BODY OF AN INFANT FOUND.—The partially de-cayed body of an infant was found in a [illegible] the [illegible] in the back of [illegible] supposed [illegible] been [illegible] to death soon after its birth.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT—IN CHAMBERS—Oct. 30—Before Judge COWLES.

CONTROVERSY AS TO A CHILD.

Mr. P. Conant and wife resided in New-York in 1849, at that one child, about three years of age. The mother was burnt to death and the father left the child with her grandmother—then residing in the family of Mr. Charles B. Burton. The father subsequently went to New-Hampshire, his native State and was taken ill; and the child resided, it was said, from 1849 to March or April, 1852, nearly two thirds of the time in the family of Mr. Burton. At that time the father came to New-York and took the child back with him to New-Hampshire. He died in July, 1852.

Mr. and Mrs. Burton had become much attached to the child, having none of their own, and it being an orphan were desirous of its permanent guardianship and Mr. B. applied to the surrogate to test effect. Mr. Wm. S. Conant, uncle of the child, was also desirous of its care, and a controversy and hard feeling apparently rose up between some of the relatives of the child and Mr. Burton on this point. The child was subsequently, we believe, in the city, and taken away by one of its uncles. It was with one of its uncles in Connecticut when Mr. Conant required there, got possession of the child, and brought it to New-York. The uncle entered a complaint against Mr. Burton in Connecticut on a charge of kidnapping, and he was indicted by the grand jury, and tried at Danbury, but acquitted. He died in July, 1854. Mr. Conant, the uncle, having previously applied to obtain letters of guardianship given by the surrogate to Mr. Burton. Mrs. Burton, widow of Mr. B., a lady, it is said, possessed of considerable property, then applied for the guardianship of the child, the uncle opposing, and Judge Roosevelt considering that it would be for the interest of the child to give her its guardianship, she having executed a deed of trust by which she settled upon the child one hundred dollars a year in the event of the death of Mrs. B., till the child should arrive at the age of twenty-one.

Mr. William S. Conant, the uncle, now comes in renewing his application to be appointed guardian of the child, claiming it as a matter of right from his position as its kindred, and in accordance with his duty to the memory of his brother. He is a highly respectable appearing man, and was present, accompanied by his lady and one of their attorneys. He complains, among other things, that Mrs. Burton has changed the name of the child, calling it Augusta Burton, and that it passes among its young friends by the name of Gussy Burton. This we noticed; and it is also alleged that the child is much attached to Mrs. Burton and Mrs. Burton to it, and that its interest would be best promoted by leaving it where it is.

Messrs. Wm. M. Evarts and James C. Hazen appeared on behalf of Mr. Conant and Mr. P. Macomb for Mrs. B., and argument was presented. Mr. M. concluded by saying that the little girl is now about nine years of age and capable of judging for herself, and he was perfectly willing that the judge should privately question the child and decide according to the choice she should make—to go with her uncle or remain with Mrs. B. Mr. Evarts contended that this would not be the proper rule. Decision reserved.

Before Judge MITCHELL.

CONTROVERSY AS TO A BOY.

On the application of Thomas Skally for the care and custody of his son, Thomas Skally jr., twelve years of age, alleged to have been illegally indentured until he is twenty-one, by the New-York Juvenile Asylum society, to Mr. McEndorf, a farmer in Ulster county. Testimony in this case (already referred to) was taken. It appeared that the father had become angry with the lad and applied to Ald. Howard, who granted a warrant of commitment to the House of Reception of the Society, as it is called then to Grand street, and the father, with a police officer, took the lad and delivered him there. Subsequently, the father not having reclaimed him, he was fully committed to the asylum, and bound out, as already stated to Mr. McE. who was required, agreeably to the indentures to treat him well, give him a certain amount of schooling in each year, and on his arriving at the age of twenty one, give him a new suit of clothes and one hundred dollars in money. After the lad had been indentured out the father applied for his discharge, but it was too late.

The society, by the terms of its charter previous to binding out a child is required to give written notice to its parent or guardian ten days before so binding it; and it is contended in the present case, that such notice was not given to the father, and that the indentures therefore are void. The father also alleged, but there was no proof to that effect although not denied, that the society received $100 from Mr. McE. for the privilege of having the boy. It was also shown that the father had always taken goos care of the lad, was abundantly able to maintain him, and had sent him to school, and the lad was as good as boys usually are, save the act of indiscretion, which was attempting to take some money from his father; that the latter was angry with him for it and made the complaint in regard to him. Mr. H. S. Lincoln, who appeared as counsel on behalf of the application, contended that the indentures should be declared null and void. Mr. Jansen counsel for the society, contended, on the other hand, that the latter having brought the lad to the asylum, had been informed by the superintendent that unless he reclaimed the lad in ten days he would be by law under the control of the asylum to be bound out; and having such knowledge it waived the necessity of the written notice required by the charter. Dr. Russ, the superintendent, also appeared in behalf of the society. Decision reserved, the lad meantime being left in the care of the asylum.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE—Oct. 30.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.

