NEW PUBLICATIONS.

GAIL HAMILTON'S VENGEANCE.

A BATTLE OF THE BOOKS, recorded by an unknown writer for the use of Authors and Publishers; to the first for Doctrine, to the second for Reproof, to both for Correction and for Instruction in Righteousness. Edited and published by GAIL HAMILTON. 16mo. pp. 288. Cambridge: Printed at the Riverside Press, and for sale by Hurd & Houghton, New-York.

Various circumstances have combined to attract for this book, in advance of its appearance, an interest not warranted by its intrinsic importance. It was known that Gail Hamilton had quarreled with her publishers, Fields, Osgood & Co., and smarting under a sense of wrong, purposed to castigate them with all the power of her hand. The lady wields a sharp pen, and is never afraid to speak her mind. The publishers have not only long enjoyed the highest reputation as honorable men, but the public believes that they have been eminent among the craft for their cordial relations with the authors whose books they print. The assault was therefore awaited with curiosity, not only because it was likely to be a sharp one, but because it was directed against men whom the world held unassailable. We do not think the expectations of mankind will be satisfied. Gail Hamilton has not only written an unwise book; she has committed the unpardonable offense of writing a dull one. Of course, there are many flashes of wit; there are sharp thrusts; there are passages of excellent humor; but the story is long, tedious, and involved; it abounds in repetitions; and however important it may be to the parties in the controversy, to the rest of the world it must seem trivial. It is told with a transparent disguise of names and dates: the author becomes M. N.; the late Mr. Ticknor is "Brummell;" Mr. James T. Fields is "Hunt;" J. R. Osgood is "Parry;" the Appletons are "Pearvilles;" Harpers, the "Troubadours;" Boston (of course) is "Athens," and *The Atlantic Monthly*, "The Adriatic." Whether anything is gained by these transformations may be an open question. As well as we can understand the quarrel it is this. For her first book Gail Hamilton received the usual ten per cent on the retail price. Afterward a new arrangement was made under which she was to be paid 15 cents on each copy sold. As the price was then $1 50 a copy, this was equivalent to the old rate; but when prices went up, and the books were sold at $2, the author received, of course, much less than ten per cent. She complained and was answered by the agreement; but the agreement, she averred, had been made without her duly understanding it; there was question also how many of her books it covered, for besides the written contracts Mr. Fields alleges that there was an explicit verbal understanding. By what successive steps the lady passed from warm, confiding friendship to torturing doubt, to gloomy suspicion, to savage hostility, and finally to acrid sarcasm, we do not care to relate. After a controversy of sixteen months, the matter was referred to arbitration. Gail Hamilton, after a long argument, submitted the following summary of her claims:

"1. I claim that my first contract for 'City Lights,' ['Country Living,'] specially stipulating ten per cent, shall be carried out in good faith; and that it shall not be considered as changed or modified by any conversation remembered by Mr. Hunt, but absolutely denied by myself. And I claim that the word edition used therein shall be held to mean, just what Mr. Parry admits it would mean in common acceptation with the book-trade, namely, one thousand copies.

"2. I claim that my second contract, covering 'Alba Dies,' 'Rocks of Offense,' and 'Old Miasmas,' ['Red-Letter Days,' 'Stumbling-Blocks,' and 'A New Atmosphere'] was obtained from me under a total misapprehension of facts, that this misapprehension of mine was the result of a misrepresentation (I do not say intentional) made to me by Mr. Hunt in his letter of September 23, 1864, wherein he represents the arrangement as one uniform among their authors and as assuring me a rate of compensation, which he leaves me to infer, I might not otherwise obtain, whereas he knew that the arrangement was not uniform and that my percentage would amount to more as prices were then tending—and the arrangement was made by him so as to prevent my ten per cent from amounting to more than fifteen cents per copy. This I did not understand, and should not have assented to if I had understood it. I hold that neither in law, equity, morals, nor manners should I be held to an agreement which I did not comprehend, which the opposite party so presented as to prevent my comprehending it, and which deprived me of my proportionate share of an increase of profit admitted to have been made on the books published under it. The contract, therefore, should be set aside, and I should be paid according to the usage of publishers, or at the same rate as appears in the contract for 'City Lights,' namely, ten per cent.

"3. I claim that on my books published since the date of my second contract, and not alluded to or included in either contract, namely, 'Winter Work,' 'Holidays,' 'Pencillings,' 'Cotton Picking,' and 'Rights of Men,' ['Summer Rest,' 'Gala Days,' 'Skirmishes and Sketches,' 'Wool-Gathering,' and 'Woman's Wrongs'] my compensation shall be fixed by the usage existing among publishers and authors.

"4. I claim and must certainly be entitled to receive interest at the rate of seven per cent on all sums found to be due me at the date of the several semi-annual settlements, counting my compensation uniformly at the rate of ten per cent on the retail price of the books at the date of the settlement. This point is so plain that it can need no argument.

