COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—June 15.

U. S. 6s, 1867.
33,000.....128
U.S. 6s, '68, reg.
6,000.....128
U. S. 6s, '81, coup.
5,000.....110¼
U.S.6s, 5-20 cp.,'62
16,000.....102
55,000.....102¼
U.S.6s, 5-20 cp.'64
4,500.....102¼
U.S.6s,5-20cp.,'65.
1,000.....102¼
103,000.....102¼
U.S.5s,10-40 cp.
20,000.....96¾
Treasury 7 3-10s.
1st series.
3,000.....102
18,000.....102¼
2d series.
40,000.....102
31,000.....102¼
3d series.
5,000.....102
37,000.....102¼
10,000 2d call 102¾
Brooklyn C.6s,w.i.
4,000.....94
Missouri 6s.
5,000.....79
Tennessee 6s.
18,000.....95
10,000.....95¼
N. Carolina 6s.
1,000.....84¼
5,000.....85
Ohio & Miss. Cer.
30,000.....28
Mich. So. & N. I. 7s.
5,000.....96
Chi. & N. W. 1st M
1,000.....86
T. & W. 1st M Ex
2,000.....90
Pitts. Ft.W.&C. 3
10,000.....85¼
N.J. Cen. 1st mtg.
3,000.....102

Miss. & Mo. L.G.b.
10,000.....59
Buff.N.Y.&E.1st
1,000.....94¼
Ocean Bank.
40.....100
Phenix Bank.
22.....104
Im. & Traders Bk.
5.....113
Bk. Commonw'th.
50.....102
Fourth Na. Bank.
70.....103¾
Bank of Commerce
30.....114
Canton
1,000.....58¼
500.....53
500.....58¼
200.....58¼
West. Union Tel
400.....56¼
200..2d call..56¼
Del.& H. Canal.
50.....154¼
Mariposa pref.
100.....10. 24¼
100.....b10. 24¼
100..2d call..24¼
Boston Water Pr.
200.....50
500.....50¼
100.....b30. 50¼
100.....b10. 50¼
100..2d call..49¾
100.....50
N. Y. Central.
700.....98¾
500.....98¼
100.....s60. 97
Mil.&St.Paul pref.
100.....72
Mil. & St. P.
26.....55
Tol. W. & West.
100.....35
Mar. & Cin., 1st pf
200.....39¼

Erie.
1,400.....60¼
50.....60¾
100.....60¾
100.....b60. 61¼
100.....61¼
500.....61¼
Hudson River.
100.....110¾
100.....110¼
Reading.
1,200.....103¾
Mich. Central.
50.....100
Mich.South.& N.I
300.....79¼
Ill. Central.
800.....121¾
Cleve. & Pitts.
200.....82
Stonington.
50.....111
Chic. & N.W.
500.....33¼
800.....30¾
Clev., Col. & Cin.
20.....117
Cleve. & Toledo.
300.....104¼
Chic. & R. I.
100.....92¾
200.....93
100.....c. 93¼
200.....93¼
100.....94
100.....93¼
300..2d call. 94
100.....b10. 94
Del. Lack. & W.
30.....147½
Chic. Bur. & Q.
100.....117¾
20.....117
F. P. W. & Chic.
20.....98
1,000.....97¼
100.....b10. 97¼
Chic. & Alton.
100.....96

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

U. S. 6s 5-20 c., '65.
35,500.....102¾
U. S. 5s, 10-40 c.
2,500.....96¼
Treas. Notes 7.30s.
1st series.
10,000.....102¾
Canton.
200.....59¾
Mariposa preferred
100.....24
Reading
100.....109¼

Atlantic Mail.
200.....130
Boston Water Pw'r
100.....b30. 50
N. Y. Central.
100.....98¾
50.....98¼
Erie.
500.....61¼
200.....b30. 61¼
100.....61¼
West. Union Tel.
200.....57¼
100.....57¼

Illinois Central.
100.....122
Chicago & N. W
400.....30¾
Chic. & N. W. pref
100.....52¼
Chicago & R. I.
200.....94
300.....93¾
Mariposa pref.
200.....24

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

Ohio and Miss. Ce.
10,000.....28
Canton.
100.....60¼
100.....b30. 60¼
100.....60
Spruce Hill.
100.....4¼
100.....4¼
West Union Tel.
100.....57¼
700.....57
Boston Water Pr.
500.....b10. 50
N. Y. Central.
80.....98¾
300.....98¼
100.....s30. 98¾
300.....s30. 98¾

N. Y. S. 7s, B. L.
5,000.....102¾
N. Carolina 6s.
10,000.....86
Erie.
200.....61¼
100..2d call. 61¼
Cleve. & Toledo.
1,000.....105
Chicago & R. I.
240.....94
200.....94
300.....93¾
Chic. & Alton.
100.....96
Mil. & St. Paul. Pr
100.....72¼

OPEN BOARD OF BROKERS—1 P. M.

