POLITICAL.

NEW YORK STATE UNION TICKET.

For Governor—Hon. REUBEN E. FENTON, Chautauqua;
For Lt. Governor—Gen. STEWART L. WOODFORD, Kings;
For Canal Com'r—Hon. STEPHEN T. HAYT, Steuben;
For Prison Inspector—Gen. JOHN HAMMOND, Essex.
Election, Tuesday, Nov. 6.

THE SOUTHERN LOYALISTS.

APPOINTMENTS FOR THE WEEK.

Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Tribune.

ALBANY, Sept. 16, 1866.

The delegation of the Southern Loyalists have accepted invitations to address meetings in the State of New-York as follows:

Monday, Sept. 17.

SCHENECTADY—Gov. Brownlow of Tennessee, the Hon. J. S. Fowler of Tennessee, Gen. R. H. Thomas of Tennessee, and the Rev. J. W. Hunstcutt of Virginia.

BALLSTON SPA—Col. Stokes of Tennessee and Judge Warmouth of Louisiana.

ROCHESTER—The Hon J. J. Stewart of Maryland, Col. Stenciell of Texas, Gen. Smith of Tennessee, and Col. Woodward of Mississippi.

UTICA—Gov. Hamilton of Texas, the Hon. H. Maynard of Tennessee, the Hon. C. H. Brancomb of Missouri, Col. Pope of Missouri and Col. Finnerty of Arkansas.

ROME—Judge Patterson of Tennessee and Col. Moss of Missouri.

AMSTERDAM—The Hon. Geo. Tucker of Virginia and the Rev. H. Bain of North Carolina.

UTICA—The Rev. J. P. Newman of Louisiana, the Hon. Albert Griffen of Alabama and P. E. Randolph of Virginia.

TROY—The Rev. B. Bohum of Tennessee will address the Germans.

Tuesday, September 18.

HUDSON—The Hon. George Tucker and the Rev. A. H. Bain.

POUGHKEEPSIE—Col. Stokes and Judge Warmouth.

WATERTOWN—Judge Patterson and Col. Moss.

SYRACUSE—The Hon. J. S. Fowler, P. E. Randolph and Col. Finnerty.

OSWEGO—Gov. Hamilton, Hon. C. Brancomb, and Hon. Albert Griffen.

AUBURN—Gov. Brownlow, Hon. Horace Maynard, Hon. J. J. Stewart, Newman, Thomas, and Woodward.

CANANDAIGUA—Smith, Stencil, and Hunnicutt.

BUFFALO—Rev. H. Bohum will address the Germans.

Wednesday, Sept. 19.

BUFFALO—Hamilton, Brownlow, Maynard, Thomas, Newman, Bohum, and Griffen.

ROCHESTER—Fowler, Warmouth, and Randolph.

LOCKPORT—Brancomb, Patterson, and Moss.

ALBION—Stokes and Hunnicutt.

WARSAW—Stewart and Finnerty.

DUNKIRK—Tucker and Bain.

ERIE, PA.—Stencil and Smith.

On Thursday evening the delegates will reunite at Cleveland, Ohio.

ALBANY, Sept. 16, 1866.

The delegation of Loyal Southerners traveling West arrived here yesterday afternoon, and in the evening several of them, including Charles H. Brancomb, Gov. Brownlow and Gov. Hamilton, addressed a meeting of citizens, who crowded the Assembly Chambers. United States Senator Harris presided.

The speeches were earnest and vehement in support of the Congressional policy as against that of the President, and were frequently applauded. An outside meeting was addressed by J. S. Fowler of Tennessee.

To-day several of the clergymen attached to the party preached in the churches, generally referring to the political topics of the day, and this evening the Rev. Mr. Newman, recently of this city but now of New-Orleans, preached to a large audience in Tweddle Hall from the text: "Surely the wrath of man shall praise thee," and the application to the present times and the existing political issues.

THE NATIONAL UNION SOLDIERS' CONVENTION.

PREPARATIONS AT PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 15.—The Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention, which is to be held here on the 25th inst., is creating immense enthusiasm. Extensive arrangements are being made for a grand display of flags, triumphal arches and illuminations. The hospitalities of the city will be freely offered to all who come. The City Hall will be handsomely decorated by the ladies, and a large wigwam is being constructed for the accommodation of the delegates and spectators. The "Boys in Blue" throughout Allegheny County are organizing rapidly to take part in the public demonstration. Letters received daily by the Chairman of the Resident Committee, Gen. James S. Negley, indicate a tremendous military representation and outpouring of the people. It is suggested that officers and men attend the Convention in uniform. Veterans, not commissioned, are entitled by act of Congress to wear the insignia of the Lieutenant's rank.

RAILROAD FARE—A GRAND ENCAMPMENT—FIVE DAYS' RATIONS.

Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—Arrangements have been made with the Pennsylvania Central and Philadelphia and Erie Railroads to carry delegates to and from the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention at Pittsburgh [illegible] Sept. 22 to 30 inclusive. Similar arrangements are being made with all roads leading to that city. The President Committee at Pittsburgh are making ample arrangements to provide for the great masses that will attend the Convention. Through Pennsylvania and Ohio the veterans of each city and town are organizing, intending to make encampments in true army fashion. Haversacks are to contain, on starting, five days' rations. Each man is to carry either a torch or transparency. Tents and camp-kettles are being collected, and the whole affair promises to be an unprecedented success.

DR. BOYNTON ON THE PITTSBURGH CONVENTION.

The Rev. C. C. Boynton, Chaplain of the U. S. House of Representatives, has written a spirited and able letter accepting the invitation to act as Chaplain at the National Convention of Soldiers and Sailors to be held at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on the 25th inst.

He begins by remarking that

"The questions at issue before the country have been obscured by irrelevant discussions of 'State rights,' by which a false and deceitful test is applied to the guilt of rebellion, so that treason, in the opinion of many, no longer appears to be criminal, while loyalty is deemed worthy of reproach, and even of punishment."

Speaking of the present state of public sentiment at the South he justly says:

"The war was ended, and even to this hour the South exhibits the same ferocity, as is fully shown by the shocking scenes at Memphis and New-Orleans, and by daily unpunished murders of negroes and loyal whites, and even officers of the Government, and by systematic efforts to keep alive and intensify hatred of the North and drive every true Union man from the country by persecutions that render property and life unsafe. They openly glory in their treason, and only lament its defeat. The people are taught to regard its chiefs as heroes and statesmen, overpowered but not dishonored. They submit for the present to what they cannot avoid; but the leaders purposely nourish feelings which prevent any true reunion—any blending of the North and South into one by commercial and social ties—in order that the South may be held apart and in readiness for a fresh rebellion. The indications cannot be mistaken that, with a fair prospect of success, the South would be more eager for civil war to-day than when the States at first seceded."

Referring to the too perverted policy of ignoring the past deeds of the Rebels and extolling their present pretentions into evidences of contrition he goes on to remark that

"It assumes that all distinction between right and wrong has been obliterated, or that God himself has gone over like themselves to the side of evil. It insults the common reason and conscience of mankind, and should we assent to, and act upon it, it would debauch the mind of Christendom and unsettle the foundations of government and social order to the full extent of our great influence, and it would disgrace Christianity as the act of a nominally Christian nation. And if there are any to whom this insulting proposition appears rather than to any others it must be they who trod the bloody field and slippery deck to defend their country against these very men, and who sacrificed health and limbs because they deemed treason a crime."

He meets the praters for Christian magnanimity in the following decisive terms:

"It is said that we are bound by the spirit of Christ to forgive; but it is also Christian not to forgive when there is no repentance, and no acceptance of the proper conditions of pardon, because under such circumstances forgiveness is an insult to law, a premium offered to crime, and an injury done to the loyal and true. The loyal North cherishes no spirit of revenge, no hate, no desire for retaliation, no wish to injure the rebellious South. It sincerely and earnestly desires reunion and peace, but it knows that reunion based on injustice, a reunion with those who nourish still the spirit of rebellion, will prove a delusion and a snare."

The whole letter is an earnest, truthful refutation of the specious sophistry which the upholders of "my policy" employ.

GEORGIA.

A JOHNSON MEETING AT MACON.

MACON, Ga., Sept. 14.—A large meeting was held here this evening, when a series of resolutions was unanimously passed, indorsing the proceedings of the Philadelphia Conservative Convention, and commending the wisdom and patriotism of President Johnson.

WISCONSIN.

SENATOR DOOLITTLE AT HOME.

A correspondent from Racine speaking of the recent attempt of Senator Doolittle to address his townsmen, characterizes the scene as a ludicrous and telling condemnation of his political apostacy. He was greeted with hisses and groans, which so exasperated him that he took off his coat declaring his determination to speak in spite of them. A demonstration of addled eggs had, however, a quieting effect, and he was compelled at length to decist. Our informant adds that rumor has it that his dog did not recognize him and refused to wag his tail. It is also stated that the Senator left the cars at the Junction and walked home "cross lots," being rather dubious as to the reception he would meet with at the depot.

MICHIGAN.

GEN. WILLIAMS ACCEPTS THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION.

A private letter from Major-Gen. Alpheus S. Williams, from St. Louis, acknowledges the receipt of the news of his nomination by the Democratic and National Union Conventions, for the Governorship, and expresses his gratification and acceptance.

MARYLAND.

THE HON. REV. BARRIE WANTS THE TEST-OATH REPEALED.

