THE COURTS.

THE NEW COURT-HOUSE BILLS.

DECISION OF JUDGE SUTHERLAND IN THE CORNELL SUITS—THE BILL IS JUST, BUT WHO SHALL PAY IT?—A MANDAMUS SHALL ISSUE, BUT AGAINST WHOM?

In the Supreme Court, Chambers, Judge Sutherland rendered his decision, yesterday, in the three motions made in the suits of J. B. Cornell against the Commissioners of the New Court-House. The opinion—after reciting the fact that the suits were brought by the plaintiff against the defendants to recover a balance of a bill of $65,000 for work done on the New Court-House, and that the motions were made first for a mandamus to compel the Controller to pay the same; second, to compel the Commissioners to issue a requisition on the Controller, in case the necessary funds are not in their hands—recites the affidavits on both sides very fully, and then says:

Having stated the case made by the papers on both sides, and the only papers before me on this application (the three several motions having been heard together and treated as one), I will briefly state my conclusions.

First: The bill of the relator having been certified and verified by the Superintendent of the Court-House, and having been audited and allowed by the Board of Supervisors, approved by the Mayor, certified to be correct by the Auditor, and paid in part by the Controller; and the relator swearing positively that all items in it are correct, and were actually furnished and delivered, under and in accordance with the contract, and that the prices charged are the prices to be paid therefor by the contract, I do not think that the general allegation on *information and belief* in the affidavit of Mr. Coman, one of the respondents and one of the Commissioners, that the bill is grossly extravagant would justify me in entertaining a doubt that the bill was and is honest and just and correct, and that the balance due on it, with interest on such balance from the time of the payment on account thereof by the Controller, ought to be paid by some one or from some source.

Second: Considering that the very general allegations of the relator in his affidavit, to the effect that payments had been made by the Controller out of the $600,000 raised under the act of April 26, 1870, without proper vouchers, and in violation of law, and that certain specified payments had been made to Garvey out of said $600,000, and out of previous appropriations, largely in excess of what Garvey was entitled to, and that some of such payments to Garvey were made without the proper vouchers and in violation of law, are made on *information and belief*, merely; and considering that the Controller by his affidavit, purporting to have been verified on the 14th of August, 1871, swears positively to the effect that he has no funds legally applicable to the payment of the relator's claim, and that all the moneys which had been authorized to be raised for the New County Court-House had been expended in accordance with the statutes made therein, save only the sum remaining in the County Treasury, authorized and directed to be raised by the Legislature of 1871;" and that "no payments for or on account of said Court-House had been made by him unless in accordance with law as he is advised," I do not think that I can or ought to issue a *mandamus* commanding the Controller to pay relator's claim generally, or on the theory that he has funds applicable to the payment of the relator's claim raised under or appropriated by any act or acts of the Legislature passed prior to the act of April 20, 1871.

Such is view of the positive affidavit of the respondent and Commissioner Ingersoll to the effect that all of his $200,000 stated in the affidavit of the relator to have been paid to the Commissioners or passed to their credit by the Controller, has been expended, &c., I think I cannot, and ought not, to issue a mandamus to the Commissioners, commanding them to pay the relator's claim out of the said $200,000.

Third: The relator in his affidavit says, on information and belief, that the $500,000 directed to be raised for the Court House by the act of 1871, had been paid by the Controller to the Commissioners, and respondent Ingersoll admits by his affidavit that the Commissioners have received the $500,000 from the Controller, and says in one of his affidavits that he has "not issued or caused to be issued" the $750,000 of stock authorized to be issued by the act of 1871. He does not deny that he has paid to or placed to the credit of the Commissioners the $500,000. I must assume that the Controller advanced from some fund, from some source, $500,000 in anticipation of the issue of stock under the Act of 1871. By the 7th section of the act of 1871, $750,000 is authorized to be appropriated to be expended under the direction and supervision of the Commissioners for the completion of the Court-House, and the same section directs the Controller on requisition of the Commissioners to "pay over to their credit such sum or sums as they may from time to time deem necessary for said purpose," and by the same section the Controller is "authorized and directed to raise said amount ($750,000) on the stock of the County of New-York," to be of the usual form and payable within 25 years from its issue.

