THE CALIFORNIA NEWS IN FULL.

ARRIVAL OF THE UNION.

FIRES IN SAN FRANCISCO.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

PASSENGERS—MARKETS—SHIP NEWS—MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

The U. S. Mail Steamship Union, Capt. R. Adams, arrived last evening from Aspinwall via Kingston. She left Aspinwall May 14, at midnight, and arrived at Port Royal, Jamaica, at 2, A.M., on 17th, having made the run in less than 51 hours. Left Kingston same day at 6, P.M., and arrived at her wharf yesterday afternoon at 5, P.M., making the run in less than six days from Kingston. Left at Aspinwall steamers Georgia and Uncle Sam, to sail next day, and British steamer Conway, to sail on the 16th for Kingston. Sailed same day, steamers Falcon and United States for New Orleans, and Crescent City for New-York. Arrived at Kingston on 17, bark Edward Cohen, of Plymouth, and schooner Canton, from Baltimore. The Uncle Sam arrived out the same day as the Union, at 4, P.M.

The health of the Isthmus is very good. No sickness of any kind existing at present.

The following persons came passengers in the steamship Union, from Aspinwall:

Edwin S. Roberts, William Wade, J. McQuie, G. Hodgetts, J. Billings, Frank N. Billings, R. Withers, Mrs. Howard, James Green, Mr. Gillie, Dr. Le Bertard, D. A. Elwell, R. Rose, A. C. Wakeman, F. G. Vibbard, J. C. L. Wadsworth, J. Mott, J. W. Dwinell, C. C. Beames, Charles Spear, L. H. Thomas, H. Hammer, W. B. Gladwin, M. L. Drew, Berford & Co.'s Messenger, William Exley, J. McCoy, H. G. Pfield, H. C. Nelson, Geo. Cushing, W. H. Hammond, A. T. Wells, A. Thompson, R. L. Lovering, Hy. Derandore, Geo. Read, J. L. Burpee, J. F. Dinckworth, L. Howard, S. Cady, D. Cross, T. Thompson, W. A. Hendricks, J. Griffith, G. Whittock, W. Goodsmith, Richard Moss, W. L. Altman, Robert Burden, Mrs. Sugg, J. Outen, F. Fegan, Geo. Knox, John Perry, J. Lovett, and 51 steerage.

The passengers per Union came through from San Francisco in 23 days and 5 hours, including stoppages.

A meeting of the passengers by the Union took place off Sandy Hook, at which resolutions were passed expressing great satisfaction with the vessel and her officers.

The specie list by the Golden City from San Francisco will be found under our commercial head.

Mr. Kelley, of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express gives the following account of the collision between the Golden Gate and another steamer on her passage to Panama:

On the morning of May 3, at 1 o'clock, a strange steamer supposed to be the Sierra Nevada, came in collison with the Golden Gate, injuring her considerably. From the crash it is supposed the stranger must have lost his whole head gear. Capt. Patterson immediately put his ship about, and ran for him 10 or 15 minutes, but as he did not stop, resumed his course again. The steamer bearing down on us was running S. W. 8 points off her course. The night was clear, and star-light and the water smooth. Before the stranger struck, Capt. P. hailed, but received no answer, nor could he perceive any person on her deck. The collision must have been the result of culpable neglect on the part of the Officers of the strange steamer.

We are indebted to Mr. Burt, Purser of the Union and to Berford & Co.'s Express for late papers.

Fires in San Francisco.

On Monday afternoon, April 25, about 3 o'clock, the alarm bells sent forth their warning peals, and the volume of smoke arising from the eastern part of the city, showed that a conflagration of no ordinary character was underway. The firemen were at once on the alert, and a great crowd moved toward the locality of the fire. The buildings destroyed were of so inflamable a character, that when once the flames they were inevitably doomed before the engines could reach the spot.

The fire broke out in a Chinese washing establishment, occupied by Woohong & Co., near the corner of Drumm-st. and California-st. wharf. This was quickly consumed, and with it the building occupied by Messrs. Robinson & Co., the Robert Burns Hotel, the house known as Macdonald's building, and three small buildings on Drumm st., tenanted by the firms of John Clark & Co., and John Woodward. Messrs. Johnson, Taylor & Co., lumber merchants, on California st. wharf, were also losers by the injuries to their stock of lumber, &c. The large coal dépôt to the eastward of the fire was only saved by the constant exertions of the fire department.

Mrs. Taylor, of the Burns Hotel, was somewhat injured by jumping out of the upper window. It was rumored that a child had been drowned or burned, but we are happy to state that the report is without foundation.

A great deal of good natured rivalry was kept up among the firemen, and some tremendous work was done at the brakes. The entire department were on the spot, and at one time there were eight streams of water going on the fire.

Mr. Charles Duane, Assistant Engineer, fell overboard from a pile of lumber while "snaking" along a hose; he was quickly withdrawn, but just in time to witness a second edition of the same mishap to two others, while one lofty looking gentleman in spectacles suddenly ceased his progressive motion and descended through a hole cut in the wharf for the admission of the hose; the crowd hurried on, and but for the exertions of two or three friends he would perhaps have not reappeared to relate his misfortune.