A colored man named Henry Yates, who is a hand on board a river-boat, got into a bad scrape yesterday by passing upon a woman who keeps a shop near the corner of Broad and South streets a counterfeit half dollar in pay for a pair of overalls. He contended that he had got it from the same place not long before in charge of a five-dollar bill in buying a pair of stockings, which was denied, and he refused to give good money for it, when he was taken in charge by a police man and brought to the United States district attorney's office. The officer made complaint that he had passed counterfeit money knowing it to be so, and the accused was committed to prison to await examination.

MARRIED.

DOUGLASS—HAYES—At Auburndale, Mass., on Wednesday, Oct. 24, by the Rev. S. C. Strong of Southampton, BENJAMIN DOUGLASS esq., of New-York, to Miss JULIA A. HAYES, daughter of the late Joel Hayes, esq., of South Hadley.

FONDICK—FERRIS—On Monday, Oct. 29, in St. John's church, Stamford, Conn., by the Rev. Dr. Mead, Wm. R. FONDICK of this city, to ELIZABETH J., daughter of the Hon. Joshua B. Ferris of the former place.

JOHNSON—ISHAM—In Goshen, Conn., on Tuesday, Oct. 30, by the Rev. L. Perin, the Rev. SAMUEL JOHNSON of Asheville, Chautauque county, N. Y., to Miss CATHERINE C., daughter of the Rev. Chester Isham, formerly of Taunton, Mass.

KERR—HOFFMAN—At Trinity church, on Monday, Oct. 29, by the Rev. Dr. Berrian, rector, JOHN MORRIS KERR of New-York, to ANNE McKEAN, daughter of the late Hon. David Hoffman of Baltimore.

Baltimore and Cumberland, Md., papers please copy.

THORNTON—SMITH—In this city on Tuesday, Oct. 30, JOHN C. THORNTON of Buffalo, to PHOEBE B., daughter of Charles F. and Judith C. Smith.

Buffalo papers please copy.

WHITE—MONTROSS—At Yorktown, on Wednesday, Oct. 17, by the Rev. amos Benedict, CONSTANT WHITE to Miss M. LOUISA MONTROSS, daughter of Gen. B. Montross.

DIED.

FARR—On Tuesday, Oct. 30, JOSEPH MURRAY, infant son of James W. and Mary C. Farr, aged 1 year, 4 months and 29 days.

The friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral this afternoon at 3 o'clock, from No. 36 Eighth st., without further invitation.

WEED—In Albany, on Sunday, Oct. 28, MARY ISABELLA, adopted daughter of Thurlow Weed, aged 13 years.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 30.

3,000 Kentucky 6s	s3 102	100 Reading Railroad	ec
1,000 Indiana State 5s	79½	100 do	c 85¼
20,000 Missouri 6s	c 87	100 do	c 85⅛
20,000 do	sw 87	200 do	85
5,000 do	b3 87	500 do	b3 85
5,000 Harlem 1st mt. bds	s3 88	400 do	c 84⅞
6,000 Erie Bonds of '85	89½	200 do	c 84⅞
1,000 Erie Bonds of '75	84	100 do	85
8,000 do	c 84½	150 Hudson River RR	b60 32½
1,000 N. Y. & N. H. bds	66 77½	100 do	s3 31½
1,000 Hud. River 1st mt. bds	c 94½	200 Michigan Cen. RR	s3 94½
14,000 Central RR. Bonds	78½	25 Galena & Chi. RR.	130 114½
30,000 do	b3 78½	25 do	114
5,000 do	c 78½	650 Erie Railroad	49
5,000 do	s15 78½	200 do	c 49
1,000 New York Cen. 6s	98	400 do	s3 49
1,000 New-York Cen. 7s	100½	1200 do	b60 50
1,000 Cleve. & Tol. Div. Bds	73	200 do	s3 49
2,000 Chic. R. Isl. RR. Bds	85	50 do	s60 48½
8 Hanover Bank	97	100 do	s60 48
25 Corn Exchange Bank	101	600 do	b10 49
5 Ameri'n Exchange Bk	119	100 do	s15 49
100 Canton Company	b3 22	550 do	s10 49
50 do	22	100 do	s15 49
200 do	b60 22	100 do	b60 49½
100 Niagara Transit Co.	s3 16½	100 do	c 48½
350 do	c 16	100 do	s30 48½
400 do	b60 16½	150 do	s3 48½
20 Pennsylvania Coal Co.	97	100 do	b15 48½
50 Cumberland Coal Co.	24	50 do	48½
100 do	s30 24½	200 Harlem Railroad	21
150 do	b3 24½	279 Mich. So. & N. In. RR.	90
400 do	c 24½	125 do	b30 91
400 do	b25 25	50 do	b60 92
100 do	b3 24½	50 do	s30 89½
100 do	b30 25	25 do	s3 89½
270 do	c 24½	100 do	b60 91½
100 do	b10 24½	50 do	s3 89½
100 do	24½	7 Rome, Watertown RR.	70
212 Chicago & Rock Is RR.	94	35 Clev. & Pittsburgh RR.	56½
25 do	b60 94½	664 Cleve. & Toledo RR.	s3 67
50 do	s30 89	50 do	67
100 Panama Railroad	100		