"5. I claim that I am equitably entitled to damages to compensate me for the loss that has resulted to me pecuniarily and otherwise from this unhappy occurrence. My pecuniary damage alone amounts to more than three thousand dollars. There are hurts of other kinds to which money bears no relation.

"My actual expenses in preparing for this reference have been very considerable, and under the award of costs I claim that I should have an ample allowance made me to cover my outlays in this regard."

The referees, after two days of deliberation, returned the following decision:

"The undersigned, mutually agreed upon as referees in the matter in controversy between M. N. and Messrs. Hunt, Parry & Co., on their own account, and as successors of Brummell & Hunt, hereby award to M. N. the sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars, to be paid her by Hunt, Parry & Co., within three days from the date of this paper in full compensation for her claims upon the matter in this controversy—and that hereafter M. N. shall receive ten per cent copyright on the retail price of all her books printed by Hunt, Parry & Co., except the three books embraced in the contract between the parties dated September 24, 1864. The referees decline any compensation for services or expenses and leave each party to pay their own costs.

"Signed and delivered, April 30, 1869.

"J. RUSSELL.
"G. W. HAMPDEN."

Here, it seems to us, the matter ought to have rested. When questions of this sort are submitted to arbitration it is generally an implied condition that neither party shall appeal to another tribunal. Miss Dodge has not gone to law, but she has appealed to public opinion, and dragged to light a private and personal controversy in which the public has no concern. Whether she or Mr. Fields is most in the wrong we do not know. It is none of our business, so we shall not inquire; but if we chose to distress ourselves about it we should remember that nothing in the world is so dangerous to trust and so unreasonable as a woman with a grievance. She professes to believe that she has done a service to the literary guild by stripping the mask from a firm of pretenders, and teaching writers how necessary it is to cultivate exact, prompt, and intelligent business habits. In the bottom of her heart she probably does not believe that she has been actuated by any purpose of rendering such charitable service.

As the practical conclusion of the book, we cite the following passage from the closing chapter:

The money proceeds of the insurrection, whose history has been given in these pages, was twelve hundred and fifty dollars. The whole amount claimed to make up ten per cent was about three thousand dollars, and considering that my whole plan of proceedings was demolished in the beginning, and that the case had to present itself, as one may say, smothered in a mass of irrelevant details, and deprived of much that was to the purpose, I reckoned myself extremely well off. But even had the whole sum been awarded, it would have been no very munificent compensation for eighteen months of literary labor, apart from the fact that the labor was of a kind for which no money could compensate. In its baldest shape, the result of a year and a half of work were twelve hundred and fifty dollars, or a little more than one third of what was claimed on previous work. I think myself therefore justified in asserting that though quarreling with your publishers may be very good as a crusade, it is a very poor way of getting a living.

Let me here correct an impression that seems to prevail somewhat extensively as to the rewards of literary life. It certainly has its rewards, and of the most delightful kind. What joys it may bring in the higher walks I do not know, but even on the lower levels, I should like to live forever—a thousand years to begin with, at any rate. I could speak as enthusiastically as a certain popular writer, "once more famous than now," "Of all the blessings which my books have brought me,—blessings of inward wealth that cannot be so much as named,—blessings so rich, so divine, that I sometimes think nothing ever was so beautiful as to have written a book."

But so far as literature pays cash down it is not to be compared to—shoemaking for instance. The daily papers have been circulating a paragraph to the effect that a recent popular book had gone to a second edition and that its author had already received from it twelve thousand dollars. I am not prepared to deny the statement; but I know an author of nine books, not it is to be hoped on the same footing of intrinsic merit, but books which have traveled up to nine, ten, and fourteen editions, whose author never has received and never expects to receive twelve thousand dollars on the whole lot.

Let nothing in this remark be construed into anything like complaint. On the contrary, authors ought to be grateful to their publishers for allowing them so large a gratuity. As Mr. Perry remarked concerning the appropriation of an edition of fifteen hundred books to the use of the firm, they might have taken more if they had chosen. And when we reflect that not only do they bestow upon us these large sums of money, but, as sundry extracts in other parts of this volume show, they first manufacture for us the fame which brings the money, we are, in the language of the hymn, lost in wonder, love, and praise. It must be heart-rending to fashion your graven image and then have that image turn upon you and demand a share of the profits!

Unhappily a dense ignorance upon this subject broods over the community, and there should be added to our literature an

AUTHOR'S CATECHISM.

1. *Question.* Can you tell me, child, who made you? *Answer.* The great House of Hunt, Parry & Co., which made heaven and earth.

The next number of *Putnam's Magazine* (the first under Mr. Parke Godwin's management) will contain a careful article on "Cuba, and the American Doctrine of Neutrality."

Sheldon & Co. have added to their series of text books of literature *A Smaller History of English and American Literature for the Use of Schools*, edited by WILLIAM SMITH, LL. D., and HENRY T. TUCKERMAN. It is intended to be used in connection with Shaw's Specimens.

