upon a considerable increase of bullion in the Bank. In the meantime, while all these remarkable transactions have been going forward with regard to bullion, the ordinary exports of this country have been progressing at a rate altogether without parallel. The accounts which we publish this day of the exports of the first ten months—that is, till the 5th of November—show an increase to the amount of no less than £13,968,651; and although we have often explained how, in the first instance, so rapid an increase of exports is likely to create a pressure on the money market, and even an adverse exchange, yet it is certain that in the long run the effect must be to secure large remittances from abroad and a favorable exchange. The remittances from Australia must, in the ordinary course of business, soon become very large, not only for merchandize, but in payment of the gold coin exported a year ago. Looking forward, then, to the next six months, and indeed to the whole of next year, we may already discern the following respects in which it will differ from the past: 1st. The importations of gold, large as they have been in 1853, will be larger in 1854, whether we judge by the accounts from Australia or California. 2d. Those importations will now be in payment of debts due to this country for coin and goods shipped during 1853; while in 1853, or at least during the first half, they were more than counteracted by shipments of gold coin to Australia, which have now ceased and are certain not to be resumed. 3d. The demand for bullion for the East is certainly not likely to continue. 4th. It is more than probable that, altogether independent of the new productions of the precious metals, considerable portions both of the gold coin and of the silver which have been shipped during the present year, may be returned during 1854, in payment of the extraordinary amount of exports of British goods. Whatever, therefore, may be the momentary pressure, it is now apparent that at least two of the chief causes have exhausted themselves, and that Australia and the East are henceforth rather likely to contribute to the ease of our money market than further to disturb it. There are, no doubt, two influences they may exert. *War and corn.* As to the former, everything is as uncertain as ever; and as to the latter, though much of the exaggerated apprehension has vanished, yet undoubtedly our importations will be very large; and though prices are not likely to reach the extravagant rates expected some time ago, they will, nevertheless, for some months to come, continue high."

The London correspondent of *The Commercial Advertiser* says:

There appears to be no further doubt that large quantities of gold may be obtained from Devonshire, and also from the Welsh County of Merionethshire, where the results are especially likely to be import. By some interested parties it is alleged that with the aid of efficient crushing and amalgamating machines there will be as much excitement, before six months have passed, about gold in Wales as was experienced when the first commencement came from California and Australia.

The Money market continues easy on call at 6@7 ⅌ cent. on first-class current securities. Leading paper goes at 9@10 ⅌ cent. The movement of Cotton at the South is now becoming important, and Cotton bills must soon be plenty to nearly, if not quite supply the legitimate demand for remittance. This will deliver the Banks from fear of large gold exports, and enable them to give the mercantile community such facilities as it needs. We notice 17,000 bales Cotton arrived at New-Orleans on the 19th inst. The arrivals at Mobile have been checked by low water and a strike for higher freights by the steamboat men. To this has been added the "backwardation," occasioned by the deficiency of currency in many parts of the South.

The exports of Domestic Produce from the United States for the financial year ending 30th June last, according to official sources at Washington were:

Cotton	$100,556,404	Snuff and Tobacco	$1,671,500
Flour	14,783,394	Pork	6,892,384
Wheat	4,954,403	Beef	2,214,554
Corn	1,374,677	Fish and Oil	3,279,413
Indian Meal	709,974	Products of Forest	7,815,289
Other Breadstuffs	929,872	Cotton Goods	3,798,809
Rice	1,657,658	Leather Goods	673,700
Tobacco	11,919,919	Miscellaneous	11,389,732
Iron Fabrics	2,499,052		
Total Domestic Produce			$189,991,162
American Gold, &c			$29,548,555
Foreign Coin			3,938,540 — $27,486,875
Foreign Goods reexported			13,274,213
Total Exports			$230,452,250
The Imports for year			267,976,647
Balance			$37,524,397

The receipts of the 72 miles of the Ohio and Indiana Road, which are being worked, for December, will be about $17,000. The Greenville and Miami is doing a large hog business, and its receipts in December will be about $15,000. The Hudson River Road for December will probably be about the same as in November. The passenger business has fallen off, but the freight business has increased.

The Message of Governor Johnson, of Tennessee, gives the State debt as follows:

State debt proper	$3,861,956
Bonds issued to railroads	1,945,000
U. S. surplus revenue and school fund	1,520,936
Total	$7,267,181

To prospective liabilities authorized by internal improvement bills already passed, amount to about $8,000,000, and if the internal improvement bill now before the Legislature should become a law, it will add an additional $6,400,000 to the sum, making a total State liability of $21,667,181 including its present and prospective debt. The amount of country and city indebtedness by the issue of bonds, is estimated at about $5,000,000. The Governor is in favor of the gradual liquidation of the State Bank of Tennessee and the sale of the State's stock in the Union and Planter's Bank, if it can be disposed of on good terms, and the investment of the proceeds in the obligations of the State.

