MOLASSES—There has been a fair inquiry since our last, and full prices were obtained; sales of 350 hhds. Cuba clayed, 50 bbls. New-Orleans, and 25 hhds. Porto Rico on private terms.

NAVAL STORES are generally dull, but prices are without change; we note small sales at $1 65@$1 75 for Spirits Turpentine; $17 for Common Rosin; $18@$23 for Strained No. 2 do., and $24@$25 for No. 1 Water, and Pale Tar at $6 50@$8 for Domestic, and $10@$11 for Foreign.

OILS—Linseed is quiet, but prices are without change of importance; sales of 6,000 gallons at from $1 58@$1 60; Fish Oils are only in limited demand, but steady at $1 55@$1 60 for Crude Whale, and $2 40 for do. Sperm; Lard Oil is quiet at $2 18@$2 20 for No. 1 Winter.

PROVISIONS—There has been only a moderate business in New Mess Pork to-day; prices have declined, and at the close, are heavy. Old Mess Pork is dull and prices are nominal. Prime Mess has been in more active demand, and prices are firmer, the inquiry being chiefly from Government agents. For future delivery, we hear of sales of 500 bbls. New Mess, buyer June, at $37, and 1,000 bbls. Prime Mess, seller May, prices not transpired; the sales, cash and regular, are 4,950 bbls., at $36 25 for New Mess; $29 37½ for Prime, and $35 25@$35 50 for Prime Mess; included in the above, are 6,000 bbls. Prime Mess. Beef is dull and heavy, at $18 50@$21 for Plain Mess, and $21@$23 for Extra Mess. Pierce Beef and Beef Hams are dull; we hear of no sales. Cut Meats are inactive, and prices are nominal. Bacon is in fair demand, but prices irregular; sales of 400 boxes at 20c. for Cumberland Cut, and 21c. for Long Ribbed, a fancy brand. Dressed Hogs are firmer and scarce; sales at 16½@16¾c. for Western, and 17½@17¾c. for City. Lard is dull and easier; sales of 725 bbls. and tierces, at 19½@20½c. for No. 1; 20@20½c. for Fair to Prime Steam and Kettle Rendered, and 20½@20¾c. for Choice.

PETROLEUM continues dull; we hear of no business; quotations are nominal, at 41@42c. for Crude, 58@67c. for Refined in bond, and 87c. for do. free.

RICE is inactive, and prices are nominal.

SUGARS—Raw Sugars have been in fair demand and steady; we quote at 15½@16½c. for fair Refining, and 85½@15¾c. for good Refining; sales of about 300 hhds. part Cuba and part Porto Rico on private terms. Refined and Heavy, and 1½@c. ⅌ lb. lower. Messrs. R. L. & A. Stewart's revised quotations are as follows: Loaf sugar, 23½c.; Best Crushed and Granulated, 22c.; Ground, 21½c.; White A, 21½c., and Yellow C, 20½c.

SEEDS—The demand for Clover Seed is light, at 24@26c.; Choice is scarce; Timothy Seed is in limited demand, at $6@$7 ⅌ bush.; Rough Flax Seed is in limited demand, at $3 55@$3 70 per bushel.

SALT—Liverpool is only in limited demand but prices are without change; small sales of Ground at $2 25 and Fine Ashton's at $4 50.

SPICES—There is only a moderate inquiry, but prices are without change.

TEA—The market is slack, but prices are without change; a few Oolongs changed hands to the trade at full figures.

TALLOW—The market is inactive and prices are unsettled; sales of small lots of Western at 13½@13¾c., and City, 13½@16c. cash.

WOOL continues dull, but we hear of no marked change since Friday; the business this morning is confined to small lots; prices are nominal; we quote Domestic fleeces at $1@$1 05 for Nat ve and ¾ Merinos, 90c.@$1 05 for ½ and ¼ Merino, 95c.@$1 05 for full blood do., and 90c.@$1 10 for Saxony; California, 25@65c. for common to fine unwashed; Chilian, 50@65c. for unwashed Mestiza and Merino; Valparaiso, 30@42c. for unwashed; Cape Good Hope, 50@60c. for unwashed; African, 30@50c. for unwashed, and 50@75c. for washed; and Smyrna at 35@45c. for unwashed, and 55@70c. for washed.

