this road, especially the latter, since the publication of the report, proves that the public find its affairs in more promising shape than was anticipated. The loan made by Messrs. Brown, it is understood, has been nearly all reimbursed. There will probably be, within fifteen or twenty days, proposals issued for a new mortgage loan, with a sinking fund, on such terms as will attract the attention of capitalists—the proceeds to be used in the payment of the floating debt and of the income bonds and interest.

The statement of the affairs of the Dauphin and Susquehanna Coal Company shows that the expenditures have been $2,969,754, of which $563,905 have been raised from 43,807 shares stock, $1,529,930 from $2,960,000 of bonds, $333,091 from railroad receipts, sales of coal &c., and $541,992 from loans not funded. The debt is $3,501,992, for which only $2,071,992 has been realized.

The Bondholders of the Dauphin and Susquehanna Coal Company, held a meeting last evening at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Mr. Marvin, President of the Brokers' Board was chosen Chairman, and Mr. Elias Smith, Secretary.

The first question that came up was as to what manner the Bondholders could protect their interests in the Bonds? A number of propositions were presented for the consideration of the meeting, on which there was considerable discussion, and an adjournment finally took place without coming to any definite conclusion.

The steamer to-morrow has about $650,000 in gold engaged, to which will be added probably 200,000 Mexican dollars received to-day by the Cahawba *in transitu* from Vera Cruz to London. The Cahawba has altogether 258,000 dollars.

There is no renewal of the bank excitement and the Clearing-House settlements are made with unusual promptitude. The late troubles will no doubt have a beneficial effect upon the smaller banks, teaching them caution and an avoidance of any dangerous expansion.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Knickerbocker Bank last evening the President and Cashier resigned. An effort is making to enable the Bank to resume business.

The foreign orders by the Baltic are not large for our Securities. The letters generally are hopeful, although they speak of an active demand for Money. The temporary suspension of Mr. Edward Oliver of Liverpool, is spoken of, and the belief expressed that after paying all his liabilities he will still have a very large surplus. Mr. Oliver is one of the largest ship-owners in the world, having three million dollars invested in ships. We understand that this temporary suspension will not at all embarrass Mr. Oliver's agent in this City.

We annex an extract from the circular of Messrs. Marie & Kaur, prepared for the steamer:

Two of our small banks of the third class, located at a distance from the business part of the town, almost without influence, and for some time past of doubtful credit, have been compelled lately to go into liquidation; and the old banks, for the sake of guarding against too great loss of specie, as well as against the possibility of increasing suspensions on the part of the public, have greatly curtailed their ordinary loans. Beside the exportation of specie to Europe, there is a temporary demand from the West, arising from the new law of the State of Ohio, in regard to bank-notes. This law prohibits the circulation of any note under $10, issued by the banks of other States. In consequence of this law, the banks of Indiana have been obliged to cancel a part of their circulation, and to offer for sale about $300 000 Indiana Five ⅌ Cents, as well as other State funds, which they had deposited as the basis of their circulation in the hands of the Controller. Hence the great decline for some time back in Indiana, Virginia, and other securities. These different causes have increased the demand for money here, and stocks have generally been falling until the publication of the report of the Erie Railroad, produced a decided rise in most of our speculative stocks, Erie securities in particular. Other securities, except Illinois Central, are tranquil.

Among the new Directors of the Erie Railroad elected on the 10th inst., are Mr. Charles Moran (of Moran Brothers) and Louis Von Hoffman (of L. Von Hoffman & Co.) The presence of these gentlemen cannot but inspire confidence in the holders of Erie securities in Europe.

The business of the Cumberland Coal Company for the week was 3,858 tuns.

At Philadelphia the money market is unchanged.

At Boston *The Post* says:

The money market exhibited a decided improvement last week. Rates on strictly first-class paper fell from 12 to 10 ⅌ ct., and on every sort of loan there was a marked reduction in price, with a less active and feverish demand. Our leading domestic houses are refusing money at above 9 ⅌ ct.; and with a considerable increase of specie in our banks, and the large contraction heretofore noticed, it is probable that these same houses will soon be fairly supplied at 8 ⅌ ct. The banks generally have increased their discounts for some days. The October receipts and payments are heavy, but, thus far the market has improved in the face of them. New-York funds continue abundant, and considerable coin is arriving here daily. $100,000 came on Saturday morning. Sterling exchange rules lower. The bankers have purchased very good bills for 9¼, and 9¼ is now the best they will pay. As far as Boston is concerned, it will be perceived that money matters look favorably for the future. But, in view of all the circumstances, it is not probable that money can average much lower, until the cotton bills pour in upon us.

