BULL'S HEAD.—It will be well for those who nervously anticipate a general ruination of all the farmers in the country to read the report of the state of the cattle market which closed for the week yesterday. With over 200 head added to the large stock previously received, the selling rates did not materially decline, and when the reporter left the market-place in the afternoon but few bullocks remained unsold of the 4,777 head received for the supply of the city one week. At an average net weight of 700 pounds that number will give 3,343,900 pounds of beef, which, at an average of 7¼ cents a pound, the price paid by the butchers, amounts to $242,432. From the way it is retailed to consumers, we judge that butchers, at least, as a class, are not doing a losing business.

FORT LAFAYETTE.—By order of the Secretary of State, Marshal Murray yesterday went to Fort Lafayette, and after administering the oath of allegiance to Francis M. Fisk of New-Orleans, and John Buteman, an Englishman, also from the South, set them at liberty. The Marshal some days ago sent down a complete cooking apparatus for 125 men, with all the requisite table furniture for the use of the prisoners, who are now made as comfortable as possible. To-day the nine privateers confined in the Fort will be removed by the Marshal to the City Prison, to await their trial for piracy.

THE UNION TICKET IN YATES COUNTY.—A County Convention, consisting of 90 delegates, chosen under a call of the delegates from Yates to the People's State Convention, assembled at Penn Yan on Friday last, and nominated a ticket for county officers, as follows:

Clerk—ALEXANDER BASSETT, Republican.
Sheriff—JOHN UNDERWOOD, Republican.
Assembly—DARIUS A. OGDEN, Democrat.

Mr. Ogden took early ground against the "peace" leanings of the Democratic party, and has made several of the best war speeches of the campaign.

The President has appointed Capt. C. G. Halpine, late of the 69th New-York State Militia, to be Assistant Adjutant-General on the staff of Maj.-Gen. Hunter, with the rank and pay of Major. He will report in Jefferson City, Mo., immediately.

TRIAL TRIP OF THE GUN-BOAT SENECA.—Yesterday morning the third of the new gun-boats, built by Mr. Jeremiah Simonson of Greenpoint, went down to the light-ship on her trial trip. The engines were put in by the Novelty Works, from whose dock, in the East River, the Seneca steamed away in fine style about 10 o'clock a. m., with about 150 invited guests aboard. No delay or accident took place, and the company soon set about enjoying themselves, in which they were favored by a bracing breeze and pleasant weather. Capt. Comstock busied himself in superintencing the working of the craft; Mr. Allen of the Novelty Works took special interest in the machinery and speed indicator; Mr. Zeller, the engineer appointed by the naval authorities to examine the work of the engines, was industriously noting various dry particulars manifested in the boat's progress, while Mr. Simonson and his chief builder, Robert Allaire, with perhaps a score of our leading shipbuilders also on board, observed the movement and general behavior of the gunboat. Commodore Gregory, Capt. Forbes of Boston, and other representatives of the Navy Department were present, as were also several of the newly-appointed officers who are to take charge of the Seneca. These, as far as appointed, are Lieut. Daniel Ammen, commanding; First Lieut. John G. Sproston; Chief Engineer Mr. De Kraft, and Assistants T. Allen, H. H. Burritt, and T. Lynch.

The average speed was 9 37-100 knots per hour. When sailing down with the tide the highest speed was 11 knots, which exceeded the previously tried gun-boats by a mile, the engines having been a little more rapidly worked. Our volunteers at Sandy Hook and Fort Hamilton were found busied in firing at targets with cannon of various caliber. On the return stretch the good things below decks of Mr. Logan of the Washington, were attended to, and several pleasant toasts were offered, though not replied to by speeches.

The Seneca was moored at the Navy-Yard after her return to receive her armament. It is understood that she will sail before many days in company with a squadron now in course of preparation for departure.

This morning another trial trip from the Novelty Works will be made on the Pembina, another gunboat, built by Mr. Stack.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY—EXHIBITION OF VALUABLE STATUARY FROM ROME.—The monthly meeting of the Historical Society on Tuesday night was an interesting one, and exceedingly well attended. The Hon. Luther Brodish presided. George H. Moore, esq., the Librarian, presented a report, from which it appears that the number of donations to the Society during the Summer has been quite large. A long list was read, comprising a valuable collection of manuscripts, books, works of art, etc. The Chairman of the Executive Committee, the Hon. Augustus Schell, reported names for membership.

