LOCAL POLITICS.

CITY ELECTIONS.

THE NOMINATIONS.

The Hon. Richard Kelly, the standard-bearer of the Union organization for the office of Controller, is unquestionably one of the best that could have been made. The fact that he is President of one of the leading banking institutions in the city, and Secretary of one of the most popular Savings Banks, is sufficient indorsement of his character as a business man, and of his reputation for honesty. His accurate knowledge of the laws of finance eminently qualifies him for the position of guardian of the property of the tax-payers of this much-defrauded city.

Mr. Martin Thatcher is the nominee of the Republicans in the XIth District, Twentieth Ward, for Alderman. The nomination is a very proper one, and though the District is strongly Democratic, by reason of a division which places two candidates against Mr. Thatcher, through earnest efforts and a union of true men he may be elected. At present he holds the position of Port Warden, is a most worthy man, and well qualified, both in business capacity and personal integrity, to perform the duties of the office for which he has become a candidate.

Mr. Robert C. Brown has been nominated for Alderman of the Seventeenth Aldermanic District, by the Union Republican Convention, in response to the wishes of a great number of the citizens and tax-payers of that district. Mr. Brown is an estimable citizen, thoroughly identified with the interests of the district, and will, if elected, prove a most excellent officer and an uncompromising opponent of the Ring.

James F. Horan has received the Republican nomination for Alderman in the 1st District. He is fearless and honest, and hence we fear, there are too few independent voters in that stronghold of Democracy to elect him. In the IIId District William B. White is the Aldermanic candidate of the Union party. Mr. White has won an enviable reputation during the past year by his efforts to defeat the schemes of the "Ring" to rob the City treasury, and if elected will prove a faithful servant to the honest voters and burdened tax-payers. Eugene Ward, a hard working young man, is the Union candidate for Alderman in the Vth District. He is opposed by two Democrats, nominees of Tammany and Mozart, and an independent candidate. His friends are making an earnest fight, and if the honest voters do their duty he will be elected. In the IXth District Don Alonzo Carlman is the Republican nominee for Alderman; he is a prominent merchant, and one of the largest tax-payers in his district. He can be defeated only by gross neglect of duty, on the part of voters.

Stephen H. Roberts and Dr. Francis A. Thomas are candidates in the VIIIth District, for the office of Councilmen. These gentlemen are members of the present Board, and by persistent opposition to the movements of the "Ring" have proved themselves worthy to be reëlected. The tax-payers and honest voters of the City cannot afford to permit the defeat of these men. They will certainly be returned to the Board, if the true men of the VIIIth District do their duty. In the IXth District, W. F. T. Chapman is a candidate for Councilman. No voter in the District, opposed to the systematic schemes of plunder brought before the City Board, should omit to cast his ballot for Mr. Chapman, and thereby aid in the effort to displace corrupt rulers.

Dr. Walter B. Roberts, the Republican and Citizens' candidate for Councilman in the VIIth Councilmanic district, comprising the Eighteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first Wards, can be elected if the tax payers properly exert themselves. He is an old resident of the district and one of the Trustees of the New-York College of Dentistry. He has been active in promoting city reform, and if elected will do much to prevent corruption in the city government.

John Adams and William Terhune are candidates for Councilmen in the Vth District; both are earnest and efficient men, and will, if elected, steadily oppose the schemes of the "Ring."

It is of the utmost importance, both to progress and to the future order of the city, that honest and capable men be elected to the office of School Commissioner. The nominations of the Republican Union party are good throughout, and should receive the unanimous support of all earnest men. There is no interest confided to the trust of voters more sacred than that of the education of the children of the city; this can be properly discharged only through an efficient Board of Public Instruction.

Smith Bloomfield, candidate for School Commissioner from the 1st District, is of the type of men that should make up the Board of Education. Honest, independent, a graduate of our Public Schools and Free College, he knows our whole school system thoroughly. Although a Republican, he was appointed by Mayor Hoffman a member of the present Board, and within the year has visited every school in the city conducted under our System of Public Education. We learn that many Democrats in the District have indorsed him, and would urge all who wish our school interests well administered to give him their support.

Col. Joel W. Mason will be elected by the Union men in the VIIth District, if they do their whole duty. In the 8th Ward David Walker is the Republican candidate, and, if elected, will prove an able member of the Board of Education. James Harrison, the present Commissioner, is renominated by the Republicans in the 9th Ward. He has hitherto proved himself a faithful officer, and will be reëlected if every Republican goes to the polls on election day. Daniel W. Lee is put forth as the Republican Union candidate for School Commissioner in the XIXth District. He is fully competent to discharge the duties of the office, and has the united support of the friends of education.