A good edition of *The Poetical Works of* SAMUEL LOVER has just been published by D. & J. Sadlier & Co. It is well printed on tinted paper, and neatly bound, and is a full collection of the songs, ballads, metrical tales, and miscellaneous verses which the popular Irish poet gave to the world in various forms.

Health by Good Living is the title of a practical little work by Dr. W. W. HALL, editor of *Hall's Journal of Health*. The kind of "good living" to which he refers is "good eating," and he gives rules for governing and satisfying the appetite, and curing the diseases which originate in abuse of the digestive powers. He tells how, when, and what to eat, how to prepare food for invalids, and how to take exercise in such a way as to promote a healthy action of the stomach. The instructions are plain and sensible, and the book will do good. (Hurd & Houghton.)

The Unkind Word, and Other Stories, by the author of "John Halifax, Gentleman," is the title of a new duodecimo volume just issued by Harper & Brothers. The title does not fairly describe the book. It is a readable collection of Miss Mulock's fugitive pieces, but very few of them are stories. There are essays on social topics, pleasant, chatty notices of books, biographical papers, and sketches of the House of Commons, of the Great Exhibition, and of one or two public institutions. "The Unkind Word" is a little domestic tale, filling only thirty or forty pages.

Mr. LEWIS R. HAMERSLY, late of the U. S. Marine Corps, has compiled from official sources a useful volume entitled *The Records of Living Officers of the U. S. Navy and Marine Corps.* (J. B. Lippincott & Co.) It gives in condensed form a biographical sketch of every line officer in the navy from the grade of Admiral down to (and including) that of Lieutenant Commander, with all the Surgeons, Chief Engineers, and Paymasters, and officers of marines, from First Lieutenant up. Each man's record of service is given in full, and his successive promotions, commands, and employments are set down, as well as any particular incident in his career which may require notice. Mr. Hamersly has added a brief history of the navy during the war, and a complete list of the officers and vessels engaged in the principal battles.

We have received from Scribner, Welford & Co. the fifth series of John Leech's *Pictures of Life and Character from the Collection of Mr. Punch.* It contains some of the most charming sketches of that most delightful of humorous artists—his beautiful fresh English girls, his inimitable children, his cockneys, so thoroughly vulgar from their hats to their shoes, "Mr. Briggs" and his horse-taming experiences, that famous series of pictures of "Mrs. Baker's Pet," and a great many illustrations of poor Leech's great grievance, the organ-grinder. The five volumes of these admirable wood-cuts are a panorama of English life, which will be prized more and more as time rolls on. The cuts used in this latest collection seem to be in good order, but they have not been carefully worked off, so that in many cases their spirit is almost extinguished with too much ink.

The Harpers have just put upon the market bound volumes of their three popular periodicals, the monthly, the weekly, and *The Bazaar*, in each of which many classes of readers will find instruction and amusement. The extraordinary success of these publications is owing to the shrewdness of their plan, and the care and liberality with which that plan has been carried out. They are designed to meet the taste of the great average multitude, the best and largest class of our people, and they are edited for this purpose with remarkable skill. If their contents are not often brilliant, they are seldom dull; if they are not generally solid, they are at any rate readable. They are well suited to the family, being unexceptionable in point of morality, without being at all "goody." A liberal supply of good serial novels can always be found in their pages, and their illustrations are among the best wood engravings produced in this country.

The Annual of Scientific Discovery, which for the last twenty years has given us periodically a collection of the most important new developments in science and art, appears this year under the editorship of Prof. John Trowbridge of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, assisted by Dr. Samuel Kneeland and Mr. W. R. Nichols. It is, as usual, a valuable repertory of useful and interesting things, and the preface supplies, in the style of a President's Message, a survey of the chief discoveries of the past year, and an indication of the chief points which demand our attention. We could wish that the matter of the volume had been more carefully digested and systematically arranged. Two or three paragraphs relating to the same subject are sometimes placed many pages apart, and, as the index is not a good one, it is often hard to find what one wants. There are two articles, for instance, on the East River Bridge; neither is referred to in the index under the head of Bridge (where other great bridges appear), and only one is in the index at all. We have noticed similar irregularities under other titles. (Gould & Lincoln.)

