[illegible] Cent. Grand Jr. (in the second), have objected to the Church, as it contained extraneous matter, for which they as [illegible] Court. I am not aware [illegible] Overseer by the Court; I am not aware [illegible] Hartt, prior to the Chit, preferred charges against me; I [illegible] Edwards had preferred charges [illegible] that a man named Edwards had preferred charges [illegible] Hartt for intoxication; I did not threaten Capt. Hartt if he [illegible] charges against me I would prefer charges against him; I [illegible] at the time he brought in liquor; it was during the [illegible] of June, July, August and September; it was between June [illegible] I cannot say; was [illegible] a regular occurrence; I cannot say; was [illegible] to the time of June; cannot specify any day in any one of those [illegible] the liquor was in porter; it was brought in bottles by the [illegible] and was been employed in a porter vault near door; there [illegible] to there without my knowing who brought it; Capt. Hartt [illegible] it; Lieut. Hicks and others were present; it was after [illegible] I have not heard that I brought porter there and personal [illegible] to Capt. Hartt; have had no serious differences with Hartt; [illegible] the charges brought against Capt. Hartt; I do not [illegible] of false entries in the blotter; cannot tell by reference [illegible] blotter; I saw Capt. Hartt drink the porter, and drank some [illegible] with him; Lieut. Hicks also drank; I was an officer of the [illegible] at the time, and had been so over a year; I think I [illegible] Capt. Hartt drink porter over twelve times; others in the Station [illegible] Hartt drink porter over twelve times; I believe it was a violation [illegible] generally communicated the matter to the Chief [illegible] the reason why I did not make charges until I [illegible] because I had bought a house in the country [illegible] there; I made no complaint to the Chief of [illegible] the false entries; Hicks first called my attention [illegible] false entries. (The blotter was here shown to witness.) That [illegible] false entries; I was dismissed; I pointed out any false [illegible] and resigned on the 26th.

Nathan T. Hicks, 1st Lieutenant, sworn, says—There [illegible] mineral water factory next door to the Station-house, and they have often unloaded before our door; I recollect on one occasion taking a bottle of porter out of the box and asked Capt. Hartt to taste it; he hesitated, and I knew he was a Temperance man; I told him I did not consider it intoxicating; he said he had been recommended to use it by a physician to drink; Capt. Hartt tasted of it, and I tasted; he said it was like a porter; it was on the stoop outside of the Station-house; I have seen him drink from bottles in the Station-house; I cannot say whether it was porter or not. (Blotter shown.) [illegible] the blotter of Station-house; don't know of any false entries; [illegible] but not held out inducements to me to make me Captain; [illegible] he was anxious for me to accept a situation in the Alms-house; it [illegible] to me to drink sarsaparilla in the Station-house.

Benjamin Merritt, sworn—I have no direct knowledge of Capt. Hartt drinking porter in the Station-house, but have known him [illegible] and see it drank by the men under his command; it was a [illegible] practice; I made no note of it; I drank it on several occasions; I was a policeman at the time, and knew it to be in violation of the rules; I knew nothing of my own knowledge in regard to the charges; Capt. Hartt told me he should report me for unofficer-like conduct; I told him I was about to resign, as I had just been elected [illegible], but that I would stay if he would not make the charges; I take my office until January 1st; I have said I would report Capt. Hartt for violating the rules, as I did not think he was a proper [illegible]; know nothing about the false entries.

Wm. H. Sherman, doorman, sworn, says: I never saw Hartt bring porter into the Station-house, nor know of any being brought in by his orders; I have seen Capt. Hartt drink porter in the Station-house; it was in the evening; did not see others participate on the occasion. This witness further testified to the general drinking of porter in the Station-house.

Eby and Cummings testified to being employed in the porter vault next door to the Station-house; had taken porter into the Station-house, but never gave it to the Captain.

Benjamin Van Hinse, doorman, testified that he had [illegible] Capt. Hartt drink porter in the Station-house frequently; [illegible] Capt. Hartt drink any of the porter.

Wm. H. King, policeman—Has seen porter brought into the Station-house; never saw Capt. Hartt drink any of it.

Wm. Robbins, Jr., Sergeant—Never saw Capt. Hartt drink porter in the Station-house, nor never saw any drunk in his presence.

Other evidence was taken in this case, but was of no [illegible] importance.