A Committee appointed by the California Legislature to examine into the public expenditures, report that the State Debt was as follows on the 31st of Oct. last:

Bonds of 1851 outstanding July 5, 1853, payable in 1855	$156,500 00
Bonds of 1851 outstanding July 5, 1853, payable in 1860	229,500 00
Bonds of 1852 outstanding July 5, 1853, payable in 1870	1,420,000 00
Civil Bonds for sale of School Lands per act 1852	447,750 00
State Prison Bonds	135,000 00
War Bonds, 12 ⅌ cent. interest	200,600 00
War Bonds, 7 ⅌ cent. interest	879,400 00
War Warrants convertible into 7 ⅌ cent Bonds	27,522 41
Outstanding Bonds bearing 3 ⅌ cent ⅌ month interest	4,275 00
Interest due on the 3 ⅌ cent ⅌ month Bonds about	6,000 00
Interest due on the School Fund	51,528 94
Total	$3,257,492 35

This is exclusive of Civil Warrants issued and not redeemed since July 1, 1853.

The income and expenditure of the State for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1853, was:

Receipts	$454,985 84
Expenditures	1,367,593 35
Showing a deficit of	$912,607 51

The Mayor of San Francisco reports that the debt of that city on the 22d of October, was as follows:

Funded debt	$1,500,000 00
Outstanding warrants	302,135 35
Outstanding warrants on Jenny Lind building	54,083 30
Supposed amount of 3 ⅌ cent. ⅌ month scrip now outstanding, principal and accrued interest to date	120,000
Sundry bills unpaid	14,052 75
Total	$1,990,191 90

The issue of bonds to the amount of $350,000 authorized by a vote of the citizens, for hospital, school and fire purposes, has not been negotiated, the bids therefore not being satisfactory. These bonds were payable in New-York, bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum. The proposals for them varied from 70 to 90 ⅌ cent, averaging 81½ ⅌ cent, payable in city warrants, which had been bought up in anticipation at 83 to 88 cents on the dollar.

The funded debt of the city of Sacramento on the 13th of November, was $693,507 47; add estimated deficit April 8, 1854, in the receipts for the current expenses of the city, $55,856 96; Total, $749,364 43.

The shipments by canal, at Oswego, of the following articles for three seasons, appear as follows:

	1851.	1852.	1853.
Flour, bbls	888,131	881,645	853,930
Wheat, bush	1,676,212	2,907,199	4,513,513
Corn, bush	1,192,217	921,367	537,779
Rye, bush	154,623	38,240	53,663
Barley, bush	179,971	183,473	65,971
Oats, bush	187,737	101,686	18,338
Peas and Beans, bush	67,631	27,441	9,642
Ashes, bbls	5,886	3,962	4,700
Pork, bbls	20,545	10,540	11,622
Beef, bbls	9,808	1,236	13,610
Beeswax, lbs	4,486,124	327,268	1,392,170
Cheese, lbs	322,190	41,924	37,017
Butter, lbs	477,962	204,070	38,949
Lumber, feet	82,923,676	88,251,927	123,635,354

Total value of property shipped from and arriving at Oswego by canal, for two seasons:

	1852.	1853.
Property arriving	$16,413,334	$20,159,202
Property cleared	10,746,037	14,318,909
Total	$27,161,371	$34,477,192

	1851.	1852.	1853.
Domestic salts, tons	86,320	71,761	76,556
Railroad iron	49,149	49,629	66,873
Mineral coal	6,455	9,853	12,775

Reduced to barrels, the receipts in 1853 amount to 546 853 barrels, showing a handsome increase, although the supply during the greater part of the season was inadequate to the shipping demand in this market.

Tolls collected at Oswego for two seasons:

1853	$392,730 71
1852	314,636 88
Increase	78,293 83

The Ogdensburg and Rome Railroad is being pushed with vigor.

The City Council of Baltimore has at length, says *The Baltimore Clipper*, enacted an ordinance authorizing the indorsement of the bonds of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company to the amount of five millions of dollars, and in a form, as we understand, entirely satisfactory to the Company. The signature of the Mayor will be promptly affixed to this ordinance, and the Legislature of Maryland will beyond the possibility of a doubt yield its assent to the measure.