Miss CATHARINE E. BEECHER and her sister Mrs. H. B. STOWE have prepared "for the use of young ladies in schools, seminaries, and colleges" a text book of the *Principles of Domestic Science as applied to the Duties and Pleasures of Home* (J. B. Ford & Co.) That there are not more books of this class is a reproach to modern society. The duties which a wife and mother is called upon to fill are hardly inferior in importance to any that can be imposed upon a human creature; yet for these duties, as a rule, woman receives no training whatever. Miss Beecher and Mrs. Stowe purpose in this book to teach girls how to make home virtuous, cheerful, and healthy. They do not confine themselves to recipes for cakes and jellies, or patterns of preposterous worsted work. They indicate the crying sins against health which distinguish the structure of so many American houses, and show how they can be overcome; they give hints for making households prettier and more convenient; they lay down rules of exercise, diet, dress, cleanliness, daily habits, and domestic manners; they devote a few chapters to wholesome cookery, to economy of time and money, to the care of infants and the management of young children, to the care of the sick and aged, to the solution of the servant problem, to the treatment of domestic animals, and to various kinds of domestic work. Some of their opinions will doubtless be questioned; but in general the book is characterized by plain common sense and Yankee sagacity, and any girl who expects to preside some day over a home of her own will be the better for reading it.

Dr. EDWARD SEGUIN, one of the highest authorities in this country on the subject of idiocy, has just published in pamphlet form a lecture delivered by him last October on *New Facts and Remarks concerning Idiocy* (Wm. Wood & Co.) His primary purpose in it is to point out what the family physician ought to know about the symptoms of idiocy, not in order to treat it, but to judge of the chances of recovery, and advise upon the choice of the best training schools. Dr. Seguin gives some clear instructions upon these points, and explains the systems pursued in the New-York State Asylum at Syracuse and the private institution of Dr. Brown at Barre, Mass., to both which he accords warm praise. To the non-professional reader, however, his lecture is interesting principally on account of what he says about the causes and prevalence of idiocy, and their connection with the Woman Question. "Persons engaged in the treatment of idiots are nearly unanimous upon the fact that the victims of idiocy have grown more numerous. If so, the causes of this infirmity must be on the increase; and what are those now and newly at work?" The causes are to be found, Dr. Seguin believes, in the unfortunate social condition of woman. She is educated after a system which teaches her a jumble of inutilities, and "not an iota of womanhood." Her habits disqualify her for the functions of maternity. She conceives children with unwillingness and apprehension. She is too much agitated and vexed with the troubles which of right belong to the husband alone, with cares external to the home. She assumes the anxieties pertaining to both sexes. She takes up burdens which she is not fitted to bear. She is perplexed and worried by complex influences and desires; an impulse towards matrimony on the one hand, a struggle for "freedom" on the other, under which children are born not of the union but the disunion of their parents. Conceived in antagonism, anxiety, and depression, the offspring becomes monstrous in its organization. Mrs. Brown, the wife and intelligent assistant of the Superintendent of the Barre Asylum, told Dr. Seguin that among the wealthier classes, who are particularly subject to the influences we have enumerated, experience had taught her that idiocy was oftener aggravated by accessory diseases and complicated with abnormal semi-capacities or disordered instincts which produce heterogeneous types to an almost unlimited extent. What would be the result if our wives and mothers extended much further their opportunities for worry, it is fearful to imagine. The feverish haste to be rich and the propensity to gambling in stocks, in lands, in every kind of business, which distinguish the active life of men in the present day, have also their fatal influence. Woman may not be admitted to the whirl of commerce and speculation, but she feels the uncertainty of her social position and shares the distresses of her husband. "I have attended a mother of a remarkably fine family of four children," says Dr. Seguin, "whose fifth was affected in this wise. During that pregnancy her husband was deeply involved in speculations; he would say nothing to her about his chances, but she knew daily, by the way he ate, how much he had lost. One day she saw him swallow his dinner without masticating at all; she fainted away, the child hardly moved after, and was born a cripple and an idiot. . . . . Man suffers through his head and heart; woman suffers besides, and more, through her womb." These facts give us ample food for reflection, and we commend Dr. Seguin's pamphlet, not only to the profession for whom it is primarily intended, but to wives and husbands generally who are so vitally interested in its conclusions.

The Journal of Speculative Philosophy for January is the first number of the fourth volume. It contains, first, an excellent translation into English hexameters of the few fragments of Parmenides that have been handed down to us. This is, we believe, the first full translation into English of the strange philosophy of the chief of the Eleatics; and as not only a literal but also a poetical translation deserves a high praise. The notes are full and valuable. Professor Davidson of the St. Louis High School is the translator. The second article is a translation by Mr. Wm. R. Walker of Descarte's "Meditations." Our readers are acquainted, at least historically, with this famous work of the greatest of French philosophers; and we need say only that the translation is excellent and very faithful. It is followed by some eighty-odd rhymes from the celebrated "Rhymed Sayings of the Cherubinic Wanderer," by Joannes Scheffler, otherwise called *Angelus Silesius*, a German poet of the seventeenth century. The translation is by Mr. A. E. Kroeger. We quote some of the verses which have been celebrated not only in Scheffler's time, but ever since, more than a dozen editions of Sheffler's poems having appeared since his death in Germany alone:

That which is fine, remaineth.
Hard as a precious stone, clear as the purest gold,
And as a crystal pure thy soul thou oughtest to hold.