Ohio & Miss. Cer.
10,000.....27¾
10,000.....s3. 27¾
Boston Water P'r
100.....b10. 48¾
Spruce Hill.
100.....s30. 4¼
200.....4¼
Quicksilver.
100.....c. 51
100.....51
N. Y. Central.
200.....98¾

Erie.
200.....61¾
100.....b3. 61¾
Mich. So. & N. I.
200.....79¼
200.....s3. 79¾
100.....b10. 79¾
Clev. & Pitts.
1,200.....82
400.....b3. 82
Cleve. & Toledo.
200.....104¼

Chic. & R. I.
40.....93
200.....93¾
100.....93¾
100.....93¾
100.....94
100.....93¾
300..2d call. 94
100.....b10. 94
Chic. & N. W.
800.....30¾
200.....s3. 30¾
300.....b3. 30¾
100.....b10. 30¾
500.....30¾

OPEN BOARD OF BROKERS—3½ P. M.

Canton
300.....60¼
100.....b10. 60¼
100.....b3. 60¼
Erie.
400.....s3. 60¼
500.....s3. 60¼
500.....60¼
800.....60¼
400.....b3. 60¼
300.....s3. 60¼

Cleve. & Pitts.
400.....82¼
200.....b15. 82¾
Chic. & Rock Isld.
400.....94
600.....b3. 94
300.....93¾
400.....s3. 93¾
200.....b10. 94
200.....93¾

West. Un. Tel.
100.....56¾
100.....b3. 56¾
Chic. & N.W.
100.....b3. 30¼
100.....s3. 30¾
Chic. & N.W. pref.
200.....59¾
300.....b3. 59¾
Mariposa pref.
200.....24

FRIDAY, June 15—P. M.

Gold sold as high as 149¾, which is the highest quotation since April 27, 1865, and closed at 147¾, and as much ⅞ per cent paid for the use of cash gold. This advance is partially based upon the inflation of the currency which has been made since the close of the Rebellion, and should stimulate Congress and the Treasury to take immediate steps to fund the legal tenders and compound notes, and produce a steady contraction of the currency. Gold-bearing Government stocks were only steady under the advance in gold. The 7.30s and compound notes are all steady and wanted by investing parties. Tennessee and North Carolina bonds are higher. In Railway mortgages little doing, and only small lots of Bank shares to be had. Canton Co. was quite active. Mariposa Preferred sold at 24¼. Erie was bought freely by a small clique, and as high as 61¾ paid. This stock is largely oversold, and is by this fact sustained above its intrinsic value. Rock Island was also put up to 94, an advance of 3 per cent. The rest of the market was tame and no disposition shown to operate. After the call prices were lower, and the street relapsed into its former dullness. At the Second Board the market was inactive and the changes unimportant. After the call Erie broke and sold as low as 60, and closed heavy. The balance of the market closed dull at quotations: Ohio Certificates, 27¾@27¾; Canton, 60@60¼; Cumberland Coal, 44¾@45; Quicksilver, 50¾@51¼; Mariposa, 11¾@12; Mariposa Preferred, 23¾@24; New-York Central, 98¾@98¾; Erie, 60@60¼; Hudson River, 110; Reading, 109¼@109¾; Michigan Southern, 79¾@79¾; Illinois Central Scrip, 121@122; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 82¾@82¾; Cleveland and Toledo, 104¾@105¼; Rock Island, 93¾@94; North-Western, 30¾@30¾; North-Western Preferred, 59¾@59¾; Fort Wayne, 97@97¼.

Money is abundant at 4@5 per cent, and more is offered than can be used at the rate. In commercial bills no change. The price for best names is 5¼@6¼, with occasional sales of very short paper at 5 per cent.

Exchange is fairly active and rather favors the buyer. London, prime bankers, 60 days, 109¼@109¾; London, prime bankers, sight, 111@111¼; Paris, bankers, long, 5.03¾; Paris, bankers, short, 5.06¼; Antwerp, 5.10; Swiss, 5.10; Hamburg, 37¼; Amsterdam, 42¾; Frankfort, 43¼; Bremen, 80@80¼; Berlin, 75¼@75¾.

