ticket in the whole State. They left the entire fight to the Greenbackers."

This is true, but Mr. Smith should have added that it was perfectly understood last year that while the Greenbackers did all the shouting the Democrats furnished their share of the votes and more than their share of the money, and that both parties united on Legislative tickets, and thus brought out and combined their full strength. Mr. Smith said there were 400 floating votes in Bangor and 700 in Penobscot County that were for sale every year, and that this corruptible element, composed not of foreigners, but of poor natives, exercised a bad influence on the politics of the County. He showed me a letter written to General Plaisted from a man who in a business-like way offered to sell his vote and his influence among his neighbors for a barrel of flour. The letter gave directions for leaving the barrel at a certain place and marking it in a certain way.

SENATOR HAMLIN DOING VIGOROUS WORK.

I hoped to find Senator Hamlin here, but on calling at his pleasant home to-day I was told he was out in the country on the stump, and would not return till the end of the week. The venerable Senator might well claim immunity from the active work of politics after his long service; but he never lets a campaign go by without raising his voice for the party he helped to found. In spite of his seventy years he is still a vigorous and effective stumper, and is just as ready to talk to fifty men in a back-country town hall as to a thousand in a city meeting. He especially delights to get out among the farmers in his own county of Penobscot. E. V. S.

GENERAL WEAVER AND THE DEMOCRATS.

HE REFUSES TO SPEAK FROM THE SAME STAND WITH DEMOCRATIC SPEAKERS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Colonel Lee Crandall, Editor of *The National Vice*, received the following telegram from Augusta to-night:

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 3, 1880.

General Weaver refuses to occupy the stand with Hancock speakers in any case. He was billed at Skowhegan and Gardiner with General Cary, but refused to speak with the General. The committee took General Cary off. He will not go to Bangor and speak with Samuel J. Randall and General Butler.

"Our standard-bearer is right. He could not do otherwise and maintain his self-respect. Let not our banner be lowered a single inch. General Weaver says no division of the electoral ticket either with the Democrats in Maine or the Republicans in West Virginia."

A prominent Greenbacker and Labor Reform leader said yesterday, in regard to the drift of sentiment among the two organizations with which he is connected, that the revival of the old methods in the South was influencing all whose affiliations have ever been with the Republican party to vote its ticket in order to rebuke the methods now in use in the South to secure political control. The experiences of Messrs. Weaver and Randall, and the late shooting of the Greenback candidate for Sheriff in Coffeeville, Miss., have had a wide influence, and will make thousands of Republican votes.

ENCOURAGING OUTLOOK IN NEW-YORK.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Information from New-York received by Republicans here is encouraging. Judge Ferris, the second auditor of the Treasury, who some years ago represented one of the Northern districts of New-York in Congress, and who has been spending some time at his home, returned to Washington to-day. He reports the state of affairs in the State of New-York outside New-York City as everything Republicans can rejoice over. Among his personal acquaintances many who were Democrats had announced their determination to vote for Garfield. The most marked feature of the campaign is the attitude assumed by the great employers and business men. These are almost all actively engaged in promoting Republican success. Men of this class who do not ordinarily take an active part in politics are pleased with the financial work of the Republican party, and are anxious that it shall be retained in power. The motive is the same as that which would prompt them to retain the services of an old, experienced and successful clerk or business manager in preference to a new and untried aspirant. Among the new business establishments near Judge Ferris's house are some terra cotta works, the owners of which were Canadians. They began business in Canada, but the American protective tariff shut them out from the American market, and they came south of the line. They and their large force of employes realize that it is the protective policy of the Republican party which now makes the maintenance of their business upon a paying basis possible.

WORK OF THE CENTRAL CAMPAIGN CLUB.

AN ENERGETIC CANVASS IN THE CITY—MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

The Central Campaign Club, in addition to its work in sending out documents all over the country and supplying speakers when necessary, has been making an energetic canvass of the city. It is also busily engaged in arranging meetings in the various Assembly Districts of the city. On Tuesday evening the XXId District will raise a banner and hold a large public meeting at Yorkville Hall; on Thursday the VIth District will meet at No. 130 Prince-st., and on Saturday the IIId District will hold a meeting in Science Hall, in Eighth-st. The IId District has appointed as delegate to the Indianapolis Convention of campaign clubs Colonel Greer, and S. Aab as alternate; the XIVth District, H. Stokes as delegate and L. H. Schlottbauer as alternate; the XVth District, Sheridan Shook as delegate and J. A. Dickerson as alternate; Newark, N. J., E. W. Sanderson as delegate and Henry C. Hines as alternate.

