cause of the rash act is supposed to have been pecuniary difficulties.

SUSPENSION OF MULES ON THE GREENPOINT ROUTE.—When the Greenpoint route of the Brooklyn City Railroad was first opened, horses were employed to draw the cars. Within two years, however, a Mr. Smith, who has had the superintendence of this line, saw fit to employ mules instead of horses, as being cheaper, and as serviceable as horses. Under this arrangement, the Company have worked mules to the annoyance of the passengers on the road. A few days since, however, the road was obstructed by the snow, and mules could not be made serviceable. From this and other circumstances, the superintendent of the road, Mr. Queen, has decided to employ horses instead of donkeys. The animals now in use will be kept until they are used up, and as fast as that occurs horses will be substituted for them.

INSULTING FEMALES.—Michael Dolan was brought before Judge Voorhies on Saturday on the charge of running against a woman in Bridge street, and then applying vile epithets to her when she remonstrated. He was committed to Jail for ten days for the offense.

DISORDERLY HOUSE.—The Police of the Sixth Precinct, on Friday last, made a descent upon a disorderly house in Hessen street, kept by Margaret Boland, and locked up the inmates. They were, on Saturday, sent to the Penitentiary by Justice Fox.

LARCENY.—Three boys were arrested by Sergeant Doughty of the Fifth Precinct, on Saturday, for stealing a fire-shovel and a shed from the hardware store of G. P. Rhodes, in South Second street. They were held for examination.

NEW-JERSEY ITEMS.

A WOMAN CHARGED WITH STEALING FURNITURE.—An examination in an alleged grand larceny case which has excited considerable interest for several days past, was concluded before Justice Stanton on Saturday evening.

Mr. Wm. E. Waring, a man of considerable means, residing in Ninth avenue, New-York, charged a prepossessing looking young widow, named Agnes Tiffany, with feloniously taking a quantity of household goods, consisting of sofas, sofa-couches, mirrors, carpets, beds and bedding, ottomans, &c., from No. 282 Cottage row, in Twenty-fourth street, New-York, and moving the same to No. 297 South Fourth street, Jersey City.

The evidence was entirely ex parte, and with the most liberal construction places the complainant, who has a wife and several children, in a most unenviable position. It is alleged that Mr. Waring derives a large income by furnishing houses at something like ten per cent per month, but there was no evidence to warrant this assertion. In this case, it appears that Mr. Waring had some furniture which he was desirous of having put in use. For this purpose a furniture dealer in Massau street introduced Mr. Waring to Mrs. Tiffany, who was then residing in Williamsburgh. Mr. Waring's acquaintance with the fair widow resulted in furnishing the cottage-house in Twenty-fourth street in rather elegant style. Mr. Waring was very handy in assisting to arrange matters about the house, assisting to cut and tack down carpets, put up beds, and such other little chores as undoubtedly would be of considerable assistance to a lone widow. Mr. Waring appeared to be very much at home at the house in Cottage row, having sent wine there, &c.; he admitted having visited the house in Cottage row about a dozen times. He, however, declined to answer very many questions, on the ground that they would tend to criminate or degrade him. Mrs. Tiffany claimed that she purchased the furniture of the complainant, and that the bill of sale was abstracted from her possession. After moving to Jersey City, Waring caused her arrest on the above charge. Justice Stanton reserved his decision until to-day.

NEW-YORK STATE WOMAN'S HOSPITAL.

CELEBRATION OF THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY.

The Fourth Anniversary of the New-York State Woman's Hospital was celebrated on Saturday, at the Hospital, No. 83 Madison avenue. Of those present, the greater portion was composed of prominent citizens, and medical men. About twenty ladies were present, most of them forming the Board of Managers of the Institution.

Dr. J. W. FRANCIS presided. A prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. BANGS.

Mr. OGDEN HOFFMAN, the Secretary of the Board, then read the annual reports of the Treasurer and Board of Managers. The former showed the receipt and expenditure of over $7,000 during the year. In the latter, the perfection of the grant of land by the city—400 by 200 feet—as a site for the future hospital edifice, was alluded to. The Board had reason to expect that a fund, now amounting to $50,000, which had been set apart by its founders for philanthropic purposes in medicine, would be appropriated to the purposes of this institution, which would be an excellent beginning of a permanent fund for the endowment of the institution. Plans had already been prepared for a building which would accommodate 100 inmates. The number of patients received during the year was 122—an increase of 24 upon the number in 1857. Of this number 87 had been discharged, and 35 remained under treatment. Fifty-eight were discharged perfectly cured; 28 were discharged permanently relieved, while but one had been discharged as incurable. Of the sums received to aid the institution, only $340 60 were from subscriptions, and only $1,852 50 from donations, which had compelled them to draw still further upon the amount originally appropriated by the State, having only $3,000 of that amount remaining unappropriated. The report intimates that, with greater exertion on the part of those who appreciate the value of the institution, the receipts from private sources might have been much greater. In conclusion, the Board return their thanks to the house of Penfold, Clay & Co., for a liberal supply of medicines, and to Philip J. Forbes for a rare old medical work.