We know not what we are.
I know not what I am; I am not what I know;
A thing and not a thing, a point and circle's flow.

God lives not without me.
I know without me God cannot a moment live;
If I to naught should turn, He too would death receive.

A Christian as rich as God.
I am as rich as God; there can no dust-speck be
Which I hold not with Him in common property.

The Overgodhead.
What has been said of God sufficeth me not yet;
The overgodhead is my life, my light, my mate.

God knows no beginning for Himself.
Thou ask'st me to report how long since God has been;
Be still! it is so long, himself knows not it e'en.

How do we become like God?
Who wants to be like God, must unlike all else grow,
Get rid of his own self and of all selfish woe.

The Rose.
The rose, which here thine eye externally doth see,
Hath bloomed thus in God from all eternity.

Mr. Wm. T. Harris, the editor, gives in the present number a translation of Hegel's "Science of Rights, Morals, and Religion," from the *Propædeutik*. Hegel's work itself is rather fragmentary and introductory, and this translation makes it appear only more so. The "Introduction to the Logic of Trentowski," translated from the Polish by Prof. Podbrelski of Havana College, Cuba, is rather too theological and national in some parts to be suited to the general standard of the articles in *The Journal*. The same may be said of Ernst Kapp's review of Dr. E. Hartmann's recent work on the "Philosophy of the Unconscious." On the whole, however, *The Journal* is not only valuable, but, as filling a neglected field of general literature, almost indispensable to every American student.

New Publications.

AMERICAN PHOTO-LITHOGRAPHIC CO.'S OFFICE has been removed to No. 140 Fulton-st., N. Y.

EARTH CLOSETS AND EARTH SEWAGE.
A NEW PAMPHLET OF GREAT INTEREST TO ALL.
By GEORGE E. WARING, jr. (of Ogden Farm)
CONTENTS:
THE EARTH SYSTEM (Details).
THE MANURE QUESTION.
SEWAGE AND CESS-POOL DISEASES.
THE DRY EARTH SYSTEM FOR CITIES AND TOWNS.
THE DETAILS OF EARTH SEWAGE.
THE PHILOSOPHY OF THE EARTH SYSTEM.
TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF THE EARTH CLOSET.
17 Illustrations, 104 pages, 8vo.
PRICE FIFTY CENTS.
Sent by Mail on receipt of price.
Address THE TRIBUNE, New-York.

BURNTON & COREY'S
CHEAP CASH BOOKSTORE,
49 SIXTH-AVE.

NOW READY—NEW BOOK, which every family should have—The New Handy-Book of Family Medicine—OUR HOME PHYSICIAN. By Geo. M. Beard, A. M., M. D., Medical Lecturer in the University of the City of New-York. Written in plain language for the people, and tells what to do and how to do it in every emergency. Professors in our Medical Colleges testify that it is the only reliable Family Doctor Book published. Get it, and save Life, Health, and Money. The N. Y. Tribune says: "As a compend of the theory and practice of medicine, it is the best that we know." The N. Y. Evening Post says: "Dr. Beard has succeeded in making a popular treatise on the science of medicine very far superior to any other in existence." One agent in Pennsylvania sold 36 the first two days. One agent in New-York, in a shop of 24 workmen, sold 19 books. AGENTS WANTED. E. B. TREAT & Co., Publishers, 654 Broadway, N. Y.

WARING'S BOOKS FOR FARMERS.
I.
THE ELEMENTS OF AGRICULTURE.
(A BOOK FOR YOUNG FARMERS,)
By GEO. E. WARING, Jr.
Formerly Agricultural Engineer of the Central Park in New-York.
Author of Draining for Profit and Draining for Health.
SECOND EDITION.
(CAREFULLY REVISED.)
THE PLANT. THE SOIL. MANURES.
MECHANICAL CULTIVATION.
ANALYSIS.
The foregoing subjects are all discussed in plain and simple language that any farmer's boy may understand.
The book is written by a successful *practical farmer*, and is full of information, good advice, and sound doctrine.
PRICE ONE DOLLAR.
Sent by mail, post-paid.
II.
Also, by the same author,
PRICE $1 50.
DRAINING FOR PROFIT AND DRAINING FOR HEALTH.
By GEO. E. WARING, jr.,
Engineer of Draining of Central Park, New-York
Containing:
Land to be Drained, and reasons why;
How Drains act, and how they affect the Soil;
How to lay out a System of Drains;
How to make the Drains;
Care of Drains and Drained Land;
What Draining costs; Will it Pay?
How to make Drain Tiles;
Reclaiming Salt Marshes;
Malarial Diseases;
House Drainage and Town Sewerage, and
The Public Health.
PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.
Sent by mail on receipt of price.
III.
EARTH CLOSETS and EARTH SEWAGE.
By
GEO. E. WARING, JR.
Author of "The Elements of Agriculture," "Draining for Profit and Draining for Health," formerly Agricultural Engineer of the Central Park.
18 Illustrations. 100 pp.
A WORK OF THE GREATEST INTEREST TO ALL.
PRICE 50 CENTS.
Address THE TRIBUNE, NEW-YORK

MARGARET FULLER'S WORKS.
NEW EDITION, IN SIX VOLUMES, WITH A PORTRAIT.
PRICE $10, BOUND IN CLOTH.
SENT FREE ON RECEIPT OF PRICE.
THE TRIBUNE, NEW-YORK.