Mr. Bradish then announced that a collection of statuary just from Rome, the last works of the late sculptor Crawford, which have been deposited with the Society by his widow, through the agency of Mr. John Ward, was on exhibition in the library. Among the miscellaneous business a vote of thanks was passed to Mr. Ward. Mr. Thompson, the artist from Rome now on a visit here, stated that a meeting of artists had been held in Rome, at which Mr. Gibson, a leading English artist, proposed that the last work of Crawford, the Indian, should be cast in bronze and erected in one of the leading squares of Rome. The idea was warmly seconded, resolutions were passed highly complimentary to Crawford, and subscriptions begun. This testimonial of artists to an artist was, he said, more than empty compliment. In the speaker's opinion Crawford's Indian surpassed in bold originality all other works of the kind. Unfortunately the committee of artists could not find a place to be given them by the present dynasty that would in any manner be suitable to the work.

The statues or exhibition are the Indian, lamenting the downfall of his race; the Hunter Boy, Adam and Eve, the Boy playing marbles, and the Peri, represented in Moore's poem as waiting at the gates of Paradise. The paper of the evening was "The Surprise and Capture of Poundridge, Westchester County, on the 2d of July, 1779, by Lieut.-Col. Tarleton, with a biographical sketch of that officer," by John M. McDonald, esq., of Flushing. It was read by the Librarian, Mr. Moore, and frequently applauded.

ROBBERIES.—George Wilson, alias James W. Taylor, implicated in a burglary upon the office of Joseph R. Dickerson, lawyer, of Tryon row, was arrested yesterday, and, confessing his guilt, was committed for trial.

Josiah Sturges, a boy about 13 years of age, a few nights ago broke into the house of Jane Scott, No. 229 West Forty-second street, and stole $33 50 worth of property. He was arrested yesterday and confessed his guilt, telling where the articles could be found, and stating that he had been led astray by other wicked boys, contrary to his own inclinations. He was committed for trial.

Mr. Christian B. Morrison was passing through Mercer street late on Tuesday night, when Edward Madden, a Frenchman, snatched his watch and ran away. Officer Warren gave the thief chase and arrested him. Alderman Chipp committed the prisoner for trial.

Yesterday morning, John T. Brown, formerly a constable, and now a bill collector, was taken before Justice Osborn, at the Tombs Police Court, charged with robbing Judge Arva K. Maynard of the Marine Court of $222 32. It appeared that the accused had a claim against the Judge, which he presented last Saturday, at which time the Judge, having no money in his pocket, directed Brown to call upon Mr. Geo. H. Purser, with directions for the latter gentleman to draw a check in his favor upon the Broadway Bank, payable to him or his order. Thereupon, Brown went to Purser, and requested him to draw a check, payable to bearer, which was done. The Judge waited for some time for the return of Brown, and hearing nothing of him, proceeded to make inquiries, when he became satisfied that he was dishonest. The prisoner declined to account for the money. The case is still under examination.

Yesterday, Henry Topping, errand boy, was taken before Justice Kelly, at the Tombs Police Court, charged with robbing his employer, Philip H. Griffin, No. 356 Pearl street. Topping confessed that he had taken the goods, and stated that he had sold them to Peter Ott, a shoemaker at No. 134 Stanton street. Ott's place was searched, and goods valued at $139 70 were found and identified by Mr. Griffin. Ott was also arrested, and both prisoners were held for trial.

PASSING A WORTHLESS CHECK.—On Monday, James H. Lagning called at the jewelry store of Freeman & Bennett, No. 125 Fulton row, and procured a diamond ring, valued at $65, in payment for which he tendered a check upon the Bank of America, saying that he was a New-Orleans gentleman, and that his baggage was in the aforesaid bank. Subsequently it was ascertained that Lagning had no funds in the bank whatever. Justice Kempner held him for examination.

TWO DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

THE NIAGARA OFF CAPE RACE.

The Accident to the Great Eastern.

A BOSTONIAN SAVES THE SHIP.

GARIBALDI DECLINES COMING TO AMERICA.

The Commission of French Officers in the Federal Army.

THE EMPEROR'S REFUSAL TO PERMIT IT.

Spanish Expedition against Mexico.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Wednesday, Oct. 2, 1861.

The Royal Mail steamship Niagara, which left Liverpool on Saturday at 10 a. m., Sept. 21, and Queenstown on Sunday evening, the 22d ult., arrived off Cape Race at 9:30 this morning, en route to Halifax and Boston. The News Yacht of the Associated Press boarded the Niagara and obtained the following summary of news prepared for the Association by its Liverpool Agent:

Among the passengers on board the Niagara is Prince Alfred, who was the guest of the Mayor of Liverpool the day previous to the sailing of the Niagara, in which city the young Prince was received with great attentions by the people.

The steamship Great Eastern (an account of the accident to which vessel was received in detail by the steamship Bohemian at Father Point), after considerable trouble and anxiety, had been safely anchored inside the harbor on the morning of the 20th. It is supposed repairs will be speedily commenced. The night preceding her anchorage she was obliged to put off from the coast, owing to the prevalence of a heavy southerly gale. Great praise is accorded to an American, named Hamilton, of Boston, Mass., by whom the temporary steerage-gear was arranged, without which the big ship would have been entirely unmanageable, and doubtless would have become a complete wreck.

