FROM ALBANY.

The Soldiers' Voting Bill—The Supply Bill—Bounty and Commutation Bills—The Bank Committee Report—People's Line of Steamboats.

From Our Special Correspondent.

ALBANY, April 5, 1864.

SOLDIERS' VOTING BILL.

This bill had its third reading this morning, and passed almost exactly in the shape in which it was printed in THE TRIBUNE of Monday. Mr. Weaver and a few others made an effort to change the system of voting prescribed in the bill, so as to provide for the appointment of Commissioners to visit the camps and collect the votes, but the feeling of the Assembly was largely against any change of plan.

The bill on its final passage received 87 affirmative to 15 negative votes. The negatives were all Democrats, viz. Burke, Curtis, Ingraham, Kirk, Lyons, McCann, Murray, Ryan, and J. J. Smith of New-York City, and Hilbert of Delaware, Gilley of Westchester, Haring of Rockland, Johnson of Seneca, McNeil of Queens, and Rutan of Richmond.

SUPPLY BILL.

The Supply bill had its third reading this morning and passed the Assembly greatly to the delight of the horde of claimants who surround the Capitol. Both the last two bills named go immediately to the Senate.

BOUNTY AND COMMUTATION BILLS.

The Rockland County bill, one of those which failed last week, was reconsidered to-day, read a third time, and passed by 65 affirmative votes. As was remarked the other day, this is by no means the worst bill of its class, the action of the Supervisors in this instance not having been apparently disloyal, but it would scarcely have secured votes enough to pass it but for the great personal popularity of Mr. Haring, the member from Rockland County, who has labored indefatigably to get the bill through, and whose personal appeals few had the heart to resist.

THE BANK COMMITTEE REPORT.

Mr. White of Kings County rose at the opening of the Assembly this morning to a question of privilege, and stated that he had been unavoidably absent for a few days, and that on his return he found his name attached to the report of the Bank Committee presented last Friday. Mr. White wished it understood by the House that it was placed there entirely without authority from him. One of his colleagues explained that in a conversation with Mr. White before he left Albany last week he understood him to authorize him to attach his name to the report when it should be completed.

Mr. White, it is understood, entirely dissents from the doctrines of the report, and it is expected that he and Mr. Brandreth, also one of the Committee, will in a few days present a minority report, taking a totally different view of the questions at issue.

PEOPLE'S LINE OF STEAMBOATS.

A bill which had been ordered to a third reading in the Assembly, empowering the People's Line to extend the pier foot of Hoboken street was yesterday, on motion of Mr. Curtis of New-York, recommitted to the Committee of the Whole. Mr. Curtis contended that it was not in the power of the Legislature to pass the bill, inasmuch as it would impair the validity of existing contracts, and destroy the privileges now vested in the Hoboken Ferry Company and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company by virtue of the leases to them respectively from the Common Council of New-York. Mr. Curtis's motion to recommit was stoutly opposed, but prevailed.

The following is the calendar of the Court of Appeals for Wednesday, April 6, 1864: Nos. 9 (special calendar), 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, and 109.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, April 5, 1864.

EVENING SESSION.

BILLS ADVANCED TO THIRD READING.

Amending the Brooklyn Public Park act.

For the construction of a railroad from Cherry Valley to Palentine.

Incorporating the Erie Basin Dock of Brooklyn.

Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The concurrent resolution for the election of two Regents of the University on the 12th instant was adopted.

The bill perfecting the amendment of the Constitution providing for the appointment of five Commissioners of Appeal was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. WHITE, from the Committee on Banks, stated that while he was absent his name had been appended to the report of said Committee on the National Banks without his consent.

BILLS PASSED.

The Soldiers' Voting bill, by a vote of 87 to 15.

The Annual Supply bill. Recess.

The afternoon session was exclusively devoted to the consideration of the bill appropriating $880,000 for arming, equipping, and uniforming the State militia.

No amendments were made, and progress was reported.

EVENING SESSION.

BILLS PASSED.

Empowering the Northern Railroad Company to mortgage its property.

Relative to the Syracuse and Oswego Railroad Company.

Amending the charter of Amsterdam.

Amending the charter of Penn Yan.

For the better regulation of the State Inebriate Asylum.

Incorporating the Painters' Protective Association of New-York.

Incorporating the Musical Union Society of Brooklyn.

Relative to the Surrogate of Oswego.

Relative to proceedings to determine claims to real property, applying thereto the provisions of the code of procedure.

The town of New-Lots Bounty bill.

Relative to the wharves and slips in New-York leased to the Delaware and Raritan Bay Railroad Company. Motion to reconsider tabled.

Relative to the New-York Magdalen Benevolent Society.