Freights are dull. The engagements to Liverpool are 3,000 bush. Corn at 3¾d., and per steamer, 7,000 bush. Corn at 4d. The charters are a bark, with 2,500 bbls. Petroleum, to Cork, and for orders at 5s., if to a port in the United Kingdom, or 5s. 6d. if to the Continent. A bark, with 60,000 Staves, to Lisbon, at $36 25.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was: Receipts, $948,662 67—for Customs, $409,000; Payments, $463,933; Balance, $91,516,217 81—Gold Notes, $452,000.

The following will show the amount of canal tolls received at Buffalo, from the opening (May 1) to June, from

1861	$254,156 05	1864	$300,312 00
1862	428,078 78	1865	194,100 00
1863	456,196 98	1866	209,392 16

The tolls received for the first week in June, 1866, were $73,645 52.

The delay of the Treasury Department in funding the short currency debt, excites remark upon the street, and much comment as to the sincerity of the Secretary's professions in regard to specie payments. The consolidated five per cent delusion has passed from the mind of Mr. McCulloch and the people, and the sooner he gets to work, in the spirit of a business man, ready to pay the current price for money, the better it will be for the people and the Treasury. Nor does he lack authority in the premises. The latest legislation is as follows:

AN ACT to amend an Act entitled "An Act to Provide Ways and Means to Support the Government," approved March 3, 1865:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An Act to Provide Ways and Means to Support the Government," approved March 3, 1865, shall be extended and construed to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury, at his discretion, to receive any Treasury notes or other obligations issued under an act of Congress, whether bearing interest or not, in exchange for any description of bonds authorized by the act to which this is an amendment, and also to dispose of any description of bonds authorized by said act, either in the United States or elsewhere, to such an amount, in such manner, and at such rates as he may think advisable, for lawful money of the United States, or for any Treasury notes, certificates of indebtedness, or certificates of deposit, or other representatives of value which may have been issued under any act of Congress, the proceeds thereof to be used only for retiring Treasury notes or other obligations issued under any act of Congress. But nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize an increase of the public debt; provided, that of United States notes not more than $10,000,000 may be retired and cancelled within six months from the passage of this act, and thereafter not more than $4,000,000 in any one month. And provided, further, that the act to which this is an amendment shall continue in force in all its provisions, except as modified by this act.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall report to Congress, at the commencement of the next session, the amount of exchange made or money borrowed under this act, and of whom, and on what terms; and also the amount and character of indebtedness retired under this act and the act to which this is an amendment, with a detailed statement of the expense of making such loans and exchanges.

Under this act the Secretary has the power to issue *a forty-year six per cent gold bearing Bond*, with which he can fund enough compound notes and other short currency debt to have a decided influence upon the flood of currency which now demoralizes business. He cannot expect to have an easier money market than now awaits him, nor the more favorable opportunity to distribute a series of bonds attractive to capitalists, alike by the rate of interest and length of the bond. The rate of interest to be paid upon bonds enough to put out of the way the short currency debt of the Treasury is no object in comparison to the advantages to be obtained by making some earnest steps towards specie payments, and of getting the National debt where it can be reduced from the surplus of income in future years. The moment Mr. McCullough commences this imperative duty he will be seconded by the people, who from speculators will be changed to producers of wealth in all forms, and upon which the credit of the nation will rest with a security now wanting in a great degree. The paper bubble must be pricked and collapse at some time, and fewer sufferers by a change in values from paper to gold will be found now than at any future day. He is called upon as the manager of the finances, in the interest of the solvent and laboring part of the nation to get the debt in order and the currency back to an equivalent of gold with the smallest delay. The extent to which the circulating money has been inflated during the past year is not generally comprehended, and can only be properly understood by comparing the amounts in use in June, 1865, and now. The currency in legal-tenders and National bank notes compares as follows:

	June, 1865.	June, 1866.
Legal-Tenders	$449,160,000	$402,000,000
National Bank Notes	135,367,000	277,000,000
Total	$584,467,000	$679,000,000
Increase		110,533,000

