

SUPREME COURT.—JOHN C. HAM against MARY A. OATMAN.—Summons. You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint...

SUPREME COURT.—THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK against EDWARD MCDONALD, Samuel F. Bartol, Henry Kuyling and...

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New-York Daily Tribune

KANSAS.

THE ELECTION.

LAWRENCE, K. T., Oct. 4.—Evening. To-morrow is election day. Yesterday and today it has rained, rained, rained. The roads are muddy, and some of the creeks are up.

Gov. Walker has traveled to the world the fact that these troops protect the polls. He has refused to send them to an exposed border after an invasion had begun and he notified it.

Of the eight precincts in Johnson County, five are almost immediately on the border, and the others are at the greatest distance from it. The nearest precinct is in the border in Leavenworth.

Not content with refusing the troops to guard the border, Gov. Walker issued a slander, which is probable that he and his attachés may have circulated in the East.

For the last two days, I have been endeavoring to obtain information as to the designs of the Free-State men. I am now satisfied that a result more disastrous to the Free-State cause will be consummated. It will not be a total defeat.

The polls are opened. The election will pass off quietly at this place. Sheriff Butler and one of his deputies are here to receive taxes. It will not be difficult to carry away all they are likely to get.

LAWRENCE, K. T., Oct. 5.—Morning. So far as heard from yesterday, the election passed off without anything more important than personal encounters. Although the election of yesterday has passed, the result is in the uncertain future.

roce system and stupid big election regulations, adjourned elections are a necessity. Yesterday there were 315 votes polled in Lawrence...

The only precinct I have yet heard from as closed was that of Lexington, the voting point nearest this way on the Shawnee River; the vote stood there 38 Pro-Slavery and 29 Free-State.

Nothing could be more disagreeable than the task of getting to the polls for those who lived some distance away, or who were sick.

The delirious judges appointed by the bogus county judges were not there. The law authorizes the people to elect judges in case of their absence, and this the Free-State men properly proceeded to do.

Along in the afternoon of yesterday, a rumor reached Leavenworth that Sykes, one of the Pro-Slavery candidates, had been killed at Lawrence while challenging voters.

At Lawrence yesterday, matters passed off without any great disturbance. Two of the Judges appointed by the bogus County Court were present, and they appointed a third.

By some hitherto unexplained feature of bogus law, Sheriff Butler claimed the right of receiving the ticket from the hand of each voter and reading it to the judges of election.

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ity of Pro-Slavery men and Missourians in that county only amounted to about 200. At no precinct in this county have the polls been yet closed, and at every Precinct the Free-State men have a large majority.

Table with 3 columns: Precinct, Free-State, Pro-Slavery. Total: 1,375 Free-State, 466 Pro-Slavery.

The majority so far is upward of 900 for the whole Free-State ticket in this district. It will likely be not less than 2,000. The polls closed at Leavenworth this morning—2,944 Free-State, 135 Pro-Slavery.

LAWRENCE, K. T., Oct. 7, 1857.

Up to last night, the contest raged in many of the important districts and precincts, and as the reign of mud makes locomotion slow, we cannot yet estimate the result.

I have just heard from the Council District south of this on the border. At Oswatimie the vote for the Free-State candidate stood 220 to nothing.

From Leavenworth, all is still uncertain. The latest reports are: Wyandot precinct has given a small Free-State majority. Quindaro was obliged to vote at Wyandot, as the Pro-Slavery officers refused it a precinct.

At Delaware, 165 votes were thrown, of which the Free-State men had nearly one third. One of the Judges of Election at that precinct threw up his seat and protested against the fraudulent vote from Missouri.

So far, the Free-State men have certainly elected five Councilmen, and the Pro-Slavery men four. Seven is a majority of that house.

FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON, Tuesday, October 13, 1857.

The political canvass proceeds with as much energy as could reasonably be expected. But it bears but small resemblance to the heated contest of 1855, between Rockwell and Gardner.

Mr. Clifford, you will be glad to see, makes way for Mr. Phillips of Salem. Mr. Phillips is a worthy son of Stephen C. Phillips who was lost by the great steamboat disaster on the St. Lawrence.

The candidates for Lieutenant-Governor on the two leading tickets are both Americans. Mr. Traak, who is the Free-State ticket, is personally and politically more respectable than his opponent, Mr. De Witt.

The Board of Overseers of Harvard College met a few days since to consider, in connection with the Corporation, the subject of filling certain vacancies in the Corporation.

Governor to the moneyed men, some of whom have got the idea that he takes as good care of the State's money as he does of his own.

Had this charge not been fastened upon the canals their completion would have been easy. It is not now for the people to pay a portion of this burden and their completion would have been easy.

The ticket agreed upon by the supporters of Mr. Banks was correctly given in my last letter, with the exception of the candidate for Auditor.

It is not altogether a new thing to our readers that a portion of the Southern people have been making strenuous efforts to get their feet into the shoes of a Slave State.

PROSPECTS OF A FREE STATE IN TEXAS.

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SLAVERY IN INDIANA.

BLOOMINGTON, Oct. 6, 1857.

I take the liberty to send you the following bit of information. There is a man living in Orange County, in the State of Indiana, by the name of Wm. A. Bowles.

He has some eight negroes in his employ. Formerly he had these negroes as hired men, but since the Dec. 31st decision he has claimed them as his slaves, and declares if any one interferes "with his property, he will appeal to the courts for protection."

there is more vice and crime than in any other part of the city, and it is very doubtful whether New-York has a locality which can compete with it.

THE ERIE CANAL—SHALL IT BE SOLD?

FINANCIAL NECESSITIES.

Sir: The people will never consent to a sale of the Erie and other canals, except impelled by a financial necessity to which not only individuals and corporations, but States and Governments must yield.

I have before stated that the experiments of building the Erie and Champlain Canals were even financially a complete success—their net revenues even now, under bad management, paying the cost of their construction into the Treasury in about four years.

Had this charge not been fastened upon the canals their completion would have been easy. It is not now for the people to pay a portion of this burden and their completion would have been easy.

ARRIVED.

U. S. Steamship Augusta, Woodhull, 65 tons from Savannah, Ind. and passed to S. L. Mitchell. The Augusta left Savannah on Monday morning, Oct. 10, at 10 o'clock.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-YORK, Oct. 15.

Steamship—City of Washington, Parker, Liverpool, J. G. Dale. Ship—W. Stetson, Jordan, New Orleans, Norfolk & Boston.

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RUSSIAN STATISTICS.—From a book of statistics published lately by Mr. Rostakowski, Professor in the University of Charkoff, in Russia, we condense the following interesting statements: Russia is thirty-one times larger than France, and thirty-nine times larger than Austria, or than England and Prussia together.

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