LOCAL MISCELLANY.

THE TILTON NOTICE OF TRIAL.

A FORMAL DOCUMENT NOT NECESSARILY INDICATING ANOTHER SUIT—SURMISES AS TO THE ALLEGED NEW EVIDENCE.

The news of the serving of a notice of trial on Monday in the suit of Theodore Tilton against Henry Ward Beecher excited little comment yesterday. The notice is purely formal, and by statute must be served before the beginning of each term of a court. Messrs. Shearman & Sterling, attorneys for Mr. Beecher, on or before Aug. 23 will serve a similar notice on Morris & Pearsall, who continue to be Mr. Tilton's attorneys. The latter will then probably file a note of issue with the Clerk of the City Court, and the cause will thereupon be placed on the calendar. The general opinion in regard to the alleged new evidence seems to be that it refers to the Price and Loader statements. Ex-Judge Morris paid a visit on Monday to the office of Gen. Pryor in this city in order to consult with him in reference to the matter, but Gen. Pryor was out of town. Inquiry at the office of the District-Attorney of Kings County yesterday failed to elicit any information as to the time when the criminal indictments against Tilton, Moulton, Loader, and Price will be taken up and prosecuted. This matter rests entirely within the discretion of the District-Attorney.

It is generally understood by lawyers that the notice served by Mr. Tilton's attorneys does not indicate necessarily that a new suit will be pressed. It is entirely a *pro forma* document, drawn up and served because the trial which ended last month did not result in a verdict.

THE ALLEGED MUTINY.

EXAMINATION OF THE COOK OF THE ROBERA—THE CHARGE OF MUTINY WAIVED AND THE PRISONER COMMITTED FOR ASSAULT.

William Williams, age 45, the colored cook of the American ship Robera, was taken before United States Commissioner Winslow, in Brooklyn, for examination, yesterday, on a charge of assaulting Capt. Hagen with a hatchet and attempting to incite the crew of the ship to mutiny. United States Assistant District-Attorney Hoxie appeared for the Government, and John F. Allen for the defense. Capt. Hagen testified that the cook assaulted him with the "tormentors," or large galley fork, and severely wounded him on the head with a hatchet, and that he gave the cook no provocation other than by going to the galley and asking him what he was complaining about. He also testified that the ship was provisioned fully, and recited the details of the affair as already published.

Albert Phillips, first mate, substantially corroborated the captain's testimony, and said that the ship had ample provisions, with the exception of sugar; that the cook had complained of having a lame back; he had seen him twice cooking on his knees; that he never saw the captain strike the cook or any other man.

Stein Norman, the second mate, who disarmed the cook, and William Birtzer, a boy, gave similar testimony. Frederick Wiechman, a boy who, the captain said, was the son of a German Senator, who had given him in Capt. Hagen's charge, gave substantially the same testimony, and said that at the time of the assault some of the crew menaced him with violence if he should testify against the cook and themselves. Mr. Allen asked for other witnesses, but the captain said that several of the men were drunk in New-York and had refused to attend. Mr. Hoxie said that the Government would be satisfied to waive the charge of mutiny and hold the prisoner for assault and battery.

The cook made a long voluntary statement, in which he averred that the testimony for the prosecution was false, and that the captain had attacked him without any provocation. He had admitted that he had seized the hatchet, but denied having used it. He said that the Captain must have been wounded in falling against a coffee mill while they were scuffling. He declared that the ship was short of peas, beans, sugar, and potatoes, and although he had been to sea for 18 years and had sailed with many bad men, he had never been with one who was so brutal as the captain of the Robera.

Commissioner Winslow thought the charge of attempt to incite a mutiny had not been sustained. He said he could not give full credence to the cook's statement, but that even if it was true, the cook was not justified in taking a hatchet when the captain was unarmed. He committed the prisoner, in default of $1,500 bail, to await the action of the Grand Jury on the charge of assault.

FORT HAMILTON.

REBUILDING AFTER THE RECENT FIRE—HEALTH AND HABITS OF THE GARRISON—PRESENT CONDITION AND VALUE OF NEW-YORK'S HARBOR DEFENSES.

Since the burning of the officers' quarters in the casemates of Fort Hamilton, on the night of the 3d of March last, they have been living in residences furnished by the Government in the vicinity. The War Department lately awarded contracts for the erection of three new buildings for officers' quarters, the sites for which have been selected on the reservation, and the casemates will be used hereafter as barracks for the soldiers.

The fort is garrisoned by 250 men of the 3d Artillery, commanded by Col. Geo. W. Getty. The rations of the soldiers are plentiful and of good quality. Fresh beef is issued every other day, the men preferring corned pork three times a week to a continual diet of fresh meat. Vegetables are raised in abundance. The bread used is baked at the Fort, and the soldiers are entirely content with their rations. Desertions are not unfrequent, but they generally occur about the time the troops are paid, which takes place every two months, and when they receive a large sum of money at one time they are led into dissipations, become reckless, perhaps lose all they get, overstay their leave, and are fearful of punishment on returning; or they conclude to return to their several homes in order to engage in some other occupation. Were daily or weekly payments to the men introduced, desertions would to a very great extent cease, and the discipline and effectiveness of the army would be vastly improved.