Dr. FRANCIS then addressed the meeting. He expressed his renewed confidence in the success of the institution. When the ladies first embarked in it he felt it to be an era in the progress of humanity. Nothing had occurred to change his opinion then formed, but on the contrary it had been strengthened by each year's increased success, and with the eminent ability of Dr. Sims, as evidenced in the results which had crowned his labors, they might well look forward without misgivings as to the future of the institution. All opposition to it had been extinguished. The medical men of this city—the press, and all who knew of its beneficent workings, endorsed it. Its operations had been closely criticised by men from London, Edinburgh, and Dublin, and they had endorsed its excellence. With the fund which they would soon have, begun in 1798, and referred to in the report, he could not see what they had to discourage them.

ERASTUS C. BENEDICT, esq., next addressed the meeting. He exhibited the deed of the land which had been given by the city, and mentioned the names of the members of the Common Council, the Clerks of the Boards, the Mayor, the Corporation Counsel, and others who had been instrumental in procuring the grant. Referring to hospitals, Mr. Benedict alluded to the fact that the first hospital ever established was established by Fabiola fifteen centuries since, and what could be more appropriate than the founding of the Woman's Hospital—the last achievement of our medical philanthropies—by women. By their efforts the funds could be secured to increase its benefits, and he concluded by encouraging them to continue the work they had so auspiciously begun.

After a few remarks by the Rev. Dr. ADAMS, in which the institution was commended, the meeting was closed with a benediction by the Rev. Dr. BURCHARD.

The Constellation, the new weekly journal, of which Mr. Park Benjamin is the editor, and Mr. George Roberts the publisher, is a very large sheet, very handsomely printed, and filled with a great variety of interesting reading. In its appearance and the general character of its contents it reminds us of *The New World*, when, some twenty years ago, under Mr. Benjamin's skillful editorship, that journal attained the summit of its popularity. The original portion of *The Constellation* is written with vivacity and force; and its selections are made with a taste and judgment that must be highly satisfactory to its readers.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.—The second concert of the Philharmonic Society was given at Niblo's on Saturday evening to a crowded house. All the pieces played were well received and the chorus from Wagner's Opera of Rienzi was encored.

The Rev. Dr. Adams is to lecture in the Cooper Institute this evening. Subject, "Daily Wonders."

MARRIED.

ATWATER—SYKES—On Tuesday, Jan. 4, at St. John's Church, Kingston, N. Y., by the Rev. G. W. Doane, Bishop of New-Jersey, assisted by the Rev. George Waters, Rector of the Church, Robert H. Atwater to Georgine Augusta, daughter of L. A. Sykes, esq., all of Rondout, N. Y.

CULVER—BELLAMY—In Zion Church, Sandy Hill, N. Y., on Thursday, Dec. 23, by the Rev. E. B. Smith, Charles D. Culver of New-York, and Louisa A., daughter of the late Johns Bellamy of Sandy Hill.

COOLIDGE—DEMARAY—In Jersey City, on Thursday, Jan. 6, by O. H. Riedle, D. D., Philip H. Coolidge to Frances Grace, daughter of David Demaray, esq.

DEMAREST—STITES—On Saturday, Jan. 1, by the Rev. W. Mervin, Richard G. Demarest to Ellen, daughter of William Stites, esq., of Phillipsburg, N. J.

FLETCHER—MORRIS—On Thursday evening, Dec. 30, by the Rev. N. Terry, James Fletcher to Miss Agnes Morris, daughter of Mr. Robert Morris of Valley Stream, Long Island.

GASKIN—CARPENTER—On Friday, Jan. 7, by the Rev. Samuel Longfellow, John W. Gaskin of this city, to Miss Hannah, daughter of the late Ferris Carpenter of Rye, Westchester County, N. Y.