The Texas Legislature, at the last date, was still in session, and engaged in both branches in discussing a railroad project to the Pacific. The bill introduced in the House by the Committee on Internal Improvements, proposes to commence the road on the eastern border of the State, at a point not north of Fulton, in Arkansas, and to cross the Brazos not north of the 32d parallel, running from that point to El Paso, on the same parallel, the Governor to determine the time for the closing of contract for constructing the road, after advertising in twelve papers of the State, the company contracting for the building of the road to deposit $200,000 in the State Treasury, as a security that it will complete fifty miles of said road within eighteen months after the signing of the contract, (the deposit to consist of gold or silver or United States securities,) the company to stipulate to build, until the road is completed, one hundred miles each year succeeding the first eighteen months after the signing of the contract; in the event of the company failing to comply with the last stipulation the charter is forfeited, and whatever portion of the road is finished goes to the State—the company to have twenty-five sections of land to the mile as a bonus from the State—a belt of territory forty miles wide on each side of the road reserved from location, &c.

A bill setting apart two millions and a half for a permanent school fund has been ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

The report of the Controller states the receipts of the last year at $5,701,205 17, and the expenditures at $1,735,903 23. The estimated receipts for 1854 amount to (including balance in Treasury) $4,841,910 27, and the expenditures to $726,012 35. The taxable property of the State is $699,155,114, showing an increase of eighteen and a half millions within one year.

The shipments of coal on the Lehigh, for the week ending with Saturday last, were 8,543 tuns, against 206 tuns for the corresponding week last year; and for the season 1,080,423; tuns a couple of boat loads since make the total shipments for the season 1,080,544 tuns, against 1,114,231 tuns last year. The following statement shows the shipments from the different mines in the region. The total shipments of coal for the year 1853, have been as follows:

Summit Mines	393,254 11	Cranberry	51,216 11
Room Run	82,721 02	Buck Mountain	77,457 04
Spring Mountain	135,136 15	Wyoming	26,255 04
Hazleton	124,249 16		
Coleraine	58,011 17	Total	1,080,544 09
Beaver Meadow	55,907 06	Shipments in 1852	1,114,251 00
East Sugar Loaf	30,536 15		
Sugar Loaf	44,913 12	Decrease in 1853	33,646 11

The shipments on the Schuylkill Navigation for the week ending on Thursday last, were 6,017 tuns, making a total for the season of 888,695 tuns, against 799,516 tuns last year. The Reading Railroad Company brought down for the week ending on Thursday, 29,316 tuns, making a total since the 1st of the month of 94,552 tuns.

Exports to the following ports for the week ending Dec 27:

LONDON—45,754 bush. Wheat, 8,784 bbls. Flour, 1,216 do. Resin, 10 do. Cod Liver Oil, 30,030 gals. sp. Oil, 23 cases Gold Groupings, 187 cs. Clocks, 5 do. Pistols, 1,660 bbls. Oil Cake, 435 bags do., 267 tcs. Beef, 50 do. Honey, 106 pkgs. Tamarinds, 10 pipes Wines, 19,667 ⅌ Whalebone, 6,000 Staves, 1 case India-Rubber Goods, 2 pkgs. Leather, 2 do. Sponge, 117 bags Clover Seed, 17 pkgs. Clover Seed, 113 pkgs. Tobacco, 1,154 ⅌ Wax, 14 cases Exs. Oil, 9 do. S. Cottons.

LIVERPOOL—4,776 bales Cotton, 114,292 bush. Wheat, 103,254 do. Corn, 1,500 do. Clover Seed, 150 tierces Flax Seed, 1,137 do. Beef, 20 bbls. Beef 15 do. Apples, 13,677 do. Flour, 7,956 do. Resin, 153 do. Potash, 200 do. Corn Meal, 200 bbls. and 623 pkgs. Oil Cake, 100 hhds. Tallow, 260 pkgs. Tcs., 5,444 lbs. Lard, 194,630 do. Bacon, 11 cases Hooks, 25 do. S. Cottons, 1 do. Ribbons, 492 do. Clocks, 535 do. I. R. Goods, 12 cases Dried Fruits, 22,000 Staves.

HAVRE—156 bales Cotton, 40,478 bush. Wheat, 32,602 bbls. Flour, 12 do. Pork, 76 do. Potash, 50 casks Rice, 866 lbs. Mld. Tobacco, 147,666 do. Whalebone, 11,996 do. Wax, 1,130 do. Lard, 2,024 do. Tallow, 3,000 Staves, 1 pkg. Boots, 5 cases Exs. Oil.

ROCHELLE—1,446 bbls. Flour, 10 do. Beef, 10 do. Pork, 500 bush. Wheat, 26 tcs. Rice, 2,000 Staves.

BALZ—1,784 bbls. Flour, 2,000 Staves, 5 pkgs. Timber.

BRISTOL—6,518 bush. Wheat, 3,381 bbls. Flour, 293 do. Resin, 33 tcs. Oil Cake, 4,000 Staves.

GLOUCESTER—7,665 bush. Wheat, 500 bbls. Flour, 1,000 M Staves.