The health of the post is excellent. There are however no baths, sinks, etc., for the use of the men, and they suffer much discomfort in consequence. They are required to bathe at least once a week, but the nature of the beach prevents them from availing themselves of this very essential and healthful practice. The hospital, outside the walls of the fort, is a spacious, well ventilated building, and the sick receive the most skillful and generous treatment. The cemetery at Fort Hamilton appears to be much neglected, but no interments have been made in it since 1863. There is a prejudice against the spot in consequence of men, who, during the war, forfeited their lives to the law, being buried in it. Those hung at Fort Lafayette and others who were shot for desertion during the war found their last resting place there. During the past 10 years the bodies of many officers and soldiers have been removed to other places of burial, but a large number of graves are still undisturbed. Interments from Fort Hamilton are now made in Cypress Hills Cemetery.

Though it is not more than 30 years since Fort Hamilton was built it has been condemned, and its casemates are now only used as barracks for troops. All the guns have been removed from their embrasures, with the exception of a few mortars. Improvements in the manufacture of cannon and in the building of ships of war have rendered the work of little value. But very strong sea-wall batteries, mounted with guns of the heaviest caliber, have been erected at the point to add to the defenses of the harbor. Seventy of the new guns are already in position. The rear of the sea-wall has been filled in with earth to a general level of two feet below the level of the sea-wall. A six-traverse magazine, including three service magazines, has been built. An additional earthen barbette battery with magazine traverses for heavy guns below the channel front of the Fort, extending to the existing batteries, is to be erected. Opposite, on the Staten Island shore, is Fort Wadsworth, an earthwork which, when completed, will mount 400 guns, and will be one of the largest and strongest defensive works in the United States. Fort Lafayette is no longer of value. It is used, however, as a central magazine from which all the posts in the department receive ammunition. Fort Hamilton in conjunction with Fort Wadsworth is considered sufficient to bar the passage of the most powerful ships of war.

PRISONERS POORLY GUARDED.

TWO BURGLARS ESCAPE FROM A BROOKLYN COURT-ROOM, BUT ARE RECAPTURED.

A daring but unsuccessful attempt to escape was made yesterday by John McNally and John McCarty, who had been brought from the Fifth Police Station-house, in Brooklyn, E. D., to Justice Elliott's court-room, to answer a charge of burglary at the house of Mrs. Reynolds, at No. 847 Fourth-st. As the regular court-room is under repair, an apartment has been for a time secured on the third floor of the National Hall building at South First and Fourth-sts. There being no "cage" in the temporary court-room, the prisoners sat among the lawyers. Justice Elliott having called one of the officers in charge of the accused to his desk, the prisoners suddenly sprang from their seats and rushed from the room, pursued by the officers and several lawyers and spectators. At the top of the lower stairway ex-Assemblyman Cochen seized McCarty by the throat, and they fell to the bottom of the stairs, where McCarty was captured speedily. McNally gained the sidewalk, and was in the act of entering a wagon when he was recaptured.

The wagon, which was in charge of a confederate of the prisoners, was marked "Trappe's Express; office No. 559 Grand-st." It is believed that it was stolen from New-York. There were some bricks and two loaded revolvers lying in the bottom of the vehicle, the driver of which escaped. McNally and McCarty were taken back and committed to await examination. They are said to be notorious thieves from Water-st., New-York. They are the same men who, when detected at the house of Mrs. Reynolds, fled and jumped into the river, after having discharged a revolver at their pursuers.

ARREST OF PROFESSIONAL BURGLARS IN NEWARK.

For several weeks numerous burglaries have been committed in the Tenth and Twelfth Wards of Newark, and on Sunday morning last four stores were entered and robbed. On Sunday afternoon detectives arrested Philip Fitzpatrick of South-st. and George Creamer of No. 234 Oliver-st. on suspicion of being the offenders. They were found, with two others, in the swamps at the foot of South-st., and made a desperate resistance. In their possession there was a bottle of liquor which was stolen from one of the stores robbed Sunday morning. Yesterday the accused were committed for trial. Creamer has been discharged recently from the Trenton State Prison.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE EXHIBITION IN THE FALL.