New Publications.

NOW READY:
I.
NEW AND REVISED EDITION
OF THE
U. S. DISPENSATORY.
THE DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. By George B. Wood, M. D., and Franklin Bache, M. D. Thirteenth Edition. Carefully Revised and Enlarged. Royal 8vo. Sheep. $10.
II.
LIVING OFFICERS OF THE U. S. NAVY.
THE RECORDS OF LIVING OFFICERS OF THE U. S. NAVY AND MARINE CORPS. With a History of Naval Operations during the Rebellion of 1861-65, and a List of the Ships and Officers participating in the Great Battles. Compiled from Official Sources. By Lewis R. Hammersly. 8vo. Extra Cloth, $5; Library Style, $6.
III.
VITAL PHILOSOPHY.
A SURVEY OF SUBSTANCE AND AN EXPOSITION OF NATURAL RELIGION. By Jonathan S. McDonald. 12mo. Extra Cloth. $1 75.
For sale by all Booksellers, or will be sent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price, by
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & Co., Publishers,
715 and 717 Market-st., Philadelphia,
and 449 Broome-st., New-York.

MERCHANTS' AND TRAVELERS' GUIDE, published weekly by JOHN S. HAYES, Richmond, Va., having the largest circulation of any paper published in the South, is the best advertising medium now offered to the public.

IN PRESS.—Will be published on SATURDAY, March 12,
A LIFE'S MOTTO.
Illustrated by Biographical Examples.
By the Rev. Thomas Pelham Dale, M. A.
12mo. Cloth Extra. Price, $1 75.
THE PATH ON EARTH TO THE GATE OF HEAVEN.
Being Essays of Counsel and Encouragement for the Christian Life of the present day.
By the Rev. Frederick Arnold of Christ Church, Oxford.
12mo. Cloth. Price, $1 75.
VIRTUE & YORSTON, Publishers,
10 and 12 Dey-st., New-York.

THE LIBERAL CHRISTIAN for March 12 contains Editorials on The Substance of Christianity, Daniel Webster, "Nothing Said About Christ," articles on the Bible in Schools, by Rev. G. H. Hepworth, Science and Religion, by Rev. A. P. Peabody, &c., &c. Literarians, Religious Intelligence, all the latest and most important Home and Foreign News, Political and Social, under "The Week," Poems, Letters from England, Oregon and Chicago, a Children's Department, and a variety of first-class miscellaneous reading for liberal and progressive minds.
Terms, $3 per year in advance. Address
J. N. HALLOCK, Manager.
P. O. Box 6,605, New-York City.

MANHOOD, 154th Edition. Corrected and Revised by the Author, E. DE P. CURTIS, M. D., F. R. C. S., &c., &c. A MEDICAL ESSAY on the cause and cure of Premature decline, showing how health is lost, and how regained. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to Marriage, the Treatment of Nervous and Physical Debility, Sterility, &c., and the remedies therefor: the result of twenty years' successful practice; together with an Infallible Recipe of a Preventive Lotion.
"There is no member of society by whom this book will not be found useful, whether such person holds the relation of Parent, Preceptor, or Clergyman."—[London Medical Times and Gazette.
Sent by mail on receipt of One Dollar. Address the Author, Dr. CURTIS 14 Chapman-st., Boston, Mass.

Instruction.

A BOARDING and DAY-SCHOOL for Boys, In a first-class location and of the highest character.
THE MURRAY HILL INSTITUTE,
No. 52 Park-ave.,
Rev. JOSEPH D. HULL, Principal.

AMENIA SEMINARY, Amenia, N. Y.—Term begins April 19. S. T. FROST, A. M., Principal and Proprietor.

A SUBURBAN HOME SCHOOL, New-Haven, Conn., Rev. Dr. Shears, Rector. Session begins February 7.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL, 212 Fifth-ave., with Primary Department and Gymnasium.

A HOME and SCHOOL for 10 Boys; ages 5 to 12. Address Mrs. G. A. RUSS, Tarrytown, N. Y.

A HOME and SCHOOL for YOUNG BOYS.—HEMPSTEAD INSTITUTE, L. I., N. Y. E. HINDS, Principal.

A CARD.—Ladies' WRITING CLASSES, at GOLDSMITH'S COLLEGE, Booth's Building, daily, at 11 and 4 o'clock. A good handwriting taught in ten lessons, and success guaranteed. Terms, $5, reduced from $10. Separate parlors for private instruction. The ladies of New-York and Brooklyn are invited to visit the College at all hours. OLIVER B. GOLDSMITH, the reputed Penman of America.