In view of my conclusions on other points made by the papers, the only remaining question is: Ought the Court by *mandamus* to direct the Controller to raise the $750,000 which he is authorized and directed to raise by the seventh section of the Act of 1871, or sufficient of that sum or amount to pay the relator's claim, and when raised either to pay the claim himself or to pay over to the Commissioners on their requisition, to be applied to the payment of the claim by them, an amount sufficient to pay it? and should the Commissioners, by the *mandamus*, be directed to make their requisition on the Controller to pay the claim, or for the Controller to pay over to them an amount sufficient to satisfy the claim? I have carefully considered the elaborate and able brief of Mr. O'Gorman, mainly on this point (I really think it may be considered as really the only question in the case made by the papers), and without pretending that the question is entirely free from doubt, yet I have come to the conclusion that it is the duty of the Court, *on the case made by the papers*, to try to secure by *mandamus* the payment of the relator's claim out of the $750,000 authorized and directed to be raised by the seventh section of the Act of 1871, and that on the settlement of the order for a *mandamus* for such purpose and of the form of the writ, the order and writ should be so worded as to be most likely and proper to secure such a result. I think that so much of the $750,000 as shall have been used in paying the relator's claim may fairly be said to have been expended for or in completion of the Court-House. I cannot believe that the Legislature intended that a building for the administration of justice should be completed, or considered as complete, until the honest and just debts incurred in its completion had been paid or provided for. Without even adverting to many of the considerations which have led me under the circumstances of the case to put a construction on the 7th section of the Act of 1871, which will permit a mandamus to issue in the best form to secure the payment of the relator's claim out of the $750,000, authorized and directed to be raised by the Controller by that section, I will say that the controlling consideration has been that I cannot see any grounds for doubting that the claim is honest, just, and entitled to and that I cannot see that the relator has any remedy by action against the Board of Supervisors, or City Corporation, or Commissioners, or any body, or person or persons. I see no way in which the relator can enforce payment except by mandamus from or out of the $750,000, authorized and directed to be raised by the seventh section of the Act of 1871. The bill of the relator having been audited and allowed by the Board of Supervisors, approved by the Mayor, audited and pronounced correct by the Auditor, and paid in part by the Controller, I do not think that the relator was called on or bound to present it, or the balance due on it, to the Commissioners for resuming by them.

Let the form of the order and of the mandamus to be made and issued according to this opinion be drawn by the counsel for the relator, or one of them, and settled on motion of Robinson and Lawrence for the relator.

A STAR-CHAMBER PROCEEDING.

AN ABUSE WHICH NEEDS INSTANT CORRECTION.

Robert Baker, James Dooley, John Casey, James Bergen, and William Fisher, seamen on board of the ship Columbia, were arrested, last Thursday, on a charge of smuggling cigars from Havana into this port. They say that they were taken before Commissioner Davenport, in a room somewhere on Wall-st., and that, after a short examination, they were sent to Ludlow-st. Jail.

Late yesterday afternoon they were taken, one by one, before Commissioner Davenport, at his room in the United States buildings in Chambers-st. For some time the door was locked, and no one admitted but the prisoner, Col. Chalker, and Capt. Brocket, special Agents or detectives of the Treasury Department. A TRIBUNE reporter finally gained access to the Commissioner's room, when the following conversation took place:

Reporter—Commissioner, are you holding Court?

Commissioner—No, I am not exactly holding Court.

Reporter—Are reporters admitted?

Commissioner—At the request of the counsel for the prisoners they are excluded.

The only persons in the room at the time were the Commissioner and the two detectives. Mr. Baker says that he has employed no counsel to defend him, but he does not know that the other prisoners employed counsel, and thinks he would be likely to know if it had been. Although the Commissioner said he was "not exactly holding Court," all of the prisoners except Baker say that they have been discharged. Baker is to come before the Commissioner to-day, whether privately or not is not yet known. Mr. Davenport is the only United States Commissioner who has ever sat with locked doors.

CONJUGAL TROUBLES IN BROOKLYN.

A SANE WOMAN COMMITTED TO THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

Mrs. Fidelia R. Manning brought suit in the City Court of Brooklyn, a few months ago, to obtain a limited divorce from her husband, John G. Manning, a druggist at Clinton and West Baltic-sts., on the ground of cruelty and inhuman treatment. The case was sent to a referee, who has heard all the testimony, but has not yet rendered his report to the Court. The parties to the suit meanwhile lived unhappily together until Friday of last week, when Mrs. Manning caused her husband to be arrested for alleged cruel treatment, and he in return made it appear that she was insane. On the day in question the husband sent for two physicians, and, upon their arrival, informed them that his wife was a raving maniac, and had attacked him with a knife, cutting him severely and threatening his life. The doctors, after a brief consultation and examination of Mrs. Manning, also pronounced her insane and signed a certificate to that effect. Upon this document Justices Walsh and Buckley directed the woman to be incarcerated in the Lunatic Asylum at Flatbush, in spite of her own protestations, and those of her friends, who believed that she was perfectly sane.

Yesterday the woman was brought before Judge Pratt at a special term of the Supreme Court, on a writ of habeas corpus. Drs. Peter J. Dwyer and T. N. DeBow were testified to having been called to see Mrs. Manning; they did not examine her pulse, but judged from her language and looks that she was suffering from acute mania, and that she would be better off if placed where she would be relieved from the troubles she was undergoing. Dr. Wheeler testified that he had known the lady for six years, and had fair opportunity of learning the condition of her mind, and he never saw anything in her conduct to indicate that she was insane; at the time she was committed to the lunatic asylum he saw her, and advised her to go peacefully, and he would take immediate steps to have her released; there was nothing in her conduct then to indicate insanity.

