to one of the coachmen, and then, remarking that he felt very sleepy, went out of the door. He was known to have over four hundred dollars in his possession. A fireman and deck hand of one of the Peck slip boats state that Mr. Neville crossed over to New-York, and after going on shore a few minutes, came on the boat again, but on arriving on the Brooklyn side he was not to be found. It is thought by some that they were mistaken as to his identity, and that there has been foul play. Mr. N. was remarkably steady, and never staid away from home. Every measure has been taken to ascertain his fate.

THE SUNDAY LIQUOR ORDINANCE.—Russell Losee, the keeper of a tavern in Hamilton avenue, was arrested yesterday by Officer Horton of the Eleventh ward on an execution issued by Justice Smith for the payment of a fine of thirty dollars. Defendant was tried before the above justice in March last on the charge of selling liquor on Sunday in violation of the ordinance. He was convicted, and judgment was rendered against him, but, refusing to pay the amount, he was arrested and committed to jail.

POLICEMEN IN AN UGLY FIX.—On Thursday two New-York policemen arrested a seaman belonging to the United States frigate Potomac, now undergoing repairs in the naval dry-dock, and brought him on board to receive their reward of thirty dollars—the standing offer for arresting deserters. The seaman proved somewhat refractory, and he was struck by one of the policemen before going below. When they descended to the deck below they struck him again, which was seen by the sailor's messmates, some one of whom threw a belaying-pin which struck the policemen on the head, and both, becoming frightened sought a way of escape. One of them sought a refuge in the cabin and the other jumped out of a port-hole and fell a distance of thirty-one feet, injuring himself badly. He was conveyed home in a carriage.

ACCIDENTS AT THE NAVY YARD.—Isaac Vanderbook, a carpenter employed on the new steamer Niagara, accidentally fell from the berth deck into the hold, a distance of fifteen feet, and sustained a fracture of the collar bone and hip, besides other injuries. He was taken to the surgeon's office and carried to his home in the Eastern district. Another man named Martin, a caulker, fell from the same vessel and was somewhat injured.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Coroner Bennett held an inquest, on the 7th, upon the body of an unknown man found in the water at Bay Ridge. He was dressed in a dark frock coat, cassimere pantaloons, flannel undershirt, and sewed leather shoes. He was about forty-five years of age, and five feet ten inches in hight. The name "E. Bennett" was marked on his right arm with Indian ink.

FALSE PRETENSES.—A young man named John Stout call was arrested by Capt. Combs of the Eighth ward police, on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. It appears he convinced the Eighth ward for sabre pitons in aid of the Norfolk sufferers. The list which he headed round was signed by Dr. Taylor of Grace church, New-York, but, as alleged, the signature is a forgery. Pawnbrokers were found upon the accused for a gold watch and a gold locket, which are supposed to be stolen property. He was committed to answer.

ARREST OF ILLEGAL VOTERS.—A number of illegal voters have been arrested since the election. Three who are charged with voting in the Ninth ward were taken into custody yesterday. Their names are James Tompkins, John Massem and John Bowman. They were brought before Justice Smith and held for the action of the grand jury.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

MARINE COURT—Nov. 9—Before Judge MCCARTHY.

DISPUTED CLAIM AS OWNER OF STORE.

Thomas Roberts agt. Ezekiel Donnelly.

Andrew Hay claims to be owner of the stock of liquors, &c., and the store No. 769 West street, and that he employed Mr. Donnelly as clerk, in fact, but caused the establishment to pass in Donnelly's name, he (Hay) being in embarrassed circumstances, and expending in the store to be clerk. He brings suit to recover five hundred dollars for articles purchased for the store, &c., having assigned the claim to plaintiff. In defence, it is contended that Mr. Donnelly owns the store. The jury could not agree, and were discharged. For plaintiff, Mr. H. dismissed; for defendant, Mr. R. Busteed.

INJURY TO HOUSE FROM COAL-YARD.

Margaret Holland agt. Egan & Callahan.

E. & C. occupy some ground corner of Hamersley and Greenwich streets, let to them by Mrs. H. for a coal yard. She alleges that they improperly piled a large quantity of coal against her house, pressing in a portion of the wall, and costing her a considerable sum to repair, for which suit is brought. In defence it is said the Mrs. H. knew the coal was to be placed there, which was denied. Judgment for plaintiff, $73 79, the amount. For plaintiff, Mr. W. H. Anthon; for defendant, Mr. Choate.

Before Judge THOMPSON.

SUIT FOR FALSE IMPRISONMENT.

A young woman named Roberts, residing as a domestic in a family, brings suit against her employer for making, as alleged, a false charge against her in respect to a gold watch which had been stolen. The complaint, however, was dismissed.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.—Nov. 9—Before Commissioner BRIDGHAM.

