crowded to hear orations from two young gentlemen and an essay from one young lady. The latter is Miss Mary Stewart of Skowegan, Me.; the names of the gentlemen are Thaddeus P. Carr of this place, and Clement Knowles Pittman of Keokuk, Iowa. It will be seen that the class, minute as it is in numbers, represents the far East, the West, and what was until recently the far West. President Hosmer, in conferring the degree of A. B., remarked that the quality rather than the quantity of the class was a subject of congratulation.

MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY.

IMPROVEMENTS—ALUMNI MEETINGS—INAUGURATION OF PRESIDENT ANGELL.

ANN ARBOR, June 28.—Public sentiment in Michigan has always favored the State University; but the gradual scattering of its alumni throughout the cities and towns has of late begun to excite a more practical interest than formerly. The institution was created rather by the General Government through the State than by the State herself; was controlled by a body independent of the Legislature, and it is not strange that the people have been quite content with electing men to the regencies after the ordinary manner of politics. As the University has grown in years, however, graduating class after class of its 3,000 alumni, her sons, taking leading places in the State, have built up an interest among their fellow-citizens which is developing in more judicious elections and in legislative sympathy for the highest education. Four years ago the Legislature voted an annual appropriation of $15,000 to the aid of the University; and during the past season added $25,000 for a new edifice. Ten years ago the 40-acre inclosure of Michigan University was a miniature prairie, crossed only with foot-paths. Within the decade past, however, the whole appearance of the campus has been changed. Paths have been kept in straight lines, finely graded, and shaded with thickly-planted elms and maples, till there are now academic groves which delight the heated traveler who may chance upon them. Only one new college building has been erected; extensive additions have been made to the medical college and the laboratory near it; the law department has a house, built in 1863; otherwise there are only the two original edifices of the department of literature and the arts, and the four professors' houses on the north and south borders. But the most interesting feature of the grounds is the class-memorials. The class of 1859 set their successors a good example in the importation of a cast of the Laocoon group, which occupies a prominent place in the museum. Recently, graduating classes have availed themselves of a geological peculiarity of Ann Arbor suburbs and have dragged to the campus huge stones, not exactly like those which the Israelites set up at Jericho for their sons to ask questions about, but probably much better adapted to aesthetic purposes. Everybody has seen a "pudding-stone"—that curious product of the earth that looks like a petrified Bologna sausage or collection of flat-irons gathered in quartz. The classes of 1861 and 1869 have with infinite zeal hauled to each a fine specimen moved hither by glacier and placed them, the one in front of North College, and the other, of several tuns' weight, near the principal entrance to the campus. Prof. Winchell gives the latter memorial the credit of being a complete epitome of the geological history of Michigan. The class of 1870, either despairing of strength to move a bigger bowlder than '69, or fired with a higher ambition, made their contribution in the gift of a bronze statue of Benjamin Franklin, placed near the "little pebble" of '62.

The grand adornment, however, will be the new college building. The successful competitor for the design is a graduate of 1868, Mr. Edward S. Jenison of Chicago. According to his plans the building will fill the entire space, 127 feet, between the old North and South Colleges, and will be 133 feet deep, the whole surmounted by a dome 144 feet high, and a portico somewhat similar to that of Cooper Institute. A chapel within will be capable of seating 2,700 people. The entire edifice will occupy the greatest area covered by any American college building, as the campus does among American college grounds. The corner-stone was laid this afternoon, after the inauguration services of the new President.

The new general catalogue of the University is out this morning, printed in English and full of the usual instructive lists and summaries. The oldest alumni are of course not very far advanced in age, yet the distinctions now are very creditable to the training of the University. The total number of graduates is classified as follows:

In all departments, 2,900. Bachelors of Arts, 615; Bachelors of Science, 147; Bachelors of Philosophy, 12; total number of bachelors in academic ethnos, 775. Civil Engineers, 66; Mining Engineers, 13; Pharmaceutical Chemists, 52; Doctors of Medicine, 969; Bachelors of Law, 1,039; whole number of post-graduate degrees conferred, 4; honorary, 12.

Among the graduates the clergy number 81. There have been 36 professors in other colleges, three college Presidents, one Governor (of Nebraska), Thomas B. Cumming of the first class, 1845; two Lieutenant-Governors, and several members of either House in Congress.

At the business meeting of the alumni yesterday, in the old chapel, there was a very large attendance. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, Walter S. Perry, '61; Vice-Presidents, E. A. Fraser, '63, Zoheth Truesdale, '67; Secretary, Elisha Jones, '58; Treasurer, A. H. Pettengill, '48; Executive Committee: M. H. Goodrich, '45, J. Q. A. Sessions, '56, E. D. Kinne, '64; Orator for 1872, A. H. Pettibone, '30; alternate, J. H. McGowan, '61; Poet, E. L. Walter, '68, alternate, A. E. Wilkinson, '69; Necrologist, Mr. Chase.