McFARLAND—HULL—In Berlin, Rensselaer County, N. Y., Wednesday, Jan. 5, by the Rev. A. W. Coon, Mr. Daniel McFarlan of Jackson Summit, Fulton County, N. Y., to Miss Betsy Hull of the former place.

McLEAN—SEATTY—On Thursday evening, Dec. 21, by the Rev. Thomas McFarland, Allen McLean to Miss Sarah A. Beatty, both of this city.

RICHMOND—TATEM—On Tuesday, Jan. 6, at the Church of the Ascension, by the Rev. F. Gallaudet, James Richmond of Manhattanville, to Sarah Frances Tatem of this city.

SHELDON—BAILEY—On Thursday, Jan. 6, by the Rev. John Bush, M. L. Sheldon, esq., to Miss Eliza Ann Bailey, daughter of Dr. Benjamin Bailey, all of this city.

DIED.

BILLINGS—At Sauerville, Waushara County, Wis., on Monday, Dec. 20, John Billings, late of Noble County, Ind., aged 61 years.

BOUTSE—At No. 423 Houston street, on Friday, Jan. 7, after a short illness, George and Ann Boutsh, aged 1 year, 1 month and 25 days.

CONDON—At No. 158 Delancey street, on Friday, Jan. 7, James S. Condon, in the 26th year of his age.

CREGAN—At No. 280 Eighth avenue, on Saturday, Jan. 8, Mary Jane, daughter of Bernard and Ann Augusta Cregan, aged 7 months and 10 days.

CROOKE—In this city, on Friday evening, Jan. 7, Robert L. Crooke, aged 62 years.

CARLISLE—At No. 198 Leonard street, suddenly, on Friday, Jan. 7, Margaret Quinlan Carlisle, youngest daughter of Joseph and Catharine Ann Carlisle, aged 3 years, 6 months and 2 days.

CHAMBERS—At No. 576 Hudson street, on Thursday evening, Jan. 6, after a short illness, Georgiana Eliza, daughter of Thos. and Anna Chambers, aged 7 months and 17 days.

COOKE—At No. 95 Leonard street, on Thursday, Jan. 6, Mary, wife of Charles Cooke, aged 52 years.

FLANEGAN—At No. 158 Hester street, on Friday, Jan. 7, Patrick Flanegan, in the 21st year of his age, a native of the Parish of Horseleap, King's County, Ireland.

GALINA—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, Jan. 7, Hugh Galina, in the 50th year of his age.

GERITY—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 7, William Gerity, in the 60th year of his age.

HULL—On Saturday morning, Jan. 8, after a short illness, Edward Hull, jr., in the 52d year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, Clinton avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

HUNTER—On Saturday evening, Jan. 8, Richard Hunter, in the 55th year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday, the 11th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from his late residence, Dutch Kills, New-Town, Long Island.

HOWELL—On Friday morning, Dec. 24, Margaret Bracken, wife of Charles Howell of Hawley, Wayne County, Pa., formerly of New-York.

HUDSON—At No. 331 West Twenty-third street, on Saturday morning, Jan. 8, Margaret, wife of Edward H. Hudson, aged 38 years.

JOHNSON—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 7, Mr. Samuel Johnson, aged 56 years.

KNIGHT—At Clayton, Ill., on Monday, Dec. 28, Mrs. Elizabeth Knight, aged 76 years, formerly of this city.

LEE—At No. 168 East Twenty third street, on Wednesday, Jan. 5, Mrs. Deborah J. Lee, relict of Abram Lee, late of Woodbridge, N. J., in the 79th year of her age.

LEWIS—At No. 14 West Twenty-eighth street, on Saturday, Jan. 8, after a lingering illness, Frances N. Lewis, daughter of Daniel Lewis.

LITTELL—At Richmond, Staten Island, on Friday, Jan. 7, Richard D. Littell, esq., in the 60th year of his age.

MACNAMARA—At No. 145 East Twenty second street, on Saturday, Jan. 6, after a short but severe illness, James S., youngest son of John and Margaret Teresa Macnamara, aged 1 year and 5 months.

POST—In this city, on Saturday, Jan. 8, of consumption, Sarah Louisa, eldest daughter of S. S. and L. A. Post, aged 14 years and 5 months.
The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the Presbyterian Church, corner of Fourth st. and Avenue C, on Monday, at 1 o'clock p. m. Her remains will be taken to the Cemetery of the Evergreens.
New-Haven papers please copy.

RAYMOND—On Saturday, Jan. 8, of scarlet fever, Ward, son of J. W. Raymond, aged 2 years and 4 months.
Funeral on Monday, 10th inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., from No. 15 Schermerhorn street, Brooklyn.