The Directors of the Vermont Central Railroad Company have elected J. Francis Tuckerman, Esq., as Treasurer and Transfer Officer of the corporation. A vote has been passed to open the transfer books immediately, but the President and Treasurer were instructed to transfer no shares unless they shall be considered genuine by these two officers, under the advice of J. P. Putnam, Esq., the attorney of the corporation.

The whole funded debt of the city of St. Louis is $3,553,096, on which there is an annual interest accruing of $214,483; $1,250,000 of this indebtedness is caused by subscriptions to railroads, and on this amount the companies pay the interest into the city treasury equal to a deduction from the aggregate interest account of $75,000. The debt proper is $2,123,096.

The quantity of Flour, Wheat, Corn and Barley left at tide water during the 2d week in Oct., in the year 1853 and 1854, is as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Barley, bush.
1853	113,825	529,209	196,124	212,960
1854	52,126	69,610	475,002	181,694
Dec.	61,697	Dec. 459,599	Inc. 267,273	Dec. 31,266

The aggregate quantity of the same articles left at tide water from the commencement of navigation to the 14th of October, inclusive, during the years 1853 and 1854, is as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Barley, bush.
1853	1,958,571	5,739,562	2,839,531	1,112,629
1854	789,222	2,721,569	7,710,325	987,894
Dec.	1,144,349	Dec. 2,969,993	Inc. 5,870,794	Dec. 124,745

The aggregate quantity of the same articles left at tide water from the commencement of navigation to the 14th of Oct., inclusive, during the years 1852 and 1854, is as follows:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bu.	Corn, bu.	Barley, bu.
1852	2,391,063	4,471,251	4,676,768	660,712
1854	789,222	2,721,569	7,710,325	987,894
Dec.	1,602,841	Dec. 1,749,682	In. 3,033,557	Inc. 327,172

By reducing the Wheat to Flour, the quantity of the latter left at tide water this year, compared with the corresponding period of last year, shows a decrease of 1,658,007 bbls. of Flour.

The following table shows the quantity of some of the principal articles of produce left at tide water from the commencement of navigation to the 14th of October, inclusive, during the years 1852, 1853, 1853, 177 days; 1854, 166 days:

Canal opened	April 20, 1852.	April 20, 1853.	May 1. 1854.
Flour.....bbls.	2,391,063	1,983,571	789,222
Wheat.....bus.	4,471,251	5,739,562	2,721,569
Corn.....bus.	4,676,768	2,839,531	7,710,325
Barley.....bus.	660,712	112,629	987,894
Rye.....bus.	163,883	71,196	101,503
Other Grains.....bus.	3,351,351	2,636,130	3,931,370
Beef.....bbls.	21,319	25,797	9,958
Pork.....bbls.	63,327	102,121	158,537
Ashes.....bbls.	31,615	23,121	17,447
Butter.....lbs.	1,942,672	1,630,900	571,052
Lard.....lbs.	9,398,410	10,561,725	17,097,953
Cheese.....lbs.	4,561,730	2,567,408	1,768,549
Wool.....lbs.	7,819,112	5,708,595	2,611,693
Bacon.....lbs.	9,927,875	19,640,803	17,729,932

[Albany Evening Journal.

Receipts of Produce....OCTOBER 17.

By the Erie Railroad—198 bbls. Whisky, 401 do. Flour, 15 cases of Hogs, 2,447 sides Leather, 114 pkgs. Butter, 8 bales Wool, and 140 bags Seed.

By North River Boats—26,096 bush. Corn, 4,267 bbls. Flour, 608 pkgs. Cheese, 21,000 bush. Oats, 26,000 do. Barley, 1,432 do. Wheat, 20 bbls. Whisky, 10 pkgs. Butter, 75 bbls. Lard, 231 do. Oil Cake, 8 do. Ashes.

Markets—CAREFULLY REPORTED FOR THE TRIBUNE.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 17, 1854.

ASHES—The market is without change, the demand fair; sales of 8 bbls. at $7 for Pots and $8 25 for Pearls.

BRICK—No change in quotations; the supply is ample at $5 75@$6 for inferior to good Hard North River; Philadelphia face are selling at $12@$22.

COTTON—The demand has been more active to-day, and prices under the favorable advices received from abroad have advanced ⅛@¼c. on all descriptions.

COFFEE continues quiet pending the sale of Rio announced for to-morrow; sales 350 bags Rio at 10¼@11½c., and 100 bags Maricaibo at about previous rates. The stock of Rio is 28,000 bags.

FISH—Large Mackerel are much wanted, and prices are firm; sales at $13 25 for No. 1, $16 for small, $15 for No. 2, and $4 50 for Store No. 3. Dry Cod are quite plenty, with a fair demand; sales of 25,000 qls. at $3@$3 76. Smoked Herring are in steady request; sales of 1,350 boxes, at 56c. for Scaled, and 35c. for No. 1.

