THE NATIONAL LOSS.

Continued from First Page.

circumstances that will hereafter arise. Had any man gifted with prescience four years ago uttered and written down in advance the events of this period, they would have seemed more marvellous than anything in the "Arabian Night." I shall not attempt to anticipate the future. As events occur, and it becomes necessary for me to act, I shall dispose of each as it arises, deferring any declaration or message until it can be written paragraph by paragraph in the light of events as they transpire.

The members of the delegation were then severally introduced to the President by Gov. Oglesby.

THE CHRISTIAN COMMISSION.

Directly after the Illinoisans had retired the President received a large number of delegates of the Christian Commission temporarily residing in Washington. The Rev. Mr. Border of Albany delivered a brief but eloquent and impressive address, saying that they recognized him as called in the providence of God to have rule over the nation; that in the past public services of the President they had their foundation of hope for the future, and now, as they looked on the face of his illustrious predecessor whose sad death had moved the country to tears, they believed that God had sent him as Moses to lead the people and his successor as Joshua, to give them a land of promise; that in the administration of justice mercy would follow the success of our arms; their prayer was for an enduring peace and all the blessings of free government.

THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY.

The President replied that such were his feelings. In consequence of the late afflicting events he could not respond in appropriate terms. Perhaps the best reply would be silence. He, however, acknowledged his thanks for the kind sentiments expressed. Although he might fail, he would promise that he would undertake to perform the grave and responsible duties devolving upon him with all the zeal of an honest heart. He had knowledge of and appreciated the offices of the Christian Commission. He always had an abiding faith in the people, and looked on the Government as based upon the principles of human rights. The nation's mission is not yet completed. It is in our hands. When we look at the country's condition, it gives a complete contradiction to the assumption of our enemies. In the midst of treason and rebellion, we find that we will triumph at last. Although we have had a civil war which has covered the land with gloom, and while the entire country was rejoicing over the triumph of the struggle, there has been an assassination the most atrocious and diabolical the world has ever witnessed. While the nation was jubilant, The Chief Magistrate was stricken down like a star from its sphere. An interregnum a terror was created in France. In France, for instance, under similar circumstance, there would have been scences of anarchy. But not so here, where the Government is founded on justice and right. We have developed the great truth that it is strong enough to preserve its existence while suppressing all public disorders within our widely extended limits. Government is made for the people, and not the people for the Government. He was not sectarian; he claimed a charity coextensive with the human family. He believed, in the language of another, that religions is an arch of promise, spanning humanity with its ends resting on the horizon. Religion is seen in its acts more than its profession, and good deeds never escape recognition.

He then repeated his sentiments regarding his future political course, similar to those addressed to the Illinois delegation, saying the time had come when intelligent men like those before him should exert their moral influence in erecting a standard by which everybody should be taught to believe that treason is the highest crime known to the law, and that the perpetrator should be visited with the punishment which he deserves.

The sentiments met the hearty responses of "Amen."

The gentlemen were then severally introduced to the President, and all expressed themselves highly gratified with the interview.

Associated Press Account.

THE REMAINS.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

Gov. John Brough of Ohio and John W. Garrett, esq., have, upon request of the War Department, consented to act as a committee to make arrangements for the transportation of the remains of the late President Abraham Lincoln, from Washington to their final resting place. They are authorized to arrange the time tables with the respective railroad companies, and to do and regulate all things for safe and appropriate transportation.

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

TREAS. DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, April 18, 1865.

The Secretary of the Treasury, with profound sorrow, announces to the Revenue Marine the death of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States. He died in this city on the morning of the 15th inst., at twenty-two minutes past 7 o'clock. The officers of the Revenue Marine will, as a manifestation of their respect for the exalted character and eminent public services of the illustrious dead, and of their sense of the calamity the country has sustained by this afflicting dispensation of Providence, wear crape on the left arm, and upon the hilt of the sword, for six months. It is further directed that funeral honors be paid on board all revenue vessels in commission by firing 26 minute guns, commencing at meridian on the day after the receipt of this order, and by wearing their flags at half mast. HUGH McCULLOCH, Sec. of the Treasury.

THE ARMY MOURNING.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, April 17, 1865.

It is hereby ordered that in honor to the memory of our late illustrious Chief Magistrate all officers and others, subject to the orders of the Secretary of State, wear crape upon the left arm for the period of six months. W. HUNTER, Acting-Secretary of State.

SEC. SEWARD'S ASSASSIN.