Active preparations have been begun for the forty-fourth annual Fair of the American Institute, and the display this year promises to equal if not surpass that of any previous exhibition. The Fair will be held in the Hall belonging to the Institute between Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth-sts. and Second and Third-aves. It will be formally opened to the public at 2 p. m. on Wednesday, September 8, and will continue open until Saturday, Nov. 13, unless it is deemed expedient by the Board of Managers to continue it one week longer. The buildings on Second-ave. will be open for the reception of machinery on Monday, Aug. 16, or earlier if it be necessary for the arrangement of heavy machinery. The Third-ave. buildings will be opened for the reception of goods on Aug. 30. The classification of articles for exhibition comprises seven departments, each of which is subdivided into groups. The departments are as follows: (1) Fine Arts and Education; (2) The Dwelling; (3) Dress and Handicraft; (4) Chemistry and Mineralogy; (5) Engines and Machinery; (6) Intercommunication; (7) Agriculture and Horticulture.

The judges of the Exhibition will soon be appointed by the Board of Managers. The following rules have been adopted:

SEC. 6. If any judge is found incompetent, neglectful, unfair, or in any respect ineligible, his appointment may be withdrawn by the Board, and the vacancy thus created filled. The Board may, by a vote of two-thirds of those present, appoint additional judges to those previously appointed for any Department or Group, or any subdivision thereof. Should it be ascertained that any exhibitor is connected, either by near consanguinity or business relations, with one of the judges in the Department or Group in which he is an exhibitor, it shall be the duty of the Managers to substitute another judge. Should it satisfactorily appear that any article has not received the consideration which its merits seem to require, it shall be the duty of the Board to cause a reexamination, by the same or other judges, and in case it can be shown that any decision is the result of fraud or collusion, or from obvious inconsistency of the judges, or in violation of any by-law or regulation of the Institute, it may be set aside by a vote of two-thirds of the Managers present at any regular meeting.

SEC. 9. No award, report, or anything in lieu thereof, shall be granted by the Board of Managers, directly or indirectly to any trustee, director, manager or employé of the Institute, nor to any person or company who shall employ, as agent, any one of the said officers. This shall not prevent an examination and report by the judges on any article or process exhibited.

Two gold, two silver medals, one bronze medal, and several diplomas are among the prizes offered. No goods will be admitted for competition or examination after Sept. 15, unless by a vote of the Board of Managers. Steam power will be provided, three large engines having been secured for the purpose, and ample facilities will be given for the exhibition of industrial processes. Apprentices in the various forms of handicraft are also allowed to exhibit their work. Accompanying articles of their own workmanship there must be a certificate from their employers, stating their age and the time they have served. Charles Wager Hull, the General Superintendent of the Exhibition, is now on a tour among New-England manufacturers to obtain from them novel and interesting contributions to the Exhibition. Circulars have been sent to manufacturers and inventors throughout the country inviting their cooperation and favorable responses have been received. The Board of Managers consists of the following gentlemen: Charles F. Allen, F. D. Curtis, George Whitefield, Alexander M. Eagleson, Walter Shriver, Charles Wager Hull, Wm. Rutter, Wm. H. Gedney, A. J. Halsey, Peter H. Jackson, Charles Place, Alfred Howell, Alfred T. Ackert, Abraham Lent.

SPURIOUS FIVE-CENT PIECES.

SEIZURE OF COUNTERFEITERS' IMPLEMENTS VALUED AT $5,000 IN BROOKLYN—TWO PRISONERS ARRAIGNED AND SEVERAL WARRANTS ISSUED.

A seizure of implements for counterfeiting, worth about $5,000, was made by United States Chief Deputy Marshal McCue, late on Monday night, in a stable on Lewis-ave., near Lexington-ave., in Brooklyn, which is leased by John and Thomas Loughery, who were arrested by the police in New-York on Saturday night for having some spurious five-cent pieces in their possession. The Loughery brothers had said that they received the counterfeit coin from Philip Lewinski, who had been arrested previously for a similar offense in Brooklyn, E. D. Lewinski, who has been admitted to bail in $1,500, denied that he had furnished the coin to the Loughery brothers, and said that they were engaged in its manufacture.

The stable in which the seizure was made is in the rear of the house of the Loughery brothers, which the neighbors say the occupants always entered from the rear. Officer Murphy of the Fourth New-York Precinct took the prisoners to Brooklyn yesterday and delivered them to Deputy Marshal McCue, who took them before U. S. Commissioner Winslow. The accused pleaded "Not guilty," and they were allowed until 2 p. m. to-day to decide whether they will have an examination, or waive examination and go before the Grand Jury. They were committed to the Raymond Street Jail in default of $5,000 bail each. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of several other alleged counterfeiters.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES AND THE HARLEM FLATS.

At the meeting of the Board of Health yesterday, Sanitary Inspector Hughes reported that J. Youngs of No. 249 Spring-st. has rented a cellar at No. 411 Canal-st. as a lodging and sleeping place, contrary to law. A resolution was adopted that, as the department had expended its balances for 1872 to 1874 in the care of small-pox patients, and as it was necessary to continue the extra corps for gratuitous vaccination, the Board of Police be requested to consent to the transfer of $2,000 from their unexpended balance of 1874 for that purpose.

