, 3, 4, 5, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 99, 100, 102, 1054, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124.

COMMON PLEAS—Part I—Nos 237, 245, 257, 271, 247, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303. Part II—Nos. 276, 230, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 316, 314, 320.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.—Nos 8 to 17.

CIRCUIT COURT—Adjourned to Monday. Jury discharged for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—TUESDAY—Before the Recorder and Ald SPONSLER and OAKLEY.

CONVICTION FOR INCEST.—A middle-aged man named Wm. Darling, was tried for the crime of incest, committed with his daughter, a girl about 18 years of age. She was called to the stand and with much reluctance answered the questions put to her by the prosecuting Attorney, but related in substance the unnatural intercourse with her father. Her testimony was in part corroborated by other witnesses, who resided in the same house. The complainant recently gave birth to a child the result of the incestuous intercourse with her unnatural parent. The Jury found the prisoner guilty. The prisoner was then called up for sentence, and the Recorder, after commenting at length upon the heinousness of the crime and the satisfaction he felt upon its being one of extremely rare occurrence, sentenced the prisoner to the State prison for ten years.

GRAND LARCENY.—John Croft was tried and found guilty of Grand Larceny in having on the 3d of last May stolen a gold watch valued at $40, the property of Wm Hy. Gaines. The complainant was passing down Nassau-st., when he felt some person at his watch pocket, and on turning around saw the prisoner with the watch in his hand, and he at once arrested him, and recovered his watch. The prisoner, however, got away, but was subsequently arrested. The defense tried to prove a good character, but the testimony of his guilt was conclusive, and he was convicted and sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

TRIAL FOR BURGLARY.—Andrew Simons was tried for burglary, but the evidence being insufficient to sustain the indictment, he was acquitted. He was, however, remanded to await trial on another charge

The Court then adjourned for the day.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—Before Judges EDWARDS MITCHELL and ROOSEVELT.

Lewis Curtis and others, Trustees of the North American Trust and Banking Company, agt. David Leavitt, Receiver.—David Leavitt, Receiver of North American Trust and Banking Company, agt. Richard M. Blatchford and others, Trustees.

Suit by Messrs. Curtis, Blatchford and Graham, Trustees of what is known as the Million and First Half Million Trust, to compel the Receiver (appointed in 1841, the suit having been entered in 1842,) to establish the validity of the Trust, and for the appointment of a Special Receiver, as to the bonds and mortgages, &c., under the trust. The latter, at the time, was granted, and Mr C. C. Palmer appointed Special Receiver. The trusts were made by the North American Trust Company to place in the hands of the Trustees bonds and mortgages given by the stockholders for stock, to secure the payment to Palmer, McKeltop & Dent, of London, as Trustees there, for advances on the bonds of the Company sent to London. The Receiver of the Trust Company, Mr. Leavitt, in 1844, entered a cross action to compel the Trustees to give up the bonds and mortgages to said Receiver for the benefit of the general creditors and the stockholders, it being contended that the bonds of the Company were illegally issued, being for the purpose of speculation instead of the legitimate objects of the Trust and Banking law, and that the trust is void. Both cases are to be heard together, and will probably occupy several days. To be continued this forenoon.

SPECIAL TERM—Before Judge MITCHELL.

DECISIONS

William E. Dibble against Peters.

BY THE COURT.—The defendant moves to amend his answer by alleging that he was under age when the goods for which the action was brought were sold. He does not now positively aver that he was then under age. He may add his own affidavit to that effect and the affidavit of another person who knows the fact, stating when he became 21, if he is now of that age, and these affidavits may be received as if read on that motion. The defense of infancy is not one of those unmeritorious defenses which the Court has excluded, when an appeal is made to its favor to allow a defense. At the same time, the Court may impose such terms in allowing an amendment, as may be just. The defendant has plead a release, and in effect concealed the present defense, and led the plaintiff to incur expenses and costs to repel the plea now put in. He was of full age when he put in that plea. The defendant, therefore, should pay the costs to this date, including $10, the costs of this motion, and furnish the two affidavits above referred to; and on doing so may make the amendment, unless the plaintiff elect to discontinue, which the plaintiff is at liberty to do, &c., with his right to the costs above allowed.

In the matter of Isaac O. Couzens, a bankrupt.

Commission to issue to Dr. Hasack, C. D. Sacket, and J. I. Townsend.

Zeba H. Ketchen and others against Hiram Burdett.

Report of referee confirmed with costs.

SUPERIOR COURT—Before Judge CAMPBELL.