WHISKY—The market is dull, heavy and unsettled, large holders decline to sell; sales of 250 bbls., at $2 25@$2 29½ for Western, and $2 29 for State.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—GENERAL TERM.

Samuel A. Hoyt agt. The Sixth-ave Railroad Company.

Points, submitted by leave of the Court, on behalf of three other plaintiffs and appellants in similar cases.

STATEMENT.

In the cases in which the undersigned are counsel, the journeys taken by the appellants exceeded one mile. In other respects, the cases are pleaded with the Hoyt case.

The Court below gave judgment for the Railroad Companies, on the ground that the general railroad act of 1850 authorized a charge of three cents per mile. But the Companies, by their counsel, argued:

1. That they were not bound by the terms of the grant to the individual corporators.

2. That their organization under the general act of 1850 released them from the restrictions of the grants.

3. That the penal statute of 1857 applied only to charges of fare in excess of the amount allowed by a statute.

4. That the Internal Revenue Act authorized a charge of six cents.

If, therefore, a large part of the following points is devoted to answering frivolous objections, the Court will be pleased to bear in mind that the defendants below are responsible for the waste of time involved.

POINTS.

I. The grants by the city to the various parties from whom the Second, Third, Sixth, Eighth, and Ninth Avenue Railroad Companies derive titles, were made in every case upon an express condition that not more than five cents should be charged.

The word "provided," as used in these grants, creates a condition. Verplanck vs. Wright, 23 Wend., 506. See Craig vs. Wells, 11 N. Y., 320.

II. It is absurd to suppose that an interest of any kind, especially a franchise, can be transferred free of the conditions of the grant by which it was created. If this could be done, an insolvent might agree to purchase a house for $10,000, and then, by assigning his right to the house, compel the owner to convey it to the assignee without receiving a penny of the price, and with no remedy except against the insolvent purchaser. It is true that the condition in this case is a condition subsequent, but that makes no difference. If authority were needed in support of so simple a proposition, it may be found in Verplanck vs. Wright, 23 Wend., 506.

III. The statute of 1857 (ch. 159), imposing a penalty of $50 for receiving greater fare than is allowed by law, is clearly applicable to this case.

1. The resolution of the Common Council was a law within the meaning of the statute. People vs. Edmonds, 15 Barb. 529.

2. Law does not mean merely or mainly statutes, but all the rules imposed by the common law, or by men's own agreements (Chamberlain vs. Beiler, 38 N. Y., 122). Lawful means that which is legally right; unlawful, that which a man has no right to do.

3. The resolution was expressly confirmed by statute (Laws 1854, ch. 140; 2 R. S., 5th ed. 606). It has, therefore, all the force of a statute. It has been decided by the Court of Appeals that the right of constructing a railroad in the streets of a city can be conferred by the Legislature alone (Davis vs. Mayor of N. Y., 14 N. Y. 506). It follows that the defendant's title is under the statute as such, and as that adopts the grants and resolutions of the Common Council as a whole, the restriction to five cents fare is by statute.

4. The statute imposing the penalty applies in terms to all railroads, and not merely to railroads on which steam is used.

IV. The general railroad act does not help the defendants.

1. It was passed in 1850, and the statute of 1854, under which the defendants hold their road, in so far repeals it as to forbid a charge of more than five cents per trip.

2. A permissive statute does not avoid subsequent agreements different in terms. Annual commutation tickets are issued by nearly all the roads, at a less rate than 1 cent per mile. Can they avoid their obligation to carry the passenger, on the ground that they might have charged three cents? The Erie road has frequently sold tickets to Buffalo (400 miles) for $5. Could it eject such a ticket-holder unless he would pay $15 more?

The defendants have in this case voluntarily agreed to carry passengers at five cents. They cannot now fall back upon the statute of 1850.

3. The resolution and grant of 1852, were subsequent to the general railroad act, and being accepted by the grantees, they and their assignees are bound by its conditions.