Had the wind been blowing as hard as usual, the fire might have done much more damage than it did. The heat extended across California-st. wharf, nearly consumed the coffee saloons opposite, and scorched the front of "George's Palace," situated on the south side of the wharf. The total loss is estimated at $21,650.

The ever vigilant Fire Department had only put the last finish on their jet hose carriages and engines, after the fire of Monday, when, at 4 o'clock on Tuesday mording, they were again called up by the quick warning notes of the various alarm bells. In an instant everybody was astir, and as a livid glare of light toward North Beach betokened the whereabouts of the conflagration, the engines were promptly on the spot. The situation of the building where the fire originated was among a nest of inflammable wooden houses and in the line of a tunnel or gorge from the hills back of the city, which served as a conductor of the smart breeze blowing at the time.

The fire originated in a small wooden building on Union-st., near the corner of Stockton-st., and, burning to the corner, passed up Stockton-st. half way to Green, and burned back as far as a small alley, known as Union place, and taking in its course Monroe's grocery store, two small wooden tenements owned by Messrs. Thomas & Ellis, Dunham's bakery, the building owned and occupied by the San Francisco Bible Society, and three small buildings pulled down by the Hook and Ladder Companies to prevent the spread of the fire. It was less than an hour from the commencement of the conflagration till the fire was extinguished.

The number of buildings burnt in this fire were five, and three were pulled down by the Hook and Ladder Companies. According to the report of the Chief Engineer, the total loss by the fire was $11,500.

On Wednesday another fire occurred, (making the third within three days) but was more promptly checked by the Fire Department than either of the others. About 10 o'clock the flames were seen issuing from the building on the south west corner of Jackson and Front-sts. They seemed to burst out all at once, and were under full headway in less than five minutes. But two or three engines were on the spot so rapidly that it seemed as if they had sprung up from under the planks of the street; and in a brief space of time twelve streams were on the fire. One can easily conceive that no conflagration could long stand such a deluge. The fire went out as quickly as it had kindled, and the energetic firemen left the scene, the admiration of the thousands that had gathered on the spot to witness their efforts.

We understand that Mr. Augustus Close rushed into the house with a fire annihilator, and applied it inside of the building simultaneously with the first stream of water that went on outside. We fancy the main credit, however, is due to the firemen. Mr. Close's arm is badly burned.

The first floor of the building was occupied by Osmer & Brother's bar-room, which firm inform us that they will lose $3,000 by the accident. The second story, where the fire originated, was occupied as sleeping rooms. The injury to the building will be about $1,500.

Some eight or ten men fell overboard during the excitement. It is supposed that one of them was drowned.

Every engine company in town had a stream upon the fire, and the apparatus from both the hook and ladder companies was in use.

One of those providential escapes which occur twice or thrice in a lifetime, was experienced on Wednesday night at the fire. On the afternoon of the fire, a gentleman from Marysville, who had been making purchases in the city for his trade, had purchased 30 boxes of powder, each containing 30 pounds. It was carted to the wharf preparatory to being shipped, by one of the up-river boats, but was left, either because it arrived too late at the landing, or because there was not room for it on board the boat. The powder was consequently piled up at the edge of the wharf, and the owner left special directions, that in case of an alarm of fire the whole should be thrown overboard. Owing to the suddenness of the alarm on this occasion, this was not done until the flames had made great headway, and at the moment when the wharf was black with people. The powder was in close proximity with the flames, and was finally sent off the wharf by the exertions of a few brave fellows who discovered the dangerous vicinity of this terrific agent. There were at the time six engines with their companies upon the wharf, besides a closely packed crowd of spectators, none of whom were cognizant of their close conjunction with death. The amount of powder was sufficient to have utterly destroyed the entire block of wooden buildings where the fire originated, and to have torn away the wharf with its load of human beings.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—An elderly man, named James Hennessy, attempted to commit suicide by drowning himself off the end of Long wharf, early on Saturday morning, April 23. Mr. Hennessy has an interesting family in the Atlantic States, to which he was about returning, but misfortune followed him, and he lost the major part of the little means he possessed to accomplish that purpose. Overcome by his calamity, and being in years, he had not the fortitude of mind necessary to battle against the frowns of fortune, but took to the bottle for relief, and in a fit of mental aberration from its use he attempted suicide. He was rescued by some persons who heard the splash.

LEGISLATIVE.—Mr. M'Means, of El Dorado, has prepared a bill providing for a gradual extension. According to his bill, the Governor, Treasurer, Controller and Secretary of State are to be a board, to be empowered to borrow money and pledge the State property in the harbor of San Francisco in payment. It is also to be held for the payment of State civil bonds. The property is to be sold as required any time during twenty years to pay the interest on the principal of the money borrowed, and also the civil bonds and interest on them as they become due. This bill is far less objectionable than any other that has yet been introduced.