Relative to the New-York Provident Fund Society.

The constitutional amendment providing for five Commissioners of Appeal.

Relative to the election of Directors of the Syracuse and Oswego Railroad Company.

For the improvement of Champlain Canal. Adjourned.

The City Tax Levy.

PROTEST OF MAYOR GUNTHER—HE RECOMMENDS THE LEGISLATURE TO CUT IT DOWN TWO-AND-HALF MILLIONS, AND CONFIDE ITS EXPENDITURE TO A COMMISSION.

The following memorial was sent yesterday to the Legislature by Mayor Gunther;

To the Honorable the Legislature of the State of New-York:

It is certainly unusual, and it may be entirely without precedent for the Mayor of this or any other City in the State, to appeal to your honorable body on behalf of the community whose interests it is his duty to guard. It is usual that petitions, invoking the sanction of the Legislature, to enable the inferior and local branches of government to carry out the objects of their formation, receive the consent of the representatives of the locality and the support and aid of the members sent therefrom. I would not trespass on your patience if the City of New-York was represented, as, in my judgment, her population and interests demand. These remarks may displease those who claim to legislate, and those who shape legislation for the city, but they are nevertheless true. It is a lamentable fact, that a majority of the representatives from this city either hold office, receive emoluments from, or are promised lucrative positions under the various Departments over which the Mayor has no control.

The two branches of the Common Council have passed separate bills embracing the various items of municipal expenditure, both of which are now before your Honorable Body. Through the failure of the Boards, whether designed or otherwise, to unite, the Appropriation bill for city expenses was never submitted that I might suggest some plan of retrenchment or reform. These two projects only differ in a few trifling details, and agree in requiring the enormous sum of nearly fifteen millions to be levied by tax. I believe that the City and County Governments can be administered, and the interest on the public debt paid, after reducing the amount three millions.

If your Honorable Body will empower and direct the Supervisors of the County of New-York to levy a tax for the sum of $12,000,000 in gross, and appoint a Commission consisting of the Mayor, Recorder, and Controller, who shall associate with themselves and appoint three of the heaviest property-holders, and that their duty shall be to assign and divide the balance left of the twelve millions over and above the interest on the debt among the various items of city and county expenditure, as in their judgment may be deemed most proper, a great reform will be effected.

I have learned with great satisfaction that the Citizens' Association of the City of New-York have presented petitions to your honorable Body, praying for certain amendments to the City Charter, which meet your cordial approbation. One of these is intended to remove the trust reposed in the Mayor, to check improvident or improper legislation of the Common Council during the temporary absence of the Mayor from the city or during illness confining him to the house for a day or two, can be taken advantage of by a member of the Board of Aldermen to deprive him of this check, that the law is intended as a wholesome restraint may be added to the great injury of the public.

The Mayor is designed to restore to the Mayor control over Executive Departments which are now entirely independent and irresponsible to any municipal authority, a condition of affairs at variance with sound political theory and productive, in practice, of extravagance and corruption.

I most cordially present the above memorial, and as in duty bound will ever pray, &c.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER,
Mayor of the City of New-York.

New-York, April 4, 1864.

CITY ITEMS.

THE WEATHER.—The wind still continues from the eastward, and was yesterday very heavy from E. N. E., with extra full tides, and up to sunset there were no indications of a change. A large number of outward-bound vessels are yet remaining in our harbor, detained by the adverse winds. A number of inward-bound vessels are anchored in the Lower Bay.

CONCERT FOR THE FAIR.—A vocal and instrumental concert will be given in the Greene-street M. E. Church this evening, for the benefit of the United States Sanitary Commission, under direction of Prof. T. J. Cook. See advertisement.

AID TO THE FREEDMEN SOUTH.—The Hannibal Benevolent and Literary Association of New-York will give a grand literary entertainment on Wednesday evening, at Zion Baptist Church, Sullivan street, for the advancement and education of the Freedmen South. The Rev. H. H. Garnet and others will address the meeting.

THE SHAD FISHERY.—Yesterday an onslaught was made on the poles placed in our rivers and bay, where it interfered with navigation, by order of the Police Commissioner. A steamtug was employed to draw the poles, while the Harbor Police boat, Capt. Todd, protected her from any demonstrations that might be made by the fishermen. After drawing several poles, a committee of fishermen came off to the tug, and, in order to save their property, promised to clear them off. They were then given a specified time to do it, and if not done, they certainly will be drawn and thrown adrift by the tugs.

CATTLE MARKET.—Less than 150 bullocks came in on Monday night, and were sold promptly. Yesterday holders put up their rates, and thinish cattle brought the price of good bullocks. The yards were clear before noon, and speculators hurried off to the West, to prepare for a grand stroke next week. For details see full report of the market.