FLOUR AND MEAL—A fair demand for Western and State Flour, and the market is somewhat irregular. The low grades are rather easier, while the better kinds are held higher. The extreme prices cased restrict the demand. The arrivals are light and the stock in store is very light for the season. Canadian Flour is in small supply and is firmly held, with a fair demand; sales of 1,100 bbls., at $7 75@$7 81½ in bond. The sales of Western Canal are 6,200 bbls., at $7 87½@7 93¾ for Bogus State, $5@$8 25 for common to good State, $8 43¾@$8 68¾ for mixed to good Michigan and Indiana and common to good Ohio, and $9 75@$10 25 for extra Genesee. Southern Flour is quite firm, especially good brands; these are quite scarce and wanted for the home trade; sales of 2,100 bbls., at $8 25@$8 62½ for mixed to good standard brands, and $8 75@$9 for fancy and extra. Rye Flour is scarce and in good demand; sales of 120 bbls., at $5 75@$6 62½ for fine and superfine. Corn Meal is scarce and wanted; sales of Jersey, to arrive, at $5 37½. Buckwheat Flour is in good demand, at $3 50@$4 ⅌ 100 lb.

GRAIN—The market is quite bare of prime Wheat, and prices are nominal; the demand is fair for milling only; the sales are 1,900 bush. superior red Southern at $1 55, and small lots prime white Genesee at $2 25. Rye is heavy and is more plenty; sales of 5,300 bush. at $1 12, part 30 days without interest. Barley is scarce at $1 12@$1 17. Oats are quite active and are better; sales of State at 50@53c., and Western at 55@56½c. Corn is in good demand for export and the East, and is firm; sales of 3,000 bush. at 79@80c. for Western mixed, and 81@81½c. for Western yellow—other kinds scarce.

HOPS—The inquiry is mainly for export, for which 35 bales Eastern and Western sold at 35@40c., as to quality, for growth 1854, (not 45, as printed in our last,) and 30@33c. for crop of 1853.

HIDES—The market is well supported, and the demand is fair from the trade, though the firmness of holders checks business considerably. The arrivals have been moderate, and the stock has slightly diminished, numbering 132,000. Additional sales of 3,000 Buenos Ayres, 22 lb. at 19½c.; 2,000 do. 20½@21 lb. at about 19c.; 500 Angostura, 20½ lb. at 19½c., which is an advance of ½c. ⅌ lb.; 200 Central American rolls, at 14c. 6 mos.; 400 City Slaughter, at 62½c. cash, and Butchers' Association do. at 5c. cash; 2,700 Buenos Ayres green salted Cow, on private terms.

INDIA RUBBER—We note a sale of 110,000 lb East India, on private terms.

IRON—The market is rather easier; the supply is ample of Scotch Pig; sales of 278 tuns at $35@$36, 6 mos. English Bars are dull at $60 50 for common.

LEAD—The market is easier, the demand light; sales of 100 tuns Spanish at $6 18¾ cash and short time, and 160 tuns on Saturday at $6 3¾. Galena is quiet at $6 3¾.

LEATHER—The demand is quite inactive; the sales are mainly of middle and heavy weights, and prices are well sustained, as present prices show little margin for profit over the cost of hides. The receipts continue on a moderate scale, and the stock numbers 66,000 sides. English salted Sheep Skins are dull and nominal. Calf Skins are as previously noted.

LIME—No further sales have taken place since our last. Common Rockland is firm at 90c.; Lump, $1 20.

LUMBER is in good demand and better supply at easier rates; sales six cargoes Eastern Spruce and Pine at $16@$17. Pickets are wanted at $9@$10 for Spruce and Pine.

LATH—Eastern are without change and in fair demand; sales 300,000 Eastern at $1 87½ cash.

MOLASSES—All grades except New-Orleans are firm and in demand, the stocks of which are very much reduced. We have but to note sales of 200 bbls. New-Orleans at 24@26c.

NAVAL STORES—The market for Spirits Turpentine is steady, with a good inquiry for home use. The arrivals are quite moderate, and the stock is about 6,500 bbls.; sales 300 bbls. at 51c., cash, and 200 at 54c., 60 days. Crude has good request and the supply light; sales 500 bbls. Wilmington at 46½c., and 950 bbls. North County at about $4 75. Common Rosin is hardly as firm; the rise in freights has its influence; sales 600 North County at $2 for small bbls., and $2 10@$2 12½ for 310 lb in lots. Medium grades are in fair demand; sales 600 bbls. opaque at $2 25@2 37½, and 200 bbls. No. 2 at $2 25; and 105 bbls. fine at $4. Extra pale is scarce and wanted. Tar is in moderate stock; sales 500 bbls. Norfolk at $3 62½, in order in yard. City Pitch sells at $2 75; and Campbene at 50@54c.