GLASGOW—35 bales Cotton, 14,429 bush. Wheat, 1,540 bbls. Flour, 3,003 do. Resin, 46 bbls. Merchandize, 98 ⅌ ℔ Bacon, 600 do. Cheese, 32,000 ⅌ Tallow, 23 bbls. Pork, 44 M Staves.

MARSEILLES—7,663 bush. Wheat, 3,633 bbls. Flour, 2 pa. Spirits, 9 M Staves.

Markets.—Carefully Reported for The N. Y. Tribune.

TUESDAY, Dec. 27, 1853.

ASHES—The market is firm for Pots at $5 50, and buoyant for Pearls at $6 62½.

COTTON—The market for this staple to-day is steady but quiet; sales 992 bales as follows: Export 20 bales; Home use 565 do; Speculation 407.

FLOUR AND MEAL—A fair demand for Western and State Flour, and prices are 3½@37½c. better under the favorable advices by the Pacific. The demand is mainly for the Continent of Europe. There is something doing for future delivery, but at prices not made public. The better grades are in request for the home trade at the advance. Canadian is better and in request, and is held higher at the close; sales are at $7 75@$8 for bbls.; mainly at $7 87½ for Genesee. Of Western Canal are 21,000 bbls., at $7 56@$7 62½ for common to straight State, closing quiet at the latter price, and $7 50@$7 62½ for mixed to straight Michigan and common to good Ohio. Southern Flour is decidedly better and in request, with few sellers at our inside figures at the close; the sales reach 4,200 bbls., at $7 50@$7 62½ for mixed to good straight brands Baltimore, Alexandria and Georgetown. Rye Flour is firmer; sales of 225 bbls. have at $5 12½ @$5 25, and superfine at $5 75—now held higher. Corn Meal is better and more active; sales of 2,500 bbls. Jersey (part to arrive) at $3 56½ @$3 75. Buckwheat Flour is in good demand at $2 12½@$2 50 ⅌ 100 ℔.

GRAIN—On Wheat market is much unsettled, the demand is active and prices are 8 to 10c. better. Prime is held with much firmness; the sales are 6,500 bush good white Pennsylvania, at $1 85; 50,000 bushels inferior to fair white Canadian, mainly in store, at $1 70@$1 75; 2,000 bushel Genesee, at $1 80; 2,000 bushel Western, on Saturday evening, and $1 87½@$1 95 for fair to prime to-day; and 20,000 bush. red Western, very ordinary, at $1 64@$1 65, part Saturday. Rye is better and in demand for export; sales of 10,400 bush. at $1 07 at the railway depot, and $1 10@$1 12½ delivered. Oats are in limited demand, at 40@55c. for State and Western, and 40@47c. for Jersey. Corn is more active and old is firmer, while new is easier; sales of 50,000 bush. mainly for export, at 70@71c. for new Jersey; 72@75c. for new Southern yellow; 72@77c. for Southern white; 76@80c. for Western mixed, and 81c. for round yellow.

WHISKY—The market is unchanged; the demand is fair; sales of 300 bbls. at 27½@27½c for Jersey and 28c for Prison; Drudge is quiet at 26c. time.

PROVISIONS—The demand for old Pork is good, but prices are easier; sales of 1,400 bbls at $13@$13 12½ for old Mess, $10 75 for old Prime, $14 75 for new Mess, and $12 for do. Prime. Included in the sales are 500 bbls. new Mess for February delivery at $14. Beef is steady and in limited demand; sales of 300 bbls. at $8 50@$11 for country Mess; $13 50 for repacked Chicago, $5@$5 75 for country Prime. Prime Mess is quiet at $20@$23 50. Beef Hams are heavy; sales of 100 bbls at $18 50@$19 for country. Dressed Hogs are in fair demand at 6@6½c. Cut Meats are heavy; sales of 150 bbls and tcs. at 9½c. for pickled Hams and 6@6½c. for do. Shoulders. Lard is steady but quiet; sales of 150 bbls. and tcs. at 10@10½c. for new. Butter is quiet, and is plenty at 9@12½c. for Ohio and 15@19c. for State. Cheese is more active at 7½@9c.

IRON—The market is quiet for Scotch Pig, but is firm at $37 50@$38, six months.

LEAD—Nothing doing in foreign; Galena is held at $6 75, and is quiet.

COFFEE—A quiet but firm market to-day; sales 200 bags Rio at 11½c.

SUGARS—Prices are firm with a moderate business doing; sales 125 hhds. New-Orleans at 4¾@4¾c.; 200 do. Porto Rico at 5½@5½c.

MOLASSES—An easier market for new crop New-Orleans, with sales of 350 bbls. here at 29@30c., mostly at the former, and 24½c. to arrive; old do. is selling sparingly at 25c.; 100 hhds. Porto Rico part on private terms and part at 26c.