THE WORKING WOMEN'S PROTECTIVE UNION.—This association has been recently formed through the influence of many ladies and gentlemen, among the latter Mr. Joseph Beach of *The N. Y. Sun*, and others of more or less prominence, for the purpose of protecting and aiding women of good character who obtain a livelihood by employments not connected with household service. Its headquarters are at No. 4 New Chambers street, corner of Chatham, where it occupies two very spacious apartments, and is under the superintendence of energetic ladies, who have taken interest enough in the matter to volunteer their time and labor. It does not claim to be an organization for the relief of destitute women, but to obtain for those in distress who can labor, or are compelled to labor for a living, employment at rates by which they can properly meet their necessities. The widows of soldiers seem to be a class to which they pay particular attention. Their rooms are always open during reasonable hours, where orders for work are received and supplied, and no less than from 75 to 100 applications are made daily by women in every stage of want. They also desire to protect from fraud those who are already in employment, to institute suits against the guilty parties, and to establish and maintain a uniform rate of wages. In fact, it is intended as an agent of working women, in the interest of both employers and employed. The final object of the Working Women's Protective Union is to appeal to the community at large for that sympathy and support due to the otherwise defenseless condition of working women. They call upon all those who feel interested in the association to examine the nature of their work for themselves.

[Advertisement.]

The Fairs of the U. S. Sanitary Commission are now being held all over the land, and we are pleased to see that they are ably conducted and beautifully supported. And so they should be—for no more noble charity ever appealed to the better feelings of the public, or exercised its great benevolent heart. The Commission is the soldier's good Samaritan. It pours oil into his wound by the wayside, and nurses him with the fondness and care of a mother. Its influence reaches him everywhere, and always at the right time, and thousands, war-worn, battle-scared to-day, will in the future years look back with joyful thanks to the timely good deeds of the Commission, and, acknowledging their indebtedness to its tender mercies for the "life they now live," will call its name blessed.

The opening of the Fair in New-York City was postponed, to allow the Managers time to arrange the immense stocks of goods, which, with the munificent contributions in money, far exceed the highest hopes of the Commission. New-Yorkers seem to appreciate the Golden Rule. Apropos of things golden—we see that the Messrs. HUBBEL, proprietors of the justly-celebrated GOLDEN BITTERS, are among the largest contributors to the Fair. These gentlemen, we know, are modest men, and when they were called upon by the Committee preferred to make their entire large donation in money, lest they might be thought by some as forcing their BITTERS into notice; but, we are informed, at the earnest and continued solicitations of the Committee—Messrs. Henry Chauncey, esq., Chairman, I. B. Wellington, esq., and P. W. Enps, esq.—gentlemen who, from large experience in preparations similar to that of Messrs. HUBBEL, knew its value and worth over similar articles of the day—they were induced to send also a large invoice of their BITTERS.

Long live the author of every good gift to the disabled soldier!

[Advertisement.]

The remarkable properties of BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES have been thoroughly tested since first introduced. The demand for them has steadily increased, and purely upon their own merits, they have found favor with those who, from Pulmonary, Bronchial, or Asthmatic Complaints, require them. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Influenza, they are entirely efficacious, removing all obstructions, and increasing at once the power and flexibility of the voice.

[Advertisement.]

WHAT CAN I DO BEST?—Phrenology and Physiology answer this question. Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway, New-York, make examinations daily. See the ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for APRIL, only 15 cents.

[Advertisement.]

GRAND OPENING OF SPRING CARPETS, at the original HIRAM ANDERSON'S, No. 99 Bowery, displayed in ten spacious sales rooms. Elegant new styles of English Royal Velvet and Brussels Carpetings; also, Imperial, Three-ply, and super Ingrain Carpet; Rugs, Mats, Mattings, Shades, Drugets, Oil Cloths; Office, Church, and Masonic Carpets, at low prices. All goods guaranteed. One price. Look for HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]

The idea that Mexico is to be ruled by one of the European race of Kings, is not cordially entertained by the "Sovereigns" on this side of the ocean—but as regards beverages they are enthusiastically in favor of KENY'S EAST-INDIA COFFEE, which is sold by all grocers at 25 cents per pound. Ask for KENY'S. No other genuine. General Depot, No. 154 Reade-st.

Fires.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN ROBINSON STREET—LOSS $50,000.