OPENING LETTERS.

George P. Fox, charged by Henry Lord with opening a letter directed to after, was examined. The latter was received by defendant and afterwards offered to compromise, who refused to take it. The commissioner considered that no proof had been presented showing that accused had opened the letter, and the complaint was dismissed.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE—Nov. 9—Before Commissioner BETTS.

LOSS OF GOLD ON BOARD STEAMSHIP CENORE.

Henry S. Vaughan charged with larceny in taking a large amount of gold from on board the above vessel, on her trip from first from San Francisco to Panama, was examined.

Capt. H. Nores testified to being owner of the Cenore; on getting at the specie at Panama it was ascertained that a box and a bag were broken, and a sack made to fit, a hole, it was found, had been made in the top of the specie room; next day the bag of gold was found in the cask, and quantities of twenty-dollar and two-dollar gold pieces found in the bed and other places in the forecastle; there was also some found in the boatswain's locker. Mr. Vaughan was carpenter of the vessel; he did not sleep in the forecastle, but in gold was found in his room. On one occasion during the trip to Panama the carpenter was in the specie room with a chisel, and took up a box of specie asking witness how much money was probably in it, to which witness replied about fifteen thousand collars, after he (witness) had ascertained that piece of gold which witness could not recognize, was in it; witness, when brought to forget it was stated that the boatswain, who stood at the door of the carpenter's room on one occasion said to the carpenter that if he had five hundred dollars he would go home this time; to which the carpenter replied that it was easy enough to get that and a great deal more; the boatswain asked him how; the carpenter replied: "Get the keys of the same room from the purser;" the boatswain answered that that was too risky; the carpenter said there was a bag there which he had seen and felt, and the purser said it contained fifteen thousand dollars; the carpenter also said that the sides of the specie room were lined iron, but he top was not.

It was also shown that after the return of the steamer to San Francisco Mr. Vaughan was examined before the United States commissioner there on the charge, but acquitted—and the complaint has been renewed here. To be continued. Mr. Dunning appeared in behalf of defendant, and Mr. Joachimsen for the United States.

Before Commissioner NELSON.

CHARGE OF ATTEMPT AT RESCUE.

The examination of four seamen who had entered on board the ship Connecticut for Havre, but refused to go to work so as to take the vessel to sea, already referred to, was commenced. The men were said to be excellent seamen, but Welsh, under whom they had been shipped, had been changed from the command, and Capt. Cabes appointed, and the men referred to go under another captain. To be continued. Mr. Smith appeared for the United States.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT-ATTORNEY'S OFFICE—Nov. 9.

IMPORTANT DECISION AS TO LATE BANKRUPT LAW.

The United States government at Washington, we understand, have decided that the provisions of the late Bankrupt law of the United States do not apply to debts due on bonds and otherwise to the United States, and the discharges under the law consequently do not cancel such debts. In pursuance of the decision, proceedings, we understand, have been entered in some cases to recover amounts due to the Government.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS, Nov. 9.—Before the RECORDER.

John Williams pleaded guilty to petit larceny in stealing thirty dollars from Mary Jennings, No. 251 Broadway, and was remanded for sentence.

Patrick Gillespie, alias John O'Brien, pleaded guilty to attempt at highway robbery, committed on the person of Hugh Dougherty, whom he assaulted, knocked down and attempted to rob, but was prevented doing so by the appearance of a policeman. He was remanded for sentence.

Josephine Howard pleaded guilty to stealing a gold watch and chain valued at one hundred dollars from Wm. Faulkner, No. 179 Grand-st., was remanded for sentence.

Louis Stessinger pleaded guilty to assault and battery on G. M. Billings and was remanded for sentence.

The court then adjourned.

COURT CALENDAR—THIS DAY.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Monday.*—Nos. 684, 378, 366, 396, 677, 717, 718, 722, 724, 725, 726, 727, 730, 732, 733, 734, 735, 733, 258, 765, 659, 697, 195, 647, 345, 65, 465, 94.

SUPREME COURT—*General term.—Monday.*—Nos. 12, 64, 57, 38, 47, 37, 219, 255, 69 to 75.

MARRIED.

BUCKLIN—BONES—On Thursday, Oct. 25, at Trinity church, by the Rev. Ralph Hoyt, ROBERT L. BUCKLIN of Yonkers, to PRISCILLA C., only daughter of William Bones of Carthage, Jefferson county.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

RAMSDELL—DISBROW—At White Plains, on Wednesday morning, Nov. 7, by the Rev. John Lacker, EDWIN D. RAMSDELL, M. D., of New-York and HARRIET M., youngest daughter of the late Benjamin Disbrow.