The assertions that Garibaldi intended soon to embark for America, where he will espouse the cause of the Government, continues to be made and contradicted. The latest telegraphic dispatch, from Turin, however, declares that the renowned liberator of Italy has abandoned all intention of leaving for the battle-fields of America for the present.

The iron-plated frigate Warrior made her first trip to sea on the 19th, proceeding from the Thames to Portsmouth. Her performance was highly favorable.

The London Times has an editorial on Secretary Chase's appeal for subscriptions to the new Federal loan. It says: "If the interest offered is a sufficient appeal to the patriotism of the people, any arguments as to the safety of investment in the loan are unnecessary; if it is not sufficient, the remedy would have been to increase the amount, instead of appealing to considerations which, rightly viewed, amount to little more than a confession of weakness. The people will be more ready to believe that provision will be made for the payment of the principal and interest on war loans when they see provision has been made for leaving one farthing of expense out of the income of the year."

An article has appeared in a late number of the Paris *Moniteur* which leads strongly to the inference that the absence of Garibaldi in America would suit the wishes and policy of the French Government.

Mr. Laing, Financial Secretary of India, addressed the members of the Manchester Cotton Association, the Chamber of Commerce, and other leading merchants of that city, on the subject of India. After treating of financial and general Government affairs, he said he thought to promote the growth of cotton, it was especially necessary to advance capital to growers, and to enable this to be done with safety, proper law of contracts was essential. He described what has been enacted on this question, and after alluding to an early prospect of the reduction of import duties on cotton, wound up by appealing to his hearers to take with him a view of these matters higher than their commercial aspect.

FRANCE.

A letter from Paris says several superior and subaltern officers of the French artillery have been offered great advantage if they will serve in the Federal army. Some have been offered as much as 6,000 francs for their outfits and pay of 20,000 francs a year guaranteed for several years to come.

It was at first said that the French Government did not appear inclined to refuse consent to the acceptance of those offers. Permission was demanded, but on the 15th the Minister of War, by order of the Emperor, made known to applicants that he would not grant any permission to serve in the Federal army.

The Paris Bourse was firm. Three per cent Rentes 69f. 25c.

SPAIN.

It is reported that a Spanish expedition against Mexico was being organized at Havana. Five thousand infantry will disembark early in October at Vera Cruz, thence marching direct to the City of Mexico. Six screw-frigates, two steamers, and numerous transports are also to be employed.

A decision of Marshal O'Donnell is published in the Madrid *Gazette* to the Captain-General of Porto Rico. It declares the principle that a slave who touched the soil of Spain must be considered as emancipated, even without the consent of his former master.

GREECE.

A student who fired at the Queen in a public square at Athens missed his aim. The assassin was arrested.

INDIA.

The Bombay mail of Aug. 25 reached Marseilles on the 20th. The news is unimportant. Shirtings had declined. Exchange, 2/@2/3. Freights advancing.

Calcutta dates are of Aug. 14. Shirtings were active and steady. Twist advancing. The Indigo prospects continued bad. Linseed was advancing. Exchange, 2/@2/0½. Freights to London, 55⅛.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Sept. 21, 1861.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—The Liverpool Cotton market closes to-day firm, with small sales.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—The Breadstuffs market is quiet and steady. Flour firm at 28/@30/. Wheat quiet and steady; sales of Red Western at 10/6@12/; Red Southern, 12/@12/6; White Western, 12/3@13/4; White Southern, 13/@13/6. Corn firm; Mixed, 30/@31/; Yellow, 31/@31/6; White, 34/@36/.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.—The Provision market rules dull. Beef quiet. Pork inactive. Bacon flat. Lard firm at 56/@53/. Tallow has a downward tendency; quoted at 47/@47/6.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—Ashes firm; Pots and Pearls, 32/@32/6. Rosin quiet; Common, 13/. Spirits Turpentine heavy and nominal at 60/. Sugar firmer. Coffee firm. Rice advancing; Carolina, 24/@29/6. Linseed advanced 1/@1/6, with an upward tendency. Linseed Oil firm at 34/6. Cod Oil quiet at 34/.