It was stated in a former dispatch that the person arrested this morning as the party who attempted to take the life of the Secretary of State was supposed to be Surratt, but there is reason to believe that the desperado is no other than Thomas, the so called French lady, who, it will be remembered, captured the steamer St. Nicholas in 1861, and was subsequently apprehended, tried, convicted, and sentenced to the penitentiary, from which, by some means, he was released. Nothing positive, however, is known on the subject.

THE WHITE HOUSE.

The east room is decorated with the trappings of woe in a manner alike creditable to the artists who arranged the adornments and worthy the solemn occasion. In the immediate center of this spacious room is located the catafalco, and the coffin is within the inconsolable view of the line of spectators. Each stopped moments to take a view of the face of the deceased, and many shed tears. The hand of friendship and affection has contributed the choicest flowers to adorn the coffin and make up the foundation upon which it rests.

ITS VISITORS.

Between 9½ o'clock this morning and noon, at least 2,000 persons had visited the Executive Mansion, and there are thousands more slowly following in turn to indulge a similar privilege. The doors will be kept open until 5 o'clock this afternoon. None are permitted to loiter about the mansion, and all are required to pass out of the building after having viewed the corpse.

SECRETARY SEWARD.

Secretary Seward is much better to-day; so is Frederick Seward, who is gradually gaining full conscious ness. It is now confidently hoped and expected that both the Secretary and Assistant-Secretary will speedily recover.

PREPARATIONS.

A raised platform, on which to accommodate 400 persons, has been erected all around the East Room. The guard of the corpse of the late President to night consists of Major-Gen. Hunter, Adjt.-Gen. Thomas, Gen. Dyer, Colonel of Ordnance, and Capts. Nesmith and Dewes of Gen. Hardin's staff.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

The order of the funeral ceremonies is as follows:

Reading a portion of the Scriptures by the Rev. Dr. Hall; opening prayer by Bishop Simpson; funeral address by the Rev. Dr. Gurley; closing prayer by the Rev. Dr. Gray.

The corpse will be conveyed to the capitol, where Dr. Gurley will repeat the service and pronounce the benediction.

UNION LEAGUE CLUB.

The following are the names of the committee of the New-York Union League Club, who arrived here to-night, and were assigned a position in the procession: John Gray, Chairman, Jonathan Sturgis, Theodore Roosevelt, George Cabot Ward, John A. Weeks, Frank E. Howe, James W. Beekman, Le Grand, E. Cannon, Samuel Wetmore, Charles Butler, C. E. Detmold, Otis D. Swan, and Parker Handy.

THE CONNECTICUT DELEGATION.

A meeting of great interest was held by the delegates from Connecticut at Willard's to-day, Gov. Buckingham in the chair. A series of appropriate resolutions were read by Senator Dixon, and adopted. Eloquent addresses were made by Messrs. J. T. Babcock, the Hon. James Dixon, Gov. Buckingham, N. D. Sperry, H. H. Starkweather, A. H. Byington, W. A. Thompson, and others. These speeches were as honorable to the noble State there represented as to the gentlemen who gave them. The delegation in a body paid their respects to the remains of the President, and will be assigned a place in the line to-morrow. Special delegations are here from Hartford, New-Haven, Norwich, Norwalk and many other towns in the state.

ARRIVALS.

Very many visitors are constantly arriving to witness the procession.

THE ASSASSINATION IN RICHMOND.

The Richmond Whig of yesterday says:

The heaviest blow which has ever fallen upon the people of the South has descended. Abraham Lincoln, the President of the United States, has been assassinated. The decease of the Chief Magistrate of the nation at any period is an event which profoundly affects the public mind; but the time, manner and circumstances of President Lincoln's death render it the most momentous, most appalling, most deplorable calamity which has ever befallen the people of the United States. The thoughtless and the vicious may affect to derive satisfaction from the sudden and tragic close of the President's career, but every reflecting person will deplore the awful event. Just as everything was happily conspiring to a restoration of tranquillity under the benignant and magnanimous policy of Mr. Lincoln, comes this terrible blow. God grant that it may not rekindle excitement, or inflame passion again. That a state of war should give rise to bitter feeling and bloody deeds in the field was to be expected; but that the assassin's knife and bullet should follow the great and best-loved of the nation in their daily walks, and reach them when surrounded by their friends, is an atrocity which will shock and appal every honorable man and woman in the land. The secrecy with which the assassin or assassins pursued their victims, indicated that there were but few accomplices in this inhuman crime. The abhorrence with which it is regarded on all sides, will, it is hoped, deter insane and malignant men from the emulation of the infamy which attaches to this infernal deed. We cannot pursue the subject farther. We contemplate too deeply and painfully the horrible aspects of this calamity to comment upon it further.