THE LATE SAMUEL M. WARD.—Mr. Ward, whose decease has already been announced, was a native of East Hartford, Ct., was a graduate of Wesleyan University, Middletown, Ct., of the class of 1839; was for some years connected with the press of New-York City, being publisher of *The Emporium*, and since his arrival in California in 1849, has been a member, first of the firm of Moffatt & Co., and subsequently of that of Curtis, Perry & Ward, Assayers, of San Francisco. He died on board the brig Zoe, the day before her arrival at Honolulu—March 22—and was buried on shore. He died of consumption, a predisposition to pulmonary complaint, having undoubtedly been ripened into the dread disease by a too long and constant attention to his duties in, and consequent exposure to the noxious vapors of the assaying room.

A new city called "Crescent City," has recently sprung up on the Pacific coast, about two hundred miles north of San Francisco. Crescent City is expected to become the entrepôt for the extreme northern mines. It is being rapidly settled up.

From the Interior.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.—The El Dorado gambling saloon, in Sacramento, was on Wednesday the scene of another shooting affray. A man named Taylor, residing immediately in the rear of the El Dorado, stepped into that establishment and demanded from Washington Montgomery (a gambler) $10, which he said that individual was owing him. Montgomery denied the ownership of the money before him, and refused to pay the amount. Taylor used some insulting language, which Montgomery resented by dealing him a severe blow with his fist in the mouth. Taylor instantly ran from the El Dorado into his own house, to procure a pistol. His wife, discovering his excited manner and that he was bleeding, hastily inquired the cause. She was told by her husband, who at the same time inquired for or possessed himself of his pistol, with, as she declared, the intention of using it against Montgomery. As soon as she heard his determination, she darted out of the house, and rushing into the El Dorado, seized hold of Montgomery, who stood with his pistol ready cocked, and endeavored by persuasion and force to disarm him. In the scuffle the pistol was discharged, passing through the left hand of Mrs. Taylor, through the flesh part of one of her thighs and into the floor. Various rumors are afloat as to whether the pistol was discharged accidentally or on purpose. It is hard to conceive of any one being so cowardly as to shoot a woman, and it is therefore much the more charitable construction of the affair to believe that it was accidental, until the proofs are all brought out in the case. Taylor and Montgomery are both arrested. [Union.

EXECUTION.—Three men named Ackerman, Thompson and Stewart, were hung at Sacramento, April 29, for the murder of Jack Carroll.

Business generally was suspended, and the all-absorbing topic was the triple execution. The day opened rainy, but, at 11 o'clock, the sun was out in all his glory. The streets were crowded with pedestrians, as well as by numerous horsemen. The rain had not left the streets in as an agreeable a plight as might be wished for, but all seemed determined to see, despite the mud.

Thompson was dressed in a blue flannel shirt, black pants, belt, &c. He also wore a small black California hat. Stewart was dressed in an olive green coat, white shirt and black pants, and a hat similar to Thompson's. Ackerman wore a white shirt, black frock coat and pants. Stewart and Ackerman smoked cigars from the time they left the brig till on the scaffold.

It is stated that in Ackerman's cell were several woodcuts, and among the rest, one representing an execution, with a criminal about to be hung, attended by the Sheriff and a clergyman. Ackerman defaced it, and with a pencil made the rope appear on the clergyman's neck! Although the youngest, he was evidently the most hardened of the three.

We understand that the criminals made a full confession.

Thompson was 25 years old. He was born in Southampton, England, and has parents now living. Stewart was born in the City of Philadelphia, is but 20 years old, and has a mother living there now; has been in California about two years. Barney Ackerman was 19 years old the day previous to his sentence: he was born in Lancaster County, Pa., but went in his youth to Oswego Co., N. Y., where his parents now reside; he came from New-York City to California about a year since.

SHOOTING AT BENICIA.—On Thursday morning, the 27th ult., immediately after the House adjourned, and while many of its members, together with the Senators, were still lounging in front of the State House, two young men commenced firing at each other, causing legislators and others to seek safety within the walls of the Capitol. One of the men, named McDonald, late from one of the Northern Counties, was shot, the ball entering his neck a little left of the windpipe and just below the apple. The wounded man is now lying in the Solano Hotel. The primary cause of the quarrel is said, by Brown, (who shot McDonald,) to be a Signorita.

Brown has been examined and put under bonds of $1,200. He gave bail, and is now at large. McDonald is recovering.

FIRE IN SAN JOSE.—At 5½ o'clock on Friday morning the 29th ult, the Court House, formerly the State House in San Jose, was discovered to be on fire, and in a very short time the building was entirely destroyed. The loss is about $5,000. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. When it was first discovered, a box of coals was seen under the floor, and the supposed object was to rescue several prisoners who are now in the jail which adjoins the Court House. The purpose, however, was not attained; the thick adobes of the old jail were fire-proof. The county records were all saved.

Mining Intelligence.