SAMMIS—SAWYER—At Stanley, Yates county, N. Y., on Wednesday, Nov. 7, by the Rev. Edward Hotchkiss, JOEL SAMMIS of New-York city, to ELIZA H., only daughter of Nash Sawyer of Stanley.

DIED.

BAINBRIDGE—On Friday, Nov. 9, CHARLOTTE, wife of Robt. Bainbridge, formerly of London, England.

Her funeral will take place on Saturday, 11th inst., at 2 o'clock, from St. Luke's church, Hilton avenue, Brooklyn. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further invitation. The remains were taken to Greenwood for interment.

CARUTHERS—At Elgin, Groton Green, Scotland, on Tuesday Oct. 23 Mrs ROBERT CARUTHERS, aged 81 years.

FIELD—On Friday, Nov. 9, EDWARD FIELD, aged 38 years. His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral on Monday afternoon, 12th inst., at 3 o'clock, at Dr. Alexander's church, Fifth avenue corner Nineteenth street.

KELLAR—On Saturday, Oct. 3, GEORGE H. M. KELLAR, at Division avenue, Brooklyn, aged 7 yrs.

The remains were interred in the Cemetery of the Evergreens.

WALL—Suddenly, of disease of the heart, on Friday morning, Nov. 9, GEORGE CLAY, son of William Wall, aged 11 years, 2 months and 1 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from No. 31 South ninth street, Brooklyn, (late Williamsburgh).

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Nov. 9.

26,000 Indiana State 5s	79½	100 Erie Railroad	44½
5,000 Virginia 6s	90 93	300 do	44½
5,000 do	93 93½	250 do	44½
5,000 do	93½	50 do	44½
6,000 Missouri 6s	85	100 do	45 45½
10,000 do	89 90	300 do	45 45½
5,000 do	88	100 do	45 45
60 Phenix Bank	104	200 do	44 44½
10 Merchants' Exch. Bk	105	650 do	45
50 Bank of Commerce	109½	200 do	45 45
6 Metropolitan Bank	109	500 do	45 45
10 Corn Exchange Bank	110	250 do	45 44½
15 U. States Trust Co.	101	50 do	45 45
4,000 Erie Convt. B'ds 7s	74½	50 do	45 45
2,000 do	75	50 do	45 45
2,000 do	74½	100 do	45 45
10,000 Erie Bonds of '75	82½	745 Reading Railroad	85½
20,000 Ill. Cen. R.R. Bonds	90	250 do	85
25,000 do	90	100 do	85 85½
55,000 do	90 90½	100 do	85 85½
2,000 do	90½	100 do	85 84½
10,000 do	90 77	200 do	85 84½
2,000 New-York Cen. 7s	100	100 do	85 85½
1,000 Terre Haute and Alton 2d Mort. Bonds	74½	50 do	85 85½
350 Harlem Railroad	17	150 Michigan Central R. R.	84
300 do	18 19	100 do	90
300 Canton Company	24	300 Mich. Sou. & Nor. Ia. RR	69
200 do	168 21	50 do	68½
500 do	160 164	200 do	69
75 do	20	17 Cleve., Col. & Cin. R.	102
100 do	21	100 Illinois Central R. R.	118
500 Nicaragua Transit Co.	19	100 do	94½
200 do	19 19½	100 do	94
200 do	19½	15 Galena & Chicago R. R.	119
100 do	19	50 do	119½
50 Pennsylvania Coal Co.	94	50 do	119½
85 do	95	111 do	120
100 do	95	100 Cleve. & Toledo R. R.	69
500 Cumberland Coal Co.	22½	50 do	69 67
100 do	22	200 do	67
200 do	22½	200 do	67½
100 do	560 23	300 do	67 67½
400 do	23	300 Chic. & Rock Isl. R. R. Im	89
100 do	560 24	50 do	89
100 do	24	200 do	89
350 do	24½	50 do	89 91
100 do	615 24½	50 Panama Railroad	102

SECOND BOARD.

2,000 Ohio 6s, '89	106	200 Erie Railroad	46½
1,000 Missouri 6s	86½	100 do	45 46½
5,000 Erie Bonds of '83	92½	100 do	46 46½
6,000 Ill. Cen. R. R. Bonds	77	50 do	46 46
3,000 do	76½	200 do	46 46½
7,000 Hud. Riv. Sd. Mtg. Bs.	66½	100 do	46 46½
1,000 Hud. Riv. Sd. Mtg. Bs.	66½	100 do	46 46½
1,000 Galena & Chicago Bs.	94	100 Reading Railroad	85½
100 Canton Co.	21½	200 do	84½
200 Nicaragua Tran. Co.	560 19	50 do	84 84½
5 Stock. Exch. Railroad	50	200 do	560 86
300 Cumberland Co.	560 24	200 do	86 86
100 do	24½	50 Hudson River Railroad	92
100 do	24½	60 do	92
100 Erie Railroad	47	12 Panama Railroad	103
250 do	46½	57 Galena & Chicago R. R.	121½
100 do	46 46½	100 do	121
100 do	46½	100 Cleveland & Toledo R. R.	69½
100 do	46	200 Chic. & R. I. Land RR	90 91
100 do	46½	40 do	89½
200 do	46 46½	100 do	89
100 do	46		

Sales of Stocks at Philadelphia.....Nov. 9.