Maria L. Beppert, by her next friend, Joseph Wehrle, agt. Peter F. Beppert.

Suit for limited divorce. Plaintiff says she was married to defendant at New-York, in 1846, by Rev. Mr. Geisenheimer, that she has always conducted herself with propriety and endeavored to promote the happiness of her husband, the defendant, but he has frequently treated her ill, and in May, 1852, on one occasion, threatened to take her life—that on the 9th of May he struck her a severe blow on the head with his fist, seized hold of her and pulled her out of the apartment, ordered her to leave the house—drove her from her home, and she was obliged to go, and has since been with her friends—that she has filed a bill asking for limited divorce and the care and custody of their four children, the eldest of whom is 15, and the youngest 4—and also that her said husband be compelled to allow her sufficient for maintenance and for counsel fee, &c. She states that in order to assist her said husband in his business, that of a florist, she hired a stand in the market, and besides attending to the duties of her house, sold flowers at the said stand. She says that defendant is unfit to the care of the children, being addicted to the use of profane language and to habits of intoxication—that his means are abundant to afford the maintenance asked for and also the payment of counsel fee, he being engaged in a good business, having an extensive green-house and garden corner Ninth-av and 30th-st., is doing a thriving business, and is one of the Assessors of the Nineteenth Ward.

In defense, it is denied that Mr. B. has ever ill treated his said wife, but that she left her home of her own accord; that he is himself a cripple and unable to work and is obliged to employ men to work for him; that said plaintiff, when occupying the stand alluded to in the market, instead of selling the flowers of defendant, bought and sold other flowers, and did not account to him for them, and that she sold the said stand for $170. He also denies being addicted to the use of profane language, or to the habit of intoxication, &c. He also says that his business does not more than enable him to pay his liabilities, and to maintain himself and family. Argument was heard.

Wm. F. Walker agt. Chas. M. Haley and Clark Wooster.

Against Mr. H., of St. Thomas's Church, Brooklyn, and Gen. Wooster, of Conn., to compel them to deliver up to plaintiff certain letters and papers; but which papers Gen. W. claims as belonging to himself, having been sent to Connecticut to him and Miss W.; and Mr. H. on his part alleging he retains the papers as a member of an ecclesiastical commission, appointed to inquire into certain charges as related to plaintiff while in Connecticut, plaintiff being, afterwards, for a short time, Rector of St. Thomas. This case, which has been already referred to, came up yesterday by the examination of Rev. Mr. Johnson, Rev. Dr Haight, and other ministers of the Episcopal Church, as to the appointment of the Ecclesiastical Commission, and whether there had not been irregularity, &c., which Dr. H., the Secretary of the Commission, thought not. The object of the testimony was to be used on the motion for injunction, &c., as to the papers

TRIAL TERM.—Before Judge PAPE.

Johanna McEvoy, administratrix of Dora M. Evoy agt. John and Geo. Hecker.

This is an action similar to one brought some time since by Lawrence Fleming, a little daughter of whose was killed at the time of the catastrophe alluded to here, but in two trials of which the Jury has been unable to agree. A portion of the granary belonging to Messrs Hecker's flouring mill, in Cherry-st., which contained several thousand bushels of wheat, gave way in January 1851, and the contents, with brick, mortar, &c., were thrown into the adjoining yard and basement of house, occupied by Mr. Flemming and his family, with whom Dora, the deceased, lived as a domestic. She was in the basement at the time, and when extracted from the ruins was dead. Plaintiff, as next of kin, brings suit, damages laid at $5,000, alleging that the said building had been improperly and unskilfully put up, &c., which is denied, and the fall of the building attributed to causes over which defendants could have no control. The case is on.

Before Judge OAKLEY.

John Treffet and another agt. Caleb Godfrey.

To recover $762 deficiency on an advance of $1,986 by plaintiffs, merchants at Liverpool, on a shipment of hams and shoulders to Liverpool. It is alleged they were so badly packed, also from heat, &c., they were much injured, and with difficulty realized $1,223. No defence was offered. Verdict for plaintiff in amount.

Henry J. Seaman agt. Daniel Law.

Suit which was tried before to recover difference between 37½ ₱ cent paid by plaintiff, and 55 ₱ cent. which defendant afterwards bought it in for, in a purchase of $10,000 worth of Staten Island Association Stock, in 1838. The defense is that the stock was sold on account of defendant paying up 20 ₱ cent., were called for, and that plaintiff, as one of the Directors, meant to bid 37½ ₱ cent. instead of 55, and that he subsequently offered it to plaintiff at 37½, but the latter refused to take it. The case has been to the Court of Appeals. To be continued this forenoon.

COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, October 4.

At the opening of the Court this morning Judges Ruggles and Edmonds were absent, (from illness, as understood.) There being no causes ready for argument on both sides, Judge Gardiner directed an adjournment until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

BROOKLYN ITEMS.

TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE NOMINATIONS.—The Executive Committee of the Brooklyn City Temperance Alliance and Delegates from the various Ward Associations assembled in Convention on Monday evening, in Low's Building, Court-st. Ex-Mayor George Hall, presided on the occasion, and the following independent nominations were made, viz: For Mayor, EDWARD A. LAMBERT, (the Democratic nominee;) for Chief of Police, John S. Folk, (the Whig nominee and present incumbent;) for Police Justice, Daniel K. Smith, (the Whig nominee,) for Justice of the Peace in the Second District, John C. Smith. It was then resolved to defer making any farther nominations until Monday next, by which time it was expected that both the political parties of the day will have completed their tickets. Debate ran high during the evening. The liquor sellers, or the great majority of them, were denounced as foreign vagabonds. John C. Smith, professed temperance man and Whig, hesitated to stand fire, inasmuch as he had harnessed himself into the same team with Samuel Garrison, Esq., a Democrat and not a professed temperance man. It was finally determined by the Convention that if Garrison would sign the pledge during the week, he would be taken in and supported by the independent temperance party. Ex Mayor George Hall, and ex-Alderman Edward A. Corning, were each nominated for the Assembly, but would not run, as they could not conveniently leave to go to Albany. The nomination for Assembly was refused by each of those to whom it was offered. None of the parties nominated were present, except John C Smith, who strenuously opposed his nomination, and went so far as to threaten that he would not take the oath of office if elected by the vote of the Temperance Alliance.

EXCURSION.—The Police of the First District have organized themselves into a Target Company and elected the following officers: Captain, Joel Smith; First Lieutenant, Thomas Bowers; Second Lieutenant, Geo Latham; Third Lieutenant, Wm. N. Raynor. They intend making an excursion on the 5th November.

THE HANNIBAL LIGHT GUARDS.—A company of colored men, bearing the above title, proceeded to Flushing on Monday morning, on a target excursion. They were accompanied by a band of music and numered about twenty-five men. They started from the City Hall in stages.

THE CITY REFORM LEAGUE.—The Executive Committee of this body held a meeting on Monday evening, at Stuyvesant Institute, and directed the publication of an Address to the public, which will be found below. The officers are as follows:

President—JOHN HARPER.

Vice-Presidents—Myndert Van Schaick, Joseph Kernochan, Jonathan I. Coddington, W. F. Mott, William E. Dodge, Thomas R. Whitney, Thomas R. Woodruff, Wm. Kemble, Chas. M. Leupp, Theodore Banks, Stephen Whitney, A. R. Wetmore, Abel T. Edgerton, Daniel Drew, Wm. W. Osborn, Henry V. Butler, E. K. Collins, Dani D. Smith, David Hoadley, James Reeves

Executive Committee—Richard A. Reading, Schuyler Livingston, Walter R. Jones, Walter Kesler, Edgar Ketchum, Thomas B. Stillman, James B. Murray, Wm. Cauldwey, Simeon Baldwin.

Treasurer—J. Jarvis. *Secretary*—H. N. Beers.

We understand that the officers are ex-officio members of the Executive Committee, though we have no personal knowledge of the organization. The movements of so respectable a body will command great attention.

ADDRESS OF THE CITY REFORM LEAGUE.

FELLOW CITIZENS: The abuses that exist in our City Government, and in the methods by which its officers obtain their places, demand a remedy. The public expenditure is enormous, and is steadily increasing, and there is no disposition apparent in any quarter where the power is lodged, to abate it. Extravagance is displayed in the ordinary affairs of the City Government, and advantage is taken of every transient occasion to squander the public money. Whether a feast is to be provided for the living, or burial for the dead, either is made a good opportunity for a job, and money is lavished shamefully, to be gatnered by the retainers and kinsmen of those who direct the expenditures, and whose duty it is to defend the public interests and not to betray them. And the waste of money is but a single feature of these abuses

The current is so strongly downward that it is very difficult to resist it and few are willing to make the attempt. Who can doubt that there are public officers who could expose or check the wrongs that are undoubtedly perpetrated by men in authority? But how few the instances in which it has been done. There is almost a dead silence on this subject through out the ranks of those who have in charge our public affairs. Yet honor to such as have shown a better spirit. Their example awakens the hope that something may be done to increase their number and reward their fidelity. And honor to the press that will faithfully serve the public and expose the abuses that prevail among us.