A letter from the Hon. Benj. G. Harris, who was convicted of aiding and advising Rebel deserters in Maryland to return to their army in Virginia, and afterward pardoned by President Johnson, was read before the Democratic Convention of the VII Maryland District, during its recent session in Baltimore. Mr. Harris is an ardent supporter of President Johnson, and is exceedingly anxious to open the door for his brother traitors, as the following extract will show:

It appears to me to be useless to talk about the theories whether the Southern States are in or out of the Union, when this odious test-oath substantially acts against as exactly alike under both theories. Under neither theory, while the test exists, can the South be benefited. Then here evidently lies the pinch of the question. All the efforts of all lovers of this country should be exerted to return men to Congress and other positions in the Northern and Middle States who will go for its immediate repeal. Whenever that can be done, in my opinion, all difficulties between the two theories spoken of so far as the admission of the Southern States is concerned, will be settled. Any secessionist who thinks that the States are out of the Union, and that it requires the assent of Congress in both branches for their admission, could certainly consider the repeal of the test-oath as a sufficient indication of the assent of Congress that they should be treated as in the Union again. So far as I am concerned, I do not hesitate to say, as I have always declared when conversing on that subject, that I should consider the repeal of the test-oath by the joint act of Congress (the only way it can be done) as justifying me, as a member of Congress, in treating every State of the South as readmitted into the Union, just as effectually as if the assent of Congress had been indicated by the passage of a bill expressing in words that assent.

INDIANA.

ELECTION BOARDS—SENTIMENTS OF THE SOLDIERS.

Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Tribune.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 16.—By special agreement of the Union and Democratic State Central Committees, election boards throughout the State will be composed equally of Union men and Democrats. Thus is a fruitful source of dissention obviated. It will secure a fair election. The names of twenty-five to thirty thousand soldiers who indorse the call for the Pittsburg Convention are being sent to Washington for publication. There are not two thousand soldiers in the State who indorse the Cleveland Convention.

NEW-YORK.

NOMINATION FOR THE ASSEMBLY.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The Unionists of the Second District of this county have nominated Ellis H. Roberts of *The Utica Herald* for a member of the Assembly.

LOCAL POLITICS.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' INDEPENDENT LEAGUE.

At a meeting held on Saturday night of the above League, each soldier or sailor, on entering, was presented with two ballots—one bearing an indorsement of the President's policy, and the other that of Congress—one of which they were requested to deposit in the ballot-box. The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the ballot-box will be open during next week at the headquarters of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Independent National Union League, No. 136 Canal-st., daily, from 9 to 4, and on Tuesday and Friday evenings from 7 to 9, in order to give the opportunity to the working veterans to cast their votes.

Resolved, That the ballot-box be intrusted every night to Supervisor Willmann, and the key to remain in possession of Col. Herman.

Resolved, That all soldiers and sailors present pledge themselves to do everything in their power to induce their fellow soldiers and sailors to cast their votes on or before Friday next, when all the votes will be accounted for by a select committee, and the policy which shall have received the majority will be proclaimed as the line of policy adopted by the Soldiers' League, and proposed for adoption to their late brothers in arms.

Resolved, That the Select Committee of Supervisors will be composed of the following gentlemen: Thomas McGowan, U. S. N.; Francis Meehan, 32d N. Y. Vols.; William Sullivan, 13th Ind. Battalion; John Heckler, 71st N. Y., and Col. Herman.

After the reading of the resolutions, the meeting adjourned to Friday evening, the 21st inst., at 8 o'clock, at the same place.

THIRTEENTH WARD HOFFMAN MEETING.

A meeting was held on Saturday night at Clinton Garden, on Clinton-st., in the interest of the Hoffman-Johnson party. A four-pounder gun helped to attract the audience. Gen. Nelson Taylor, John Kerrigan, esq., Col. Alexander Stewart and others addressed the meeting.

THE SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.

The call published on Saturday morning for the enrollment meetings of the Seventeenth Assembly District gave the Eastern boundary of the district as Eighth-ave. It should have read *Sixth*-ave., as will be seen by the corrected advertisement.

WORKINGMEN'S AND TAXPAYERS' RALLY IN WEST FARMS.

A meeting was held, last Friday evening, at the Adriatic Hotel, to organize a Citizens' Association for this town. The meeting was called to order by Scott P. Sherwood, esq., on whose motion, Wm. G. Livingston, esq., was chosen Chairman. Mr. Stanley Day officiated as Secretary. After adopting a constitution, the Association elected James Jenkins, esq., President; four Vice-Presidents, and other officers were chosen, after which addresses were made by Messrs. Sherwood, Livingston and others, the meeting adjourning, subject to call of the President and Secretary.

TWENTIETH WARD GERMAN CLUB.

The German Republican Union Club of the Twentieth Ward will hold a special meeting this evening. Objects: Ratification of the Syracuse Platform and Nominations; Protesting against the slander that the German Radicals are joining the Democrats (on account of the Lager Beer Question); Organization of a Radical Campaign Club and Registration. Dr. Frederic Schutz will address the meeting. This is the same Club, which last year resolved not to take any part in the State election, because the candidates then stood on a platform which sustained and expressed confidence in the President's Policy. The manifesto issued at that time by this Club fits the present time exactly.