[Reported for THE N. Y. TRIBUNE by J. R. & H. B. FRY.]

First Board—1,000 Alleg. Co. 6s, A. V. 6s; 1,000 do., A. V., 2 days 66; 3,000 Penn. 5s, 73; 1,000 Union Canal 6s, 60; 200 City 6s, 1½; 1,000 Penna. Coupon 5s, 85; 60 Penna. R. R., cash, 44½; 50 do., cash, 42½; 145 Little Schuyl. R. R. 55 45; 50 R. Reading R. R. s5wn and int., 41½; 50 do., cash, 41½; 100 do., s5, 41½; 42 do., 4½; 200 do., b5, 41½; 50 do., 41½; 50 do., b5, 41½; 50 Long Island R. R., cash, 12; 24 Beav. Meadow R. R., s5wn, 50½; 2 Mitchill Scrip, 18; 5 Girard Bank, 11½; 20 do., cash 11½.

Between Boards—50 Beaver Mead. R. R., 50½; 98 Norristown R. R. 52; 100 Lehigh Nav. R., 12; 50 Union Canal, Penn. 36.

Second Board—200 Union Canal 6s, 60½; 1,000 City 5s, 70, 70; 100 Morris Canal, b5, 14½; 40 Beav. Mead. R. R., s5½; 90 Penn. R. R., 42½; 100 Long Island R. R., b5, 12½; 10 Reading R. R., 42½; 50 do., s5, 42½; 25 N. American Insurance, 11½.

After Board—1,200 City 6s, s5wn, 90; 400 City 6s, 90; 50 Reading R. R. b5, 42½; 100 Reading R. R., 42½; 70 Norristown R. R. 52½; 100 Schuyl. Nav. pref., b5, 30; 100 Schuyl. Nav., b5, 29; 150 Morris Canal, 14½.

FRIDAY, Nov. 9—p. m.

The stock market experienced a further advance today, which was well sustained to the close. The rise was general—a shade the best on western railroad stocks. Of State stocks $65,000 were sold at an improvement of 1 per cent in Virginia, and Missouri and Ohio 6s, at yesterday's prices. Erie Bonds of '75 advanced ½; Hudson River, 2d Mortgage, 1½; Illinois Central Bonds, 1½; Nicaragua Transit Co. 1½; Canton, 1½; Cumberland, 1½; Erie railroad, 1½; Reading, 1½; Hudson River, ½; Mich. Central, 1½; Mich South, 3; Galena and Chicago, 5; Cleveland and Toledo, 4½; Chicago and Rock island, 1½.

Freights to Great Britain are a shade firmer, with engagements to Liverpool of 50,000 to 60,000 bushels wheat and corn at 8@9d. in bulk and ship's bags, closing at about the higher rate, 4,000 to 5,000 bbls Flour 2s. 6d. @2s. 9d., 500 bales cotton 3-16d. @¼d. 50 bxs. bacon 40s. Some copper ore 25s. To London, 750 bbls. Flour 1s. To Glasgow, 100 bbls. lard 40s., 200 bushels wheat 11c., and some cotton ¾d. To Havre, 1,000 bbls. Flour $1, 250 bales cotton 1c., and by the steamer Arago, 90 hds. Rice $10. The Baltic for Liverpool next Wednesday has 350 tons, beef engaged at 7s.

Private letters by the steamer show a better feeling than was inferred from the telegraphic dispatch. Money, however, in the street was about the same as during the past few days.

The London money and stock market was without the least change. The Bank of England rates had not been varied, and there was no extreme depression in trade. The bullion of the Bank of England has decreased £200,000 during the week. Consols had slightly advanced, and closed at 88 for money.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—Messrs. Baring Brothers quote the market all but prices were unchanged. Messrs. Hall & Co. however report State securities somewhat better, with more doing, and Illinois Central steadily but with a better demand. Their quotations are as follows: United States Sixes, 1868, 93@97; do. do. Bonds, 100@108; Massachusetts Sterling, 100@2; Pennsylvania Fives, 74@76; do. Bonds 8 ½@84½; Maryland Sterling Bonds 82@85; Virginia Fives, Bonds, 83@85; Virginia Sixes, do. 86@88; Erie Railroad Five, Mortgage, 106@107; do Third, 92@94; New-York Central Railroad Sevens, 92@94; do Sixes, 112@113; Michigan Central Eights, 99@99; Illinois Central Sevens, 72@74; Freelands, 75@75.