And how is it that these abuses continue while they are known to all? We seem to be spell-bound—powerless—and no one rises to the rescue. Fellow citizens, the reason is, we are looking to those who profit by the wrong-doing to correct it, and of course, we look in vain. We must help ourselves

It is notorious that the political machinery by which nominations to office are made is corrupt and fraudulent. The masses of the people who take their places in the political parties are not guilty, but are themselves defrauded by it. The officials and their familiars are the authors of the whole. The getting of an office, under this system is very much like an operation in war, by which a town is besieged and taken. It is a hostile operation, and the people are captured by it. But in war, the hostility is proclaimed, and to make a defense is patriotic, while, alas, in the assault upon us, we are required to aid in our own capture, and to make entertainment for our captors, and we are consenting to it

We say, that there is no other agency employed in the selection of candidates than that of the political parties, whose differences upon State and national questions decide them, which questions have no reference to our City or town affairs. Now, if it is answered, that the people of every settlement are materially affected by the measures of the general Government, we reply, that while that is true, our City Councils have no part in shaping them. And then if we are reminded that it is important to the success of the whole that each subordinate section should be carried, we agree, but say, you must reserve the sections if you would have them. Frankly, it is unreasonable to ask our consent to be defrauded, because we are assured that the depredator is one of our own particular party. And here is the difficulty. The machinery referred to sets up the candidates, and we are all employed to vote for them because they are of our party. And *because* they are, we do vote for them, and we suffer in consequence, as we deserve.

Contractors and others mount from the public works into the Common Council or its surrounding departments where they become the agents of the people, to deal with, and pay themselves. A complete net work is formed, upon which the whole body of Common Councilmen, heads of departments and other officials, are raised up together, as by one tide, and floated into power, and all by the strength of the very people upon whose interests they prey. Yet we are solemnly admonished to do nothing toward an escape from such a thraldom. We are all at liberty to declaim about abuses, but let no one say that anybody is guilty of them; and woe to him that dares to put a substantial impediment in their way, or publish the method by which it may be done.

Let us be understood. We are gratified for the good men that this system may chance to give us, but it raises up enough of a different character to produce the evils we see and feel.

We have heard of universal suffrage in France, which means the privilege of voting for the nominee of the French ruler, and our indignation is excited by such a mockery. But we have the same system among us, with this difference, that we are content to help it, and keep it alive. We can at least follow the example of the French patriots, and decline to vote for the nominee.

And this brings us to the question, what shall be done to remedy these evils? We answer, *anything* by which the potency of the party nominations in our city can be broken, and the operators made to feel that their nominations to be sustained, must be worthy of support. Let us choose among the candidates and take the good one; but if we are shut out from such a choice, we may be compelled to look for another candidate. A candidate may be defeated, but with such a course steadily pursued, the cause must triumph.

Fellow-citizens, we know that in some of the Wards there are leagues formed, spontaneous, and voluntary, like this, of men resolved to free themselves, if possible, from the fetters that bind them, and whose measures have already awakened the fears of political operators, and led them to a parley. Let there be such in every Ward. Let it be resolved that your agent in the Common Council shall be a faithful and reliable agent, and that you will vote for no other. Then let that principle be extended to all the offices.

Our league is self constituted. It is not a representative body. But we want the aid of all good men, and there are plenty in every Ward.

The City Reform League does not revile political parties, nor do its members abandon their own political opinions. They may be as enthusiastic in them as others can be, but in the selection of City officers they are prepared to ask only, "Which is the best candidate?" and to act accordingly. Will you add strength to our league by adopting this principle? If you will, the day of primary elections and packed conventions is over, and the true republican theory will be brought into practice. Self-nomination is frank and honorable, and affords the people a fair opportunity of selection; and the splendid example just now presented in a Western State, of its triumphant success over two great parties, may do much to introduce the custom here.

Meanwhile, the nominations in this City are not yet completed. When they are, and a judgment can be formed, we believe the people will be prepared to act.

JOHN HARPER, President.

H. N. BEERS, Secretary.

New-York, Oct. 2, 1852.