SECOND BOARD.

$4,000 Ill. Cen. RR. Bonds	78½	50 Erie Railroad	s30 49
5,000 do	s60 78½	50 do	s60 48½
8,000 Ill. F. Bds., with pr.	80	150 do	c 49
500 Niagara Transit Co.	16½	200 Harlem Railroad	21½
100 Cumberland Coal Co.	24½	200 Reading Railroad	s60 85
400 do	25	500 do	84½
50 Ch. & Rock Isl. RR.	s3 89	205 Galena & Chicago RR.	114
100 Erie Railroad	s60 48½	50 do	s60 115½
50 do	s10 48½	50 do	b60 115½
400 do	s3 48½	50 do	b10 114½
100 do	s30 48½	10 do	b30 115
100 do	s30 48½	250 Cleve. & Tol. RR.	b60 60
200 do	b30 48	50 Cleve. & Pittsbgh. RR.	56½
100 do	b60 48½		

Sales of Stocks at Philadelphia.....Oct. 30.

[Reported for THE N. Y. TRIBUNE by J. R. & H. B. FRY.]

First Board—100 Schuylkill Navigation 6s, '92, 75; 1,000 Camden and Amboy Railroad 6s, '93, 79; 1,000 do., b5 79; 400 Reading Railroad, b5, 44½; 100 do., b3 wn, 43½; 500 do., b5, 43, 200 do., s5, 43; 10 do., 43; 50 do., b5 wn, 42½; 74 do., 42½; 100 do., b5 wn, 42½; 200 do., b5, 42½; 200 do., cash, 42½; 99 do., 42½; 100 do., 42½; 164 New Creek Coal Co., 1½; 20 Pennsylvania Railroad, C. & P., cash 43; 15 Beaver Meadow Railroad, b5, 89½; 14 Lehigh Navigation, cash, 79½; 15 Bank of Kentucky, 100½; 50 Girard Bank, C. & P., 11½.

between Boards—1,000 Reading RR. 6s, '70, b5, 81; 200 City 6s, 91.

Second Board—5,000 Norristown RR. 6s 93; 1,500 Schuylkill Nav. 6s, '82, 74½; 200 City Gas 6s new 91; 500 City 6s, 91; 2,000 Reading RR. 6s '70, 3 days, 81; 40 Penna. RR., 43; 8 do., b5, 43; 50 schuyl. Nav. Pref'd, 30; 50 Reading RR., 44½; 10 do., 42½; 100 do., s5, 42½; 200 do., s5 wn and int., 42½.

After Board—1,000 Penna. 5s, 88½; 200 New Creek Coal Co., 1½; 100 Reading RR., 2 days and int., 42½, 5s do., s5, 42.

TUESDAY, Oct. 30—p. m.

The heaviness in the stock market previously noticed continued this morning, and the list, with a few exceptions, was lower. There is an evident disposition on the part of the bulls and outsiders, who take a line occasionally, to wait a more settled state of monetary affairs in Europe, or at any rate until the development of the next month or two afford some basis upon which to form some opinion of the future. There was a rally at the Second board in the two leading fancies after the steamer George Law was announced to have two millions of gold on board. Erie went to 49, and Reading to 85. The market was generally stronger, but not active. These reactions at the Second board have not of late indicated a better market the next day. A private sale of 500 shares Northern Indiana Construction stock was made at 89.

The demand for exchange has not met the anticipations of sellers and rates have yielded about ¼ ⅌ cent. The supply on the market has been large both from the South and from home sources, and bankers have bought but moderately. One leading house has shipped gold by the last three steamers instead of remitting bills, and have been out of the market as free buyers. The range of good sterling is 9@9¼ ⅌ cent, the highest rate being nominal. Strictly first-class commercial signatures sold at 8¾@8¾ ⅌ cent. Some southern bank bills with city indorsements at 8¼, &c. Francs 5.22½@5.17½. A large amount of bills stand over unsold.

