Business Notices.

KNOX FALL STYLE HATS are now ready, and create quite a sensation in the world of fashion. His new style is elegantly fashioned, showing that originality of taste and design so very desirable to all those who appreciate a beautiful, easy, and graceful Hat. KNOX Hats are not only the most superb article in the market, but they are cheap as the cheapest. Price only $4. Call at No. 128 Fulton-st, and see them.

MATCHLESS.—In material, style, and manufacture. The Hats of KNOX & JAMES may, with propriety, be styled "matchless," for of all the productions of the season we think their's and unsurpassed and unapproachable. Their establishment is on the corner of Broadway and Spring-st, and their price is but $4.

GENTLEMEN'S HATS, FALL STYLES.—BIRD, cor. Pine and Nassau-sts.—Our customers and the public are respectfully informed that the style of Hats for the ensuing season will be introduced on THURSDAY, Sept. 1st. Acknowledging no superior in the department of taste, skill and workmanship, we offer our fabrics with full confidence that they combine all the requisites of a perfect Hat.
BIRD, cor. Pine and Nassau-sts.

RAFFERTY & LEASK having issued the Fall Fashion for Gentlemen's Hats, invite their customers and the public to examine the same. R. & L. are the inventors and introducers of the Daguerrean Hat, which will be sold at their usual low prices, giving each purchaser a beautiful Daguerreotype Likeness without additional charge. RAFFERTY & LEASK, No. 57 Chatham-st., opposite Chambers-st., and cor. Chatham and Pearl-sts.

HOSIERY AND UNDER-GARMENTS.—Attention is invited to the stock of the old established
NEW-YORK STOCKING AND UNDER-GARMENT FACTORY,
No. 104 Bowery.
Hosiery by the case, dozen, or single pair. A single call will satisfy any one that this is the best place to obtain these articles. Those not satisfied with their purchases can, at any time, return the goods and have their money. A. RANKIN & Co.,
Hosiers.

GENIN'S BAZAAR, No. 513 BROADWAY, (ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.)—This day, the 6th inst., a superb assortment of Children's Hood Dresses, and of Infants', Boys', and Youth's Clothing, will be opened at the above establishment. Its various departments comprise a full and fashionable assortment of Children's Hood Dresses, Infants', Boys', and Youths' Clothing, Ladies' and Misses' Bonnets, Beauty and Gloves, Embroideries, Fancy Fans, Ladies' and Children's Shoes, and every variety of Fancy Articles suitable for presents.
GENIN'S BAZAAR, No. 513 Broadway.
GENIN, Hatter, No. 214 Broadway.

NEW SONG.—Pychowski, the great Polish composer, has just completed his last New Song, entitled "The Hills and the Highlands Forever I Love," which will be ready for sale To-MORROW. Published by HORACE WATERS, No. 333 Broadway.
The great Piano-Forte and Music Establishment.

RICH CARPETING.—SMITH & LOUNSBERRY, No. 148 Pearl-st, are now prepared to exhibit their Fall Style, comprising a complete and desirable assortment of Fine Velvet, Tapestry, Brussels, Three-ply, and Ingrain Carpetings. Also, a choice stock of English and American Oil Cloths from 2 to 24 feet wide, and all other goods pertaining to the trade, all of which they are offering at prices that challenge competition.

CARPETINGS.—PETERSON & HUMPHREY, No. 379 Broadway, have received and are now opening their fall style of rich and elegant Carpetings, imported expressly for city trade, consisting of rich "Honiton" Carpet, (in one entire carpet, Medallion, Center and Lozenges Border, surpassing any carpet ever in this country) Medallion Velvet, Moquet, Axminster Tapestry and Brussels Carpets, and all grades of ingrain Carpeting, usually found in Carpet Stores. Also, Oil Cloths, in great variety, for sale on the most liberal terms.

STRAWBERRIES.—Strawberry beds planted now will bear abundantly next spring. Plants now ready in nearly all, and variety, the most complete collection in the country, including many new and very large and late sorts recently received from Europe. Descriptive priced catalogues gratis. Plants carefully packed for any express or post office address. Carriage paid to New-York. Address R. M. WATSON, old Colony Nurseries, Plymouth, Mass.

Housekeepers and all others in want of Bedding, Bedsteads, &c., would do well to call at M. WHITMARSH'S established warerooms, No. 16 Chatham-st, corner of Mulberry-st, where may be found the largest assortment of articles in his line ever offered to the public.

DR. POWELL, Oculist, Aurist, &c., receives his patients from 9 to 4 o'clock, daily, at his office, No. 291 Broadway, where can be procured the "Treatise on the Eye" and also artificial Eye-ball Eye Protectors. Artificial Eyes inserted without the slightest pain, which move exactly like the natural eye, and resemble it in color and expression.