4. The limitation to three cents per mile, was intended as restrictive upon railroads, and not for their benefit. And it should be construed in that view.

V. All statutes and public grants conferring a right to charge for travel upon a railroad, canal, &c., are to be strictly construed against the grantees. And they cannot charge a penny for travel thereon, unless the right to do so is clearly given to them. Every doubt is to be construed against them.—Tenbroeck, C. J., Stourbridge Canal Co. vs. Wheeley, 2 Barn. & Adol. 792. Hull Dock Co. vs. La Marche, 8 Barn. & Co. 51. Parker vs. Great Western R. R., 7 M. & G. 253, 285.

VI. The real point in the case, and the only one which seemed would deem worthy of argument, were it not for his respect for the wisdom of the district judges, is, whether the Internal Revenue Act authorizes the extra charge of one cent upon five cents fare. It is submitted that it does not. Waiving the question of its constitutionality, we make the following points:

1. The object of the statute was to collect 2½ per cent of the gross receipts of railroad companies, not to put money into their treasuries. Now, if two railroads have a right to charge six cents, they pay only ½ cent into the treasury of the Nation, and retain ½ cent on each passenger for their own use. This was not contemplated by Congress.

2. The statute certainly gives them no authority to charge more than 5½ cents. Now, there is no coin or currency for the eighth of a cent, and the right thereto is one which the law will not enforce. There is direct authority on this point. In Brown vs. Smith (3 Cal. 81), a verdict was rendered for one-tenth of a cent "one mill." And though a mill is a recognized element of the United States currency, the Court held the verdict utterly void, and reversed a judgment entered thereon by a Justice's Court for the mill and costs. This decision was placed expressly upon the ground that, in law and common sense, no such amount could be recovered.

3. The duty of paying the eighth of a cent, if imposed at all, was impossible of performance, and wherever the law seems to require the performance of an impossibility, such performance is excused. Tompkins vs. Dudley, 25 N. Y. 170. Harmony vs. Bingham, 12 N. Y. 99.

4. Where two conflicting and irreconcilable rights are thus created, the greater right must prevail. The companies cannot get their eighth of a cent, without robbing the plaintiffs of seven times as much. When abstract justice cannot be done, the law does that which is nearest to perfect justice. Clearly, the plaintiffs have, by seven times, the greater right.

5. It is clear that Congress contemplated an addition of the 2½ per cent to the fare, only when it would fairly amount to at least one cent. In other cases, it was intended that the companies should show a little patriotism by bearing some of the public burdens.

6. Any other interpretation would make the Act clearly unconstitutional, as it would amount to an authority to levy money upon passengers for the private benefit of the companies—in other words, taking private property for private use, without compensation. A statute should be so interpreted as to make it constitutional if possible.

VII. The only possible aspect in which that feature of the Internal Revenue Act, under which the companies claim, can be considered constitutional, is by viewing them as tax collectors for the Government. Now, it is well settled that all laws imposing taxes or similar burdens are to be strictly construed against the tax collectors. Ramsden vs. Gibbs, 1 Barn. & Cres. 519, 524. Leeds vs. Hustler, Id. 424. Manifold vs. Dimmond, 4 id. 245. Tompkins vs. Ashby, 6 id. 542. Reed vs. Wilmot, 7 Bing., 582.

VIII. The statute under which the plaintiff sues is not merely penal, but remedial, and should be liberally construed (Hickles vs. Sharp, 15 Johns., 497). The plaintiff is not a common informer, but an injured party, who is defrauded out of a sum too small to be worth suing for alone, and who, for his indemnity in costs and counsel fees, is allowed to recover $50 additional. A statute conferring such a right is not to be construed as rigidly as a statute authorizing "any person" to sue. Palmer v. Conly, 4 Denio, 374; affirmed 2 N. Y., 132.

Thomas G. Shearman, A. A. Redfield, of Counsel for Appellants.

SPECIAL TERM—MARCH 3—Before Judge CARDOZO.

DECISIONS.