PLACES FOR HOLDING THE POLLS.—A resolution was offered in Common Council on Wednesday night, and referred to the Commissioner of Supplies to report thereon, designating the following places for holding the Polls on the 2d day of November next:

FIRST WARD.—Dist. 1, Branch Hotel, corner of Fulton and Furman-sts.; Dist. 2, Waverly House, corner of Atlantic and Furman-sts.

SECOND WARD.—Dist. 1, Engine House, Prospect-st.; Dist. 2, Station House, corner of Jay and York-sts.

THIRD WARD.—Dist. 1, City Armory, corner of Cranberry and Henry-sts.; Dist. 2, Colt's Building, No. 163 Atlantic st

FOURTH WARD.—Dist. 1, Classical Hall, Washington-st.; Dist. 2, Washington Hall, corner of Adams and Tillary-sts.

FIFTH WARD.—Dist. 1, Engine House, Front, near Bridge st.; Dist. 2, Engine House, high, near Gold-st.

SIXTH WARD.—Dist. 1, Sweeney's, corner of Atlantic and Columbia sts.; Dist. 2, Engine House, No. 15 Van Brunt-st., near President.

SEVENTH WARD.—Dist. 1, Engine House, Graham st.; Dist. 2, James Friel's, Classon-av.

EIGHTH WARD.—W. Hatfield's, 3d-av. and 27th-st.

NINTH WARD.—C. B. Holder's, Ninth Ward Hotel.

TENTH WARD.—(Place not designated for Dist. 1.) Dist. 2, Station House, Court, near Baltic-st.

ELEVENTH WARD.—Dist. 1, north-west corner of Myrtle-av. and Navy-st.; Dist. 2, Fourth District Station House.

ATTEMPT TO FIRE A DWELLING-HOUSE.—At an early hour yesterday morning, an attempt was made to fire a dwelling-house in Columbia-st., two doors from Sedgwick, which is occupied on the lower floor as a store, and above by a number of families. It appears that some one placed a pile of shavings, saturated with oil or some other inflammable substance, upon the stair landing of the second story, and then set it on fire. The smoke arising therefrom awakened one of the lodgers of the floor above, who came down to ascertain the cause, when he discovered that the fire had already made considerable progress. Fortunately, he succeeded in scattering the burning material and extinguished the fire before any serious damage had been accomplished. A delay of a few minutes longer would doubtless have been attended with the most fearful consequences. The building is owned by Charles Kelsey, Jr.

MISSING.—At an early hour yesterday morning, an employé of the Long Island Railroad Company found a horse and wagon standing in the tunnel in Atlantic-st., about midway between the entrances and a man's hat lying some distance off, but the owner was nowhere about. It was ascertained, on inquiry, that the establishment and hat belonged to a baker doing business in Hamilton-av., near the Ferry, and who has been missing since the evening previous. His friends are uneasy and fear that some accident may have befallen him.

FIREMEN'S PARADE.—The annual parade of the Brooklyn Fire Department takes place on Monday next, which will also be made the occasion for the dedication of Firemen's Hall in Henry st.

INJUNCTION.—An injunction was issued by Judge Morse on Monday of last week, restraining the Long Island Railroad Company from running their locomotives, or cars, upon said track in front of the premises of John H. Hentz, of Hempstead.

☞ A motion was adopted in Common Council on Monday night, providing that the polls be held at other places than liquor stores at the coming election.

☞ The Fire Department Committee of the Common Council reported adverse, at the last meeting, to the communication of C. Robinson, in relation to the introduction of fire alarm telegraphs throughout the city.

ACCIDENT.—A boy named Adam Kohler hurt himself severely by coming in contact with an iron gate which stood ajar in Smith-st., near Atlantic, as he was running to the fire on Monday night. Two young men took him to his home in Pearl st.

BENEFITS FOR THE ORPHANS.—A Concert for the benefit of the Orphan Asylum Society will be given at the Brooklyn Female Academy this evening, and on the evenings of Oct. 8, 9 and 11.

TARGET EXCURSION.—The Haley Guards, Capt Mulaney, from New York, passed through this City, yesterday, en route for John I. Snediker's, for the purpose of practicing at target. They mustered about 50 men, and were accompanied by Adkins's Brass Band.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—A woman named Mary Brady, who had been picked out of the street in a state of helpless intoxication, attempted to commit suicide at the Second District Station-House, on Monday, by hanging herself with a shawl. She was discovered in time to prevent serious consequences, and was sent home to her friends in New-York.

ASSAULT ON AN OFFICER.—William Herron was arrested on Monday night for assaulting Officer Murphy of the First Police, for which offense he was fined $15, and held in $500 for six months.