The earnings of the Ohio and Pennsylvania railroad for the month of October were $94,003 71, and for the ten months ending with October $809,528, which is a decrease on the corresponding months of last year of $87,633. The falling off in the receipts, as compared with same period last year, is almost entirely in freight. The earnings from through travel are about the same as last year; for local travel slightly less. Up to the 1st September the aggregate earnings exceeded last year by $6,100. The rates charged on freight are the same as for last year. The principal cause of the falling off in the freight receipts is the fact that last year the river was so low that the navigation was suspended for months, and this year it has been so high all the time that steamboats have carried at ruinous rates—indeed at such prices that it has been impossible for railroads to compete with them. This state of things on the Ohio has not occurred for fifty years, and is not likely to occur again for a long time to come. Notwithstanding the very unfavorable season, it is confidently believed the road will earn this year a net profit of not less than 8 ⅌ cent on the stock, after providing for expenses and interest. The passenger rates on this road are a little higher than they were in 1854. The local rates are unchanged.

Messrs. A. Denistoun & Co.'s circular of Oct. 26 says:

The cotton market has continued very flat, and has further declined fully ⅛c. ⅌ lb. closing, however, with a rather better feeling. The sales for the week are 36,870 bales, of which 3,110 have been on speculation and for export, leaving 30,700 bales to the trade.

Though money has been extremely dear during the week, the market rate generally exceeds the minimum rate of the bank, the condition of the money market is certainly not worse than it was this day week, and is in fact so far ameliorated that much of that vague apprehension which in certain contingencies might have led to panic, has disappeared. The more immediate future, we have uniformly believed, may pass with out disaster. Against the remoter future it behooves all, in our opinion, to provide themselves by moderation and caution in their dealings, but more especially in those as require large credit outlay. About a million of gold has arrived; but only a moderate portion of this has found its way to the bank, the rest being taken for export.

Trade continues in the same condition as for some time past. The great consumption still going on, and the reduced state of our stocks, have necessitated operations to a considerable extent in many articles; while in manufactured goods, and other articles in which operations could be delayed, transactions have been of the most limited character. But nowhere do we see anything like extreme depression; on the contrary, prices on the whole, are at a level, on which, under all the circumstances, holders of commodities may well congratulate themselves.

The Manchester market, as was to be expected, continues very dull. On Tuesday some extensive offers were made, but at rates such as producers generally declined. Yesterday, some business was done, but at very low prices.

Yarns—The market is dull at a decline of ¼@½ ⅌ lb Wheat, and about 1@2 ⅌ bbl. in Flour. Indian Corn is the turn dearer.

We take the following from E. F. Satterthwaite's circular, dated London, Oct. 26, 1855:

Since our last there has been more activity in American Securities. We therefore fair purchases of Illinois Construction and Freeland Bonds at a moderate advance. Michigan Central 5 ⅌ cent Convertible, at New-York Central 7 ⅌ cent Convertible, are wanted at low rates, with less offered. Erie 3d Mortgage have changed hands at 85@85; Bonds of 1862 at 78, and Sinking Fund at 75½ and 80. Illinois shares have brought 6½ ⅌ cent discount. The steamers of the New-York market have induced many parties who were pressing Bonds for sale to hold off, and even to appear as purchasers; but there are still parties who meet the present moderate demand under the impression that prices in New-York will zero suffered from the high rates of discount prevailing on this side.

Messrs. Robert Benson & Co.'s circular, under date of Oct. 26, says:

The export of specie noticed last Friday, although less, is not at all further checked. We have received about £500,000 by the Mermaid and Marco Polo from Australia, £60,000 in silver by the Peiho, and about £ 30,000 from various sources. The greater proportion of the Australian arrival has been bought up, it is understood, for the Bank of France. Still about £300,000 is found its way to the Bank of England. It seems also to be generally credited that the Bank of France have arranged to receive £1,600,000 in silver from the Bank of Amsterdam; and though this will require £1,500,000 more, they will probably arrange to procure it in such a way as least to derange our money market. It is confidently affirmed that the commerce and industry of France is in a healthy and well regulated state, and that the excessive requirement of gold has entirely arisen from the large importations of Eastern stuffs. This has no doubt been to a great extent, as we believe, by the undue fostering of schemes referred to before.