REDMOND—At Jamesburgh, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 4, Jane, wife of Alexander Redmond, aged 76 years.
Belfast (Ireland) papers please copy.

THORNE—In Brooklyn, on Friday evening, Jan. 7, James Thorne, in the 76th year of his age.
The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services on Monday, 10th inst., at 3 o'clock, at the First Reformed Dutch Church, Joralemon street.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....JAN. 8.

48,000 United States 5s '74	104¾	125 Reading Railroad	54¼
54,000 Tennessee 6s, '90	92	100 do	54¼
9,000 Virginia 6s	99¾	300 do	b60 54
2,000 Missouri State 6s	89¾	100 do	b60 54¾
5,000 Cal. State 7s, new b.	85¾	100 do	s3 54
500 N. Y. Cent. R. R. 6s	94	250 do	s10 54
2,000 Pfd R. 4th M. Bds	62	50 Mich. Cent R. R	54¾
1,000 Mud. R. 3d Mortgage	75¾	50 do	s30 54¾
1,000 do	76	50 do	b60 53
5,000 Harlem R. 1st Mtge.	94	50 Mich. So. & N. Ind R. R	21
1,000 Harlem R. 3d M. Bd.	70	50 do	20¾
1,000 Mich. S. Sink. F. B's.	70¾	100 do	b30 20¾
5,000 Ill. Cen. RR. B's.	s60 89	7 Chic., Burl'n & Q'y RR.	51
1,000 do	89¾	50 Panama Railroad	117¾
1,000 Chic., St. Paul & F. ex Leg. L. Gr. Bds	13	50 do	b60 1 74
3,000 Hann. & St. J. R. B.	64¾	400 Illinois Central R R	b30 70¾
5 Bank of New-York	10¾	50 do	c 71
2 Bank of America	109	15 do	70
50 National Bank	108	50 do	s10 70¾
20 Gas Bank	98	300 do	s30 69¾
50 New-York Exch. Co.	102	50 Galena & Chicago R. R	71
50 Canton Company	b60 20	450 do	71
56 Pacific M. S'p Co.	b10 122¾	150 do	b30 71¾
200 do	123	150 do	b30 71¾
50 do	b30 122	100 do	s10 71¾
100 N. Y. Central R R	84	250 do	c 71¾
2300 do	s3 84¾	100 do	s10 71¾
100 do	b10 84¾	150 do	s30 72
200 do	b60 84	40 Clev. and Toledo RR.	32¾
100 do	s30 84¾	300 do	b60 32¾
50 Erie Railroad	16¾	100 do	34
150 do	s30 16¾	100 do	34
200 do	s30 16	100 do	s30 32¾
400 do	16¾	350 Chic. & Rock Island R.	59
325 do	16¾	250 do	s10 59¾
50 Hudson River R. R.	s30 34	100 do	s30 59¾
50 do	s3 34	150 do	s10 59
50 do	c 34	100 do	s30 59¾
50 do	b60 34	200 do	s10 59¾
300 Harlem RR. Preferred	36	300 do	b10 59¾
50 Mich. S. & N. Ind. G. S.	b10 49	100 do	at 30 59¾
300 do	48	100 Mil. and Mis. RR	b30 13
235 do	b60 48¾	125 La Crosse and Mil. RR.	24

SECOND BOARD.

1,000 Tennessee 6s '90	94¾	100 Harlem Railroad	s60 15¾
1,000 Missouri State 6s	16¾	300 do	13¾
14,000 Cal. State 6s, n bds	88	100 Harlem R R. pref'd	s60 36¾
500 do	88¾	200 do	37
1,000 Harlem 2d mtge. bds	94	100 Reading Railroad	s30 54
5,000 Ill. Cent. R. R. bds	89¾	200 do	54¾
5 Bank of Commerce	101	15 Mich. So. & N. Ind R R	21¾
127 do	100¾	200 Mich. Sou. and North'n Ind. guaranteed stock	49
10 Amer. Exchange Bank	105¾	50 do	s30 49
100 Clev. & Toledo R.R.	b10 32¾	200 Galena and Chic. R. R.	71¾
200 do	32¾	50 do	72
50 Penn. Coal Company	85¾	100 do	b30 72
100 Pacific Mail S'm. Co.	92¾	200 do	b30 72
100 do	s15 92¾	100 Chic. & R. Isld. RR.	s10 59¾
50 do	92¾	100 do	59¾
50 N. Y. Cen. Railroad	84¾	200 do	b10 59¾
25 Erie Railroad	16¾	100 do	b30 59¾
245 Milw. and Miss. R. R.	15¾	50 do	b30 59¾
55 Stonington Railroad	61		

SATURDAY, Jan. 8—P. M.