MEETINGS OF STATE DELEGATIONS.

The Governors from Ohio, New-York, New-Jersey, Wisconsin, Kansas, and other States heretofore mentioned, have held meetings to express their sympathy owing to the late tragic event, and to take measures with respect to the funeral.

An Important Arrest.

Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Tribune.

BALTIMORE, Md., Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

A young man named Samuel Arnold, in the employ of J. W. Wharton, a store-keeper at Fortress Monroe, was apprehended yesterday morning at the place on suspicion of being implicated in the assassination of President Lincoln and Secretary Seward, and brought to this city arriving here this morning in custody of two Government officers. Arnold denies any knowledge of the plot to assassinate the President, but confesses that he was concerned with Booth and other parties, about seven in all, in a plot to kidnap the President and deliver him to the Richmond authorities previous to the arrangement of the cartel for exchange of prisoners by Gen. Grant.

He says he withdrew from the gang when Booth threatened to shoot him. An altercation ensued, but the difficulty was settled by Booth apologizing. Since then Arnold says he has had nothing to do with Booth, but letters and other documents found in his possession, signed "Sam," prove to the contrary. The prisoner was taken to Washington.

The steamer Arago arrived at Fortress Monroe from Charleston last evening at 4 o'clock, and sailed for New-York soon after. Assistant Secretary of War Charles A. Dana left Fortress Monroe on the steamer City of Hudson, direct for Washington, last evening.

$10,000 Reward for Booth's Arrest.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

The City Councils have offered a reward of $10,000 for the arrest of the assassin of President Lincoln. The feeling here against Booth is greatly intensified by the fact that he is a Baltimorean, and it is dedited by the people that one who has so dishonored the fair fame of Baltimore should meet with speedy justice.

Booth and his Co-conspirators Reported to be Surrounded by our Cavalry.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

A gentleman, who was at Point Lookout yesterday morning, was informed by an officer of one of our gunboats that Booth and the other conspirators, about thirty in number, were in St. Mary's County, heavily armed, and endeavoring to make their way across the Potomac, which was strongly picketed, and no one allowed to pass.

He also stated that on Sunday evening a small squad of our cavalry had a collision with them, and had being repulsed, but succeeded in capturing one of them.

In the meantime our cavalry were reinforced yesterday morning, and were understood to have them completely surrounded, and their escape was deemed impossible.

The Condition of Secretary Seward and his Son.

The following dispatch has been received by Col. E. S. Sanford, President of the American Telegraph Company:

WASHINGTON, April 18.

E. S. SANFORD: We think that both the Secretary and Frederick are better. They are sleeping quietly at this hour, 10 o'clock, a. m. C. A. SEWARD.

Arrest.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Monday, April 17, 1865.

A man, supposed to be J. Wilkes Booth, was arrested by Provost-Marshal Coulter at Greensburg, and is held for identification. The Mayor of Pittsburg has sent on a person acquainted with Booth to identify him.

PITTSBURG, Monday, April 17, 1865.

The person arrested at Greensburg, and supposed to be Booth, is trustworthily stated not to be him.

Order from the Governor of Kentucky Relative to the Death of President Lincoln.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

Gov. Bramlette has issued the following order on the death of President Lincoln:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, FRANKFORT, KY., Monday, April 17, 1865.

By the hand of an assassin a great grief has been brought upon our country.

The Chief Magistrate of the Nation, the President of the United States, Abraham Lincoln, has fallen a victim to rebellious hate and under the vengeful blow of an assassin.

He has fallen at a time when his great qualities of humanity were so hopefully invoked for the healing of our National woes, with no stain of a vindictive nature upon his soul, with a great heart of generous sympathies and broad humanities.

His untimely fall has bowed a nation's head in mourning.

On Wednesday, the 19th inst., at the hour of 12 o'clock, let every church-bell be tolled throughout the Commonwealth.

On that day let all business be suspended and all business houses closed.

The public offices will be closed and draped in mourning.

The citizens of Kentucky are invoked to pay the homage to the national grief which such a great and mournful calamity inspires.

THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of Kentucky.

Secretary Seward Much Better.

The following dispatch has been received by Col. E. S. Sanford, President of the American Telegraph Company:

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

E. S. SANFORD: Uncle is much better. He sat up for a quarter of an hour this morning, and was bright and cheerful. To-day is a marked improvement upon yesterday.

Frederick is slowly but surely regaining his consciousness. He has spoken twice this morning. He sleeps much of the time and breathes regularly and easily. His pulse and appetite are good. I think every one feels encouraged with regard to both.