The changes have been a decrease of $31,000,000 of legal tenders, and an increase of $142,000,000 of irredeemable notes issued by "institutions" scattered about the country. This currency now fills every avenue of commerce, and has become, for want of an efficient system of redemption, a burden upon the banks of the Atlantic cities, and recent cases are cited, where it has been loaned free of interest for eight or ten days, to get in return something with which the lending bank could pay its debts to the Clearing-House. Now currency, which can only be got into bankable shape by this process, is sheer "wild cat," and it is idle to call it "secured," and "redeemable in legal tenders," when the holder is obliged to go to the center of a swamp in Iowa to find the issuing bank to get it redeemed. Congress has a single duty in this matter, and is bound to perform it, in spite of the outcry sure to be made, as soon as financiers under the National system are obliged to redeem their circulation in a practical form. The power granted to issue circulation under the law is too large, and has been used and abused to an extent which calls for immediate reform, and an enforced contraction down to a point where, with money in demand at legal rates, the daily redemption of currency will be brought to a nominal sum. Congress should at once remove all restrictions upon the Secretary as to retiring legal tenders, and give him power to put $100,000,000 of them into funded debt at such a rate of interest as will secure to him $100,000,000 as soon as he can print bonds in exchange for them. Redemption in the Atlantic cities would soon wind up the kiting banks, which now foster speculation and check the development of the resources of the nation, and at an early day there would remain nothing but a solvent mass of banks issuing a circulation of uniform value, and equal to legal tenders. This is what was intended under the system, but it has not been realized. Instead of this has been produced a swarm of banks using a currency so far from redeemable that in a majority of cases redemption is only feasible after the death of the bank issuing the notes. As the abuses of the National system are its most profitable parts, reform will be resisted with great energy; but Congress will fill in its duty to the true interests of the country if it does not promptly make National bank notes equal to Treasury notes in the Atlantic cities.

The Union Trust Company of New-York have declared a dividend of four per cent free of Government tax, payable on the second day of July, next.

The Government has authorized Mr. H. S. Welles of the Brunswick (Georgia) and Florida Railroad to repossess the rails removed by the Confederates during the war. The Brunswick and Florida Railroad will now be laid down to a distance controlling the timber districts.

The traffic of the Chicago and Great Eastern Railway for the first week in June, 1866, $28,050 78; 1865, 19,237 53; Increase, $8,813 25.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hudson River Railroad, held on June 11, 1866, the following named gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year: Cornelius Vanderbilt, Wm. H. Vanderbilt, Horace F. Clark, Augustus Schell, John M. Tobin, D. Thos. Vail, J. H. Banker, Oliver Charlick, Smith Barker, jr., Wm. A. Kissam, Joseph Harker, M. H. Sanford, John Steward. Subsequently, Cornelius Vanderbilt was reëlected President, and Wm. H. Vanderbilt, Vice-President.

The Cincinnati Gazette of Wednesday says:

There was a moderate demand for exchange, but the market generally was heavy. The demand for money was in excess of the supply, and the market worked close at 10@12 per cent at the regular houses for acceptable depositors' paper. Within a few days past the Government has transferred about $3,000,000 in currency from the depository in this city to the East. The balance here now is something over $4,000,000.

The Chicago Tribune of Wednesday says:

The stringency in the money market continues to increase, and both bankers and merchants are complaining of a scarcity of currency. Deposits have visibly fallen off within a week, and yet the demand from Milwaukee and other country bankers continues as active as ever. This morning the pressure was so great that nearly all the leading banks telegraphed to New-York for currency, so that we may expect a change in the condition of affairs within a few days. The rate of discount at the banks is steady at 10 per cent per annum, but street rates are firm at 1@1½ per cent per month. The market for Eastern exchange was flat and lower. Early in the day large sales were made among bankers at ¼ discount, but in the afternoon there were more buyers than sellers at that price. Counter rates were irregular, ranging from ¼@¾ discount, buying, and par selling. A few banks purchased of some customers at 1-10 discount, but this was an exceptional rate. At the close of banking hours, in view of the fact that most of the bankers had telegraphed for currency, there was a better feeling in the market for exchange, and rates were firmer.

The movement of Dry Goods at this port for the past week has been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION.

Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.	Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.
Wool	620	$278,155	Flax	922	$213,369
Cotton	460	137,340	Miscellaneous	290	51,100
Silk	134	143,718			
Total				2,497	$817,924

WITHDRAWALS.

Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.	Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.
Wool	475	$162,787	Flax	367	$85,121
Cotton	229	71,148	Miscellan's	15	4,774
Silk	75	87,117			
Total				1,172	$430,447

WAREHOUSED.

Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.	Manuf. of	Pkgs.	Value.
Wool	1,444	$629,035	Flax	635	$184,550
Cotton	731	196,696	Miscellaneous	2,829	48,937
Silk	149	132,551			
Total				5,788	$1,191,769

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS, 30 Wall-street, New-York. (Formerly officers of the Park Bank.) Four per cent interest allowed on deposit.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorpo rated Bank.

PERSONS KEEPING ACCOUNTS may DEPOSIT and DRAW as they please, and will be allowed Interest on their daily balance at 4 per cent.