WARD CAMPAIGN CLUB.

In pursuance of a call published in THE TRIBUNE on the 14th inst., a large and enthusiastic meeting took place at No. 56 Avenue D, and organized a Club with the above name, and elected as its officers, viz: Stephen M. Wright, President; George N. Coffin, Vice-President; John Mudie, Secretary; Hamilton Wade, Treasurer.

After the appointment of various Executive and other Committees, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we cordially indorse the ticket nominated at Syracuse, headed by Reuben E. Fenton, our present esteemed Governor, and will give it our undivided support.

Resolved, That we heartily approve of the platform of principles laid down by the Republican Convention at Syracuse on the 5th inst.

Resolved, That we believe that Congress ought to be not only *sustained* but *strengthened* in the coming elections, and that we will do our part toward upholding it in its lawful sphere as the law-making branch of our Government and the representative of the people.

Resolved, That the Empire State on the 6th of November will administer a rebuke to Andrew Johnson, teaching him that however desirous of seeing the state of our political firmament again revolving in all their pristine beauty around our sun, it is the determined purpose of her sons that on the 6th inst. all no doubtful or half-constructed Unionist shall take his rest by the side of those who have for four long bloody years sustained our Government through storms and sunshine, until better evidences of good conduct than have yet been offered are given.

The Executive Committee was instructed to procure suitable headquarters for the Club, to be open every evening until after the election.

Adjourned to meet at same place on the 20th inst. at 8 p. m.

STEPHEN M. WRIGHT, President.
JOHN MUDIE, Secretary.

A CARD.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

DEAR SIR: I have been informed, and recently, by my friends, that my name, among others, is on a committee to ratify a meeting in this city to confirm the doings of the Johnson and Seward Connection. If this is so, it is wholly without my knowledge or authority, inasmuch as I am opposed to Andrew Johnson and his party. I will cooperate with all the influence I have in this city to defeat the party who favor him and his policy.

I am, sir, with much respect, yours truly, &c.,

GEORGE W. GIBBONS, No. 161 Grand-st.

New-York, Sept. 15, 1866.

A CARD.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: It having been asserted by several newspapers that the 84th Regiment N. G., S. N. Y., attended in uniform the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention at Clinton Hall on Friday evening, Sept. 14, we beg to say: First, that the 84th Regiment received no orders or instructions, nor was it requested to attend said meeting; second, that the 84th Regiment *did not* attend said meeting; and third, that the 84th Regiment was organized for purely military purposes, and not as a political machine; that the officers and men have independence enough to form their own political opinions and act upon their own conscientious convictions individually, having no concerted political action as a regiment whatever. Thomas Barclay, Lieut.-Colonel; James Hunter, Major; William Atkinson, Captain Company B; Lawrence Beattie, Adjutant; Charles Atkinson, Lieutenant; John R. Hunter, Sergeant-Major.

New-York City, Sept. 15, 1866.

BROOKLYN.

THE SOUTH BROOKLYN MEETING TO-NIGHT.

A public meeting of welcome to the Southern Loyalists will be held this evening in Latimer Hall, Court-st., South Brooklyn, at which Gov. Hamilton of Texas, R. O. Sidney of Mississippi, and Judge Safford of Alabama are expected to speak. A large meeting is expected.

SEVENTH WARD UNION ASSOCIATION.

The Seventh Ward Union Republican Association will be addressed this evening at their headquarters, corner Classon and Fulton-avs., by Col. Torgue of North Carolina and the Rev. Hiram Hutchins of Brooklyn.

EIGHTH WARD JOHNSON CLUB.

The Eighth Ward Johnson Club met on Saturday evening, at the corner of Fourth-av. and Nineteenth-st., James F. Lewis, President, in the chair, and C. H. Foley, Secretary.

SIXTH WARD JOHNSON CLUB.

This club met at Latimer's Hall on Friday evening. An invitation for the club to be present and participate in the mass meeting at Union Square on Monday evening was read and accepted, though strange as it may seem, on account of other business, the club could not promise to go in a body. A resolution indorsing the nominations made at the recent State Convention at Albany, and pledging to the several candidates entire support, was unanimously adopted.

The amendments to the Registry Law of the last session of the Legislature was agitated and a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Wm. D. Vedder, Alderman O'Brien and Marcus D. Moore were appointed to report some plan by which the full Democratic vote of the Ward might be registered.

THE BOOK TRADE SALE.

The Fall trade sale of books by Leavitt & Strebeigh was closed Saturday at 6 o'clock p. m.