BITTEN BY A DOG.—A boy named John Givens was attacked by a dog belonging to Mr. David Nightingale, on Monday night at the fire, and was badly bitten.

FIRE.—A fire was discovered in the confectionery store of James Perry, No 68 Court-st., about 2 o'clock yesterday morning, but was extinguished before much damage had been done. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

WILLIAMSBURGH ITEMS.

NOMINATIONS.—The Whig Nominating Committees will meet on Tuesday evening next for the purpose of making Ward and City nominations.

BOLTING.—The Democrats of Williamsburgh, who are dissatisfied with the nomination of Sheriff, are going in strongly for John Hanford for that office. Hanford it is said, will poll a strong vote in Williamsburgh and the county towns. He has announced himself as an independent candidate.

COMMON COUNCIL.—The regular meeting of the Common Council was held at the City Hall on Monday evening—Ald Mauger in the Chair.

Petitions, bills, &c., were presented and referred to Committees.

A communication was received from the Mayor, stating that he had received additional returns from the Captain of Police, of the delinquency of Policeman C. C. Coatrell; stating also, that he should continue to return to the Board all complaints received. He had requested the Corporation Counsel to furnish him with a written opinion as to his (the Mayor's) power and supervision over all subordinate officers. The Mayor also called the attention of the Common Council to the deranged state of the Police Department. The communication was laid on the table.

The Committee reported in favor of the communication from the Board of Education, respecting the purchase of ground for the erection of school houses, and for that purpose they report in favor of raising $7,600, the necessary amount for the purchase of four lots in the First and Third Wards, and that the Controller be authorized to borrow that sum at the rate of 6 per cent. payable in annual installments—$600 to be paid the first year, and the balance in installments of $1,000 per year. Adopted.

A petition was received from Isaac Relyea and others, requesting the Common Council not to designate places for the polls where liquor is sold. Accepted and a Committee of three was appointed to select proper places for holding the several polls

The following bills were ordered paid: Henry Welsh, $80; O Mauger, $22 50; J. Vail, $963 62; B. Lyach, $180 72; J. Weeks, $90; J. Bogenquest, $20; P. R. Gaynor, $83 63; Wm Hegarty, $1,567; F Swift $3 50.

Resolution—By Ald Van Sant—That the Controller be authorized to borrow on the credit of the city $6,000 in anticipation of the taxes of the present year, for Public School purposes, interest not to exceed 6 per cent. per annum. Adopted.

A resolution was adopted requesting the Mayor to take immediate measures to compel builders, cartmen, dirt cartmen, junk shop keepers, and others, to take out a license. Adjourned

RUN OVER.—A little boy, about four years of age, was run over in Grand-st yesterday, by a baker's wagon, the wheels passing over his legs. He was not, however, much injured.

ATTEMPT AT BURGLARY.—About 1 o'clock an attempt was made by some burglars to enter the store of Mrs Kipham, No. 320 Grand-st. They succeeded in cutting out one of the panels of the door, and were about drawing the bolt back, when they were deterred from their purpose by Mrs K., who had been awakened by the noise, and had entered the store. She immediately raised an alarm, but the thieves decamped before assistance came.

JERSEY CITY ITEMS.

☞ It is expected that Ogden Hoffman, Esq., will address the Whig meeting to be held at Washington Hall next Friday evening. Other good speakers will also attend.

☞ Not the least remarkable feature of the Great Whig Mass Meeting to be held at Newark on the 20th inst, will be the presence of some two hundred of the bone and sinew of the land, in their working dresses, from Trenton and vicinity, so as to refute the assertion that "Whiggery" and "Aristocracy" are synonymous terms.

INTERESTING OCCASION.—On last Sabbath morning a discourse was delivered to a large audience of Sunday School pupils, by Rev I. S. Corbit, at the York-st. M. E. Church. The juvenile auditory seemed highly gratified with the sermon preached especially for them.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—At the meeting on Monday evening a report was made from the Committee on Building against proceeding this fall with the erection of the Third Ward School-House. The reason assigned was the approach of winter, and the danger of building during frosty weather. Laid upon the table

After the disposition of some further business of no particular moment, the Board adjourned.

MORE OF CAMPHENE.—There came near being a fire at the Philadelphia Hotel, Saturday night, owing to the ignition of some Camphene which was accidentally spilled from a can while the porter of the establishment was trimming a lamp. A lady, an inmate of the house, was somewhat burned by running through the flames.