LATH are moderately active at firm prices; sales 300,000 Eastern at $2 cash.

LUMBER—There is not much doing in Eastern Spruce and Pine; the market is firm; sales two cargoes at $14@$15, deliverable here.

LIME—With more arrivals and a better demand, the market is easier for common Rockland. Sales, 4,000 bbls at $1 12½@$1 14, the market closing firm at the latter price, the supply on hand at present being very light. Lump is quite scarce and wanted at firm prices; sales 350 bbls. at $1 25.

PLASTER—There is nothing doing worthy of note in this article; prices are firm at $3 50 for blue and white Windsor. Calcined is wanted at $1 75, 90 days.

SALT—The supply is moderate; the inquiry light; the arrivals small. Sales, two cargoes Turks Island at 48c., and 800 sacks Ashton at $1 80.

TOBACCO—There is but little doing; sales 25 hhds. Kentucky at 6½@8½c.; 120 cases Ohio, New-York and Connecticut Seed at 6½@11c.; and 60 bales Sagua, on private terms.

FISH—Dry Cod are dull and we hear of no transactions since Saturday last; the prices are $2 75@$3 25 for fair to good. Mackerel are very light supply, the demand is small and the prices are fair; we have only to note sales of 300 bbls. Halifax large No. 1, just arrived, on private terms, the price is $15 25 for large No 1; Nos. 2 and 3 are wanted; No. 4 commands $4 50@$4 75. Herrings are in good demand and prices are firm; sales, 1,500 boxes at 50c. for scaled and 32c. for No. 1. Pickled Cod and Herring are unchanged; Salmon are much sought after with but little offering.

HIDES are firm at prices above the views of buyers, consequently transactions are limited. We hear of no sales of importance. The stock consists of 4,800.

LEATHER—The market is buoyant for all descriptions, and the demand is moderate at 32@35c. for prime hemlock Buenos Ayres light and middle weights. Damaged is quick of sale and scarce. Oak is firm at our quotations. English salted Sheep Skins are dull. French Calf are in active request, mainly for light weights.

OILS—English Linseed is without material change, with a slight inquiry. Sales 1,500 gallons at 62@62½c. for whole lots, and 3,000 gallons at 65@66c. for American, in small lots. Crude Whale is selling only to a limited extent at 60@62c. Crude Sperm is quiet but there is a difference of opinion respecting the news from the fleet, of the probable success of this year's catch. Manufactured is steady at 77@78c. for winter bleached. Crude Sperm is firm at $1 30, but more is generally asked. Lard remains dull and nominal.

NAVAL STORES—Our market for Spirits Turpentine presents no new feature. Holders are unwilling to make any concession in order to effect sales; lots of 100 bbls. brought 63c. Crude is quiet but prices are well sustained; sales 500 bbls. Wilmington at $4 75. Common Rosin is firmly held with a fair demand; sales 300 bbls. Wilmington at $1 85, delivered. Fine is dull and prices are rather lower. Tar is quiet but prices are unchanged. Camphene is steady at 64@65c.

BRICK—Owing to the scarcity, hard North River has advanced to $6 25@$6 50 ⅌ M., with an animated demand.

New-York Cattle Market.

[Weekly Review of Sales in the New-York Cattle Market, prepared expressly for The New-York Tribune by SOLON ROBINSON, for the week ending Monday, Dec. 27, 1853.]

The next market day will be on Tuesday.

MARKET PLACE—Upper Bull's Head, or Washington Drove Yards, A. M. Allerton proprietor, in Forty-fourth-st., between Fourth and Fifth-avs., is the principal market for Beeves, Veals and Swine.

Lower Bull's Head, Browning proprietor, Sixth-st., near Third-av., market for Cows, Calves and Sheep. O'Brien's, same street, for Cows and Calves; and at both occasionally a few Beeves.

Hudson River Bull's Head, Chamberlin proprietor, foot of Robinson-st., near the landing-place of the Hudson River and Jersey boats, market for Cows, Calves, Veal and Sheep.

MARKET DAYS—Monday is the market day. For other stock at this and the other markets, sales continue through the week. From boats, the largest sales are made on Wednesday.

The following agreement has been entered into by the Cattle Drovers, to change the market-day. All but two—John A. Merritt and J. C. Conger—who were present, signed the agreement, and they were not opposed to the change, so that it may be considered unanimous, and that the great sale days for 1854 will be held on Tuesdays. The secondary sale-day will be continued on Thursdays.