JEDEDIAH W. HARTT, CAPT. SEVENTEENTH WARD.—*Charge*—Conduct unbecoming an Officer—*Specification*—That said Charge—Conduct unbecoming an Officer—*Specification*—That said Hartt on the 29th of March, 1853, received from Maxwell & Richardson the sum of two dollars for services rendered, in violation of Section 4, Article 4 of the laws in relation to the Police of the City of New-York. This charge was made by Benjamin Merritt, formerly a Policeman of the Seventeenth Ward, whose affidavit in support thereof was read before the Chief. The evidence of several persons was taken, showing that the sum of money above mentioned was placed in the hands of Capt. Hartt to be given to two boys if they should apply for it; and in the event of the boys not applying the Capt. might get the permission of the Mayor to receive it himself.—Capt. Hartt offered in evidence a permit from the Mayor to receive the money.

The following other cases were tried:

Caleb H. Frost, Ninth Ward—Neglect of duty.
Alexander Fraser, Ninth Ward—Neglect of duty.
James Van Wart, Eighteenth Ward—Neglect of duty.
James H. Bryan, Ninth Ward—Neglect of duty.
Isaac Reed and Henry S. Ingersoll, Tenth Ward—Neglect of duty.
In these cases the evidence of the Captain, Lieutenants, and Sergeant were taken in support of the charges.

ELIAS LYNCH, FIRST WARD.—*Charge*—Neglect of duty—in absenting himself from his post. The testimony of Lieut. Palmer was taken in support of the charge.

Two other cases of a similar nature were tried, after which the Court adjourned. The decisions in all the cases tried were reserved.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

The December term of the Court of General Sessions commences this morning. We are indebted to Mr. Linden, Clerk to the Keeper of the City Prison, for the following calendar of cases to be tried during the term: Grand larceny, 18; forgery, 5; burglary, 4; false pretenses, 2; attempt to kill, 2; disorderly house, 1; arson, 1; receiving stolen goods 1; abandonment, 1—total 35.

COURT CALENDAR THIS DAY.

COMMON PLEAS—Part I.—Nos. 435, 659, 620, 647, 665, 859, 865, 399, 169½, 419, 744, 398, 634, 765, 845. Part II—Nos. 770, 763½, 856, 902, 885, 807, 326, 757, 763, 761, 762, 969, 277, 916, 911.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Non enumerated motions—Nos. 1 to 15.

SUPERIOR and CIRCUIT COURT—Already published.

The General Term, Supreme Court, will also commence its December session.

MARRIED.

BYRON—THORN—On Thursday, Dec. 1, by the Rev. J. B. Haggarty, William Byron to Miss Josephine Thorn, daughter of E. Thorn, Esq., all of this City.

DIED.

BURNET—At Brooklyn, on Friday, Dec. 2, Mrs. Susan M., wife of William Burnet, Esq., and daughter of the late Hon. John C. Clark.

Her friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, which will take place from her late residence at No. 135 Clinton-st., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, 6th inst., at 2½ o'clock, P. M.

Cincinnati papers please copy.

CLAFLOUN—At Somers, Westchester Co., N. Y., Dec. 1, Mrs. Robert Calhoun, daughter of Dr. Ebenezer White, of the former place.

COPELAND—In Brooklyn, Dec. 3, Algernon Wilson, son of Geo. M. and Harriet F. Copeland, aged 10 years.

Providence papers please copy.

LEFFERTS—On Saturday, December 3, Cornelius Lefferts, Esq., aged 59 years.

NICHOLS—On Sunday afternoon, December 4, Samuel Nichols, Esq., aged 70 years and 4 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the acquaintances of his sons, William, Samuel and Edwin Nichols, and the exempt firemen of the City, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 263 Broome-st., corner of Mulberry, on Tuesday morn at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

RITTER—On Sunday, 4th inst., Daniel Lafayette Ritter, only son of Richard and Mary Ritter, aged 23 years 3 months and 17 days.

The funeral will take place at the residence of his father, No. 107 West Broadway, on Tuesday, 6th inst., at 1 o'clock. His remains will be taken to Trinity Cemetery for interment. The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further invitation.

TURNURE—Friday noon, December 2, Ophelia, daughter of Abraham Turnure, aged 22 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend her funeral, from No. 140 Second-av., on Monday, Dec. 5, at 1 o'clock.