The distillery of Messrs. J. C. Dayton & Co., Nos. 71 and 73 Robinson street, was completely destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss on stock and machinery $25,000. Fully insured in various city companies. The buildings were owned by George Dayton, and valued at $18,000. Insured. No. 69, an unoccupied building, was also destroyed, nothing but the front wall remaining. It was owned by Johnson & Lazarus. Loss about $4,500. Insured for $3,000 in the New-York and Yonkers Companies. No. 75, occupied as a liquor store on the first floor by J. Curry, and in the upper stories by a number of poor families, was also damaged by fire and water. Curry's loss on stock amounts to $500. Insured for $1,000 in the North River Company. The tenants lose considerable on furniture. No insurance. The building is owned by Peter O'Connor, and is damaged about $1,500. Insured for $3,000 in various companies. Nos. 70 and 72, occupied by A. S. Chamberlin for the sale of sheep and hogs, were damaged to the amount of $300. Insured. Stegman & Moller, grocers and provision dealers, who occupied the rear of No. 246 Washington street, lose on stock about $500. Insured for $31,000. The building is owned by Johnson & Lazarus, and damaged about $200. Insured. The rear portion of No. 248, occupied by Allen & McLaren, grocers, was also damaged. Loss on stock $1,000. Insured in the Gotthard and Aetna Companies. The building, owned by George Dayton, is damaged about $200. Insured. The flour and grain store of Messrs. Krom & Tinkey, corner of Washington and Robinson streets, was slightly damaged by water. The fire originated from a lighted lamp which Nicholas Schmidt, an employee, was using while engaged in pumping a quantity of spirits from a barrel.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE—APRIL 5.—Before Commissioner WHITE.

HUNTER, THE ALLEGED CUSTOM-HOUSE OFFICER, UNDER EXAMINATION.

United States agt. John W. Hunter.

The examination of the accused, on the charge of defrauding the Government of the United States out of nearly $10,000, the particulars of which were reported at the time of his arrest, in March last, was commenced this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, before the Commissioner.

The first witness called was Samuel G. Ogden, Auditor in the Custom-House, who, on being sworn, testified that he knew the accused, who has been Assistant Auditor for a number of years; that no one has authority to draw on the accounts for unascertained duties and for disbursements, except for their legitimate purposes; that when Schell was Collector he drew the checks himself, but under Mr. Barney, the present Collector, the checks have been drawn by the Auditor and the accused, except for a short time; that a majority of them were made by the accused, though each used the books, which were in different colors—purple, green, blue, red, and bronze—for different accounts, disbursements, salaries, everport duties, &c.; the accused had charge of bronze Nos. red, and also of purple checks for currency; that the accused was authorized by the Collector to draw these checks; that the books were not always under lock and key, though the cases had locks, of which the accused had the keys; the witness knew no such firm as Page & Wheeler, or C. Johnson (the names of the payees of the checks); accounts were balanced once in a month by accused and checks returned; 10 or 12 clerks in his department; Frederick Ogden examines the accounts and keeps Collector's Cash Book.

On being cross-examined, the witness further stated that after the balance was ascertained the checks were locked up and kept in the Auditor's Office and Frederick Ogden kept the key; that the accused had been in the Custom House for 30 years; is familiar with his handwriting; the filling up of the checks and signatures are evidently forgeries; the blank checks came from Dunham, a stationer, and were lithographed by Hatch; checks did not require indorsement before they were paid; there was a party named Page and one named Wheeler to whom checks were paid, but never knew of a check to Page & Wheeler or a Com. check to other; one of the checks was altered from No. 96 to 116 and on the 24th of December drew check No. 130. One leaf is missing from the Com. check-book, from No. 70 to 90 inclusive. Checks Nos. 70 and 81 are of the same date. Frederick Ogden called attention of witness to the forged checks. The currency one was numbered 300. Since the system has been altered to checks to order, Mr. Cisco suggested it.

Re-direct—The purple check-book is missing; was missed after the discovery of these forged checks. Hunter had never called attention of witness to missing leaf.

The further examination was adjourned to Wednesday at 3 o'clock p. m.

Messrs. Edwards Pierrepont, William Tracey, Jas. B. Craig, and Charles Jones appeared as counsel for the accused. Jas. W. Gerard is associated with the U. S. District-Attorney for the Government.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—APRIL 4.—Before Judge SHIPMAN.

THE PETIT JURY—ADJOURNMENT.

The April Term of the Court was opened this morning, and the panel of petit jurors called. The Judge, after the call, discharged them until Tuesday, at 11 o'clock. Thereupon the Court adjourned until Tuesday, at 11 a. m.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE—APRIL 4.

ANOTHER BROKER COME TO GRIEF.

Michael Maher of No. 36 Mulberry street was arrested, and brought before the Marshal, charged with defrauding Patrick Lyons and Matthew Farley, two recruits out of $400—(Lyons of $130 and Farley of $70)—bounty money. He was released on disgorging the money.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER AND CIRCUIT PART I.—APRIL 4.—Before Justice BARNARD.

