NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW. January. Ticknor & Fields.

In an Appendix to the present number of the oldest American quarterly, an interesting historical review is made of its establishment and progress, including the personal reminiscences of Mr. Willard Phillips, Mr. Everett, and Dr. Palfrey, to whose skillful management and facile pens, the periodical has been indebted for no small share of its celebrity and value. The completion of the fiftieth year of its existence naturally suggested the propriety of such a review, and as the Editors remark, "the long line of its one hundred volumes contains the record of a period full of changes in the political and social, as well as the literary condition of the country, and through this series of years the Review has done good service, not only in sustaining and advancing the standard of American letters and scholarship, but also in defending the principles on which American institutions rest, and in illustrating their value and adaptation to the needs of free society. It has not been unfaithful to the pledge implied in its great name, and those among its founders who still survive to receive the respect of their countrymen may look back with honorable satisfaction to the share they had in the establishment of a journal which has held so high a place, and acquired so creditable and well deserved a reputation." The origin of the "North American Review" was in a literary association formed in the Winter of 1814-15 by President Kirkland, Edward T. Channing, Willard Phillips, and perhaps one or two other gentlemen, residing in Boston, or the vicinity. The plan of a new critical and miscellaneous magazine was arranged, when it became known that a similar publication had been projected by Mr. William Tudor, then just returned from his travels in Europe, a gentleman in high esteem for his social and literary accomplishments. The field was accordingly left open to Mr. Tudor, under whose editorship the first number of the North American was published in May, 1815. At the end of the year, Mr. Tudor passed the work to the original association, which was then remodeled, and in its new form included John Gallison, a man of singular intelligence and worth, whose early death the friends of good letters in Massachusetts have scarcely yet ceased to deplore; Nathan Hale, the distinguished journalist, who created a new epoch in the daily press of this country; Richard H. Dana, who still survives with venerable honors as a poet and a man; Edward T. Channing, the sound and genial critic; William Powell Mason, who devoted to the legal profession, abilities that would have given him a name in literature; Willard Phillips, also a lawyer of great erudition, as well as a cultivated scholar; Jared Sparks, then a tutor in Harvard College, and since a worthy and successful pioneer in American historical literature; and Francis C. Gray, a man of wealth and distinction who was impelled by the purest love of learning to a course of studious industry. After some changes in its management, the editorship of the Review was assumed in January, 1820, by Mr. Edward Everett who had then recently returned from his studies in European universities, in the brilliant flush of youthful promise. Under his care, the Review rapidly rose in public estimation, and numbered among its contributors most of the eminent literary and scientific men of Massachusetts. Beside the names already mentioned, one or more articles were written by Chief Justice Shaw, Mr. Webster, Judge Story, Dr. Bowditch, Mr. John Pickering, Professor Farrar, Mr. Prescott, Dr. John Ware, Professor Sidney Willard, Alexander H. Everett, John G. Palfrey, Wm. C. Bryant, Professor Theophilus Parsons, Joseph G. Cogswell, Judge Metcalf, Rev. Nathaniel L. Frothingham, and Caleb Cushing. A curious incident is related by Mr. Everett, who, being desirous on one occasion of reviewing Dean Funes' "History of Paraguay, Buenos Ayres, and Tucuman," published at Buenos Ayres in 1817, in three octavo volumes, and having no knowledge of Spanish, was "coached" up for the purpose by the benign and well-powdered Professor Sales, and after a course of three weeks' study, completed the article in question. Dr. Palfrey, who became editor of the North American at a subsequent period, also recounts some amusing *contretemps* that occurred during his administration. At one time, the article of a contributor was spun out to such an unexpected length that the supply of paper on hand was completely exhausted, and it was not until after testing the resources of the market to the utmost that the requisite quantity was procured. On another occasion, the paper of a political seer predicting the certain capture of Texas by Santa Anna was in type, when one fine morning the news was announced of the utter defeat of the Mexican General by Houston. The conclusion was adapted to the premises by a kind of literary legerdemain in which no one could have suspected that the straight-forward editor was a proficient. He was afterward taken in by the adventurous litterateur, Mr. Antonio Gallenga, recently famous as an American correspondent of the London "Times," who contributed a learned historical paper on the life and death of Marie Louise, ex-Empress of France, but who in fact did not die until several years after she had the opportunity of reading the story of her death in the North American. But the most mortifying mishap was to come. The editor had the indiscretion to insert an article on the Belgian Revolution, which, under the pressure of numerous engagements, he had neglected to read. Some two years later, his attention was directed by a friend to certain passages in the article offering an indecent affront to one of the most eminent of European statesmen,—a man as admirable for all personal qualities of mind and character, as conspicuous for the honors of a great public career. The amazement and dismay of the fastidious editor was equaled only by the mute chagrin which followed the discovery.—The present number of the North American comprises several articles of popular interest, in addition to a variety of able literary discussions. "Abraham Lincoln," "The National Resources," "Aristocratic Opinions of Democracy," are papers on opportune themes, which are treated with courage, discrimination, and manly vigor of style. The brief "Critical Notices" form a valuable department of the Review, and under the present editorial management, are free from the tendency to indiscriminate praise which in the case of the last editor, often degenerated into an amiable weakness. They are now marked by rare literary conscientiousness, great reserve in commendation, sometimes perhaps a little cynical and strabilious in tone, but for the most part dealing in wholesome censures, and unsparing in their exposure of the pretense and affectation which infest so many of the favorite productions of the day.