The messenger and nurse are both doing well.

C. A. SEWARD.

The Man Arrested in Baltimore—His Confession.

BALTIMORE, Md., Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

It is understood that the party alluded to as under arrest here, states that the original design of the conspirators was merely to capture President Lincoln some time back, make him a prisoner, and in this way compel a general release of all Rebel prisoners then held by the United States.

When the general exchange of prisoners, however, commenced, this project was abandoned by him and others as no longer necessary, and he says he refused to have anything further to do with it, and endeavored to induce others to give up their designs upon the life of the President.

This is substantially a correct statement of what the prisoner has so far divulged. He is a well-known resident of Baltimore.

The News in San Francisco—A Riot.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 16, 1865.

The destruction of the Democratic newspapers last evening was not the result of any recent offensive utterances, but the sudden outburst of long pent indignation at their opposition to the Government all through the war. It was effected with such rapidity, and was so unexpected, that the authorities were able to do nothing to prevent it. At nightfall the military were in possession of the whole length of Montgomery-st., the principal thoroughfare, and all approaches to it, thus preventing further violence in the quarter of the city where it was most to be apprehended.

The French organ, *L'Echo de Pacifique*, was threatened, and is now under guard. The *L'Union Americain* was destroyed. Intense excitement prevailed all night. Memorial services were held to-day in all the churches. Public meetings are held to express the public feeling, and the Mayor called one for this afternoon to prepare for the obsequies.

It is stated that the Democratic papers at Marysville and Grass Valley have been mobbed.

Two French men-of-war that have been lying off Santa Barbara, arrived in port to-day.

Arrived, Pacific Mail steamer Golden City, from Panama, with the mails and passengers that left New-York March 23.

SECOND DISPATCH.

SAN FRANCISCO, Monday, April 17, 1865.

A large meeting of citizens was held at Platt's Hall on Sunday, the Mayor presiding. A series of resolutions were passed, among which was the following, which amply expresses the general feeling on this coast:

"The great, capacious, manly heart of Abraham Lincoln was generous enough to have embraced all within the fold of its loving nature. And in their madness they have killed him. Before his death peace was possible. All the atmosphere was filled with generous emotions and kind sympathy. Now peace means subjugation or annihilation. God save mercy on the souls of the Rebel chiefs!"

When this was read there was great excitement, and the people cheered over and over again. A committee of fifty citizens was appointed to make preparations for the obsequies of the President. All loyal citizens are requested to wear crape for thirty days.

No disturbance of the public peace has occurred since the last dispatch. The military are still under arms, and patrol the streets at intervals. But there is no probability of further disturbance.

Dispatches from Nevada and Oregon show that those states are moved equally with California.

From Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

In response to the call of a number of prominent citizens, a large meeting was held at Pike's Opera House last evening. Mayor Harris was chairman of the meeting. He said there had been a disposition prevailing among some persons to use the terrible calamity which had befallen us as a pretext to raise disturbance. Up to the present time, although some property had been destroyed and no lives been lost, he favored law and order, and would enforce them at all hazards. He hoped the people in Cincinnati had sufficient confidence in Gen. Hooker and himself to know that they would arrest and punish any one who would now utter a disloyal sentiment.

Appropriate resolutions were passed, after which speeches were made by Judge Stover, Messrs. Perry, Gallaher, Gaddis, Noyes and Gen. Carrl.

The city is still draped in mourning. Business has not yet fully revived, but confidence is almost restored, and a better feeling prevails.

A Committee of six gentlemen were appointed to communicate with the proper authorities in Washington, for the purpose of having the remains of the President pass through the city when en route for Illinois.

The Feeling in Canada.

IN MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

The following proclamation has been issued by the Mayor of Montreal:

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, Wednesday next, the 19th of April instant at noon, has been fixed upon for the funeral ceremonies of the Chief Magistrate of the United States, the undersigned, Mayor of the City of Montreal, respectfully invites the citizens generally to close their places of business from 12 o'clock noon on that day, as a tribute of respect to the memory of the late President of the United States, and of sympathy with the bereaved members of his family, and also as an expression of the deep sorrow and horror felt by the citizens of Montreal at the atrocious crime by which the President came to an untimely death. J. L. BLANCHY, Mayor.

IN HALIFAX, N. S.

HALIFAX, N. S., Tuesday, April 18, 1865.

The Common Council to-day passed a resolution expressive of sympathy with the bereaved family, and ordered as a mark of respect to the illustrious deceased that the flags be draped over the city buildings on the day of the obsequies.