The first movements in the Stock market to-day were languid and hesitating—operators for the rise holding back apparently in the expectation of a reaction, while their opponents on the other hand took advantage of the momentary heaviness to hammer the market with vigor, without losing much Stock in the process. The annual report of the Erie, which had been printed in the morning papers, was used with some effect against that Stock, and there was at first a slight sympathy in other Stocks as they were called up for consideration. Before the session closed however, there was evidently a stronger feeling, and prices began to harden again, and between the Boards the disposition to buy increased. The afternoon dealings were at considerable improvement on morning prices, the quotations for several of the leading Stocks advancing to higher points than the prices of the day previous, and closing very firm. The symptoms of a more active cooperation on the part of outsiders are rather more decided, and there is not only a considerable increase in the demand for good dividend-paying Stocks for investment, but the disposition to take more interest in a speculative way begins to manifest itself from day to day. The large amount of money recently disbursed in dividend payments adds to the supply seeking safe and profitable investment, and as solid descriptions of stock securities advance under the fresh demand—the prices are favorably affected by sympathy. At the first Board, New-York Central declined to 84¾, and was heavy at the quotation at the close of the call, but at the Second Board was up again to 84¾, and finally closed after the adjournment in demand at 85¼. Erie, under an unfavorable construction of the annual report, dropped to 16¾, a decline of ¼ ⅌ cent—but at the close of the call was rather firmer, and recovered ¼ from the lowest points touched. Hudson River, Reading, Michigan Central and Michigan Southern were all from ¼ to ¾ ⅌ cent lower, but were not largely dealt in. Illinois Central declined ¼ in opening sales, but was firmer before the call closed, and later in the day was very firm. Galena and Rock Island were more strongly sustained than a majority of the active stocks, and the buyers appeared to take hold with more confidence than of late. In the afternoon the improvement was quite decided throughout the list, and the business had a very fair distribution, without marked activity in any particular stock. We notice a more active movement in Railway Bonds, with a fair advance in quotations. The issues of the Harlem, Hudson River and Illinois Central were all quoted at better prices. Harlem First and Second Mortgages sold at precisely the same quotations, and the thirds, though quoted at 70, were afterward bid up to 71. The business in State Stocks was limited, but generally at steady prices. Missouri 6s advanced ¼ ⅌ cent at the Second Board. Considerable lots of these Bonds were taken, we understand, on foreign account at private sale. The closing prices were for New-York Central, 85¼@85¾; Erie, 16¾@16¾; Harlem, 13¾@13¾; Preferred, 37@37¼; Hudson River, 35@35¼; Reading, 54¼ to 54¾; Michigan Central 53¼@53¾; Michigan Southern, 21@21¼; Preferred, 49¼@49¾; Panama, 117¼@118; Illinois Central, 70¼@70¾; Galena, 72¼@72¾; Rock Island, 59¾@60; Toledo, 32¼@32¾; Cumberland, 20¼@20¾; Pacific Mail, 92¼@93¼; Illinois Central Bonds, 89@89¼; Missouri 6s, 86¼@86¾ &c.

The business in foreign bills was moderate for the steamer to-day, and closed at fully ¼@¼ ⅌ cent decline on Sterling, the greater decline being on commercial signatures. The supply of bills from the South is increasing, and the dullness of demand has induced bankers to press sales. Francs are also heavy, and a leading city signature was sold at 5.16¾.

Rates of Freights are quite nominal. To Liverpool, the engagements are, 100 tcs. Beef at 3s. 6d.; 50 hhds. Bacon at 17s. 6d. To London, 30 hhds. Maryland Tobacco at 25s. ⅌ hhd.; 50 tcs. India Beef at 5s. 3d. A vessel of 250 tons, out to and home from South Side of Cuba, at 40c. for Sugar. A brig of 350 tons, to Buenos Ayres, at $19 for Lumber. A schooner, from Easton to New-York, with Corn, at 10½c. To New-Orleans, 5,000 bush. Oats at 4c.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was: Receipts, $99,736 97—for Customs, $67,000; Payments, $242,503 40; Balance, $1,202,151 76; $5,008,000 last Saturday, showing a decrease of nearly a million.