OSTRACISM FOR REPUBLICANS SOUTH.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Wade Hampton's "down-reaching love for the Union" and desire for reconciliation of the sections and for an untrammelled ballot, do not meet with much encouragement in his own home. *The Greenville News*, of South Carolina, for instance—Greenville is the home of Hampton—commencing upon the fact that the Republicans intend to be so audacious as to nominate a State ticket, editorially says:

We can have no feeling for those who threaten our existence and disturb our peace but bitter hatred. They have chosen to declare the proscription that was, the voters, and the powerful have allowed it. From now is needforth let there be no peace or toleration for the public enemies who have abused our magnanimity and spurned our forgiveness of past crimes. They have declared war against us. Let them have it as long as there is one of them. We do not advocate the use of the shotgun or the "bull whip." We do advocate all use of such means as we can use lawfully. We mean that the white-skinned men who join with the corrupt remains of the party of corruption in this State should be a social sept—shunned, despised and hated. We mean that the white-skinned man or negro who deliberately enters the ranks of a Radical ticket will so so with the understanding that he will hereafter receive no favors or recognition from white men. Let them understand that there will be no employment for them where it is possible to avoid it; that there will be no credit given them; that from them the last farthing will be relentlessly exacted; that the kindness of masters will cease.

JOINT DEBATE IN INDIANA.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—A dispatch to *The Tribune* from South Bend says: "The first of a series of joint debates between A. G. Porter, the Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana, and Franklin Landers, his Democratic opponent, which came off here yesterday, suffered from the rain. Undeterred, however, by the wind and rain, from 2,000 to 2,500 of both parties gathered in the Court House yard, where the orators spoke. Dr. J. J. Ham, Mayor of South Bend, introduced Mr. Landers, who, in an hour's speech, arraigned the Republican party of the State and Nation. The Hon. Lucius Hubbard presented Mr. Porter in a brief speech; and he, in a speech of an hour and a half's duration, discussed the issues between the Republican and Democratic parties in Indiana and the United States. According to arrangement Mr. Landers closed the argument in a half hour speech. Both speakers were frequently interrupted by applause, which was about equally divided, as the crowd seemed to be.

MANUFACTURERS IN EARNEST.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Again at two days' notice our big Republican tent was filled last night with a great audience of earnest men and women. Colonel A. E. Baxter, of Elmira, delivered one of the best speeches of the campaign. Our large manufacturing establishments, proprietors and employes, turned out in force. As in every manufacturing town, they are alive to the danger threatening their interests by the attitude of the Democratic party on the tariff question.

ORGANIZING AT SAUGERTIES.

RONDOUT, N. Y., Sept. 3.—A Garfield and Arthur Club was organized at Saugerties last night. Benjamin N. Cole, esq., was made temporary chairman, and Charles Davis, esq., secretary. About 200 of the best young men of the place are already enrolled. Carroll Whitaker, esq., was called upon and made a stirring speech. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

PAYING POLITICAL VISITS.

INTERCHANGE OF COURTESIES BETWEEN TAMMANY AND IRVING HALL.

Irving Hall and Tammany Hall had a further interchange of courtesies yesterday in the interests of harmony; in fact the whole afternoon was spent in receiving and returning visits. Tammany met at their hall in Fourteenth-st. at 5 o'clock, Justice Duffy presiding. John Kelly and about two hundred of his most intimate followers were present. They first heard a report read, prepared by Mr. Kelly, which gave the details of the recent arrangement between the two parties as to nominating for the Congress and Assembly districts. This was unanimously adopted, with cheers, and a committee was appointed to visit the Irving Hall Democracy, which was reported to be then in session, and report that Tammany ratified the action of the conference held on the two previous days. Messrs. Purroy, Traphagen and Roberts were appointed the committee, but before they started on their mission Mr. Purroy moved a resolution in effect that Irving Hall be requested to appoint a committee to meet a like committee of Tammany Hall for the purpose of uniting on a fair and satisfactory basis both organizations upon the nominations for county, judicial, and municipal officers to be voted for at the ensuing election; and that a committee of one from each district be appointed by Tammany Hall to confer with a like committee from the Irving Hall upon these matters.