OILS—The market has been active for English Linseed, and 15,000 galls. have changed hands for consumption, and the market closes buoyant at 73½c., but early in the day 72½c. was submitted to. Crude Whale is firmly held; this restricts business; sales in small lots at 57½@58c. Refined is in fair request at 70@72c. for Winter, and 67@68c. for Fall. Crude Sperm is held with much firmness at $1 50, especially Prime, which is in demand for export. Manufactured is in limited request at $1 65 for Fall Bleached, and $1 70 for Winter do. Lard is in ample supply, and prices are without change; sales 95 bbls. at 80@81c., cash and four mos. Red is quiet at at 58c., cash, and 60c., time.

OIL CAKE—The market is quiet for thin old country at $37; the advance in freights checks the demand, which is dull and nominal at $33@$35 50 cash.

PROVISIONS—A fair demand for Pork for the home trade, and the market is easier. The sales are 2,300 bbls at $12@$12 12½ for Mess, $11 50@$11 62½ for soft Mess, $14 for clear, $11 25@$11 37½ for sour and rusty Mess, and $11 37 for Prime. Beef is in fair demand and the market is without much change, the supply is moderate; sales of Country Mess at $11 50, Country Prime $8, and repacked Chicago $15 2@$15 25. Dressed Hogs are in demand and are not so plenty, at 6@7c. ⅌ lb. Lard is rather lower—new is more plenty; sales of 150 bbls. old at 10@10½c., and new 10¾@11c. Butter is less plenty and the market is better; the demand good at 13@17½c. for Ohio; 18@22c. for State; and 22@24c. for Orange County. Cheese is dull and plenty at 9@10½c.

PLASTER—The market is poorly supplied, the demand good, and prices are firm; sales 100 bush. White and Blue Windsor at $3@$3 50. Calcined is in good demand; sales 600 bbls. at $2 cash.

RICE—The transactions have been limited, and prices are without material change; sales at $3@$3 50, as to quality, ⅌ 100 lb.

SUGARS—The market is very dull and heavy; sales 100 hhds. Cuba Muscovado at 5½c.; 20 hhds. New-Orleans at 5c., and 30 boxes Havana brown at 5½c.

SEEDS—The market is quiet for Clover at 11@11½c.; Timothy is inactive at $3 75 per bush. for reaped; the supply is moderate. Rough Flax Seed is quiet at $1 65@$1 70; sales of 236 bush. at the latter price.

TEAS—The auction sale of to-day, consisting of four qualities Greens and Blacks, which were partially withdrawn, and those disposed of, considering the quality, brought prices equal to that at the previous sale. There was but little spirit manifested.

TOBACCO—The demand for most descriptions, except Kentucky is good, and prices are without change; sales 75 hhds. Kentucky at 7½@9c.; 252 bales Havana at 24@35c.; 149 cases Connecticut and Ohio Seed Leaf at 7@12½c.; 5 cases Florida, and 12 bags Scrape Havana, on private terms.

WHALEBONE—We have to note sales of 5,000 lb. Northwest Coast, for export, at 37½c., and 8,000 lb. Polar at 40c.

WHISKY—The market is easier, the supply is larger; sales of 500 bbls. at 37½c. for Ohio, and 36@36c. for Prison; closing at the inside prices. Drudge is steady; sales of 60 hhds. at 33c. cash, and 39c., 4 months.

New-York Cattle Market.

WEEKLY REPORT of BEEVES, MILK COWS, VEAL CALVES, SHEEP and LAMBS, and SWINE, at A. M. Allerton's, (Washington Drove Yards,) Forty-fourth st. and Fifth-av.; Browning's and O'Brien's, Sixth-st., between Second and Third-ave.; Union Drove Yards, (for Swine), Forty-second st. and Second-av.; Chamberlain's Robinson-st., and at the Hudson River Market Boats. Prepared every Monday, (the principal sale day,) expressly for THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE by SOLON ROBINSON.

TOTAL RECEIPTS FOR THE WEEK ending Monday, Oct. 16, 1854:

Beeves	4,593	Sheep and Lambs	15,043
Veals	1,713	Swine	5,815
Total arrivals for slaughter			26,164
Total the previous week			28,735

The cattle in market to-day are from:

New-York	585	Indiana	148
Pennsylvania	575	Connecticut	11
Illinois	401	Kentucky	348
Ohio	945	Virginia	90

Receipts by Railroad.

	Erie.	Hudson River.	Harlem.
Beeves	1,200	335	140
Veals	—	17	259
Sheep and Lambs	1,700	263	1,107
Swine	3,148	360	—
Cows	—	—	39
Horses	—	—	—

Beeves received by boats, 500; on foot, 596.