The Brevoort Insurance Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 6 ⅌ cent, payable on the 12th inst. After the 19th inst., interest on Ohio State Stocks will only be paid at Columbus, Ohio. This is a specimen of small repudiation of which the State authorities of Ohio should be ashamed. The coupons are payable in New-York, and holders should not be put to the risk of sending them to Columbus. The Tradesmen's Fire Insurance Co. has been organized, with a capital of $150,000, and is located at No. 153 Bowery, corner of Broome street. The President is Mr. D. B. Keeler, and Secretary Mr. T. Y. Brown. Mr. Eugene Thompson has established himself at No. 64 Wall street, in the stock, auction and brokerage business. His references are of the strongest character. The coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the New-Haven and New-London Road, due 10th Sept., 1857, will be paid at the office in New-Haven on the 15th inst. The meeting of Milwaukee and Horicon bond holders will be held at the office of W. & M. H. Ward, No. 47 Exchange place, on Tuesday next at 2 o'clock. The business of the Clearing-House to day was small—$16,511,590. The average of the week was $20,074,263, against $20,606,657 for the previous week. The domestic movement of specie has been light during the week, although the neighboring cities still owe us balances. The foreign drain has exceeded a million, while the Sub-Treasury has disbursed nearly an equal amount. Some of the Treasury Notes of the first issue are now maturing, and from this source the disbursements of the Sub-Treasury will hereafter be considerable. Our stock of specie will also be increased during the week by another California arrival, due about Thursday. The Money market remains very stagnant, and the quotations are stereotyped at 3@4 ⅌ cent on call, and 4@5 ⅌ cent on first-class paper, sixty days to six months. The supply of money still continues in excess of the demand, and lenders are still more pressing than before the 1st inst. The business in Treasury Notes is quite light, and rates are nominal. Of the new Government loan there were private purchases for investment of $133,000 at 104¼, and $100,000 Missouris were taken at private sale for Europe.

The export of specie for the week ending this day was as follows:

Steamer Kangaroo, Liverpool, U. S. Gold Bars	$151,908 21
Schr. H. E. Bell, Arroya, Doubloons	5,000 00
Brig Northern Light, Jacmel, U. S. Gold Coin	5,000 00
Brig Capella, Porto Rico, U. S. Gold Coin	5,000 00
Steamer Asia, Liverpool, U. S. Gold Coin	185,528 00
Steamer Asia, Liverpool, U. S. Gold Bars	295,565 05
Steamer Fulton, Havre, Gold Bars and Coin	35,966 00
Steamer Fulton, Havre, Gold Coin	10,000 00
Steamer Fulton, London, Gold Bars	64,394 00
Total	$1,052,561 26

We annex a comparative statement of the exports, exclusive of specie, from New-York to foreign ports, for the week ending Jan. 4, 1859:

	1857.	1858.	1859.
Total for the week	$1,689,294	$669,539	$699,543

The following table will compare the exports of the seven principal staple articles for the week of 1858 and 1859:

	1858.		1859.	
Week ending Jan. 6...	Amount.	Value.	Amount.	Value.
Cotton, bales	832	$44,553	536	$32,710
Flour, bbls	16,158	77,852	6,812	36,579
Corn Meal, bbls	195	621	1,623	6,492
Wheat, bush	61,426	65,326	....	....
Corn, bush	26,938	16,179	1,072	981
Beef, bbls. and tcs	410	15,051	3,119	64,425
Pork, bbls. and tcs	2,015	46,404	3,059	60,904
Total	....	$265,995	....	$203,972
Decrease				62,123

The following is a comparative statement of the imports of General Merchandise at the port of New-York for the week ending Jan. 8, 1859:

For the week.	1857.	1858.	1859.
Dry Goods	$2,197,979	$591,499	$1,271,470
General Merchandise	2,273,788	1,047,842	785,216
Total for the week	$3,464,797	$1,549,321	$2,052,686

The earnings of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad for December compare as follows:

December, 1857	$42,291 40
December, 1858	47,126 53
Increase	$5,835 48

The earnings of the Little Miami, and Columbus and Xenia Road, for the same month were:

December, 1856	$94,670 91
December, 1857	74,050 52
Increase	$21,620 29

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, including the Galesburg branch, earned $110,489.