In the 20th Ward Joseph Cudlipp is the nominee of the Republicans, and if elected will make an excellent school officer. It is the duty of every man in the District who has children to educate, or who is otherwise interested in the progress of education, to go to the poll and cast his ballot for Mr. Cudlipp.

THE REGISTRY.

NUMBER OF VOTERS REGISTERED THROUGHOUT THE CITY ON SATURDAY—TOTAL PREVIOUSLY REGISTERED.

We give below the number of voters registered in the various districts throughout the city on Saturday, together with the totals previously registered. The following are the figures:

FIRST WARD.—First District, number registered, 4; Second, 6; Third, 10; Fourth, 2. Total, 22.

SECOND WARD.—First District, number registered, 1; Second, 1. Total, 2.

THIRD WARD.—First District, number registered, 1; Second, 3; Fourth, 10. Total, 14.

FOURTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 5; Second, 7; Third, 6; Fifth, 1; Sixth, 4; Seventh, 5. Total, 28.

FIFTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 8; Second, 2; Third, 12; Fourth, 11; Fifth, 39; Sixth, 27; Seventh, 17; Eighth, 25. Total, 141.

SIXTH WARD.—First District, number registered, —; Second, —; Third, 5; Fourth, 2; Fifth, 5; Sixth, 8; Seventh, 3; Eighth, 2; Ninth, 1; Tenth, 1. Total, 27.

SEVENTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 26; Second, 19; Third, 9; Fourth, 9; Fifth, 6; Sixth, 3; Seventh, 2; Eighth, 7; Ninth, 2; Tenth, 7; Eleventh, 4. Total, 94.

EIGHTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 47; Second, 29; Third, 15; Fourth, 12; Fifth, 24; Sixth, 80; Seventh, 51; Eighth, 34; Ninth, 6; Tenth, 4; Eleventh, 8; Twelfth, 6. Total, 315.

NINTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 12; Second, 16; Third, 5; Fourth, 11; Fifth, 9; Sixth, 7; Seventh, 9; Eighth, 8; Ninth, 2; Tenth, 3; Eleventh, 6; Twelfth, 11; Thirteenth, 10; Fourteenth, 17; Fifteenth, 8; Sixteenth, 4; Seventeenth, 2. Total, 134.

TENTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 2; Second, 3; Third, 1; Fourth, 3; Fifth, 5; Sixth, 3; Seventh, 4; Eighth, 2. Total, 25.

ELEVENTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 1; Second, 3; Third, 4; Fourth, 4; Fifth, 2; Seventh, 4; Ninth, 2; Tenth, 1; Twelfth, 2; Thirteenth, 7; Fourteenth, 4; Fifteenth, 4; Sixteenth, 6; Eighteenth, 8; Nineteenth, 4. Total, 53.

TWELFTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 5; Second, 11; Third, 6; Fourth, 5; Fifth, 6; Sixth, 11; Seventh, 6; Eighth, 3. Total, 57.

THIRTEENTH WARD.—First District, number registered 1; Second, 1; Fourth, 2; Fifth, 5; Sixth, 3; Seventh, 3. Total, 17.

FOURTEENTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 1; Second, 4; Third, 2; Fourth, 3; Fifth, 1; Sixth, 3; Seventh, 2; Eighth, 4; Ninth 2; Tenth, 1. Total, 23.

FIFTEENTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 18; Second, 28; Third, 19; Fourth, 3; Fifth, 3; Sixth, 3; Eighth, 10; Ninth, 2; Tenth, 4. Total, 92.

SIXTEENTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 3; Second, 4; Third, 7; Fourth, 4; Fifth, 3; Sixth, 1; Seventh, 7; Eighth, 4; Ninth, 3; Tenth, 1; Eleventh, 1; Twelfth, 8; Thirteenth, 2. Total, 48.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 3; Second, 4; Fourth, 4; Fifth, 1; Sixth, 1; Eighth, 1; Ninth, 3; Tenth, 3; Eleventh, 1; Twelfth, 5; Thirteenth, 4; Fourteenth, 1; Fifteenth, 4; Sixteenth, 2; Seventeenth, 2; Twenty-fifth, 2; Twenty-first, 3; Twenty-second, 2; Twenty-third, 3; Twenty-fourth, 3. Total, 56.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 4; Second, 4; Third, 6; Fourth, 3; Fifth, 3; Sixth, 12; Seventh, 7; Ninth, 4; Tenth, 5; Eleventh, 3; Twelfth, 4; Thirteenth, 8; Fourteenth, 1; Fifteenth, 5. Total, 71.