This resolution was unanimously adopted, and E. D. Gale then offered a second one, while the committee appointed to wait on Irving Hall was leaving the room. His resolution was to the effect that a committee wait upon Irving Hall and propose to its members that in the interest of unity the selection of inspectors, poll-clerks, marshals and supervisors of election be referred to the chairmen of the respective Assembly Districts, with a recommendation that each organization should have one inspector of election in each Assembly District; that the poll-clerks, marshals and supervisors be appointed equally between both organizations; and that the lists of such appointments, when completed, be presented to the Board of Police and the Chief Supervisor of Election for apportionment. The resolution was adopted and a committee, consisting of the mover and Messrs. Quinn and Gilroy, were appointed to present it to the Irving Hall party. The meeting then proceeded with the order of business, which consisted of hearing reports from the various districts. Very few minutes elapsed, however, before a committee from Irving Hall was announced. The whole meeting arose and heartily applauded. Mr. Shea, the spokesman of the visitors, briefly stated that Irving Hall had ratified the action of the conference, and he then retired. The ordinary business was then proceeded with, but was again interrupted by a second deputation from Irving Hall, for which Charles H. Truax spoke. They had received Mr. Gale's resolution, he said, and in regard thereto had appointed a committee as suggested. Tammany then proceeded to appoint one from each district in accordance with this resolution.

CALLS AT REPUBLICAN HEADQUARTERS.

General Arthur called at the National Republican Headquarters yesterday afternoon, and had a long chat with ex-Governor Jewell in reference to the State campaign. His remarks in regard to it were most sanguine, and showed that the Republican party is meeting with a success far beyond expectation. Senator Matthew H. Carpenter was also among the visitors. When asked to state what were the prospects in Wisconsin, he replied that there was nothing to say about it. There was no doubt of Republican success there, and it was only a question as to how high the majority would run.

A DEMONSTRATION AT MEADVILLE.

MEADVILLE, Penn., Sept. 3.—The largest meeting of the campaign was held here to-night. The marching club and the mounted section made a splendid street parade. A stirring address was made by Captain W. B. Chapman, at Richmond Hall, to a large audience. The canvass is being pushed with the utmost vigor.

THE THIRD PENINSULAR SAENGERFEST.

BRUCH'S "THE SONG OF THE BELL."

A DESCRIPTION OF THE CANTATA AS IT WAS GIVEN IN DETROIT—HOW IT WAS RECEIVED—THE WORK TO BE SUNG IN HOBOKEN IN NOVEMBER.

[FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE.]

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 31.—By the very meritorious performance last night of Max Bruch's earnest, impressive and clever cantata "The Song of the Bell," the success of the Detroit Musical Festival was fully assured. It is very strange that this sincere work of true genius should not as yet have attracted the notice of the Oratorio Society, the Arion or the Liederkranz, and have been heard in New-York. As it is we most emphatically trust that Dr. Damrosch will include it in his programme for the coming May, for it is indeed a composition well worthy of his mettle.

The cantata is so large in treatment and serious in character that it might almost be called an oratorio. The score consists of two parts and twenty-seven numbers; the part of the Master Founder being given to the bass, who at intervals comes in like the chorus in Greek tragedy, enunciating the various phases of the moulding and casting of the bell. Part the first opens with an "Einleitung" Chorale on the motto around the rim of the bell, "Vivos voco, mortuos plango, fulgura frango," in E flat major, with a sonorous accompaniment of the brass of the orchestra. This chorale (for some unaccountable reason) was omitted, unadvisedly, we think, because it is short, clear of difficulties, and is the keynote of the composition. No. 1 is a bass solo in the same key, "Fest gemauert in der Erden," partly aria parlante, partly recitative, leading into a lovely andante cantabile, with the undercurrent of the male chorus, anticipating the successful issue of the casting. This is followed by a prelude of some eighteen bars for orchestra and organ, in which the absence of the pedal bass of the latter instrument was keenly felt. This prelude leads into the No. 3, the first important chorus of the work, "Denn mit der Freude Feierklange," in G major, and a composition of the most exquisite suavity and tenderness, where the clear, telling quality of the vigorous soprano and alto voices comes out with wonderful effect.