THE NEW TERM.

The April term of the Court of Oyer and Terminer commenced this morning, with the usual proclamations, after which the Circuit Court was opened, and the Judge announced that he would not take up the calendar of that Court until Monday the 18th inst.

The case of the People agt. Nixon, the murderer of Brown of the "Pewter Mug," was set down for Wednesday, and on motion of A. Oakey Hall, District-Attorney, the Court adjourned to that day at 11 o'clock.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 4.—Before Justice DALY.

DECISION.

Dugan agt. Pfeiffer.—Motion granted.

TRIAL TERM—APRIL 5.—Before Judge BRADY.

ACTION AGAINST THE CITY.

Nelson Secor agt. The Mayor, &c.

This was an action brought by the plaintiff to recover the sum of $5,000 for damages occasioned by the negligence of the city authorities in leaving unguarded an embankment on One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth street, near Manhattan Lane. It appeared that the plaintiff, in company with a friend, was driving a horse and wagon through One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth street on a very stormy night, drove off said and down the embankment at a point where the grading ceased beyond its intersection with Manhattanville Road, resulting in breaking two of the plaintiff's ribs, and otherwise injuring him so that he was incapacitated from attending to his business for six months thereafter.

The Jury, under the charge of the Court, gave a verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $250.

Thomas Darlington, for plaintiff; John K. Hackett, for defendants.

APRIL 5, 1864.

THE EXPIRING NEWSPAPER CASE.

This case was called on before Judge Cardozo, in the Court of Common Pleas this morning. No Jury was in attendance, and the Judge stated that no business could be done unless parties would waive their right to a Jury. This the plaintiff was anxious to do, but the counsel for the receiver pleaded the necessary absence of James Brooks on important public business, and asked for delay. The earliest day the plaintiff could obtain was Monday, April 11.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Before Justice ROBERTSON.

DECISIONS.

William H. Swift et al. agt. James R. Dey.—Motion for injunction granted with $10 costs, to abide the event of the suit.

Victoria Beer agt. Louise Supp et al.—Motion granted.

Charles H. Prentiss agt. John A. Machado et al.—See memoranda with papers in Clerk's Office.

Maria A. Kissam agt. Levi Olmstead et al.—Judgment of foreclosure and sale.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Before Justice BARNARD.

DECISIONS.

Brown & Cary agt. Cornelius Lozier. William A. Kubbe agt. Louis Lindheim. The American Guano Company et al. agt. The United States Guano Company.—Motions denied, with $10 costs. Joseph W. Hartley agt. Aaron M. Burr, &c.—Amendments are allowed. L. A. Lydecker agt. Abraham P. Lydecker.—Reference ordered to take proofs of the facts, &c. Gorham D. Abbott agt. The American Hard Rubber Company.—Motion to confirm report granted.

Before Justice PECKHAM.

Montgomery Conklin agt. Hannah Conklin.—Judgment of divorce granted.

Before Justice BARNARD.

Rosalie A. Hardenbrook agt. William A. Hardenbrook.—Motion granted. Decree modified so as to permit the plaintiff to see the children twice a week for two hours each week at plaintiff's residence on Wednesday and Saturday at 4 o'clock p. m., in the City of New-York, unaccompanied by any one.

In the matter of the application of Isaac Hoed for a writ, &c., agt. Edmond L. Hearne.—Motion denied with costs.

Matilda M. Bennett agt. Robert Bennett.—Counsel fee and alimony allowed. Edward H. Senior agt. Geo. Withers.—Motion granted, with costs. Leonidas Haskell agt. Samuel Hallett et al.—Order settled. Amanda McElroy agt. John K. Seybolt et al.—Motion denied. In re Horace Andrews, &c.—Report confirmed and order granted. Stephen Geoghegan agt. Alex. M. Christaller.—Motion denied, with costs. Hannah Rome, &c., agt. Lemuel Phillips.—Order settled. The People ex rel. Wildes P. Walker agt. M. T. Brennan.—The costs are right, and the bill should be allowed. Mariposa Company agt. Cornelius K. Garrison.—Commission and stay ordered and motion granted. John C. Fremont agt. James C. Stone.—Motion granted, and John K. Hackett, esq., appointed Receiver. The same agt. Washington Hunt et al.—Injunction continued, with costs. Charles T. Armour agt. Anthony Amour.—Motion granted on payment of $10 costs. Wm. A. Guyer agt. Louis Oppenheimer.—Motion granted on payment of $10 costs. If compelled to discontinue, then payment of the whole costs to date.

Mary F. Trust agt. Joseph W. Trust.—$500 counsel fee allowed, and allowance of $100 per month alimony.

