

Amusements, etc., This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—English Opera: "Martha." BOOTH'S THEATRE.—"Henry VIII." MISS CUSHMAN. FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.—"Divorce."

Business Notices.

THE WILSON SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.—The best and cheapest Sewing Machine in the world. Price, from \$10 to \$150.

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE.

DAILY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, \$10 per annum. SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, \$4 per annum. WEEKLY TRIBUNE, Mail Subscribers, \$3 per annum.

THE TRIBUNE FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

Commencing with the issue of October 6, THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent, for six weeks, at the following rates:

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50 copies, to one address, \$7.50. 100 copies, to one address, \$12.00.

Orders should be sent in at once. Terms cash in advance. Address, THE TRIBUNE, New-York.

New-York Daily Tribune.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1871.

A crisis has occurred at Madrid. The Zorrilla Ministry resigned, and a new one was formed by Admiral Malcampo. No armistice will be granted to the Communists.

The Democracy had a funeral at Rochester yesterday. Charles O'Connor preached the discourse, and we need not add that it was terse and forcible.

The attitude of the English strikers grows more and more determined and formidable. In Sunderland, where the nine-hours' strike was organized, the League are preparing to extend operations into the North of England.

We felt confident that the Democrats could not make a weaker ticket for State Officers in 1871 than they did in 1869; but they have done it. Judge Allen was a stronger candidate than any now presented; and how could any Convention be so remorseless as to mediate a second term of Marshall B. Champlain?

At a meeting of "Reform Democrats" in this city last night, Mr. M. M. Pomeroy made the usual assertion that when Tammany is overthrown, the Democracy would redeem New-York. Mr. Pomeroy knows that when Tammany is overthrown the Democracy must fall too.

No European Power, so far as we recollect, has ever sent a military or naval attaché in the suite of its Minister to the United States. The example of Great Britain, which is reported to propose sending Rear-Admiral Cochrane to Washington as Naval Attaché, will probably be followed by other nations.

More damning facts relating to the great thefts of Tammany are coming out. An examination of practical workmen discloses more fully the shameful frauds which everybody knew had been perpetrated in furnishing the New Court-House.

The glow of enthusiasm which we have felt at the near approach of a Russian Prince is somewhat damped by the reflection, forced upon us by our Washington dispatches, that our diplomatic relations with Russia are rather cool just now.

subject of Mr. Catacazy's recall is that the President has agreed to "tolerate" him until after the Grand Duke's visit, when he must be recalled, or he will have his passports sent to him.

FRAUDS AT ELECTIONS.

We have, for all but forty years, taken an active part in the elections of this City and State. The only two Constitutions in force during any part of that term were framed by Democratic Conventions; the Legislative power of the State has been, for a large portion of those forty years, in Democratic hands.

Resolved, That as Registry laws, so far from preventing frauds in elections, have proved to be shields, under cover of which they can more easily be consummated, we demand that some other safeguards be provided against a fraudulent repetition of votes, and a dishonest canvass of the ballots—votes which are treated as representative government, and that we approve of the passage of the Conditional Amendment now pending, making bribery a ground of challenge to the elector, and denying the suffrage alike to him that receives and him that offers a corrupt inducement.

Comments by The Tribune.

We have repeatedly asked Democrats to answer this question—"If a Registration of the names of all persons entitled to vote at any 'poll' does really facilitate fraudulent voting, 'why should not a Registration of Deeds and Mortgages likewise facilitate fraud in the sale and transfer of Real Estate?'"

A Registration of Voters gives every one opportunity to scrutinize the list, and object to any name thereon which he knows not to be that of a legal voter; while, in the absence of such Registration, one who would vote illegally has only to fear those who may chance to see him offer his vote.

A Registration detects fraud wherever votes are polled in excess of the number registered. Thus, Haggerty, the voucher-thief, was already under indictment for polling, last Fall, as an Inspector, one hundred and fifty votes more than the entire Registration of his district.

That Republicans have found in Registration no facility for fraud in voting, we do know; if it be otherwise with Democrats, why did not their Convention point out the defect in the system, so that it might be stopped?

At the session of 1870, Tweed bargained with Republican Senators to give them a more efficient Registration in return for their votes to pass his Charter. (How much boot he paid, we do not know; report makes the figure a high one.)

All countries and nearly all States which have anything worthy the name of elective, representative institutions, register their voters. In this State, the Democratic managers steadily fight against Registration. Do you ask why?

We answer, Because they know that nearly all the blacklegs, the felons, the vagabonds, who delight in voting illegally, are on their side, so that every thousand illegal votes polled give at least eight hundred net profit to their side.

And yet would not play false, and so they hope to win now. We exhort the earnest foes of wholesale robbery, whether at the polls or at the treasury, to take care that they be disappointed.

THE SPANISH CRISIS.