NINETEENTH WARD.—First District, number registered, 2; Second, 3; Fourth, 11; Fifth, 9; Sixth, 4; Seventh, 2; Eighth, 4; Ninth, 2; Tenth, 5; Eleventh, 2; Twelfth, 7; Thirteenth, 2; Fourteenth, 1; Fifteenth, 2; Sixteenth, 3; Seventeenth, 2. Total, 53.

TWENTIETH WARD.—First District, number registered, 5; Second, 5; Third, 6; Fourth, 3; Fifth, 10; Sixth, 20; Seventh, 18; Eighth, —; Ninth, 2; Tenth, 3; Eleventh, 4; Twelfth, 6; Thirteenth, 17; Fourteenth, 6; Fifteenth, 7; Sixteenth, 11; Seventeenth, 3; Eighteenth, 4; Nineteenth, 2; Twentieth, 7; Twenty-first, 7; Twenty-second, 8. Total, 151.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.—First District, number registered, 3; Second, 2; Third, 13; Fourth, 7; Fifth, 16; Sixth, 11; Seventh, 6; Eighth, 1; Ninth, 3; Tenth, 11; Twelfth, 6; Thirteenth, 4; Fourteenth, 5. Total, 79.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.—First District, number registered, 4; Second, 5; Third, 10; Fourth, 7; Fifth, 3; Sixth, 7; Seventh, 8; Eighth, 4; Ninth, 4; Tenth, 6; Eleventh, 5; Twelfth, 7; Thirteenth, 4; Fourteenth, 9; Fifteenth, 6; Sixteenth, 7; Seventeenth, 7. Total, 95.

Total registered on Sunday	1,595
Registered on Friday	1,249
Total	2,844
Registered previous to the November elections	125,162
Total thus far registered	128,006

SIXTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Republican Union Association of the XVIth Assembly District (Eighteenth Ward) held at Demilt Dispensary, corner Twenty-third-st. and Second-ave., the following resolution was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That we heartily indorse the nominations of Richard Kelly for Controller, Otto H. Sussdorf for School Commissioner, John N. Hayward for School Trustee, and Thomas Murray for Councilman, and pledge ourselves to use all honorable efforts to secure their election.

TENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT—UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the above Association, held at their headquarters, Bowery Hotel, the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, This Association has watched with pride and pleasure the course of the Hon. Horace Greeley during the past 20 years; and

Whereas, We have found him ever true to Liberty, to Justice, and to the Rights of Man; and

Whereas, He is fitted by talents, by education, and experience to aid in shaping the destinies of the nation. Therefore

Resolved, That this Association earnestly recommend to the Senate and Assembly of the State of New-York the name of Horace Greeley for United States Senator.

ELEVENTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT, TWENTIETH WARD.

Mr. Martin Thatcher is the Union Republican candidate for Alderman in the Eleventh District, and there is every reason why he should be elected. He is thoroughly, scrupulously honest, energetic in battling wrong and corruption, and one whose election would be honorable alike to his district and to the city. Every Union man and every honest voter in the district should vote for him.

SEVENTEENTH ALDERMANIC DISTRICT.

The citizens of the Twelfth Ward have put in nomination Mr. Robert C. Brown for Alderman against McQuade, the "Ring" candidate, and if all who are interested in the election of honest and able men to the Aldermanic Board will but rally to the support of Mr. Brown, he can be elected. An old exempt Fireman, well known to the business community, of unquestioned character and ability, he deserves and should command the earnest support of the tax-paying voters of the upper part of the city, irrespective of party. We hope to chronicle his election.

THIRTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT—REPUBLICAN RATIFICATION.

A ratification meeting of the Republican-Union Association of the Thirteenth Assembly District was held at the Association Headquarters, No. 161 Eighth-ave., corner of Eighteenth-st., on last Saturday evening. The Hon. Geo. Ross was called to the chair, and Hooper C. Van Voorst and Henry Snell appointed Secretaries. The Hon. Isaac Dayton, being called upon, addressed the meeting at some length, and offered the following resolution, which was enthusiastically adopted:

Resolved, That this meeting cordially indorse the nominations of the Hon. Richard Kelly for Controller, Don Alonzo Cushman for Alderman of the Ninth District, Wm. Terhune, John Adams, Wm. F. T. Chapman, Jas. L. McVeany and John M. Robertson for Councilmen of the Fifth District, Jacob C. Regeet for School Commissioner, and of Samuel S. Constant for School Trustee.

After listening to addresses by the Hon. Mr. Andrews and Chas. S. Spencer, the meeting adjourned.

TAMMANY HALL RATIFICATION MEETING AT THE COOPER INSTITUTE.