THE AMERICAN PRESBYTERIAN AND THEOLOGICAL REVIEW. January, 1865. J. M. Sherwood.

The publication of this learned and valuable periodical, it is to be presumed, takes place quarterly, although we cannot speak from personal knowledge of its issue more than about once in a year. It is bad manners, however, to quarrel with a favorite guest for his infrequent visits, and we will only give a New-Year's welcome to this number, without complaining of lamented absences in months past. The principal editor, Professor Henry B. Smith ranks as one of the most learned (it might perhaps be invidious to say the most learned) of the theologians in this country, but his extraordinary attainments in ecclesiastical and dogmatic lore never appear to burden his mind, nor to impair the freshness, vivacity, or vigor of his pen. Some of the most able and effective expositions of the principles for which the American people are now contending in arms have been contributed by him to the common cause. In this number his review of "Whedon on the Will" will deservedly attract attention as an acute and lucid defense of the Calvinistic doctrine on the subject, although it will probably fail to convince the skillful advocate on the other side of the soundness of its positions. The Professor finds a good deal of fault, which we are sorry to say is not without foundation, with the vicious diction of Dr. Whedon, in addition to the main assault upon his argument. The number also contains a brilliant paper on "Delivery in Preaching," by Professor Skinner, a thoughtful and impressive article on John Foster's views of future punishment, by President Wayland, and an essay on Gibbon and Colenso, a little too rhetorical perhaps for the subject, by the Rev. Dr. Adams, closing with a full and valuable survey of the books of the quarter, and an excellent compendium of theological and literary intelligence.

A second edition of *The New Testament* with explanatory notes and practical observations by Rev. SYLVANUS COBB, D. D., has been published in Boston by the author. The common version is followed in the text, and the purpose of the volume is to assist the mass of the people in a profitable study of the Scriptures. With regard to the subjects of revelation and inspiration, Dr. Cobb holds to the prevailing theological ideas, while he differs from the current orthodox dogmas in his rejection of the doctrine of eternal punishment. The work shows the marks of faithful study, candid judgment, and a happy talent for plain and familiar elucidation of the prominent difficulties in Holy Writ.

The Musical Host, a monthly periodical, devoted to the publication of select music for the piano and the voice. Volume I, just completed, is a fine solid book of 196 pages, containing 30 songs, over 20 concerted pieces, and 20 compositions for the piano-forte. These selections embrace both sacred and secular works, and include a number of old favorite songs, with those of more recent date, and many gems from the best operas. The work is printed on heavy plate paper, in fine, clear music type, and is creditable to the enterprise of its publisher, Mr. James W. Fortune.

An enlarged edition of the *Dictionary of the United States Congress*, by CHARLES LANMAN, is issued from the Government Printing Office in Washington. It contains brief biographical notices of the members of both Houses of Congress since the foundation of the Government, and an Appendix with a variety of historical and statistical information, furnishing valuable materials for political and legislative reference.

The Miner Boy and his Monitor, by the Rev. P. C. HEADLEY, is the title of a memoir of John Ericsson, the famous inventor and engineer, intended to present the events of his life in a manner adapted to the tastes of young readers. (W. H. Appleton.)

Books Received.

House and Home Papers. By Christopher Crowfield. 12mo. pp. 336. Boston: Ticknor & Fields. New-York: Hurd & Houghton.