Fisher agt. Fisher.—Motion denied, with leave to renew on further affidavits.

Stout agt. Washington.—See memorandum.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Before Judges INGRAHAM, SUTHERLAND and CLERKE.

DECISIONS.

Stelle Manning agt. William A. Pratt.—Appeal from order substituting Borst in place of Pratt. Order reversed without costs. Matter of Manning.—Appeal dismissed, without costs. Opinions by Sutherland, J.

Manly James, Executor, agt. Isaac E. Taylor.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered. Costs to abide event.

George Opdyke agt. Marion Marble and others.—Order appealed from, affirmed without costs.

The People ex rel. The Market Bank agt. The Commissioners of Taxes, &c.; The International Insurance Co. agt. Same; New-York Exchange Bank agt. Same; Park Bank agt. Same; Metropolitan Bank agt. Same.—Certiorari quashed. Opinion by Judge Sutherland. The People ex rel. Tradesmen's Bank agt. The Commissioners of Taxes.—A member of the Court being interested, there is no decision in this case.

Vesterlein agt. Salmon, and five other cases.—The order is appealable. Eliza J. Nichols agt. Robert L. Smith.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs. Sullivan agt. Mara.—Judgment declaring the rights of the widow under the will according to opinion, shoe and Leather Bank agt. John Thompson.—Order affirmed, with costs; Judge Sutherland dissenting. Swift agt. Opdyke.—Order reversed and new trial ordered; costs to abide event.

Taylor agt. Roe.—Judgment affirmed with costs. Troy City Bank agt. Bourveau and others.—Judgment affirmed with costs. Adams agt. Clark.—Judgment affirmed with costs. Mechanics' Bank of Williamsburgh agt. Foster.—Judgment affirmed with costs. Doty agt. Miller.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, costs to abide event. Palmer agt. Myers.—Judgment reversed, and new trial ordered, costs to abide event. Lane agt. Bentley.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted with $10 costs. Rigney agt. Tallmadge and others.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs. Judge Sutherland dissenting. Clark agt. Hoyt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs. The People ex rel. Thacher agt. The Corn Exchange.—Order affirmed with $10 costs. In re Thomas Pinkney to vacate an assessment for opening Madison-av.—Motion denied.

The People, &c., agt. Court of Common Pleas.—Appeal from order setting aside writ of prohibition. Opinion by Clerke, J. Order affirmed with costs. Hausman agt. Rosenfeld.—Order reversed with costs. Smythe et al. agt. Grayden et al.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, costs to abide event. Smythe et al agt. Grayden et al.—No decision. Sisey agt. New-York Consolidated State Company.—Appeal dismissed with $10 costs. Gibson et al. agt. Stone et al.—Judgment affirmed with costs. Peel agt. Brown of Metropolitan Police.—Judgment for pltf. on case submitted. Smith agt. Patrick.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, costs to abide event. Bush agt. Lee et al.—Judgment affirmed with costs.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Before Justice MULLEN.

Daniel B. Taylor agt. George Beebe. This was an action for wharfage of pier No. 49. The defendant set up that Taylor had no title to the wharf. The lease not having been given after advertisement or sold at auction according to the provisions of the city charter, the Court ruled that the defendant having taken the benefit of the lease was estopped from denying its validity and directed a verdict for the plaintiff.

CHAMBERS—MARCH 3—Before Justice BARNARD.

HABEAS CORPUS.

In the matter of Warren L. Boughton. The father in this case claims the custody of his child, who has been in the charge of the mother, and has been, the father says, "allowed to play in the streets with vulgar naughty boys." The return sets up that the husband abandoned the mother and her child, and has not sufficiently supported them, or cared for the boy, and that the boy's health is weak and that he needs a mother's care. The return is traversed in every point, the relator setting up that the wife left his father's house against his wishes during his absence in Europe, that he has provided for the child, that the child is healthy as children usually are, and that in his sickness he has been nursed at the house of the relator's father. The Court took the papers and reserved its decision.

WRIT OF ERROR.