In Freights to Liverpool we notice engagements of a few thousand bushels grain at 11½d. in ship's bags; flour 4s., and cotton 5-16d. To London, 200 boxes leaf tobacco 30s.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was: Paid, $57,718 12; received, $299 340 61; balance, $7,630,504 27; paid for Assay office, $44,001 58; paid on disbursing checks, $42,176 56.

The following sales of stocks were made at auction by Simeon Draper:

$7,000 certificate (75 shares) Breckenridge Coal Co.	$1,200
40 shares National Fire Insurance Co	181
100 shares Henry Clay Fire Insurance Co	10
98 shares Henry Clay Fire Insurance Co	6
40 shares Excelsior Fire Insurance Co	77

The Albion Life Insurance company has declared a cash dividend of 20 ⅌ cent, payable November 1.

The interest coupons due November 1 on the bonds of the Peoria and Oquawka Railroad Company will be paid at the office of Riggs & Co., No. 56 Wall street instead of at the American Exchange Bank, where they are made payable.

The coupons on the second mortgage bonds of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad Co., due 1st November, will be paid at the office of Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co.

The steamer of to-morrow has $600,000 engaged in gold, $500 000 by Brown Brothers, and $100,000 by J. & J. Stuart. The amount may be increased to $700,000, but two parties who had bought bars are undecided whether to ship or remit bills. It is barely possible that only Browns' shipment will go. Good sterling can be had at a rate making them a better remittance than bars, even at ⅜ ⅌ cent discount; but some parties who have remitted bills largely to cover their own bills do not like to increase their lines of the signatures now on the market, and consequently send gold which, although making a loss at present drawing rates, yet pays a profit as remitted to cover bills drawn thirty and sixty days ago.

The movement in money is active in stock circles, and the supply is rather diminishing. Loans are changed very frequently, and although the amount of stock carried by hypothecation has been largely reduced, yet it is still difficult to find lenders on the common stocks dealt in at the Brokers' Board. Paper remains as before noticed.

The Erie *receipts* for October will be about $650,000, which is about $100,000 larger than last year. The *earnings* will not be known for several days. The statement from Albany is that the Central receipts will be $700,000. The third week of Cleveland and Pittsburgh is $16,000 in round numbers, equal to $70,000 for the month. Stonington is improving in business, and it is expected that October will compare more favorably with last year than the previous months have done. The managers of Erie and Central meet at Buffalo to-morrow to arrange fares and freight charges.

We learn from a recently large buyer of produce for export that the gold is coming from Europe for the payment of his purchases; and we hear also of another important purchaser, whose bills not being very well known, would not sell freely, who has used his own resources to pay for his purchases, and sent the bills forward for collection. We did not hear the amount in either case.

Messrs. T. S. Goodman & Co., bankers, of Cincinnati, have resumed business under favorable circumstances. *The Cincinnati Gazette* says:

"The gentlemen who compose this firm are among our most active and thorough business men, and for a long series of years the senior member has enjoyed the respect and confidence of the community. Having survived the severe shock of last Winter, and recovered from the temporary prostration of their business, they present themselves to their old customers and friends by whom we are sure they will be favorably received."

The annexed is translated from the circular of Messrs. Marié & Kanz for the Atlantic:

Per Atlantic.] NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 30, 1855.

The expression noticed in our last circular increased on the following day, and on the foreign news received by telegraph from Halifax on the 24th this disposition became transformed into a panic. Very large sales were made, and the decline was general, being about 2 ⅌ cent on State and Railroad bonds, and ranging from 2 to 9 ⅌ cent on Railway shares. The western Railroad stocks, in which speculation had been particularly active, were the greatest sufferers on the 26th. The steamer having arrived at Boston, the news seemed less unfavorable than the telegraphic advices, and there was a rally of 1 to 2 ⅌ cent. But the prospect of further shipments of specie soon caused prices to recede, and our quotations of to-day are generally the lowest of the week. At the close of business, in consequence of the decline in foreign exchanges, and the telegraphic announcement of an arrival of $2 000,000 of gold from California, the market displays a strong upward tendency.

It is difficult to justify so violent a panic on the eve of an unprecedented export of grain, and at a time when the money pressure is less stringent than it was a fortnight ago. But it may perhaps be explained by a vague apprehension that the critical condition of the Bank of France and its purchases of gold were significant of a crisis which must ultimately react upon us, and that in consequence of the premium on gold our specie shipments must at once resume a serious importance, to be followed up by a movement of contraction on the part of our banks, and therefore a scarcity of money. In such a state of the public mind, the turn of affairs in Europe will be followed with the liveliest interest as long as the specie shipments continue, and according as the news may appear good or bad our stocks will rise or fall.