PRICES OF CATTLE—Estimated by the pound for beef in the quarters:

EXTRA BEEF—Of best quality of cattle offered to-day, 9½@10c.

GOOD RETAILING QUALITY—9@9½c.

COMMON QUALITY—8½@9c.

INFERIOR—7½@8c.

MUTTON—Common Sheep, $2@$4 50; extra Sheep, $5 50@$6; Lambs, $2@$5.

VEAL—Good Calves, 4@6½c. ⅌ lb, live weight; inferior do., $1 25@$2 50.

COWS—Ordinary Cows, $23@$25; good fair Cows, $29@$35; extra quality with Calf, $45@$60.

SWINE—Ohio corn-fed Hogs, small size, for market retailing, 4¾@4½c. live weight; still-fed Hogs, 4½@4½c., dull; large Hogs, corn-fed, for lard, 4½@4½c.

REEVES—We report 3,111 fresh stock in market to-day, and the receipts of the week as follows:

Allerton's	3,177	Chamberlain's	468
O'Brien's	214	Other sources	70
Hud. River market boats	100		
Browning's	564	Total	4,593

This is 462 more than last week.

We find about the same amount of numbers to-day over last week as there was then over the week previous—that is 400 last Monday and 411 to-day. The quality is also about in the same proportion from to-day. Cattle have been sold in these yards to-day, which, if they had been purchased to feed sheriffs or slaves, would have called down the anathemas of bench and pulpit, justly too, for the scandal of treating laborers to such abominable poverty-stricken meat. But here, everybody being free, are at perfect liberty to buy, sell and eat cattle that are about as fit for beef as cheaper buts are for bread. Readers may guess what sort of cattle are sold when owners, brokers and buyers are all ashamed to have sales reported, or the cattle seen; when the seller says, as more than one did to-day, "They "are too mean and poor to winter, and disgraceful to our city "to have the truth published." This is the class of cattle quoted at 7½@8c.

We have cut off the 9c. from 10 this week for first quality, because we could not find but one lot that sold for that, though plenty of butchers asserted that they paid 10½@11c. Perhaps they did, but if they did they paid to get trusted, for some of the best butchers in business bought the best cattle offered at 10½c., or a mere shade over in some instances. Having a rather overstock in market, brokers submitted more than usual to the butcher's estimates of weight, and hence the owners will not realize as much as in a lively market, at the same. There are several Ohio and Illinois droves selling to-day that will not average 850—say 840. Deduct from this $16 for transportation and commission and see where the profit is upon three years old steers bought last spring when beef was at its highest.

It is said bought wit is best. Some cattle owners selling to-day will never need to make another investment in that very necessary article. This will be seen in some of the transactions reported, though all are not given. We have only room for a notice of a few droves.

WM. GATTRELL of Kentucky has 200 head in market, one drove he thinks the best in the yards. The least of them sold for $65 and from that to $80 a head. This is an average of 10c. The other lot is not quite equal in quality or price. They will average a little over 9c., probably, and the average of the best reaches or quite 10c.

DANIEL BARNES—120 head from Clarke County, Ohio, owned by McQuaid; estimated at 7 cwt. by the owner, and $63 a head by salesmen. The weight is a little too strong. They were fed by J. Chaney, the last lot of 420. They were all 3 year old steers, past grades, and some of them pretty good; with a little longer feeding they would have been choice beef.

CHARLES TEED—102 from Madison County, Ohio, owned by J. T. MAZEY, estimated at 7 cwt.; about 20 of the top sold for $62 to $73, which the owner thinks not quite 10c. The broker estimates the whole drove at 8c. Sales dull.

Messrs. HOAG—59 Dutchess County, good grass-fed beeves and common cattle. The best, the top beef sold for 10c.; the worst, 7½@8c. It is very hard to get full weights and fair prices to-day.

J. H. WILLIAMS—91 Ohio cattle, 175 Chester County, and 96 Virginia. The first are selling at 8@9½c., but will not quite average the highest figure. They are common and grade three year old steers, not very fat—in fact just right to go to Pennsylvania to be fed another year. The Chester County cattle are selling by MURRAY & WHEELER, at about 8½c. average. The Virginia lot sold for $47 a head, which is about 8c. ⅌ lb., principally on the other side of the Hudson, though to city butchers.

CULVER, HURD & Co.—260 head Ohio and Kentucky cattle. The lot of Kentucky steers are those mentioned as owned by Galtskill; 60 head averaged $75. The Ohio stock is plain common stuff, that will not average 7c.