Four deaths during the past year were reported: C. A. Thompson, jr., '60; the Rev. H. O. Newcomb, '61; George S. Hastings, '67, John Whiting, '69.

The oration and poem before the alumni were delivered last evening by Mr. William Howard Wait of New-York City, and Mr. Henry Munson Utley of Detroit. The class of '61 held a very pleasant reunion at the house of Prof. C. K. Adams last evening.

This morning the Commencement exercises were held in the Methodist Church, the procession forming at the law building on the campus near by, and receiving the President elect. Retiring President Frieze conducted the exercises. There were seven orations—the number being lessened to make room for the inaugural—made as is the rule here without distinction of scholarship. The house was packed in every available spot when Prof. Frieze introduced the President elect, James Burrill Angell, LL. D., who has lately been President of the State University of Vermont at Burlington, and was formerly of Brown University, and also at one time editor of *The Providence Journal*. Dr. Angell combines the facial characteristics of both ex-President Haven of this University, now at Evanston, Ill., and President White of Cornell; is a Congregationalist but not a clergyman, very genial and already a favorite with all whose opinions I have heard. The acting President bade him welcome in the name of the Regents and of all the University, with a heartiness that must have been very gratifying, echoed as it was by the applause of students, alumni, and all present.

President Angell, after expressing his gratitude for the cordial welcome of Professor Frieze, referred to the earnest support Michigan gave to educational institutions, and mentioned the German victories in the war with France as proving the wisdom of the course followed by Prussia in securing the education of the people. Education is now the theme of the greatest minds in all civilized countries. Austria has gained by secularizing her schools, and Italy is preparing to follow her example. The Michigan University has developed two features of which it had reason to be proud—a choice of studies to young men, and better facilities for pursuing some branches than was formerly given in the old colleges. The University was now looked to as destined to fairly test the merits of the liberal course plan, and of the joint education of male and female students. It must also be the first to supply the demand of the West for higher education. Dr. Angell concluded by suggesting that the requirements for admission should be advanced in the professional schools, and said he would introduce a special plan of study for those who intended to be journalists.

The honorary degrees conferred were, M. A. on Seth Morse Barbour, and LL. D. on T. C. Abbott, President of the State Agricultural College at Lansing.

After the address, the alumni and guests of the University repaired to the law lecture room—the present chapel—where a bountiful collation had been prepared under the direction of the University. The attendance was very large, and the speeches, under direction of Prof. Cocker, excellent. Still later in the afternoon the corner-stone of the new building was laid, with addresses by President Angell, the Hon. J. V. Campbell, (who furnished also an original ode), and the Hon. E. C. Walker. In the evening the first reception of President Angell, at the presidential mansion, closed the festivities of one week.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARIETTA COLLEGE, OHIO.

MARIETTA, Ohio, June 28.—The graduating class numbers 13 young men this year. The valedictory oration was delivered by Charles E. Walton of Cincinnati, and the salutatory by Aaron H. Ferris of Battle Creek, Mich. The following list of the remaining members of the class, with their residence shows, in a general way, the section of country represented in this college: Geo. Burlingame, Putnam, Ohio; Jas. F. Cole, Briscoe Run, West Va.; Dan'l W. Dye, Warren, O.; Fred. L. Gage, Roxbelle, O.; Chas. H. Hovey, Marietta; Frank H. Babb, Cincinnati; Wm. W. Mills, Marietta; John L. Wells, Barban, Ohio; Thomas J. Hughes, Long Reach, West Virginia; Wm. C. West, Decatur, Ohio. It will be inferred that there is but little interest in the college thus far outside of the State of Ohio. The oration before the alumni was delivered by James Q. Howard, M. A., of Columbus. On Sunday evening the Rev. D. W. Fisher of Wheeling, West Virginia, addressed the Society of Inquiry.

THE NEW PRESIDENT OF UNION COLLEGE.

From The Albany Journal.

Dr. Potter will bring to the Presidency the prestige of name, associations, standing, and excellent qualifications. His accession revives the traditions and the influence with which the long history and the great success of Union are most closely identified. A son of the late Bishop Potter of Pennsylvania, and a grandson of Dr. Nott, he quickens old memories into new life. Possessing the advantage of such associations, and the special support of a powerful influence always connected with Union, he adds personal fitness in a high degree. The new President is yet a young man. He graduated from Union in 1861, entered the ministry, is now rector of a large Episcopal Church at Troy, and has been highly successful in his profession. To ample culture, he adds rare tact and judgment, excellent address, and fine executive capacity. Commanding a strong influence, while signal success he supplements it with high administrative ability. The presidency of a large collegiate institution requires as its peculiar qualification skill of management—the source of Dr. Nott's extraordinary power. He was an eminent educator because he was an eminent manager. The friends of the new president believe that he possesses much of the same tact and much of the same talent for enlisting public support. He comes to the position with the warm favor of the trustees and with the cordial cooperation of the entire faculty.