LONDON MARKETS.—WHEAT has an upward tendency; quoted at 55/@60/. FLOUR, 27/@30. IRON is very dull. SUGAR, firm, and advanced 6d. TEA, irregular; Common Congou, 11d.@11½d. COFFEE, active, and advanced 2/. RICE, firmer, and advanced 3d @6d. TALLOW, quiet at 47/. SPIRITS TURPENTINE, quiet at 64/. LINSEED CAKES, firm. LINSEED OIL, active at 34/3@34/6. SPERM OIL, dull at £92@£93. COD OIL, £34.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—The funds were dull, and a shade lower on the 20th, owing to some realizations. The rates of discount in the open market were still decidedly lower than reduced bank minimum. Best bills 3@3½ ⅌ cent. The influx of gold to the bank continues.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—Consols closed on Saturday at 93½@93¾ for money.

The Bank rate has been reduced to 3½ ⅌ cent.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—The market for American Securities is firmer, but quiet. Illinois Central Shares, 39@39½ dis.; Erie Shares, 23@23½.

LATEST.

[By telegraph to Queenstown.]

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 22.

The sales of COTTON yesterday (Saturday) footed up 40,000 bales. The market was firm, with an advance of ⅛d. ⅌ lb on the week, with a still advancing tendency. The sales to speculators and exporters were 10,000 bales. It is reported that the sales yesterday reached 67,400 bales, including 25,000 bales Surat to arrive.

BREADSTUFFS continue quiet and steady, with the exception of mixed Corn, which is slightly easier.

PROVISIONS dull.

LONDON, Sept. 21—Evening.

Consols closed to-day at 93½@93¾ for money.

The latest sales of American Stocks were: Erie shares, 23@23½.

HAVRE, Sept. 20, 1861.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—The sales of cotton for the week add up 30,500 bales. New-Orleans tres ordinaire, 122c.; do. bas, 120c. The market closes firm at an advance of 8@10c. The total stock in port amounts to 214,000 bales.

PARIS, Sept. 21, 1861.

The Bourse closed firm to-day at 69f. 30c.

LOCAL MILITARY MATTERS.

UNITED STATES QUARTERMASTERS' OFFICE.

United States Quartermaster Tompkins, in charge of the Quartermaster's department in this city, has been for the past eight or ten days and still is busily engaged in arranging for the transportation of troops to the seat of war, and in forwarding subsistence for the army, the supply for the last day or two having been unusually large. The obstruction to navigation on the Potomac, by the rebels, has created no inconsiderable panic among shipowners whose vessels are engaged by the Government to carry freight to the capital, and on Monday they demanded special guaranties against loss from privateers or masked batteries; but the Quartermaster has no authority to give such pledges, and thus far no security has been effected. The feeling, however, that Congress would reimburse them for any loss that might occur, has gained the ascendancy among shipowners, and the Quartermaster had more vessels placed at his disposal on Tuesday and Wednesday than he could possibly use. In cases of necessity, means of transportation by rail can be obtained, which will accommodate nearly all the demands of the Department, so that the reported obstructions on the Potomac will result in but slight inconvenience. The freight consisting of subsistence and other army supplies daily sent forward by rail or ship by this Department amounts to between 300 and 400 tuns. Many recruits are also daily transported to the seat of war. On Monday, Col. Tompkins sent forward the following detachments of recruits for their respective regiments: 30 men for the 10th N. Y. Volunteers, at Fortress Monroe; 31 for the Fremont Regiment, at Perryville, Md.; 4 for the 30th, 3 for the 49th, 14 for the 9th, 3 for the Tammany Regiment, 8 for the Cameron Rifles, 9 for the 14th, 10 for the 1st L. I. Volunteers, all at Baltimore, and 7 for the 4th Regiment, at Perryville. The men were in charge of 14 officers, attached to the respective regiments named.

Yesterday morning the Quartermaster forwarded four vessels laden with subsistence stores to Washington, and in addition a large supply was sent by rail. Sixty recruits for regiments now in the field were transported yesterday, but no large body of troops will be forwarded before Col. Wilson's Massachusetts Regiments.

SWORD PRESENTATION.

Lieut.-Col. S. H. Mix of the Van Alen Cavalry, who has been confined to his bed for ten days past at the St. Nicholas Hotel, in this city, by typhoid fever, contracted in camp on the Potomac, has so far recovered as to be nearly able again to report for duty. Col. Mix's friends at the St. Nicholas, on Tuesday evening, presented him with a magnificent sword, sash, belt, etc. The presentation speech was made by John N. Genin, esq., and was happily responded to by the recipient. The sword was furnished from the establishment of Tiffany & Co., Broadway, and beside being a very superb article was most worthily bestowed.

VOLUNTEER DEPOT.

The Commander-in-Chief and Adjutant-General Hillhouse arrived in town yesterday, and were engaged in making preparations for the early departure of troops. The material for at least six full regiments now exists in the city and vicinity in the form of companies and parts of companies and skeleton regiments, which will at once be consolidated and sent forward. The New-York Rifles have, we understand, united with the Shepard Rifles, thus nearly completing the organization of the latter regiment. This voluntary movement will be approved by the Governor. By mutual agreement the Mechanic Rifles have consolidated with the Governor's Guard, under Col. Pinckney, which will nearly complete the reorganization of the Sixth. Arrangements are also being made to complete the organization of the Ira Harris Cavalry and the Barney Rifles, Col. Kozlay.