The Boy Slaves. By Capt. Mayne Reid. 12mo. pp. 321. The Same.

The Miner Boy and His Monitor; or, the Career and Achievements of John Ericsson, the Engineer. By Rev. P. C. Headley. 12mo. pp. 297. Wm. H. Appleton.

Infantry Tactics. By Brig.-Gen. William H. Morris. 2 vols. 18mo. D. Van Nostrand.

The Perpetual Curate. A Novel. By the Author of "Chronicles of Carlingford." 8vo. pp. 341. Harper & Brothers.

Chateau Frisane; or, Home Scenes in France. By Olive Logan. 12mo. pp. 322. D. Appleton & Co.

Tadmor, The Pride of the Desert. By D. Philips Montgomery. 12mo. pp. 67. Boston: Roberts Brothers.

Dictionary of the United States Congress. By Charles Lanman. 8vo. pp. 356. Government Printing House.

Memoirs of the Rev. Benjamin C. Cutler, D. D. 12mo. pp. 432. A. D. F. Randolph.

Moods. By Louisa M. Alcott. 12mo. pp. 297. Loring.

Shakespeare's Sonnets. 12mo. pp. 160. Ticknor & Fields.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Jan. 6.

U. S. 6s, 1881 cp		Mariposa M. Co.		Mich. So. & N. I.	
1,000	110	400	s30. 15	100	s30. 72
10,000	110½	200	15	100	s10. 72½
U.S. 6s 5-20 Coup		100	15½	700	72½
1,300	sm. 108½	1500	16	100	s10. 72½
4,500	108½	1100	s30 16	100	75½
1,000	108½	300	16½	100	s10. 72½
31,000 n. 1.	108⅞	800	16½	Ill. Central.	
20,000 n.	s8. 108⅞	Schuylkill Coal.		100	s30. 126
20,000	b15. 108½	100	7½	50	127
U.S. 5s 10-40 Cp.		Ashburton Coal.		Cleve & Pitts.	
21,000	102½	100	17	50	97
500	102½	N. Y. Central.		Mich. So. guar'd	
U.S. 6s 1 yr. Cer.		5	119	100	145
30,000	96⅞	300	s10. 118	Chic. & N. W.	
11,500	97	500	c. 118½	500	b30. 39
Mo State 6s.		200	s10. 118½	550	38½
2,000	68½	Erie.		100	b10. 38½
Ohio & Miss. cer		100	b30. 84	700	38
20,000	32½	50	83½	1,000	s60. 38½
4,000	32½	1800	83½	400	s30. 38
Erie 4th Mort.		200	s10. 83	500	38½
10,000	104½	300	b30. 83⅞	Chic. & N. W. pf.	
Buffalo N. Y. &		300	83½	300	b30. 70½
Erie 1st Mort.		100	b15. 83½	250	b30. 70½
1,000	105	Erie Preferred.		100	70½
1000	107	100	100	500	70
Chic. & N. West		20	99	100	70½
1st M.		Hudson River.		Cleve. & Tol.	
1,000	96	200	112	200	108½
P. Ft. W. & Chi.		200	111½	200	108
2d.		100	b10. 112	Chic. & R. I.	
8000 exint.	101	Reading.		500	102½
Atlantic & G. W.		200	117½	1000	102½
1st M. O. Div.		100	s10. 117½	Chi., Bur. & Q.	
2,000	97	300	b30. 118	25	113
Bk. of Commerce		400	s10. 117	Pitts. F. W. & Chi.	
41	117	300	117	21	110½
Cum. Coal pref.		Mich. Central.		100	100½
100	45½	35	116½	100	s30. 100
American Coal.		100	b30. 115½	100	s10. 100
50	80	200	b5. 115½	100	100½
Minnesota Min.		H. & St. Jos. Pf.		600	100
100	22	42	47½	Alt. & T. H.	
Warren.		Quick. Mining.		100	43
80	103	50	98	25	40
		200	97½		

SECOND BOARD.