GOLD IN THE COAST RANGE—COLUSA MINES.—Rich and extensive placer diggings have been discovered on the east side of the Coast Range, and about fifty-five miles west of Colusa. The discovery was made by a company of prospectors, composed of Messrs. Hill, Pike, Alexander, White, and Smith—mostly old miners, and a part of them citizens of Colusa. Messrs. Alexander and Pike have mined about Nevada, and they declare they have never met anything there so promising.

The valley in which the gold was discovered run up into the mountain to where the snow is now lying on the ground. Water is plenty for sluicing or toming, and promises, as most of it is from springs in the valley, to last all summer. They found no place where the dirt did not pay, from the surface to the bed rock, on an average, six cents to the pan.

Every one in Colusa, who can get away, is either gone or going to the new Colusa diggings. Mr. Pike says they prospected ground enough to furnish *thirty thousand claims* thirty feet square. As soon as bridges can be built over the sloughs a road will be opened to the diggings. Mr. Hill is moving his family there, and has taken cloth for a large tent. It is anticipated that a mining town will grow up there as soon as the road is fairly opened.

This discovery opens up a new gold region, heretofore unexplored; considered, in fact, valueless as a mining region, and may lead to the final discovery that the Coast Range is as rich in gold deposits as the Sierra Nevada. If there is gold in our valley, in such rich abundance, we may reasonably conclude that the eastern slope of the Coast Range abounds in such valleys. The extent of the mineral wealth of California is as yet comparatively unknown to her citizens. Years and years may pass, and then the half will not have been told or discovered.

In regard to the above, *The Sacramento Journal* remarks:

The report of new placer diggings having been discovered on the head waters of Cache Creek, in the coast range, has given rise to considerable talk, and created some little excitement among the adventurous. We have heard several declarations of intention to visit them, and should they prove what they are represented, it will turn out to be one of the most important discoveries yet made. The coast range of mountains is intersected with numerous and most inviting valleys, offering every inducement for agriculture; and if, in addition to this, there be plenty of gold, in a short time the miner can luxuriate upon all the productions of the farm, raised at his very door. It will be remembered that a similar rumor reached us through Colusa, some time since, in reference to coast range diggings, but was never confirmed. It may be that the present report may also lack foundation. There are some great wags in and about Colusa, to our certain knowledge.

THE WASHINGTON QUARTZ COMPANY.—Mr. Fehley, of this Company, exhibited to us during the week, a large mass of gold, a fraction less than 15 pounds, the result of the labor of six men for eight days. At present they have but six stampers in operation, and these much worn. In a few weeks the Company will have twelve additional stampers at work, when we expect to record facts in regard to the richness of this lead, that will astonish operators in quartz generally. Another pleasant fact about this lead is, that it is inexhaustible—or at least, that it cannot be dug out for many years. A shaft has already been sunk more than fifty feet, and thus far it has gradually increased in richness. From the surface of the hill to the depth of some thirty or forty feet, the vein gradually decreased to a width of about two feet, when it commenced slowly expanding, which it continues to do at the present depth. They have got to go about 350 feet before they reach the level of the creek, while the vein has been traced on the opposite side of the hill for a distance greater than 600 feet.

COLUMBIA.—One of the Collectors of the miners' tax of this county, in the short space of five days, has collected upward of $1,700, and this, too, it must be recollected at the worst season of the year, when a majority of the miners are prospecting for summer diggings. The most of them pay the additional dollar without the slightest hesitation when the law is clearly explained to them.

NUGGET BLUFF.—At this place, the mines are doing better than usual—making from twenty to thirty dollars per day to the hand. Some of the claims have yielded an almost incredible amount of dust. Three men took out $3,600 in one day. The labor in opening a claim is severe and the expense heavy; but after a claim is once opened, it amply repays for the trouble and expense. Claims are valued at a round sum, and few are induced to part with one at any price.

New and rich hill diggings have been discovered a short distance north of the famous Marmalake Hill, supposed to be a continuation of the same lead. Companies are forming for the purpose of tunneling it, and the claimants are sanguine of success. The hill is nearly all claimed, and high prices are asked for them.

AUBURN.—A heavy rain fell on Sunday last, more copious than any during the rainy season. Rich diggings have been struck on the flat near the bar—the first pailfull yielded $15·27, and a bucket full paid $20.

NEVADA.—*The Journal* says they have a complex mixture of weather the past week—hail, rain and sunshine. A correspondent of that paper gives most encouraging accounts of the agricultural prospects in Bear River Valley.

The Miners' Advocate says that business is quite brisk in the neighborhood of Greenwood Valley and mining operations are being carried on extensively. Since November last a large amount of dust has been taken out. The late rains have benefited the miners on Manhattan Creek considerably. $92 was washed out of one bucket of dirt on the flat at the junction of Empire Canon and Manhattan Creek.