COLLECTIONS made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the PURCHASE or SALE of the various Government and other Stocks, Bonds and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

Markets—CAREFULLY REPORTED FOR THE N. Y. TRIBUNE.

FRIDAY, June 15, 1866.

ASHES—The market is firm and moderately active, at $7 75@$7 87½ for Pots and $15@$15 50 for Pearls.

CANDLES are in moderate demand and firm at 22@23c. for Adamantine; 40c. for Sperm, and 50c. for Patent.

COFFEE—There has been rather more doing in Rio to-day, but prices are heavy and most of the transactions are forced; we note 198 bags Campanero at 15½c., gold, duty paid; 746 bags ex Alpha, and 1,451 ex P. C. Warwick on private terms. The cargo of Government Java per Sea Mist, which has been for some time on the market, is finally sold out, part at 25c., gold; the lot foots up about 10,000 pockets (gross); the sales were made in Boston, partly on New-York account.

COTTON—The business has been fair, and prices remain steady, the continued high rate of gold enabling holders to maintain the market; sales of 2,500 bales on a basis of 40@41c. for Middling Uplands and Gulfs, and 42c. for do. Orleans.

COPPER—American Ingot has been in good demand, and prices are firm at 31@32c. for Baltimore and Lake; New Sheathing and Yellow Metal are unchanged.

FISH—The supply of Dry Cod is limited, and with a fair demand prices are well sustained; we quote at $7@$7 62½ for St. George's; no Grand Bank in the market. Mackerel are hardly so firm, owing to the large stock of No. 3 Massachusetts on hand; sales of 500 bbls. at $13 50@$14 for New No. 3 Bay, and $19@$19 50 for Old No. 1 do. Box Herrings ship in brisk demand and firm; sales of 4,000 boxes at 55c. for No. 1, and 45c. for Scaled.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The inquiry for Western and State Flour is less active, and prices are irregular. Unsound is lower and dull, while sound Spring Wheat Extras are firmer and in demand; the sales are 5,800 bbls. at $6 55@$7 25 for Superfine State; $7 50@$8 50 for Extra do.; $8 75@$9 80 for Fancy do.; $7 90@$8 20 for the low grades of Western Extra; $8@$9 50 for Shipping Ohio; $10@$13 00 for Trade and Family brands, and $14@$17 for St. Louis Extras. Canadian Flour is more active but irregular; Common grades are easier, but good Club Extras are better and in demand; sales of 650 bbls. at $9 65@$10 for the low grades of Extra, and $10 10@$13 25 for Trade and Family do. Southern Flour is moderately active, but without material change in prices; sales of 400 bbls. at $10 30@$11 90 for mixed to good Superfine Country Baltimore, &c., and $12 10@$17 for Trade and Family brands. Rye Flour is firm and in fair demand; sales of 300 bbls. at $6@$6 75. Corn Meal is firm and in fair demand; sales of 350 bbls. at $5 for Brandywine.

FRUIT—Raisins are dull and heavy at $3 75 for Bunch per box, and $4 10 for Layers; other descriptions are dull and unchanged; sales of 27@47c. for Almonds; 13@14c. for Currants, and 22@23c. for Citron.

GRAIN—There has been an improvement in the demand for Wheat to-day; the market was quite excited, and prices are 3@5c. per bush. better on choice Spring; the sales are 21,000 bush. Chicago Spring at $1 70@$1 85; 7,000 bush No. 2 Milwaukee at $2 12; 14,000 bush. No. 1 do. at $2 20@$2 22, and 11,000 bush. Amber do. at $2 33@$2 35. Barley and Barley Malt are both dull and nominal. Oats are unsettled and are easier; the demand is fair; sales of 70,000 bush. at 52@53c. for Chicago; 54@55c. for Milwaukee, and 80c. for Canadian. Rye is in more active demand, and prices are firmer; sales of 26,000 bush. at 99c@$1 05 for Western and $1 25 for Canadian. Corn is in less active demand, and in the absence of any arrivals to-day prices are 1@2c. better; the decline in freights stimulates the demand for export, and the market closes firm; sales of 82,000 bush. at 79@85c. for Unsound, and 86@89c. for New Mixed Western in store and afloat. Since 'Change the market for Spring Wheat ruled quite firm, owing to the limited supply on hand. Winter is firm and in demand; we note sales of 3,000 bush. White Michigan at $3 10. Corn is generally held at 90c. for New Mixed Western. Oats are quite unsettled; prime Chicago were offered (since Change) quite freely at 51@52c., but on the receipt of a telegram from Schenectady reporting a break in the canal, a firmer feeling prevailed, and the market closes at 52@53c.; sales were made as low as 50c.