A recitative for the tenor and a descriptive instrumental symphony now allude to the youth wandering forth to battle with life and returning home to meet the maiden of his affections. This leads into an ensemble, No. 5, for soli and chorus, "O Zarte Sehnsucht," in B major, in praise of the pleasures of a holy love, which is eminently characterized, as, indeed, is the greater part of the whole cantata, by a coloring of ineffable tenderness and melody. Then some short phrases allotted to the bass and alto lead into an andante cantabile for soprano, "Liebchen in der Braute Locken," which was charmingly sung and played. No. 8 is a vigorous chorus in D major, "Der mann muss hinaus," introduced by the male voices, followed by the entrata of the female voices at the words, "Und drinnen waltet die Zucht'ge Hausfrau," one of the loveliest phrases for both voice and orchestra that I ever listened to. The rejoicings of the husband and father on the completion of his home are responded to by a solemn chorale, "Doch rint des Geschickes Mächten," a warning of impending trouble, and then a brief solo for the bass, descriptive of the metal running forth into the mould, brings on the famous description of the blessings and terrors of the element, fire. The chorus No. 12 which follows displayed the lurid grandeur of Bruch's genius in full force. It is in C minor, on that part of the poem beginning, "Hoch flir's wimmern hoch von Thurm," and the opening prelude, indicating the alarm or fire by a tremolando on the violins with a solid band of horns, basses and bassoons forming each measure, was wonderfully effective. The alto recitative which follows, "Lere gebraut ist die Stube," with accompaniment of the two violins, was plaintive beyond all description, and was most exquisitely pathetic by Miss Antonia Henne, whose singing from beginning to end, in method, style and force was simply perfect. A short quartet, with chorus No. 13, in D flat major, "Ein Schwer Trost," completes the first part.

Part the second begins with an apostrophe by the bass commencing in the metal now cooling in its mould, and thus again leads into a number of the great choruses of the composition, No. 16, "Von den Donn Schwer und ernst." In F major, which, through only three or some fifty measures, by its grand contrasts and marvellous instrumentation of united horns and trombones impressed the audience exceedingly. The aria for the alto to which follows, "Ach! die gattin tot!" was the most prominent solo in the piece, conspicuous by its funereal and mournful character, its excessive difficulty, and the pathetic rendering given to it by Miss Henne. The Master Founder then proclaims a rest from labor while the metal cools; and after a sparkling instrumental prelude suggesting the rest and mirth of the workmen, another gem follows, No. 19, an intermezzo for alto, tenor and bass. This is followed quickly by yet another, a soprano solo and chorus, "Holde Ordnung," in the leading key, E flat major, and after this comes a most surpassingly beautiful terzetto for soprano, alto and tenor, "Hoher Friede," in G flat; all of these numbers from the beginning of the partterning a rare collection of beautiful pieces.

Allusion to the danger should the casting burst, introduces a famous declamatory scene, for tenor, descriptive of the horrors of revolt and communism, and this is followed by a stirring march, in C sharp minor, and chorus "Gemarchen ists" in the same key. The rejoicings over the successful result of the casting form the final quartet and chorus "Zu Ehr mit der Kunst das Gerungen," and complete as noble a musical composition as it has ever been my good fortune to hear. New-Yorkers can have an opportunity of indorsing these praises, for the cantata will be given on November 11 in Hoboken on the occasion of the Sennfier Festival to be held by the Euterpe society. In speaking of the "Song of the Bell" I have invariably quoted the German words, the English version by Natalie Macfarren being simply abominable; and have assumed that all the readers of THE TRIBUNE are familiar with Schiller's immortal poem. If they are not they ought to be. The audience was appreciative and enthusiastic, the terzeto being lustrously encored. The soloists, especially Remmertz and Miss Henne, are conscientious and excellent, Miss Henne, making a great and decided hit with this very musical public.

OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

THE LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

THE CLOSING GAMES—WOODHOUSE, OF ENGLAND, BEATS THE MONTREAL CHAMPION.