MOKELEMNE HILL.—This year there will be an amount of gold will be dug out of our hills greater than ever experienced. The benefits conferred on miners by the construction of canals will be fully realized, and their success not only as a remunerative outlay of capital, but as the great source of improvements throughout the State will be duly appreciated. In no place is that success more apparent than in the southern part of Calaveras Co. [Chronicle.

BUTTE CITY.—Here we have a large and prosperous camp. With a most extensive field for labor, and abundance of water at hand, good wages are easily obtained. The late improvements are maintained, and, although there seemed a mania for building, every house is occupied, and a large business is transacted by the dealers and boarding houses—an unfailing sign of good times. The ground is rich, uniform in its yield, and a man can realize from ten to twelve dollars a day without fail. [Chronicle.

LAND SLIDE.—On Carson Hill a large dip has been formed by the sliding down of the earth. Some deep holes had been sunk, and the banks of the creek, now being sluiced down, gave way, which caused the earth on the hill to part company and make a rush for the bed of the creek. [Chronicle.

☞ Rain commenced falling on Saturday night a week ago at Mokelumne Hill, which continued on Sunday in a perfect torrent. We have had heavy showers every day since, and the weather is still cold and unsettled. [Chronicle.

☞ In Greenwood Valley, *The Miners' Advocate* states, business is brisk. A large amount of dust has been taken out, and miners are generally doing well.

At Manhattan Creek there has been plenty of rain. Miners have been engaged sluicing top dirt, which pays from $5 to $8 per day. The bottom dirt pays much better.

Messrs John C. Barnett & Co. discovered rich diggings on Tuesday, 19th inst., on the flat near Rattlesnake Bar, Placer County. The first pan, after washing down, paid $15. Other claims in the neighborhood are paying well.

The stockholders of the South Fork Canal are enjoying a partial realization of their long indulged hopes. Water is now being conveyed in aqueducts over the most stupendous cañons.

At Kingsville miners are prospering.

A good deal of sickness exists among the various bands of Indians in the country surrounding Placerville.

At Winter's Bay considerable excitement has been created by the discovery of rich deep diggings. Water is convenient, and everybody seemed anxious to get a chance at them.

Good wages are obtained at Butte City. A mania for building exists, and each house is occupied as soon as erected.

At Columbia, Springfield, Gold Springs, Shaw's Flat, Yankee Hill, Santiago, Summit Pass, Experimental Gulch, Marinas and Brown's Flat, and every other placer in this vicinity, they are doing as well as in any other section of the mining region.

Three miners at Jackass Gulch lately struck a quartz vein, from which, for a week past, they have taken out from three to five pounds of pure gold per day.

A company of four men, working at the head of Wood's Creek, have a claim from which they have been averaging $60 to the hand per day since the 1st of March, ult.

At French Gulch, Messrs. Coty & Co. took out of their claim a lump of quartz gold which weighed six pounds—two thirds of it pure gold. A company of Frenchmen, in the same gulch, took out of their claim in one day $1,700. Mr. John Randall was killed in his claim in the gulch on Wednesday, by the falling of the bank. He was formerly of St. Louis, and was about thirty years of age.

From the South.

We have received news from San Diego up to the 16th ult. *The San Diego Herald* of that date has the following items:

FROM THE COLORADO.—The Government train which arrived here lately from the river, reports that a very large immigration is still flocking in by way of the Gila, from Sonora. They are mostly destitute of food and clothing or the means to procure the same. Should this tide of immigration continue in the ratio it has for the last month or six weeks, we think that some Legislative action for their relief ought to be procured, as it is not good policy for the State that we, in the southern portion of it, should be burthened with paupers who only require immediate assistance to enable them to procure the necessary means of subsistence, and thus stimulate them to an honorable means of procuring a livelihood under this the brightest constellation of our national flag. Harrassed and persecuted as they have been by their natural enemies, the Apaches, they now seek our protection, and the surest way to avert crime is to remove the necessitative cause of it. We learn that the Yumas have been stealing some sheep that were on their way to the upper country.

LOWER CALIFORNIA.—From a private source we are informed that the insurgent party are collecting all the Indians together that they can, and arming them to the best of their power. What their intentions may be it is impossible to conjecture; but, if our informant is correct, they must have some object in view—whether it is aggressive or defensive, remains to be proven. If the former, they will find a very warm time, especially if they cross the frontier.

INDIAN MURDER.—A fracas occurred last week between some of the San Luis Rey Indians, in which an old Indian named Pablo was murdered. We have not learned the particulars of this occurrence, save that one of the parties implicated shortly afterward stripped himself, and, after rending his shirt, formed with it a means of suspense whereby he hung himself by the neck at the nearest tree till dead—doubtless having a merciful consideration for our county finances. The other has been taken, and is now in custody of the sheriff.

A poll tax of $6, or three days labor, has been assessed on each male adult of San Diego County, to construct a good wagon road to Temecula Valley. Considerable dissatisfaction seems to be manifested in the matter.

Married.

April 23, Mr. Thompson to Miss Dodge, all of San Francisco.