WARD—At Hamilton, Bermuda, of the prevailing epidemic, Edmund Ward, Esq., of Halifax, Nova Scotia, and son of the late Edmund Ward, barrack-master of that town, in the 60th year of his age.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange.....Dec 3

$8,950 U. S. 6's '67	126½	100	Cumberland Coal Co	b30	56½
1,000 Erie Income Bonds	95½	250	do	s30	56
1,000 Erie Con. Bds. '71	c 91	400	do	c	53½
1,000 Erie Con. Bds. '82	c 97	150	do		56
1,000 Hudson Con. Bds	85½	150	do	b10	56½
1,000 Ill. So. 6's	87	100	do		55
4,000 Michigan Southern Bds	87½	100	do	b3	55½
1,000 Ill. Cen. R. R. Bds '75	89	100	do	b30	55½
2,000 N. Y. Cen. R. R. Bds	93	100	do	b25	55½
12 Del. & Hud. Canal Co	159	350	Parker Vein Coal Co	c	8½
46 do	c 159½	150	do		8½
5 Bank of the Republic	113	150	do	s3	9
30 Bank of North America	161	100	do	bsw	9
10 Metropolitan Bank	106	100	do		9
30 Continental Bank	101	250	do	b3	9½
10 Ocean Bank	94	100	do	s3	9½
150 Florence & Keyport Co	b3	7½	100 do	b60	9½
100 McCulloch Gold	13½	50	Phenix Mining Co		16
200 Canton Co	b60	27	300 Ulster Mining Co		1½
200 do	c	26½	150 New-Creek Coal Co	s3	2
100 Niagara Transit Co	b3	25	1000 do	s3	2½
250 do	c	25½	10 N. Y. Central R. R		115½
100 do	b3	25½	150 do	c	115½
100 do		25½	50 do		115½
100 do	b5	26	10 Erie Railroad		77½
100 do	s30	25½	13 do		77½
100 do	s3	25½	100 Long Island R. R	s3	30
100 Hudson River R. R	s3	66½	100 Nor. & Wor. R. R	s3	55
50 do	b60	67	100 Reading Railroad	s3	73½
50 do	s60	66½	200 do		73
75 do	s3	66½	100 do	s60	73
50 do	s3	66½	100 do	s3	73½
200 do	b60	67	50 Michigan Central R.R	b10	40½
20 Madison & Ind. R. R.		66	55 Mich. Southern R. R		135
6 Panama Railroad		99½			

SECOND BOARD.

$2,000 Indiana State 5s	96	100	Nor. & Wor. Railroad		56
1,000 Hud. Riv. 2d Mort. Bds	102	50	Erie Railroad		78
1,000 Erie Convertible	c 91	50	do		78
50 Del. & Hudson Canal	160	100	do	b10	78
50 do	b60	109½	50 do	s3	78½
200 Penn. & Lehigh Zinc Co		30	200 do	s60	78
200 Gardiner's Mch	b60	1½	100 do		78½
10 Sixth avenue Railroad		103	50 do	s30	78
400 Niagara Transit Co		25	50 do	s3	78
400 do		26	200 do	s15	78
150 do	b5	26	50 do		78
100 Parker Vein Coal Co	s3	9	150 do		78
50 do		8½	500 do	b5	78
200 Cumberland Coal Co	s60	56	150 do	s30	78
200 do	s30	56½	100 do	s60	78
100 do	b30	57	150 do		78
25 do		56½	100 do		78

MINING BOARD.

650 Potomac		1½	50 Lehigh Zinc		3
1,400 Gardiner	s30	1½	100 do	b30	3½
1,000 do	s30	1½	500 North Carolina Copper		5
50 do	s30	1½	200 do	b60	5½

Sales of Stocks at Philadelphia..SATURDAY, Dec. 3, 1853.

Reported for The N. Y. Tribune by MESSRS. FAY & THOMAS.

First Board—$2,000 Schuylkill Nav. Mort. 6s, '72, 44; $1,500 West Phila. W. W. 6's, c5, 50; $700 Wilmington R. R. 6's, 15; $400 Ches. and Del. Canal 6's, '56, 103; $1,000 do '67, 103; $1,000 Reading R. R. Mort. 6's, '44, 85, 12; $1,000 do, 85, 19; $2,000 Cambden & Amboy R. R. 6's, '23, 15, 27; 2 Camden and Amboy R. R. 121; 7 Phila. and Trenton R. R., 65, 145; 17 Penna. R. R., 46½; 6 do., 48½; 9 Chester Valley R. R. cash, 11½; 3 Kentucky Bank, 50; 2 Bank of Penna., 120; 12 Philadelphia Bank, 55, 158.

Second Board—$4,000 Camden & Amboy RR. 6s, '23, 15, $4,000 Sch. Nav. 6s, '22, 79; $1,000 Sch. Nav. Mort. 6s, '72, 44; $600 Penna. 6s, '93, 101; 100 Chester Valley RR. 5, 11½; 100 New-Creek Coal Co., 2½; 10 Harrisburg RR. c5w., 53; 10 Philadelphia Exchange, cash, 96; 11 Bank of U. S., cash, 3½.