The sale of PERHAM'S Gift Tickets commences to-day at Clinton Building, No. 309 Broadway. Wilson's Piano store, No. 385 Broadway; Jewett's Music store, No. 308 Broadway; Hall & Son's Music store, Broadway. Tickets 25c. good for four adventures to Fever Able Sliver, and the share in 100,000 dollars. See large advertisement.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF VALUABLE NEW-BRIGHTON REAL ESTATE.—The attention of our readers is particularly called to the peremptory sale (known as the Hoyt Estate) advertised to take place very shortly. Lots of Ground, Dwelling Houses, built in the most modern style, together with eleven desirable lots, to be sold under the direction of J. Q. Dickinson, Esq. late Sheriff of Richmond Co., Staten Island, THIS DAY, on the ground, by ALBERT H. NICHOLS, Auctioneer. The beautiful property located about midway between the New Brighton and Quarantine Ferries, and in the immediate vicinity of the spacious residences of D. Vanderpoel, Matthew Thomas, and John C. Greene, Esqs., and within the enclosure of which the property is situated. This is a chance rarely offered, not which, as the property is situated on the Kill Von Kull, a point of elevation commanding almost exclusively, the finest prospect to be found within twenty-five miles of the City of New-York. Fifty per cent of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage for a term of years. For full particulars we refer to the advertisement of the Auctioneer in another column.

FOWLERS & WELLS, Phrenologists and Publishers, Clinton Hall, No. 131 Nassau-st., New-York.

FIRE AT THE CATHARINE FERRY—ONE MORE TRIUMPH OF RICH'S SAFE.—The following certificate is a specimen of what are being almost daily received by Stevens & Marvin:
CATHARINE FERRY, BROOKLYN, 6th Sept., 1853.
MESSRS. STEVENS & MARVIN, No. 146 Water-st., New-York—Gentlemen: At the destruction of our ferry house by fire last night, your Safe was of essential service to us, having preserved our cash books and papers in perfect order, excepting the leather backs, and glued in the backs of the books being softened by the steam from the Safe under. An Iron Safe, bought from another party, that stood near yours, was destroyed. Send us a Safe of same dimensions as the ferry this afternoon so that our books may be in it by tax night. We send you the Safe to show to the numerous inquiring community—its value to prove what it has passed through.
Yours, respectfully, SMITH & BURLEY.
P. S.—We herewith send you a mass of metal, consisting of silver coin and ink pins, fused together by the fire near your Safe.
A large assortment of Safes always on hand at the depot No. 146 Water-st., and at the factory, corner of Avenue A and E. Marx-place. STEVENS & MARVIN, No. 146 Water-st., New-York.
The only makers in the United States of Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes with the Rich improvement, and the sole owners of the patent for Taylor's World's Fair Lock.

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM SCALES.—Long known, universally tested, and approved, the above celebrated Scales are sold only at FAIRBANK'S, No. 189 Water-st.

SEWING MACHINES.—Mr. J. B. WICKERSHAW, the manufacturer, has entered the beautiful iron work about the Exhibition Stand of I. M. SINGER & Co. at the Crystal Palace, for competition, as the most finished production of his art; but inasmuch as it is, it is hardly worthy to display SINGER'S admirable sewing Machines, which are making a sensation in the world. Call at 323 Broadway, and see the Machines so extensively exhibited and of so different a character.
I. M. SINGER & Co., No. 323 Broadway.

DEFIANCE SALAMANDER SAFES—GAYLER'S PATENT.—ROBERT M. PATRICK is the sole Manufacturer in the United States of the three celebrated Salamander Safes of P. C. GAYLER, Improved Patent, four Locks—the best Safes and Locks combined in the world. Depot No. 192 Pearl-st, one door below Maiden-lane, formerly in John-st.

SEWING MACHINES.—A machine surpassing beyond comparison all others and doing work far superior to any hitherto done by machinery, and to the best hand sewing, may be seen at our store, No. 94 Chamberst. GROVER, BAKER & Co.

HAIR DYE AND WIGS.—BATCHELOR'S Manufactory for these articles is removed to No. 233 Broadway, opposite the Park, where he will continue to make the best manufactory in the world for the application of his unique Hair Dye, and the sale of his newly invented Wigs and Toupees. Nine private rooms all on one floor.

D. T. LOVETT'S WAIFRENE.—No Lady's toilet is complete without it. It not only changes sere hair to live total appearance, but cures and prevents baldness, eradicates scurf, dandruff and all other diseases of the scalp. Prepared only at No. 444 Chamberst. It is also remarkable for all the other purposes. Depot as above.

Bald heads will soon disappear by the use of BARKER'S CHEVAUXTONIQUE. This wonderful preparation acts like a charm upon the hair, causing it to grow when everything else has failed. One application will prevent its falling out. Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold every where. Principal depot BARKER'S Ladies' Hair Dressing Saloon, No. 439 Broadway.