From The Albany Argus.

The Rev. Dr. Eliphalet Nott Potter is the son of the Rev. Alonzo Potter, long connected with the College and afterward Bishop of Pennsylvania, and grandson of Dr. Nott. These two names suggest memories and hopes that smile pleasantly on the path which the young President has entered upon. What Union College wants is a man whose personal presence and elevation of character, and high standard of honor, shall tend to elevate the tone of the students and encourage them to high aspirations. We trust and believe that the College has secured these qualities in its new President.

THE AVENUE A HOMICIDE—DEATH OF McCANN.

Peter McCann, age 17, the cripple, who with his brothers, Patrick and Timothy, and several other young ruffians, attacked Peter Ozab in the saloon of the latter, at No. 308 Avenue A, died yesterday in Bellevue Hospital from the effect of the pistol-shot wound in the temple inflicted by Ozab. The saloon keeper, the brothers of the deceased, and Timothy McCarty are under arrest, awaiting the result of a coroner's investigation.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Partington has betaken herself, pen and pencil, to the service of *Every Saturday*.

Gov. Hoffman with his wife and daughter have gone to Newport for the rest of the Summer.

The ex-Rebel leader, B. C. Yancey, has been appointed editor of *The Atlanta* (Ga.) *Intelligencer*.

Prof. Hitchcock, of Dartmouth College, with a squad of students, is exploring in the White Mountains.

"Lieutenant-Gen." Jubal A. Early will tell the "Society of Confederate Survivors," at Columbia, S. C., what he knows of Rebellion.

"Admiral" Buchanan of the C. S. A. Navy received a salver of silver from his Mobile admirers before leaving for his Maryland home.

Sam. Butterworth, the friend of Gen. Sickles in the Key affair, has grown enormously rich, it is said, in California, and is rated at $2,000,000.

Senator Morrill, health permitting, has consented to deliver the annual address at the Washington County Fair, Montpelier, Vt., in September.

The projectors of Fitz Greene Halleck's monument at Guilford, Conn., announce that the subscription still languishes, only $4,000 being raised so far.

Douglas Jerrold probably received the highest compensation ever paid a literary man; for his "Advice to People About to Marry—Don't," he was paid by *Punch*, $25.

H. W. Thompson, late Prosecuting Attorney of Hamilton County, Ohio, has formed a journalistic connection, it is said, with *The San Francisco Evening Bulletin*.

The Rev. George A. Peltz of Philadelphia has accepted the office of State Secretary of the Pennsylvania Sunday-school Association, and will enter upon its duties July 1.

Gen. Thomas L. Crittenden has been visiting his Kentucky home for a month or so past, and returns now to his command at Fort Snelling on the remotest verge of civilization.

The Hon. Samuel Williston who has already given the Williston Academy at Easthampton, Mass., over a quarter million of dollars, leaves $250,000 more in his will for the same institution.

General Joseph E. Johnston, the Rebel Massena, is said to be in better health than ever before since the campaign in Georgia. He acquits himself loyally, and does nothing to discourage the efforts of the Government to tranquilize the country.

In his old revolutionary days Carl Schurz, the Missouri Senator, with a timely loan delivered a coworker, Prof. Gottfried Kinkel, from the Spandau Prison, near Berlin, and the receipt for its repayment, signed by Senator Schurz, was recently secured by the Berlin authorities for $75.

One of the humors of Cincinnati journalism is for one editor to nominate another for some municipal, State or national office. The latest recipient of such questionable honor is Murat Halstead of *The Commercial*, who has been named for State Senator. No doubt he would make a good one, but everybody knows he could not be persuaded to be a candidate.

"Duke" Gwin, ex-U. S. Senator and general busybody, during the Rebellion coquetting with France, Mexico, and the Rebels, is thus vigorously depicted by G. A. Townsend, in a letter from California: "William M. Gwin is in San Francisco, 'a perfectly white-headed, colossal old effigy, with a look of sly and dangerous comedy about him; a warty, bulbous nose; a cold blue eye, heavy brows, big bones, big feet—an adventurer and a wire-pulier, and a Senatorial reproduction of Joe Bagstock. He has retained some property; his daughters are well married, and at present he manages and partly owns a gold mine. His eye is upon politics again, and some think he has chances.'"