MILITARY.—The Independent Pearl Guard, Capt. Chamberlain, went on a shooting excursion on Monday, accompanied by Shelton's brass band. They made a handsome appearance.

A COLORED COMPANY.—We understand that an endeavor is being made to get up a colored company in this city. There appears to be some difficulty in regard to obtaining muskets, there being no colored company attached to army regiment.

PEDESTRIANISM.—A man named Mickey Free, who for some time has been walking for a wager, on Monday completed his 772 mile.

JERSEY LONG AGO.—Monday completed the 58th year since John F. Ellis, Esq., first trod the shore of Powles' Hook, (now Jersey City.) At that time there were but one or two houses with about 15 or 14 inhabitants: now the population number some 17,000.

HOBOKEN ITEMS.

LAUNCH.—The steamboat Deer will be launched from the yard of Mr. Isaac C. Smith, at Hoboken, N. J., this day, at 12 M. She is 104 feet long; 20 feet beam and 7 feet hold, and is owned by Messrs. Campbell & Moody, and others of this city, who design her for towing about the harbor. This boat has been built by Mr. Smith, in the short space of 27 working days.

MARRIED.

In Exeter, N. H., Sept. 23, by Rev. Mr. Mann, Mr. WILLIAM B. HAWKINS to Miss SARAH E. BANLET, of the above place.

On Saturday, Oct. 2, by Rev. Dr. N. J. Marcellus, Mr. J. JAMES HULL to Miss CORNELIA A., daughter of the late Capt. Charles Lawson, all of this city.

DIED.

At Narrowsburgh, N. Y., on Monday, Oct. 4, by the accidental discharge of a gun, NATHANIEL M. PURDY, of this city, aged 23 years.

His friends and those of his family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the house of his brother, David J. Purdy, at Astoria, L. I., this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

On Tuesday, Oct. 5, Mr JAMES SMITH, aged 60 years.

His friends and the members of Greene st M. E. Church, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No 100 Greene st., at 1 o'clock P. M., on Thursday, Oct. 7. His remains will be taken to Greenwood

WEEKLY REPORT OF DEATHS in the City of Brooklyn, for the week ending October 2, 1852:

Diseases—Apoplexy, 1; Bronchitis, 1; Carbuncle, 1; Casualty, 1; Cholera, 6; Cholera Infantum, 3; Cholera Morbus, 1; Congestion of Brain, 3; Congestion of Lungs, 1; Consumption, 6; Convulsions, 3; Croup, 1; Delirium Tremens, 1; Diarrhea, 4; Dropsy of the Head, 4; Dysentery, 6; Fever, Typhoid, 3; Fever, Typhus, 3; Inflammation of the Bowels, 2; Inflammation of Stomach, 1; Malformation, 1; Marasmus, 7; Premature Birth, 1; Scrofula, 1; Erysipelas, 1; Street Rash, 1; Teething, 3.

Males, 54—Females, 30; Adults, 26; Children, 60—Total, 86.

Office of the Board of Health, M. Wagner, Health Officer.

At Pembroke, N. H., Rev. ABRAHAM BURNHAM, D. D., on Tuesday, Sept. 21, aged 77 years. His sickness, which was dysentery, was short, his passage from earth easy, and his hope unshaken unto the end. He fought a good fight, he kept the faith, and has entered upon his reward.

The evening of the same day, Hon. WM. BADGER, of Gilmanton, who was born in 1779, and was therefore 73 years old. He had filled various offices of trust and honor; he had often represented his native town in the Legislature; for three years he was a member of the Senate, and one year its President; for five years one of the Associate Justices of the Court of Common Pleas; for 10 years was High Sheriff of Strafford County; in 1824 and 1828 was Governor of the State, and three times one of the Electors of President and Vice President of the United States.

The Cayuga Chief records the death of LLOYD MILLS, one of the most active and distinguished temperance reformers of the age. He died at the residence of his mother, in Concord, Erie County, Pa., on the 8th ult.

The Worcester (Mass.) *Transcript* records the death of Hon. JOHN W. LINCOLN, who died at his residence in that city, at 9 o'clock on Saturday evening, at the age of 65. The event was not unexpected, as the progress of the disease, which, in the form of a cancer, had been preying upon his life, had of late rendered its termination probable at any hour. Mr. Lincoln had played an important part in the affairs of Worcester for many years, and had filled acceptably many offices both of the City, County and State.