There has been no further rise in the Bank of England rate of interest, and the feeling on the whole yesterday and to-day has been more cheerful. Consols, which we last reported 87½@87¾, have fluctuated during the week between 87 and 88½, and are to-day 88. Money is easier, and can be had on good short dated Bills at 4½ ⅌ cent below the Bank rate. On Government Stock money can be got at 2½@3 ⅌ cent, and on other Government Securities at 4 ⅌ cent.

The accounts from the United States by the Arabia, being considered on the whole satisfactory, there has been a little more demand for American Securities. United States Bonds have been bought at 106@107. Railway Bonds have also been asked for. Michigan Central 8 ⅌ cent Bonds, and New-York Central 6 ⅌ cent Bonds have been inquired after, without many offering—the latter have changed hands at 85. Pennsylvania 1st Mortgage Bonds have been sold at 88. New-York and Erie 3d Mortgage at 83@84, and are now quoted 84@85, with sellers at the latter price. Sinking Fund Bonds at 80, and 1862 Bonds @75. Illinois Central Shares 5 and 6 discount. Construction Bonds 73@74. Freeland Bonds 74@75.

Cotton continues to fall, the depression during the week being 1/8@1/4d. The Corn market advanced 1@2d. last Friday, and has continued without alteration during the week. The price of Rails remain the same—say £3 5s. net cash. Makers are full of contracts.

The Chicago Journal says that the following Indiana banks have been wound up, and their securities sold. The bills are worth, according to the sums realized, the following figures: Bank of Connersville, 87 cents; Wabash Valley Bank, 92 cents; Greene County Bank, 81 cents; Merchants' Bank, Lafayette, 90 cents; Laurel Bank, 62 cents; Government Stock Bank, 80 cents.

The revenue receipts of the Austrian empire, according to the *Wiener Zeitung*, during the first half of the present year, amounted to 123,802,815 florins, against 118,547,240 florins in 1854, and 115,016,001 florins in 1853.

The Boston Journal says of monetary affairs in that city:

"The money pinch is severe, and begins to tell on the mercantile classes to some extent. Notes of prime quality sell in the street at from 10@12 ⅌ cent, and on call fancy rates have been paid. The banks have found the current of domestic exchange strongly against them until within a day or two, and have been obliged to discount sparingly at best, while some have closed their checks entirely. The best feature of Saturday and yesterday is in the better supply of New-York funds, a fact which indicates a gradual turning of the tide."

A comparison of the footings of the weekly bank statement of the Boston banks, published yesterday morning, with those of the statement for the previous week, exhibits the following results:

	Oct. 29.	Nov. 5.	
Capital stock	$52,710,600	$52,710,600	No change.
Loans and discounts	53,615,465	53,113,989	Dec. $501,476
Specie in bank	2,374,939	2,426,147	Dec. 147,452
Due from other banks	9,026,464	8,724,218	Inc. 110,654
Due to other banks	5,575,753	5,125,850	Dec. 459,123
Deposits	15,489,690	15,347,317	Dec. 141,983
Circulation	8,614,859	8,599,939	Dec. 23,839

The Paris correspondent of *The London Times* says:

"If any doubt were entertained that the crisis is principally owing to the vast amount of paper which encumbers the market, and to the apprehension of future loans required for the necessities of the war, it would dispel any such estimation of the state of the future, to see the Rente at former periods. In the last quarter of the year 1846 the deficiency of the harvest, which was more considerable than the present year, brought down the Three per Cents from 85f 75c to 80f 90c.—the lowest quotation of that year. In 1847, when the deficiency in the harvest of 1846 was severely felt, and when wheat rose to 50f. the hectolitre in certain localities, the Three per Cents did not during the first six months fall below 77f. 25c.

"We are at this moment, with respect to the harvest, in a situation analogous to that at the close of 1846, and the Rente is at 68f. 85c. while it then varied between 80f. and 81f. It would seem then, that it is not the deficiency of the crops which is one occasion the depression of the French Rente, but that it is in great part traceable to the public subscription which the French government opened—with the greatest success it must be admitted. In point of fact, the numerous holders of the loan having no common interest between them, sort rid of their paper at any price the moment a fall was apprehended. It is now affirmed that if a great establishment had, as was previously the case, undertaken the loan, the Government would not have had, in three the financial ovations it obtained on three different occasions, and which were, no doubt, distressing to it; but at all events, the value of its securities in a period of crisis such as this which has now to be endured, would be better sustained, for no great establishment would get rid of its stock at a depreciated price, as individual holders have done, but would keep it for better times.