Counsel for the husband stated that some months ago Mrs. Manning brought an action for limited divorce; she has refused all efforts to effect a harmonious settlement, and her nerves have been unstrung by the excitement; she has a mania on the subject of divorce; his own opinion was that if she would go with her children into the country for a few weeks she would be restored; but it would be unsafe for her to return to her husband's home; there is a hereditary taint in her system.

Judge Pratt immediately directed the release of Mrs. Manning, and advised her to seek rest in the country until a decree of divorce should be rendered in the pending suit.

A REBELLION AT SEA.

THE NEVADA MUTINY CASE—TESTIMONY OF THE FIRST MATE, AND DEPOSITIONS OF THE SECOND MATE AND A SEAMAN—A SAILOR SHOT BY THE CAPTAIN.

At the examination, yesterday, before Commissioner Davenport, of Allen F. Parker, James Walters, John Nevil, and William F. Long, charged with inciting a mutiny on board of the American ship Nevada, on a voyage from Boston to Rio Janeiro, the Commissioner appointed Henry Morris to defend the prisoners. W. W. Burgis, the first mate, testified as follows:

When we were at sea the watch was told to sing out every half hour "All is well;" Long and Nevil refused to do so; nearly all of the watch refused; I told them they should sing out "All is well;" Long and Nevils clinched me, and one of them called the rest of the watch out; I was knocked down and kicked; the next night I told the Captain that the men had refused to sing out as ordered; the Captain said the men should do so; the men said they would not, and said that they wanted "watch and watch;" the Captain said they should have it when practicable; when the men were on watch that night they again refused to sing out; On June 18, Parker, Nevil, and Long went to the carpenter's shop, and had words with the second mate; the carpenter and the second mate then came out; Parker clinched the second mate, and they had a fight; the captain stopped it; Nevil told Parker not to let the fight stop; when the watch was relieved at night Parker went behind the second mate and split his head open with a belaying-pin; the captain called to Parker and received the reply, "You ——, if you want me, come and get me;" the captain ordered me to take him; when I attempted it, he was surrounded by men, armed with knives and belaying-pins; the Captain said "Let him be till morning;" in the morning the Captain told Parker he was going to put him in irons; Parker said he would not go in irons; the men stood all around Parker, and the Captain fired random shots at them with his revolver; Hills attacked the Captain with a drawn knife; the Captain snapped a musket at him, but it missed fire; he took another musket and shot him dead; Parker and Nevils were then put in irons.

The following deposition of Charles Smith was taken before United States Vice-Consul Francis M. Cordeiro, at Rio Janeiro, and is now in the hands of the United States District-Attorney, to be offered in evidence:

I shipped as seaman on the Nevada; ever since the departure of the ship from Boston the crew have been dissatisfied without any reason; when James Sanderson was made second mate on account of Parker's incapacity, some of the men would not allow Sanderson to go aft, and James Walker told him that if he did not look out he would get himself into trouble; afterward some of the crew would not obey the chief mate's orders when keeping watch; on June 18 I saw Sanderson and Parker about an oilskin coat; just before this Parker told me that he was going to have his oilskin from the second mate, and that he was going to "beak" him; they had some more words after this, and Sanderson went into the carpenter's shop; Parker followed him; in a few minutes I saw Sanderson and Parker fighting; the captain came up and stopped the fight; I then heard Nevil sing out to "Go and finish him;" meaning the second mate; when the row was over the men went into the forecastle, and James Hill, who was sick, got up and insulted Parker because he had not "beaked" the second mate; I heard Hill say that he must come out and fix things in the ship; then, sitting on a chest with a sheath-knife in his hands, he said, looking at me, "There is going to be a row on board of this ship, and if any man 'backs out,' he will be killed;" then, standing, he said, "I will kill that —— of a Sanderson, and see him bleeding on deck; I would not give him a drink of water to save his life;" when he said that if any man "backed out" he would kill him, Parker said, "Yes, by ——;" on the same day, during the dog-watch, heard James Hill tell several of the men that Parker was going to strike Sanderson that night with a belaying-pin; at midnight I was asleep on the main hatch, when I heard a noise; I told Walker to go forward; he replied, insultingly; I hit him once with the belaying-pin, and I drove with my fist; in a few moments Burgis told Parker that the Captain wanted him to go aft; Parker said that if the Captain wanted him he must come where he was; when he said this he held a belaying pin in his hands, and was surrounded by the crew; Burgis, the mate, and the captain went to try to bring Parker, who said that he would not go in irons; James Walters, James Hill, William Long and John Nevil, told Parker to turn in and they would look out for him; before 8 a. m. next day, I met Hill at the forecastle door, and he told me that there was going to be a row on board, and that if I did not fight he would cut my —— liver out; when he said this he had a long sheath-knife in his hand; in a short time I heard firing; I heard John Nevil cry "Murder!" he then came into the forecastle and said, "The first —— of an officer that comes forward I will kill;" before this fight took place I told the captain that I was afraid of my life on board of that ship; if James Hill had not been killed he would have murdered some of the men for not helping him in the fight; during the passage from Boston to Rio de Janeiro the men were not ill-treated by any of the officers; when the men found fault the captain told them that if they did not like the ship he would get them discharged as soon as they reached Rio de Janeiro.