A meeting of the supporters of Tammany Hall was held at the Cooper Institute on Saturday evening, for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of Richard B. Connolly as a candidate for the Controllership. Sheriff Kelly presided, and made a few opening remarks in favor of Mr. Connolly.

Mayor Hoffman was introduced amid considerable applause and said he was glad to be able to thank the people of New-York for the grand support they had given him during the State election, that support having satisfied his utmost desires and ambition. He desired to rouse the citizens of the city of which he was chief magistrate, to the knowledge that the present election is a most important one, and he thought it very strange to see 140,000 voters careless about the election of an officer to have the chief control of their finances. He said that if the citizens of New-York did not take care of the election for Controller, and allow a Republican to be elected, they must not find fault if a Radical Legislature takes away all the other offices. It was about time that the common cry of men of wealth, that the people were not capable of self-government, was put down. Mr. Hoffman said that the city of New-York was not to be governed by Commissions just yet, and spoke of the manner of disbursing moneys by the Controller, explaining where they all go to. He said the office of Mayor of the city of New-York was of very little consequence in the City Government, as he has no power to appoint men to office and could not check any of the movements of the Board of the city and county. The office of Controller was a far more important one, for he stands at the door of the treasury and can stop the very wheels of Government itself in case of necessity. Mr. Kelly's record, as stated by his own friends, was that he had begun life as a wagon-driver, rose to be a merchant, and is now a Police Magistrate. He now aspires to be Controller—a sort of hop, skip and jump. Mr. Michael Connolly was an excellent Police Magistrate, and he had better stay there. The Democratic party is not dead, but will live to save the country yet; it only remains for the party to be steadfast and not allow the Radicals to carry the city in December after the Democrats had rolled up a majority of nearly 50,000 in November.

The Hon. James T. Brady said he had not been in perfect accord with the leaders of the Democratic party, and he did not think now that the affairs of that party were wisely directed. He voted according to his conscience. He said he would speak a few words to the Republicans, who had now the power to regulate the future of this great Republic; they must not allow a Radical despot like Stevens or Sumner to tamper with the Constitution. They must not attempt to create an equality between two races of men which God has made impossible, else they would find the great mass of the Democratic party would rise up and hurl them from office.

Several addresses were delivered by other gentlemen, and the meeting adjourned.

MEETING IN THE SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT TO RATIFY RICHARD KELLY.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Republican electors of the Second Assembly District was held at No. 24 Duane-st., on Saturday evening, to ratify the nomination of Richard Kelly as the candidate for Controller. Mr. Joshua S. Abbe presided at the meeting, and introduced Mr. Charles G. Spencer, who said that it was only necessary for the Republicans of the Sixth Ward, and the combined efforts of those of other Wards, working harmoniously, to secure the election of Mr. Kelly to office. It was a fact beyond all dispute that they had immense odds to contend against, but with the division of the Democratic vote that would ultimately result from the nomination of the two Connollys, there was but little doubt that the election would result in a complete victory for the Republican nominee. He would appeal to the Irishmen and the friends of the Irish to study their interests in the coming contest; although he would not indulge in personalities, he would say that as tax-payers and men who take a lively interest in the welfare of our city, that instead of casting their votes for "Slippery Dick" and the "Big Judge," the one immediately identified with the "Ring" faction, and the other totally unqualified to fill so important an office, they would awake to a realization of the importance of the coming elections, and put forth every endeavor to secure the election of Richard Kelly for Controller of the City of New-York. Mr. Richard Kelly, the representative of Union Republicans, was a man whose record was before the public; a man who, in every sense, was qualified to fill so important a position as that of Controller. The Republican cause in this city was rapidly in the ascendant, and it was only essential that the friends of the party work earnestly and zealously, and the time was not far distant when Erin at present Democratic City would redeem herself, and become identified with the great Republican Union party. [Cheers.] In conclusion, he urged all present to put their shoulders to the wheel, and at the same time influence their friends to aid the cause and elect Richard Kelly to the office of Controller.

Mr. Rufus F. Andrews hoped that all present were alive to the importance of the political contest, namely, the election for Controller, to take place in this city on Tuesday next. There would probably be 80,000 votes cast. Those votes would be divided between three candidates. The Republican vote would amount, at the least calculation, to 33,000, leaving the remainder to be divided between the opposing candidates. It needed no prophet to foretell the result. As for himself, he was sanguine of a great victory.

Mr. Abbe was then called upon for a speech, but, owing to severe indisposition, did not respond, and the meeting adjourned.

MR. HENRY P. WEST NOT A CANDIDATE FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: Please note the fact that I am not a candidate for reëlection as School Commissioner of the Second District.

HENRY P. WEST.