Whereas, The selling of cattle at the Washington Drove-Yard on Mondays, necessarily involves the employment of the previous Sabbaths, in the purchase and sale by us more or less of said cattle, in arranging them for and driving them to the yards: Now, therefore, we, the undersigned, Drovers and Cattle Dealers, feeling that we owe it to ourselves, to our families, and to the community, to observe the Sabbath as a day of rest, do hereby pledge ourselves to each other and to the community, hereafter to bring our cattle to and offer them for sale at the above-named drove-yard on *Tuesdays* instead of *Mondays* of each week.

New-York, Dec. 27, 1853.

Orville Hoed,	E. B. Jewitt,	Barney Bartram,
Shadrack Sherman,	Henry Hurd,	Joseph H. Williams,
J. C. Hong,	W. W. Hoag,	Joel Holcomb.
W. H. Belding,	W. W. Merritt,	J. Miller,
Walter Sherman,	Simon Ulery,	Thomas Drew,
D. L. Belding,	Morris Woodruff,	S. D. Haring,
Geo. A. Tolley,	James Baldwin,	F. Kelley,
Daniel McClure,	Thomas M. Vail,	G. W. White,
Alfred B. Mead,	A. S. Strang,	Isaac M. Twickham,
William H. Gurney,	J. W. Carpenter,	A. Briggs,
Thomas Wheeler,	E. W. Pray,	W. H. Prindel,
J. J. De Forest,	Thos White,	Chas. G. Teed,
Wm. H. Hoffman,	Daniel Barnes,	Alvah H. Mead,
Backus Culver.		

The total receipts of the week have been: Beeves, 2,334; Milk Cows, 144; Calves, including those with Cows, and Veals, 501; Sheep and Lambs, 16,568; Swine, 7,300; grand total of animals for slaughter, 26,849 for the week, against 18,094 the week before. This is 2,915 more than the previous week.

BEEF—Extra, or best in market, ... 10@10½c. Good fair retailing market beef, ... 9 @9½c. Medium, or a fair average quality, ... 8½@9c. Inferior, small, poor cattle, ... 7 @8c.

MUTTON—Common Sheep, $2@$5; extra Sheep, $6@$10, and some $14. Lambs, $2@$4 for poor to good, and $4 50@$5 for extra.

VEAL—Good Calves 5@7c ⅌ ℔, live weight. Inferior do., $3@$4 each, and some for $2.

PORK—For City Market, small Hogs, live weight ⅌ ℔, 5½@5¾c.; Western Hogs, 5.

COWS—For milch, $35@$50 for ordinary common Cows, ex-calf; superior quality, $55 @$70, as per fancy of buyers.

FEEVES—Our quotations are up again. This is owing to short supply. Only two markets have occurred in the last year with so small a supply as to-day; Jan. 17 and 31, 1853, the number was 1,250 each day; Jan. 3 and Feb. 14, the number was 1,400 each day; the number to-day is 1,370. This is 531 less than last Monday, and 1,030 less than a full supply.

There is less than a hundred at all the down-town sale stables, and the number reported for the week is lighter than any week for a long time.

At Allerton's, 1,533; Brownings, 273; O'Briens, 176; Chamberlin's, 324; the market bears, 168—total, 2,304; which is 969 less than the previous week. To this, however, should be added the following droves of 69, bought by David Allerton, at least half of Wm. Price, of Pittsburg, and sold to Allerton, Weeks, of Fulton Market. This was a beautiful lot of Durham grade steers, three to five years old, with a few oxen. The price paid was $60 per head, and expenses from Albany. The cattle were from Fayette County, Ky., which they left Nov. 22, having been detained at several points on the railroads, waiting for a chance, the cars being taken up with stock, principally hogs, coming east. The owner was delayed a whole week at Albany, and a whole week at Buffalo, waiting for a boat. This was a beautiful lot of Durham grade steers, three to five years old, with a few oxen. The price paid was $60 per head, and expenses from Albany. The cattle were from Fayette County, Ky., which they left Nov. 22, having been detained at several points on the railroads, waiting for a chance, the cars being taken up with stock, principally hogs, coming east. The owner was delayed a whole week at Albany, and a whole week at Buffalo, waiting for a boat. This drove came by way of Erie Railroad, landing in the City. They are only middling.

J. H. WILLIAMS has 155 Virginia Cattle of good quality—100 owned by Hood—will average 7½ cwt. and sell for about $72 each; most of these are the breed of all colors peculiar to that State, with a slight mixture of Durham blood.

JOHN A. MERRITT has 109 Virginia Cattle, for which $3 62½ ⅌ cwt. was offered and weigh them. They will average about 6½ cwt. good retailing beef and sell for 9c. average. They are owned by Hood, same as above, who also owns a lot sold by Uiery, in all 356 head; some of the letter being very prime.

JAMES GILCHRIST—168 head from Madison Co., O., owned by Philip Asbury, which are selling for an average of 8½c. They are light and not fat, and will not average 6 cwt. Also, 28 head of his own, heavy cattle, for which he is offered $75 per head. Came by Erie R. R. and left Cleveland the day week in the evening.