The following deposition of James Sanderson, the second mate, was also taken at Rio de Janeiro, and will be offered in evidence:

Since the sailing of the Nevada great dissatisfaction was shown by the crew without any reason whatever; two days after the departure of the ship the chief mate was knocked down by James Hill; when the men saw that I was made second mate they did not like it, and they told me not to go aft at all, but to make the captain stand his watch; the crew would not stand watch as I ordered; I complained to the captain, and he told me to put up with it, as the voyage was a short one.

The remainder of the deposition corroborates the testimony of the first mate. The examination was adjourned till Friday.

COURTS-MARTIAL HAVE NO POWER TO IMPRISON FOR NON-PAYMENT OF FINES.

In the Supreme Court Chambers, yesterday, counsel applied to Judge Sutherland for the release on habeas corpus of John Foster, a member of Company G, 12th Regiment, who had been lodged in Ludlow-st. Jail on a warrant issued by authority of the regiment, after his trial by court-martial, for the non-payment of military fines. The petitioner is a minor, and joined Company G at the age of 17. The fines were incurred through petitioner's absence during the sickness of his mother, which terminated in death. He applied for leave of absence during her sickness, but it was refused. His counsel claimed that, being a minor, he could not be held, and that there was no power in a court-martial to imprison a man for non-payment of a military fine. The Court sustained both points, and discharged the petitioner.

CIVIL NOTES.

Owing to the illness of Judge Curtis, yesterday, the Marine Court was adjourned till this morning. The calendar remains unchanged.

In the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, Mr. Kintzing applied to Judge Sutherland for the release of William L. Jones, a Fourth-ave. car conductor, held for stabbing Andrew O'Connor, July 28, in the bar-room at Fourth-ave. and Thirty-second-st., O'Connor having recovered from his injuries. Jones was released on $2,000 bail.

CRIMINAL COURTS.

Paul H. Lachantin, a Post-Office clerk, charged embezzling letters intrusted to his care, was held yesterday in $10,000 bail, by Commissioner Osborn.

At the Tombs Police Court Justice Dowling committed Martin Kelly, a pirate, for having seized Martin Dunn of No. 20 Walker-st., by the throat, and held him while a confederate named Cain stabbed him in the left arm. Cain escaped.

In the Court of Special Sessions, before Judge Dowling, yesterday, John Morgan, for stealing underclothing from Isaac Levy was sent to the Penitentiary for four months....Mary Dantz, attempting to pick pockets in Vesey-st., six months....Thomas Gunning, carrying concealed a formidable knife, which he used in cutting the pocket out of persons' clothes, six months....Patrick Boyle, stealing a coat worth $6 from Nathan Kingley's office in Franklin-st., six months....Thomas Kelley, assaulting Martin Dunne and Adam Brice, and attempting to rob them, in the lager-beer saloon, No. 112 Hudson-st., 12 months....Charles Burton, charged with stealing $3 from Edwards Newton, was discharged, on condition that he refunded the lost money....Catherine Jones, stealing $6 from James Holbron, sent to the Work-House....William Baker, embezzling $7 40 from his employer, Penitentiary, two months.

DECISIONS—AUGUST 22.

Supreme Court—Chambers—By Judge Cardozo.—Mitchell agt. Read.—Receiver's fees fixed at 5 per cent, &c.

Superior Court—Special Term—By Judge Spencer.—Smedley agt. Solomon; Brasswell agt. Carstens; O'Brien agt. Thiele; Howard agt. Goodridge.—Orders granted. Cushing agt. Voss.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—SUTHERLAND, J.—Court opens at 10 a. m. Calendar called at 12 m.

Call begins at No. 74.

74..Millard agt. Crawford.
27..Kinkel agt. Peterson.
28..Tanten agt. Grob.
29..In re. Petition of Mitman agt. Tanten.
32..Judd agt. Bond.
33..Same agt. Same.
34..Union Mutual Life Ins. Co. agt. Bond.
39..Shaw agt. Smith.
45..Bell agt. Darwin.
49..Pierce agt. Norwich Fire Ins. Co.
50..Same agt. Albany City Fire Ins. Co.