Anna M. Partridge agt. Alfred H. Partridge.—Order settled.

Hyacinthe Cordier agt. Mary Jane Cordier.—Report confirmed.

Henry Whitefield agt. John G. Stearns.—Motion denied with $10 costs, with leave given to renew on payment of costs.

Before Justice BARNARD.

INJUNCTION GRANTED.

Henry H. Sterling agt. Edward Kendall et al.

The plaintiff in this case, Henry H. Sterling, is the owner and inventor of "Sterling's Ambrosia," a liquid compound for the hair, and by his counsel, E. W. Dodge, esq., made an application for an injunction before the Justice, asking that Edward Kendall and Robert Kellum be restrained from making or selling an imitation of the "Ambrosia," and known by the name of "Amboline." It appearing by the statements made by the counsel that the trade marks had been infringed upon to a serious extent, the Justice granted the injunction sought for.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—APRIL 5.—Before City Judge RUSSELL.

John Syms pleaded guilty of grand larceny.—Remanded.

Thomas Haughey, indicted for forgery in second degree.—Acquitted.

Charles Wolfsberger, convicted of keeping a disorderly house.—Penitentiary six months, and fined $250.

COURT CALENDAR—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Part I.—Oyer and Terminer. Part II.—Nos. 1536, 1540, 1182, 1212, 1460, 1037, 660, 1268, 1217, 855, 1227, 1136, 1576, 597, 775, 1141, 571, 901, 1229, 1245. Part III.—Nos. 866, 805, 600, 1162, 46, 1230, 1164, 618, 620, 892, 1214, 424, 1452 1243, 1249, 1291, 1297, 529, 1319, 1235.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Issues of Law and Fact.—Nos. 117, 171, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205.

SUPERIOR COURT—Part I.—Nos. 3427, 3345, 3679, 3681, 3685, 3687, 3689, 3691, 3693, 3695, 3701, 3703, 3705, 3707, 3711. Part II—Nos. 2056, 2436, 2378, 2258, 2386, 2506, 2050, 2292, 2438, 2396, 2092, 2730, 2208, 2370, 2508, 1728.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—Part I.—Adjourned to Thursday. Part II.—Adjourned to Thursday.

BROOKLYN CITY COURT, Wednesday, April 6.—Nos. 22, 24, 32, 37, 38, 43, 44, 46, 15, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 53, 56, 57.

THE BROOKLYN MERCANTILE LIBRARY.—The annual election for officers of the Mercantile Library will take place on Thursday, April 7. There are, as usual, two tickets in the field.

NEW-YORK CATTLE MARKET.

RECEIPTS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, APRIL 5, 1864.

Beeves.	Cows.	Veals.	Sheep and Lambs.	Swine.	Total.
3,487	162	532	8,671	6,762	20,606

There were sold at the following Market-places:

	Beeves.	Cows.	Veals.	Sheep and Lambs.	Swine.	Total.
At Allerton's, 44th-st.	2,957	19	602	134	6,862	....
At Browning's, 6th-st.	95	52	47	2,094	....	....
At O'Brien's, 6th-st.	84	41	93	2,424	....	....
At Chamberlin's, Robinson-st.	51	71	87	2,971	....	....
At Bergen	200	....	....	550	....	....
Sent from the cars direct to butchers	160	....	....	800	....	....
Av. wk'y rec's last yr.	5,679	125	687	9,967	21,185	37,062
Receipts last week	3,368	179	834	12,430	8,361	26,862

PRICES OF BEEF AT THE PRINCIPAL MARKET THIS WEEK.

The following are the quotations per pound upon the estimated net weight of meat—seller sinking offal. That is, a bullock whose quarters will weigh 8 cwt., at 10c. a pound, amounts to $80:

	Cents per pound.
Prize, or extra Holiday Beef	16½@17
The next very best on sale to-day	15½@16
That generally rated first quality	14½@15
Medium or good, fair quality	13½@14
That of ordinary, thin Steers, Oxen and Cows	12 @13
Inferior or lowest grade of Cattle	11 @11½
The general average of the market to-day, estimated at	14 c.
Extreme range of prices from	11 @17
The most of the sales are from	12 @15½

WHERE THE CATTLE ARE FROM.

The Bullocks sold at Allerton's are reported from the following States:

New-York	185	Iowa	64
Pennsylvania	—	Missouri	—
Ohio	136	Kentucky	48
Michigan	44	Connecticut	—
Indiana	48	New-Jersey	—
Illinois	2,243	Canada	18
Wisconsin	126	Massachusetts	44

They came by the following routes: Erie Railroad, 516; Hudson River Railroad, 865; Harlem Railroad, 993; New-Haven Railroad, 44; Camden and Amboy Railroad, —; New-Jersey Central Railroad, —; by Hudson River boats, 637; on foot, 22. About 2,800 were in the yards on Monday.