A larger number and a greater variety of books have been disposed of at this trade sale than at any similar sale in this country. Throughout the sale the number of buyers in attendance has been large. They represented nearly every State of the Union. With the exception of Saturday, the bidding has been spirited throughout. Many of the prominent buyers left the city on Friday, and Saturday's sale was consequently dull. Some of the buyers who did remain made good bargains, especially in the invoice of English books of Alexander Strasan & Co. We quote some of the prices obtained on Saturday: Shee Album, $3 75; Modern Ballads, $5 75; Book of Animals, $1 25; Nursery Rhymes, $1 25; Gems from Painters, $2 25; Dobbin's Goldenhill, $2; Famous Boys and How they became Great Men, including Life of Horace Greeley, published in London, $2; Old English Ballads, $4 25; Sabbath Bells, $3 25; Three Gems, $2 75; Dora's Doubt, $15; Dore's Don Quixote, $15; Juvenile Naturalist, $2; Sunday Book, $2 25; Leigh and Drew Pet, $2; Crown Poets, $1 30; Chinese Grammar, $10; Persian Grammar, $1 10; Turkish Grammar, 50c.; Argosy, $1; Pepy's Diary (calf), $4 25; Appleton's Analysis, $1 25; Butler's Lives of the Fathers, $8 50; The Catholic Offering, 50c.; Gother's Instructions on Facts and Feasts, $1 25; History of the Viceroys of Ireland, $1 80; Bishop's Of the Heroines and their Redemption, $1 50; Cardinal Wiseman's Recollections of Rome, $1; Life of Rubens, in Original Letters, $1; Pictorial Hours with the Saints, $1 25; Pictorial Life of Christ, $1 40; Pictorial Life of the Virgin Mary, $1 40.

THE DRAMA.