The Cleveland and Pittsburgh Road for the year Nov. 30, 1858, earned $772,053 53
Operating expenses 459,999 88
Net earnings $352,093 65

The payments have been as follows:

Interest	$219,797 97
Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago lease	55,000 00
Bills payable, running expenses, and construction accounts for 1857, &c	113,075 38
Right of way	18,542 70
Income bonds	3,100 00
Allegheny Co. bonds	2,458 18
Cash on hand	12,764 27
Total	$621,656 50
Deficit on the year	92,556 85

The cost of the road is now represented by:

Stock	$3,942,988 64
Stock scrip and dividends	48,627 54
First mortgage bonds	800,000 00
Second mortgage bonds	1,198,000 00
Third mortgage bonds	1,160,000 00
River line bonds	1,051,000 00
Income bonds	118,500 00
Diverted bonds and scrip	491,845 21
Bills payable	651,821 55
Total	$9,564,242 95
Balance of net earnings expended	99,759 87
Total	$9,664,102 81

The annexed figures are well worthy the attention of our bank managers. The lesson contained in them cannot be too diligently studied. The Bank Statement of January 1, 1859, as compared with that of January 2, 1858, shows changes as follows:

Loans and discounts	$127,546,935	an inc. of $19,954,396
Specie	27,20,725	a dec. of 1,612,221
Net deposits and circulation	98,539,281	an inc. of 27,034,011
Average daily exchanges	20,606,657	an inc. of 7,005,194

Jan. 2, 1858—The percentage of coin to net liability was ..... 9 per cent.
Jan. 1, 1859—The percentage of coin to net liability was ..... 27 per cent.
Showing that the specie reserve has been reduced ..... 12½ per cent.
That net liability has been increased ..... 57½ per cent.
And a reduced aggregate strength of position of ..... 45 per cent.
The loan and discounts have been increased ..... 18½ per cent.
And the specie decreased ..... 5 per cent.

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS.

		Attaining this maximum.	
1855—Jan. 6	$92,241,706	Aug. 18	$101,154,460
1856—Jan. 5	95,893,390	Aug. 4	117,225,562
1857—Jan. 3	108,149,153	Aug. 8	122,977,182
1858—Jan. 2	98,549,983	Dec. 18	127,035,040
Aug. 22	128,841,327		
Oct. 9	123,599,249		

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS IN

1855—Were at their maximum Aug. 18 an increase of	27 ⅌ cent.
1856—Were at their maximum Aug. 4 an increase of	17 ⅌ cent.
1857—Were at their maximum Aug. 8 an increase of	2 ⅌ cent.
1858—Were at their maximum Dec. 19 an increase of	29 ⅌ cent.
Average increase after January for four years	20 ⅌ cent.

Which, if added to present Loans and Discounts, $127,554,319 x 25.5 ⅌ ct $133,101,183

	Net Deposits. Circulation.		Attaining their maximum.	Net Deposits and Circulation.
1855—Jan. 6	$54,700,749	July 4		$75,293,448
1856—Jan. 6	66,723,933	Aug. 4		81,721,571
1857—Jan. 3	72,379,942	June 6		78,171,062
1858—Jan. 2	71,524,170	Aug. 1		88,554,258

NET DEPOSITS AND CIRCULATIONS.

1855—Were increased	$20,985,993, equal to 37½ ⅌ cent.
1856—Were increased	11,497,598, equal to 21 ⅌ cent.
1857—Were increased	5,791,728, equal to 8 ⅌ cent.
1858—Were increased	17,029,965, equal to 27 ⅌ cent.

Average, 26 ⅌ cent.

Attaining its maximum.

	Specie.		Specie.
1855—Jan. 4	$18,598,963	Feb 3	$17,498,196
1856—Jan. 5	11,667,268	June 23	17,871,945
1857—Jan. 3	11,172,244	Dec 19	27,937,328
1858—Jan. 2	28,561,944	Aug. 1	35,772,199

1855—Specie inc. until Feb. 3 ..... $3,842,293, equal to 20 ⅌ cent.
1856—Specie inc. until June 23 ..... 6,184,748, equal to 53 ⅌ cent.
1857—Specie inc. until Dec. 19 ..... 6,765,422, equal to 156 ⅌ cent.
1858—Specie inc. until Aug. 1 ..... 7,150,161, equal to 25 ⅌ cent.
Average, 64 ⅌ cent.

Specie was at its minimum—	Dec. from its maximum.
1855—Sept. 29	43 ⅌ cent.
1856—Oct. 13	42 ⅌ cent.
1857—Oct. 17	72 ⅌ cent.
1858—Nov. 14	27 ⅌ cent.
Average,	46 ⅌ cent.