Between Boards—$1,700 Wilmington RR. 6s, 95; $9,900 Sch. Nav. 6s, '42, 73.

After Board—$4,000 Pittsburgh Coupon 6s, '89, 95; 50 Reading Railroad, 59½; 100 Merr's Canal, 15½; 100 do., 15½; 150 Long Island Railroad, 30, 15; 2 Bank of U. S., 34.

Closing Prices—United States 6's, '88, int. off 126 bid, 131 asked; U. S. 6's, '67, int. off, 126 bid, 131 asked; Penna 6's, '93 bid, 102 asked; Reading Railroad, 59½ bid, 60 asked; Reading Bonds, '70, 87½ bid, 89 asked; Reading Mortgage Bonds, 6's, '90, 82 bid, 89 asked; Pennsylvania R. R. div. off, 4½ bid, 5½ asked; Morris Canal, 15½ bid, 15½ asked; Schuylkill Navigation 6s, '72, 75½ bid, 76½ asked; Schuylkill Navigation Stock, 21½ bid, 22½ asked; Schuylkill Navigation Preferred, 36½ bid, 38½ asked; Long Island, 15 bid, 15½ asked; Vicksburg, 1½ bid, 2½ asked; Girard Bank, div. off, 13½ bid, 15 asked; United States Bank, 3½ bid, 5½ asked; Union Canal, 14½ bid, 16½ asked. Steady.

SATURDAY, Dec. 3—P. M.

The Stock market was quite inactive this morning, only 93 Shares Erie having been sold, which we think is without parallel since that stock was placed on the Books. Prices were firm, and the market was evidently in such a position, that any important demand for stocks would produce a considerable rise. After the Board, quotations had a strong upward tendency, which was continued at the Second Board, where without much activity except in Erie, the market had a great deal of buoyancy. Of Erie, 2,500 Shares were sold, the market touching 79, an advance of 1½ ⅌ cent. from Friday. After the Second Board, 78¾ was bid. A leading operator bought freely at 80, buyer sixty. Reading improved ¼ ⅌ cent. Nicaragua sold at 26, an advance of ¼ ⅌ cent. Coal Shares were in fair demand and firm; Cumberland improved ¼ ⅌ cent.; Parker ¼ ⅌ cent. The premium railroads are about as before. New York Central is in fair demand and buoyant. Railroad Bonds are quiet and steady, excepting Erie Convertibles, 1862, which sold at 97—an advance of 3¼ ⅌ cent. Government Sixes, 1867, sold at 126½, dividend off.

In Mining Stocks there is more disposition to operate, and quotations are firm. The principal business of the last few days has been in North Carolina Copper, of which some 12,000 or 14,000 shares have been sold privately and publicly. The price has been sustained extremely well under this large amount of stock, a great portion of which has been thrown on the market in consequence of a large holder having his loans called in. It has been thought somewhat remarkable that while the accounts from the mine have been of the most encouraging description, stock should be turned out so plentifully, but the above explanation clears up the mystery. The closing price was 3½ bid. Pennsylvania and Lehigh Zinc was in demand at 3¼. A party of six gentlemen went to the mines on Thursday, and returned on Saturday. They expressed themselves highly pleased with the result of their investigations. Gold Hill sold at 3¾ McCulloch 8 bid; Ulster 1¼; Potomac 1½; Gardiner Crusher sold to the extent of 3,000 shares at 1¼@1½, s30, and 1½ b30.

In Exchange there is very little doing, and quotations are as before. Sterling 9¼@9¾ for first-class bills.

In Freights there is a steady market, without large activity. To Liverpool 25,000 or 30,000 bush. Grain 12d@13d, the latter in ship's bags; 2,000 or 3,000 bbls. Flour 3/9; 100 hhds. Tallow 40/; 1,000 bbls. Rosin 4/; 100 casks Ashes and 50 tons Oil Cake 35/; 1,000 Handspikes 1¼d.; 5,000 Staves 35/@40/. To London, 15,000 bush. Wheat 16d.; 1,000 bbls Flour 4/4; 150 bbls. Clover 5/6; 5,000 Satves 40/@45/. To Havre, 4,000 or 5,000 bbls. Flour 97½c.; 8,000 bush. Wheat 25c.; 100 tcs. Rice and 20 hhds. Tobacco $12. To Falmouth and a market a cargo of Wheat at 18d. To Rotterdam 3,000 bush. Wheat 17d. To Hamburg 200 bbls. Shoepegs 5/, within a few days. To Antwerp, 400 bxs. Sugar 45/; 150 casks Ashes 45/@47/; 300 Rice, 50/; 1,000 bbls. Flour 5/. To San Francisco, Measurement Goods 55@60c. The ship Talbot engaged a full cargo Lumber at $45, and Coal $21. To Melbourne, a ship was engaged to load 6,000@7,000 bbls. Flour at $3, and Coal $21. The clipper ship Warner engaged a cargo Wheat for Dunkirk at 35c. A bark, 390 tuns, Flour and Grain for Marseilles, $1 24, and to return from Sicily, at $5,250; a bark 290 tuns for Cayenne $3,600 out; a schooner, 100 tuns, to Porto Cabello and back, $300; a schooner from Nassau, Flor., Ship Plank, at $11; another from Bucksville, S. C., to St. Croix, Lumber, at $10.