PERSONAL—BY TELEGRAPH.

....The Russian Prince Vladimir has left London.

....Gen. Benjamin F. Butler left Washington yesterday for the North.

....The Emperor William of Germany is suffering from an attack of rheumatism.

....The President has appointed C. C. Ewell Postmaster at Kent, Ohio, vice Mr. Sawyer, resigned.

....Chief-Justice Chase passed through East Saginaw, Mich, yesterday, on his way to St. Louis Magnetic Springs.

....Henry Camp has been appointed Internal Revenue Gauger for the XXXIId District, New-York, and James W. Allison for the IId District of Kentucky.

....Gen. Zalazar, accompanied by Doctor Larrazabal, arrived at St. Thomas, from Puerto Cabello, on the 7th ult., and left in the Brazil steamer for New-York on the 13th on a pleasure trip. The General is prominently connected with Venezuelan politics.

THE DRAMA.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The theatrical week which closes to-night, has been quite lively. A successful revival of "The Colleen Bawn," with Mr. Collins as *Myles*, has been made at Niblo's Garden. Mr. and Mrs. Watkins have effected a pleasant and prosperous re-appearance at the Olympic, in "Kathleen Mavourneen." The Symons Benefit at that theater, on Thursday afternoon, proved a very enjoyable affair, and resulted in really substantial gain, more than $1,500, to the beneficiaries—the widow and son of the deceased actor and manager. Mr. Barrett has continued to charm refined assemblies, at Booth's Theater, as the *Man o' Airlie*. Mr. Moss's company at Wallack's, has attracted crowds of pleased spectators, by its able and effective performance of "The Long Strike." And the new-made farce of "Delmonico's" has been played to good houses at the Fifth Avenue. Afternoon representations take place to-day, at Booth's, Niblo's, Wallack's, the Fifth Avenue and the Olympic. "Under Two Flags" will be produced at the latter house on Monday. The advent of "Elfie," at Wallack's, is postponed, to admit of a longer career than was at first intended for "The Long Strike." It is notable that this drama was revived on the longest day in the year—the 21st of June—and perhaps that fact was auspicious of a long run. The Fourth of July will be observed by special Matinees at all the theaters

DRAMATIC NOTES.

Mr. A. Waldauer, the author of Maggie Mitchell's "Fanchon" has come on from St. Louis to New-York, with a view of introducing one or two new plays to the attention of our managers.

It is a pleasant fact that for some time to come there will be no fresh French dramas to translate or adapt into English. This being so, our playwrights would do well to look about them, and to see if, in our social peculiarities, materials may not be found for an American comedy. Making no pretense to skill in the construction of plays and the development of plots, we yet venture to say that things are constantly happening in New-York which the play-makers might employ with good success. What seems most lacking is the dramatic faculty; and that must be in a weak state, since an entirely new English play, fit for the boards, would appear to have become impossible.

FOREIGN DRAMATIC ITEMS.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Paul have returned to London, from Italy.

Mr. Henry Sedley, the musical and dramatic critic of *The S. F. Times*, will sail for England to-day.

We read of Tom Thumb and his wife, Minnie Warren, and Commodore Nutt as giving exhibitions at English provincial theaters.

At a recent performance of "The School for Scandal," at the Hapsburg-Theater, Vienna, the players wore the dresses of to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams were lately at the Old Ship, in Brighton, England, on the eve of their departure to the continent.

Mr. and Mrs. Florence commenced a two weeks engagement, at the Prince's Theater, in Manchester, England, on the 19th of June.

Mathilde Diaz is called "the first tragic actress of Spain." A great Spanish performer, by the way, would be a novelty in this city.

A new theater, on a grand scale, was announced to open, on the 30th of June, at Cadiz, in Spain—with an opera company; Nicolini of Drury Lane to be the leading tenor.

An actress, calling herself "Mlle. Lillian and Menken redivivus," advertises for "a first-class set of flakes: those previously used preferred. This want will, doubtless, be promptly supplied.

The Vokes Family, the Matthews Family, Mr. F. Foster, and Miss A. Adams are mentioned as among the English performers who will appear in New-York next season. The style of entertainment given by the Vokes Family has been made known here by the Majilitons.

Mrs. Gomersal, the well-known lyric actress, died at Sheffield, England, on the 9th of June. The date of Mrs. Gomersal's birth was August 30, 1844. She was the daughter of Mr. William Ribben, an English composer. Mr. and Mrs. Gomersal have often been seen on the New-York stage. The lady was the first English representative of the Grand Duchess, which she acted at the Walnut Street Theater, Philadelphia. Her first experience in Opera was made at the Boston Theater, as *Arline*, in "The Bohemian Girl." Her death was the result of congestion of the lungs, occasioned by injudicious sea-bathing, at Margate. She left this country in 1868.