A COUNTRY HOME FOR CITY CHILDREN.—Parents or Guardians wishing a home for children, the best care, schooling if required, by calling at No. 128 West Fourteenth-st., or 651 Washington-st., may learn where to obtain it; also the terms.

BOARDING SCHOOL,
TARRYTOWN MILITARY INSTITUTE,
TARRYTOWN, N. Y.
Rev. F. J. JACKSON, Principal and Proprietor.

CLASSICAL and COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, Nyack, Rockland Co., N. Y. Address C. EUTHERFORD, Princ'l.

DREW LADIES' SEMINARY, Carmel, N. Y.—Spring session of 10 weeks begins Feb. 21. Excellent accommodations and superior advantages in solid branches and the arts. Send for catalogue to the Principal, GEO. C. SMITH.

FEMALE COLLEGE, Bordentown, N. J.—Board and tuition, $200 per year. For catalogues, address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELY, A. M., President.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY for YOUNG LADIES, Bridgeport, Conn. Miss EMILY NELSON, Principal.

IRVING INSTITUTE, Tarrytown, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The School year will commence Sept. 14. For Circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

MRS. GARRETSON'S
ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
No. 58 WEST FORTY-SEVENTH-ST.,

MAPLEWOOD YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, Pittsfield, Mass., Rev. C. V. SPEAR, Principal. The next semi-annual term opens March 3, 1870.

MISS AIKEN'S SEMINARY for YOUNG LADIES, Stamford, Conn.—The Spring Term will begin APRIL 6. For circulars and information, apply to C. AIKEN, Principal.

NEWBURGH INSTITUTE.—A Family School for Boys, will begin the Spring term April 11. For Circulars, &c., address HENRY W. SIGLAR, Newburgh, N. Y.

OAK HILL LADIES' SEMINARY.—The next term commences April 21. Address Mrs. S. E. W. ATWATER, West Haven, Ct.

PIANIST'S ACADEMY,
No. 116 East Twenty-second-st.
THIRD QUARTER
will commence on the 14th of March. Office hours between 1 and 2 o'clock.
Professors:
OTTO SINGER, Piano, S. P. WARREN, Harmony,
BERNARDUS BOEKELMAN, Leader.

PENNINGTON SEMINARY.—The care, comfort, and progress of the student guaranteed. Cost per year, $216. Address THOS. HANLON, Pennington, New-Jersey.

SOMERS Military Academy, at Somers, Westchester Co., N. Y., Capt. JAMES WHEELER, jr., graduate U. S. Mil. Acad., West Point Superintendent. Pupils received at any time.

THE HOME and SCHOOL for BOYS of the Rev. E. B. EMERSON, at Stratford, Conn., receives pupils from 7 to 14 years of age, and strict attention is paid to their physical, intellectual, and religious culture. The Spring term of 21 weeks will commence on the fourth WEDNESDAY of March, but scholars are admitted at any time. For circulars apply to Mr. E. H. LUMMIS, No. 52 John-st.; JOHNSTON & ROBINSON, No. 150 Bowery, New-York; or to the Principal.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,
Established 1854.
For making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian MEN.
Thorough teaching. Common sense management
BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 208, Yonkers, N. Y.

Teachers.

WANTED—In the German-American School of Nineteenth Ward, an experienced American male TEACHER to take charge of the English Branches of the lower elementary classes. Must be a good disciplinarian, able to teach Grammar, Arithmetic, Object Lessons, etc. Salary, $800. Apply by letter on or before Tuesday, March 15, to P. STAHL, Prin., 244 and 246 East Fifty-second-st., N. Y.

Dancing Academies.

HLASKO'S ACADEMY OF DANCING, 64 West Thirty-fourth-st. Morning and afternoon classes daily. Gentlemen Monday and Thursday, at 8 p. m.

Musical Instruments.

A GREAT OFFER.
HORACE WATERS, 481 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, will dispose of One Hundred PIANOS, MELODEONS, and ORGANS, of six first-class makers, at extremely low prices for cash during this month, or will take from $3 to $5 monthly until paid; the same to Let, and rent money applied if purchased. New Chickering Pianos for Rent. Monthly installments received for same.

A GREAT REDUCTION in Pianos—Barmore's Warerooms, No. 349 Bleecker-st.; splendid assortment; warranted five years; 17 prize medals; testimonials from distinguished artists.

IF you want a good PIANO, cheap, call at M. M. MERRELL'S (late L. P. Cummings') Warerooms, No. 8 Union-square. Sold on installments, or rented, any way to suit customers. Only look at them before you decide elsewhere.