HAY—The market is firm, with a good demand at 55@60c. for Shipping, and 65@75c. for retail lots.

HIDES—The market is somewhat unsettled; sales of 2,000 R. G. at 35c., gold; 8,000 Central American at 16c., currency.

HOPS are firm and in good demand for home consumption; we quote at 50@55@70c., as to growth and quality; sales of 200 bales.

IRON—Pig is firm and in demand at $44@$45 for No. 1 American, and $44@$47 for do. Scotch.

LEAD—The market for Pig is dull but steady at $6 62½@$6 87½ for English; $6 62½ for German Refined and Spanish; Bar at 10c., and Sheet and Pipe at 12c.

LIME—Rockland is in good demand and firmer; sales of 3,000 bbls. Common at $1 60, and 500 bbls. Lump at $2 10.

MOLASSES—Prices are firm and the demand very fair; sales of 300 hhds. Porto Rico on private terms; 236 hhds. Trinidad at 54c; and, late last evening, 200 hhds. Sagua at 54c.

NAVAL STORES—Spirits Turpentine is easier, but fairly active at the decline; sales of 260 bbls. at 84@91c., cross paid, and 70c., in bond. Rosins are more active and firmer; sales of 1,600 bbls. at $3@$3 12½ for Common; $3 37½@$3 50 for Strained; $4 50 for No. 2, and $7 for No. 1. Domestic Tar is firm and in fair request at $2 62½@$3 25.

OILS—Linseed is dull and heavy at $1 50@$1 58 for City; $1 30@$1 40 for Crude Whale, and $2 12 for dec. Sperm. Lard Oil is firm but quiet at $1 45@$2 05 for No. 2, No. 1 and Prime.

PETROLEUM—The market is quite active and better; sales of 5,000 or 6,000 bbls. Crude at 27c. Refined, in bond, 42@43c., and 56@60c. for do., free.

PROVISIONS—There has been a very good demand for Pork to-day; prices have improved, but at the close are hardly so firm; for future delivery we hear of sales of 1,500 bbls. Mess at $32@$32 25, seller July; $32 50, buyer July; $32@$32 25, seller August, and 1,000 bbls. do., seller all the year, at $30, the sales, cash and regular, are 9,300 bbls. at $32@$32 12½ for Mess, and $31 for uninspected City. Beef is firm and in fair demand; sales of 175 bbls. at $12@$14 for Old Plain Mess; $16@$21 for New do.; $14@$17 for Old Extra, and $20@$24 for New do. Three Beef and Beef Hams are dull and nominal. Cut Meats are not very active but firmly held; sales of 50 pkgs. Shoulders at 14c. Bacon is dull, owing to the small supply; holders are firm in their views, and demand an advance; yesterday afternoon 50 boxes Short-Ribbed sold at 16½c. Lard continues dull and irregular; Western has sold at 16c. decline, while City ruled firm; sales of 600 pkgs. at 20@20½c. for No. 1, 21@21½c. for City; 22@22½c. for fair to prime Steam, and 22@22½c. for Kettle-Rendered, the inside rate being accepted for a round lot prime.

AFTERNOON PROVISION MARKET, 5 O'CLOCK—There was an active demand for Pork, and prices are very firm; sales of 4,000 bbls. Mess at $32 12½@$32 25, closing at the latter rate. Beef was quiet. Bacon and Cut Meats firmly held. Lard dull and nominal.

RICE—The market is dull and heavy for large lots in bond, owing to the heavy receipts from Europe, both present and prospective; prices are nominal; for small lots, duty paid, the market is firm.

SUGARS—Holders have advanced their views to 10¼@10c. for fair to good refining, which produces a dullness, as buyers are unwilling to meet them; the transactions embrace 400 hhds. at 9¾@10c., for Cuba, and 400 boxes Havana on private terms; Refined is firm at 16½c. for Hards.

TIN—There has been a large movement in Pig, and prices are firm; 9,000 slabs Straits and 2,000 Banca sold; Plates are firm and in demand.

TALLOW—The market is quite active and prices have advanced, closing firm; sales of 170,000 lb at 12@12½c. for Western, and 12½@12½c. for City.

TOBACCO—The advance in gold has caused a better inquiry; sales of 237 hhds. Kentucky at 7@22c.; 100 bales Havana at 55@90c.

WHISKY—The market is dull and prices are nominal at $2 22½ for State and $2 20½ for Western.

Family Markets,

OR LIVING EXPENSES IN NEW-YORK.

FRIDAY, June 15—P. M.