The Court granted a Writ of Error with a stay of proceedings in the case of Frank Ferris, convicted of and sentenced for the murder of his wife.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.—Before Commissioner WHITE.

THE NEW COURT.

William Vanderveer was brought before the Commissioner, charged with stealing from the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The Commissioner, upon the examination, held that jurisdiction was exclusively vested in the new Court, and discharged the prisoner.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Before Judge BETTS.

PRIZE CASES.

United States agt. the steamer Vixen.—A final decree of distribution of the proceeds of the above-named prize steamer was this day entered. The amount to be distributed is $25,095 96, one-half of which goes to the United States and the other half to the United States steamer Rhode Island, the capturing vessel.

United States agt. the schooner Mary.—The final decree of distribution was also entered in this case, awarding one-half to the United States and the other half to the capturing vessel, the steamer Mackinaw. The amount to be divided in this case is $26,977 40. Both the above-named vessels were captured in December last while attempting to run the blockade into Wilmington.

SURROGATE'S COURT—MARCH 3—Before Surrogate TUCKER.

WILLS PROVED.

The Surrogate has admitted to probate the wills of the following named persons:

Michael Cuskley, Rudolph Osby, Theodore Provost, Elizabeth West, Gideon D. C. Marsh. None of the above wills contain any provisions of public importance.

The will of Victorine Beaulin bequeaths to the St. Vincent de Paul French Orphan Asylum the sum of $200, and to the President of the French Benevolent Society of this city $100.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—March 3—Before Justice GARVIN.

DECISIONS.

Ketchum agt. McCoy & Herring.—Motion for new trial denied, with $10 costs. Robbins agt. The Mayor, &c.—Motion for new trial denied.

Passengers Arrived.

In Ship Plymouth Rock, from London and Isle of Wight—Mrs. John Craig, Baron Wm. Von Hake, of the Prussian army, and lady.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Sun Rises.....6:26 | Sun Sets.....5:38 | Moon sets.. 3:25m
HIGH WATER THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.. 3:54 | Gov. Island. 4:24m | Hell Gate.... 6:16

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-YORK.....MARCH 6.

Cleared.

Steamer Franconia, Sherwood, Portland, H. B. B. Cromwell & Co.
Bark Isabel, Gibbets, Buenos Ayres, Ewards & Co.
Brig Flight (Br.), Trefry, Hemediac, C. C. Duncan.
Brig Ocean Bell, Morton, Beaufort, M. McCready.
Schr. Leonida Euphaisia, King, Elizabethport, F. J. Cambell.
Schr. Four Sisters (Br.), McWitte, Matamoros, A. Harris.
Schr. U. D., Baker, Fort Royal, Bunce & Brown.
Sloop Minna, Corey, New-Haven, M. Briggs & Co.
Sloop Mary Grey, Havens, Circasville, Ct.

Arrived.