HAVE PASSENGERS NO RIGHTS?

To the Editor of The Tribune.

SIR: While standing at the ticket-office of the New-Jersey Central Railroad to-day, a very respectable-looking, elderly gentleman, accompanied by two ladies, came into the office. The gentleman inquired what time the train would leave for a given place. The ticket agent snarled out an answer; the gentleman then asked if the time he gave was the time from *this* side or from the *other* side of the river. The agent made no reply until the question had been very politely repeated, when the agent roared out at the top of his voice and in the most insulting manner, "Where do you think it starts from?" and continued talking in a very violent and insulting tone. The gentleman remonstrated with him for answering in that way, but this only made him still more insolent and brutal in his manner and speech. I have seen much insolence among railroad employés, but never saw more unprovoked insolence than this agent exhibited. T. B. ROBERTS.

New-York, Aug. 18, 1871.

"STRIKING" A RAILROAD.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

SIR: I have seen McKay's letter, which appeared in your paper of Saturday. I am ready to prove in Court the truth of my statement, which appeared in your columns on the 18th inst., in relation to Gov. Lindsay and McKay; and would add that, in future, I shall take no notice of any newspaper articles from McKay on that subject. D. N. STANTON, Pres.

Office of the Alabama and Chattanooga R. R. Co., No 90 Broadway, New-York, Aug. 21, 1871.

DEPARTURE OF FOREIGN MAILS.

WEDNESDAY, August 23.

Mails for Europe, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamship Wyoming, close at 8:30 a. m. A Supplementary Mail, on Pier No. 46, N. R., is closed at 10:30 a. m.

[All letters deposited in Supplementary Mails must be prepaid with double postage.]

Mails for St. Thomas, the Argentine Republic, and Brazil per steamship South America, close at 1 p. m.

Mails for Havana, W. I., per steamship Cleopatra, close at 2 p. m.

THURSDAY, August 24.

Mails for Europe, via Liverpool, per steamship City of Bristol, close at 9:30 a. m. A Supplementary Mail, on Pier No. 45, N. R., is closed at 11:30 a. m.

Mails for the German States, via Bremen, per steamship Koln, close at 12 m.

Mails for Havana and the West Indies, per steamship Missouri, close at 2 p. m.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

FOR HAMBURG—In steamship Allemania, Aug. 22.—Mrs. Rosenfeld, San Francisco; Miss Henrietta Rosenfeld, do; Miss S. Rosenfeld, do; Henry Rosenfeld, do; Master L. Rosenfeld, do; Mr. D. St. Laurent, Constantinople; Mr. Isaac Speyer, San Francisco; Mrs. Bertha Ballin, Hoboken; Dr. Chas. J. Bennett, Michigan; Mrs. Mary E. Hempel, do; Mr. Felix Friedmann, New-York; Mr. E. Gerissen, do; Mr. Oscar Abrahamson, Nashville; Dr. R. S. Rosenthal, New-Jersey; Mr. T. Krohn, New-York; Mr. F. W. Green, lady and child, Kansas; Mr. H. J. Scomp, Mrs. Maggie Scomp, Mr. Wm. V. Sprigg, Kentucky; Mr. Otto Rothschild, Hoboken; Miss Caroline Lehrberg, Albany; Mrs. R. Schlesinger and children, Philadelphia; Mrs. R. Mohius, New-York; Mr. Wm. Wayne, Pittsburgh; Mrs. Moses Zohn, Boston; Mr. J. Frank, Mrs. S. Rozinsky, New-York; Mrs. C. Stolle, San Francisco, Mr. Jerry Baxter, Nashville, and others in the steerage.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