U. S. 5s, 10-40 cp.		Erie.		Ill. Central.	
10,000	102½	450	b10. 82½	35	127½
U. S. 6s, 1881 cp.		800	82½	100	127
10,000	108½	300	b15. 82½	100	s10. 126½
U. S. 6s, 5-20 cp.		1,600	82½	100	s10. 126½
40,000 n. is.	108½	Erie Preferred.		Cleve. & Pitts.	
U.S. 6s 1 yr. cert.		100	98	200	94½
10,000	97	100	s60. 96½	Chic. & N. W.	
Mo. State 6s.		Reading.		500	38
5,000	68½	200	s30. 116½	500	b10. 38
Tenn. State 6s '90		400	116	200	b30. 38½
6,000	56	150	115½	800	s10. 37½
Ohio & Miss. Cr.		550	115½	Chic. & N. W. pf.	
20,000	32½	Michigan Cen.		500	69
Canton Co.		100	114½	200	68½
100	34½	Mich. So. & N. I.		700	b10. 69
Quick Min. Co.		300	72½	700	b30. 69½
100	96½	500	b60. 72½	Chic. & R. I.	
100	96½	100	72½	200	102½
Mariposa Mi. Co.		500	b30. 73	700	102½
200	16	Cleve. & Toledo.		100	b10. 163
100	16½	600	108	100	102½
Hudson River.		Pitts. F. W. & C.			
200	s30. 113	50	100		

FRIDAY, Jan. 6—P. M.

Gold is quite steady, opening at 228½; falling to 227½, and closing at 227¼. The deliveries are made with freedom, and there is no movement for an advance of any importance.

The demand for all kinds of Government securities continues at the full rates of yesterday. The subscriptions to the 10-40s are moderate from the fact that dealers are still able to supply them at less than Government rates. The 6s of 1881 close 110¼@110½; 5-20s, 108⅞, and 10-40s, 102½@102¾. Railway shares continue irregular, and under an active demand for money were fairly sustained at yesterday's rates. Cleveland & Pittsburg fell to 94@94¼, a break of 4 per cent. At the Second Board prices were barely sustained. Erie sold as low as 81½.

Money is active at 7 per cent among stock houses, and in many cases extra rates have been paid. In commercial paper there is more inquiry, and a more careful examination of names by lenders. The demand for Federal stocks is felt by all borrowers in the shape of high rates of interest.

Sterling bills are not strong, and the supply of merchant bills is more abundant. Bankers', 60 days, 109½@109¾; bankers', 3 days, 110¼; merchants', 108⅞@108½; Francs, 5.08¾@5.13¾.

Freights continue dull. The engagements to Liverpool are 400 tuns logwood at 8@10s; 400 boxes Bacon and 25 tuns Tallow, 7s. 6d., and 150 tuns Mahogany, at 20s. To London, 100 bales Hops, at 3s. 6d.; 200 tuns Oil Cake, 13s. 9d.; 75 tuns Mahogany, at 20s. and 30 hhds. Tobacco, at 30s. To Bremen, 400 hhds. Tobacco on private terms.

The Business of the Sub-Treasury was: Receipts, $1,247,127 80; for Customs, $131,000; payments, $3,576,021 65; on account of Loan, $684,500; balance, $22,900,033 93.

The Michigan Southern road earned in December:

1863	$241,608	1864	308,091
Increase			$66,483

The Chicago and North-Western Railway Company's earnings for the fourth week in December were:

1863	$124,223 60	1864	$165,104 49
Increase			$40,865 89

The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago road earned in ten months ending Oct. 31 ..... $5,614,159

Paid operating expenses	$3,078,582
Ten months' interest on bonds	792,524
Remaining for stock	1,743,053

The surplus in ten months, after paying interest and dividends, was $2,207,271

The following is the official statement of the business of the Erie Railway Company, upon which its dividend was declared:

Earnings 11 months to Nov. 30, 1864		$11,983,866 77
Earnings estimated for Dec., 1864		1,216,133 23
Earnings for the year 1864		$13,200,000 00
Expenses to Oct. 31	$7,091,408 87	
Expenses Nov. and Dec.	1,708,591 13	$8,800,000 00
Net earnings		$4,400,000 00
Interest on mortgage bonds	$1,356,173	
Rents, taxes, &c.	1,060,597	$2,416,770 00
		$1,983,230 00
Dividends July 1, 1864	$925,202 50	
Jan. dividend on preferred	298,476 50	$1,224,469 00
Surplus		$758,761 00
Four per cent on $16,393,100 of common stock is		$655,724 00
Surplus after paying dividends		$103,037 00

It was reported upon the street that Commodore Vanderbilt had resigned, but it needs confirmation. The stock sold at 81½@83¾ during the day, closing at 82.

The Cleveland and Pittsburgh Road has declared a dividend of 5 per cent, payable Feb. 1.