Dr. Day, the Sanitary Superintendent, presented his weekly report, which showed the number of inspections made by the Sanitary and Assistant Sanitary Inspectors to have been 1,943. During the week 702 reports were received from the Inspectors, and 158 complaints from citizens. The Disinfecting Corps visited 75 dwellings where contagious diseases were found, and disinfected and fumigated 64 houses with their surroundings. The following is a comparative statement of cases of contagious diseases for the two weeks ending July 31, 1875:

Week ending	Fevers Ty. phus.	Fevers Ty. phoid.	Fevers Scar. let.	Measles.	Diph. theria.	Small pox.	Cerebro Spinal Men. ingitis.
July 24	1	5	24	20	64	95	2
July 31	0	11	16	18	50	70	1

The following preamble and resolutions were passed:

Whereas, The Board has declared the district known as the Harlem Flats to be in a condition dangerous to the public health, and has ordered the same to be properly drained and filled; and

Whereas, The Board of Apportionment has transferred the sum of $21,067 43 from the unexpended balances of this Department for the years 1872 and 1873 for this purpose; and

Whereas, This Board has employed suitable agents to execute the necessary work under its direction; and

Whereas, Questions have arisen as to the legality of this action by which the execution of the work is seriously retarded; therefore,

Resolved, That the Corporation Counsel be and is hereby respectfully requested to inform this Board, at his earliest convenience, (1) Whether the Board of Apportionment did legally transfer the necessary funds; (2) Whether the Board of Health is empowered to execute its own orders; (3) Whether in so doing the Board of Health is authorized to do the work in such manner as it may deem the best under the circumstances.

RAPID TRANSIT SUGGESTIONS.

Plans still continue to come in to the Rapid Transit Commissioners from inventors and others. About 20 designs were received at the meeting of the Commissioners yesterday. Numerous communications were also sent in, containing suggestions concerning the route to be adopted and other points in connection with the subject of Rapid Transit. Among the plans received yesterday was one from N. Paulson giving schemes for pneumatic, elevated, and underground railways. William J. Morris was given a hearing in behalf of the underground railroad; George H. Kitchen gave a description of an elevated road; Richard P. Morgan, jr., explained the advantages claimed for the Gothic Arch Elevated Railroad, and M. Gomez was heard on the subject of a proposed elevated platform of wood and glass.

The Commissioners, before finally deciding on a route, through their Secretary, will give notice to the owners of property along the line which they propose to choose, and will request them to give the Commissioners immediate notice of their willingness or unwillingness to have the road built. A hearing will be given by the Commissioners to the officers and counsel of the Greenwich Street Elevated Railroad to-day.

KINGS COUNTY PENITENTIARY.

At a meeting of the Kings County Supervisors, in Brooklyn, yesterday, the monthly report of the Keeper of the Penitentiary was received as follows: Number of prisoners, 537; deaths, 2; earnings in the shoe shop, $4,893 63. Several bids were received for contracts for supplying coal at prices ranging from $5 57 to $6 49 per ton. Contracts for furnishing general supplies were awarded to the lowest bidders. Dr. A. W. Shepard was reappointed as Jail Physician, Dr. Zabriskie as Physician of the Penitentiary, and Thomas Martin as Keeper of the County Court-house.

DENIAL OF MISCONDUCT BY THE SHERIFF OF QUEENS COUNTY.

In regard to the allegations of misconduct on the part of Sheriff Sammis of Queens County, in connection with the government of the County Jail at North Hempstead, Mr. Sammis explains that he does not reside at the jail; that he intrusted the care of the court-house and jail to a deputy in whom he had confidence, and who, he believed, would faithfully attend to the duties of his position; that the first knowledge he had that the jailer was not doing his duty was obtained through the public prints; that he immediately made an investigation, and although the jailer denied misconduct to the extent charged, yet the Sheriff discovered enough to satisfy him that there was some ground for the complaints, and that thereupon he revoked the jailer's authority and appointed under-Sheriff Rushmore of Hempstead to take charge of the jail. Meantime the charges of the Law and Order Association of Flushing and Glen Cove are understood to have been forwarded to Gov. Tilden, and Sheriff Sammis no doubt will be required to make formal answer to them.

CITY POLITICS.

THE NEW ORGANIZATION CRITICISED.

COMMENTS OF TAMMANY LEADERS—THE OPPOSITION NOT CONSIDERED FORMIDABLE.