The annexed tables form a portion of the Erie Railroad report, of which we gave a full abstract yesterday:

TRANSPORTATION ACCOUNT.

Sept. 30, 1858.

To ordinary expenses, year 1858	$3,729,299 99
To bills 1857, paid 1858	52,641 66—$3,782,942 65
To loss on properties chartered	13,164 66
To fuel destroyed by fire	6,852 18
To bad debts, &c., this year	8,497 57—27,509 41
To taxes	64,256 63
To balance, profit for year	1,273,707 74
Total	$5,151,816 43

Sept. 30, 1858.

To freight earnings	$3,883,5[illegible] 77
To passenger earnings	1,152,258 27
To storage	1,939 54
To telegraph	9,465 77
To rents	15,851 55
To transportation of mails	94,696 00
To hire of cars	3,934 74—$5,151,816 54

PROFIT AND LOSS.

Sept. 30, 1858.

To interest on floating debt	$66,847 43
To interest on funding mortgage debt	1,048,713 50
To interest on funded unsecured debt	774,690 00
To rent on Union Railroad	83,400 00
To rent of Chemung railroad	24,000 00
To bad debts previous to 1857	30,248 54
To loss on sale of express equipment	4,351 01
To depreciation on wood	22,237 92
To case side embankment	16,969 74
To expenditure on Union Railroad	2,340 49
Total	$2,063,383 63

Sept. 30, 1857.

By balance from old account	$483,316 16
Sept. 3, 1858.	
By interest on bonds in sinking fund	102,310 00
By balance of transportation account, year 1858	1,279,707 74
By balance	198,019 33
Total	$2,063,383 63

The City of Keokuk has issued a circular to its creditors, in which it states its inability to pay the interest upon its debt. The debt amounts to $1,150,000, of which $800,000 was issued to various railroads. Its assets amount to $825,000, of which $650,000 is railroad stock and $175,000 unpaid taxes of 1857 and 1858. The Mayor says that the citizens are utterly unable to pay the interest upon its debt, but are willing to pay on $500,000, with a sinking fund for the extinction of this amount. He says:

It must be evident to all, that our debt is much too great for either the debtor or creditor. It must, therefore, be reduced within a practicable amount, at least one half, or within $500,000, by a transfer of our railroad stocks. This amount our people would be willing to shoulder, and though a burden fully equal to their ability to carry, yet they would resolutely undertake to provide the means for promptly meeting the interest on that amount and raising a yearly sinking fund for the liquidation of the principal.

Our railroad stocks are equal to those of other Western roads. The roads are partially completed and equipped for business, already having a good local traffic, and the work of extending them into the richest portions of the State is in progress, with the prospect of further material extensions through the proposed aid of the State credit, which must make the stocks directly remunerative to a tressable extent.

We therefore can offer nothing better than the transfer of said stocks for the liquidation of a portion of our indebtedness; and the balance of our debt we propose to fund by an issue of other bonds bearing 6 ⅌ cent interest. In the event of such an arrangement, the new class of bonds which would be issued, would be our own debt, and that would be fully guarded against any increase by the provision of the present State Constitution. The new bonds would, therefore, be more available and of more real value to the creditor than those now held under present circumstances.

The foregoing is respectfully submitted for the consideration of our creditors, all of whom are severally and collectively invited to a conference with the representative of this city, who will visit New-York City, and remain there from the 2 to the 9th of January, 1859, only authorized to act for the city in making any arrangement with our creditors that may be regarded as mutually advantageous to all concerned. By order of the Council. H. W. SAMPLE, Mayor.

The news from the Lake Superior Mining district is up to Dec. 25. The accounts are not very important. The West Minnesota Co. are working with very fair success on their new vein, which is believed to be the cough mersle lode of the famous Minnesota mine. The Quincy have traced the Pewabic vein several hundred feet further on their side of the bluff, and find it very rich at the surface, having masses of several hundred pounds weight. The Lake Superior mines estimate the total shipment of copper mineral from the Lake during the year at 6,008 tuns, of an average purity of 67 per cent—making the product of ingot copper about 4,000 tuns, worth in the market at present $1,840,000. Estimating the population of the copper region at 6,500 persons, this gives an annual product of about $280 for each man, woman and child. The shipments were as follows:

From Keweenaw Point	2,180 tuns
From Portage Lake	1,152 tuns
From Ontonagon district	2,676 tuns
Total	6,008 tuns
Shipments in 1857	6,300 tuns
Decrease	292 tuns

The only error of importance in the