Warmer weather is bringing forward the fruits and vegetables, adding sweetness to the strawberries, and ripening off the cherries. The strawberry crop is likely to be light, and prices are higher to-day than one week ago. Cherries are now in market from New-Jersey, and give promise of a good supply. Fine ones are generally selling at 30@35c. Green apples are on sale from Norfolk, but market men say they dent sell—that people eat them "cholera pills." Meats, though grass-fed, are cheaper at wholesale, are retailing much as last week; poultry cheaper at the close; Hens, they say, have struck for higher wages, and have carried their points. Sand have passed out of market. Teas are about 5c. lower, or quite likely a poorer article is substituted. Long Island peas are in market, with New-Jersey cabbages, beets and carrots. Coal is stiffer at wholesale, and quite likely the retail prices will be advanced. Probably the present is the best time to lay in for Winter. We quote:

BREAD AND CRACKERS.

	Cents.		Cents.
Bread, wheat loaf	5@10	Crackers, Bos'n, ℔ lb	20
Rye loaf	10	Butter, ℔ lb	16@17
Biscuit, milk, ℔ lb	20@21	Graham, ℔ lb	14@16
Extra Pilot, ℔ lb	10@12	Soda, ℔ lb	12@13
Crackers, sweet, ℔ lb	16@20	Snaps, ginger, ℔ lb	20@22

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Cheese, ℔ lb	22@26	Medium	35@40
Pot, ℔ cake	22@	Cooking	28@30
Butter, prime, ℔ lb	42@45	Eggs, ℔ doz	25

FISH—FRESH.

Bass, striped, ℔ lb	15@20	Halibut, ℔ lb	15@20
Sea, ℔ lb	10@12	Mackerel, each	10@15
Blue Fish, ℔ lb	8@10	Porgies, ℔ lb	8@10
Cod, ℔ lb	8@10	Salmon, ℔ lb	5 @60
Eels, ℔ lb	12@15	Sturgeon, ℔ lb	8@10
Flounders, ℔ lb	8@10	Weak Fish, ℔ lb	8@10
Haddocks, ℔ lb	8@10		

FISH—DRY, SMOKED, SHELL, ETC.

Alewives, sm'k'd, ℔ bch	12	Mackerel, salt, each	12@18
Cod, Dry, ℔ lb	8@10	Salt, kit	$2 00@$3 50
Pickled, ℔ lb	10	Smoked, ℔ lb	16@18
Clams, hard, ℔ 100	50@75	Oysters, common stew,	
Crabs, soft, ℔ doz	$1 75	℔ 100	75@$1 25
Eels, smoked, ℔ bunch	20@25	Frying, ℔ 100	$1 50@$2 00
Frogs, ℔ doz	50@$1	Saddle Rock,	
Halibut, smoked, ℔ lb	20@25	do. ℔ 100	$3 00@$4 00
Herrings, smoked ℔	10@20	Pickled, ℔ 100	$2 50@$3 00
bunch	75@80	Salmon, smoked, ℔ lb	25@30
Scaled, ℔ box	25@10	Pickled, ℔ lb	23@26
Lobster, ℔ lb	10@15	Sturgeon, smoked, ℔ lb	15@20

FLOUR, MEAL, ETC.

Wheat Flour,		Graham Flour, ℔ 7 lb	48@50
℔ bbl	$14 00@$16 50	Corn Starch, ℔ lb	14@16
℔ 25 lb bag	$1 75@$2 00	Farina, ℔ lb	12@16
℔ 7 lb	56@60	Hominy, ℔ lb	6@7
Beckers Self-Raising,		Indian, 7 lb	28@30
℔ 6-lb bag	50@53	Oatmeal, ℔ lb	7@8
Rye do., 7 lb	48@50	Samp, ℔ lb	8@9

FRUITS AND NUTS—DRY.

Apples, ℔ lb	18@24	Prunes, ℔ lb	16@22
Almonds, ℔ lb	40@50	Prunes, jars, ℔ lb	50@60
Cocoanuts, each	10@15	Raisins, ℔ lb	18@25
Peaches, ℔ lb	30@38	Zante Currants, ℔ lb	16@22

FRUITS—GREEN, CANNED, ETC.

Apples, ℔ ½ peck	60@$1 25	Lemons, ℔ doz	20@30
Bananas, ℔ doz	50@$1 50	Pineapples, each	20@50
Cherries, ℔ lb	25@40	Strawberries, ℔ qt	30@40
Gooseberries, ℔ qt	18@20	Small basket	10@12
Oranges, Sicily,		℔ 2½ qt. b'ket, fine	$1@$1 25
℔ doz	50@$1 25		

GROCERIES.