Steamer John Gibson, Bowen, Philadelphia, mdse., Wm. J. Taylor & Co.
Steamship George Appold, Howes, Baltimore, 45 hours, mdse., C. W. Pervell.
Steamer Kingfisher, Rector, Baltimore, 40 hours, mdse., E. Bynner.
Ship Peruvian (of Boston), Sargent, Manila, Sept. 16, hemp and sugar, Wm. F. Weld & Co. Passed Anjin Nov. 4, Cape Good Hope Nov. 28. Had light winds and calms the whole passage.
Ship Harpswell, Kelly, Havre, Dec. 22, mdse. and pass., Boyd & Hincken. She had a succession of N. N.-W. gales from lat. 42 to 50.
Ship Plymouth Rock, Grant, London and Isle of Wight, 4th inst., mdse. and 50 pass., Grinnell, Minturn & Co.
Bark Helen Augusta (of Turk's Island), Cutts, St. Marc, 23d ult., coffee, &c., R. Murray, jr.
Brig Beaver (of Montego Bay, Jam.), Warren, Port-au-Prince, 18 days, logwood, &c., Henry, De Cordova & Co. Had heavy northerly winds.
Brig Crimea (of Stockton), Patterson, Cardenas, 14 days, molasses, Walsh & Cervey. During a gale from N. E. in the Straits of Florida, stove boat and rail, split sails and caused the vessel to leak.
Brig A. J. Ross (of Searsport), Small, Cardenas, 14 days, sugar, &c., R. P. Buck & Co.
Brig Favorite (of New-Haven, Prindle, Mayaguez, P. R., 14 days, molasses, H. Trowbridges, Sons. Left schooner Dragon, for New-York in 3 days.
Brig Queen of the South, Overton, Demerara, Jan. 12, via Bermuda 12th ult., sugar and molasses, Jos. Eneas. Put into Bermuda for a supply of provisions.
Scur. Clara Jane, Parker, Providence, in ballast, Jed Frye & Co.
Schr. J. M. Cleskey, Kelly, Boston.
Schr. Thos. H. Seymour, Kelly, Yarmouth, Mass.
Schr. Wm. Lillum, Nickerson, Providence.
Schr. Ontario, Dodge, Providence for Elizabethport.
Schr. J. P. & J. L. Butler, Providence for Elizabethport.
Schr. Chas. McDonald, Baker, Providence, hoop poles, to master.
Schr. E. Flower, Russell, New-Haven for Elizabethport.
Schr. Alfred, Chase, Fairhaven, in ballast.
Schr. S. Waterman, Chase, New-Bedford, oil.
Schr. White Sea, Lee, Port Royal, 8 days, cotton, S. W. Lewis & Co.
Schr. Clara Norton, Magee, Providence.
Schr. W. W. Thorne, Clark, Providence.
Schr. Aggie, Davidson (of Milton, N. B.), Call, Nassau 8 days, cotton, &c., C. H. Trumbull.
Schr. Gem (3 masted), Powell, Dundee, Jan. 8, coal, E. S. Powell. Off Sandy Hook 4th inst. lost large anchor and 15 fathoms of chain.
Sloop E. Sprague, Gibbs, Providence.

Port-Wardens' Notice.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
PORT-WARDENS' OFFICE, No. 104 Wall-st.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with section 4 of the act passed April 14, 1857, entitled "An Act to Reorganize the Wardens' Office of the Port of New-York," to all persons interested in, or having charge of, the subject matter of such inquiry, examination or survey, that the following vessels are now under examination by the Port Wardens, and that the said surveys or examinations will be completed within ten days next succeeding this notice, on board said vessels:

Steamship Edinburgh.....44 N. R.
Bark Ella.....Jackson & Woodruff's.
Brig Arcorode.....Ford's.
Brig Volant.....6 E. R.
Schr. Horace E. Bell.....Wheeler's.
Schr. D. Talbot.....Wheeler's.

MINTHORNE TOMPKINS, President.
J. ARO'S HERRIMAN, Secretary.

Bank Statements.

Bank of the New-York Dry Dock Company.—Statement of the BANK OF THE NEW-YORK DRY DOCK COMPANY, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$164,159 64
Average amount of Specie	41,664 18
Average amount of Circulation	20,472 00
Average amount of Deposits	112,845 91

City and County of New York, ss: I, T. J. Lockwood, Cashier of the New-York Dry Dock Company, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct. T. J. LOCKWOOD, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. A. C. ANDERSON, Notary Public.

Bull's Head Bank.—Statement of the BULL'S HEAD BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$891,667 67
Average amount of Specie	22,191 00
Average amount of Circulation	119,098 00
Average amount of Deposits	955,549 88

City and County of New York, ss: I, George W. Willett, Cashier of the Bull's Head Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 6th day of March, 1865. ANDREWS LELAND, Notary Public.

Butchers' and Drovers' Bank.—Statement of the BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$2,236,488
Average amount of Specie	101,502
Average amount of Circulation	75,247
Average amount of Deposits	1,723,554
United States Legal Tender Notes	75,934

City and County of New-York, ss: I, Robert F. Perrin, Cashier, of the Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. R. F. PERRIN, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. G. G. TAYLOR, Commissioner of Deeds.