The American citizens held a meeting to-day at the Consulate for the expression of sorrow over the death of President Lincoln, and for testifying their respect to his memory. The Hon. Judge Jackson, the United States Consul, presided, and Robert Bolloin of New-York was made secretary.

After an able and eloquent eulogy upon the illustrious deceased, his character and public services, and the great loss to the nation, Judge Jackson expressed his own sympathy and that of all loyal Americans for Secretary Seward, whose great talents he hoped a kind Providence would spare to his country. He also assured his fellow-countrymen of the integrity, ability and patriotism of President Johnson, in whom they might safely confide to uphold and maintain the great cause of human freedom and constitutional government.

The Rev. N. Gunnison, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, reported a series, which were unanimously adopted.

The resolutions expressed deep and irrepressible grief over the death of President Lincoln, and the belief that in his death the country has lost a public benefactor. While the sorrow for the loss the country and the world has sustained in his death is heightened by the fact that it came by violence, it is a source of consolation to know, and it will be remembered to his honor, that his life was devoted to law and order. The resolutions express deep sympathy with the bereaved widow and afflicted family of the late President, and trust that "He who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb" will enable them to bear with Christian resignation this afflictive dispensation of Divine Providence.

Resolved, That it is with mingled feelings of grief and horror we learn of the attempt to take the life of Honorable W. H. Seward and his son. Our horror of the atrocity of the act is only equaled by the sense of loss our country would sustain by their death.

Resolved, That the eminent ability, the wise statesmanship and the enlightened policy which have distinguished the domestic career of the Secretary of State, and which have been universally respected at home and abroad, we hope through a kind and gracious Providence will be spared to his country and mankind.

THE GERMAN OPERA SEASON AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Mr. Leonard Grover, whose season of German Opera was to have commenced on Monday evening last, has deferred the opening—the present week being one of mourning—until next Monday evening, when the season will be inaugurated on a scale of great splendor. Full particulars will be advertised in Thursday's paper.

[Advertisement.]

OLD EYES MADE NEW,

Without Spectacles, Doctor or Medicines. Pamphlet mailed free on receipt of Ten cents. Address, E. B. TOOTH, M. D., 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

CLOTHING.—PRICES REDUCED 50 PER CENT at Nos. 290 and 292 Bowery. GEORGE A. HUNTER & CO.

[Advertisement.]

JEFFERS, 573 Broadway, is selling his stock of Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes and fine Gents' Slippers at low prices. Jeffers, No. 573 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

CORNS, BUNIONS, ENLARGED JOINTS and all diseases of the feet cured by Dr. ZACHARIE, No. 580 Broadway.

Business Notices.

DO NOT WASTE YOUR MONEY buying any of the numerous worthless articles called Gold Pens which have flooded the market for the last few years, when at lower prices you can get pens which are acknowledged to be the BEST IN THE WORLD.

Avoid the shameless Upstarts whose lack of merit compels them to attempt IMITATION, *even in the advertisement*. If you want the full value of your money, see in another column: "The Pen is Mightier than the Sword."

COUGHS AND COLDS.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of Pulmonary and Bronchial affections. Experience having proved that simple remedies act speedily when taken in the early stage of disease, take at once BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, let the Cold, Cough or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight, as by this precaution a more serious attack may be effectually warded off.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

MOURNING EQUIPMENTS,

DRAPERY, DRAPED FLAGS,

SHIELDS, BADGES, ROSETTES,

and VARIOUS

MEMENTOES and MEMORIALS

of the

LAMENTED PRESIDENT.

FONSTON & SCOFIELD,

No. 9 Dey st.

Trade supplied on liberal terms.

FANCY CASSIMERES.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO CLOSE BUYERS

who want

CHOICE GOODS AT LOW FIGURES,

Our Large and Varied Stock of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

and VESTINGS,

has been marked to meet the market, and we are constantly adding

FRESH GOODS,

Laid in at Greatly Reduced Rates,

All of which we offer Very Low

FOR CASH.

HALSTED & STILES,

Importers and Jobbers,

Nos. 52 and 54 Murray st.

WHITCOMB'S REMEDY FOR ASTHMA is a sure cure. Ex-President Martin Van Buren was relieved from distressing paroxysms by its habitual use. It is not injurious.

Where you conquer one Moth now, you conquer a dozen in June—that is, you kill 'em before they're born. CEDAR CAMPHOR will do this act in one week, while CEDAR CAMPHOR. Every druggist sells it. Wholesale in New-York by LAZELL, MARSH & GARDINER.