The closing games of the lawn tennis tournament yesterday at Camp Washington, New-Brighton, were between the Montreal champion, J. F. Hellmuth, and one of England's best players, O. E. Woodhouse. Each had an opponent to vanquish before meeting, and Mr. Hellmuth met Fray and beat him the first game by 15 to 10, and the second by 15 to 7. Woodhouse beat his opponent, Harvey, the first game by 15 to 9, and the second by 15 to 5. Then the Englishman and the Canadian came face to face. It was the rule that four games should be played, and the player whose aggregate of points was the greatest should win. R. B. Whittemore was scorer and umpire for Mr. Woodhouse, and Mr. Gamble for Mr. Hellmuth. The latter won the toss, and soon lost his hand. Mr. Woodhouse had the same luck, but he was first to score a point. In quick succession points were made until it stood 5 all. On the next hand, Woodhouse made 2 and presently another and another, and the game stood: Woodhouse, 9; Hellmuth, 5. The latter appeared greatly annoyed, it was apparent, by the coolness of Woodhouse, and his seeming unconcern. Hellmuth gained, however, and the score soon stood 11 to 9 in favor of Woodhouse. He followed with 2, and it stood 11 all. It was on this hand that Woodhouse made what all the experts called the first shot of the tournament. Hellmuth served the ball well out of Woodhouse's reach, but the latter ran after it, caught up to it, and apparently striking at it, twisted his bat under it and returned the ball fairly, which won for him prolonged cheering from the large crowd of spectators. He made a point on this hand, and ran out with a score of 15 to 11, winning the first game.

It was in the second game that the players did their best. Hellmuth looked disconcerted, but the Englishman was cool. There were many fine shots made in this game. The enthusiasm of the spectators was at fever heat throughout the game, and players from all parts of the country pronounced the play the finest ever seen this side of the Atlantic. Hellmuth won the game by 1 point. There were 14 innings played.

The third game was won by Woodhouse by 6 points, and the fourth by Hellmuth by 5 points. Thus each player won two games, but the points stood: Woodhouse, 54; Hellmuth, 50; Woodhouse being, under the rule, the victor. The scores are as follows:

FIRST GAME.

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Woodhouse.....	0	1	3	6	1	0	0	1	3	15
Hellmuth	0	1	4	2	1	2	1	0	0	11

SECOND GAME.

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Woodhouse.....	0	1	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	1	14
Hellmuth	1	1	0	4	3	2	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	15

THIRD GAME.

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Woodhouse.....	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	2	2	15
Hellmuth	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	9

FOURTH GAME.

Innings.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
Woodhouse.....	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	1	0	2	0	10
Hellmuth	0	2	1	2	3	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	15

On the conclusion of the games the president of the Staten Island Cricket Club, A. Krebs, presented the prize, a large silver mug, to Mr. Woodhouse. Mr. Woodhouse responded, and three rousing cheers were given for him, as also for Mr. Hellmuth. Then a member retired to the pavilion, and the mug being filled with foaming beer, Mr. Woodhouse invited Mr. Hellmuth to drink first from it.

On account of the desire of the Chicago players to get away the double-games will begin to-day.

BOAT-RACING AT GENEVA.

THE REGATTA SUCCESSFUL—A SPIRITED RACE WON BY RILEY.

GENEVA, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The regatta began to-day. The four-oared event was called at 3 o'clock, and was contested by the Albany and Hobart College crews. The race was simply a walk-over for the Albanians. Time—Albany, 15:41¾; Hobart College, 15:51⅛.

An hour later the amateur single-scull race was called, with seven starters out of twelve entries as follows: Murray, Goodsell, Crouse, Seyfert, Gaisel, Holmes and Dorchester. Murray proved himself to be the dark horse in this race. At the mile point he was fourth in the contest but evidently rowed a waiting race, for putting on a magnificent spurt he challenged and passed both Holmes and Gaisel. Time—Murray, 14:16¾; Gaisel, 14:48¾; Holmes, 15:03⅞.

The double-scull race was called at 5:30 p. m., and brought out Holmes and Woodbury, of Pawtucket, the Monahan brothers, of Albany, and Larmon and Brown, of Union Springs. At the mile and a half stake Holmes and Woodbury led by two lengths, and the Albanians were an equal distance in advance of the last crew. The relative positions remained unchanged at the finish. Time—Pawtuckets, 13:30; Albanians, 13:43¾; and Union Springs, 13:19¾.