THE BLACK CROOK AT NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Niblo's Garden opened in a literal blaze of glory on Wednesday evening. The audience assembled on that occasion was so large that it filled the house in every part, overflowed into the lobbies, and, in the shape of frequent and large detachments, extended to the street and pervaded the neighborhood. Great enthusiasm prevailed before the curtain, and great excitement behind it. A livelier scene than was thus presented could not well be imagined. "The Black Crook" was played by easy stages, from 7½ o'clock until 1½. Most of the auditors remained till the gorgeous end. Hopes were entertained, at one time, that the performance would last until the merry breakfast bell should "wake the snoring citizens." But these proved fallacious. By dint of great energy on the part of Mr. Wheatley and the mechanics, "The Black Crook" was at length played through; and a patient multitude, dazed and delighted, went to brief dreams of fairy-land. It takes time to digest so much radiance, and we have not, therefore, been in haste to describe this extraordinary drama. Having swallowed the rainbows, however, it is now our pleasant duty to say that they are very good to take. The scenery is magnificent; the ballet is beautiful; the drama is—rubbish. There is always a bitter drop in the sweetest cup, a fly in the richest ointment. Mr. Barras's drama is the bitter drop and the superfluous fly, in this instance. Several very fine names are applied to "The Black Crook," in the bill of the play. It is called, "grand," "romantic," "magical," "spectacular," and "original." To approach such a production in any other than a spirit of reverential awe, is, perhaps, to fail in proper respect for genius. Mr. Barras is understood to have devoted several of the ripest years of his scholastic life to this stupendous drama. But awe is a spirit that cannot be summoned as easily as Zamiel. Besides, we have read Lord Byron's "Manfred," and Goethe's "Faust," and Hoffman's stories, and even Mr. Reynold's "Romance of Secret Tribunals." Then, too, we have seen so many spectacles, in which the fairies war on the demons, and conquer for love's sake and in the holy name of virtue! Mr. Barras, an old reader and an old actor, has picked up a good many literary and theatrical properties, in his time, and they have been more or less useful to him we dare to say; but it must be remembered that the fields of literature are open to all gleaners, and hence that plenty of people will infallibly recognize Mr. Barras's properties. To call "The Black Crook" "original" is merely to trifle with intelligence. Herein, for example, we encounter our venerable and decrepit friend the Alchymist, who wants to live forever, and is perfectly willing to give, not only his own soul to the Devil, but every other soul that he can possibly send to Avernus. Here, too, is the humble youth, torn from his peasant maid and shut up in "the lowest cell," ha! ha! by the Baron cruel and bold. And then the Fiend's Minister, the Alchymist, surnamed "the Black Crook," is on hand to release him and send him on the road to avarice, vengeance, and perdition. Here are the old manorial or baronial servitors, the red-nosed steward and the high-capped dame; and along with them comes the arch and piquant little village-maid, who sings a song, and smiles, and shows her pretty ankles to the sheepish swains. There are fairies, too, and demons; and, in the upshot, of course, the former conquer the latter, and the parted lovers are joined in happiness, and the Baron bold is run through his bold body, and the Fiend is cheated of his prey, and the Black Crook is removed, through a dreadful hole in the earth, to a region of great heat and many dragons. And that Mr. Barras calls an original drama! For the construction of it, we can only say that the literary materials, stage business, etc., appear to have been put into an intellectual bag and vigorously shaken up together. And there we leave the high dramatic theme. There was, in fact, no need of the pretense of a drama, in this instance; or, if there was, almost any old spectacle would have been preferable to "The Black Crook." All that was needed was a medium for the presentation of several gorgeous scenes, and a large number of female legs; and it was only necessary that the medium should not be tedious. And this brings us to the real merits of the entertainment that is now nightly offered at Niblo's Garden, and which, we presume, will be nightly offered for many weeks to come. Some of the most perfect and admirable pieces of scenery that have ever been exhibited upon the stage are employed in the illustration of this piece. The best one, we think, in an artistic point of view, is that which closes the second act. A vast grotto is herein presented, extending into an almost measureless perspective. Stalactites depend from the arched roof. A tranquil and lovely lake reflects the golden glories that span it like a vast sky. In every direction one sees the bright sheen or the dull richness of massy gold. Beautiful fairies, too, are herein assembled—the sprites of the Ballet, who make the scene luxurious with their beauty. There is not so much stormy power in this scene as there is in Mr. R. Smith's Der Freischutz combination of horrors, which closes the first act; but it is a successful work in a higher region of art. Both these scenes will bear study. They are not common efforts. They evince rare poetic sensibility and even imagination. Everybody ought to see them. The last scene in the play, however, will dazzle and impress to even a greater degree, by its lavish richness and barbaric splendor. All that gold, and silver, and gems, and light and woman's beauty can contribute to fascinate the eye and charm the senses is crowded up in this gorgeous spectacle. Its interest grows as we gaze, and deepens and widens, till the effect is almost painful. One by one curtains of mist ascend and drift away. Silver couches, on which the fairies lell in negligent grace, ascend and descend amid a silver rain. Columns of living splendor whirl, and dazzle as they whirl. From the clouds droop gilded chariots and the white forms of angels. It is a very beautiful pageant. The brothers Drew of London devised this scene and they certainly merit great praise. Among the lesser scenes two bits of painting are especially remarkable: one is "A Wild Pass in the Hartz Mountains," painted by Mr. D. A. Strong; the other is Mr. Hayes's "Valley at the Foot of the Hartz Mountain." But all the scenes are excellent; and though we cannot say that anything has been done for the dramatic art, by the production of "The Black Crook," we can heartily testify that Scenic Art has never, within our knowledge, been so amply and splendidly exemplified. In respect to the Ballet, it is the most complete image of the kind that has been seen in this country. To discriminate between the dancers would be as difficult as to distinguish one rose from another amid a wilderness of roses. But if either be more fascinating than another it is Mlle. Rigl. The greater share of applause, on Wednesday, fell to the lot of Mlle. Sangalli. Marie Bonfanti, too, was welcomed with cordial enthusiasm. We have not space to descant upon the beauties that were so liberally revealed on the occasion—nor is there need. The town will take care to see for itself what treasures of grace Messrs. Jarrett and Palmer have lured from the opera-houses of Europe. Mr. Costa, however, is to be especially congratulated on the success of his directorship of the Ballet. There was little acting in the spectacle to detain the critical pen. Mr. Burnett and Miss Wells mainly contributed what there was. Miss Millie Cavendish, one of the new players, made a very pleasing impression, and is unquestionably destined to achieve a high position among the "chambermaids" of the local stage. "The Black Crook" will be condensed as its run proceeds, and will thus pass off more rapidly and pleasantly. The theater wears a very bright and cheerful aspect, and Mr. Wheatley has assuredly combis Fall season "with earnest of success."

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR THE WEEK.

WALLACK'S THEATER.

Wallack's Theater will be opened to-morrow night. The house has been cleansed and renovated, during the short recess; a new stage has been laid; improvements have been made in the auditorium; and a new comedy has been rehearsed. This latter is to be acted on Tuesday. It is entitled "The Fast Family," and is an English translation of Victorien Sardou's "La Famille Benoiton"—the latest success of the French stage. We had hoped for "The Favorite of Fortune"; but, probably, that will come by and by. Mr. Wallack's Theatrical Company comprises Mr. J. W. Wallack, Mr. John Gilbert, Mr. George Holland, Mr. Ringgold, Mr. Wright, Mr. Rockwell, Mr. Graham, Mr. Cashin, Mr. Ward, Mr. Frederick Robinson, Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. Young, Mr. Norton, Mr. Williamson, Mr. Browne, Mr. Pope, Mr. James, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Leonard, and Mr. Lester Wallack, as also Miss Madeline Henriques, Mrs. Vernon, Miss Fanny Morant, Mrs. Sefton, Miss Greer, Miss Scott, Miss Timony, Miss Clarke, Miss Mary Gannon, Mrs. Clara Jennings, Miss Jane Burke, Miss Mary Barrett, Miss Carman, Mrs. Timony, Miss Day, and Miss Chapman. Mr. Mollenhauer will wield the orchestral baton. Mr. John Gilbert is Acting Manager, and Mr. J. H. Selwyn, formerly of the Olympic, is the Stage Director. Messrs. Isherwood and Evans preside in the paint room, and Mr. Moss is at his accustomed post of Treasurer. The opening of Wallack's Theater marks the complete opening of the Fall Season.