WIGS, TOUPEES AND HAIR DYE.—The largest and best assortment of Wigs and Toupees, are the celebrated Hungarian, manufactured by HENRY GARDNER, Hatter, No. 2 Warren-st. Nine private rooms for fitting on Wigs, and applying his celebrated Water or Tinctures. Hot, Cold and shower Baths. Gold in Dollars.

COME TO THE POINT, SKEPTICS.—If you challenge the assertion that CHEVALIER'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE makes a natural black or brown on the instant, in a delicate, and without injuring the hair, let the experiment be made by your friends, and its results guaranteed. See and believe. Sold and applied to private rooms at CHEVALIER'S, No. 6 Astor House.

COUNSEL FOR THE FEEBLE AND INDIGNANTS.—SUGGESTIONS FOR THE HEALTH.—HOOFLAND'S ENGLISH GERMAN CORDIAL.—The great medicinal virtues of this well known and much approved remedy, introduced by Dr. M. Hoofland, continue to be received and cherished, has become so well known throughout this country and Europe that no physician who reads the testimonials would ever think of using any other bitters. It is extraordinary properties so much of its merits have been tested by the most eminent men of the country.

To all sinners, and without designing to create undue alarm, we would remind the reader of the fable, the sick man "answer's warning bell," in upon us; that the death upon the arrows of mortality is increasingly invisible, and that, without the helpers, we are all liable to stay among a delicate wife and children, and without warning, sinking into the deadly embrace of consumption; many a parent sinking down under the pressure of mental and physical exertion, or slow disease, must be consigned to the silent abodes of death before another summer shall bring fresh blossoms to the tree.

Not about the healthy explore the means of fortifying the constitution. Our climate hurries down the unsuspecting victim in every summer; yet by the use of the proper invigorant, the system and nervous system may be so braced up, and the digestive powers so thoroughly and permanently restored, that neither sudden changes of temperature, nor unusual exertion, nor the most sedentary application to study, physical exertion, nor the most depressing effects of thought or care, in which either the mind or body are wearied, disturb the equilibrium of the system. This is the season during which the system should require the necessary stock of vigor for the exhausting summer months.

Especially should ladies who suffer from hysteria, depression of spirits, bodily weakness, headache, nervous irritation, weakness, extreme horizontal, or any of those diseases or disorders attendant to a derangement of the system, resort to this agreeable and complete, physiological application of the tonic, to invigorate and strengthen the relaxed physique by a course of this Cordial in advance of the prostrating heat of July and August.

It is put up highly concentrated in pint bottles, with the name blown in the glass, and sold for $6 per bottle, two dollars a half dozen. C. H. RING, General Agent, No. 102 Broadway, New-York, to whom all orders must be addressed. Prepared only by Dr. M. Hoofland's Vitrealing Cordial, as there is no imitation article of same name.

R. R. R.—SCROFULA.—The public should know that unfavorable changes in the human system as shown within one week or ten days in all ordinary cases, that the remedy they take is ineffectual. Each of the R. R. R. remedies are prompt; they act instantly. In most cases of scrofula RADWAY'S Resolving Resolvent exhibits a favorable change in the sores, and the patient will in a few days find that the Resolvent is actually producing a cure in the body. So with Chronic Sores, Tumors, Nodes, Blotches, Mercurial Deposits. All such foul and foreign matters are quickly resolved, and the human system renovated from its presence by R. R. Resolvent.

In cases of Rheumatism, RADWAY'S Ready Relief will stop the excruciating pains in five minutes, and five steady people who have been crippled for years, can walk with easy in two hours after using it.

For Dyspepsia, RADWAY'S Regulator are a certain cure. They make the stomach clean, pure and strong, and insure a healthy and regular action of the bowels.

Fever and Ague cured, without the aid of calomel, arsenic or quinine, by the ANTI-PERIODIC PILLS. C. V. CLICKENER & Co., No. 84 Barclay-st., and BOYD & PAUL, No. 69 Cortlandt-st., Wholesale Agents; and sold at retail by CHAS. H. RING, corner of Broadway and John; and by E. OGDEN, corner of Bowery and Grand-st. See advertisement on third page of this paper for the evidence.

ALL HAIL, THE GREAT HAIR RESTORER!—DAVIS'S HYPERION will restore the hair in all cases of premature baldness, eradicate all scurf and dandruff from the scalp, and impart a lovely gloss to the hair. Price 25 cents per bottle. DAVIS'S RAINCKER will restore gray hair to its original color, by acting on the roots of the hair. Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale at the principal depots. Sold by WILLIAM DAVIS, No. 58 Ludlow-st., one door from Grand, to whom all orders should be addressed. Sold also by RING, No. 192 Broadway; CLICKENER & Co., No. 84 Barclay-st.; COOK & Co., No. 279 Washington; KNAPP, No. 363 Hudson-st, and No. 471 Hiway.; OGDEN, No. 1 Bowery, and by Druggists and Perfumers generally.