M. V. ROBBINS of Cayuga County, has a lot now which weighs 16 cwt., live weight. He is offered 8½c. for them. She is three-quarter Durham. A pair of two-year old half Durham steers sold for $100. This was full 10c., and a very large price for steers of that age.

JOHN A. MESKITT—80 head of good Chester County cattle, of very fair quality, owned by Kinnard & Buchan, average by Philadelphia live weight, 7½ cwt., and average price here, $73. 10 sold at 8½; some at $77 50; none sold for over 10c., and but few will sell less.

JOHN BINES of Vermilion County, Illinois, has 110 head of coarse, poorly-fed cattle, that will only average about 840 or $47, and dull sale at that. This will not pay. It is not to be wondered at, for some of them are not in fair order for sale for stocking a farm. The owner complains of 24 hours' detention on the road from Laporte to Toledo. We are sorry to hear several other complaints of this road lately. It has been one of the best managed on the route from the West. What is the matter now?

C. W. CONGER—81 head of coarse, poor brutes from Champaign County, Illinois, owned by Haines. 50 of them sold for $49 each, and $40 is offered for the balance. By our faith, we think it is more than they are worth; for food they are worthless.

WM. GASTON & BROS., have 117 head in market, of very fine 3 year old Illinois Steers, from McLain Co., which left home 3 weeks ago to-day on foot, 12 days 140 miles to La Porte, and thence by cars to Toledo, boats to Dunkirk and Erie road, arriving here on Saturday, at an expense of $11 per head to the yards. This low expense is owing to the men doing their own work. The appearance of the stock show that they have been handled by those who know how to take care of their own. This is indicated by the sales which are made by

Messrs. HOAG & WHEELER & SUTHMAN. The sales will, from present appearance, average $53—this is 8½c. a lb. The drove is a very even one—12 of the best sold to Pearsall at $70, and several others at about the same.

It would be well for some other western drovers in market to contrast their cattle, price and profits, with this lot owned by the "Guston boys," whose entire industry will be rewarded with a thousand dollars profit to-day. They have a still better lot coming in next Monday, and 200 head upon the farm, feeding upon their own and other corn, purchased at 25c. a bushel. Farm and cattle are all the result of a few years honest, hard work of four poor boys.

E. WHEATON—90 head of Chester County cattle, not as good by same owner last week, but pretty fair, 3, 4 and 5 year old steers, selling from 9 to 10c.; 20 in one lot sold for $70 each, estimated 9½c.

WM. BELDEN—55 head from Fayette County, Ohio, owned by T. Lavimer, 3 year old common steers, light and thin. The last half averaged $52, which was about 8c. The whole will fall short of that average. The "tail end" looks as though they might need tailing up before spring, if they are not killed to save their lives.

ALVA MEAD of Greenwich, Ct., sold a pair of 7 year old red Oxen, estimated by buyer at 15 cwt., for $198. These were smooth, good beef, not extra beef, but in good healthy condition for work or slaughter.

PHILLIPS & CARVER—114 Ohio cattle, of common breed and very ordinary quality, about 5½ cwt. average, which are selling from $37 to $49 a head, averaging 8c. a lb. The price shows they were cattle but not beeves.

BARNEY BARTAM—72 head of rather coarse Kentucky 3 year old steers, owned by M. H. Parker, which are selling at rates that indicate an average of 9c. a pound and $60 a head. They are partly grades, but not of such fine quality as the same owner has usually brought. Unless Durham cattle are well fed, they do not die well and are rather shunned by butchers. When of good quality, there is no class of cattle that sell at better prices or more readily than Kentucky Durhams.

Messrs. WHITE & ULERY—200 Chester County, 87 Illinois, 82 Ohio cattle; the latter sold wholesale to "the Jews" at about 8c. a pound. The price indicates the quality; the price per head not named. Of the Chester County cattle, 30 sold to Wyman and 30 to Irving at 10c. a pound. The whole are not estimated by owners at over 9c. The Illinois cattle are about the same grade; some pretty good and some very ordinary and sell for 8@9c.

Col. RADCLIFF—50 head of Pickaway County, Ohio, three-year-old steers, owned by Peck, who will never grow to half a bushel, at the prices his cattle sell for to-day. The lot will average about $50, by hard pushing. It is a sad state of things for that rich grazing county if such stock as this must be sold on account of short feed. It would improve some of them to look through the fence at a corn-field.

EB. KELLY—74 head of Putnam and Dutchess Counties, grass-fed beeves, a part of them said to be the best in market. 20 head sold to Geo. Hawes for $100 each; he says is 10½c., the seller says 10¾c. The balance sold at 9@10c.

MILLER & HEIKE report the sale of 152 head of "animals" during the week, which they suppose were sent here for beef—there is positive evidence that some of them were not. The price per pound ranged from 7@10c., and very few at the latter figure. We suppose they got enough to pay transportation and commission on a portion of the lot; but if they did the buyer was cheated.

