

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA! THE ADRIATIC OUT. OPENING OF PARLIAMENT. THE QUEEN'S SPEECH. MORE FAILURES. COTTON ADVANCED—BREADSTUFFS DIED. CONSOLS 91 1/2 @ 91 1/4.

(BY THE AMERICAN PRINTING TELEGRAPH CO. LONDON OFFICE, No. 21, WALL STREET.) HALIFAX, Friday, Dec. 18, 1857. The Royal Mail steamship Canada, Capt. Lang, from Liverpool, at 11 o'clock on the morning of the 16th instant, entered this harbor at 2 o'clock this (Friday) morning, but could not get up to her dock until after the America's departure, about 3 a. m.

The Canada, from Boston, arrived on Sunday, the 22nd ult. The Collins steamship Adriatic, from New-York on the afternoon of the 23d ult., arrived off Point Ligeas at 9 o'clock on the evening of the 24th, but owing to the lowness of the tides did not come into the Mersey until the afternoon of the 25th.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Mr. CLINGMAN offered a resolution directing the Committee on Accounts to report the accounts provided for the use of members, report its real value, and make such recommendation as they may deem proper in the premises.

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THE GERMAN TRADE, with liabilities amounting to £50,000.

The semi-monthly shipment of silver to India and China was £400,000. At a meeting of the Erie Railroad Bondholders it was resolved that the Committee should be requested to receive subscriptions to the proposed new loan, and to communicate with the Directors in New-York, with a view to an arrangement for general protection.

On Thursday, the 23d inst., the Funds were quiet, while money was in active demand in the preparation for the payments of the 4th. The failures were: Messrs. Hookman & Burnside of London, wholesale stationers; Messrs. Barber, Rosecrance & Co. and Herch, Brother & Co., both in the German trade in London; C. C. Pin, a large corn merchant of Belfast; and Friederichson, Glanin & Co., corn dealers, at Hartlepool. Their liabilities are not stated.

Another large London house is reported to have sought assistance from the Bank. Heavy exports of silver were making to Hamburg. On Friday the 4th instant, the funds fluctuated slightly, but closed firm. There was no change in money, but great caution was observable.

A dispatch from Italy announces the failure of the house of Cellard at Genoa, Milan and Turin. THE VERY LATEST. By Telegraph from London to Liverpool. PARIS, Friday Evening.—The Journal Le Presse has been suspended for two months in consequence of the article which appeared in it yesterday, signed by M. Perat, on the refusal of Messrs. Carnot and Grandjean to take the oath prescribed to members of the Corps Legislatif.

HAMBURG, Friday.—The Senate has just convened another extraordinary convocation of the Burghers Schuer for to-morrow, to empower the former to establish a Governmental discount institution, with thirty millions mark banco capital.

LONDON, Friday evening.—The demand at the Bank and in the discount market continues active, but payments maturing to-day have been provided for in full by the arrival of the Adriatic with £200,000 in specie, and satisfactory commercial intelligence from New-York. The amount of gold taken to the Bank to-day was £250,000.

LONDON, Friday evening.—The funds improved to-day at the Bank of England. To-day the demand for money was to a fair extent, but not pressing. In exceptional cases, first-class bills are discounted somewhat below the Bank rate.

The suspension of the Bank of England has been announced in the China trade, with moderate liabilities. Their difficulties are understood to have been principally caused by the late heavy fall in the silk market. The stoppage has also taken place of A. Jones & Co., general merchants, who have been brought down by the recent failure in the North of Europe. Liabilities supposed to be about £100,000. Several failures are announced at Amsterdam and Rotterdam. They are respectable second-rate houses.

Private advices from Paris describe a calm and satisfactory state of the money market, and no mention that there is even an expectation of a further reduction in the rate of discount. It is estimated that about fifteen per cent of the wool brought forward at the late London sales was withdrawn, and bought in the produce markets during the past week. The Times City Article says: "Improvement at the commencement of the week has not been maintained. There seems, however, to be less anxiety on the part of holders to realize at the present low quotations."

The TEA market is so depressed as to make it almost impossible to effect sales. The launch of the Leviathan is expected to be completed on Tuesday or Wednesday next.

THE AMERICAN OUTWARD BOUND.

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THE AMERICAN SUPREME COURT.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Dec. 18, 1857. The Supreme Court of the United States met at 10 o'clock this morning, and the following cases were argued: No. 212—John Griffin vs. Gilbert Cameron. Writ of Habeas Corpus dismissed with costs.

No. 213—The Northern Bank of Kentucky vs. Geo. W. Squires. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Louisiana. The matters in controversy being settled, the writ of error was dismissed with costs.

No. 63—John W. Gordon et al. vs. Frothingham, et al. In error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Texas. The matters in controversy being settled, the writ was dismissed, with costs.

No. 16—John Brown et al. vs. Volney E. Howard. Argued for appellants, and appealed.

THE MORMON WAR. ST. LOUIS, Friday, Dec. 18, 1857. The Latter-day Saints Herald of the 10th inst., speaking of the express messenger from Utah, says that he passed Col. Johnston's command near Fort Bridger, and that the baggage and provision trains were all safe. The troops were in good spirits. This was the only news that had transpired relative to the Utah expedition.

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WISCONSIN.

The Madison State Journal of the 15th inst.—the latest possible date from the capital of Wisconsin—has the following conclusive bulletin of the result of the late Election in that State: OFFICIAL STATE CANVASS.—A canvass of the votes for State officers was made yesterday by the Secretary of State and State Treasurer, the Attorney-General and the State Auditor. There were two supplemental returns—one from Adams County, giving Congress fifteen majority, and one from Dodge County, of the five disputed townships, giving Congress 302 majority. The Secretary of State was opposed to counting these returns, while the Treasurer was in favor of it. The counting or not doing so does not affect the result on a single officer. We understand a compromise has been effected between the two canvassers, that two statements shall be made, the one setting forth the vote as it is, excluding these supplements, and the other including them, which both show the same general result. We give below the official returns, with the majority, excluding the two supplemental returns:

Table with columns: Name, Votes, Majority. Includes names like Randall, Schell, Thomas, Harding, Jackson, McHenry, McGowan, and their respective vote counts.

By acting the two supplements, the majority would be as follows: Randall over Cross, 118; Campbell over Schurz, 509; Jones over Thomas, 2,633; Hastings over Hancock, 62; Hunt over Jackson, 773; Drake over McHenry, 785; Squires over McGowan, 1,183; McGowan over McGowan, 254.

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WASHINGTON, Dec. 18, 1857. The event of the day is the report from the Committee on Finance of the Senate of the Treasury Note bill, which is a bill to issue bonds to the amount of twenty millions. It is a very long bill, and is similar in many provisions to the Treasury Note bill of 1857. The bill is so well guarded at all points that it will be impossible to abuse the authority given. The Secretary of the Navy invites proposals for the construction of a steam-propeller ship-of-war, complete with all its appurtenances, and placing it on board the vessel at Boston. The details and design of the vessel will be left to the bidder. The greatest number of advantages in the construction, and readiness of access to adjustment when in operation, will all receive special consideration by the Department.