LADIES' FURNISHING ROOMS, No. 629 Broadway.—NEW-YORK, AUGUST, 1853.—MCCURDY, HASKELL & Co. have received the Fall Fashions from Paris for their Juvenile and Infant Department. A rich and beautiful variety of articles will be opened at their Ladies' Furnishing Rooms, No. 629 Broadway, on THURSDAY, Sept. 8, 1853.

MCDONALD'S ADVERTISING HOUSE, No. 102 Nassau-st., continues to afford the most reliable facilities for the prompt and correct transaction of the Advertising business in all parts of the Union and Canadas. Parties who would like to consult personally with W. H. M., and who cannot call on him, will be waited on at their places of business by sending their address to his office.

New-York Daily Tribune.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1853.

PERSONS wanting *The Tribune* left at their residences or places of business will please leave their addresses at the Publication Office, or send to us through the Post-Office. Price 12½ cents a week—payable to the Carrier.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of his good faith.
We cannot undertake to return rejected Communications.

Our returns from Vermont indicate no election of State Officers by the people, and leave the Legislature in doubt.

The Cunard steamship Asia, with three days' later news from Europe, is now in her twelfth day out from Liverpool for this port, having sailed on the 27th ult. Her news may be expected at any moment.

In *The World's Temperance Convention* yesterday morning, after repeated affirmations by a large majority of the decision of the President that Antoinette L. Brown, a regularly chosen delegate to that body, had the same right to speak as any other delegate, the minority (we grieve to say, in good part clerical) refused to be governed by the decision of the President and the majority, and persisted in suppressing the right of speech by hisses, yells and other unseemly noises, befitting less respectable rowdies than those who usually find their way into a Temperance Convention. As they would not come to order, the hall was finally cleared in order that none but delegates should be readmitted on its floor, and while a part of the Delegates were shut out, a resolve was passed by the minority who first gained readmittance which is intended to silence the voice of women in the Convention henceforth. Whether it will have the desired effect remains to be seen. At all events, the morning session was wasted in perseveringe efforts to suppress a woman's remarks, which would probably have been finished in ten minutes if the minority had been civil enough to respect her rights.

The outrage thus initiated in the morning at the Metropolitan was fittingly carried onward in the Tabernacle at evening. There the women who had hired and paid for the house, and the great body of the large rush too who had paid for admission on purpose to hear them, were continually interrupted and annoyed by the yellings, thumpings and hootings of a gang of low bullies, fresh from the groggeries and gambling-dens of our city, and from their acquaintance with the most wretched outcasts and scandals of the gentler sex presuming to decide on the sphere and capacities of all women, and to silence in their own house such heroic and lofty champions of their sex as LUCRETIA MOTT, LUCY STONE and ANTOINETTE L. BROWN, while pleading for the emancipation of Woman from the bondage of unjust and crushing laws which she had no voice in enacting. The Right to Vote being denied her, she has no access to the public ear but through the Right to Speak; and this was wrested from her last evening by things in human shape (and in regular "male costume," too, Mr. Chambers!) who can have had no mothers but such as it were a mutual shame to acknowledge. The meeting, however, amid incessant interruptions and annoyances, dragged on till about the designated hour of adjournment, when the Convention dissolved; but a National Women's Rights Convention was announced from the platform, to be held in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 5th and 6th of next month.

WORLD'S TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

On the 12th of May last, a preliminary meeting was held at the Brick Church Chapel in this City to consider and decide upon the propriety of calling a World's Temperance Convention. At that meeting, several women appeared and claimed a right to take part in its deliberations, which was resisted and defeated—the women and their friends seceding from the meeting. These who remained decided to hold a World's Convention, to assemble at Metropolitan Hall on the 6th of September, and appointed a Committee who issued the following call:

WORLD'S TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

RESOLVED, At a meeting assembled in the City of New-York on the 12th of May, to a preliminary to a World's Temperance Convention in the City of New-York during the Month of September, that a Convention be held in said City on the third September, and that the following gentlemen be appointed a Committee to correspond with each State, Territory and Province, to call such Convention.

Resolved, In fulfillment of our appointment, and with the full confidence in the wisdom and utility of such a Convention, that we do hereby call a World's Temperance Convention, to assemble in the City of New-York, on the 6th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., each state of confidence in such a convention, to be held in public meetings and transacting such business as may seem fit. Delegates from every State in the Union, and from the Provinces of Canada, and from every part of the world, are cordially invited to be present, and to participate in the deliberations, by the advance of the cause in their own respective sphere.