The completion of six full regiments will make thirteen of the twenty-five demanded by the Commander-in-Chief. Throughout the State there are ten regiments in camp, whose organizations are nearly complete. Recruiting in the country is progressing favorably.

The Military Board passed the following Company Officers: Adolph Bleyert, James R. Campbell, David Cloyd, Henry Cochen, Thomas W. Johnson, jr., Alfred W. Lomas, Samuel L. Mitchell, jr., Jas. J. Smith, and Philip Lundt.

The McClellan Rifles are still in camp at Factoryville, Staten Island, to the number of 400 men. The following are the field officers of the Rifles, so far as designated: Col. Tinelli, who was formerly Lieutenant-Colonel in the Garibaldi Guard, and Lieut.-Col. d'Agreda.

SONS OF CONNECTICUT.

A meeting of the Sons of Connecticut was held at No. 30 Pine street Wednesday, at the request of the Fifth avenue Committee, for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization. Messrs. McCurdy, Wetmore, Gould, Hutchings, Elliot, Almy, and others were present.

This Association will be incorporated on the plan of the New-England Society—and while its present office will be to afford such assistance and courtesies to the passing regiments as patriotism might suggest, yet it will always welcome to its rooms every son of Connecticut.

We understand that Mr. John H. Almy has been appointed by Gov. Buckingham agent for the State, to cooperate with the Committee in their efforts.

THE COLONELCY OF THE 37TH REGIMENT.

Gov. Morgan has conferred the colonelcy of the N. Y. 37th Regiment, left vacant by the resignation of Col. McCunn, upon Capt. S. B. Hayman, 7th Regiment U. S. A., the well-known officer who has been engaged in mustering troops in this city since the commencement of the war. Leave of absence has been granted to him by the War Department to enable him to take the position. The choice is an exceedingly good one. Captain Hayman being a strict disciplinarian and a highly efficient officer.

VOLUNTEERS IN ERIE COUNTY.

At Buffalo the Eagle Brigade is being rapidly filled up. About twenty offices have been opened in the city to receive volunteers for this brigade, and for recruits for the 21st, 49th, and 35th New-York Volunteers, for a New-York City rifle regiment, and for Sigel's St. Louis Brigade.

A meeting was held on Friday night at Wales, when almost the entire population was present. Some prominent men offered themselves as volunteers, and twelve good and true men pledged themselves to join a company. In the case of one farmer it was stated that his crops were not gathered, whereupon thirty citizens agreed to charge themselves with getting in the crops of such as should volunteer, and to provide Winter fuel and give general aid to the families of such as should go to the war. Several women present spoke, urging the men to go, and consenting that their husbands enlist.

THE PEOPLE'S ELLSWORTH REGIMENT.

This fine and select body of men are now in camp at Albany. They have been raised from throughout the State, and provided with extra care and comforts from a large fund subscribed by private citizens. This city has done very little toward completing this regiment, either in men or money. The Ninth Ward raised $125, and was entitled to send five men as its quota; but has failed to procure them. Councilman A. H. Keech, No. 23 Ann street, Alderman Chas. J. Chipp, corner Greenwich and Christopher streets, and A. J. Campbell, No. 121 Hammond street, are a Committee on Recruits. Qualifications for soldiers are, unmarried men, not to exceed 30 years of age, nor under 5 feet 7 inches in hight, and of good moral character. Recruits will be sent to quarters immediately by any one of the Committee upon application.

DIED.

HOOPER—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Oct. 1, Ann Eliza, wife of Wallace Hooper, and daughter of Eliss Cole, aged 24 years.

JOHNSON—In this city, on Tuesday, Oct. 1, James Johnson, in the 42d year of his age.

MAY—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Oct. 1, Clara Adelaide, infant daughter of Captain Charles and Jane May, aged 3 months.

MILLER—On Wednesday, Oct. 2, James Wesley, infant son of W. H. and M. C. Miller, aged 9 months and 11 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, Oct. 5, at 11 o'clock a. m., from the the residence of his parents, No. 153 Allen street.

Receipts of Produce.

OCT. 2.—13,196 bbls. Flour, 35 do. Corn Meal, 40 do. Oat Meal, 411 do. Whisky, 83,176 bush. Wheat, 196,808 do. Corn, 33,465 do. Oats, 3,000 do. Barley, 355 pkgs. Provisions.

Markets—CAREFULLY REPORTED FOR THE N. Y. TRIBUNE.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 2, 1861.