A FIVE-STORY DOUBLE BUILDING BURNED—LOSS $55,000.

A fire occurred last evening in the drying-room of the large five-story double building Nos. 221 and 223 West Fifty-second-st., known as the New-York Molding and Planing-Mills, and owned and occupied by A. T. Serrell & Sons. The flames spread rapidly through the building, and in spite of the utmost efforts of the fire-men it was completely burned out, only the front wall and a portion of the side walls being left standing. The loss on building is about $25,000; on stock, $15,000, and on machinery $15,000. The total insurance is about $30,000 in city and out-of-town companies. The shed No. 225, also belonging to Serrell & Son, was damaged $1,000 by fire and water. The dwelling of Mr. Serrell, No. 227, was damaged slightly by water. F. G. Sutton's stables, adjoining the mill on the east side, were slightly damaged. A number of adjoining frame buildings were at one time in great danger, but were finally saved. Two workmen were slightly injured by leaping from a third-story window of the mill.

ANOTHER TEMPERANCE LESSON.

A LABORER STABS HIS WIFE THIRTEEN TIMES, AND THEN DROWNS HIMSELF.

James Powell, an Irish laborer, age 46, and his wife, Bridget, of the same age, for some time have occupied one of the shanties perched on the rocks at Seventy-third-st. and Avenue A. Both have long been in the habit of drinking to excess, at intervals, and on these occasions they invariably quarreled and fought. Powell has lately become jealous of the attentions of a brother-in-law toward his wife, and whenever intoxicated he invariable reverted to this subject. Last Sunday he was drunk, as usual, and beat his wife shockingly. She caused his arrest, and he was locked up in the Fifty-ninth-st. Police Station, but on Monday was released in $500 bail by Justice Bixby. For several days past Powell has been drinking very hard, and whenever he visited his home the domestic quarrels were renewed. On Thursday and early yesterday he exhibited symptoms of delirium tremens.

About 12½ p.m. the neighbors heard Powell and his wife fighting, and soon after heard the woman scream. This was so common a matter, however, as to occasion no especial comment. A few moments afterward Powell was seen to leave his house, brandishing a bloody knife. He ran down to Ave A, followed by the neighbors, and then down Avenue A to Seventy-first-st. where he turned, and dashing down to the East River plunged in and disappeared. Those who entered the house which the maniac had left found Mrs. Powell lying on the floor of the front room covered with blood. She had been stabbed 13 times, receiving five wounds on the head, two in the throat, and three in each hand. She was almost speechless from the shock to her nervous system, and from loss of blood, and could only say that her husband and she had quarreled and he had stabbed her with a large pocket-knife. She was removed to Bellevue Hospital in an ambulance. The attendant surgeon believes she cannot recover.

Powell was a large, heavily-built man, and has been employed for several years past by a contractor named Doyle. He is described as a man of violent passions when excited by drink. He was concerned in the affray that occurred nearly two years ago at the foot of East Fifty-fifth-st., when his brother-in-law, Richard Allen, keeper of the baths at that place, shot one of a party of roughs who had made an attack on his establishment. Powell had been married several years, and except when the two were under the influence of liquor, and before jealousy had excited the husband, they had lived together quite amicably. The room where the woman was found bore all the marks of a severe struggle. The furniture was overturned and broken, and blood was scattered on every side.

THE NEW CAB SYSTEM.

The sudden and unexpected reform of the hackmen of this city seems to have been inspired chiefly by the appearance of a new and formidable rival in the shape of the "Crystal Cabs." They are a sort of compromise, in form and fare, between the "hack" and the "stage" which obstruct and disgrace Broadway; and to all appearances, if the patronage they receive is an index, are a welcome innovation. The first of the Crystal Cabs appeared about a month ago—an elegant one-horse, four-wheeled, four-seated shay—which at once attracted attention by its unique form, and custom by its convenience and comfort. Twenty-five others have since followed. They are substantially made, and the interiors are elegantly fitted up with morocco leather. The finely polished plate glass bearing the monogram of the "N. Y. Transfer Co." which forms the upper part of the body, suggests the appropriate name of "Crystal Cab" by which these vehicles are known. A door in the rear admits four passengers, an automatic step protruding or receding with the opening and closing of the door. Within a few weeks 25 more of these cabs will be added to those already running, and it is expected that the hackmen and stages too will then make further reductions of fare. One hundred and twenty-five horses will be required to run the 50 cabs; each horse allotted to a cab is only worked half a day at the utmost, and 25 additional horses would be required to cover any contingency that might arise by reason of sickness or accident. As soon as sufficient cabs are received, they will be divided into sections for day and night work. The drivers will be uniformed in gilt-buttoned blue frock coats, with black velvet collars, high vests, dark pantaloons, black railroad caps in Winter, and light straw hats in Summer. They will be required to furnish good recommendations. It is proposed to divide the city into districts, to any point in which certain fixed rates will be charged. As an indication of the rates, $1 will be charged for four from the Fifth Avenue Hotel to Wall-st., and $1 50 to South Ferry. The same prices will be charged to return; 50 cents will be charged from the hotels to the railroad depots.