The new anti-Tammany Democratic organization was severely criticised yesterday by the adherents of Tammany Hall. The representative men of the new organization were declared to be malcontents and "sore-heads," who had failed to obtain the recognition which they thought was due to their services while with Tammany, and accordingly had endeavored to ruin where they could not rule. Special stress was laid on the fact that nearly every prominent leader in the various Assembly District delegations was an ex-office-holder, and it was declared that the others were nobodies, whose influence in their respective districts amounted to nothing. The address issued to the Democracy, it was asserted, was made up in good part of denunciations of the old Ring, whic formerly controlled Tammany Hall, but was overthrown several years ago. Tammany Hall, it was claimed, has been so completely reorganized that scarcely one of the old adherents of the Ring has not been expelled. The men who are now dominant in Tammany Hall were the leaders in Apollo Hall during the Reform movement, or in other ways aided in overthrowing the Ring. It was absurd, said the defenders of Tammany, to say that the present Tammany organization is composed of the same men or even the same material as the Ring used for several years to perpetuate its reign of plunder. This was known to the great mass of voters in the city and State, and it was useless to assert otherwise. The further assertion was made that there was a greater proportion of Ring adherents in the new organization than was to be found in Tammany Hall. As to the statement that the Democratic State Convention will recognize the delegates chosen by the new organization, a sufficient answer to that was the action of past Democratic State Conventions. Bad as was the state of things under Tweed, it was not until 1871 that an opposition delegation was given any satisfaction, and then the Tweed delegation and the Apollo Hall delegation, consisting of some of the most influential Democrats in this city, were placed upon an equality. The State Convention could not afford to encourage the formation of boiling factions in this city by giving them recognition in the Convention. If this were done of what use would it be to keep up an organization at a vast deal of trouble and expense? If this were done it would be better to disband and have a "scrub race" each year for recognition by the State Convention.

A prominent Tammany leader said yesterday that, considering the number of name presented, the new organization was about the weakest political body he had seen for several years. The old Apollo Hall organization was very much stronger, because it contained more representative Democrats. There were fewer ex-office-holders in it. This new organization is run altogether by men who have held office and who are apparently very anxious to be again in some public position. It was a representative body of "exs"—ex-Congressmen, ex-Senators, ex-Assemblymen, ex-Aldermen—everything but distinguished private citizens and actual office-holders. As a body representing all classes of citizens and all kinds of business and trades, the new organization could not compare with the Tammany Hall General Committee.

A Democratic Alderman said that unless the new organization could bring to its support a different class of men from those who now appeared on the surface, it would not prove a formidable competitor to Tammany Hall. The same names appeared year after year, and people had become sick and disgusted with them. An East Side Assemblyman said that he would be rather glad than otherwise to see a fair opposition, as it would compel Tammany Hall to put good men in the field this Fall for all the positions to be filled. He did not think, however, that the gathering at Irving Hall on Monday night could be considered formidable. Other Democratic politicians expressed the same sentiments. There were some persons who thought it rather early to speculate on what could be done, and expressed the belief that with proper management a formidable opposition to Tammany Hall could be organized.

RECOGNIZED TAMMANY DISTRICTS.

CHOICE OF DELEGATES TO THE COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION—RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

The reorganized delegations from the IIId, XIth, and XVth Assembly Districts to the Tammany Hall General Committee met yesterday at Tammany Hall for the purpose of choosing two members from each delegation to represent it on the Committee on Organization. The following choice of officers and of delegates was made:

THIRD DISTRICT—Chairman, Francis Reilly; Secretary, Owen Cavanagh; Delegates, James J. Slevin, John Birmingham.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT—Chairman, Augustus Schell; Secretary, Daniel R. Lydig; Delegates, Menzo Diefendorf, Peter Traver.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—Chairman, Wm. J. Kane; Secretary, Wm. Salmon; Delegates, Richd. J. Morrison, Geo. W. McGlynn.

The following resolutions, presented by the Committee on Discipline, were indorsed by the General Committee of the IIId District, similar resolutions relating to the XIth and XVth Districts being also indorsed by the General Committees of those districts:

Whereas, The Third Assembly District General Committee has been recently reorganized by the Committee on Organization of Tammany Hall; and

Whereas, A new committee has been selected by the Committee on Organization, and the gentlemen so selected have organized by electing their Chairman and their representatives to the Committee on Organization, and in view of these facts it has become important and imperatively necessary that the Assembly District Committee of the IIId Assembly District should be called together and immediate steps taken to reorganize that Committee, for the purpose of conforming to the new order established in the IIId Assembly District by the Committee on Organization, so that there may be harmony, accord, and unity of action with the Tammany Hall General Committee; therefore be it

Resolved, That the representatives to the Committee on Organization and the Chairman of the General Committee of the IIId Assembly District take immediate steps to ascertain what members of the District Committee of the IIId Assembly District are loyal to and in accord with the General Committee, and convene the said members, with power to fill vacancies, on or before Friday, the 6th inst., at 8 o'clock, p. m., so that a full report of the reorganization of the District Committee of the IIId Assembly District, together with the names and addresses of the officers selected may be presented to the Committee on organization at a meeting to be held on Saturday the 9th inst., at 4 p. m.

Resolved, That the present District Committee of the Third Assembly District be and the same is hereby dissolved, and that all members of said District Committee, who are in union and harmony with the Tammany Hall General Committee, be replaced on said District Committee, and that the members of the General Committee of the Third Assembly District shall by a majority decide, after a careful investigation, who of said Committee are loyal to and active in accord with the Tammany Hall General Committee, and who are proper persons to replace such as are not in union with the organization.