FROM LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN—In steamship Russia, Aug. 22—The Rev. D. Schenck, D. Sinton, Mr. and Mrs. Cacoo, Miss C. Cook, Miss Sinton, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hamilton, A. Lawson, J. F. Brown, E. A. Potter, A. A. Rives, A. Goodall, A. Sickles, H. P. Brady, J. Bradburry, Mr. Mason, jr., J. W. Sheppard, J. Campbell, Mrs. E. J. Bartel and son, Mr. Perkins, Mr. Butler, J. H. Pratt, S. L. Bord, Mr. Picard, F. Picard, Mrs. Picard, Miss Picard, Lieut. R. Leonard, C. B. B. Troup, Mr. Bishop, Mr. Simpson, E. R. Beadle, F. J. Chambers, M. Pelegrin, J. H. Foutz, Mr. Olin, Mr. Beeman, Mrs. James J. Mason, J. G. Oliveres, Mrs. Collins, and two servants, Mrs. Wolcher and two servants, Mrs. Bird and two servants, Mrs. A. King, Mrs. J. Koch, Mrs. Wallach, Mrs. G. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Fosterson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Canoming, Marquis de Belignac, Mrs. Huston, Mrs. Hugh Brien, Mr. and Mrs. Furlong and child, Mr. Sheppard, Mrs. Burston and child, Mr. and Mrs. A. Harkness and child, Miss Harkness, Miss M. S. Pratt, J. C. Paige, Mr. Berger, A. Conant, Mrs. Bird and child, Mrs. E. B. Kendall and child, Miss M. E. Kendall, Miss E. L. Tutbury, Miss A. L. Kendall, Miss Tutbury, Mr. Tutbury and child, Mr. Blossfield, Mr. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Grinnell, Mrs. Brown and maid-servant, Mrs. Howland, Miss Fehiger, Miss Welsh, Miss Welsh and niece, Mrs. J. Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence, Mrs. Lozeck, Miss Schildstone, Mr. Seing and son, J. A. Wright, M. O. Kelly, Mr. Vanserke, Mr. Gardner, F. B. Savart and son, Mr. Leonck, H. Russell, C. H. Collins, J. E. Ferdinand, P. H. McLaren, F. M. Stuart and man servant, R. B. Kellogg, A. C. Baldwin, Mr. Bishop, Mrs. Davis's maid, Mrs. Franklin's maid, Mrs. Beahl, C. B. Wain, Mr. Fink, J. Glazier, Mr. and Mrs. McIrentish, John Hart, Thomas Duncan, John Babeock, J. Steel, Mr. Geger, C. E. Robinson, the Hon. H. A. Lawrence, J. C. Scott, W. J. Hulley, Mr. Dunlap, Mr. Spear, Mrs. E. F. Smith, Miss Smith, F. H. Benas, Mrs. M. Bloor, Miss A. Bloor, Miss S. Bloor, Miss E. Bloor, 2 children, and nurse, Mr. Shepherd, F. E. Bivey, F. H. Cramer, Mr. and Mrs. E. Gordon, Mr. Thatcher, Mr. Harrington, A. Lent, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Hatch, Mrs. Stebbins, Miss Hatch, Mr. and Mrs. J. Mott, C. W. Field, Mr. Field, jr., Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Francklyn, child, and nurse, Miss French, P. H. Smith, Mr. French, M., and Mrs. C. Billings and child, Mr. Sattury, Mr. Beale, C. McDonell, G. Jendinson, Mr. Foster, Rev. D. H. Deane, J. R. Potter, D. Smith, Mr. Belgnan, Mr. Hellman, Mr. and Mrs. Davis and child, J. McHenry, E. Macnamara, Mr. Campbell, Mr. J. Rice, G. A. Gordon, A. C. Hasberg, E. M. Black, G. Harding, A. J. Field, Miss Fosterman, George Fangblank.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Sun rises.....5:17 | Sun sets.....6:47 | Moon sets.....11:12

HIGH WATER THIS DAY—P. M.

Sandy Hook....12:36 | Gov's Island....1:11 | Hell Gate Ferry....3:09

HIGH WATER THIS DAY—P. M.

Sandy Hook....1:04 | Gov's Island....1:38 | Hell Gate Ferry....3:27

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-YORK.....AUGUST 22.

CLEARED.