Those who imagined that peace and settled government would come to Spain in the suite of the young Italian King have already had occasion to change this fancy. The policy of personal intrigue, which was the only foundation of political action in the reign of Isabel Segunda, has been revived by the atmosphere of a genuine court into a life and activity which it did not know in the time of the interregnum.

More than a million dollars worth of furniture where the insatiable Ingersoll claims to have put in about one million and a half dollars worth; and a beggarly \$140,000 would liberally pay for the cabinet and carpenter work which Miller, Ingersoll, and the rest got over a million dollars for doing. This is swindling on the largest scale.

influence which always makes Warwick so insufferable to their kings. This terrible catastrophe appeared for a moment to unite all parties; but, as usual in that movement of conciliation, the Liberal Union, composed of the most adroit and the most grasping of the professional office-holders of Spain, seized upon the government and paroled out among them the spoils of the monarchy.

It will be remembered that about the end of last July the Liberal Union Cabinet under Marshal Serrano resigned, after a protracted crisis, and Señor Ruiz Zorrilla assumed the task of forming a new one.

The election which takes place in Ohio on Tuesday next is of special importance. Beside a full State ticket, a Legislature—which is to choose a United States Senator—is to be elected.

But, as a special correspondent of THE TRIBUNE, whose letters appear on the second page of this issue, points out, the Democracy are hoping and working for a majority in the Legislature, emboldened thereto by an unhappy diversion in Republican ranks.

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Schools for women. Some British mother has taken alarm at the studies required of the young girls who are competitors at the Cambridge Examinations.

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deceases. All these are matters of public record. Finally, the tip end of the Democratic dynasty here was Isaac V. Fowler—a special pet of the Van Buren-Tilden oligarchy—who was turned out of the post-office a defaulter for over \$300,000, nearly all expended in his party's service, and of which no penny was ever recovered.

We take no pleasure in these reminiscences. We do not mean to imply that there are not thieves in the Republican as well as in the Democratic party, nor that they have not a kindred facility in getting office. Since the Savior of mankind had a thief among his chosen Twelve, it would be insane presumption to claim a stainless purity for each of our One Hundred Thousand Republican office-holders.

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her place as wife and mother, she can give her surplus strength to her work as citizen and philanthropist.

A HINT TO OUR CITY.

The citizens of Webster parish, Louisiana, in view of the fact that their taxes and their public debts seemed to be increasing in equal and alarming ratio, recently held a meeting to consider the situation.

First: Ignoring altogether Federal politics. Second: The elevation of the moral standard of official action by the election of honest and competent men. Third: The most rigorous economy in the expenditure of the public money consistent with the dignity of the State.

Fourth: The passage of laws adequate to the punishment of population and fraud committed by the servants of the people. Fifth: The protection of the citizen, without regard to color or opinion, in the free exercise of his civil and political rights, and the abrogation of all laws which thwart the will of the people by giving the manipulation of the ballot-box to the individuals whose personal interests are staked upon the declared result.

Sixth: The repeal of all laws intended to serve the purposes of political parties by conferring monopolies of public patronage, and the abolition of all offices not essential to the efficient administration of public affairs. Seventh: Such a distribution of the offices in the State as will satisfy all men that our only objects are those herein set forth.

TEMPERANCE IN POLITICS. The great mass of the Temperance men of our State are satisfied with the position taken by the Republican party—that of prohibiting the question of License or Prohibition to the legal voters of the several cities and townships.

There is a very small clique which protests against this in behalf of absolute and universal Prohibition (on paper), and is running a ticket on that platform. Every vote cast for that ticket will be a vote subtracted from the Republican; it will be half a vote in favor of those candidates whom ninety-nine of every hundred runners will do their utmost to elect.

The Chicago Evening Journal is the newspaper which professed to give an account of President Grant's alleged declaration, in Chicago conversation, that he would stand by Thomas Murphy through thick and thin.

As the exact opposite of the above-quoted assertion is a truth of the widest notoriety, we marvel that one ignorant in the premises could obtain access to the columns of a respectable journal. Mr. Greeley urged the passage of the act in question before Gen. Grant did, and has justified such enactment much oftener and more zealously than the President or almost any one else.

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GENERAL POLITICAL NEWS.

REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATION.

Secretary of State.—G. S. HILTON SCHREIBER. Treasurer.—THOMAS BAINE. State Engineer.—FRANCIS G. BARLOW. Chief Commissioner.—ALEXANDER BARRELY. State Prison Inspector.—THOMAS KIBB PATRICK. ELECTION TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1.

THE UNION REPUBLICAN GENERAL COMMITTEE.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING AT THE FIFTH-AVE. HEADQUARTERS—A POSITION CLEARLY DEFINED. The Union Republican General Committee met at the Republican headquarters, on Fifth-ave., last evening, Sinclair Toucey in the chair.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee be authorized to receive from the Executive Committee any report they may have on the subject of the Resignation of the Secretary of State, and to report thereon to the next meeting of the Executive Committee.

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