The receipts at the Sub Treasury were $86,118. Payments, $131,981. Balance, $4,738,810.

The receipts of the Erie Railroad for November are $103,000 over the estimate made in the early part of the year, and nearly 45 ⅌ cent. larger than for the same month of last year. The figures are:

November, 1853	$503,327 50
November, 1852	348,633 89
Increase	$154,693 61

The annexed table of the monthly earnings for eleven months of four years, shows at a glance the rapid accumulation of business on this road, and gives an earnest of what the future will produce. The figures are not in every case exact, but near enough for the comparison:

RECEIPTS OF ERIE RAILROAD.

	1850.	1851.	1852.	1853.
January	$112,005 25	144,099	171,490	204,151
February	102,212 91	125,105	201,900	308,593
March	130,578 68	163,470	251,160	371,409
April	141,924 59	139,149	239,848	423,076
May	141,296 55	174,045	309,235	339,412
June	126,334 42	224,722	312,300	332,500
July	104,053 22	228,460	291,890	332,000
August	129,206 12	263,964	313,600	403,033
September	150,017 37	306,398	375,100	512,009
October	160,579 91	356,555	378,938	552,995
November	156,147 92	299,420	348,142	503,327
Total	$1,450,253	$2,476,255	$3,341,731	$4,493,212

These total show an increase of nearly 100 per cent. in two years. The increase in eleven months over last year is $1,121,431, or 33½ per cent. The estimate of the Treasurer of the Road for the eleven months just passed, was $4,115,000, so that the actual receipts have exceeded the estimate $350,000. One of the leading spirits in the management makes the following estimate of the result next year:

Earnings	$5,500,000
Expenses	2,500,000
	$3,000,000
Interest	1,700,000
Net means	$1,300,000

for a dividend fund on $10,500,000 of stock.

The receipts of the Third Avenue Railroad Company since its incorporation, from and including October 10th, 1853, to 30th November, inclusive—a period of 52 days—are stated to have been $49,811 14, being an average of nearly $958 per day.

The imports of the week other than dry goods, are large, reaching $2,159,329, including—

Bristles	$36,900	Fruit	$73,000
Cigars	48,600	Furs	52,400
Coffee	99,116	Hemp	50,100
Feathers	27,000	Rubber	29,900
Hides	133,600	Brandy	55,400
Sheathing Copper	36,200	Iron	411,500
Hardware	31,100	Lead	39,700
Hemp	61,500	Steel	39,700
Sugar	78,700	Tin	56,600
Molasses	39,600	Wine	45,100

We annex a statement from Mr. C. L. North, of Meriden, in relation to his affairs. The tone of it is not commendable and it will hardly be satisfactory to his creditors, who have an undoubted right to a statement of his liabilities and assets, which he declines to give. It may be that Banks have been obliged to pledge their collaterals and borrow money on their bills, as Mr. North intimates, but we doubt if any respectable Bank is in the habit of paying drafts upon it, with drafts upon imaginary funds in the hands of other parties, or of depositing bogus drafts under a plea of collection, and then attempting to draw the money on them. Shinplaster Banks that issue notes which are *fac similes* of those of some of our City Banks, and intended to obtain circulation by this dodge, like one that Mr. North was once connected with, may do these tricks, but respectable institutions, such as Mr. North claims the Meriden Agency to be, are shy of such questionable financiering. We advise Mr. North to make a full statement to the public of his affairs, and abandon banking in future, and we make no charge for the advice

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: For something more than a week the ears of public credulity have been salated with the most marvelous reports concerning me; and journal after journal has copied statements, and enlarged upon them with an incautious eagerness somewhat remarkable in men who should know the responsibility they assume in circulating libel. Though I acknowledge no accountability to public curiosity, a few words are due to those (if there are such) who may have acquired a degree of confidence in me from personal intercourse during many years of a somewhat busy life. To these I will speak through your columns.