A BIG DIFFERENCE.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: An old sailor phrase says, "An inch is as good as a mile." I don't think so. For instance, I wrote in my fourth article, "A Month among the Mountains," that a slice of the earth's surface, four MILES thick, would only be, comparatively, like a single sheet of paper taken from a thousand sheets.

The compositor has made it read "four inches." In this case, an inch is not as good as a mile. It makes the inches in my case very ridiculous! However, I suppose the printer is one of that numerous class who never see four inches beyond the ends of their own noses. I wish his had been a little longer. S. R.

November 30.

THE SCOTCH EXTRADITION CASE.

This case, reported in Saturday's TRIBUNE, was resumed in the U. S. Commissioner's office on Saturday morning.

Mr. F. F. Marbury appeared for the British Government; Mr. George M. Curtis and Mr. Malcolm Campbell appeared for the accused.

The proceedings were commenced by Mr. Marbury calling Mr. Alexander McCall as a witness for the British Government. He testified substantially as follows: Reside at No. 54 Charles-st., Glasgow; have been Superintendent of Police of the City of Glasgow above nine years; previously held the position of policeman, and anterior to that the position of procurator fiscal; part of my business then was to investigate criminal cases for the purpose of bringing them to trial; have been familiar for 21 years with the criminal proceedings of the Courts of Scotland. The witness then gave a detailed account of the proceedings taken in Scotland for the arrest of Greatrex, the object being to show that all the technical forms required had been complied with. The original copies of the depositions and the warrant issued on them were then produced.

Mr. McCall was recalled and examined in relation to his personal knowledge of this forgery being committed, but his testimony was almost exclusively in relation to collateral transactions. He testified that he went in pursuit of the accused to Southampton, and finding on his arrival that the accused had sailed, he started on the next steamer, and on his arrival in this city, commenced a search which resulted in the finding of the accused at a house in Renwick-st., where he was residing under an assumed name.

Jane Weir testified—Arrived here on the "Deutschman" from Southampton. Her evidence was here interrupted by counsel for defense, who said that the defendant admitted that the witness on the stand lived with him as Mrs. Parker, and that they lived together here under the assumed names of Mr. and Mrs. Parker; that he had left a wife in Scotland, and that the witness had worked for him in his establishment in Glasgow. After some further testimony of no particular importance, from this witness, Mr. McCall resumed his testimony. Before he had testified to anything of material importance, the further hearing was adjourned till Monday at noon.

THE NEW-YORK AND WESTCHESTER COUNTY RAILROAD.

An effort having been made to create a sensation over the action of the police in preventing the New-York and Westchester County Railroad Company from laying their tracks in Pearl-st. on Thanksgiving day, which day was selected by the Company solely to oblige the people doing business on the route, and as some have suggested that we were "unknown," we would inform the inquiring public that we are a legally chartered and duly organized company with the proper authority from the City of New-York to construct and run the road as proposed to be laid.

Any further information which may be desired can be ascertained from the undersigned.

CHARLES H. KALBFLEISCH, President of the New-York and Westchester Co. Railroad Co.

No. 141 Water-st., New-York, Dec. 1, 1866.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

To the Editor of The N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: Statements are made in an editorial article printed in THE TRIBUNE this morning, that do so injurious and we would be glad to correct them in your columns, if you could allow us the space to do so.

You say the Western Associated Press "sent us" the New-York Associated Press; a committee, whose policy seemed to be to serve the leading papers of Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis," and that accordingly the propositions of this committee were not considered, and we were dismissed from the Associated Press.

The Executive Committee of the Western Associated Press were not sent expressly to see the New-York Associated Press. That was only a part of their duty, and not the most important part.

We did not attempt to serve the principal cities of the West at the expense of the smaller papers, but declined to make arrangements that would have been disadvantageous to the journals that we had proprietary interests in, and to the other journals of the larger Western cities, because we were acting for an Association that numbered among its members proprietors of papers in small towns.

If we had entertained designs of aggrandizing Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, at the expense of the other Western cities, we saw nothing in the example of the New-York Association to rebuke us, and heard nothing in the conversation of its members to discourage us from making the attempt.

The New-York Associated Press were willing to sell us all the news we wanted, coupled with restrictions that did not regard quantity. If we had proposed to order ten or twenty thousand words per day for the three principal cities of the West, we are convinced there would have been no difficulty in procuring that quantity of the Associated Press, and then we could have refused to take the smaller regular report, leaving the small towns to pay for their own dispatches, a thing which they never have done in the West, and which to attempt would probably be the death of them.