Hon. JOHN CHAMBERS formerly a member of Congress from Kentucky, and more recently Territorial Governor of Iowa, died on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 21, at the residence of his son in law near Paris, Bourbon County, Ky. Governor Chambers was born in New-Jersey, about the year 1770. At the age of 13 he emigrated to the State of Kentucky and settled in Washington, Mason County. He began the practice of the law at an early age, and by his promptitude, energy, and ability, soon won a large measure of success. As an aid of General Harrison, with the rank of Major, he performed gallant service in the battle of the Thames, being one of the foremost in the pursuit of Proctor. During that campaign an intimacy was established between the noble commander and his aid, which continued to exist through life. The people of Mason County on repeated occasions chose Governor Chambers as a representative in the State Legislature. In 1826 he was elected a member of Congress, served that and the next year and then declined a reelection. In 1835 he was rechosen, and continued a member until 1840. While in Congress he acted with the Whig party, and remained a zealous supporter of its principles and men until his death. Upon the accession of General Harrison to the Presidency, the venerable patriot offered his compatriot in arms in whose talents he placed great reliance, a foreign mission. This was declined, and subsequently, the appointment of Governor of the Territory of Iowa conferred upon him. In the exercise of his duties as Governor, and the collateral ones of Superintendent of Indian Affairs, he manifested his usual ability and prudence. He was eminently successful in pacificating the aboriginal foods to the west of Iowa, and was often honored by the Indians with gifts, tokens, &c. In 1845 Clarke succeeded him by appointment of President Polk, and with feeble health Governor C. returned to his old home in Kentucky. The last public station he filled was that of Indian Agent, while occasioned a tour to Minnesota and the purchase of a large amount of lands. This was under President Taylor, an early friend.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange.....OCT. 5.

$15,000 Ohio 6s, '86	106½	1,350 Harlem R. R.	60⅛
3,500 do. '90	109⅞	100 do	60
5,000 Penn. State 6s	96½	100 do	60⅛
10,000 do	96⅛	100 do	b60 70½
4,000 Ind'a State 5 ₱ ct.	97½	200 do	b30 70
2,000 Huds. & Mage Res.	99⅞	1040 Erie R.R.	cp 83½
1,000 Hudson New Bds	92	50 do	cp 83⅛
5 N. Indiana R.R.	120	200 do	cash 83⅞
12,000 Erie Income Bds	97⅛	50 do	cash 83⅞
1,000 do 1871	86½	50 do	cash 83⅛
15,000 do 1862	97	50 do	cash 83½
5,000 do	b60 97⅛	50 do	b30 83⅞
2,000 Hudson 1st Mtge. Bds	105½	400 Penn. Coal Co	110
270 Reading R. R.	95	450 Dauphin Coal Co	83⅛
100 do	95⅛	50 do	82⅞
250 do	94⅞	100 do	83
800 do	94	800 Cumberland Coal Co.	64
100 Stonington R. R.	57½	50 do	b10 64⅛
100 do	b60 58⅛	275 do	64⅛
70 Macon R. R.	100½	50 do	b10 64⅞
10 Hudson River Railroad	72	9 Nicaragua Transit Co.	26½
120 do	71½	150 do	26⅞
72 do	b60 71⅞	100 do	27
50 Long Island Railroad	26⅞	225 do	27⅛
200 do	26⅞	150 do	27⅛
450 do	26½	50 do	27⅞
5 Utica and Schen	158	70 Canton Co	77⅛
65 do	149	75 do	77
5 Roch. and Syracuse	121	200 Edgeworth Land Co.	b60 6⅛
50 N. A. Trust	26⅞	100 do	6⅞
7 Bank of Commerce	158	200 New Jersey Zinc	11⅞
192 Broadway Bank	113	50 Ports. D. Dock	b30 5
200 Montgomery Ext.	3⅞	300 Morris Canal	17
84 Del. & Rad. Canal	130		

SECOND BOARD.

$2,000 N. York State 5's '95	109⅛	50 Reading Railroad	61⅞
1,000 Erie Income Bonds	97	100 do	b30 61⅞
1,000 Erie Con Bds '62	97	200 do	61⅞
50 N. A. Trust	26⅞	50 Stonington Railroad	57⅞
200 do	26⅞	5 do	57⅞
200 Morris Canal	16⅞	50 do	57⅞
225 Nicaragua Transit Co.	27	50 Erie Railroad	26⅞
25 do	27⅛	1,000 do	27
50 do	27⅛	50 do	cp 27⅛
150 Cumberland Coal Co.	64⅛	200 do	cp 27⅛
100 do	64	55 do	cash 27⅞
100 do	63⅞	100 Harlem Railroad	60⅞