The better part of Fashion, as well as of Wisdom, is Discretion. Ladies who think so should visit GENIN's this peerless Stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's FANCY HATS has been filled up with the freshest Paris styles, and marked down below the usual Broadway prices.

GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

DR. VON EISENBERG,

INVENTOR OF THE FAMOUS

ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,

FOR THE CURE OF ALL DISEASES OF THE EYE, EAR, CHRONIC CATARRH, LUNGS, THROAT, HEART AND CONSUMPTION.

May be consulted at his Consulting Rooms, No. 616 BROADWAY.

HEARING RESTORED by ONE APPLICATION with Dr. VON EISENBERG'S ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON.

PRICES REDUCED.

BALTIMORE FIRE PLACE HEATERS,

AMERICAN KITCHENERS, RANGES,

SCHOOLEY'S AMERICAN REFRIGERATORS,

BRICK and PORTABLE FURNACES,

at reduced prices until May 1.

RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & Co, No. 234 Water st.

Call and examine, or send for circular.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

Highest Premium Lock-Stitch

SEWING MACHINES AND BUTTON HOLE MACHINE.

No. 625 Broadway, New-York.

Prices reduced on all kinds of

CURTAIN MATERIALS.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 339 Broadway.

WINDOW SHADE FIXTURES,

Bray's Patent Self Acting,

Best in use.

Sold only by G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 339 Broadway.

SECOND-HAND SAFES FOR SALE,

CHEAP FOR CASH,

AT No. 100 MAIDEN LANE.

TRUSSES, ELASTIC STOCKINGS, SUSPENSORY BANDAGES, SUPPORTERS, &c.—MARSH & Co.'s Radical Cure Truss Office only at No. 2 Vesey st. Lady attendant.

BEAUTIFUL LIFE-LIKE PICTURES.

Cartes Vignette $3 per dozen; Duplicates $2. All negatives registered. R. A. LEWIS, No. 122 Chatham-st., N. Y.

HATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—The best in the world. Perfect, natural, reliable, harmless, and instantaneous effect. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all Druggists. Factory No. 81 Barclay st.

"THE LUNGS."

STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM is the only sure cure for Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption. It never fails to effect a permanent cure. For sale by J. C. WELLS & Co., No. 115 Franklin-st., N. Y. Dr. STRICKLAND'S Tonic cures the worst cases of Dyspepsia.

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY AND adaptability: Army and Navy furnished gratis with the best, by commendation of the Surgeon General U. S. Army, by E. D. HUDSON, M. D., Astor Place, Cooper Hall, N. Y.

SCHILBERG'S GERMAN OINTMENT—Warranted certain cure, without the slightest danger, for Piles, Old Wounds, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, all Bone and Skin Diseases &c. For sale at the Drug store, No. 96 Bowery, N. Y.

MARVIN'S NEW PATENT ALUM AND DRY PLASTER FIRE AND BURGLAR SILVER PLATE SAFES. Highly ornamental, and warranted perfectly dry. Also a large assortment of Bankers and Merchants' Safes.

MARVIN & Co., No. 265 Broadway.

We would call attention to the advertisement of WRIGHT, GILLIES & BROTHER, who are closing out the immense stock of TEAS and COFFEES at auction prices.

"WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS" cures Rupture radically. No pressure on the back; light, clean and easy. Pamphlets free for a stamp. GREGORY & Co., 630 Broadway.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, SPRING ROCKING-HORSES, CANTERING HORSES, BROWN'S BABY TENDERS, SELF OPERATING SWINGS and TOYS. TIFFANY, 550 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.—B. FRANK PALMER, LL.D., GIVES THE "BEST" PATENT LIMBS TO SOLDIERS—PARK Row, N.Y.; 1009 CHESTNUT-st., Phila.; 149 GREENE-st., Boston. COMMISSIONED BY SURGEON GENERAL BARNES, U. S. A.

GROVER & BAKER'S Highest Premium Elastic Stitch and Lock-Stitch SEWING MACHINES, No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 335 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

A SILENT SEWING MACHINE.

WILLCOX & GIBBS, No. 508 Broadway.

MARRIED.

BAKER—RUSSEL.—On Tuesday, April 18, by the Rev. Alex Leslie, Thomas Jefferson George W. Baker, M. D., of Brooklyn, and R. Annie, youngest daughter of the late Samuel Russel of this city.

HUGHES—McCLAIN.—In this city, on Monday, April 17, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. A. K. Sanford, Mr. William Hughes of Hammonton, N. J., to Miss Esther McClain of this city.