PIANO DEALERS and PURCHASERS are invited to examine the "CHAMBERS" UPRIGHT AND SQUARE PIANOS, which we offer to the Trade as the BEST and the CHEAPEST in the market. Factory, Sixth-st., between Third and Second-aves. Call or address T. H. CHAMBERS & SON,
99 and 101 Fourth-ave., New-York City.

1,000 NEW PIANOS,
ORGANS AND MELODEONS,
will be sold, and from
$4 TO $20 MONTHLY,
taken on each till paid for, or *RENTED CHEAP*, and rent applied on purchase, or sold *VERY LOW FOR CASH*. Second-hand Pianos at great bargains.
T. S. BERRY & Co.,
789 BROADWAY, COR. TENTH-ST.

To Manufacturers.

THE DUNDEE MANUFACTURING COMPANY invite the Attention of Manufacturers to their Water Power at the town of Passaic, New-Jersey, on tide water, four miles below Paterson, and eight miles above Newark, adjoining the Erie Railroad, and within ten miles of Hoboken and Jersey City, and eleven from the City Hall, New-York. They have a head and fall of twenty-two feet to high tide, with the whole Passaic River, and a reservoir of three hundred acres. The Mill Sites are large and so arranged that each one has the benefit of navigation on both head and tail races. The supply of water is not only abundant, but permanent. The property is situated on a navigable river, in the midst of a large population, while its proximity to the City of New-York (communicating with it by a plank road, by railroad, and by water) renders it the most advantageous location for manufacturing in the country. On the premises are a new and substantial brick Mill, 40x100, four stories high, a Machine Shop, and a Founderv, all ready for immediate occupation. Applications can be made to S. W. TURRRY, 39 Vesey-st., New-York.

THE MONEY MARKET.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE.—FIRST CALL, 10½ O'CLOCK A. M.

Sales of Government Bonds.

42,000 U S 6s S '31 Cou.....114
2,000.....114¾
3,000 U S 5-20 Cou '62.....109¾
1,000 U S 5s, 10-40 Cou.....105¾
12,000 U. S. 5-20 Coup, '67.....107
10,000.....107¼
295,000.....109¾
20,000 U S 5-20 Cou '64.....109¾
2,000.....109¾
36,500 U S 5-20 Cou '65.....109
4,000.....108¾
20,500 U S 5-20 Cou, '65 n.....107¾
7,350 U S 5-20 Reg, '67.....107

Sales of State Bonds—Railroad Bonds—Bank and Railroad—Express Stocks, &c.

1,000 Tenn 6s, e-co. 57¾
2,000.....58
5,000 Tenn 6s, n.....47¾
15,000.....48
40,000 Vir 6s, new..73
5,000 No Ca St 6s..47¾
15,000 N C 6s, new..21¾
10,000.....21¾
56,000 Vir 6s, ex-c 75¾
10,000.....75¾
2,000.....75¾
10,000 Missouri 6s. 93¾
4,000.....93¾
2,000.....93¾
2,000 S Ca Sta 6s.. 89
11,000 Louisiana 6s Levee Bonds.....74¾
1,000 Alabama Sta 8s, Bonds.....95
4,000 M & H & S J R. 92¾
2,000 Br'kl'n 6s W'r Loan.....93¾
5,000 Broo 6s, Park Loan.....92
1,000 Mich South'rn & N I Bonds.....101¾
5,000 Pac Ra Rd 7s guar by St of Mo 96
5,000 Centr Pacific R'd Gold B's.....94¾
5,000.....94¾
5,000.....94¾
6,000 Union Pacific Railroad, 1st..... 85¾
7,000.....85
1,000 Chi & N W 1. 94¾
14,000 C, R I & P 7s 98
5,000 Mor & Es 1..102
5,000 Gr Wst 1 10s, bo'ds, '68.....108
1,000 Quincy & Tol 1st mort.....83
7,000 Ohio & Miss con'ted bd's.....83
10,000 Col Cen & In Central 1st..... 82¾
11,000.....82¾
1,000 N Y & N H 6s Bonds.....102¾
5,000 W U Tel 7 b. 90
4,000 Mich So 2 m. 96
5,000 Long Dock L Bonds.....87
55 Merc Exc'e B'k.104
40.....bet call. 105
5 Bank of N Ame..106
10.....105¾
12 Tenth Nat B.....104
40 Ninth Na B'k.....111
100 Canton Comp'y 62
100.....62
5 Del & Hud Ca'l...119
30 Unl Sta Tr Co.170
200 Bruns'k C L.... 9¾
200 Quicksilver..... 11¾
100 Mariposa Pr.... 18
16,000 Mar Tr 10's c between call.....46
200 Pacific Mail S.. 37¾
50.....37¾
100.....bet call. 37¾
200.....37¾
400.....37¾
700.....37¾
50 N Y Cen & Hud Riv. R'd Con.....96¾
100.....bet call. 96¾
1,000.....96¾
10,000 N Y C & Hu Ri