"The the present price is not fictitious, and that it is not exclusively produced by those who are for the fall that time say, there which seems decisive is proved from the price of carrying over on the settlement of the 30 inst., and which was as high or double the ordinary rate. There is, besides, a large class of buyers who have no money, and who are obliged to carry on their accounts by renewal, in the hope that some lucky event may cause a rise. The condition of these chance seekers may be guessed when their hopes are baffled. They are then obliged to realize any loss, and that sometimes amounts to disgust with paper. As matters now are it is apprehended by the less confident part of the public that with the continuance of the war, and without any near prospect of peace, the Rente may fall to 60f. and even under—that is to the price at which it was quoted during the more acute and uncertain periods of the last republic.

"Commercial transactions in Paris were very calm during the week. The export trade, however, has received some activity, in consequence of large orders received from North and South America. The recent measures adopted by the Bank of France are not likely to force merchants to limit their credit, and consequently their business. The price of corn and flour continues in decline. The fall is general in all the markets, which are amply supplied. The late rains have done much to check the recent rise, by pushing the sales in more eager. The imagination of foreign grain, by compelling farmers and speculators who had back their produce in the hope of selling it more advantageously, to bring it for health to market, has likewise contributed to produce that downward movement."

James McHenry & Co.'s Circular.

Per ersia.] LIVERPOOL, Friday, Oct. 26, 1855.

PROVISIONS—Bacon presents nothing new. In Beef or Pork there is little doing. Fine Cheese salable, but other sorts are selling very irregularly.

The stock of LARD is exhausted—price nominal at 66s.

TALLOW is salable at about 62s.

BREADSTUFFS—There is less agitation and prices are rather easier. White Wheat, 12s @ 13s; Ohio Flour, 45s; other brands 1/ to 2/ less. Indian Corn is salable at 43/ to 44/ for all varieties.

COTTON—The market has been dull and drooping all the week; the demand limited, and prices have gradually declined and close an ⅛d. to ¼d. ⅌ lb lower than on Friday last. Manchester remains flat, and prices of both Goods and Yarns have given way again so much as Cotton. Middling Orleans, 5¼d ⅌ lb; Mobile, 5 3-16d.; Uplands, 5 1-16d. Stock of American, 290,520 bales; same time last year, 496,871 bales. Sales this week, 36,810 bales, of which 27,650 American.

Markets.—CAREFULLY REPORTED FOR THE TRIBUNE.

FRIDAY, Nov. 9, 1855.

ASHES—The market is firm but not very active; sales of 60 bbls. at $6 37½@$6 50 for Pots, $7 37½@$7 50 for Pearls.

BEESWAX—American Yellow is quiet with small sales at 27c.

COTTON—The market has improved ¼@¼c., with a moderate demand. This advance is predicated upon the indifference of holders in consequence of a very light stock and the necessity of shipmen coming forward to supply their pressing wants, together with a better feeling on the receipts of private letters per Asia. The sales are quoted at 1,000 bales. The following are our revised quotations:

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION.

	Uplands.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary	nom.	nom.	nom.	nom.
Middling	9	9	9½	9½
Middling Fair	9½	9½	10	10½
Fair	9¾	9¾	10½	11

COFFEE—More has been done to-day. The cargo of J. S. Johnson, comprising 4,302 bags, changed hands to go out of the market, on private terms. The stock of Rio is about 50,000 bags. The Rebecca's cargo will be offered to-morrow by auction, for which the trade are deferring operations. Additional sales of 5c mats Java at 14½c., and 50 bags Martinique at 11c.

CANDLES—The market is very firm and moderately active; sales of 2,500 boxes mostly for future delivery, at 20c. 4 mos., and 1,000 boxes Phenix Co. hand at the same price. Plain Sperm are scarce at 38@40c., and patent at 40@42c.

COPPER—New Sheathing is quiet but firm at 33c. for sults, and 34c. for light sizes. Yellow Metal is as before; 9,000 lb old at 7c. cash.

DRUGS AND DYES—Castor Oil is still advancing, and is very scarce; sales of 55 bbls. at $1 62½@$1 65; 7 casks Cream Tartar at 29c. 6 mos.; 300 kegs Newcastle Bicarbonate Soda at 4½@4½c.; 100 tons Sal-Soda at 1½c.; 5,000 Eng. and Amer. Brown Sugar Lead at 9½@10c.; 20 bbls. English Flos Sulphur at 3½c.; 25 bbls. Alum at 2½c.; 250 lbs. Oil of Peppermint at $3 50, cash; 35 bbls. Refined Camphor at 38c., less 2½ ⅌ cent, and 50 bbls. and cases Refined Borax at 20@22c.

FISH—The market generally lower with a moderate inquiry; sales of 800 qls Mackerel at $3 75; 1,000 St. Georges, to arrive, at $4. 500 bbls Mackerel at prices a shade lower than our last quotations. 2,000 cases Herring at former prices.