WHITE—113 head of Virginia cattle of good quality. 19 head sold to Jas Irving for 90 a head, estimated at 9 cwt. This drove cost $74 a head in Baltimore, and will probably average $80 here. They came by railroad to Philadelphia and on foot from there, some of them with feet worn to the very quick, and bleeding every step. N. B.—The cattle have no railroad privileges in the State of Camden and Amboy.

CHARLES TEED—40 head of Putnam County cattle, of good quality, some of which sold at prices which satisfied the owners better than 10 cents a pound for the beef on the scales.

ED. KELLEY sold a small lot of Putnam County cattle, among which were a pair of oxen and a heifer, fatted by Addison Hopkins, a young farmer, for which he deserves honorable mention. This beef brought good 10½c. ⅌ ℔. We hope this mention of good feeding will encourage him to try again and make some still better next year.

There was a good many small lots in market, but we have never seen the yards look more empty than they did to-day. The weather was clear and excessively cold and blustering, and buyers not over anxious to buy, notwithstanding the small stock on hand.

HENRY HURD sold 66 head of very common Ohio cattle, owned by Phifer, of Madison County, to the Jews at wholesale for 8½c. ⅌ ℔.

MILLER & HASKINS were in market very much disappointed at the non-arrival of a drove from Western New-York by the Erie Railroad, and not well satisfied that the Company should unload them at a point where there are no pens, as they get away from the hands as they were discharged from the cars.

The receipts of cattle by the different railroads have been as follows: by the Harlem, 243 Beeves, 19 Cows, 202 Calves, 2,024 Sheep.

By the Hudson River Railroad, 209 Beeves, 118 Cows, 299 Calves, 12 Sheep.

By the Railroad—420 Beeves, 1,840 Sheep, 6,514 Swine, 2 Horses.

The cattle in market to-day came from the following points: New-York State, on foot, 86, on cars, 479; on boat, 90. From Pennsylvania, on foot, 40. From Connecticut, on foot, 63. From Virginia, partly on foot, 380. From Ohio, by cars, 255. From Kentucky, we note 39 above, as sold to a New-York butcher.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—The following numbers are reported for the week in the market: Beeves, 2,334; Chamberlain's, 4,600; Brownings', 3,305; Allerton's, 2,127. Total, 10,502. This is 3,531 over the previous week, but it does not seem to have had any effect upon the market, as we find prices fair and a small stock on hand—not over 1,800 at Browning's, and perhaps 600 at Chamberlain's, and about 200 at Allerton's.

We extract the following sales of lots from the sales-book of John Conger, sheep broker, at Browning's:

Sheep—99, $501 50; 33, $249; 22, $97 50; 50, $260 75; 132, $636. Lambs—63, $199 50; 18, $64 25.

He quotes sales at $2 25, $3, $4, $5 50; on common Sheep; and $1 75, $2 25, $3, for very common Lambs.

Ten Sheep, fed by Mr. Beers, of Keyport, N. Y., sold for $14 each. They were raised in Kentucky. Of course they were fat ones.

Two Cotswold Sheep from Otsego, sold by Mr. Grow for $14@$17. They would dress, 125 lbs. each. The lot to which they belonged sold for $6 50 to $15. A lot of extra Lambs, raised in Yates Co., by Mr. Mead, sold 10 for $56, 12 for $50, 10 for $50, 6 for $19 50.

WM. DEHEART—Sheep broken at Chamberlain's. Sold 48 Sheep from Warren Co., N. J., at $1 25, 33 at $1 50, 63 at $2 25, 12 Lambs at $2 50, 34 at $2 75, 80 and 96 at $3 75, 64 at $4 25, 38 at $4, and so on at similar rates.

JOHN MORTIMORE—Sheep broken at same place. Sold on Monday, 4 Sheep of the Cotswold breed, which weighed 228 lbs., average live weight, and 144 average weight of meat, for $19 25 a piece. They were fed by F. Gaseley, of Dutchess Co., N. Y.

He also makes the following report of sales last week:

Sheep.	Average price per Head.	Per lb.
186	$4 60	about 10c.
189	3 37½	about 8½c.
101	4 37½	full 10c.
106	4 12½	full 10c.
160	3 75	full 10c.
29	1 50	very poor.
105	5 37½	full 10c.
21	5 25	full 10c.
120	2 87½	about 9c.
52 Lambs	1 50	very poor.

The market this week has been a little better than last owing to the rather light supply and the cold, favorable weather.

The week closes with a light supply on hand, and, if cold weather continues, with a fair prospect of the market being better for sellers. Notice is selling by the carcass in Washington Market from 6 to 10c. ⅌ ℔, as in quality. Lamb by the carcass from 8 to 11c. ⅌ ℔.