The Pottsville Miners' Journal of December says:

"Among the many changes that have and are about taking place in the coal trade of this county, we learn that Messrs. Heckscher & Co., who have so long been engaged in coal operations, are about to discontinue their business, and that their several collieries will be worked after the first of January, by the New-York and Schuylkill Coal Company, (formerly the Forest Improvement Company,) proprietors of the extensive tract of coal lands formerly owned by the Coster family of New-York. Among those who are interested in this Company Moses Taylor, Charles A. Heckscher and John J. Phelps are prominent."

It is reported that a contract has been made to build the Air-Line Railroad between Woonsocket and New-Haven, and that the work will soon be commenced between Pascoag and Woonsocket.

During the present year 258,430 tuns of coal have been shipped from Cumberland over the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, against 225,366 tuns in the previous year. The number of boats cleared in 1864 was 2,363, and in 1863 the number was 2,065.

Robert P. Getty has been elected President, William H. Windsor, Vice-President, and J. Pryor Rorke, Secretary of the Corn Exchange Insurance Insurance Company.

Mr. Smith Clift will not accept the appointment of director in the Mariposa Company, unless requested to do so after its affairs have been examined.

The Manufacturers' Bank of Brooklyn has declared a cash dividend of 8 per cent, and a stock dividend of 20 per cent.

Holders of Western Union Telegraph stock will receive their nineteenth regular quarterly dividend (2 per cent.) of John Horner, No. 145 Broadway, on and after Jan. 20, 1865.

The First National Bank received subscriptions to the 7.30 loan to-day of $210,000; do. to the 10-40, $520,000.

The following is the Quarterly Report of the condition of the First National Bank of the City of New-York, on the morning of Jan. 1, 1865:

Notes and Bills Discounted	$111,432 30
Over Drafts	3,047 65
Furniture and Fixtures	7,078 59
Current Expenses	5,028 03
Cash Items	8,317 59
Due from Banks	410,905 56
Due from Secretary of Treasury	6,075 00
Temporary Loans (secured)	542,230 29
Disbursement account 10-40s	3,738 25
U. S. Bonds deposited with Treasurer U. S.	561,000 00
U. S. Bonds, on hand	2,028,738 17
Cash on hand, Specie $17,926 33	
Legal Tenders 1,572,808 79	1,590,735 02
Capital Stock Paid in	$500,000 00
Surplus Fund	100,000 00
Circulating Notes	377,300 00
Individual Deposits $1,958,232 77	
Bank Deposits 1,336,536 98	
United States Deposits 1,717,898 90	5,552,698 52
Discount and Exchanges	1,541 26
Interest	4,156 95
U. S. Taxes	2,500 00
Profit and Loss	49,921 97
Total	$6,468,027 72

The subjoined table shows the receipts of flour and grain at Chicago to December 24, in 1863 and 1864:

	1863.	1864.
Flour, bbls.	1,466,922	1,135,762
Wheat, bushels	11,190,344	11,276,317
Corn	26,320,714	13,200,957
Oats	9,136,330	14,218,165
Rye	840,032	969,318
Barley	1,104,321	760,209

The returns of the banks of New-Hampshire, as compared with June 6, are as follows:

	June 6,	Dec. 5,
Capital	$4,398,160	$4,398,850
Deposits	1,603,620	1,539,477
Loans and Discounts	9,319,142	8,648,300
Specie	241,828	209,994
Circulation	4,103,844	3,827,073

The weekly statement of the Philadelphia Banks, made up to Monday, presents the following aggregates as compared with the previous week:

	Dec. 26.	Jan. 2.		
Capital	$13,514,374	$13,315,729	Inc.	$1,346
Loans	47,406,191	48,059,403	Inc.	652,912
Specie	1,830,655	1,803,583	Dec.	27,072
Legaltender	13,346,404	14,542,175	Inc.	1,177,771
Deposits	39,663,010	39,845,963	Inc.	182,953
Circulation	2,519,063	2,793,666	Inc.	277,403

The London Economist, of Dec. 24, says:

Owing to the proximate close of the year, a great deal of activity has animated the market during the whole week. Fully 6 per cent has been obtained to-day, whether for long or short-dated bills. The general aspect of the market, apart from the exceptional inquiry always experienced at or about the end of December, is rather more favorable than it had been previous to the last few days. The China exchanges have improved, and the rate from Alexandria is also better. Meanwhile the silver demand has fallen off, and, although there is not much alteration in the continental rates of exchange, discount is declining on several of the most important European houses.