Chicory, ℔ lb	25	Green	$1 30@$2 00
Coffee, pure Java, ℔ lb	40@52	Tea, Japan	$1 20@$1 60
Mixed, ℔ lb	25@45	Candles, tallow, ℔ lb	22@23
Rye, &c., ℔ lb	12@15	Sperm, ℔ lb	60@65
Green Java, ℔ lb	40@45	Adamantine	32@35
Sugar, brown, ℔ lb	14@15½	Lard, ℔ lb	25@26
Light, ℔ lb	16@17½	Rice, ℔ lb	10@14
Crushed and pow-		Saleratus and Soda,	
dered, ℔ lb	17@18	Refined, ℔ lb	14@20
Maple, ℔ lb	20@25	Cream Tartar, ℔ lb	45@60
Sugar-house Sirup,		Salt, table, ℔ quart	5@6
℔ gal	1 35@$2 25	Soap, Fox bars, each	22@38
Maple Sirup, per quart		Small bars, each	9@12
bottle	75	Family, box, ℔ lb	12@15
Molasses, ℔ gal	75@$1 25	Soft, ℔ qt	2
Tea, Oolong and En-		Starch, ℔ lb	12@14
glish breakfast	90@$1 35	Tapioca, ℔ lb	20@25

MEATS—FRESH.

Beef, porter-house		Pork Kidneys, ℔ lb	12
steak, ℔ lb	35@40	Lard, leaf	23@24
Sirloin	25@35	Mutton, hind qr, ℔ lb	18@22
Round	20@25	Fore quarter, ℔ lb	15@18
Rib roast	20@20	Fore shoulder, ℔ lb	12@15
Cross rib, ℔ lb	18@20	Chops	25@30
Chuck rib	15@20	Haslet, Sheep, each	10
Plate and navel	15@20	Suet, ℔ lb	18@20
Stew pieces, ℔ lb	12@16	Tripe, ℔ lb	10@12
Soup pieces	12@15	Veal hind quar., ℔ lb	20@30
Liver	12	Fore quarter	15@20
Hearts, each	25@30	Cutlets	35@40
Pork, rat and skin	18@20	Loins	25@35
Pigs, roasters,		Sweet Bread, ℔ pair	25@30
each	$3 50@$5 00		

MEATS—SALT, SMOKED, ETC.

Pork, hams, ℔ lb	23@26	Head Cheese, ℔ lb	20
Bacon, ℔ lb	22@23	Sheep Tongues, ℔ doz	50@60
Shoulders, ℔ lb	20	Pigs feet, ℔ doz	60@70
Larded	22@23	Sausage, ℔ lb	20@22
Salt and corned, ℔ lb	19@21	Smoked, per lb	25
Beef, corned	15@25	Bologna, green, ℔ lb	19@20
Smoked, ℔ lb	30@32	Dry	75@$1
Tongues, each	$1 25@$2 00		

POULTRY AND GAME.

Chickens ℔ lb	25@30	Squab Pigeons, ℔ pair	75@$1
Broilers, ℔ pair	$1@$1 75	Snipe, English, Plover and	
Ducks, ℔ lb	30@37	Dowitch, ℔ pair	75@$1
Young, ℔ pair	$1 25@$1 50	Sand, ℔ doz	$1
Fowls, ℔ lb	22@25	Black-breasted, ℔ doz	$2
Ducks Co. ℔ lb	22@30	Terrapins, Virginia,	
Geese, ℔ lb	25@30	each	75@$2
Young, each	25	Brush, each	25@50
Pigeons, wild, ℔ doz	$2@$2 50	Turkeys, ℔ lb	25@30

VEGETABLES.

Asparagus, N. J. ℔ bch	25@30	Peas, shelled, ℔ qt	25@40
Oyster Bay, ℔ bunch	40@50	Potatoes, ℔ half peck	35@40
Beans, string, ℔ ½ peck	50	New Bermudas, ℔ ½ p	60
Beets, ℔ bunch	10	New, Southern, ℔ ½	
Cabbages, each	10@18	peck	70@75
Carrots, ℔ bunch	8@10	Radishes, ℔ bunch	1@4
Cauliflowers, each	50@$1	Black, ℔ bunch	4@5
Cucumbers, each	5@8	Rhubarb, ℔ bunch	8@10
Horse Radish, ℔ lb	35@40	Sage & Thyme, ℔ bch	3@5
Kohl-rabi, ℔ bunch	8@10	Sauer-Kraut, ℔ qt	6@