McGUVAINE—TOMPKINS.—At St. Mark's Church, Tuesday, April 18, by the Rev. Dr. A. H. Vinton, Edward Reed McGuvaine and Jane Wright, daughter of Daniel H. Tompkins, all of this city.

STEVENSON—MEGOWAN.—On Thursday, April 13, by the Rev. Andrew Stevenson, John J. Stevenson to Mary A. Megowan, all of this city.

DIED.

BURE.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, April 17, Edwin L. Burr, youngest child of the late Cornelius A. Burr, of inflammation of the bowels, aged 1 year, 6 months and 17 days.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, 19th inst., at 2 p. m. Relatives, fourth door south of Fulton-ave.

BROWN.—At New-Haven, Conn., on Monday, April 17, Henry F. Brown, in the 26th year of his age, lately of this city.

BEYEA.—At Harlem, suddenly, on Monday morning, April 17, Harry Jones, youngest son of Benjamin and Phebe Beyea, aged 7 years, 6 months and 20 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Thursday, at 12 o'clock, from St. Andrews Church, One hundred and twenty-second-st., between the Third and Fourth-aves.

His remains will be interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

HOPPER.—At Waverly, Hudson City, on Sunday, April 16, Mary, relict of Vincent Cropper, aged 76 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon at 4 o'clock, from her late residence, Palisade-ave., Waverly, Hudson City.

DE BAUN.—On Monday, April 17, Mrs. Jane DeBaun, aged 29 years, 4 months and 11 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her son in law, Jacob B. Crane, No. 23 Charlton-st., on Wednesday, the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m.

GILSON.—On Monday, April 17, William H. Gilson, esq., in the 40th year of his age.

The funeral services will be held at his late residence, No. 34 West Thirty-second-st., this (Wednesday) morning, 19th inst., at 10 o'clock.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further invitation.

His remains will be removed to Greenwood for interment.

HENLEY.—At Camp Ford, Texas, Dec. 3, 1864, while a prisoner in the hands of the enemy, Joseph B. Henley, Co. A., 165th Regiment New-York Volunteers, Second Battalion Zouaves, aged 29 years and 3 months.

Salem and Medina, Ohio and Norwalk, Conn., papers please copy.

HEDDEN.—On Monday, April 17, John Hedden, in the 71st year of his age.

I. O. O. F.—The members of Empire Lodge No. 64 I. O. O. F. are respectfully requested to meet at their Lodge room, Odd Fellows' Hall, at 12 o'clock this day, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, John Hedden.

E. S. RALPHS, N. G.

A. HALSEY PLUMMER, Secretary.

LORD.—At Brownhill, Saddleworth, Yorkshire, England, on February 2, Marshall, infant son of Samuel and Sarah Annie Lord of New-York City, aged 3 months.

MUCHMORE.—At Astoria, on Tuesday, April 18, of inflammation of the lungs, Emma A., wife of W. Fletcher Muchmore, and daughter of Isaac Bird of Morristown, N. J.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of W. F. Muchmore, at Astoria, on Thursday, the 20th inst., at 10:30 a. m.

Boats leave Peck-slip at 9:15. Also at the M. E. Church, Morristown, Saturday, April 22, 12 m. Trains leave foot of Barclay-st., at 8:30; return at 3.

Morristown papers please copy.

PLUMMER.—At Bethpage, L. I., on second day, 17th inst., John Plummer, in the 82d year of his age.

His relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral from Friends Meeting House at that place on sixth day, the 21st inst., at 11 o'clock.

Carriages will be in waiting at Farmingdale on the arrival of the 9 o'clock train from James-slip, New-York.

POLHEMUS.—In Brooklyn, suddenly, on Sunday evening, April 16, Theodore Polhemus, jr., in the 50th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock from his late residence, Fifth-ave., corner Carroll-st.

TRUESDELL.—Near Sing Sing, Monday, April 17, 1865, Henrietta, wife of Edward D. Truesdell, in her 51st year.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral without further invitation, on Thursday, 20th inst., at 1½ o'clock.

Carriages will be in attendance at Sing Sing on the arrival of the train that leaves Thirtieth-st. at 11:30 a. m.

TYLER.—At Barrytown, N. Y., on Monday, April 17, Capt. George Calvert Tyler, aged 51 years.

Philadelphia and St. Louis papers please copy.

VAIL.—On Monday, April 17, David Olyphant Vail, in his 32d year, lately of China.

His relatives and friends, and those of his father in law, J. Cullen Van Rensselaer, are invited to attend his funeral, without further notice on Wednesday, the 19th inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., from his late residence, No. 60 East Thirty-sixth-st.