Annexed are the current rates for paper off various dates: 30 to 60 days, 5@7 per cent; 3 months, 6 per cent; 4 months, 6½ per cent; 6 months—Bank bills, 6½ per cent; 6 months—Trade bills, 6½@7 per cent.

Money has been wanted to-day in the Stock Exchange, 6 per cent having been the terms for short loans on Government securities.

The bank of France return this week gives the following changes as compared with that last published: Increase—Cash in hand, £496,000; Treasury balance, £419,000; Decrease—Commercial bills, £1,000,000; Notes, £713,330; Current accounts, £200,000.

No alteration has taken place in the condition of the market, which is almost paralysed by want of business, notwithstanding the expectation of approximate greater ease in the money market here.

The movement of Dry Goods at this port for the past week has been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.

Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.	Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.
Wool	250	$90,187	Flax	229	$62,251
Cotton	17	5,058	Miscellaneous	53	13,903
Silk	107	32,933			
Total				656	$224,332

WITHDRAWALS.

Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.	Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.
Wool	74	$20,676	Flax	137	$32,239
Cotton	67	14,367	Miscellaneous	41	9,428
Silk	11	7,293			
Total				330	$94,503

WAREHOUSED.

Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.	Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.
Wool	248	$78,652	Flax	395	$117,242
Cotton	280	98,706	Miscellaneous	..	.....
Silk	18	13,482			
Total				941	$308,052

[Advertisement.]

Howes & Macy,

(Formerly Officers of the Park Bank)

Bankers, No. 30 Wall-st., New-York.

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST allowed on Deposits, which may be made and drawn at pleasure as with the City Banks.

Certificates of Deposit issued (to parties desiring) for remittances to any part of the United States.

Gold Coin received on Deposit, and Certificates given for the same, payable on demand.

Particular attention paid to the collection of Notes, Checks, Bills of Exchange, &c., on all accessible points of the United States and Canadas, and checks for the proceeds sent to the owner's place of business without delay.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

[Advertisement.]

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

CAPITAL ..... $5,000,000.

FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., N. Y.

This Bank has ready for sale (allowing the commission to purchasers) U. S. 7 3-10 notes, which at maturity are convertible into a six per cent gold bearing loan; collects warrants, certificates, maturing loans and drafts, and attends to all financial business with Government. Parties wishing to avoid the delay and inconvenience of direct correspondence with the Departments, are invited to apply at this Bank.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.

D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

[Advertisement.]

WITHDRAWN AFTER 7TH JANUARY.

TEN FORTY GOLD BONDS.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

THE TENTH NATIONAL BANK,

No. 240 BROADWAY.

Will receive subscriptions THIS WEEK ONLY for the above Bonds.

Payments may be made:

One third 7th January.

One third 14th January.

One third 21st January.

All the 5 per cent Treasury Notes received in payment and interest allowed to date of same.

A commission of ½ per cent returned to all persons subscribing for these bonds, and attention is called to them as being the only bonds expressly made by law the PRINCIPAL PAYABLE IN GOLD.

D. L. ROSS, President.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

[Advertisement.]

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE 10-40 LOAN.

THE NATIONAL CURRENCY BANK, No. 2 WALL-ST.,

FISCAL AGENT OF THE GOVERNMENT,

will receive subscriptions for this loan during this week, giving to subscribers very liberal terms.

Also,

an ample stock of 7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES on hand for sale, on Government account, at ¾ commission discount. Also, REVENUE STAMPS at 4, 4½ and 4½ discount.

F. O. ADAMS, President.

E. SCOFIELD, Cashier.

[Advertisement.]

LAST CHANCE FOR THE 10-40S.

"TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Dec. 23, 1864.

"Notice is hereby given that the ten-forty loan will be withdrawn on the 7th of January next. No subscriptions therefor will be received after that date.

"W. P. FESSENDEN, Secretary of the Treasury."

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, No. 160 BROADWAY, will receive subscriptions for the 10-40 bonds, on the most liberal terms, up to 5 o'clock on SATURDAY, the 7th inst., and on the payment of five per cent down, further payments may be postponed until the bonds are ready for delivery.

THIS BANK is in daily receipt of 7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES for sale on Treasury account; ¼ PER CENT commission allowed and the notes forwarded to Banks and Bankers free of expense.

S. C. THOMPSON, President.

JAMES CUFFREY, Cashier.