Steamship China (Br.), McCauley, Liverpool, Chas. G. Francklyn.
Steamship Wyoming (Br.), Whinray, Liverpool, Williams & Guion.
Steamship Allemania (N. G.), Barends, Hamburg, &c., Kuhlandt & Co.
Steamship Wm. P. Clyde, Parker, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, Washington & Co.
Steamship S. C. Walker, Sherrin, Philadelphia.
Steamship A. C. Stivers, Davis, Philadelphia.
Steamship D. Crley, Davis, Philadelphia.
Steamship Leo, Dearborn, Savannah, Ga., Murray, Ferris & Co.
Steamship Isaac Bell, Blakeman, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, Old Dominion Steamship Co.
Steamship Glaucus, Walden, Boston, H. P. Dimock.
Ship Bremah (Br.), Morton, Antwerp, H. J. De Wolf & Co.
Bark Princess Alice (Br.), Francks, St. Hilliers, Jersey, Boyd & Hincken.
Bark Prof. Schweigard (Nor.), Svang, Cork or Falmouth, Funch, Edye & Co.
Bark Fidelio (Ger.), Kiedt, Stettin, Funch, Edye & Co.
Bark Celeste (Br.), Fullerton, Antwerp, Crandall, Berteaux & Co.
Bark Imperador (Nor.), Jenssen, Dunkirk, Funch, Edye & Co.
Bark R. H. Purinton, Crosby, Belfast, Ireland, Morrison & Co.
Bark Western Sea, Harding, Alexandria, Egypt, V. Brown & Co.
Bark Chattanooga, Freeman, Melbourne, Mellier, Lord & Quereau.
Brig Mary E. Leighton, Bray, Kingston, Jam., Moss & Ward.
Brig San Juan (Br.), Morton, Port P. G. Gomerez.
Brig Harry & Aubrey (Br.), Briggs, Barbadoes, T. T. & F. A. Dwight & Co.
Brig Leona (Br.), Quigley, Dorchester, N. B., P. I. Nevins & Sons.
Brig Fingal (Swe.), Tuckman, Dunkirk, Windell, Funch, Edye & Co.
Brig Humming Bird (Br.), Sherman, Halifax, Crandall, Berteaux & Co.
Brig Kedar (Br.), Macumber, Halifax, N. S., Pendleton & Co.
Schr. G. W. Purnell, Prevost, New-Haven.
Schr. Catharina (Ger.), Brunner, Kleinore, C. Tobias & Co.
Schr. Guiding Star (Br.), Merriam, Windsor, N. S., Crandall, Berteaux & Co.
Schr. Capella (Br.), Newcomb, St. John, N. B., P. I. Nevins & Sons.
Schr. Susie Prescott (Br.), Giass, Lepreaux, N. B., R. J. Godwin & Son.
Schr. Anna Maria (Br.), Cole, Shulee, N. S., Snow & Richardson.
Schr. Franklin, Clark, Indianola and Lavacca, Tupper & Beattie.
Schr. Martia M. Heath, Nickerson, Indianola and Lavacca, Evans, Ball & Co.
Schr. Clara Sawyer, Brasscomb, Jacksonville, Bentley, Miller & Co.
Schr. Ida Grant, Condrick, Tom's River.
Schr. Empress Kennedy, Boston.
Schr. G. W. Kimball, jr., Hall, Boston.
Sloop President, Davis, Middletown.
Canal boat C. Herrick, Wilke, Oswego, National Transportation Co.

ARRIVED.

Ship Webster, Norris, Grenadie Islands May 30, with guano to Hebson, Hurtado & Co.; vessel to Spofford, Bros. & Co.
Ship Astronom (Ger.) Klopper, Bremen 42 days, with mdse. and pass. to Unkart & Co. Aug. 21, off Montauk, passed ship Chrestel (Ger.), hence for Bremen.
Bark Martha A. McNeil (of Thomaston), Watts, Sunderland 47 days, with railway iron to C. W. Simonson; vessel to master.
Bark Duppel (Ger.), Holtz, Hartlepool 43 days, with railway iron to order.
Bark C. E. Jayne, Hawkins, Liverpool 49 days, with coal to order; vessel to Jones Smith & Co. Took the northern passage, and had moderate W. winds to the Banks, from there 21 days with light variable winds and calms. July 25, lat. 38, lon. 42, saw two large icebergs.
Bark Alliance (Nor.), Hutchinson, Antwerp 60 days, with mdse. to Funch, Edye & Co. Has been 28 days W. of the Banks with light winds and fogs.
Bark Thames (of Liverpool), Wallace, London 62 days, with mdse. to master. Has been 28 days W. of the Banks with light winds and fogs.
Brig H. B. Emery (of Boston), Small, Cienfuegos 14 days, with coal to Geo. H. Brewer; vessel to master and Geo. H. Houghton. Had light baffling winds and calms throughout the passage. Aug. 21, 7 p. m., about 30 miles E. S. E. of Sandy Hook, saw a vessel of about 150 tons, bottom up.
Schr. Surge, Ryan, Elizabethport for New-Haven.
Schr. Charles E. Smith, Smith, Elizabethport for New-Haven.
Schr. Eliza E., Bogart, Elizabethport for Norwalk.
Schr. Republic, Lynch, Elizabethport for Hartford.
Schr. Chas. Heath, Carroll, Elizabethport for Hartford.
Schr. Jos. Hall, Brainard, Elizabethport for Portland.
Schr. Evening Star, Lynch, Port Johnson for Hartford.
Schr. Fashion, Jones, Port Johnson for Fall River.
Schr. Emma, Baxter, Port Johnson for Taunton.
Schr. Bay State, Hart, Port Johnson for Taunton.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

BOSTON, Aug. 22.—Arrived, ship Akbar, Lanson, from Calcutta; brigs Haitienne, from Cape Town; Susie J. Strout, from Philadelphia; J. W. Drisko, from Philadelphia; schrs. Chas. Russell, from Goree; Lord of the Isles (Br.), from St. Johns, P. R.; Sybil, from Ponce; M. M. Pote, from Charleston.

VINEYARD HAVEN, MASS., Aug. 21.—Arrived, schrs. Hattie E. Sampson, from Philadelphia for Portland; John L. Tracy, from Philadelphia for Boston; Franconia, from Elizabethport for Boston. 22d—Arrived, schrs. Sophie Wilson and Armenia Bartlett, from Philadelphia for Boston; Josiah Whitehouse, from Georgetown; Para, from Hoboken for Portland. Sailed, schrs. Armenia Bartlett and Sophie Wilson.