J. H. Wolverton, N. Y. Christian Herald. Md. Isaac Liter, Ten.
J. B. Cook, Ma. J. H. Cook, Va. Co. Fountain, Ky.
Thos. L. Lewis, Vt. C. F. Deems, N. C. John Lindsey, Wis.
Chas. B. Jones, N. H. J. B. O'Neal, S. C. A. Bullard, Mo.
Cornelius Blue, Me. J. H. Lumpkin, Ga. M. D. Dunkin, La.
J. C. Bates, R. I. Robert Sheddan, Ala. C. S. Ames, Mis.
Saml. Haven, Ct. W. H. Rice, Mich. C. Dodge, Penna.
Jos. Sargent, J. Hogg, Ark. Ter. Charles Mason, Iowa.
N. Sarmon, Ga. Tho. Hitchcock, Ohio. C. Lowrie, Penna.
John Wright, Cal. W. Hammond, Ind. G. Abernethy, Oregon.
Geo. Sands, D. C. B. F. Reynolds, Ill. John Dougal, Canada.
Samuel B. Tilley, New-Brunswick.

All papers friendly to the object will do us a favor by inserting this call in their columns. We will our names in Canada, New-Brunswick, England, and on the Continent wherever circulation.

The above Call, be it noted, was issued in full view of the notice given at the preliminary meeting that there were men as well as women engaged in the Temperance Movement who held that Man had no right to determine for Woman in what manner and by what instrumentalities she should labor for Total Abstinence, but that each woman must be left free to judge for herself. The preliminary meeting had given ample notice that this right was not only claimed for Woman, but would be insisted on by her in all important Temperance efforts thereafter. And yet, in full view of these facts, the Committee issued the above call, inviting "*all* Temperance organizations and associations,"—many of these being well known to be composed wholly, others partly, of Women, to send Delegates to the Convention, and further inviting "the friends of Temperance" (delegated or not) to participate in the Convention, "assuring them of a cordial welcome to the meeting, and an opportunity to *exhibit fully the advance of the cause* in their own respective districts." How could this promise be fulfilled without allowing them to speak?

No broader or more unexceptionable call could have been desired; and advocates of Woman's Rights were personally urged to forego their own contemplated call and come under the broad folds of this. But they, remembering how they had been treated at the Brick Chapel, and feeling that the "white heap" was not altogether careless, concluded to issue their own call and hold their Convention notwithstanding. And now we see what the liberality of the Brick call amounts to in practice.

—In printing the foregoing call on the 4th of June last, we prefaced it as follows:

"The following Call originates from that portion of the Brick Church Meeting which denied the right of Women to be its members and officers, and practically expelled them from its platform. We see nothing of exclusiveness in this Call, and believe one Temperance organization may send Delegates under it. How they are to be treated when they attend, is left a question, as we think it should not have been. *If Women are to be ineligible to a place on its Committees or Platform, the Call should say so.*"

Is not this last suggestion a manifest truth? Here are Women's Temperance Societies, and Temperance Societies composed partly of Women; and if these were not to be allowed to choose their own Delegates and be heard by them in the deliberations of the Convention, ought not the Call to have said so? Anybody may call a Convention, and on any sort of basis; but to invite Delegates and then kick them out or gag them, even by so bland a resolution as Gen. Cary's, is not the fair thing. What think you?

THE LATEST NEWS,
RECEIVED
BY TELEGRAPH.

AFFAIRS IN WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Tribune.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1853.

There was a protracted session of the Cabinet to-day.

A Consul to Barbadoes is understood o have been appointed, but the name of the appointee has not transpired.

The French Mission is still the subject of anxious concern and consultation. A decision may soon be anticipated in the matter. Gen. Cass has been tendered the post, but the probability is that he has respectfully declined the honor.

Mr. Walker's resignation as Minister to China seems to have been unexpected even to himself. His successor has not been determined upon as yet.

The young lady whose escape from the Georgetown Convent I telegraphed to *The Tribune* on Sunday last, was Miss Mary Roach, of Mississippi. She is supposed to be worth three hundred thousand dollars in her own right. She was married to-day at the National Hotel. The lucky recipient of her hand and purse is G. N. Jordan, proprietor of Jordan's Springs, near Winchester, Frederick Co., Va.

Col Bissell, of Illinois, may accept his appointment to the Chargeship to Buenos Ayres; but a week or two will elapse before his final determination.

The appointment to the Venezuela Chargeship will soon be made.

An entire column of appointments of revenue officers will appear in to-morrow's *Union*; but they have nearly all been anticipated by announcements made, from time to time, in *The Tribune*. QUI VIVE.

ROBBERY AT NEW-LONDON.

Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Tribune.
NEW HAVEN, Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1853.

The Jewelry Store of Mr. Bridgman, at New London, was robbed last night, of about $2,000 worth of merchandise. The burglars escaped.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

SYRACUSE, Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1853.