ASHES—The market is quite firm, the supply not large; sales of Pots and Pearls at $5 25.

COTTON—The market continues dull and nominal. We quote Middling Uplands and do Gulf at 21@21½c.

COFFEE—The market for Rio is quiet, but firm: Java is more active, at full rates; sales of 1,200 mats Java at 20c., and 200 bags Rio at 18½c. We quote:

Rio	15½@16½	Bombay	—@—
Maracaibo	17@18	Laguayra	17@18
Java	20@21	Costa Rica	—@—
Jamaica	16½@17	St. Domingo	14½@15

COAL—The demand for domestic continues, and the market is firm, with more doing for the East. The inquiry for manufacturing purposes is increasing, and the total consumption is larger; we continue to quote at $4@$5 per tun from yard. The demand for Foreign is more active, but prices are unchanged; sales of several cargoes of Liverpool on private terms, and one of Scotch at $4, cash.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The inquiry for Western Canal Flour is more active and is quite general, but the advanced prices insisted on check business. The demand is chiefly for export, but in the absence of the steamers' mail buyers operate cautiously; the sales are 21,000 bbls. at $5 20@$5 35 for superfine State and Western; $5 05@$5 25 for rejected State; $5 35@$5 65 for Extra State; $5 70@$5 80 for fancy do.; $5 50@$5 75 for the low grades of Western Extra; $5 75@$5 90 for shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio, and $5 80@$6 50 for trade brands do. Canadian Flour is in good demand and is quite firm; the inquiry is in part for export; sales of 1,350 bbls. at $5 50@$6 75 for Extra. Southern Flour is in small stock, and prices are rather firm at the close, particularly the low grades; sales of 850 bbls. at $5 60@$6 for mixed to good superfine Baltimore, &c., and $6 10@$7 25 for the better brands. Rye Flour is in moderate inquiry, and is firm; sales of 370 bbls. at $3 75@$4. Corn Meal is held firmly, the inquiry is moderate; sales of 250 bbls. at $2 75@$2 80 for Jersey, and $2 for "Marsh's Caloric" afloat. We quote:

Unsound	$4 25@$5 00	St. Louis, com'n.	$5 90@$6 10
State, superfine	5 30@5 50	St. Louis, extra	6 15@7 00
State, good	5 35@—	Canada, extra	5 50@6 75
State, extra	5 55@5 65	Balt. Alex. & Gwn.	5 60@7 00
Ohio, round-hoop	5 75@5 97	Richmond City	6 50@8 50
Ohio, extra	6 00@6 40	Baltimore	5 00@7 00
Ohio, choice extra	6 50@6 75	Rye Flour	2 75@4 00
Mich. & Ind. extra	5 50@6 40	Corn Meal, Jersey	2 75@2 80
Genesee, fancy	5 70@5 85	Do. Brandywine	3 05@3 15
Genesee, extra	6 10@6 40	Do. Puncheons	15 25@15 50

FRUIT—The market is quiet but steady; sales of 700 bxs. Raisins at $2 37½ for Bunch, $2 70 for Layers; and 50 bbls. Currants at 10c.

GRAIN—The Wheat market is better, but, in the absence of the mail business, is moderate; the demand is mainly for export; the sales are 24,500 bush. Chicago Spring, $1 19@$1 21; 26,500 bush. Racine Spring and North-Western Club, $1 20@$1 21; 46,200 bush. Milwaukee Club, at $1 20@$1 23; 12,100 bush. Amber Iowa and Green Bay, $1 24@$1 25; 7,600 bush. Red State, $1 30@$1 33; 31,700 bush. Red Western, $1 29@$1 35; 12,000 bush. Amber Michigan, $1 35; 11,200 bush. White Ohio, &c., $1 35@$1 40; 4,500 bush. White Canadian, on private terms; 2,400 bush. White Kentucky, $1 38@$1 45; 2,000 bush. Red Long Island, on private terms. Barley is without much change, and the supply is larger; sales of 11,500 bush. at 63@65c. for State, and 70c. for Prime Canada West. Barley Malt is firm, and in moderate request; sales of 1,500 bush. at 77@80c. Rye is firm; sales of 3,100 bush. at 70@71c. for Western and 75c. for River. Oats are a little lower and more plenty; sales of State at 34@35c.; Canadian, 32@34c.; Western, 34@34½c. Corn is better; the receipts are limited, and the inquiry good, in part speculative; sales of 147,000 bush. at 56c. for damaged, 53½@54c. for Eastern Mixed, 54½@55c. for Shipping Mixed, and 56@57c. for Western Yellow. We quote:

Wheat, R'd W'n	$1 29@1 35	Oats, Canadian	33@34
Wheat, W'n Mo.	1 40@1 45	Oats, New-Jersey	32@34
Wheat, Red Mo.	1 35@1 37	Oats, Penn	32@34
Wheat, W'n Can.	1 35@1 41	Oats, Southern	32@34
Wheat, Can. Club	1 21@1 25	Oats, Ohio	34@34½
Wheat, White O.	1 25@1 41	Oats, Chicago	34@34½
Wheat, Red Ohio	1 32@1 35	Corn, White So.	68@70
Wheat, W'n Mich.	1 38@1 42	Corn, Yellow So.	56@57
Wheat, White Mi.	1 35@1 40	Corn, Yel. Jer.	56@57
Wheat, R. I. Win.	1 29@1 31	Corn, Yel. West'n	56@57
Wheat, White So.	1 28@1 45	Corn, Mixed West	54@55
Wheat, Red So.	—@—	Corn, Mixed So.	—@—
Wheat, A., S. & W.	1 32@1 36	Corn, Round Nor.	57@58
Wheat, W't. Mix.	—@—	Corn, Unsound	50@52
Wheat, Mil. Club	1 20@1 23	Peas, Blacke'd, ⅌ bag of 2 bush.	3 50@4 00
Wheat, Chi. Sp'ng	1 19@1 21		
Rye, Northern	68@75	Peas, Canadian	80@90
Rye, So. & Jersey	65@68	Peas, Marrowfat	1 95@2 10
Barley	62@75	Beans, White Nor.	1 85@2 05
Barley Malt	75@80	Beans, White So.	—@—
Oats, State	34½@35½		

GUNNY-BAGS—The market is firm; sales of 1,200 bales in Boston, and to arrive there, at 12c., 6 months.

HIDES—Holders are asking an advance which restricts trade. The stock is 405,000. We quote Morocco at 20@20½c.; Buenos Ayres at 22c.

HOPS—The market is quiet but steady; sales of 50 bales at 17@20c. for new, and 12@17c. for 1860's growth.

HAY—The demand is good for shipping and the trade, and the market is steady; sales of 700 bales at 90@50c. ⅌ 100 lb.

LEATHER—Hemlock is firm with a moderate demand. Oak is in demand and buoyant, as also Slaughter Upper to Rough. We quote Light to Middle Buenos Ayres Hemlock at 19@21c.

LIME—Rockland continues inactive and nominal at 60c. for Common, and 80c. for Lump.

MOLASSES—The demand is confined to small lots to the trade; prices are steady; sales of 23 hhds. Barbadoes at 37c., and 17 hhds. Porto Rico at 42c. We quote:

New-Orleans	50@55
Porto Rico	32@42
Cuba Muscovado	25@32
Cuba Clayed, new crop	23@25

NAVAL STORES—Crude Turpentine continues dull and nominal. Spirits Turpentine is firm; sales of 70 bbls. at $1 42½@$1 45, including 30 do. at the latter price. The market for common Rosin is active, and prices have advanced; sales of 6,000 bbls. at $1 50@$1 55 ⅌ 280 lb; the better grades are steady; sales of 600 bbls. No. 1, at $3 50@$5 75.

OILS—Linseed is quiet but firmly held at 60@61c. Crude Fish are steady at 41@42c. for Whale, and $1 24@$1 26½ for Sperm. We quote:

Sperm, W'r U'fd	—@—	Olive, Marseilles' bkts. and bxs.	$3 25@3 70
Do., Sp'g Unb'd	—@1 50	Olive, cks. ⅌ gal.	1 10@—
Lard Oil, No. 1, Winter	85@—	Palm, ⅌ lb	7½@8
Red Oil, City	50@52	Linseed, city m'de ⅌ gal	60@61
Camphene	73@75	Linseed, English	—@—
Boundage & Co's Bff'g Kerosene	—@—	Wh. Bl., Wr	—@56
Cotton Seed Cr.	—@—	Wh. Bl., Spring	—@57
Do. Ref. W. B.	—@—	Sperm, Crude	1 24@1 26
Whale, Crude	41@45	Fluid	—@55

OIL CAKE—The supply is very light, and is much wanted; City thin is nominal at $37@$40, and Western do. at $33 50@$34 50.

OIL MEAL—The demand is good and the supply moderate; sales of 10 tuns State at $1 50@$1 57 ⅌ 100 lb.