SPOKEN.

Brig Guarding Star, hence for Liverpool, 9 days out, Aug. 16, lat. 34 23 N., lon. 71 34.

[*For Latest Ship News see Fifth Page.*]

Wedding Cards, &c.

AT WM. EVERDELL'S SONS, No. 104 Fulton-st.—WEDDING CARDS and FINE STATIONERY. (Established 1815.)

Printing.

WM. EVERDELL'S SONS, 104 Fulton-st.—LITHOGRAPHIC, STEAM JOB PRINTERS and LABEL MANUFACTURERS.

Marble and Slate Mantels.

A. KLABER, Steam MARBLE and MARBLEIZING WORKS, 134 and 136 East Eighteenth-st. Marble and Marbleized Mantels, Tiling, Marble Counters, Monuments, and Gravestones at prices that defy competition.

S. KLABER & Co., 217 to 223 W. 51st-st., between Broadway and Eighth-ave. Marble and Marbleized MANTELS, MONUMENTS, and HEAD-STONES. New original designs. Cheapest in the city.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS; largest assortment in the city, at lowest prices. Elegant new designs. T. B STEWART & Co., 609 Sixth-ave., bet. Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth-sts.

Miscellaneous.

BANK BOOK LOST—Bank Book No. 329,880, on the Bowery Savings Bank. The finder is requested to return it to the Bank. If not restored before the 17th Sept., 1871, a new book will be applied for.

JOHN DWIGHT & Co., Manufacturers of SALERATUS, SUPER-CARB. SODA &c., No. 11 Old-slip, New-York.

TO FARMERS.—WANTED, A DAIRY of 3 cans of milk, from Westchester County. Address J. OAKLEY, 177 Amity-st., New-York.

WANTED—Cheap for cash, a medium-sized fire-proof SAFE. Address W. H. B., Ocean Grove, N. J., stating price and place.

H. HENDERSON'S

FAMILY LIQUOR CASES,

EACH CASE CONTAINING ONE BOTTLE OF
OLD PALE BRANDY, OLD RYE WHISKY, FINE OLD PORT, HOLLAND GIN, OLD PALE SHERRY, OLD BOURBON.
Guaranteed Pure and of the very Best Quality.
PRICE SEVEN DOLLARS.
Sent by Express C. O. D. or Post-Office order.
H. HENDERSON, 15 Broad-st., New-York.

Sales by Auction

A. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY BANGS, MERWIN & Co., Broadway, cor. 4th-st.—Sales of Books, Works of Art, Fancy Goods, Furniture, &c.

GEO. A. LEAVITT & Co. (late Leavitt, Strebeigh & Co.), Clinton Hall, Astor-place. For the SALE by AUCTION of LIBRARIES, COLLECTIONS of BOOKS, PAINTINGS, and all kinds of LITERARY PROPERTY.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., Aug. 10, 1871.

LARGE SALE of ARMY CLOTHING and EQUIPAGE.—Will be sold at public auction, at the Depot at Jeffersonville, Indiana, commencing on TUESDAY, Sept. 19, 1871, at 10 o'clock a. m., under the direction of Capt. J. F. Rodgers, M. S. K., U. S. Army, a large quantity of new, unserviceable and damaged Clothing, Camp and Garrison Equipage, consisting in part of

80,000 Uniform Coats.
165,000 pairs Trowsers, foot.
52,000 pairs Trowsers, mounted.
9,000 pairs Drawers.
160,000 Shirts, flannel.
89,000 Shirts, gray.
40,000 Great Coats, mounted.
120,000 Great Coats, foot.
54,000 Blankets, wool.
135,000 Sack Coats, lined.
47,000 Sack Coats, unlined.
5,000 pairs Boots and Bootees.
68,000 Forage Caps.
21,000 pair. Stockings.

And various other articles.

The terms of sale will be stated in the catalogues, which can be obtained at this office.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.

C. H. HOYT, Captain and Depot Quartermaster.

BY JOHN H. DRAPER & Co., Auctioneers.

THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY will sell 140,000 TUNS OF SCRANTON COAL at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, August 30, at 12 o'clock noon, at 26 Exchange-place. SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

Situations Wanted—Females.

A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN can be had for small wages to a steady place; can milk, and willing to do anything required; any gentleman wanting him on trial, if not the right kind of man, will charge him nothing for his time; best City references. Address M. C., 154 Tribune Office.

WANTED—A position as HOUSEKEEPER in a hotel or private family, by a lady who has had considerable experience. References given and required. Address HOUSEKEEPER, Tribune Office.

FAMILIES, Summer Houses, and Boarding-Houses in want of first-class HELP of all nationalities, in city or country, can be supplied immediately at WALKER'S EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 133 Sixth-ave., over dr