At Mokelumne Hill, April 21, Mr. Daniel C. Lamphear to Mary Ann, eldest daughter of Mr. John Healy, of Mokelumne Hill, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y.

In Marysville, April 21, Mr. John Mathers to Miss Virginia E. Goodrich, both of that city.

At the Galena House, on the road to Foster's Bar, on Wednesday, April 20, Major P. G. Sanders, of that city, to Mrs. Nancy A. Ward, late of Sacramento City, and daughter of Gov. Dodge, of Wisconsin.

At San Luis Obispo, on the 24th of April, Capt. Frederick Hibbard, of steamer Sea Bird, to Miss Ramona, eldest daughter of Capt. John Wilson, of San Luis Obispo.

In San Francisco, April 23, Mr. John G. Gimmy to Miss Anna M. Ginther, of San Francisco.

In Santa Cruz, April 15, Mr. James Taylor to Mrs. Margaret Higgins, all of Santa Clara County.

In Tuomalas, April 15, Mr. Thomas B. Miller to Miss Mary A. King, both of Sonoma County.

At the residence of F. E. Kelloggs, in Napa Valley, April 19, Mr. W. J. Marsh, formerly of Gouverneur, St. Lawrence County, N. Y., to Miss Maria P. Smith, of Wolcott, Wayne County, N. Y., and late of Plainfield, Ill.

In Benecia, on the 7th April, Wm. C. Bryant to Miss Mary Frisbee, all of that place.

At the Arroza Rancho, on the 2d April, Mr. T. S. Herefird, merchant of Los Angeles, to Miss Ann C., daughter of the late Richard Jenkins, of Circleville, Ohio.

In Oregon, Mr. Joseph Nichols, late of Illinois, to Mrs. Ann Hogian, late of Iowa.

In Oregon, on April 8, Mr. H. Marshal Yancy to Huldah White.

In Oregon, April 7, Mr. Wm. Blackstone to Miss Laura A. Palmateer, both of Washington County.

In Oregon, March 24, Francis Manning to Miss Mary Jane Smith, both of Marion County.

In Marysville April 21, John Matthews to Miss Virginia E. Goodrich.

In Stockton April 20, William S. Belden to Miss Elizabeth C. Allen, both of French Camp.

In same place at same time, Eben C. Allen to Miss Isabel Lansing, both of French Camp.

At Fremont, Yolo County, April 17, Harrison Meacham to Miss Melissa Jane Stuart, both of Fremont.

At Shaw's Flat, April 5, Charles W. Welch to Mrs. Ann Tipton, both of that place.

In Sacramento, April 20, Mr. Wm. E. Miller to Miss Augusta May, both of Christian Valley, Placer Co.

In Auburn, April 21, by Judge H. A. Scofield, Mr. Chesterfield Jackson, of Millertown, to Miss Caroline Robason, of Auburn.

At Sonora, 23d April, by Rev. Mr. Harmon, James P. Clough to Mary J. Wheelock, all of Sonora.

In San Jose, April, 19, Burr F. McPherson to Mary E. Fann.

At Mokelumne Hill, on the 21st inst., Daniel C. Lamphear and Miss Mary Ann Healy.

Died,

At Secret Diggings, Placer Co., April 9, Mr. Frederick A. Boughton of New-York, aged 23.

At Rich Gulch, near Cedarville, April 1, Mr. John Robinson, aged 27, son of Hon. Elisha J. Robinson, of Jackson Co., Mich.

On the 24th Sept., 1852, at his house on his claim in Marion Co., Oregon Territory, François Revet, at the age of 56 years. He was born in the parish of Saint Sulpice, Lower Canada. He was one of the first white men who came to this Territory with Lewis and Clark, and left them on their return to the east side of the Rocky Mountains, where he followed his former occupation as a trapper.

In San Francisco, April 21, Bermah A. Mason, formerly of Swanzy, R. I., aged about 26 years.

At Howe's Steam Mill, April 19, Levi Edgar, aged 6 years, son of James S. and Clementina M. Howe.

At sea, on board bark Equator, Feb. 16, of scurvy, Jos. Cornish, of Schnectady, N.Y., aged 31 years.

April 29, at his residence in Honolulu, of Dropsy, Capt. Jos. Maughan, late Harbor Master, aged 52 years.

Killed by a whale in Marguerite Bay, Jan. 28th, Daniel Carpenter, a boat-steerer on board whaleship James Maury. He was a Narragansett native.

Drowned, near Grey Eagle City, on the 8th April, Benj. Pulver.

On board steamer Oregon, on the passage from Panama to San Francisco, April 17, Jacob Beyer, a native of Prussia, aged 21 years. April 26, Peter Thomsen, a native of Denmark, and an old resident of California, aged 25; April 27, Mr. S. H. Bunnell, of the State of Michigan, aged 27 years; April 12, lost overboard, Lewis Smith, a native of Norway, deck hand on board the Oregon, aged about 25.

In Sacramento, on the 20th April, Mrs. Rachel Davis, aged 51 years, of a general dropsy.