STATE STOCKS.—Large sales in Indianas and Missouris, with a general decline. Indianas have fallen 2½ ⅌ cent, Missouris and Tennessees 1½, and Virginias 2½ ⅌ cent. California and Ohio remain steady, with little doing. United States stocks have fallen back to the Government redemption price.

City and county bonds—very slight sales. We notice transactions for about $2,600 Jersey City (water loan), $15,000 Racine, and some Peoria city bonds.

The circular of Messrs. Cammann & Co. says:

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 30, 1855.

The quotations herewith, except for Government and a few descriptions of State and City securities, show a general and material decline from those contained in our last report of 18th inst. The tendency throughout the fortnight has been downward, and large amounts of speculative stocks have been forced upon the market, with an anxiety on the part of holders to realize which at times presented some of the characteristics of a panic. Occasional reactions have taken place, the low prices inducing purchases for investment, and many stocks have thus passed from weak to strong holders; but the improvement has, in most cases, proved but temporary.

This desire to sell is not in any degree attributable to a change of opinion as to the *intrinsic* value of the securities which have participated in the decline. On the contrary the general prosperity of the country leads to the confident anticipation of a very profitable result to the business of the present season. The railroad traffic is unprecedentedly large, giving assurance of an improvement in the financial position of the different companies, and of handsome dividends in many instances. But these favorable features are overshadowed by the adverse position of money matters in Europe, and the continued drain of gold from the banks of England and France. The tenor of the late advices relative to these institutions has engendered vague apprehensions of the possibility of serious financial embarrassments, particularly in Paris, which it is feared may exert temporarily a powerful and injurious influence on the market. These apprehensions are strengthened by the resumption of specie shipments from this port, at a time when the large exports of produce and reduced rates of exchange seemed to warrant the belief that they would have nearly if not entirely ceased.

The Breadstuff market was rather irregular to-day. Common State flour advanced 12½c., but other descriptions were quiet. The sales were not so large as yesterday. Wheat, with moderate sales, was 3 to 5c. lower, and corn was also heavy.

The George Law brings nearly $1,700,000 in gold, which no doubt comprises nearly the entire semi-monthly shipment. The political troubles in Nicaragua no doubt prevented any important shipment by the Uncle Sam. The advices are rather important in regard to breadstuffs, in which there had been an active market with advancing prices. The business from the Atlantic ports had been few. The arrivals from the mines show their continued productiveness, although the supply of water was small in some districts. The money market was easy.

The following is a synopsis of the operations of the United States branch mint, San Francisco, for the third quarter, 1855:

GOLD DEPOSITS.

For coinage	oz. 315,747 19
For unparted bars	74 696 21
For parted bars	2 747 46
Total gold deposits	393,120 86—$7,202,617 69
Silver purchases	oz. 11,452 50

GOLD COINAGE.

207,040 double eagles	$5,740,800 00
9,000 eagles	90,000 00
40,848 half eagles	203,909 00
15 parted bars	48 969 97
337 unparted bars	1,379,765 89
342,366 pieces. Total coinage	$7,463,515 75

SILVER COINAGE.

16,270 half dollars	$20,135 00
116,000 quarter dollars	35,000 00
156,250 pieces. Total silver coinage	$63,125 00
Gold coinage for the quarter	$7,463,515 75
Silver coinage for the quarter	63,125 00
Total	$7,531,740 75

The shipments of gold from San Francisco to London for nine months had been:

Total in nine months, in 1855	$3,966 987 28
Shipped same time in 1854	2,729 255 28
Shipped same time in 1853	4 562,850 62

To Panama the shipments were $188,907 in the same time.

To China, gold bars	$324 600
To China, coin	201,193
Total to China	$525 793
To East Indies, coin	111 889
To South America, coin	41 710
To islands in Pacific, coin	41,717
To Australia	6,000

Total shipments for 9 mos. in sailing vessels $727,119

TOTAL SHIPMENT OF GOLD DUST IN BARS AND COIN.