The great race of the day was the professional single-scull race, and there was much speculation as to the winner. Rarely has a race between professionals brought together so many first-class oarsmen, Riley, Hosmer, Teneyck, Weisberger, Lee and Feldnger were the contestants. Courtney and Dempsey were both entered, but did not appear at the start.

The oarsmen were started at 6:45 o'clock, and Weisberger took water first, but in a few strokes he was passed by Hosmer. At the quarter mile buoy Hosmer led Riley by ten feet. Lee was a close third, Weisberger fourth, Teneyck fifth, and Feldnger last. Half a mile from the start Hosmer and Riley were upon even terms, leading Lee by fully two lengths. The last-named oarsman was two lengths in advance of Weisberger, and the relative positions of the other men were unchanged. The first half-mile was passed in 3:05½. A few hundred feet beyond this point the Boston sculler made a gallant spurt, eliciting the cheers of the spectators on the moving grand stand, and giving him a lead of three-quarters of a length. The first mile was pulled in 6:35. The positions of the men were the same when the mile and a half buoy was reached, Hosmer turning it in 10:21½. The contest now lay between Hosmer and Riley for first place was very great. Each man exerted every effort, and the spectators looked on in wonder and admiration. All interest was centred in the contest between these men, and the other oarsmen were apparently out of the race, so far as first position was concerned.

Down the course Hosmer and Riley contested, neither man being able to obtain a decided lead over the other. Three-quarters of a mile from the finish the little Boston sculler made a desperate effort to shake off his wiry opponent from Saratoga, but to no purpose. Then he suddenly stopped rowing, a beaten man; but quickly recovering himself, he began rowing, and crossed the line second in the race. Time: Riley, 21:22; Hosmer, 21:34; Weisberger, 21:39; Teneyck, 22:00.

Articles of agreement were signed and the money was deposited to-night for the three-mile race between Riley and Weisberger, for $1,000 a side, to be rowed Saturday, September 25, on Saratoga Lake. The stakeholder is S. H. Parker, of Geneva.

HANLAN "GOING TO BEAT TRICKETT."

Edward Hanlan, the oarsman, sailed to-day for England on the City of Richmond, of the Inman Line. He was met yesterday in the office of the steamship company by a TRIBUNE reporter. His face is brown, his eyes are brilliant, his muscles present a formidable appearance, even under his coat, and he reports himself in an excellent condition.

"What have you to say, Mr. Hanlan, as to your intention and plans while on the other side?" the reporter asked.

"I have nothing to say but this," replied the oarsman; "that I am going over to beat Trickett, and shall not fail in the attempt."

CHASING A FOX.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 2.—The meet of the fox hunt to-day was at the Glen, a charming spot in the town of Portsmouth about six miles from Newport. There was a fair sized field, including two or three ladies, one of whom, Miss Alice Bellow, received the brush. The mask was given to Miss Ele Goddard, of New-York, who entered the field by the road after the death. The pads were given to ladies who rode to the death in carriages. The run was not as stiff as usual, the walls being quite low.

THE AMERICAN CRICKET TEAM.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 3.—The Cricketers' Association have selected the following team for the match with the Canadians: E. Brewster, Robert Hargrave, G. N. Newhall, C. A. Newhall, D. S. Newhall, R. S. Newhall, E. W. Clark, A. Van Rensselaer, Edward Kessler, Sutherland Law, and J. B. Thayer, jr.

SUMMER LEISURE.

WARM WEATHER AT SARATOGA.

SARATOGA, Sept. 3.—With the present warm, pleasant weather it is difficult to realize that early fall is here. The garments of those who find pleasure out of doors are suitable for the hot days of midsummer, and with the temperature at 78° hotel keepers feel that they may expect a new rush of visitors during the remaining days of September.

S. S. Mills, the pianist, entertained a large company of admirers in the parlors of the Clarendon yesterday afternoon.

The meetings of the Social Science Association next week will be held in Putnam Music Hall, and the headquarters of the members will be at the United States Hotel.

The arrivals yesterday were large. There is no sign yet of a general breaking up of the season.

H. S. Clinton and wife, of New-York, are at the Grand Union.

Trips to Schuylerville and the Burgoyne battle fields are popular. It will be a favorite excursion when the Saratoga monument and memorial tablets are in place.

Ex-Governor Aiken, of Charleston, S. C., arrived with his family at Congress Hall yesterday.