Resolved, That the General Committee of the IIId Assembly District furnish a list of reputable and qualified citizens who are in affiliation with the Tammany Hall General Committee in that district, to be presented to the Police Commission with the recommendation that they be appointed as Inspectors of Election and Poll Clerks at the ensuing election, in compliance with the call of the Police Commission.

TRIAL OF POLICE CAPTAIN BURDEN.

The trial of Capt. Burden on charges of receiving money from criminals was resumed yesterday before the full Board of Police Commissioners. John Chamberlin, private watchman 1sr several years for Park & Tilford, at Broadway and Twenty-first-st., testified that he knew Martinot when he was on the police force, and that on one occasion, the date of which he did not remember, Martinot came to him and said that there was to have been a burglary at the Revenue Office at No. 927 Broadway a night or two before, but that he (Chamberlin) had spoiled the job by his presence at the corner. The inference that witness drew from martinot's remark was that Martinot had obtained prior knowledge of the intended burglary that the crime had been prepared for, and was only prevented by witness's presence. Martinot said that he would have been worth a few thousands more than he was had it occurred. Witness could not exactly remember the date, but he said it was in the Fall, and while Martinot, as witness believed, was on the force. About three months ago Martinot was talking to witness, in the presence of Mr. Binns, who occupies the upper floor of Park & Tilford's premises, about the Edler burglary, when Martinot made the remark that Edler's batch-lock could be opened easily with a hair-pin.

The expected witnesses for the prosecution not being present, the counsel for the defense declined to proceed further with his case until the prosecution had closed, as he deemed any other course unfair to his client. After some discussion the trial was again adjourned until Monday at 11 a. m.

MEETING OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

At the meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners yesterday, Seth Hawley, the Chief Clerk, requested that, as partial statements affecting his integrity had been made on Friday last before the Committee on Crime, he should be afforded the earliest practicable opportunity to vindicate himself. A resolution was passed directing him to present a statement in writing as an answer to the charges, with such proofs as might be pertinent to the matter. The failure of the Inspectors to enter upon their newly-assigned duties, after some discussion, was referred to the Committee on Rules and Discipline. Honorable mention was made of Patrolman Thomas Burkitt of the Ninth Precinct for capturing two burglars, and the facts were ordered to be entered on his record of services. Officers Daniel Geary of the First Precinct, Kunkel of the Ninth Precinct, and Thomas Farrell of the Twentieth Precinct, were dismissed from the force on the charge of intoxication, and Patrolman John J. Ward of the Twenty-ninth Precinct was also dismissed for being absent without leave.

HOME NEWS.

THERMOMETER, YESTERDAY, AT HUDNUT'S, IN BROADWAY.

9 a. m., 64°. Noon, 72°. 3 p. m., 77°. Midnight, 71°. Highest during the day, 77°. Lowest, 59°. Average, 68⅞°. Same day, 1874, 66⅝°.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS.

Brevoort House—Congressman James A. Garfield of Ohio, Gen. Washington Seawell and Dr. Charles McCormick, United States Army; Commander H. L. Gully of the British Navy, and James Gordon Bennett.....*New-York Hotel*—Sir Keith G. Jackson of England and Capt. E. R. Moodie of the steamship Bothnia.....*Gilsey House*—Rear-Admiral Alfred Taylor, United States Navy; ex-Gov. Thos. P. Porter of Kentucky and the Rev. Charles S. Hale of Buffalo.....*Albemarle Hotel*—George Peabody Russell of Massachusetts.....*Windsor Hotel*—Capt. Augustus S. Baldwin, United States Navy, and Henry A. Tilden of New-Lebanon, N. Y.....*Metropolitan Hotel*—Prof. Rains of the University of Georgia, Lieut. Commander James D. Graham, United States Navy, and Col. Thos. G. Baylor, United States Army.....*Fifth Avenue Hotel*—Beverley Tucker of Virginia and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence.....*St. Denis Hotel*—Ex-Gov. E. M. Pease of Texas.....*Grand Central Hotel*—The Rev. W. Baker, B. D., of London.....*St. Nicholas Hotel*—Judge Thomas K. Finletter of the Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas.

NEW-YORK CITY.

The striking shoe-cutters are holding on to the last.

Harlem flats are flooded, and the noses of the neighborhood are relieved.

The city sweltered yesterday under a wet blanket of clouds closely tucked in.

America sent to England yesterday something over 27,000 letters, and to Havana 5,320.

Ten persons with confused notions of rights of property were sent yesterday to the Summer resorts provided by the State by Recorder Hackett.

The mail brought by the steamer Bohemia yesterday amounted to 24 sacks of letters and 136 sacks of papers, of which 27 were destined for this city.