VEALS—The "kittens" are beginning to arrive in considerable numbers. Those of our readers who are fond of calf-meat two days old, which has been well pounded on the road to market, can gratify their taste now. As it is not yet as plenty in market as it will be soon, we quote it as we did last week—decidedly tender.

COWS AND CALVES—Milk Cows are of very dull sale at prices quoted. We notice none but scrubs offering.

SWINE—A lot of 114 good country shoats sold at Allerton's for sale 5½c. This is rather a falling off, probably owing to the great supply of poultry. Generally, in this line of stock, it has been a dull week. There were some unfavorable days for butchering, which, with the holiday slaughtering, will account for the dullness. The receipts for the week by the market-boats were very light, only 1,062½ by the Erie Railroad, 6,514—which is an increase of 2,400 over last week.

Hudson River Market Boats.

Freight List of Cattle and Farm Products generally.

Reported exclusively for The N. Y. Daily Tribune.

Capt. J. D. Hunter, of the barge Newburgh, from Newburgh, arriving Tuesday morning at foot of Warren st., reports the following articles by the trip Dec. 27, viz.: 20 Beeves, 30 Veal Calves, 400 Sheep and Lambs, 320 Swine, 37 Fowls, 25 Turkeys, 15 Geese, 10 Ducks, 2 bbls Eggs, 240 tubs, pails, and firkins Butter, 25 bbls. Rye Flour.

Capt. Charles Halstead, of the barge Minisink, arriving Monday mornings at the foot of Warren-st., from Newburgh, reports the following articles by the trip, Dec. 26, viz: 14 Beeves, 2 Cows with Calves, 50 Veal Calves, 30 Sheep and Lambs, 200 Dressed Swine, 150 Fowls, 40 Turkeys, 60 Geese, 20 Ducks, 60 pails and tubs Butter, 50 firkins do., 10 bbls Potatoes, 60 bales Hay, 25 bales Straw, 2 bbls. Cider, 50 bbls Rye Flour, 400 sides Leather, 20 bxs. and bales Goods, 100 bxs Soap, 1 Piano-Forte, 3 Horses, 1 Wagon.

RECAPITULATION.

The following table shows the total of the principal articles enumerated in the above list:

Beeves	34	Eggs, bbls	2
Cows and Calves	2	Butter, tubs and pails	290
Veal Calves	80	Potatoes, bbls	10
Sheep and Lambs	430	Hay, bales	60
Swine	360	Straw, bales	25
Fowls	450	Cider, bbls	2
Turkeys	25	Rye Flour, bbls	115
Geese	75	Leather, sides	400
Ducks	30	Horses	3

Philadelphia Markets.—Tuesday, Dec. 27.

THE COTTON market is firm with a moderate business doing in the way of sales. FLOUR is better under the news from abroad; 500 bbls sold yesterday at $7, and 500 bbls. extra to-day at $7 25, but there are no sellers now at that price, and $7 12½@$7 25 is asked for shipping brands, most holders demanding the latter rate. Small sales are making for home use at $7 25@$7 50 for common and good retailing brands. RYE FLOUR and CORN MEAL are unchanged and dull.

WHEAT has advanced, and 6,000 bushels red sold at $1 85@$1 90 for prime Pennsylvania and Southern, mostly at $1 80 afloat. White is scarce and held at $1 70. RYE—No change. CORN is dull and offered at 66@70c. for good new Southern yellow, without much arriving or selling. OATS—No sales and the demand limited. The market for GROCERIES is active but firm at former quoted rates. PROVISIONS—No change in price or demand and but little doing in the way of sales. SEEDS—No sales. WHISKY is scarce at 26@26c for hhds. Hhds. are held at 27c.

Markets.....*Reported by Telegraph.*

CINCINNATI, Dec. 27, 1853.—OUR HOG market is active and prices have advanced to $4 40. PROVISIONS are firm and in increased demand. Mess Pork is held at $12. Lard in good request; 600 bbls. sold at 8½c. The deficiency in the number of Hogs received to this date is 30,000.

NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 24, 1853—Noon.—COTTON has been steady since the receipt of the America's news; the sales this morning were 2,000 bales. The decrease in the receipts at all the Southern ports, compared with last year is now 521,000. FREIGHTS to Liverpool are 7/32d.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.....THIS DAY.

SUN—Rises..... 7 24 | Sets..... 4 41 | MOON—Rises 4 13m

HIGH WATER.....THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..... 5 29s | Gov. Island...5 19s | Hell Gate 7 00m

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-YORK.....Dec. 27.

Cleared.

Steamships Asia, (Br.), Lott, Liverpool,