Chemical Bank.—Statement of the CHEMICAL BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$5,072,796
Average amount of Specie	1,545,749
Average amount of Circulation	24,792
Average amount of Deposits	6,457,991

I, George G. Williams, Cashier of the Chemical Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. G. G. WILLIAMS, Cashier.
Sworn before me the 4th day of March, 1865. H. C. TALLMAN, Notary Public.

Citizens' Bank.—Statement of the CITIZENS' BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$1,369,808 00
Average amount of Specie	68,843 00
Average amount of Circulation	37,451 00
Average amount of Deposits	1,279,558 00

City and County of New-York, ss: I, S. R. Comstock, Cashier of the Citizens' Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. S. R. COMSTOCK, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. JAMES W. POE, Notary Public.

Chatham Bank.—Statement of the CHATHAM BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$1,495,778 61
Average amount of Specie	87,885 76
Average amount of Circulation	7,157 00
Average amount of Deposits	1,812,090 41

City and County of New-York, ss: I, O. H. Schreiner, Cashier of the Chatham Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. JAS. WARD SAYRE, Notary Public.

Greenwich Bank.—Statement of the GREENWICH BANK of the City of New-York, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$790,611 63
Average amount of Specie	81,267 74
Average amount of Circulation	15,626 00
Average amount of Deposits	751,265 62

City and County of New-York, ss: I, William Hawes, Cashier of the Greenwich Bank of the City of New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. WILLIAM HAWES, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 6th day of March, 1865. W. WASSERMAN, Notary Public.

Fulton Bank.—Statement of the FULTON BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853 for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$2,505,365 87
Average amount of Specie	412,281 85
Average amount of Circulation	25,420 00
Average amount of Deposits	2,001,296 44

City and County of New-York, ss: I, Robert H. Haydock, Cashier of the Fulton Bank, being duly affirmed, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. R. H. HAYDOCK, Cashier.
Affirmed before me this 4th day of March, 1865. THOS. HIGGINS, Notary Public.

Manufacturers' and Merchants' Bank.—Statement of the MANUFACTURERS AND MERCHANTS' BANK as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$1,722,280 11
Average amount of Specie	33,250 00
Average amount of Circulation	1,792 00
Average amount of Deposits	2,618,098 16

City and County of New-York, ss: I, A. Masterton, Cashier of the Manufacturers' and Merchants' Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. A. MASTERTON, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. WM. H. POE, Notary Public.

Marine Bank.—Statement of the MARINE BANK, New-York, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$1,624,472 00
Average amount of Specie	97,959 00
Average amount of Circulation	88,079 00
Average amount of Deposits	2,265,848 00

City and County of New-York, ss: I, J. De Lamater, Cashier of the Marine Bank, New-York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. DE LAMATER, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. THOMAS HIGGINS, Notary Public.

Market Bank.—Statement of the MARKET BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$2,809,855 25
Average amount of Specie	127,060 50
Average amount of Circulation	42,714 00
Average amount of Deposits	2,580,128 57

City and County of New-York, ss: I, A. Gilbert, Cashier, of the Market Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. A. GILBERT, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. THOS. HIGGINS, Notary Public.

Mechanics' and Traders' Bank.—Statement of the MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$2,035,982 74
Average amount of Specie	81,664 73
Average amount of Circulation	193,814 00
Average amount of Deposits	1,412,287 18

City and County of New-York, ss: I, George W. Youle, Cashier of the Mechanics' and Traders' Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEORGE W. YOULE, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. WM. E. GUESS, Notary Public.

Merchants' Exchange Bank.—Statement of the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK, in the City of New-York, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$2,434,609 17
Average amount of Specie	158,797 46
Average amount of Circulation, including that of the late Bank	18,567 00
Average amount of Deposits	1,985,822 77

City and County of New-York, ss: I, E. J. Oakley, Cashier of the Merchants' Exchange Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 6th day of March, 1865. JOS. HAGGERTY, Commissioner of Deeds.

Nassau Bank.—Statement of the NASSAU BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$2,254,968 59
Average amount of Specie	178,956 08
Average amount of Circulation	16,420 00
Average amount of Deposits	2,213,802 19

City and County of New-York, ss: I, Lounsbury Carll, Cashier of the Nassau Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. L. CARLL, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 6th day of March, 1865. CORNELIUS H. DUBOIS, Notary Public.