The Meriden Agency Company, a private banking house, of which I am President, and through which and for which all my business has been done, has been forced to suspend payment. When it is known that on a moderate though *bona fide* capital, we were doing a somewhat extensive business, and being without circulation, were dependent on re-discounts and accommodations from other institutions, this will not seem very remarkable to those who have kept at all "posted up" in matters of finance for the past few months. While an unparalleled contraction in your City Banks has been working slowly but certainly, an almost equal stringency in the Country Banks, other causes have operated very powerfully to increase the pressure on the particular institutions on which we have been dependent. Heavy individual failures in city and country have involved some and frightened others; and the same chain of dependence which enables one to ride of your heaviest banks, by beginning to contract to force all the rest to a similar policy has been operating powerfully here. Every body has felt this effect, but perhaps all have not known the cause.

Cut off in this manner from a line of discounts fully adequate to the support of our business, and which we had supposed secured to us by the strongest pledges, we were driven to other places for accommodations. We borrowed on our credit and on collaterals. In this we relied on our transaction. How we Bank men pledged the business paper, or obtained loans on its own help? We might be accused of a wish to injure our neighbors if we should give instances. But some Banks in your City who have borrowed epecie to meet their daily balances, and in no less one Bank officer from the country who have used the whole strength of their Banks, indorsed by their personal credit, to meet their liabilities, can testify to the legitimacy of our transactions.

The concerns due from us to the New York Banks are not, as has been represented, simple balance transactions, but are balances of accounts, covering in many cases large amounts, and extending over long periods of time. Every transaction was entered into in perfect good faith, and with the belief that it would be carried out—and nothing but an overpowering outside pressure has prevented the engagements being promptly met. But, with this pressure and large amounts of our customers paper coming back protested, we were unable to meet them—so, for our own protection, and for the protection of our creditors, we preferred to suspend, rather than to make any further sacrifice.

This is the state of affairs. I have never made an assignment of my property or any part of it, either individually or as an officer of the Company, and never intend to. We expect to meet our liabilities, right along, just as fast as we are able. We have defrauded no man—robbed no one of his firm or his merchandise, nor impoverished any widows or orphans. Articles, either directly libelous or calculated to convey grossly false impressions, have been busily circulated through the Press, and the public have been told that they have a right to believe them because we have made no public exposé of our indebtedness. *We owe no such statement to public or private curiosity.* To our creditors we will answer *substantially* as fast as we can convert our resources. Our ability to do this will depend generally upon the interruption we receive in our efforts to arrange our business.

For the information of those who suppose that the heavy failures in this vicinity are caused directly by our suspension, we may make a statement soon, showing the *exact nature* of their dependence upon us. Yours, respectfully,

CURTIS L. NORTH.

The amount of goods warehoused at this port in Nov. was $1,333,068, against $1,047,972 in Nov., 1852, and $1,177,100 in Nov., 1851. The aggregate imports for the 11 months now expired are $60,618,659 greater than for the same period of last year.

IMPORTS AT NEW-YORK FOR ELEVEN MONTHS FROM JAN. 1.

	1851.	1852.	1853.
Entered for Consumption	$10,615,959	$8,240,712	$14,060,737
Entered for Warehousing	12,552,967	7,730,384	22,122,452
Free Goods	9,144,170	11,274,195	11,721,230
Specie	2,624,167	2,295,410	2,317,901
Total entered at Ports	$34,937,264	$29,550,701	$50,169,320
Withdrawn from Warehouse	12,751,070	14,511,452	14,294,022

The export of specie for the week and for the year, is as follows:

Nov. 29, str. Hermann, Bremen, Specie	16,547 00
Nov. 30, str. Arabia, Liverpool, 6,000 Bars	24,304 03
Nov. 30, str. Arabia, Liverpool, American Gold	175,500 00
Nov. 30, str. Arabia, Liverpool, California Ingots	124,000 00
Nov. 30, str. Arabia, Liverpool, Am. Gold and Silver	50,000 00
Nov. 30, str. Arabia, Liverpool, 5 Frame pieces	24,212 50
Nov. 30, str. Arabia, Liverpool, Sovereigns	4,840 00
Nov. 30, str. Arabia, Liverpool, Silver	1,212 60
Nov. 30, str. Arabia, Liverpool, Mexican Dollars	50,000 00
Total Nov. 26 to Dec. 3	$481,616 13
Previously reported	22,953,633 06
Total for 1853	$23,621,505 19

The advices by the steamer now overdue are anxiously looked for by the street, although it is not probable that anything decisive or of special importance will be received. The price of Consols indicating public sentiment in London, will be the most interesting feature.