[Advertisement.]

FISCAL AGENT UNITED STATES TREASURY.

NINTH NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, JAN. 3, 1865.

The 10-40 UNITED STATES LOAN, as announced by the Secretary of the Treasury, *will positively be withdrawn from the market on Saturday next, the 7th inst.*

AS FISCAL AGENT FOR THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT *this Bank will take Subscriptions* to the GOLD INTEREST LOAN *for this week.*

And will receive in payment *Legal tender* and *National Bank Notes*, and all UNITED STATES FIVE PER CENT interest bearing Notes, and allow the ACCRUED INTEREST.

The accrued interest on the 10-40 bonds may be taken at 150, payable in currency.

Payments may be made at once, or one third on or before the 7th of January; one third on or before the 14th of January, and one third on or before the 21st of January.

JOSEPH U. OKEYE, President.

JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

Markets—CAREFULLY REPORTED FOR THE N. Y. TRIBUNE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 6, 1865.

ASHES—The market is quiet. Pots are held at $11 75. Pearls are scarce and firm.

COTTON—There has been less activity to-day, and prices are again easier, closing at about $1 80 for Middlings.

COFFEE—At gold rates, the market for Rio is very firm, and holders generally refuse to operate below 90@91c.; currency prices are nominal and merely nominal; sales of 3,300 bags ex Hermina, on private terms; other styles are quiet but firm.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market for Western and State Flour is moderately active and firm though prices are without quotable variation; the demand is mainly for the home trade. Trade and Family brands are quiet but steady; the sales are 7,400 bbls. at $9 75@$10 for Superfine State; $10 20@$10 40 for Extra State; $10 45@$10 70 for Fancy State; $10 50@$10 70 for the low grades of Western Extra; $11 20@$11 40 for Shipping Ohio; $11 50@$12 10 for Trade and Family brands, and $11 40@$15 for St. Louis Extras. Canadian Flour is in moderate demand and firm; sales of 350 bbls. at $10 45@$10 50 for the low grades of Extra, and $10 60@$12 for Trade and Family Extras. Southern Flour is dull and heavy; the supply is fair; sales of 700 bbls. at $10 90@$12 30 for mixed to good Superfine Country Baltimore, &c., and $12 40@$15 for Trade and Family brands. Rye Flour is plenty and is heavy; sales of 100 bbls. at $8 75@$9 10. Corn Meal is quiet; good brands are firm; common is heavy; sales of 100 bbls. at $6 80 for Brandywine.

GRAIN—The Wheat market has been more active, and under light arrivals and an advance in Exchange, prices of Spring Wheat are 2@3c. per bush. better; the demand is chiefly for export; the sales are 45,000 bush., including 25,000 Chicago Spring at $2 20@$2 22; 7,000 Amber Milwaukee at $2 37; 14,000 Amber Western at $2 54@$2 56; and 2,000 Amber State at $2 55. Barley is firmer and fairly active; the stock is materially reduced since the 20th of December, when we made up our annual statement; sales of 2,000 bush. Canada West at $2 05@$2 10. Barley Malt is steady and firm at $2 10@$2 15. Oats are dull and depressed, prices having declined 1@2c. per bush., closing heavy; the sales are 47,000 bush., including Canadian at $1 03; Western at $1 06@$1 08½ and State at $1 05. Rye is dull and prices are heavy. Corn is dull and heavy; the sales are 15,000 bush. Mixed Western at $1 37@$1 38, in store, and $1 40 afloat; new Yellow Jersey at $1 28@$1 30; the supply of sound is larger, the condition is improved.

HOPS are in fair demand for home consumption, and choice qualities are firm; sales at 25@35c. for Common to Choice Old and New.

HAY—The market is quiet, but without change in prices; small sales are making at $1 40@$1 65 for Shipping, and $1 70@$1 80 for small lots.

MOLASSES—Prices are steady, but there is only a moderate degree of activity; sales of 50 hhds. Porto Rico at 87½c. @$1 10.