Estimates for the alteration of old, and erection of new buildings, to the amount of $171,550, appear upon the record of the Department of Buildings for the past week.

Eddie Brownston, 6 years old, accidentally fell off the dock at the foot of Seventy-fourth-st., East River, yesterday afternoon, and was drowned. His body was not found.

A large volunteer force of physicians and nurses is called for by Dr. E. H. Gibbs to relieve the multitudes of little ones suffering from cholera infantum, and dying at the rate of nearly 100 per day.

Louis Deig, 16 years old, who was shot by an unknown person on the sidewalk in Washington-st. on July 31, and was taken to St. Luke's Hospital, died on Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock from lockjaw.

Henry Baar, a native of Sweden, age 64, hanged himself yesterday morning at his residence at No. 75 Allen-st., and at 11 o'clock Sophia Jugler of No. 232 East Fifty-fourth-st. attempted suicide by taking Paris green.

A young man named John McAdams sneaked into the rear basement of the residence of Benjamin Lyons, in East One-hundred and twenty-third-st., but was found yesterday morning and taken in charge by the Harlem Police.

The body of an unknown man, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches in hight, was found in the water off Bedloe's Island yesterday morning. He was dressed in a blue flanned shirt, black trousers, and boots, and had black hair and whiskers.

In a street fight in East Sixteenth-st. yesterday, Michal Dolan knocked Terrence Callahan down with one end of a pistol and kept him down with the other. The result was that the whole crowd present were debarred from further pugilism.

An inquest was held yesterday before Coroner Woltman on the body of Daniel Lappin, who died of injuries received by the falling of a shutter in Schedanz & Amend's Brewery, in Fifty-ninth-st., between Tenth and Eleventh-aves. The jury censured Messrs. Schedanz & Amend for not having the shutter properly secured, and recommended that the shutters on the building be so fastened as to prevent the recurrence of any similar accident.

BROOKLYN.

The Board of Education reports $435,724 77 of funds on hand.

E. C. Knight is the name of a new Cape May pilot-boat to be launched next week.

There were paid by the city to the bridge trustees yesterday $300,000. A like amount is still due.

Offal and garbage contracts were the savory subjects considered by the Board of Works of yesterday.

July witnessed in this city 35 fires, entailing a loss of $45,102—just half the amount of insurance involved.

The City Treasurer reports a balance on hand, Aug. 28, of $579,840 71—a decrease of over $400,000 from the balance of the previous week.

An O'Connell centennial meeting is to be held at the Academy of Music to-night. Mayor Hunter will preside, and Richard O'Gorman will deliver an address.

Green fruit finds a rapid transit from the market stalls to the dissecting ground at the hands of the sanitary authorities, who yearn over the aching stomachs of small boys.

The Police Property Clerk reports the value of property received in July as $1,535 06; of property returned to owners, $852 91, and of property remaining on hand, $682 15.

A writ of error granted by Chief-Justice Church was received by District-Attorney Britton yesterday, ordering him to appear before the Court of Appeals in the case of the People against the ex-Charity Commissioners.

Inspector Waddy is giving special attention to the police surveillance of the ferries, believing that if they are made less available for the transit of thieves with their plunder to New-York crime in this city will be lessened.

The drowned man who was found in the East River at Fulton Ferry on Monday has been identified as John H. Webb, a builder, living at No. 175 Willoughby-ave. He was last seen going toward the ferry late at night, and he is believed to have fallen overboard accidentally. As $32 in money was found in his pocket, there is no suspicion of foul play.

JERSEY CITY.

John Larkins, who committed an atrocious assault upon Mrs. Julia Cannon on Monday night, was committed by Judge Davis yesterday in default of $1,000 bail. Mrs. Cannon was bailed in $500 as a witness.

John Doyl, age 16, residing with his parents at No. 125 Mulberry-st., New-York, was struck by an outward bound train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, at the Warren-st. crossing yesterday morning, and dangerously injured. He was taken to the Charity Hospital.

Henry Hennerwich has been organist of the Lutheran Church on Summit-ave., and has had the privilege of teaching a school in the basement. Last Sunday he went to church too drunk to play and was expelled, and also denied the privilege of keeping his school-room. Incensed at this, he returned at a late hour, broke open the door, and was arrested for his pains. Judge Davis admitted him to bail.

Petitions were received by the Board of Public Works yesterday to have Bogart, Halsey, and Charlotte-aves. graded; for a sewer in Beacon-ave.; for a system of drainage for the Greenville district; for water pipes in Griffith-st.; and from the Fire Commissioners to have a plank roadbed made in Danforth-ave., so that the fire engines can pass through. These were referred to committees. Favorable reports were made on application for water mains in Harrison-ave. and Broadway, and the work ordered. Chief Engineer Dougherty recommended that a 16-inch main be laid in Central-ave., from Graham to Manhattan-ave. It was resolved to build a new house for Truck No. 3, at a cost of $9,000, and to repair the city dock burned by the lighter explosion, at a cost of $1,200.