PROVISIONS—The Pork market is a shade better; the inquiry is good; sales of 350 bbls. at $14 62@$14 75 for Mess; $13 for Sour Mess; $13 40@13 50 for Thin Mess, and $15 for Uninspected Mess. Beef is without change; the supply is light; sales of 197 bbls. at $10 50@$11 50 for Repacked Mess, and $13@$13 75 for Extra. Beef Hams are scarce; sales of 50 bbls. now Chicago at $17. Bacon is scarce. Cut Meats are steady; sales of 40 bbls. at 4½@5c. for Shoulders, and 5½@6c. for Hams. Lard is steady and is more active; sales of 350 bbls. and tcs. at 8½@9c. Butter: the market is very active; no change in prices. Cheese is in good inquiry. We quote:

Beef, M. Cy, bl.	$5 00@6 00	Pork, P'm W'n.	$9 75@10 00
Beef, P'me City	4 00@4 25	P'k, T's M's W'n.	13 40@13 50
Beef, Mess City, nominal.		Beef Hams, ⅌ bl.	15 00@17 00
Beef, Mess West	10 50@11 50	Lard, bbls. ⅌ lb	8½@9½
Beef, Mess Ext.	13 00@13 75	Hams, Pickled	6@6½
Beef, P'me Mess. nominal.		Hams, Dry Salted	5½@6
Pork, P'me Mess. nominal.		Shoulders, Pickled	4½@5
Pork, Cr'r West	15 50@15 62	Shoulders, Dry Salted	4½@5
Pork, Mess W.	14 62½@14 75		

RICE—is quiet; sales of 125 tcs. at 7¼@7½c. for good to prime.

SUGARS—The market is less firm, and closes dull; we quote fair to good Refining at 7¼@8c.; sales of 120 hhds. Cuba at 7½@8c., and 200 boxes Havana, mostly at 7¾c., and 500 hhds. Melado at 5½c.; Refined are steady at 10½@11c. for Crushed, Ground, and Granulated; 10@10½c. for White Coffee grades, and 9½@9¾c. for Yellow do. We quote:

New-Orleans ⅌ lb	7@9	Whites (boxes)	9½@9¾
Porto Rico	7@9	Fair Refining	7½@—
Cuba Muscovado	7@8½	Fair Grocery	8½@—
Cucurochos (boxes)	7@7½	Manilla	7@7½
Browns (boxes)	7½@8	Brazil, Brown	7@7½
Yellows (boxes)	8½@9	Melado	4½@5½
Florettes (boxes)	8½@9		

SPICES—Pepper is more active; sales of 1,200 bags at 11@11½c., cash; Cassia commands 23c.; Pimento 8@8½c., cash, and Nutmegs 44@45c.

SEEDS—There is a fair demand for Timothy-Seed at $1 75@$2 12½ ⅌ bush. Clover-Seed is selling in small lots at 8½@9c.; the supply is moderate. Rough Flax-Seed is salable at $1 52½@$1 57 ⅌ bush.

TEAS—Greens and Blacks are both firm, and a moderate demand prevails; sales of 3,000 pkgs. at full quotations.

TOBACCO—Kentucky is firm and meets with a good demand. Further sales have been made at 7¼@11c. Foreign leaf is quiet but firm.

TALLOW—The market is firm, the demand good for the trade and for export; sales of 120,000 lb at 8½@8¾c. for Western, and 9@9½c. for City and Southern.

WOOL—The market continues active and firm; sales of 100,000 lb Domestic Fleeces at full previous prices, and 10,000 lb Super Polled at 41c. We quote:

Domestic Fleece ⅌ lb	39@42	South Am. com. washed	10@13
Am. full-blood Mer.	43@46	S. Am. Entre Rios do.	17@23
Am. ¾ and Merino	42@45	S. American unwashed	13@17
Am. nat. and ¾ Merino	43@45	S. Am. cotd., washed	24@27
Extra pulled	40@42	East India washed	12@22
Superfine pulled	37@38	African unwashed	10@16
No. 1 pulled	35@36	African washed	16@22
California fine, unw'hed	24@35	Smyrna unwashed	20@30
California common do.	15@20	Smyrna washed	27@40
Peruvian washed	30@35	Mexican unwashed	10@12
Valparaiso unwashed	11@12		

WHISKY—The market is better, but not active; sales of 300 bbls. at 21½@22c.

Walter Brown's Monthly Wool Circular.

Throughout the interior and West, as well as in the Eastern markets, the previous activity in the lower and medium grades of Wool has rapidly increased, and during the last half of the month has extended to the finer qualities, which, though not much required for immediate use, have nevertheless been sought after by manufacturers and dealers, many of whom have had sufficient confidence in the future to go forward and lay in supplies at the prevailing low prices. This course has created a brisk competition, and at the present writing, from the best information we can gather, almost the entire clip has passed out of the growers' hands, or is held by them at prices quite up to the ruling market rates.

Low and medium Wools are still worth quite as much as fine, and while the demand for army goods continues, are likely to maintain this relative value—as, however, there are now some evidences of returning validity in general business, we think fine Wools will before long assume their proportionate and natural position in the scale of prices. The advance within the past fortnight has been more rapid than the present