John W. Marrion, at a meeting of the Hackmen's Protective Association, at No. 129 Spring-st., last evening, corrected the misstatement that the members of the Association would charge $2 when there was only one passenger in the coach, explaining that this charge would only be allowable when the passenger wished to have the coach to himself. A number of expressmen have joined the Association, which will make arrangements to have coaches and express wagons at all the piers and depots.

THE NAIL BUSINESS.

REDUCTION IN PRICES—THE MANUFACTORIES.

At a meeting of nail and spike manufacturers on Thursday, it was resolved that, inasmuch as the price of coal has gone down, the rates for nails and spikes be reduced as follows:

Tenpenny to sixtypenny nails, less than 100 kegs, $4 35, old rate, $4 75; 100 to 400 kegs, $4 25; 400 to 1,000 kegs, $4 20. The Central and Western New-York schedule for the above sizes was fixed at $4 10. A general average decline of 40 per cent was agreed upon for 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9 pennys; also upon cut spikes, finishing flooring, box, coopers, casing, slating, trunk, and tobacco and clinch nails.

The following official statement shows the actual number of nail manufactories now in operation throughout the States, with the capacity of the works, together with the production of each during the past year:

Name of Works.	No. of Machines.	Capacity, kegs.	Production for year.
Fall River Iron Works, Fall River, Mass.	105	140,000	112,000
Tremont Nail Co., West Wareham, Mass.	70	125,000	80,000
Parker Mills, Wareham, Mass.	77	115,272	49,000
Weymouth Iron Co., East Weymouth, Mass.	82	100,000	*
Rogers & Shelden, East Bridgewater, Mass.	36	25,000	123,000
Old Colony Iron Co., Taunton, Mass.	115	150,000	117,000
Wareham Nail Co., East Wareham, Mass.	32	50,000	20,000
Robinson Iron Co., Plymouth, Mass.	17	23,000	20,000
Mount Nape Iron Co., Somerset, Mass.	55	90,000	57,000
Providence Iron Co., Providence, R. I.	63	110,000	95,000
Albany Iron Co., Troy, N. Y.	45	70,000	49,000
J. & J. Rogers, Ansable Forks, N. Y.	48	80,000	43,000
Pratt & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.	25	60,000	40,000
Boonton Iron Works, Boonton, N. J.	136	300,000	†213,000
Oxford Iron Co., Oxford, N. J.	76	175,000	120,000
Cumberland Nail Co., Bridgeton, N. J.	91	144,000	122,000
Duncannon Iron Co., Duncannon, Pa.	54	90,000	62,000
E. & A. J. Brooks, Birdsboro, Pa.	72	130,000	79,095
Pottstown Iron Co., Pottstown, Pa.	50	120,000	104,819
Chesapeake Nail Works, Harrisburg, Pa.	56	135,000	109,200
Northumberland Nail Works, Northumberland, Pa.	21	40,000	33,000
Reading Nail Works, Reading, Pa.	"	50,000	....
Williamsport Nail Works, Williamsport, Pa.	"	25,000	....
Zuger & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.	55	100,000	60,000
Chess, Smyth & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.	70	150,000	98,000
Spang, Chalfant & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.	20	45,000	2,500
Shoenberger & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.	90	223,000	§150,000
McKnight & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.	26	60,000	25,500
Jones & Longlin, Pittsburgh, Pa.	50	120,000	70,000
Coleman, Rhane & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.	29	60,000	25,000
Westmorman Iron Co., Sharon, Pa.	48	100,000	85,000
Kimberlly, Ashton & Co., Sharon, Pa.	40	80,000	....
Hallidayburg Nail Works, Pa.	18	35,000	20,000
Duncansville Nail Works, Pa.	..	75,000	....
Reis, Brown & Berger, Newcastle, Del.	55	120,000	102,000
Cuyahoga Nail Works, Cleveland, Ohio	33	104,000	....
Brown, Bonnell & Co., Youngstown, Ohio	32	90,000	70,000
Spaulding, Woodward & Co., Steubenville, Ohio.	104	175	80,000
Greencastle Nail Company, Greencastle, Ind.	25	50,000	35,000
Terre Haute Iron and Nail Co., Terre Haute, Ind	36	90,000	52,000
Clifton Iron and Nail Works, Clifton, W. Va.	40	90,000	67,419
Bailey, Woodward & Co., Wheeling, W. Va.	82	220,000	‡162,000
Dewey, Vance & Co., Wheeling, W. Va.	90	200,000	140,000
Wheeling Iron and Nail Co., Wheeling, W. Va.	96	200,000	‡107,000
Belmont Nail Works, Wheeling, W. Va.	100	200,000	‡110,000
Benwood Iron Works, Wheeling, W. Va.	95	200,000	....
Old Dominion Iron and Nail Works, Richmond, Va.	58	120,000	....
Total	2,715	5,407,272	3,173,223