In reply to a "Stockholder" who complains of the small dividend declared by the Harlem Co., we state that it is well known to be the declared policy of the company to increase their debt for the purpose of completing the road perfectly with ample equipage, depôts, freight accommodations, double track, new bridges, &c., thus using in the payment of interest any surplus the road may earn over a four ⅌ cent. dividend and twenty-five thousand dollars reserved. This may or may not be the correct policy, but the statement answers the question of a "Stockholder."

The Philadelphia Ledger says:

"The fiscal year of the Reading Railroad Company ends with the 30th of November. For the five days from the time of the last weekly statement to the end of the season, there were brought down 32,813 tuns, making a total coal tunnage for the year 1,582,211 tuns, against 1,030,911 for the year ending November, 1852, showing a falling off of 68,700 tuns. Though the reports show a lessened coal tunnage, the Company, from increased rates, is known to have realized a much larger amount of money. The prospects of this Company, considered in reference to its proposed connections north, are most favorable. If it makes money now, it must make more largely when the Sunbury and Erie Railroad empties its trade upon it; and that it does make money now, no one would doubt, but for the rumors continually current of a very large floating debt."

The following are the transactions at the Stock Board of Messrs. Hewson & Holmes, Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 30: 68 shares of Little Miami R R. Stock sold for 119½ (buyer gets dividend); 40 shares Lawrenceburg & Upper Mis R R. Stock sold for 68; 28 shares Eaton and Hamilton R R. Stock sold for 55; Hamilton and Dayton ranging from 105¼@106; Ky. Trust Co. Bank Stock from 99¾@100; the bids for New Albany and Salem R. R. Stock were 55; Covington and Lexington R. R. Stock 67½; Indianapolis and Bellefontaine R. R. Stock 88; Indiana Central R. R. Stock 80; Mad River and Lake Erie R. R. Stock 81; Cincinnati and Hillsboro R. R. Stock 65½; Greenville and Miami R. R. Stock 70.

Markets, CAREFULLY REPORTED FOR THE N. Y. TRIBUNE.

SATURDAY, Dec. 3, 1853.

ASHES—The market is quiet—the supply moderate; sales o. 40 bbls. at $5 50 for Pots, and $5 56 for Pearls.

COTTON—The market for this staple to-day is irregular—the demand is moderate; sales of 1,529 bales. Export, 861; home use, 420; speculation, 44. We annex the quotations which are ½⅌ too high; the decline principally is on Uplands.

Quotations.

	Uplands.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. O. & Texas.
Ordinary	8	8	8	8
Middling	10¼	10¼	10½	10½
Mid. Fair	11½	11½	11½	11½
Fair	11½	11½	12	12½

FLOUR AND MEAL—There is little variation in our market for Western and State Flour. The demand is good, restricted in part by the absence of vessels and non-arrival of the steamer. The arrivals are fair, but moderate for the season; the stock is light, not exceeding 200,000 bbls. of Western Canal. Canadian is in better request and prices do not vary materially; the sales are 5,200 bbls. at $7, part free on board. The sales of Western Canal are 17,500 bbls., at $6 87½@$6 94 for common to extra State; $6 94@$7 06 for mixed to fancy Michigan and Ohio; common to good Ohio. Southern Flour is in good supply and mixed brands are rather lower; sales of 1,100 bbls. at $7 25@$7 19½ for mixed to good straight brands Baltimore, Alexandria and Georgetown. Rye Flour is quiet; sales of 60 bbls. fine at $4 87½@$5. Corn Meal is steady; sales of 200 bbls. Jersey at $3 94@$4. Buckwheat is in demand at $2 12½@$2 37½.

GRAIN—The demand for Wheat is less active; the advance in freights, and the absence of the steamer, check business; sales of 10,000 bushels white Genesee at $1 75@$1 75½; 9,000 bushels white Ohio at $1 65; 4,600 bushels fair white Canadian at $1 68; 2,700 bushels white Southern (choice) at $1 73, to arrive; and 1,500 bushels Dutchess County red, on private terms. Corn opened a shade better, but closed less buoyant, with only a moderate inquiry; sales of 40,000 bushels, at 70@70½c. for round yellow; 80@81c. for Southern and Western mixed; 81c. for round white; 81@83c. for Southern white and yellow; 82c. for Jersey yellow; and 73@74c. for new River. Oats are in brisk demand, at 56@58c. for State and Western, and 47@49c. for Jersey. Barley is more active; sales of 5,700 bushels, at 82c. for two-rowed, and 85c. for fair four-rowed.