LIST OF DROVERS.

The following are the names of drovers, owners, or consignees of the principal droves, and where the cattle are reported from:

McCaffrey & Thompson, Ill.	60	A. M. Allerton, Ill.	74
Joel Dalby, Ill.	89	Coon & Hosenbury, Ill.	26
R. W. Lindsey, Ind.	49	S. M. Baker, Ill.	111
G. Bright, Mass.	44	T. Gillis, Ill.	14
P. McCaffrey & Co., Ill.	179	A. Lister, Ill.	152
S. Schuster, Ill.	14	Schuster & Lauterbach, Ill.	173
Thos. Gillis, Ill.	55	J. Trotter, Ohio	42
George Wells, Iowa	45	H. Eckstein, Ill.	96
T. J. Goff, Ohio	94	W. H. Gasseway, Ill.	124
W. Wheat, Ky.	48	Henry Westheimer, Ill.	106
J. Dalby, Ill.	91	Isaac Budiong, N. Y.	14
J. Lyman, Wis.	126	I. Walzall, Ill.	169
S. Rumington, N. Y.	35	S. G. Woodruff, N. Y.	28
Morton & Sims, Ill.	164	H. Westheimer, Ill.	65
J. Donoway, Ill.	149	A. Haggart, Mich.	11
S. Schuster, Ill.	65	H. Rowe, Mich.	33
Wm. Piatt, Ill.	80	Curtiss & Gardner, Iowa	19
S. Schuster, Ill.	78	J. Kellogg, N. J.	19
George Sage, N. Y.	15	D. Jewett, Canada	19
Beach & Bray, Ill.	50	I. Walzall, Ill.	94
J. W. Pollard, N. Y.	16	McCaffrey & Thompson,	
Dudley & Pickering, N. Y.	30	N. Y.	11
Rosenthal & Co., Ill.	96	Harlem Local	11

REMARKS ABOUT BEEF CATTLE.

The total number this week, 3,487 head, compares with 5,050 head last week, and with 5,079 head, average per week last year, and with 4,811 for the corresponding week one year ago.

The number sold yesterday and to-day at the principal market, 2,957 head, compares with 4,306 head last week, and with 4,045 head, the average per week last year, and with 4,161 head at market one year ago.

THE OPENING OR PRINCIPAL DAY OF THE MARKET.

Monday, April 4.—About 2,800 fresh and 100 state cattle were in the yards at the opening this morning, and had sellers generally known the real supply, there would have been less variation of prices in the different yards, and some of them would have obtained higher rates for their stock. Butchers were of opinion, however, that cattle were high enough, as they nearly reached the rates of March 8. Sales were slow during the entire day, butchers objecting to the advance, and only bought for immediate wants. The free purchases one week ago lessened present wants, and after a slow trade, with 80 head sold to Government agents, several lots remained undisposed of at night. The quality of the cattle was scarcely as good as usual, though one or two droves were made up of large fat Steers, in fine condition for the butcher. They realized strong 15½c. ℔ lb, the best selling for what the brokers called 16c., though they will prove 16½c. on the scales when dressed, as sellers rated them heavier than they really were. Inferior grades went off slowly at 12½@13½c., the price of all sold averaging about 14c., making an advance of fully ½c. on the prices of last week. One drove of very fine cattle cost ⅝7 57 ℔ cwt. in Illinois, and to get first cost and expenses would require more than 15c. ℔ lb, net weight, here. Operators for a rise held several hundred head at Albany, intending them for next week, but the price of to-day induced them to telegraph for a portion, so that the numbers expected for to-morrow will probably prevent any further advance. The weather was all that could be desired, clear and cool, making a good demand for all kinds of meat, and as Sheep and Hogs are both scarce and high, butchers are more anxious for cattle, though they are emphatic against the prices.

THE CLOSE OF THE MARKET.

Less than 150 Bullocks came in last night, and were early bought up by persons waiting for cheap bargains toward the close of the market. They failed to find any cheap lots to-day, however; for holders, knowing their advantage, put up the rates, and thinnish cattle brought the prices of good bullocks yesterday. The yards were cleared before noon, but long before they were empty speculators had left for the West to secure additional droves. They calculate upon a nice little game next week, intending to have most of the stock in their own hands, and believing the supply will be light at a time when free receipts will be needed to make up for the present deficiency.