* Not in operation. † Six months. ‡ Ten months. § Nine months. ‖ Five months.

THE GIANTS' WEDDING.

From The London Telegraph, June 19.

At the Church of St. Martin's-in-the-Field's, the lady and gentleman who daily add to the attractiveness of the "Two-headed Nightingale" exhibition at Willis's Rooms had made a match of it, and were about to be married by special license. Nova Scotia, famous for the production of tall persons, had produced not only the bride, Miss Anna Hannen Swann, but the clergyman destined to unite her in the holy bonds of matrimony with Capt. Martin Van Buren Bates, the Kentucky giant. The reverend gentleman, who is not connected with the church in which he was called to officiate on Saturday, is a man of extraordinary height, measuring some three inches over six feet; but he was completely dwarfed by proximity to the happy pair. It was said that this gentleman was chosen priest not on account of any fanciful fitness of stature, but simply because he had been an acquaintance of his countrywoman, the bride, before either of them left Nova Scotia. We may fairly say that there was no undue attempt to make an exhibition out of the ceremony in St. Martin's Church. The bride's dress became her well, and there was something of stateliness and dignity in the skill with which she managed a most imposing train—a train, indeed, that, when she knelt at the altar steps, seemed to flow away out of her control or cognizance. Captain Bates, the bridegroom, may be pardoned for having looked rather loss at his case in a blue coat, white waistcoat, and gray or light-tinted trousers. A man may get used to being eight feet high, but to be eight feet high and to be stared at by a devout congregation of idlers on the occasion of marrying a lady who is eight feet high also is a trying conjunction of matters. However, Captain Bates got through his difficulty tolerably well, being perhaps encouraged by the example of his amiable partner; and when the ceremony was finished, and the register signed, the bridal party made its way through the congratulatory crowd inside and outside the church—first to breakfast in Craven-st., with the enterprising Messrs. Ingalls, Smith, and Bexby, and a select company of wedding guests, and then to a couple of day's retirement at Richmond, in lieu of a regular honeymoon.

OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

AQUATIC.

THE CRUISE TO CAPE MAY—THE REGATTA ON THE FOURTH.

The yachts which are to represent the clubs of New-York and Brooklyn at the Cape May Regatta, July 4, will leave the Horseshoe this evening at 6 o'clock. The officers will proceed to the Long Branch wharf at Sandy Hook in the steamer Plymouth Rock, and after a meeting of the captains on board the flag-ship Dauntless, the fleet will start. A scrub race will be sailed to Cape May light-house, each boat paying an entrance fee of $25. The following yachts will go: The schooners Dauntless, Sappho, Columbia, Palmer, Wanderer, Alarm, Rambler, Tarolinta, Alice, Tidal Wave, Magic, Madeleine, and the sloops Gracie and Vixen, all of the New-York Yacht Club; the Peerless of the Brooklyn Yacht Club, and the Daphne of the Atlantic Yacht Club. The fleet will be under the control of Commodore Bennett.

The prizes for the grand regatta on the 4th, are two cups, one for schooners and one for sloops, valued at $1,000 each. An additional prize, to be known as the Benson cup, valued at $500, is presented by E. N. Benson of Philadelphia, and will be open to yachts of both classes belonging to any organized club of the country, without time allowance. An entrance fee of $25 for each boat competing for this last prize will also be added to the stake.

THE ATALANTA CREW.

The crew of the Atalanta Club's six-oared shell, now training at the Passaic River at Newark for their races with the Yale and Harvard crews, will start for the east July 6. On the 10th they row with the Yale crew at Lake Saltensall, and on the 18th with the Harvard crew on the Charles River. The following are the names of the Atalanta crew and their respective positions: Russell Withers, stroke; Theodore Van Rayden, 2; Leader Waterbery, 3; Henry Leroy, 4; Alx. Handy, 5, Edward Smith, bow.