The statement that the Western Press make Indianapolis pay as much for news as Chicago, is qualified by you as the mere expression of an opinion, and, permit us to say, it is so through a misunderstanding of the truth, as to leave a want of information that abundantly accounts for all the inaccuracies of the article. Nine-tenths of the expense of telegraphing news in the West is paid by papers of four or five towns, and yet it costs the telegraph company as much to send a dispatch to Dayton as to Cincinnati. There is a special arrangement for getting West 1,500 words per day of news, in addition to the regular report, and the telegraph company charges for this, according to the number of towns that take it. Therefore, if the Indianapolis papers choose to take it they have to pay for it, as others do.

There is no more injustice to the Indianapolis paper in this than there is in charging *The New-York Express or Sun* as much per word for a special telegram from Washington as *The Tribune* pays.

The sudden assumption of virtuous reserve by the New-York Associated Press, in behalf of the interests of the papers of the smaller towns, is no less entertaining than instructive, and merits the most delicate appreciation.

Concerning the alleged ceremony of our dismissal from the Associated Press all we know about it is that we notified the Association the Western press did not want their dispatches any longer. What formalities of expulsion may have occurred after our retirement we have no means of knowing, and do not care to inquire; but it is a singular fact in which a connection with the agent of the New-York Associated Press has manifested during the last 48 hours intense solicitude to force his reports upon the press of the West that we authoritatively represent.

M. HALE SMITH, *Cincinnati Commercial.*
HORACE WHITE, *Chicago Tribune.*
Executive Committee Western Associated Press.

New-York, Nov. 30, 1866.

LOUISVILLE SUFFERING FOR WANT OF NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Dec. 2.—Since the Louisville Press announced themselves in favor of the bogus Craig Association we hear many complaints from intelligent citizens and business men, of the unexpertness of the telegraphic reports.

AMERICAN PIANOS IN EUROPE.

The following letter will be read with satisfaction by all who take pride in the just appreciation abroad of American skill and ingenuity in her manufactures:

UNITED STATES CONSULATE,
BERLIN, PRUSSIA, November 7, 1866.

MESSRS. CHICKERING & SONS:

GENTLEMEN—I profit of the opportunity afforded by the return to Boston of my friend, Hugo Leonhard, esq., the eminent pianist of your city, to do what ought to have been done ere this, to acquaint you of the safe arrival of the magnificent "Chickering Grand Piano, which Mr. Leonhard had been good enough to select for me.

Thanks to your care and foresight, it came in perfect order, notwithstanding the frequent handling to which it had necessarily been subjected to on its long passage from Boston to Berlin. The instrument, in regard to its elegant and tasteful exterior as well as its beautiful tone and perfect action, is everything that I could have desired.

All those who have seen, heard, examined and played upon it,—among them the very best judges in Berlin, piano players as well as piano makers,—cannot sufficiently admire it, and pronounce it superior to any Grand Piano made here or elsewhere in Germany, not excepting the widely and celebrated "Bechstein" instruments of this city. The quality of the tone of your splendid instrument is found to be so refined and pure, it "sings" so beautifully, as the Germans express it, the quantity of its tone is as full, round and ample; the gradation of strength from the lower to the upper registers is so complete and even, and its action and mechanism so perfect, that all concur in the opinion that its equal in excellence and perfection has not before been seen in Berlin.

So numerous have been the encomiums passed upon it, in many instances, from local pride, given only because their sense of justice and love of truth compelled the eminent gentlemen to give them—and for that reason all the more valuable—that I assure you, gentlemen, I esteem it a privilege, and feel proud to be in possession of this splendid specimen of American art, ingenuity and skill.

With my compliments and best wishes for your continued well deserved success, I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