The Democratic Primary Meetings take place here to-day. The "Administration's" are about 50 ahead in every Ward, and will secure their Delegate to the State Convention.

VERMONT ELECTION.

Dispatch 1.] BURLINGTON, Tuesday, Sept. 6, 1853.

Our State Election took place to-day, and we have the vote for Governor in about 70 towns, which shows a Whig loss compared with last year. There is no election by the people, but Gov. Fairbanks (Whig) will have a large plurality. The result will depend on the Legislature, which is very close.

The Temperance question has operated to so great an extent that it is difficult to determine which party will have the ascendancy until the full returns are received.

Windham County—Brattleboro', Guilford, Rockingham, and Putney have elected Whig representatives, Marlboro a Democrat, and Dummerston no choice.

Windsor Co.—Ryalton, Stokbridge, Woodstock, Hartford, Winsor and Ludlow have elected Whigs; Sharon and Cavendish, Democratic, and Springfield and Bethel no choice.

Rutland Co.—Rutland, Castleton and Poultney have elected Whigs; Shoreham a Democrat.

Addison Co.—Vergennes, Whig; Middlebury, Dem. Whig Senators are elected.

Orange Co.—Newbury, Whig; Chelsea, Dem.; Bradford, no choice.

Scattering returns from some twenty other towns show about an equal number of Whigs and Democrats elected to the House.

The Whigs have probably elected Senators in Windham, Rutland, and Addison Counties—from the others we have no returns.

Second Dispatch.] BURLINGTON, Wednesday, Sept. 7.

Fifty-two Towns have been heard from, and show the election of 21 Whigs and 23 Democrats to the House—with four Towns, no choice.

TRIAL OF BISHOP DOANE.

CAMDEN, N. J., Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1853.

The Court of Bishops reassembled at the usual hour. Prayer was offered by Bishop Elliott.

The Court is not yet full—Bishops Hawks of Mo., Cobb of Ala., and Whitehouse of Ill. being absent. The latter is detained by the meeting of his Diocese.

On the opening of the Court, Bishop Doane was about to read in argument the report of the Committee of the Diocese, as allowed by the order of the Court yesterday, when the presenting Bishops moved that the Court do recede so much of said order as allowed respondent to present the testimony taken by authority of the Convention of New Jersey, and permitted the same to be entered on the journal, as it had been passed without any opportunity on their part to object to the same. The Bishops also objected to the construction placed on the order, as follows:

It is the meaning of the order just adopted, that the Respondent may now present to the Court the paper prepared by the Committee of the Diocese, with the testimony and acts of the Convention, the same to be received, and the report to be entered on the journal. On making this motion, the witnesses were, as usual, excluded, while the Court deliberated. No decision had been reached up to 12½ o'clock.

Bishop Doane is to make a speech on the motion to dismiss the charges on the ground that they have already been investigated. As soon as the Court decides the preliminary question, the trial will doubtless proceed.

After deliberating for two hours, the Court, at 1 o'clock, voted on the proposition to rescind, which was negatived by 14 Nays to 7 Yeas. The Yeas and Nays were understood to have been as follows:

YEAS—Bishops Hopkins, of Vt.; Smith, of Ky.; Lee, of Del.; Eastburn, of Mass.; Ives, of N. C.; Onderdonk, of Penn.; Doane, of N. J.—7.

NAYS—Bishops Meade, of Va.; Green, of Miss.; Williams, Assistant, do.; Rutledge, of Fla.; Elliott, of Ga.; Polk, of Ark.; Whittingham, of Md.; McCoskry, of Mich.; Green, of Miss.; Chase, of N. H.; Wainwright, of N. Y.; Delancey, of Western N. Y.; Freeman, of Texas; Johns, of Va.; Kemper, of Wis.—14.

The Court then passed the following order by a vote of 21 yeas to 1 nay:

"Ordered that in refusing to rescind the order proposed on yesterday, the Court refuses, because it is willing that the Respondent shall have all the advantage which he can derive from the proceedings of this Convention, at the same time distinctly declaring that by this action the Court does not recognize any right in the Convention of New Jersey to appear as a party before this Court.

The Nays on this motion were: Bishops McCoskry, Kemper, Whittingham, and Delaney.

The Bishops then announced the Respondent and Presentment, which had not arrived, and were acquainted with the action of the tribunal.

The Respondent having the floor, then produced the paper prepared by the committee of his diocese, and caused the same to be read by the Secretary, Bishop Wainwright.

The documents having been read, Bishop Doane proceeded to speak to his motion to dismiss the Presentment, and concluded by desiring that the papers submitted by him be entered on the record of the Court.

On this motion the Court was again cleared, and, pending a discussion on the proposition, they adjourned till Thursday.

THE RICE CROP.—U. S. FRIGATE SAVANNAH, &c.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1853.

The Rice harvest in Georgia had fairly commenced, and the yield was unusually fine.