GEO. AYRAULT—76 head of Kentucky cattle, owned by T. S. Triplet. Also, 19 this State cattle, owned by Woodruff, from Livingston County; 29 head from Ohio, by Manahan. This whole lot will sell at about an average of 9c. The Kentucky portion are principally three and four year old steers, large-boned, tall, gaunt animals, averaging about 6½ cwt. and about $57 a head. They could have been easily fed to 9 cwt. The others are of the ordinary quality good, medium and common, selling for 8 to 10c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—We do not perceive any material change in the Sheep market, though the supply was not as large last week by 1,500 as the week before, nor as large this morning as last Monday, but we met several drovers coming into Browning's which would make up 1,500 or 1,600 for to day. James McCarty, sheep broker at that market, thinks the prospect looks favorable for sellers this week. We give below his report of sales last week, which is a shilling a head better than the week before. But McGraw's sales are 37c. lower than last week. He explains this by saying that he sold the poorest average quality of Sheep that he has had for a long time, 257 of which were store Sheep.

There is not any material variation in price, and good Sheep sell quick. The receipts of the week are—At Allerton's, 1,107; at Browning's, 5,241; at the market boats, 763; at Chamberlain's, the number given is 7,992; making in all 15,043. In answer to "Query," as to correctness of the number given at the latter place, we say: We presume that no *gentleman* would give an exaggerated report merely for the sake of show. We are satisfied that very many more are received from other sources than are over-stated by any one, so that our grand total is below the mark. Below we give reports of sales of two brokers at Browning's and one at Chamberlain's. An arrangement has been made between McGraw and McCarty by which the latter becomes responsible to owners for all stock received by the latter. This is an arrangement made on account of the foolish fashion of selling to butchers on credit, by which consumers are taxed to pay the moneyed broker for the use of his capital and risk—not a small one—of bad debts.

Sales by SAMUEL MCGRAW:

110 Sheep and Lambs	$368 95	20 Lambs and Sheep	$74 00
436 Lambs and Sheep	290 16	34 Store Ewes	93 00
197 Sheep and Lambs	565 50	213 Fine wool Stores	490 87
62 Lambs	149 25	90 Sheep and Lambs	345 62
115 Lambs and Sheep	268 37	94 Store Sheep	305 50
58 Sheep and Lambs	198 00	20 Store Lambs	50 00
Total	1,141		$3,534 20
Average per head			$2 70

Sold by JAMES MCCARTY:

111 Lambs and Sheep	$381 50	67 Lambs and Sheep	$199 25
49 Sheep and Lambs	145 00	103 Sheep and Lambs	328 00
140 Lambs and Sheep	376 77	106 Sheep and Lambs	338 00
261 Sheep	854 43	31 Store Sheep	54 25
61 Sheep and Lambs	175 00	91 Sheep	263 50
56 Lambs	179 50	159 Sheep and Lambs	605 50
72 Lambs	252 00	151 Lambs and Sheep	469 87
69 Sheep	241 50	6 Sheep	25 50
10 Lambs	28 50	—	—
Total	1,513		$4,547 07
Average per head			$3 05

The following sales of Sheep and Lambs were made at Chamberlin's, by JOHN MORTIMORE:

Sheep.	Av. ⅌ head.	Av. ⅌ lb	Sheep.	Av. ⅌ head.	Av. ⅌ lb
149	$3 25	8	120	$4 25	9
97	3 37½	8½	97	4 37½	9½
103	3 12½	8½	100	2 75	8
120	3 00	8½	173	2 50	8
47	3 50	9	375	3 12½	8½
194	3 83	8½	100	4 62½	9½
120	3 75	9	Lambs.	Av. ⅌ head.	Av. ⅌ lb
220	3 50	8½	100	$2 75	10
186	3 87½	8½	45	3 25	10½
140	4 00	9	70	3 50	10½

The market last week was good, considering the weather and the large supply offered. The favorable change will cause prices to advance. A limited supply on hand makes the demand more brisk. Mutton is selling by the carcass in Washington Market from 4½ to 5½ cents ⅌ lb; Lamb from 7 to 11 cts. Mr. Mortimore expects to have on Saturday next a few full bloed South Down buck Lambs for sale at Chamberlin's.

VEALS—Still they come, though in less quantities. There is no time in the year when we do not eat this kind of meat. The calves that come now with the cows are somewhat better than in mid-summer. Perhaps on the average, all that arrive now are more fit to eat than the kittens that arrive so freely in spring. Allerton received by Harlem cars 259, but the receipts by boats, 116, shows a still greater falling off in numbers by that route. The total is 713. Prices remain unchanged. A neat good Calf will bring 7c. a pound.