Per steamer in 9 months	$31,697,651 32
Per sailing vessels in 9 months	324,600 00
Total shipments by both	$32,022,251 32
Add total shipment of coin	392 519 00
Treasure of all kinds shipped in 1855	$32 414 740 32
Shipment same time (nine months) 1854	37,506,154 17
Decrease this year	$5,091,413 55

At $32 414,740 32 for the first nine months, the shipments for the whole year of 1855 would be $43,219 654 42

The amount shipped in 1854 was	51,506 132 00
The amount shipped in 1853 was	53 906,936 00
The amount shipped in 1852 was	45,719,106 00
The amount shipped in 1851 was	54,497,000 00
Total gold exported in five years	$229 905,742 42

The Alta Californian of the 5th says:

THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 4.—Considering that this has been "steamer day" a very fair business has been done both from first and second hands. The amount, of course, has been restricted in some degree by the other occupations of the various operators, and by the fact that the commission merchants have been very generally occupied with their correspondence and in making up their accounts for the steamer; but the feeling manifested in the various lines of goods augurs well for the next fortnight's trade, and on the whole the business done to-day has been a satisfactory one.

The Flour market continues much excited, and rates are almost nominal. Transactions for the present are at a stand-still, and but few lots, and those unimportant ones, have been taken. We do not pretend to fix any rates as current ones, as such is at present impossible. The sales which have been effected will be found recorded below. It is pretty well understood, however, that additional orders, and that to a very considerable extent, have been received for purchase on Valparaiso account, but the limit fixed is still at $9. We also learn that letters received from the south coast state that flour has been sold in Valparaiso at $18 but we confess the price is so great that we are inclined to look upon the statement with suspicion. There is one thing certain, viz. that the news received forty days from now from Australia will be likely to affect the market unfavorably, inasmuch as by that time we will have heard something of the state of the incoming crop in the southern hemisphere, which, it must be borne in mind, will be gathered in January, or about the time that many of our export cargoes will reach New-Holland.

The Grain market has been active to-day, and rates for Barley and Wheat have advanced to what may be considered very high figures. The former has been sold to-day in moderate lots at 2½c. and the latter at 3½c. Oats also have advanced.

Money to-day has of course been in demand, and is reported tight, but we do not notice any unusual stringency. The jobbers are paying up remarkably well, and the country traders appear to have an abundance of means to meet all their engagements. The amount of Exchange drawn to-day does not appear very large, and Bars are in but moderate request, from which we would infer that the shipment will not be a very large one. At the same time, it is impossible to estimate it at present.

The Provision market has been quite stiff to-day and the quotations we send forward to the East will astonish some of our neighbors on the other side of the land. Pork, especially, looks well and sells readily even at the high rates now ruling. Butter is very scarce, that is really choice parcels, and the first lots coming to hand of proper quality will undoubtedly command a material advance.

Speaking of the business of Chicago, a correspondent writing from that place says:

I rode nearly all night last night over the Michigan Southern road, squeezed into a train of sixteen passenger cars, and on our arrival here found no place to lay my head, not even a cot or sofa. I slept on a chair at the Tremont till breakfast time, and about 10 o'clock made out to get a room. I started out to see the town, drove with difficulty to the river, waited a quarter of an hour to take our turn in the string of vehicles waiting to cross the bridge, got over the bridge and waited in a perfect jam of wagons for a train of nineteen Galena and Chicago freight cars to pass. I made out to get within a block of the Galena office, threaded my way on foot the balance of the distance through the largest medley of carts, carriages, omnibuses, boxes, baggage, and people that I ever saw round a railroad depot. I am bound to see a prairie and to have a ride over this famous Galena road. The receipts this month of the Galena will be in the neighborhood of $300,000, and when they finish the line to Fulton (all done but about twelve miles) you will see such receipts as you never dreamed of. It is rumored here that the Company are about to declare an extra dividend of ten ⅌ cent on stock; also, to cancel the balance of their second mortgage bonds, and issue ten ⅌ cent of stock to the stockholders at par. This will be a judicious move, avoiding as it does any farther sacrifice on bonds.

One thing is certain: you may set Chicago down for one of the largest cities in the Union in a very short time. Everything is now in a crude shape; scarcely a street or building or dock yet finished. The commotion, however, will soon work out completeness. Around the city is one vast, bleak, desolate prairie, more like the campagna around Rome than anything I have ever before seen. An immense number of streets and lots are staked off in every direction, and being sold at public and private sale daily. I met a train of carriages coming in from one of these auctions where they had sold to-day lots to the amount of $385,000. Quarter down, and balance in one, two, and three years, is the rule.

From The Lake Superior Journal.

At length we are able to give the readers of *The Journal* a detailed statement of the yield of copper for the present year. The number exceeds the estimates which we had made, by 1,000 runs. This is a state of things we like to see, and argues well for the manner in which the agents and superintendents are prosecuting the work of mining. The copper that has gone below this season has been cleaned more thoroughly than heretofore, the average for the whole range being 70 per cent. Last season the average was between 58 and 60 per cent. The present prospects are that the yield will be nearly double the coming year, as many mines that have just begun operations will become large shippers. We notice, also, that some of the mines that were compelled to stop operations by the money pressure of last Winter are resuming their work and doing well. These are good grounds for a belief that nearly all the mines that were closed up will be opened and worked, as most of the locations are good ones.