H. KREISMANN, United States Consul.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—The market is quiet, and prices generally drooping. Flour inactive, and excess virtually out of the market, and holders not pressing sales; prices are nominally unchanged with trifling sales, principally on account of the local trade, at $9 to $11 50 for Spring Extras. Wheat nominally unchanged at $2 05 for No. 1, and $1 81 for No. 2, in regular houses; though houses concerned for shipment by rail, east and south, are 5@7c. higher. Corn 2c. lower, at 81½c. for No. 1, and very dull. Oats A shade stronger at 37@37½c. for No. 2. Rye unchanged, with light sales at 85c. Barley fell 5c. to 7c. lower than yesterday's asking prices in the best houses closing at 90c. for No. 2, and 40c. for rejected. Provisions were inactive. Mess Pork offered at $19 50 on the spot, and $19 25, seller's option, in January. Lard at 12½c. on the spot, with no buyers; sales confined to Green Shoulders at 5½c. from the block, and Green Hams at 9@9½c. delivered, and 8½c from the block, and only some 20,000 pieces of all descriptions sold. Highwines neglected. Receipts—11,247 bbls. Flour, 65,171 bush. Wheat, 27,500 bush. Corn, 5,700 bush. Oats, 1,400 bush. Rye, Dressed Hogs, 147 head, live do., 3,760 head. Cattle, 1,691 head. Meats, 65,940 lb. Shipments—4,739 bbls. Flour, 9,037 bush. Wheat, 25,500 bush. Corn, no Oats, 315 bush. Rye, no Barley; dressed Hogs, 138 head, live Hogs, 1,347 head. Meats, 125,090 lb.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—Flour dull and nothing doing. Lower grades, $6 50@$8 25; Extra, $9 75@$12 50; Family, $12 50@$12 10; Fall, $7 00@$9 25. Corn heavy and 5@7c. lower; sales of White, 65@90@92c. Oats higher at 63c. Rye steady at 87@90c. Barley—Spring, 92@$1; Fall, $1 52@$1 55. Pork dull at $21. Lard, 14c. Whisky, $2 29. Hogs, $5 75@$6 25. Receipts light.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 1.—Money inactive; Exchange in fair supply at par, buying and selling. Provisions—Mess pork held at $19 50. Lard, no demand. Bacon, 13@14c., and 12@12½c. for Shoulders, Clear Sides and Clear Ribbed Sides. New Bulk Meats 8½@9c. for Shoulders, Clear Sides, Green Shoulders 5½@5¾c., Sides 7¾c. and Hams 9½c. Flour dull and lower; Spring Superfine $9 50; Winter Superfine $9 50@$10 25; Winter Extras $10 25@$12. Wheat, No. 2 Spring $2 10, No. 1 $2 25@$2 30. New Corn in full demand at 50@51c. in the ear, and 50c. for shelled. Oats 45@46c. Rye $1 13 for No. 1. Barley unchanged. Whisky $2 30@$2 34. Cotton firm at 32@32½c. for Middling. Linseed Oil in the same demand, at $1 36.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 1.—Cotton nominal at 30@31c. Naval stores slightly more active. Spirits Turpentine sold readily at 60c. Rosin $2 to $6. Crude Turpentine $4 50 for Yellow Virgin. Tar $1 75; $24 50 to $25 wholesale.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 1.—Hogs firm at $6@$6 25, in gross; receipts, 3,050 head. Mess Pork, $20. Nothing doing in Bacon. New Lard, 13c. Superfine Flour, $9 25@$10. Red Wheat, $2 60. Old Corn, 69c. Cotton, 31½c. Sugar, 13½c.

MOBILE, Dec. 1.—Sales of Cotton to-day, 350 bales; Middlings, 30@31c. There is a limited demand, and the market is very easy at the outside figure.

OSWEGO, Dec. 1.—Flour is dull at 25c. lower; sales at $9@$11 25 for No. 1 Spring, $13 25 for Red Winter, $14 25 for White, $15 25 for Double Extra. Wheat quiet and declining. Corn quiet and nominally lower. Barley inactive and lower. Rye and Peas quiet. Lumber steady and irregular. To New-York—Wheat and Peas, 15@20c.; Corn and Rye, 16@18c.; Barley, 14@22c. To Troy and Albany—Wheat and Peas, 16@18c.; Corn and Rye, 14@16c.; Barley, 12@14c. Lake Imports—48,000 bush. Wheat. Canal Exports—1,314 bbls. Flour, 28,000 bush. Wheat, 7,000 bush. Corn, 13,000 bush. Oats, 103,000 bush. Barley, 23,000 bush. Rye, 38,000 bush. Peas.

NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 1.—The Cotton market is dull and declining; sales 2,000 bales. Low Middling, 31c.; Middling, 32½c. Receipts, 2,434 bales. Sugar—The demand is good and prices tending upward; Fair, 9½c.; Prime to Choice, 11@12c. Molasses has a good demand and better prices; good, 60c.; prime to choice, 65@70c. Sterling Exchange, 152@152½. New-York sight exchange, ¼@½ discount. Gold dull at 141. Freights unchanged.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Dec. 1.—Cotton dull and heavy; sales of 38 bales at 31c. for strict Middling.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Dec. 1.—Cotton dull, and few transactions; Middling, 32c.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 1.—Flour dull and nominal. Wheat unchanged at $1 78@$1 79 for No. 2. Oats quiet at 44c. for No. 2. Corn easy at 87c. for No. 1. Rye unchanged. Provisions dull. Receipts—1,900 bbls. Flour, 84,000 bush. Wheat, 3,700 bush. Oats. Shipments—1,300 bbls. Flour, 1,600 bush. Wheat.