WINTER GARDEN.

The Bulsley Brothers will commence a brief engagement at this theater to-night. When these wonderful gymnasts appeared at the New Bowery, early in the Summer, we recorded their great success, and cordially recognized their great talents. The triumph they then achieved was somewhat circumscribed; but we doubt not they will now repeat it on a larger scale. The celebrated "Niagara Leap," which we have heretofore described, will be a prominent feature in their entertainment. Senorita Rosita, a *danseuse* and light-rope performer from the Grand Opera at Madrid, will also appear, together with Mlle. Augustine and a complete corps de ballet. The performances will be still further varied by the necromantic feats of M. Henri Agoust, the celebrated juggler. It is but simple justice to say that the Bulsley Brothers perform certain acrobatic feats which, for skill, and strength and courage, are almost miraculous.

NEW-YORK THEATER.

Novelty succeeds novelty, at this house, so that "that of an hour's age doth kiss the speaker." "Beauty and the Beast" is announced for production to-night—a familiar extravaganza, but none the less entertaining for that reason. Other light pieces will be represented to vary the programme and amuse all classes of spectators. Mr. McKee Rankin, principal tenor, Mr. John Farley and Mrs. Marie Wilkins have appeared at this house. The company grows stronger, and the managerial policy becomes more clearly defined, week by week.

OLYMPIC THEATER.

No change is to be looked for here, for many a night to come. Mr. Jefferson, as *Rip Van Winkle*, is presenting to the public of New-York one of the most perfect pieces of acting ever witnessed upon any stage. We say this advisedly, not lightly; and we most earnestly recommend our readers to test the grounds of this conscientious judgment, by personal observation. The Olympic is crowded nightly. A matinée, for the performance of "The Ice Witch," is given here every Saturday.

BROADWAY THEATER.

Mr. Edwin Adams will appear in a new part to-night. His personation of *Robert Landry*, in "The Dead Heart," has naturally excited great interest in him among thoughtful lovers of the drama. He will now enact *Adriano de Telignay*, in Judge Conrad's tragedy of "The Heretic." A matinée is announced for Saturday. Mr. Adams's engagement will close with the week. Mr. Hackett is then to appear as *Falstaff*.

RISTORI.

The great dramatic event of the year is announced for next Thursday evening. Madame Ristori will then make her first appearance in America. Much has been promised, much is anticipated. Upon the importance of this event there is scarcely need to dwell. Yet the lover of dramatic art is naturally conscious of unusual enthusiasm, in anticipating the American *debut* of the modern Queen of Tragedy. In the peculiar circumstances of the case, there is no room for doubt. The genius that has captivated the intelligence, and even the affectionate reverence of the old world, must needs possess extraordinary claims upon the sympathy of the American people. We cannot doubt that those claims will be adequately acknowledged. Madame Ristori appears here as an artist—as one who recognizes the dignity of a noble profession, which she has ever represented in a noble spirit—and she makes her appeal to those who feel and acknowledge the worth and the importance of the dramatic art. Her advent, therefore, is no ordinary occurrence. She will make her *debut* at the French Theater, on Thursday evening, in Legouvé's "Medea." The character is one that tasks, to the utmost limit, emotional sensibility and tragic power; and it is said to furnish ample scope for the illustration of Ristori's genius. All requisite preparations have been made to render the occasion both comfortable and brilliant. New scenery has been painted. An efficient orchestra has been organized, under the direction of Mr. Neundorfer. A corps of ushers has been provided, and the audience will miss nothing that can contribute to its ease and pleasure. The subscription list for the first 18 performances having closed on Saturday, the sale of tickets, for the first three evenings, will commence at 9 o'clock to-day at No. 652 Broadway. It will be an open and fair sale of all the seats not hitherto taken by subscription; and, as a check against the "speculator" nuisance, no more than six tickets will be sold to any one person.

MISS BATEMAN.

We deeply regret to learn that, in consequence of severe illness, Miss Bateman has been compelled to cancel the professional engagements made for her this season in different parts of the country. Her absence from the stage will be widely regretted.

MR. HARTZ, THE MAGICIAN.

This renowned worker of wonders commences a series of exhibitions at Irving Hall to-night, and will appear every evening this week, excepting Friday. Prominent among his tricks is that of the "Living Head," which, by those who have privately witnessed it, is described as having all the appearance of a veritable miracle.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Mr. John Brougham will appear to-night at this Theater in "O'Donnell's Mission," and to-morrow night will play *Micawber* in "David Copperfield," and *Pocahontas* in "Pocahontas."