The following tables show the amount of copper that the agents of the different mines are confident of being able to ship the present season. A large proportion has already gone below, some of the mines having completed the year's business. In the others, the estimates are formed from the amount of copper in sight and on the docks. The tables will be found to be nearly, if not quite correct.

ONTONAGON DISTRICT.

	Tons		Tons.
Minnesota mine	1,350	Adventure mine	83
Norwich mine	200	Ohio Trap Rock mine	15
Rockland mine	710	Aztec mine	10
National mine	90	Ohio mine	5
Forest mine	175	Merchants' mine	5
Nebraska mine	20	Bridge mine	27
Windsor mine	33	Douglass Houghton mine	30
Talmadge mine	82		
Total			2,190

KEWEENAW-POINT DISTRICT.

	Tons		Tons.
Cliff mine	1,600	Native Copper mine	4
North American mine	265	Star mine	
Copper Falls mine	85	Fulton mine	
North-west mine	125	Eagle River mine	
Phoenix mine	2	Central mine	5
Summit mine	5		
Total			2,255

PORTAGE-LAKE DISTRICT.

	Tons.		Tons.
Isle Royal mine	24½	Pewabic mine	17½
Portage mine	48	Quincy mine	19
Huron mine	10		
Albion mine	15	Total	34½

RECAPITULATION.

	Tons.
Ontonagon district	2,190
Keewenaw district	2,255
Portage Lake district	34½
Total	4,479½

Or 9,581,000 lbs of copper as the total yield of the range for 1855. This, at the present prices, is worth over $1,600,000. As yet the work of developing the wealth of the Upper Peninsula has but just begun, and we may look forward to an increase in production more rapid than has yet been thought of—an increase that will tend to give confidence and stability to our "peculiar institutions."

We are indebted to the Hon. S. M. Hill for the facts and figures in the foregoing article.

Receipts of Produce.....Oct. 30.

By North River Boats—4,000 bbls. Flour, 56,192 bushels Wheat, 6,800 do. Corn, 9,929 do. Rye, 28 pkgs. Ashes.

By Erie Railroad—3,515 bbls. Flour, 75 pkgs. Whisky, 900 do. Beef, 190 bags Wheat.

Markets, CAREFULLY REPORTED FOR THE TRIBUNE.

TUESDAY Oct 30, 1855.

ASHES—The market is without change; the demand is fair; sales of 50 bbls. at $6 37½@6 43¾ for Pots and $7 37½@7 43¾ for Pearls; Saleratus is steady at 6½c. cash.

COTTON—A quiet market, without any quotable change in prices. The sales to-day are estimated at 500 bales. We repeat our yesterday's quotations:

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Uplands	Florida.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary	8½	8½	8½	8½
Middling	9½	9½	9½	9½
Middling Fair	9½	10½	10½	10½
Fair	10	10½	10½	11½

COFFEE—The auction sale of Rio this morning passed off at a decline of ⅛c. on low grades. Fine descriptions showed no decline. 3,400 bags out of the offering of 4,628 were sold at 10@11½c.—average 10.52. The entire stock of Rio is 37,500 bags, of which but 2,000 is new offering; the balance (30,000) is held on speculation. At private sale the market for Rio is weak and totally devoid of animation. All other kinds are quiet, without any alteration in prices. The sales include 500 bags Rio at 11¼, 100 bags Laguayra at 11½c., 50 bags Java at 14½c., and 400 half and quarter bales Mocha at 41c.

CORDAGE—Manilla may be quoted at 14½@15c.; and American Tarred at 9c.

DRUGS AND DYES—The sales embrace 60 cases Shellac at 31½c.; 100 kegs Newcastle Bicarb. Soda at 4½c.; 100 cans Sal Soda, to arrive, at 1½c.; 50 bbls. and cases Refined do. at 2¼@2½c.; 5,000 lb Am. Prussiate Potash at 30c.; a small lot Soda Ash at 3½c.; 2,000 lb Annatto at 16c.; 5 cases Turkey Opium at $4 12½@4 25; 400 oz. Foreign Quinine at $3 90@4 50; and 5,000 lb Am. Bichromate Potash at 9c.