FRUITS—Raisins are firm with an upward tendency in the absence of future supplies; sales of 1,600 boxes Bunch at $3@$3½; 1,200 half do. at $1 85, and 3,000 quarter do. at 90c.; also, 600 bxs. Layers at $2@$2 25. 150 bbls. Havana Oranges at $5 ⅌ bbl. Dried fruits are in good supply, prices are lower; sales of 12,100 lb Southern Dried Apples at 3@3½c.; 10,000 lb Western do. at 6@7c.; 5,000 lb State at 7c. 10,000 lb Southern Peaches at 11@12c. and 1,000 lb Plums at 15c. Apples are in good supply, prices unchanged; sales of 5,000 Western Winter Fruit at $2 50 ⅌ bbl.; River Greenings command $1 12½; Newton Pippins at $4@$2 50 for Orchard, and $3@$7 for bbls. and box, packed for shipment. Jersey Pollinsas at $1 37½; Russets $1 50; 20 bbls. Cox and Fall Pippins at $2@$2 25; Bellflowers $1 37½; Spitzenbergs $1 50.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Our market opened heavy, and in some instances lower prices were accepted for common State, but with a brisk demand the market soon recovered, and at the close it was difficult to purchase at our inside figures. The better grades have been more salable to the trade. The arrivals are moderate. The sales of Western Canal are 14,500 bbls at $8 62½@$8 87½ for common to good State and superfine Michigan, $8 75@$8 87½ for superfine Indiana and Upper Lakes, $8 37½@$8 87½ for common grades, 1,000 bbls extra, and $8 75@$10 75 for extra Genesee. Canadian Flour is quiet, the supply is not large; sales of 100 bbls. at $8 87½@$9. Southern Flour is rather lower—at the close the inquiry was better and holders firm; the receipts are 1,500 bbls. at $8 75@$9 62½ for mixed to good standard brands Alexandria, Baltimore, "City Mills," and "Howard street," and $9 00@$10 75 for favorite fancy and extra brands. Rye Flour is lower and is dull; small sales at $6@$7 50. Corn Meal is heavy; small sales of Jersey at $4 62½, and Brandywine $4 37½. Buckwheat Flour is in demand at $2 50@$2 75 ⅌ 100 lb.

GRAIN—The demand for Wheat is more active, and at the close there was more steadiness; the arrivals are moderate; the sales are 3,300 bush. red Southern at $1 84@$2 for inferior to sales are 3,300 bush. red Southern at $1 84@$2 for inferior to sales are 3,300 bush. red Southern at $1 84@$2 for inferior to good; 700 do. common to good white Southern, $2 10@$2 25; 800 do. white St. Louis $2 05; 13,200 do. white Canadian, $2 20; 800 do. white Ohio, $2 05; 2,000 do. white State, $2 05; 3,500 do. inferior red Ohio, $1 75; 2,000 do. white State, $2 05; 2,600 do. white Ohio, $2 05; 25,000 do. red Western, $1 87@$1 90. Rye is firmer and the supply not large; sales of 2,500 bushels at $1 22, now held higher. Barley; sales of 2,000 bushels at $1 22, now held higher. Corn is very quiet and lower; sales of 15,000 bus. at 80@80c. for Western mixed, and 80c. for white Southern. Canadian is firm; sales of 500 bus. at $1 05. Sales of 500 bus. black eyed Peas at $1 25; 500 do. Canadian Peas, $1 55; and 500 do. Beans, $2 37.

HIDES—The market continues buoyant; the supplies still very light. The stock is about 17,000; sales of 1,000 Buenos Ayres, 12½ lb at 26c., 340 Dry Southern, at 16c. cash for 17 lb, average 900. City Slaughter middle at 9½c. cash; the latter are heavy.

HOPS—Old are quiet at 8@9c. New are only moderately active. The supply being mostly Eastern, which are offering at 1@12c. State and Western are not plenty with a good demand. Sales to-day of 75 bales at 10@13c for Eastern to 1st part State and Western.

HAY—The market is unchanged; the supply is good; sales of 600 bales at 70@75c ⅌ 100 lb.

INDIA RUBBER—Para is dull, owing to the high prices asked.

IRON—A dull and lower market for Scotch Pig; the demand is confined to small lots; sales of 50 tons No. 1 at $33 50, 6 mos.

LIME—The market is quiet but firm for common Rockland at 90c. A cargo arrived this afternoon but too late to be sold today. Lump is in moderate request at $1 ⅌ bbl.

LATHS—Are firm at former rates; sales to day of 200,000 at $1 50.

LUMBER—Timber is not very active but is in fair demand at $12@$ 5 for Eastern Spruce and