New-York County Bank.—Statement of the NEW-YORK COUNTY BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$591,128 86
Average amount of Specie	18,715 19
Average amount of Circulation	100,728 00
Average amount of Deposits	502,122 53

City and County of New-York, ss: I, Isaac G. Ogden, Cashier of the New-York County Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. ISAAC G. OGDEN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. ANDREWS LELAND, Notary Public.

Ocean Bank.—Statement of the OCEAN BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$1,748,682 36
Average amount of Specie	175,445 08
Average amount of Circulation	19,992 00
Average amount of Deposits	1,318,164 63

City and County of New-York, ss: I, Charles Palmer, Cashier of the Ocean Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. CHAS. PALMER, Cashier.
Affirmed before me this 4th day of March, 1865. HENRY PALMER, Notary Public.

Oriental Bank.—Statement of the ORIENTAL BANK as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans	$982,707 14
Average amount of Specie	75,852 85
Average amount of Circulation	150,404 50
Average amount of Deposits	981,016 02

City and County of New-York, ss: I, Washington A. Hall, Cashier of the Oriental Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct. WASHINGTON A. HALL, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 4th day of March, 1865. HENRY T. CHAPMAN, Jr., Notary Public.

Pacific Bank.—Statement of the PACIFIC BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$1,616,180 14
Average amount of Specie	89,653 88
Average amount of Circulation	72,910 00
Average amount of Deposits	1,815,864 78

City and County of New-York, ss: I, Robert Buck, Cashier of the Pacific Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. ROBERT BUCK, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 6th day of March, 1865. EDWARD J. HALL, Notary Public.

Saint Nicholas Bank.—Statement of the SAINT NICHOLAS BANK, as required by Chapter 260, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$1,614,653 00
Average amount of Specie	77,618 00
Average amount of Circulation	23,742 00
Average amount of Deposits	2,007,658 00

City and County of New-York, ss: I, Archibald Parkhurst, Cashier of the Saint Nicholas Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the foregoing statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. A. PARKHURST, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn before me the 4th day of March, 1865. HENRIES LETTIS, Notary Public.

Shoe and Leather Bank.—Statement of the SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, for the week ending Saturday, the 4th day of March, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	$5,691,659
Average amount of Specie	189,998
Average amount of Circulation	198,965
Average amount of Deposits	3,148,000

City and County of New-York, ss: I, W. A. Kissam, Cashier of the Shoe and Leather Bank, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct. W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.
Sworn before me this 6th day of March, 1865. WILLIAM H. BARNES, Notary Public.

Sales by Auction.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, FIRST DIVISION, WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 25, 1865.

AUCTION SALE OF CONDEMNED HORSES.—Will be sold, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at Baltimore, Maryland, on
THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1865,
TWO HUNDRED CAVALRY HORSES.
These horses have been condemned as unfit for the cavalry service of the army.
For road and farming purposes, many good bargains may be had.
Horses sold singly. Sale to commence at 10 a. m., and will be held at Phillip's Government stables, corner of Fremont and Ramsey sts.
TERMS—Cash, in United States currency.
JAMES A. EKIN,
Col. in charge First Division, Q. M. G. O.

AUCTION SALE OF HIDES AND TALLOW. Will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, at Sixth-st. Wharf, Washington, D. C., on THURSDAY, the 9th day of March, 1865, at 11 o'clock a. m., the following articles, more or less:

6,745 Salted Beef Hides,
21 Dry Beef Hides,
1,224 Sheep Skins,
19,412 pounds of Beef Tallow,
457 pounds of Mutton Tallow,
676 gallons of Neats-foot Oil.

Terms Cash.
G. BELL, Lt.-Col. & C. S.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.
BY BANGS, MERWIN & Co., Nos. 694 and 696 Broadway, cor. of 4th-st.—Sales of Books, Stationery, Pictures, Works of Art, Fancy Goods, Furniture, &c.
On TUESDAY and