FLOUR AND MEAL—A brisk demand may be noted for common State Flour for filling contracts; this is 1½c. better, while Western brands are lower and quite dull at the close. The inquiry for export is less active, but the trade for Rye Flour of the medium and better grades at full prices. The arrivals are moderate, and there is but little accumulation as yet; the inquiry for future delivery is not so active. The sales of Western Canal are 14,700 bbls. at $9 12½ for State; $9 12½@9 18¾ for extra State and superfine Upper Lake and Indiana, $8 87½@9 for superfine Michigan; $9 12½@9 37½ for Ohio, and $4 75@4 81 for extra Genesee. Included in the sales are 2,000 bbls State for November at $8 87½. Canadian Flour is heavy and rather lower at the close; sales of 1,000 bbls. at $9@9 10. Southern Flour is less active, and standard brands are easier at the close; sales of 250 bbls. at $8 63½ for Richmond cross mill brands, $9 43½@9 87½ for mixed to good standard brands. By the time, "City Mills," Alexandria, and "Howard street," small lots out of order, $9 25 and $9 50@9 11 for favorite, fancy, and extra brands. Rye Flour is quiet; sales of 50 bbls. at $5 37½@5 87½ for fine and $7@7 50 for superfine. Corn Meal is steady; sales of 150 bbls. at $4 75 for Jersey, and $4 31½ for Baltimore, and $4 87½ for Brandywine, and $5 25 for muscheme. Buckwheat Flour is in fair demand at $2 62½@2 75 for 100 lbs.

FRUITS—Raisins are modier; only actual sales of 1,200 bxs. Bunch at $3 50@3 75 for whole, $1 50 for halves, and 56c. for quarters; 400 bxs. Layers at $4 12½; a cargo comprising 500 bxs. Layers, 300 bxs. Bunch 300 half boxes, and 1,000 quarters, just arrived this morning, was taken on terms not transpired. Sales also of 25 bales Bordeaux Almonds at 15½; 20 cases Sardines at 57½c.; 200 bbls. Ansco Oranges at $6; 150 bbls Havana do. at $6. Apples are lower, the supply good, and demand fair; sales of Western Fall Fruit at $1 37½; Greenings, $1; Pelicans $1 37½; Fall Pippins, (20 oz.) and Ox, $1@$1 37½; Spitzenbergers, $1 37½@$1 62½; Bell Flowers, $1 25; Golden Pippins, $1 25; Newtown Pippins continue firm at our last quotations.

FISH—Dry Cod are firm and in demand; sales of 2,000 quintals at $3 70@$3 75 for Grand Bank. Mackerel are unchanged; the arrivals light; sales of 200 bbls. at former prices. Herring are quiet.

GRAIN—The market is unsettled and prices are 3 to 5 cents lower with a moderate milling and export demand; sales of 8,200 bush. Red Western at $1 95@$2 05; 5,200 bush White do. at $2 12@$2 20; 4,000 bush. choice Red Indiana at $2 03; 4,000 bush. common White California at $2, and 14,900 bush. White Canadian at $2 12@$2 22. Barley is quiet the arrivals moderate; sales of 1,000 bush fair four-rowed at $1 31. Oats are scarce and in demand; 45@47c. for State and 46@48c. for Chicago. Rye is in fair demand and not plenty; sales of 15,500 bush. at $1 20@$1 22. White Beans are firm; sales of 300 bush. at $2. Corn is plenty and rather lower; the demand for export is light; sales of 100,000 bush. at 94@96c. for ordinary to good Western mixed; other kinds are scarce. Black-eyed Peas are more plenty; sales of of 700 bush. at $1 25 per bush.

GUNNY-BAGS—The market is firm, with sales of 100 bales at 16c. 6 mos.

GUNNY-CLOTH—We learn of a sale of 30 bales at 14c., 6 mos.

HIDES—The market is very firm, and the stock is reduced to a mere cipher; sales of 4,000 Rio Grande, 20½ lb, at 24½c.; 650 Barcelona, 19 lb, at 24½; 1,200 Laguayra, 23½ lb, at 24½; 200 California at 19½c., 6 mos., usual selection, and 3/3 City Slaughter, light and middle, at 24c. cash. The stock is only 19,000, consisting of 8,000 Buenos Ayres, 1,200 Rio Grande, 500 Porto Cabello, 6,000 Mexican, 1,900 Savanilla, 400 Coagres, 415 Curacoa, 1,100 West India and Southern.

HOPS—Old continue quiet, with small sales at 7@10c. New are more active; we have no change to note in prices; sales to-day of 130 bales at 12@14c. for good to choice State and Western.

INDIA RUBBER is quiet; a small lot of 1,000 lb fine Para at 55c.

IRON—A fair demand for Scotch Pig, but at lower prices; the stock is ample; sales of 100 tons at $35@$35 50.