In Sonoma, on the 15th April, of apoplexy, M. Levendroski, a native of Poland, aged about 60 years. Mr. L. served under Napoleon Bonaparte, and was in the Russian campaign of 1812. He subsequently served a number of years in the U. S. army; was at the Seminole and Mexican wars, and had lately discharged here.

On board brig Zoe, on her passage from San Francisco to Honolulu, Samuel Ward, of the firm of Curtis, Perry & Ward, of this city.

On Manhattan Creek, at the Four Mile Mount, April 14, Wm. Luce, aged about 45 years.

Drowned in Fifty River, April —, John Lee, formerly of Iowa.

In San Francisco, April 26, John Kelly, aged 27 years.

At St. Catharines, Dec. 27, 1852, Miss E. H. Nute, aged 27 years, of Lincoln—a passenger on bark Gold Hunter, from Bangor, Me., for San Francisco.

On the 19th March, at his house on his claim in the vicinity of Champoeg, Marion County, O. T., Etienne Lucierre, about 80 years of age, from Canada.

At sea, three days from San Francisco, Capt. Thorp, of schooner Laurella, late of Baltimore.

Interments in San Francisco for two weeks ending April 23.—April 16—W. Robertson, Pennsylvania, 28; Joseph Woods, Jr., N. Y., 2; Thomas Prisner, Germany, 32.

April 18—Charles Mastbonne, N. Y., 36; F. Langston, Glasgow, 28; James Dyson, New-Yorkjen, 27; Jeannette Lengire, Concord, N. H., 34; James H. Babcock; Spanish child, 7; Ralph Wright, Iowa, 7.

April 19———Carpentier, France, 49?; Bernard Murphy, San Jose?; Sarah Ann Paige, Boston, 34?; Sarah Ann Paige, do., 8?; Ella E. Westfall, 1; Franklin Bosworth, N. O.?; Francis H. Macomber, N. Y., 27?; Miss J. B. Winlock, Scotland, 59?; John S. Bradbury, Guilford, N. Y., 56?; Caleb Wheser, do., 26?; Jeremiah Van Buren, Greenland, N. Y., 16?; Noah Ripley, New-Yorkjen, N. Y., 50?; Mrs. Ripley, (wife of above) 56?; Sarah F. Ripley, 9 years 10 mos.?; Charles E. Ripley, 8 years 3 mos.?, and Annie F. Ripley, 6 years 10 mos.? children of the above; Adolph Bohn, Germany, 5?; A. Beaudichon, France, 35?; Mrs. A. Beaudichon, do., 30?; Charles Beaudichon, 4?; Blanche Beaudichon, 1?; Mrs Charles Emerson?; L. F. Drake, Portage Co., Ohio, 29?; Chas. White, San Jose, 45?; John Brady, N. O., 25?; N. Coturan, Panama, 35.

April 13—Thomas Bell, San Jose, 29; Preston Warfield, N. Y., 46; C. A. Shelton, San Jose?; Jas. Hawkins, Geneva, N. Y., 30; Edward A. Gosse, Paris, 5; Unknown man; Poplaski, Poland, 30; Francis White, Ireland, 50.

April 14—James Maurice Stebbins, 4 years 6 months; W. Rollinson, Jr., Wisconsin, 2 years 8 months; John O'Neil, Kentucky, 24; Morris Desmond, Ireland, 25.

April 15—John M. Hyzs Maine, 43; J. Turner, Conn., 35; William Bell, Wisconsin, 27?; C. E. A. Behn, Germany, 35.

April 16—Peter Nelson, Denmark, 30; John Tillbridge, Conn., 36; J. A. Cost, Virginia, 42; E. H. Horton, 14; Mary A. Gourlin, 5.

April 17—Thomas B. Golden, Patterson, N. J., 26?; Lysander Ripley, Boston, 38; Bridget O'Connor, San Francisco, 7 months; Joseph, Azore Islands, 15 years; J. B. Hoppe, San Jose, 37?; J. Managan, Manchester, Eng., 30; Wm. Hannock, Prussia, 24; Jennie J. Herron, Pittsburgh, Pa., 17 months.

April 18—Mary Bigley, New-York, 2; C. H. Squire, England, 21; F. Moyer, New-York, 28; Jose Cafre, Chile, 25.

April 19—R. A. Wyman, Indiana, 36?; G. F. Ledderman, Germany, 15 years.

April 20—John Kelly, Ireland, 27; Bept'ste Roberty, France, 44.

April 21—Wm. Degna, New-York, —.

April 22—B. A. Mason, Rhode Island, 26; Maria Haley, St. Louis, 7.

April 23—Wm. Yeardley, London, 42; Lucie Care, Mass., 54; J. D. Greenman, R. I., 42; Two Chinamen and one Chinawoman.

* Killed by the explosion of the Jenny Lind.

Review of the Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, April 29, 1853.