MILK COWS—The falling off in the price of Beef affects the price of Cows. When that is high, every fat Cow, unless an extra milker, finds her way to the butcher. A good many common Cows sell for $25, $29, $30 and $35 each, but first-rate milkers will always sell much above that. It is poor business to bring any other kind here, particularly just now. The number reported, 252, is one-sixth below the weekly average.

SWINE—The report of this description of stock may be summed up in one short sentence, "Market overstocked—sales dull—hogs poor—prices low." A very large number are reported on hand at the Union Drove-yards and sales of Ohio corn-fed hogs at 4@4½c; this State corn fed at 4½@4½c. Col. Radcliff had a large lot of extra quality of Ohio hogs to-day at Allerton's, which he sold, the best of them at 5c., but felt doubtful of getting over 4½c. for the balance. This sale indicates the top of the market. Mr. Dorman, at Union Yards, says they have got more than they can sell this month.

The Hudson River market boats brought over 3,000 pork carcasses last week, and the railroads are all bringing pork in large quantities.

Drovers had better hold back till cooler weather.

Hudson River Market Boats.

Freight List of Cattle and Farm Produce generally.

Reported expressly for The New-York Daily Tribune.

Capt. Walter Brett of the barge Independence, from Fishkill Landing, arrived at wharf foot of Murray-st., Oct 16, reports the following articles by the voyage, viz: 1 Beeve, 2 Milch Cows, 3 Veal Calves, 2 Horses, 199 carcasses Pork, 1,900 lb dressed Poultry, 295 Fowls, 5 bbls Eggs, 75 tubs Butter averaging 25 lb, 41 bales Hay, 100 bags Corn Meal, 4 bbls. Vegetables, 3 do. Turnips, 6 baskets Apples, 1 do. Peaches, 10 do. Pears, 12 do Quinces, 11 do. Plums, 1 roll Leather, 2 boxes do, 29 bales of Goods, 6,300 Hoop Poles, 29 bush. Chestnuts, 24 do Hickory Nuts, 40 baskets Grapes, 62 Partridges, 50 Rabbits, 2 tons Sumac, 16 loads Furniture, 4 cases Tobacco, 2 do. Woolen Goods, 4 loads sundries.

Capt. Geo. B. Brinckerhoff, of the barge Exchange, from Poughkeepsie, arrived at wharf foot of Murray-st., this day Oct. reports the following articles by the trip, viz: 3 Veal Calves, 240 Sheep and Lambs, 4 bbls Eggs, 72 tubs Butter averaging 25 lb, 130 bales Hay, 400 bush. Corn, 400 do Oats, 12 bbls. Rye, 40 bags Corn Meal, 50 do. Buckwheat, 2 do. Potatoes, 110 baskets Apples, 2 do. Pears, 3 do Quinces, 40 bbls. Cider, 5 rolls Leather, 20 boxes do., 6 Carriages, 1,000 Chairs, 400 Barrels and Half Barrels, 60 coils Rope, 6 tuns Castings, 100 bbls. Ale, 6 loads Furniture, 100 bags Feed, 40 do Rye Feed, 20 bush. Chestnuts, 20 do. Hickory Nuts.

Capt. Charles Halstead, of the barge Minisink, from Newburgh, arrived at wharf foot of Warren-st., Oct. 16, report the following articles by the voyage, viz: 15 Veal Calves, 200 Sheep and Lambs, 6 Swine, 3 Horses, 400 carcasses Pork, 150 lb dressed Poultry, 90 Fowls, 16 Turkeys, 30 Ducks, 4 bbls. Eggs, 200 tubs Butter averaging 55 lb, 25 firkins do, averaging 102 lb, 72 bales Hay, 43 bbls. Rye, 4 do. Potatoes, 7 cases and 2 boxes Carpet Bags.

Capt. A. Smith of the barge Berkshire from New-Paltz Landing, arrived at wharf foot of Warren st., Oct. 14, reports the following articles by the voyage, viz: 2 Beeves, 20 Sheep and Lambs, 46 Swine, 207 carcasses Pork, 700 lb dressed Poultry, 50 Fowls, 11 Turkeys, 19 Ducks, 2 bbls Eggs, 30 tubs Butter averaging 20 lb, 250 bales Hay, 120 do. Straw, 10 bbls. Wheat Flour, 17 do. Rye Flour, 190 bags Corn Meal, 15 do, Buckwheat, 45 bbls Apples, 3 do Quinces.

RECAPITULATION.

Beeves	3	Oats	600
Milch Cows	2	Rye Flour, bbls	195
Veal Calves	21	Corn Meal, bags	177
Sheep and Lamb