Severe storms had occurred at Charleston and Savannah, preventing the usual regular arrival of the mail boats.

The United States Frigate Savannah, Commander Mercer, sailed from Norfolk yesterday for the Brazil Station.

Another slave had been found secreted on board the British ship Samuel, in Hampton Roads.

Benjamin Eaton, Postmaster at Henrysburgh, Ohio, had been detected in robbing a letter passing through his office. He is awaiting in escaping arrest, but other parties implicated are in custody.

SPLIT AMONG THE TROY DEMOCRATS.

TROY, Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1853.

At the Democratic city meeting, this evening, there was much confusion and excitement. The Hunkers carried the day. Samuel Stover was elected Delegate to Syracuse, and was instructed to insist on the renomination of Mr. Marker for Canal Commissioner, without compromise or concession. John B. Pierson was selected for the Judicial Convention. Daniel Taylor's resolutions were adopted. It is understood that the Barnburners will contest the proceedings and appoint a State Delegate of their own.

THE COMMERCE OF CINCINNATI, &c.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1853.

The Price Current in its annual statement, shows an increase of $11,000,000 in imports here, and an increase in the river tonnage arrived, of 250,000 tons over last year. The hog product handled here is equal to one third of the entire crop of the West, and is valued at nearly $9,000,000.

Dr. Ames gave bail to-day in $25,000.

A motion for a new trial in the case of Findlay, for forgery, has been heard, and granted by Judge Flinn.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Yesterday, at noon, a man named James Elbridge, was instantly killed at Pier No. 53, N. R., foot of Gouverneur-st., by the falling of mahogany logs which were being hoisted from the bark Scott Dyer. The tackle by which it was being raised broke. John Kelly was severely injured by the same accident, and was conveyed to the Hospital.

FIRE.—At 20 minutes past 1 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the potash establishment Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Washington-st., which threatened to consume that entire block from Washington to West-sts.

TEXAS.

By the Louisiana, at New-Orleans, we have dates from Galveston to the 26th ult.

The result of the election was not known when the Louisiana left. The returns, says *The News*, come in very slowly.

The News states that the health of Galveston continues remarkably good. No cases of yellow fever had occurred since the establishment of the quarantine, nor was any danger apprehended.

The Austin Gazette, of the 20th ult., says: One of the greatest outrages ever perpetrated in a civilized community, took place near that city, on the opposite side of the river, week before last. A Mexican was secretly taken up, whipped most barbarously, hung until he was nearly dead, and then, after being let down, was shot. He died of the wounds about twenty-four hours afterward.

The editor of *The News* learns that the troops carried to Brazos Santiago by the steamship Louisiana, from New-York, are soon to be followed by 1,500 more, all destined toward the Mesilla Valley, with a view to meet the movements of the Mexicans at that point.

The Lagrange Monument states that a young and promising lawyer in Columbia, Colorado County, by the name of Griffy, some days ago attacked and killed a man named Rhine. Mr. Griffy made his escape.

The caterpillar has made her appearance on several plantations in the neighborhood of Richmond. Beyond the Brazos, however, the crops are said to be good. On the Cibolo, the only complaint made was for want of room to house the abundant crops of corn.

The Columbia Democrat, of the 23d ult., says: "In every portion of our county the crops are looking finely.

The Indianola Bulletin says there were, some time back, vague rumors of the appearance of the cotton worm; but it rejoices to learn that they have entirely disappeared, and that throughout the twelve or fifteen cotton counties of the west, the cotton crop is very promising. A much larger crop than ever before made is anticipated.

The negro who killed Mrs. Cooper, of Smith County, some time since, was caught and hung by a mob of 300 citizens.

COLLISION ON THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

The Democratic Press of Chicago, of Friday, Sept. 2, furnishes the following account:

Yesterday morning, about 7½ o'clock, the Express train of the Michigan Central Railroad coming west, ran into a construction train of the Illinois Central Railroad, opposite the American Car Company's Works, in the south part of the city. The train was two hours behind time, having been detained at Dearborn, and been kept back in various ways. In order that those at a distance may understand the cause of the collision, it is necessary to state that both the Illinois and Michigan Central Roads at present use the same track for twelve miles south of the city.

The train of the Michigan Central Road was coming round a short curve on which was the high fence of the American Car Company, and it was impossible to see the track where the Illinois Central train stood, more than fifteen or twenty rods from it. Both the engineer and conductor of the Michigan Central train were experienced and very competent men, and no blame whatever can be attached to them. This train consisted of four first class, two second class, and two baggage cars. None of the passengers in the first class cars were injured. There were seventy-five in the two second class cars, and all who saw how they were smashed together were greatly astonished that so few were injured.

The names of the injured were as follows:

Philip Dick, German, of Buffalo, N. Y., killed.