PROVISIONS—The demand for Pork is less active, and prices have declined; the stringent money market gave buyers the advantage; for future delivery we hear of sales of 2,000 bbls. New Mess, buyer Jan., at $43 25; 1,500 bbls. do., seller Feb., at $43 25; and 1,500 bbls. Prime Mess, buyer Feb., at $42; the sales, cash and regular way, are 5,750 bbls. at $41 37½@$41 75 for Old Mess, closing dull at the inside price; New Mess is held at $43; Prime sold at $35 50, and Prime Mess at $40. Beef is quiet and unchanged; sales of 350 bbls. at $22@$22 50 for Plain Mess and $21 50@$24 for Extra do. Tierce Beef is quiet and prices are nominal. Beef Hams are fairly active and firm; sales of 500 bbls. at $26 75@$27 for Western, the latter rate for Cragin's brand. Cut Meats are quiet but steady; sales of 50 pkgs., Shoulders, at 17½c. Bacon is fairly active and firm; sales of 100 boxes Short-Ribbed, to arrive, at 22½c., and 150 boxes Cumberland Cut on the spot, and to arrive, at 21c. Dressed Hogs opened firmer, closed easier and dull; we quote at 16¾@17¼c. for Western, and 17½c. for City. Lard is moderately active and easier; sales of 1,800 bbls. and tcs. at 20½@23c. for No. 1, and 23@24½c. for fair to prime Steam and Kettle Rendered, the latter rate for choice.

PETROLEUM is quiet and prices favor the buyer; small sales at 57c. for Crude; 74c. for Refined in bond, and 91@95c., Refined free.

RICE—The market continues dull and entirely nominal; it appears to be pretty generally believed that considerable quantities of Rice are concentrated at Savannah and vicinity, some estimates placing the amount at 40,000 or 50,000 tcs., and it is thought that this ere long can be made available, and will be offered in exchange for commodities much wanted by the residents of that section of the country; the Georgians have it is understood throughout the war shown considerable antipathy to the "Jeff. Davis shinplasters" and now that the way is open to them many will no doubt be willing to barter their stock of Rice, so long held, for "greenbacks" or their equivalent in groceries, dry goods, provisions, &c.; whatever Rice there may be, the bulk is no doubt still in the paddy, as but two mills are situated at Savannah, and holders have been fearful of sending to Charleston owing to the danger of the mills there being destroyed by the bombardment of our fleet.

SUGARS—Raw Sugars have been in good demand and prices are firm on a basis of 19½@19c. for fair refining; sales of 700 hhds. at 19½@20c. for Cuba; 24c. for Porto Rico, and 2,196 boxes Havana on private terms; Refined are steady at 28c. for Hards.

SPICES—A fair demand prevails and prices are steady; sales of 500 mats Cassia at $1 02½@$1 05; 20,000 lbs. Wild Cassia, on private terms; 100 bags Pimento at 32½@33c.; 200 bags Sumatra Pepper at 45c., and 50 bags African Ginger at 37½c.

SEEDS—Clover Seed is quiet at 26½@27c. Timothy Seed is fairly active and firm at $5 62½@$6 per bush. Rough Flax is scarce and wanted at $3 75@$3 90 per bush.

TOBACCO—There is more inquiry for export and the market rules firm; sales of 674 hhds. Kentucky at 10@44c.

TALLOW—The market is fairly active and better; sales of 176,000 lbs. at 17½@18c. for Western, and 18@18½c. for City.

WHISKY—The market is dull and heavy; sales of 700 bbls. at $2 23@$2 24 for Western and small lots at $2 24½.

Receipts of Produce.

JAN. 6—8,780 bbls. Flour, 280 obls. Whisky, 3,280 bbls. Corn Meal, 14,200 bush. Oats, 52 pkgs. Ashes, 649 pkgs. Oil Cake, 1,470 pkgs. Provisions, 1,219 pkgs. Lard, 3,480 pkgs. Butter, 935 Dressed Hogs.

Religious Notices.

Amity-st. Baptist Church, the Rev. WILLIAM R. WILLIAMS, D.D., Pastor.—The SABBATH service of this Church will be held regularly hereafter in the Rooms of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association, Mortimer's Building, corner of Fifth-ave. and Twenty second-st., at 10½ a. m. and 3 p. m.

Annual Sermon to the Young.—The Rev. Dr. DOWLING will Preach at the Bedford-st. Baptist Church on SUNDAY MORNING and EVENING. In the evening his Fifteenth Annual Sermon to the Young. All are affectionately invited.

A Sunday Evening Lecture.—Rev. C. C. GOSS, pastor of the Christian Alliance, will deliver a discourse upon "The Evil of Religious Controversy, or True Basis of Christian Union," SUNDAY EVENING, Grand-st., one block east of Broadway.

At the Lenox-st. Baptist Church, cor