WHISKY—The market is without much change, the demand moderate. Sales of 200 bbls. Ohio and Prison at 29c. @28½c, and 27½c. for Jersey. Brudge if firm; sales of 40 hhds. at 23c., time and tat.

PROVISIONS—A firm market for Mess Pork with a brisk demand. Prime is temporarily easy. Sales of 450 bbls. at $13@$13 25 for Mess, and $10 75@$11 for Prime. Beef is without change, the demand moderate. Sales of 270 bbls. at $8 50@$11 for Country Mess; $5@$8 62½ for do. Prime, and $13@13 50 for repacked Chicago; Prime Mess is in fair demand, and is nominally worth $15 for Western and Chicago in private terms. Beef Hams are steady; sales of 31 bbls. country at $13 50. Dressed Hogs are plenty at 8c. for State. Green Hams are selling at 8½c and Do. Shoulders at 6½c. Pickled Meats are not plenty at 10c. for Hams, and 7c. for Shoulders. Lard is dull and heavy; sales of 100 bbls old at 8½@8½c. Butter is in limited demand and is plenty. We 10c @13c. for Ohio, and 16c. @19c. for State Dairies. Cheese is plenty and dull at 7½c. @9½c.

LEAD—The market quiet but steady at $6 12½ for Spanish.

IRON—A firmer market, the arrivals moderate; sales of 150 tons Scotch Pig at $37 @$38, 6 mos.

COFFEE—The market very firm for all descriptions of this article, with a buoyant feeling existing; the transactions to-day are quite limited; sales of 350 bags Rio at 10½c. @11c. for Mat Java, at 15c.

SUGARS are dull but firm, the sales are small; 53 hhds. Porto Rico at 4½@5c.; 100 boxes Havana at 5@5½c.; and 50 hhds. Cuba Muscovado, at 5c.

MOLASSES—Prices are unchanged, and the market is quite dull; sales 25 bbls. New-Orleans, old crop, at 38c., and a few barrels Porto Rico at 32c.

HIDES—The transactions are limited, the views of holders being above those of buyers; sales are reported—1,400 Buenos Ayres 21½, 3 at 21c., 6 mos. The stock consists of 16,000.

LEATHER—A good demand for Sole to-day, but not animated; the receipts are barely equivalent to the demand.

OILS—The market is easier for English Linseed, and dull; sales 2,000 gals. at 84@86c. Crude Whale remains dull and nominal, and sells in small lots at 62@70c. Refined continues steady at 78@80c. for Winter Bleached. Crude Sperm is still inactive at $1 25@$1 27. Palm remains dull, also nominal, at 8½@9c.

NAVAL STORES—The market is dull and heavy for Spirits Turpentine; sales 100 bbls. at 67c. Crude is quiet and prices are in favor of buyers; we hear of no sales. Resin is quiet; sales 500 bbls. Wilmington at $1 75@$1 80, delivered, for 200@310 lb; fine remains scarce, but prices are no firmer. Tar is in good demand at $3 25@$3 50 for Wilmington, in lots, and 50 bbls. at $3 75 for rope.

Philadelphia Markets.....SATURDAY, Dec. 3.

There is no change in FLOUR. About 3,000 bbls sold for shipment at $6 87½ for good straight brands, and $7 12½ per bbl. for Western extra. Holders are firm at the former rate, with rather more inquiry for export. The home demand is moderate, and prices range at from $6 87½@$7 50 for good retailing and extra brands. RYE FLOUR is held at $5 25, but there is no demand at that price. CORN MEAL continues dull and unsalable, and 300@400 bbls. sold at a further decline, sold to be about $3 40 for Country Meal.

The market for WHEAT is active, and about 9,000 bushels all offered, sold at $1 80 for prime Pennsylvania white, including some small lots of good Pennsylvania reds at $1 80, part in store. Corn is dull, and about 4,000 bushels new Southern Yellow sold at 80@81 cents, the latter price for dry lots. Old Corn is without demand. Rye is wanted at 90@92c. Distillers are paying the latter price for melting. Oats are about stationary at 49@51c. for Southern, and 47@48c. for Pennsylvania.

Of Rice some large sales of Authentic for spring delivery have been made at $4 62½ for No. 2. Meanwhile prompt cargoes quiet. About 1,000 bags Rio Coffee sold at 11c., and without do. Provisions at 11½c. on spot. Further sales of Rio Orleans Molasses have also been made, to arrive, at 32c. Raw sugars continue to be enquired for. Cuba Muscovado, in hogsheads, is selling at 5@5½c. Pennsylvania Whiskey, and prices range at 26@27c. for bbls and drs.

Markets.....*Reported by Telegraph.*

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