Isaac Powell, of Leeds County, Canada West, had his breast bruised considerably, but it is thought not dangerously.

Nathaniel Wetherell, of the same place, collar bone broken, and the bone to which the little finger is attached, split from the others up to the wrist.

John Wilson, of the same place, was somewhat hurt, though slightly.

The engineer and fireman jumped from the engine and received a few slight scratches.

All others on the train, so far as we can learn, escaped unhurt.

No one on the Illinois Central was injured. Neither the engine nor cars of the Michigan Central were thrown from the track; but the engine was damaged, and one of the emigrant cars was almost ruined, and the other was not much better off.

The engine of the Illinois Central Road was entirely thrown from the track, and stood nearly at right angles to it. The trunks were broken to fragments.

AID TO NEW-ORLEANS.

ASSOCIATION FOR THE EXHIBITION OF THE INDUSTRY OF ALL NATIONS, (Office No. 52 Broadway.)
NEW-YORK, Sept. 6, 1853.

To Francis L. Hawks, Charles L. Frost, and J. Ogden Woodruff, Committee Howard Association, &c.

GENTLEMEN: I have the pleasure, in compliance with the instructions of the Directors, to hand you a check for $1,888, being the net proceeds of the Exhibition on Wednesday last. Be pleased to apply it to the relief of the sufferers by the pestilence still raging at New-Orleans.

The Directors of this Association have received from all classes of their fellow citizens, and from all parts of the country, so much support and assistance, that they feel it a duty to express to the Benevolent Society their profound sympathy with the sufferers by this terrible calamity.

I am very respectfully yours,
C. E. ANDERSON, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday morning, Sept. 7, 1853.

C. E. ANDERSON, Esq., Treasurer of the Association for the Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations, No. 52 Broadway, New-York.

DEAR SIR: Your highly esteemed favor under date of yesterday, covering check for fifteen hundred and twenty-eight dollars, say $1,528, being for proceeds of the Exhibition at the Palace on Wednesday last, for the relief of the sufferers by the pestilence still raging at New-Orleans, was received this morning, and the amount remitted by this day's mail to the Howard Association for the purpose designated by you in behalf of merciful and afflicted of New-Orleans. You will please convey to the several directors of your association our sincerest thanks for this noble and generous exhibition of their sympathies.

Most respectfully, your obedient servant,
CHARLES L. FROST.
For Committee of Howard Association.

[By Telegraph.]

Progress of the Epidemic.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Sept. 7, 1853.

New Orleans papers of Thursday last are received. The clearance in the lower is still recorded.

The Courier says that General Downs's visit to Washington is on business connected with the sugar controversy, and not to resign his commission as Collector of the port.

At Natchez the fever was rapidly increasing, and the town was almost deserted.

At Vicksburgh it has abated.

THE FIREMEN.

Reception of Neptune Engine Company No. 10, of Albany.

The members of this Company, accompanied by Jones's Cornet Band left Albany for this city, on Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock, in the steamboat Manhattan. They were escorted from the boat to their house in William-st by Washington Engine Company No. 1, and the Albany Republican Artillery. They arrived in this city yesterday morning at 7 o'clock, and were received at the steamboat landing by Guardian Engine Company No. 29, whose guests they are during their stay, and by them were escorted to Tammany Hall. No. 10 Engine was taken to their house in Amos-st.

At 10 o'clock, A. M., the Albany Firemen were waited upon by a delegation from No. 22 a Company, who escorted them to the Crystal Palace and from thence to the Lating Observatory, after which they partook of a collation at Smith's Hotel, in Perry-st. In the afternoon, after visiting the Hippodrome, they were escorted to Mr. Earl's Hotel, in Park-row, and partook of a collation, and returned to their quarters at Tammany Hall.

In the evening there was a grand torchlight procession in which twenty one Fire Companies participated, to welcome the Albany Firemen. At an early hour hundreds of citizens were congregated in the vicinity of the Engine house of No. 28, in Amos-st, near Greenwich av.

The principal decorations are as follows:

The house of Guardian Engine Co. No. 29 was illuminated, and appropriately decorated.

A few rods from the engine house a magnificent arch of evergreens, entwined with flags was erected over Amos-st. Two carved "roosters" were perched at each side on the top of the arch, and in the center on top was a transparency, upon which a rooster was painted.

A short distance from this arch toward the engine house, was a banner on which was inscribed:

WELCOME!
NEPTUNE ENGINE COMPANY, NO 10,
TO THE
EMPIRE CITY!

Across Greenwich av., near Amos-st., was a banner, on which was inscribed:

WELCOME TO THE EN GINEERS!

A fire bell, temporarily hung upon the market near the engine house, was rung while the procession was passing, and rockets, roman candles, and other fireworks were discharged as they moved along the route.

A large national flag was hung across from the north-east to the south-west corner of Greenwich-