There has been moderate activity in general business since our last, but without much deviation from the prices then ruling. The seaward arrivals have been comparatively few, and the cessation of certain imports has created an improved feeling with regard to corresponding supplies; much more perhaps in some instances than strictly warranted, as the fact is apt more or less to be overlooked that heavy supplies of almost every merchantable article usually in requisition here are on the way to this port, and many of them due. Still there is reasonable ground for the anticipation of a considerably improved business, with an improvement in the value of a few articles.

DRY GOODS.—We have no occasion to change our quotations for Dry Goods, Hosiery, Clothing, &c. The demand continues quite limited, and the supply abundant—scarcely any description, particularly of the first named, paying a profit, and many not paying cost. Seasonable Hosiery is paying a small profit. Blankets almost nominal. Clothing about pays cost and charges, averaging all descriptions. Silks, Crapes, &c, afford a slight margin for profit.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Stock very large and greatly disproportionate to the demand, as auction sales indicate. Receipts per Phantom, 1,115 cases.

MINING TOOLS IRON, NAILS, &c.—The supply is large and more than adequate to the demand. We quote jobbing rates as follows: Ames's long handled bright Shovels, $20 ⅌ dozen; do. do. do. short handled do. $15; Rowland's and King's long handled bright do., $18; Rowland's Spades, bright, $13; Collins's Axes $14 ⅌ dozen; Tin Plate, ⅌ box, 12 @15; Block Tin, $35; Sheet Lead, 9c.; Lead Pipe, 10c.; Copper Sheeting, 40c.; Zinc Sheeting, 10c. ⅌ lb; Shot, assorted, $2 25 ⅌ bag; Cut Nails, assorted, 5½@6c. ⅌ lb; Scotch Pig Iron, 40@45 ⅌ ton; Swedish Bar Iron, 6c ⅌ lb; Refined American Bar, 5@5½; do. English do., 5@5½c.; Merchant Bar, 4½@5c.; Cast Steel, 12c.; German do., 6@7c., &c., &c. Received per Shovels, 22 pkgs; Axes, 42 boxes; Tin Plate, 222 cs.; Sheet Lead, 79 pkgs; Shot 63 bags; Nails, 1,446 kegs; Iron, 51 pkgs, sheet, 19 Plates, 3,429 bars, 939 bundles; Steel, 153 boxes; Picks, 72 do.; Handles, 20 cases; Hammers, 17 pkgs.

DRUGS, PAINTS, &c.—Supply of medicines very large, and demand entirely inadequate. There is no change in the current rates. Paints, Window Glass, &c., are in fair request at last quoted figures, except Spirits of Turpentine, which has further advanced and is in demand at $1 17½@$1 20 ⅌ gallon, the last sales being at the latter-named figure. Received of Drugs 61 pkgs; Window Glass 49 boxes.

LUMBER.—Building materials generally are less firm, on account of the great scarcity of money, and the consequent repression of building improvements. Oregon and Humboldt Lumber is selling by the cargo at $50@$55 ⅌ M.; Eastern remains unchanged. White Pine, clear, $85@$90; do. do., do., tongued and grooved, $75; Albany do. do., same; do. do., do., square edged, $65@$70; Laths, $60; Shingles, $3 ⅌ M. Received of Oregon and Domestic, 773,254 feet; Eastern, 500 pieces; Laths, 90 M.

COAL.—The market continues depressed. Cargo sales of Lackawana at $12, Lehigh at $15 ⅌ ton, and West Hartley on private terms. Last cargo of English and Welch at $23@$25 ⅌ ton. Received 523 tons.

FURNITURE.—There is a moderate business doing at a profit of about 50 ⅌ cent. Ansuction sale of 100 cases damaged, ex Dacotah, brought about New-York cost, which was considered its full value. Received 118 packages.

LIQUORS.—There is no change worthy of especial note.

FLOUR.—Additions to the stock during the week have been equal to 3,250 bbls. only. Receipts of the month thus far, 40,250 bbls. Additional shipments from Atlantic ports, as far as reported, for the week previous to the date of last advices, equal to 2,907 bbls. Probable amount of stock in the country 115,000 bbls. On the way to this port, as far as known, 94,777 bbls. The market continued much depressed until Tuesday, when a speculative effort was commenced, and prices rallied materially. The sales of the week had been, previous to the time mentioned, about 2,000 parcels Chile, in half and quarter s s, at $9 50@$10 50 ⅌ 200 lb; 1,000 bbls. mixed brands, uninspected, in lots, at $7 37½@$7 50 ⅌ bbl; 500 do. do. do. at $8; 800 do. do. at $8@$8 50, and 500 do. Haxall at $10@$10 25 ⅌ bbl. Round lots of Gallego and Hazall were offered on Monday at $9 75 ⅌ barrel, but without finding purchasers. On Tuesday, however, parties entered the market, and brought up some 6,000 barrels Gallego and Hazall, in lots, at $9 75@$10 ⅌ bbl., in consequence of which holders became more firm, and the latter figure was refused at the close.