

MISSISSIPPI POLITICS.

THE LIBERALS AND THEIR HOPES.

THE STATE NOT TO BE SURRENDERED TO GRANT... A PORTION OF THE NEGRO VOTE FOR GREELY—INFLUENTIAL REPUBLICANS SUPPORTING THE LIBERAL TICKET.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS DESERTING GRANT.

The influence of a number of prominent Republicans who have been confided in as political guides since they were enfranchised, and who have declared for Greely, cannot fail to have some effect.

PROSPECTS OF DIVIDING THE COLORED VOTE.

In the river counties, where the negroes preponderate over the whites, often in the ratio of three to one, almost nothing can be done.

THE STRANGLING OF NEGRO RULE.

An old citizen, who by the way, made the first speech in Mississippi for Greely and Brown, talking with me on this subject, said: "We have the best location for a city on the lower Mississippi."

fluence of leaguers, secret clubs, race prejudices, and corruption funds to regain the colored vote which will be lost.

RESULTS OF CARPET-BAG DOMINATION.

THE STATE EXPENSES LARGELY INCREASED—HEAVY COSTS—THE BLIGHT OF NEGRO EDUCATION.

Vicksburg, Aug. 18.—Mississippi is an exception in one respect to all the Southern States that have suffered from carpet-bag rule.

EXTRAVAGANT EXPENDITURES.

If the State debt has not been greatly increased, however, the yearly expenses of the State Government are enormously in excess of what they were before the war.

LOCAL DEBTS AND TAXATION.

The property owners in the counties where the negroes predominate have suffered heavily from the mingled ignorance and rapacity of the local authorities.

WASHINGTON.

SECRETARY BOUTWELL AND THE KENTUCKY WAR CLAIMS—MINOR NEWS.

It is urged that the conduct of Secretary Boutwell in his official dealing with the Kentucky war claims, which have now been paid in full, needs considerable investigation.

and he will be more ready to listen to us, and we are satisfied, as the carpet-baggers keep telling him, and as he is his true friend.

A CORRUPT AND DEGENERATE PARTY.

The accounts I get from native citizens of the corruption of the negro party are confirmed from Northern residents.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

Blanton Duncan must now begin to see the promised stampede to Louisville.

The most popular man of the day, with the Grant papers, is the Hon. Charles O'Connor. Gen. Grant is for a time almost neglected that they may sing the praises of the expected Louisville nominee.

Now that "long memories" are in vogue, the Philadelphia Age insists that the position of Cox here was not a President to side with the Grant papers.

The Liberals of Missouri give the Missouri Republican says of the State ticket just published: "All of them are estimable and true citizens, and each of them is one of the strongest and best ever presented to the people of Missouri."

LABOR REFORM.

TROUBLE IN THE PENNSYLVANIA PARTY.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 25.—Henry L. Acker, Chairman of the Labor Reform State Central Committee, denounces as unfounded the report of a State Convention of the Labor Reform party said to have been held in this city on the 23d inst.

THE CANVASS IN OHIO.

From prominent Liberal Republicans and Democrats conversant with the political situation in Ohio, the following statements with reference to the coming elections in that State have been obtained:

THE CANVASS IN OHIO.

The Liberals have nominated a strong State ticket, headed by Gen. Aquila Willey for Secretary of State. Gen. Willey is an old soldier, who took a leg in the late war.

THE CANVASS IN OHIO.

One need not be surprised to see a Grant editor take 500 eggs out of a hat, or draw 13 different kinds of liquor from a single bottle, or tie himself up in a bow-knot, after the exhibition of logical necromancy in the following argument of the Boston Globe:

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CAMPAIGN INTELLIGENCE.

THE MAINE CANVASS.

SENATOR TRUMBULL AT PORTLAND—AN EFFECTIVE SPEECH TO AN IMMENSE AUDIENCE—THE CANVASS AS EARNEST AS EVER.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

PORTLAND, Aug. 26.—Another of the great meetings of the campaign was held at the City Hall to-night, to greet Senator Trumbull.

CAMPAIGN NOTES.

Gen. H. Schofield of Washington County, Iowa, a Grant elector in 1868, has declared for Greely and Brown.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will issue excursion tickets for the Louisville Democratic Convention, good from Aug. 29 to Sept. 15, at half rates.

William Reeves, a prominent Republican of San Prairie, Wis., in a letter to the Hon. Charles Burleigh, Secretary of the Louisville Convention, says:

Mr. Isaiah T. Williams of this city started for Maine last evening, where he intends to speak every evening during the remainder of the canvass, for the Liberal ticket.

A correspondent of The Portland Argus writes from Foxcroft, Piscataquis County, Me., that that town has 20 good substantial Greely men who support the Liberal ticket.

The Springfield Republican thinks that Gov. Washburn will be renominated without much opposition by the Massachusetts Grant Convention, which meets at Worcester on Wednesday.

The Hon. DeWitt C. Littlejohn and the Hon. C. T. Richardson of Oswego addressed a large and enthusiastic Greely and Brown meeting at Hamilton, Monroe County, N. Y., on Friday last.