TOLEDO, Dec. 1.—Wheat quiet and unchanged at $2 73 for Amber Michigan, and $2 73 for No. 1 Red Wabash. Corn dull, and 1c. lower; No. 1 Mixed, 60c.; Oats, 41c.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 1.—Flour inactive; Chicago Extra, $11 50@$11 75. Wheat very dull. Corn—Receipts heavy and prices drooping; dry new White, 86@88c.; Yellow, 90@95c. Oats quiet at 55@57c. Provisions dull. Lard, 13@13½c. Seeds steady; Clover active. Sugars dull. Coffee quiet; Rio, 11½@13½c., gold. Whisky steady; Western bond, 35@36c.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.—The Flour market is dull; Superfine, $8@$8 50; Extra Superfine, $9@$10; North West Extra, $11@$12 25; Pennsylvania and Ohio, $14@$16. Wheat nominal at $2 65@$2 80; Southern Wheat, $2@$3 10. Rye, $1 35@$1 40. Corn lower, Old Yellow, $1 14@$1 15; New Yellow, 90@96c. Oats, 58@59c. Provisions declined and declining. Whisky is quoted at 36c.; Ohio at 43c. Crude Petroleum, 20½c. Clover Seed, $9 50@$10; Flax Seed, $3 25.

It Answers the Purpose of all Others.

"I like the Grover & Baker Machine, in the first place, because if I had any other I should still want a Grover & Baker, and, having a Grover & Baker, it answers the purpose of all the rest. It does a greater variety of work, and it is easier to learn than any other. I know three other ladies who have sold off other machines—sold at reduced prices—in order to get Grover & Baker, but recently, and they are very enthusiastic about their new machines." *Testimony of Mrs. J. C. Crely (Jennie June) before the Commissioner of Patents.*—[Advertisement.

MARRIED.

BEEKMAN—WEST—At Jersey City, by the Rev. W. H. Parmly, B. Frank Beekman to Emily West, daughter of Henry Hunt, esq., of Rahway, N. J. No cards.

DIED.

CLARK—At Tarrytown, Dec. 1, Mrs. Laura R. Clark, in her 77th year.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, on Tuesday, at 11½ o'clock a. m. Train leaves Thirtieth-st., H. R. Railroad, at 10 o'clock a. m.

GREEN—On Thursday, Nov. 29, 1866, at Sing Sing, Dr. Horace Green, aged 64 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, which will be held at the University-place Presbyterian Church, corner of University-place and Tenth-st., on Monday, Dec. 3, at 3 o'clock, p. m.

HUTCHINGS—At New-Brunswick, N. J., on Friday morning, Nov. 30, Charles Hutchings, in the 83d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his father, at New-Brunswick, on Monday, the 3d inst., at 2 p. m.

MARSHALL—On Saturday evening, Dec. 1, Joseph L. Marshall, in the 36th year of his age. (Eldest son of the late Rev. J. D. Marshall.)

Funeral on Tuesday, Dec. 4, from the Church of the Redeemer, Eighty-fifth-st., between Second and Third-aves., at 12 o'clock.

MARSH—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, Dec. 1, suddenly, Harriet W., wife of Edward H. Marsh, aged 34 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, on Monday, Dec. 3, at 9 o'clock a. m., from her late residence, No. 129 Lafayette-ave. The remains will be taken to Hadley, Mass., for interment.

RITCHIE—On the 24 inst., Charles P., son of Mathew L. and Eliza J. Ritchie, aged 3 years 11 months and 13 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Pyramid Lodge, No. 489, F. & A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 639 Hudson-st., this (Monday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, without further invitation. His remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

SMITH—On Saturday, Dec. 1, Col. George Smith, in the 73d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Monday, Dec. 3, at 3 p. m., from his late residence, No. 131 Sullivan-st.

VAN BENSCHOTEN—On Sunday morning, the 2d inst., James, infant son of Catherine Ida Loquier and James Van Benschoten, aged 7 months and 17 days.

VAN SUYL—On Saturday morning, Dec. 1, of scarlet fever, Otto W., youngest child of Andrew and Kate Van Suyl.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 183 Franklin-ave., Brooklyn, on Monday, Dec. 3, at 2 p. m.

Political Notices.

Notice.—EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE UNION CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—A Regular Meeting of this Committee will be held at Headquarters, cor. Broadway and Twenty-thirdst., on MONDAY EVENING, December 3, 1866, at ½ o'clock.

THOMAS B. ASTIN, President.

HENRY H. HURLAT, CHAS. H. HALL } Secretaries.

Ninth Assembly District.—The Union-Republican Association of the above District will assemble at Lebanon Hall, No. 10 Abingdon-sq., on THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, for consultation as the distribution of tickets for the election of Tuesday.

By order of the President.

JAS. WR