The Tangier Carsmen, better known as the "Burton Club," are practicing in Halifax harbor for the great four-oared race. They are having a boat built in this city, to cost $400.

BASE-BALL.

OLYMPICS VS. WHITE STOCKINGS.

CHICAGO, June 30.—The Olympics of Washington defeated the White Stockings of this city to-day by a score of 13 to 8. The White Stockings played a weak game at the bat and errors by Pinkham and Duffy at third base and short field, gave the Olympics five uncarned runs in the sixth inning.

INNINGS.

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	Totals.
Olympics	0	0	2	0	2	5	0	2	2—	13
White Stockings	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	3	0—	8

KEKIONGAS VS. OLYMPICS.

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.—The Kekiongas of Fort Wayne and the Olympics of this city played a beautiful game this afternoon. At the end of the fourth inning the score stood 2 to 1 in favor of the visitors, but in the fifth inning the Olympics by a brilliant display of batting secured 9 runs, 8 of which were earned. The Kekiongas in this inning scored 8, leaving the game a tie. During the remaining innings the visitors secured 6 to the Olympics' 4, the game ending in favor of the Kekiongas, 16 to 14. The Kekiongas did the best fielding and the Olympics excelled at the bat, earning ten runs to the visitors' four.

INNINGS.

Clubs.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.	Totals.
Olympics	1	0	0	0	9	1	3	0	0	—14
Kekiongas	0	1	1	0	8	1	0	2	3	—16

NOTES.

The Eckfords of Brooklyn defeated the Clippers of Lowell, in the latter place, yesterday, by a score of 36 to 4.

The Rose Hill Club of Fordham, N. Y., was defeated by the Harvards yesterday, the score being Rose Hill, 5; Harvard, 20.

The Red Stockings of Boston defeated the Resolutes of Hamilton, Ohio, at that city yesterday, the score being—Bostons, 27; Resolutes, 0.

The time for the Harvard-Yale University ball match has been fixed for Wednesday, July 5, instead of July 4, as at first announced. The game is to be played at Hamilton Park, New-Haven.

THE TURF.

MYSTIC PARK RACES.

BOSTON, June 30.—The last day of the races at Mystic Park was not a very lively one.

SUMMARIES.

First Race—Purse $1,000, for horses that have never beaten 2:35.

G. W. Smalley's bk. g. Othello	1	1	1
Daniel Bigley, jr.'s, c. m. Fanny	2	2	2
S. Stowell's br. m. Lady Ellis	3	3	3
W. H. Woodruff's c. m. Gipsey	dis.		

Time—2:32, 2:32½, 2:32½.

Second Race—Purse $500, for three-year-olds.

T. S. Carpenter's bk. s. Thomas Jefferson, jr.	1	2	1	1
A. C. Wallace's b. s. Wallace	3	1	2	2
W. H. Woodruff's b. s. Daniel Morrill	2	3	dis.	
A. C. Gilman's b. s. Torment	dis.			

Time—2:30½, 2:36½, 2:39½, 2:44.

WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, June 30, 1871—7 p. m.

Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours.

The barometer has remained stationary on the Pacific coast, has fallen heavily from Wyoming Territory to Illinois and northward, has risen along the Atlantic coast, is beginning to fall in the Eastern States and on the lower lakes. The temperature has risen in the North-West, so far as heard from, and has fallen on the Atlantic and Gulf coast. North-easterly winds are reported from Virginia to Georgia, and fresh south-east and south-west winds on Lake Michigan and in Iowa. The rain of Thursday evening in Northern Florida, after clearing away, is again renewed this afternoon from South Carolina to Alabama; cloudy weather as far as Maryland. Clear weather continues in the Eastern States. The storm which was apprehended for the northwest is now fully indicated by reports received from neighboring stations. No reports have been received north-west of Milwaukee nor from Florida.

Probabilities.

It is probable that the barometer will fall on Saturday from Virginia to Illinois and northward, with cloudy weather. Fresh and brisk winds will probably be experienced on the Upper Lakes, and easterly winds continue on the Atlantic Coast. Light winds are probable for the Gulf States.

KINGS COUNTY TAXES FOR 1872—A REDUCTION OF NEARLY TWO MILLION DOLLARS IN BROOKLYN.

The Kings County Board of Estimates took final action yesterday in relation to the tax levy for 1872, and unanimously adopted the report of the Joint Board of Aldermen and Supervisors. The aggregate amount to be raised by taxation in Kings County and Brooklyn next year, as compared with this year, is shown by the following table:

	1871.	1872.
COUNTY PURPOSES.		
State taxes	$1,409,760 31	$1,103,496 17
Commissioners of Charities	500,000 00	400,