NEWARK.

The policemen held their Association picnic yesterday afternoon and evening.

Yesterday morning the stables of the New-Jersey Ice Company were robbed of a valuable horse.

It was Luke Clark who was drowned in Passaic River Sunday night. His body has been recovered.

It was a very mean thief who entered the Minnehaha Engine house yesterday morning and rifled the engineer's coat pockets while he was away at a fire.

Companies A, B, G, and I of the new 1st Regiment, formerly Companies A, B, C, and D of the old 1st Regiment, having mustered on account of consolidation with the 2d Regiment, have been disbanded. The officers have been placed on the retired list by order of Major-Gen. Mott.

Monroe Herring, for two years general freight agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad in this city, had a deficit of $2,100 on making his last report to the Company, and although he subsequently made good the deficiency he was dismissed. N. O. Woodruff of Elizabeth was appointed in his place.

LONG ISLAND.

LONG ISLAND CITY.—The committee of citizens who petitioned the Board of Health to abate the manure dumping nuisance on Newtown Creek, within the city limits, finding no satisfaction in this course, propose to go before the next Grand Jury, and endeavor to procure an indictment against the Board of Health for dereliction of duty.

FLUSHING.—Thomas F. Austin proposes to begin an action for defamation of character against Henry A. Bogert, who was complainant in a case in which Austin was prosecuted for selling liquor without a license. It is understood that this is the first of a number of cases likely to grow out of the proceedings of the Law and Order Association against unlicensed liquor-dealers.

NEW-JERSEY.

ELIZABETH.—The City Council met on Monday night, after a month's vacation. The Benedictine Sisters asked to have their property released from all assessments, and the First Presbyterian Church opposed their assessment for flagging Broad-st. in front of their property. The Chief of Police reported 88 arrests during July, the cost of the Department being $5,076. The City Clerk reported $3,081 received for license fees.....Mr. Jewell's barn on North Broad-st. was burned to the ground yesterday morning. Last month, at the docks at Port Johnson, there were 219,000 tons of coal received and shipped. About 1,200 car loads are received and shipped daily from the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre docks.

HOBOKEN.—Jacob Keeler was arrested yesterday on a charge of stealing a number of articles from the residence of Otto Hepenheimer on Waverley-st., Jersey City, while painting the interior. He gave bail for his appearance. John Hall and James Henry were arrested yesterday on a charge of smuggling diamonds, and were committed for examination before United States Commissioner Lonman in Jersey City to-day.....Recorder Bohnstedt was arrested yesterday and held for examination before Justice Frith in Jersey City on complaint of Henry Grothusen, a grocer, at Second and Washington-sts., who sues for damages to his business and for the recovery of a $25 fine imposed by the Recorder for selling with short weights. Grothusen was fined on the complaint of City Weigh-master Waring July 24, in accordance with a city ordinance which leaves no discretionary power with the Recorder. Grothusen claims $10,000 damages.

ORANGE.—The Common Council met on Monday night and received reports for the past month from the city officers. The Committee appointed to confer with citizens in regard to supplying the city with aqueduct water, reported that they had visited and inspected the water works of other cities, that at a public meeting of citizens at Library Hall, on Thursday night, resolutions were adopted pledging the support of the citizens to the movement, and that a meeting would be held at an early day to form an association to supply the city with water.

LAMBERTVILLE.—On Sunday a young man named John McQuinsh was knocked down with a club by a man named Dempsey, who, with his son, beat and kicked McQuinsh to such an extent that his skull was crushed and he cannot recover. Young Dempsey was arrested, but his father escaped.

SOUTH AMBOY.—On Monday workmen on the New-York and Long Branch Railroad while digging sand from the side of a high bluff near this place found three skeletons, which broke into fragments when brought to the air. One skeleton was seven feet in length. The bluff is supposed to have been the burying ground of a tribe of Indians who lived in that quarter before the Revolution, and the remains found are thought to be more than a century old.

PATERSON.—The Special Committee appointed by the Board of Aldermen to investigate the cause of the fire which destroyed the water works reported that the supply of water was insufficient and the hose was defective. The report also says that the Chief Engineer did not exhibit the skill, judgment, and efficiency that a person in his responsible position ought to have shown.

STATEN ISLAND.

NEW-BRIGHTON.—Col. W. T. Stebbins's residence, near Hamilton Park, was entered by a burglar, through the back kitchen door, July 24. The lower part of the house was ransacked, and about $50 worth of silverware was carried away. Yesterday a New-Jersey thief was arrested on suspicion by the police at the Tompkinsville landing. He proved to be the right man, having been identified by his hat, which was stolen from Mr. Stebbins's house. He was taken before Justice Corbett, at New-Brighton, where he gave his name as Frederick Myers. He was committed to the County Jail, in default of bail, to await the action of the Grand Jury in October.....Messrs.