WATKIS.—On Tuesday, April 18, Lewis Watkis, in the 67th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 47 East Thirty-fourth-st., on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Special Notices.

The Father Matthew Total Abstinence Benefit Society, No. 1, of Brooklyn, held a meeting at their New Temperance Institute, Hamilton-ave., near Hicks-st., last evening, when the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Abraham Lincoln, the President of the United States, has been dastardly murdered by the hands of a cowardly and ruthless assassin; and,

Whereas, This Society profoundly realizes the greatness of the affliction which Divine Providence, through this visitation, has permitted to fall upon the Nation; and esteem it to be our duty, as citizens of this great Republic, to give formal expression to its sense; therefore,

Resolved, That we regard the death of Abraham Lincoln, at this juncture, and under all the circumstances attending it, as a calamity, not only to the American people, but to the civilized world. The kindly and generous nature which he exhibited in his personal character, and the patriotic integrity of purpose, unswerving devotion, high courage and enduring hope, which he manifested in his public career during the four years of unprecedented trial he administered the Government, endeared him to the hearts of the whole people, and disarmed all partisan opposition. Never in his great office had he proved himself more worthy than in the day he was called away from it. Therefore it is that at his loss the sorrow of the American people is so profound, and their grief and mourning so sincere and universal.

Resolved, That while we bow, in humble submission, to the inscrutable decree of an All-Wise Providence, which has brought upon the nation this sad bereavement, we cannot refrain from expressing our sympathy with the feeling of horror and execration with which the Christian world must regard the foul assassin and his crime, and we hope that he and all who may have been connected with him in its conception and commission may be brought to a speedy and condign punishment, though we feel that no human punishment is adequate to the enormity of his or their offence.

Resolved, That we hold ourselves in readiness to take part in any proceedings the Common Council of this city may determine on, and that a Committee of Arrangements be appointed to wait on the Committee of Arrangements of the city to determine what position, if any, may be assigned to us on this sad and mournful occasion.

Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be published in *The New-York Herald* and TRIBUNE. By order of the Society.

HENRY MORGAN, President.

BERARD MARTIN, Recording Secretary.

At a Meeting of the Receiver of Taxes, Commissioners of Taxes and Assessment, the Assessors of Street Improvements and their respective Deputies and Clerks, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The hour of national triumph has been suddenly changed to national mourning by the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, whose faithful, earnest, and intelligent devotion to the preservation of the Union during the existing Rebellion has secured the patriotic respect of the American people; therefore

Resolved, That language is inadequate to convey our abhorrence of the crime, and our sincere sympathy for its illustrious victim, feeling that, had Providence extended his existence, he would have consummated a wise and magnanimous peace, as he had conducted a protracted but triumphant war.

Resolved, That we regard the attempt on the life of Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State, as a part of the desperate conspiracy against the liberties and existence of the Union, but confidently feel that they will survive the weapons of the assassin as they have the sword of the Rebels in the open field.

Resolved, That we respectfully tender to the family of the late President our deep sympathy for their irreparable loss, and to the kindred of the Secretary of State, our sincere condolence, and our earnest hope that his life will be spared to them and to his grateful country.

John Murphy, Receiver of Taxes; John P. Hone, John J. Gilbert, Deputy Receivers of Taxes; Jonathan W. Allen, C. d. Woodruff, Geo. H. Purser, Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments; Daniel E. Delevan, Morgan L. Harris, Daniel D. Conover, Assessors; William Allen, Clerk to Assessors; Cassar C. Childs, Samuel T. McKinney, Warren Brady, Samuel Jarrett, David W. Allen, Gershon Cobes, David Miller, George L. Lentell, William H. Howenstein, Porter C. Sherman, George Kesler, Conrad Swartzhauer, Deputy Discharging Commissioners; Wm. T. Black, Surveyor; E. J. Cadwell, James Andrews, jr., Charles W. Welsh, John S. Nye, Richard G. Newkirk, Robert A. Grant, Gregory Conner, Henry G. Leask, Andrew J. Blakely, jr., Robert Withers, Herbert A. Vredenburgh, Jas. A. Cornelius, Myndert Van Buren, John M. Fox, Jas. J. Burke, H. J. Hepworth, Dan'l P. Pentz, L. K. Collins, Clerks to Receiver of Taxes.

At a Meeting OF THE MOZART HALL GENERAL COMMITTEE, held at Mozart Hall on the 17th day of April, pursuant to a call of the Executive Committee, the following resolutions were offered by the Hon. JOHN McCOOL, and were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The President of the United States has been