On Wednesday evening, a performance will be given here by Mr. Eddy, Miss Henrietta Irving and J. W. Lingard, and an efficient company, from the New Bowery Theater.

MR. DAWISON.

We learn with great satisfaction that the eminent German tragedian, Mr. Bogumil Dawison—lately arrived upon these shores, as our readers are aware—will commence, on Thursday evening next, a series of eighteen performances at the Stadt Theatre. Mr. Dawison's first appearance will be made in the character of Othello.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The principal theater at Constantinople has been destroyed by fire.

"Rob Roy" is to be revived at Drury Lane Theater, London, this Fall. Mr. Phelps, Mr. Sims Reeves, Mr. Anderson, and Miss Helen Faucit will appear in it.

Mr. Boucicault has christened one of his three new dramas "A Long Strike." It is to occupy the stage of the London Lyceum. The author and his wife will appear in it.

Two new Italian dramas are announced in *Il Tresatore*—"Cuor di Mosse," by Signor Azzi, given at Aquila; and at Naples, "L'Ombra di Paganini," by a better known writer, Signor Dall Ongaro.

An English paper says: "Mr. J. L. Warner, the only son of the celebrated *tragedienne*, the late Mrs. Warner, made his *debut* at Sadler's Wells, in the character of *Hamlet*. To distinguish the occasion, an address in his favor, written by Mr. John Oxenford, was delivered by Miss Edith Heraud. Mr. Warner is young, and not without ability. Nature has gifted him with a fine voice and tall person, and as he has been performing in the provinces for the last three years, he must not be regarded as altogether unpracticed in his profession."

The old Grimaldi pantomime of "Mother Goose" has lately been revived at one of the London theaters. This piece is upward of 60 years old, and was written by Thomas Dibdin. When first produced, more than 60 years ago, at Covent Garden Theater, it yielded to the managers a profit of more than £8,000. Its author died in poverty.

The Chestnut-st. Theater, Philadelphia, was lately opened for the season, with Vestvali as the "star." We note with pleasure that, according to the local press, Mr. George H. Clarke, a young actor of peculiar promise, distinguished himself in the part of Cardinal Mentalto.

FIELD SPORTS.

BASE BALL.

MATCHES TO BE PLAYED.

The following matches are announced:

Sept. 17.—Peconiccs vs. Vandyke.
Sept. 17.—Eagle vs. Waterbury (of Connecticut), Hoboken, 2½ p. m.
Sept. 18.—Oriental vs. M. M. Van Dyke, on the grounds of the Oriental, at Greenpoint; game called at 2½ o'clock p. m.
Sept. 18.—Union vs. Eureka, at Newark.
Sept. 18.—Excelsior vs. National, at Washington.
Sept. 19.—Excelsior vs. Union, at Washington.
Sept. 19.—Eureka vs. Empire. Return game at Hoboken.
Sept. 19.—National (of Jersey City) vs. Eagle (of New-York), on National's ground.
Sept. 19.—Washington vs. Empire, at Hoboken.
Sept. 19.—Pacific (of New Utrecht) vs. Hudson River (of New-York), at Newburgh. Pacific takes 7:45 o'clock boat Wednesday morning.
Sept. 19.—Sunnie (of Patterson) vs. Excelsior (of Ridgewood), on the Excelsior Grounds, Ridgewood. Game called at 2 o'clock.
Sept. 19.—Atlantic vs. Eckford, on the Union Grounds.
Sept. 20.—Co. E vs. Co. B, Forty-seventh Regiment, on Union Grounds, Brooklyn, at 2:30 p. m.
Sept. 22.—Unionville vs. Powhattan, on former's grounds, Unionville, Coney Island.
Sept. 26.—Waterbury vs. Atlantic, on Capitoline Grounds.
Sept. 26.—Alert vs. Active, at Slog Slog.
Sept. 21.—Union vs. Waterbury, Morrisania.
Sept. 21.—Fulton, Market vs. Constellation, on Satellite Grounds.
Sept. 25.—Typographical vs. World, return-game, on Typographical Grounds, Carroll Park, South Brooklyn, at 3 p. m.
Sept. 22.—Eureka vs. Empire.
Sept. 22.—Ruiger vs. Alert.
Sept. 23.—Mutual vs. Union (first nine), at Hoboken.
Sept. 28.—Eagle vs. Olympic (of Paterson), Hoboken, 2½ p. m.

CRICKET.

Sept. 26 and 27.—St. George Club (first eleven) vs. Young American Club, at Hoboken.
Oct. 1 and 2.—St. George Club (first eleven) vs. Germantown Club, at Germantown, Philadelphia.

VISIT OF THE EXCELSIORS TO WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Tribune