A correspondent at Cray's Mills, St. Lawrence County, N. Y., states that "paid agents of the Administration are trying to get signatures" to call for a convention to be held at Lowville, N. Y., on the 27th inst.

Mr. E. O. Perrin will speak at Bath, Maine, to-night, and will continue to stump that State till Sept. 9, when he will go to Pennsylvania, making his first speech in the latter State at Lockhaven, Sept. 10.

The Liberal Republican State Central Committee of New-Hampshire has issued a call for a mass convention, to be held at Concord on the 11th of September, for the purpose of selecting Presidential Electors, Gen. Hans, Theodore Tilton, and others, are expected to be present.

A large and enthusiastic Democratic meeting was held in Tinicum, Bucks County, Pa., last Saturday afternoon. Nine townships were represented, and a large number of Liberal Republicans as well as delegations from New-Jersey were present.

A correspondent writing from Cherrytree, Pa., says: "The campaign is progressing finely in this vicinity, and all looks well for Greely and Brown. The Democrats are going heartily to work, and all the leading Republicans of Cherrytree, with few exceptions, support the Liberal ticket. Even the postmaster is a Greely and Brown man."

The Hon. E. D. Culver of this city has returned from Wisconsin and Skaneateles, where he has been speaking for Greely and Brown. He is now filling a series of appointments in Vermont, and will return from that State to Washington County, N. Y., on the 27th inst., and spend a week at Lockhaven, Greenfield, Greenville, Fort Ann, and Sandy Hill, and then return to New-York.

An eloquent Grant orator in Indiana had dwelt with great union upon the utter dissimilarity between the conversion of Saul of Tarsus and that of the Democratic party.

The emphatic announcement of The Harrisburg (Pa.) Telegraph that Gen. A. L. Rounsford, Chairman of the Dauphin County Democratic Committee, opposed Mr. Greely, finds its best contradiction in his letter to certain gentlemen who wished him to assist in the Straight-out canvass.

A well-known and carefully informed politician who has lately returned from the White Sulphur Springs, Virginia, where there are at present congregated a number of prominent Southern politicians, says that in conversation with the Southern leaders, he was surprised to find that the Straight-out leaders throughout the South had no followers whatever in any case; and further, he expressed the opinion that the nomination of Greely would be the best thing possible for the Liberal Reform party, as it will take a certain lot of votes from Grant that will not be cast for Greely in case no straight-out nomination is made.

Pennsylvania Democrats do not seem to relish the attempts which are made to entice them into Grant's Blanton Duncan side-show at Louisville.

Mr. J. M. Usher, a prominent temperance advocate of Boston, has written a letter to Senator Wilson, asking him to take for his letter to Denison on Grant's temperance habits, and maintaining that the Senator, while attempting to shield Grant, has virtually admitted all that Mr. Denison charged. In conclusion, Mr. Usher says: "I have it on the best authority that William E. Dolce of New-York, and President of the National Temperance Society, visiting some very unpleasant questions about the intemperate 'transportation' of Louisville, and declaring that he has attended many Democratic conventions, but never had his expenses paid by a Committee of Correspondence. In conclusion he says: 'I cannot make out whether you gentlemen wish to pay my fare there to visit me by myself, and I would not trust wrong you. But if, as I have no doubt is the case, you wish to pay my fare, I will accept it as my share of the property of the One-Term principle, the present humiliating attitude of the Administration in securing the services of such men as address me would furnish me with a very good reason for declining it.'"

Mr. M. P. Mundell, M. P., addressing his constituents at Sheffield on Aug. 12, said the Treaty of Washington was a guarantee that England could never again engage in a great war with any Christian or civilized community without first offering to refer the cause in dispute to the arbitration of the Great Powers. The Treaty was one of the greatest moral victories of our time. "Peace hath her victories no less renowned than war, and this we have seen in the future historian as a moralist would regard as greater in its influence on the world of mankind than Waterloo or Trafalgar, or Sedan or Metz. He further advocated the extension of the suffrage to the agricultural laborers in England as a most necessary measure. They would never, he said, be truly men, free men, able to speak their minds as they ought, until they had a vote. The London Spectator strongly advocates the same measure as the only means of stopping the oppression which the farmers are engaging in to prevent strikes for increased wages among their men."

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES—BY TELEGRAPH.

James Farrell was drowned in Foxboro, Mass., Sunday, last.

Charles Catherine Rowan of East Boston fell from a second-story window, Tuesday, and killed.

Mr. Adams, a switchman, was crushed to death while coupling cars in Oakland, Cal., Sunday.

Leander Gardner of Lewiston, Me., was knocked from a train near the Little Falls Bridge on Saturday, and killed.

W. H. Chapman, a traveling agent for Johnson, & Co., of New-York, was found dead, Sunday, at Andover, N. Y., under circumstances which give rise to the suspicion that he was murdered.

The body of B. T. Clark was found in the river at Tilton, N. H., Sunday, and suspicion was entertained that he had been murdered.

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FOREIGN NEWS.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

THE MEETING OF THE GENEVA TRIBUNAL YESTERDAY—CONTEST RESPECTING THE SHENANDOAH—THE CASE OF THE GEORGIA PRACTICALLY ABANDONED.

LONDON, Monday, Aug. 26, 1872.