The Mammoth Bullock spoken of last week is now on exhibition at the Sanitary Fair buildings in this city, and is a splendid animal, worth the price of admission to look upon. It has been suggested that subscriptions be received at the Fair for five to ten ℔ pieces, at ⅝1 or ⅝2 ℔ ℔ as shall be agreed upon, and that he be slaughtered and dealt out at the close of the Fair. In this way it is supposed that he will net the largest amount of money, while giving a large number of persons an opportunity of testing the quality of one of the finest bullocks ever slaughtered in this city.

BROKERS' SALES OF BULLOCKS.

T. C. & P. Eastman, 97 of the best cattle in market, which cost the owner, Joel Dalbey, ⅝7 37 ℔ 100 ℔ live weight in Sangamon County, Illinois. They were fed by Ulerich, were held at 8¼ cwt. at the yards, and brought over 15½c. ℔ lb—a good many of them a strong lot averaged ⅝135 each. Eastmans also sold 78 well-fed cattle for Dalbey at 13½@16c. on 7½ cwt.

Henry Hurd picked up 120 Illinois and Ohio Steers at the yards, securing them from several drovers, rated fair to good, 7½ cwt., and retailed at 14@15c. in a rising market.

S. G. Woodruff & Bro., 20 coarse State oxen, stags, etc., for R. Wilke, at 11@13c.—few steers at 14½c.; and for Sheldon & Co. 35 ordinary Illinois steers, 6½ cwt., at 11@12c.

Goff & McIntyre ran out 47 very fine Kentucky Durhams for Wheat & Richardson at strong 15c., on an average of 1½ cwt.; also, for same owners, 48 lighter cattle at ⅝100@⅝120 each, or about 15c. on 7½ cwt.; and for themselves, 94 Ohio steers, very good, 7½ cwt., at 14@16c.

Martin & Valentine worked off Lyman's drove of 126 thin Wisconsin steers at 12½c. on 6½ cwt.

T. Gillis had 78 fair Illinois cattle bought at Albany, which he ran out here at 13@14c., calling them 8 cwt.

Sage & Hughes, 82 well fed Indiana Steers for R. W. Linley, at ⅝80 to ⅝130, or about 15c. ℔ lb; tops, 16c. Also, 15 state cattle for Wilson & Parker, 7½ cwt., very good, at 15c., and 16 rough, coarse State Oxen, for Hagart, at 11c.

Phil. Cary ran out 49 of J. Dunaway's ordinary 6½ cwt. Illinois cattle at 12@13c.

S. Rosenthal, 90 Illinois cattle for Rosenthal & Ruess at 13@15½c.; 33 of them were fat 8 cwt., the others thinnish, 6½ cwt. steers.

Teed & Wheeler, 86 head well-fed Ohio steers for W. H. Platt, at 14@15½ c. on 7 cwt., and 64 for Martin & Sims, fair 6½ cwt. Illinois steers, at 14@15c.

John Merritt sold S. M. Baker's drove of 111 Illinois cattle for 12@16c. They were quite uneven, having a good top and a "long tail."

Simon Ulery, 100 of the Dunaway cattle, fair to good, some thin, light, at 12½@15c., on an average of 6½ cwt.

S. Schuster, for himself, 185 Illinois sellers, fat, 7½ cwt. at 15c., and 45 corn-fed Steers, 7½ cwt., fair flesh at 14½c.

Isaac Walzell, for Merritt, Walzall & Rhineman, 109 plump, 7½ cwt. Illinois Steers at 14½@15c.

Geo. Aycrault, 19 State Oxen and Steers for L. Aycrault, common, sold at 12@13c.

Chris. Conger ran out 30 fat Illinois Steers, which he bought at the yards, and retailed at 14@15c.

McCaffrey & Thompson, for themselves, 60 good strong Illinois Cattle last Friday to Government agents, at 15c. on 7½ cwt., and 73 well-fed Cattle on Monday, mostly to Government, at same price, calling them 8½ cwt.

Harris & Coddington, 50 Ohio Cattle for J. Trotter, medium to very good, to weigh 7½ cwt., at 13@16c.

J. H. Williams, on his own account, 50 head bought of McCaffrey at the yards; rated 7½ cwt., and retailed at 14@16c.—few at 18c.

Sheldon, Sherman and H. Barnes, 56 Illinois stillers for Lister at 14@16c.

Murray & Glover bought 71 fat Illinois Steers of Westheimer, and ran them out at 15c. on 7½ cwt.

Wheaton & Valantine, for themselves, 21 head of very good cattle, picked up for customers, and retailed at 15@16c., some to weigh 62 ℔ to 100 ℔, live weight, at the latter price.

MILCH COWS are doing better this week. The old stock has nearly all been disposed of, and very few of this week's receipts remain unsold. Prices are about ⅝5 ℔ head higher, and the demand is good. The advance in Beef helps the Cow market by drawing off the fattest animals from the milk st