Following are some of the new comers:

Grand Union Hotel—S. M. La Grange, Paris; J. E. Ditson and wife, Boston; M. G. Angerica and family, New-York; W. A. Robinson and wife, Louisville; T. T. March and wife, Baltimore; W. A. Temperley, jr., England; T. P. Riddle, London; H. H. Benedict and family, New-Haven; W. R. Stable and family, J. Lee and wife, H. Conkling, G. L. Cramer, the Rev. H. Simon and wife, New-York.

Windsor Hotel—E. Robinson, R. Munchison, Birmingham, Eng.; W. R. Grace, New-York.

Clarendon Hotel—S. M. Pettengill and wife, Brooklyn; A. S. Stone and wife, New-Brunswick, N. J.; G. W. Schlecex, Bremen; M. Escosedo and family, Havana; L. W. Parker, C. B. Wilson and wife, G. F. Morgan, New-York.

Congress Hall—G. J. Harding, Philadelphia; F. Woodin and wife, Boston; G. Cooper and family, Altoona; A. A. Darling and family, Georgia; D. M. Taylor, U. S. A.; the Rev. W. D. Moffatt and wife, Scotland; H. C. Sidell, J. C. Wendell and wife, W. Prime and Miss Prime, C. J. Bilven and family, New-York.

United States Hotel—J. B. Ashton, Washington; H. Fisher, Baltimore; L. S. Powell and family, Brooklyn; W. R. Alzer, Boston; W. Henderson and family, Aberdeen; I. Wormser and family, T. Dickson and wife, C. H. Broth, New-York.

CHARMING WEATHER AT NEWPORT.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 3.—The weather is charming, and Newport is really having the most delightful weather of the season. The concert at Fort Adams to-day was well attended.

T. A. Havemeyer, of New-York, who was so seriously injured while bass-fishing, will not be able to leave his room for some time.

Mr. W. K. Thorne, jr., and Mr. Oliver Iselin, both of New-York, have decided to sell all their racing horses. Mr. Iselin will be married in the fall to Miss Garner, of New-York, and Mr. Thorne is to sail for Europe.

The third Schubert song recitals by Mr. Jules Jordan will be given at the Casino Theatre on the 7th inst.

The Collector of this port, F. A. Pratt, lies at the point of death.

Mrs. Bonaparte, the mother of Colonel Jerome Bonaparte, is in town, the guest of her son.

The United States sloop-of-war Tennessee arrived here this evening.

The late comers include the following:

Ocean House—H. D. Barnard and wife, H. M. Duffield and wife, Detroit; A. Stone and wife, Benjamin James, E. P. James and wife, Benjamin James, jr., and wife, W. R. James and wife, Mrs. H. B. Bowen, Miss Sullivan, Boston; J. L. Ellwood, Illinois; G. R. Pendleton, New-Jersey; Mrs. J. Twombly, F. P. Vergin, Rochester; Dr. W. M. Ryer, San Francisco; Mrs. George Ryer, Oceanport, N. J.; J. H. Barr and wife, F. Barr and wife, Nashua, N. H.; Charles Field, Boston; F. Kimber and wife, New-York; T. E. White and wife, Newton, Mass.; J. K. Cowen, Baltimore; Mrs. Lessing and wife, Denver; Mrs. A. B. Colton, New-York; J. B. Cummings, Georgia; J. J. Beckley, Newburyport.

Hotel Aquidneck—W. H. Thomas and wife, Saratoga Springs; Mrs. Russell, Michigan; H. P. Holden, Chicago; L. L. Todd, W. L. Eckman, Ernest H. Crosby, New-York; Jacob Schilling, Salem, Ohio; W. H. H. Barney, Providence; W. M. Morton and wife, Newburyport; W. W. Palmer and wife, Newark; T. R. James and wife, Brooklyn.

BRIGHT AUTUMN DAYS AT LONG BRANCH.

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 3.—The pleasant weather has brought an unexpected increase in the number of transient visitors; the Ocean Hotel register shows forty arrivals to-day, the West End thirty-one, the Howland seventeen, and the "States" twenty-two.

Now that the weather is growing cooler horseback riding is becoming more popular. A party of twelve rides up from Elberon each evening, going as far as Monmouth Beach. This, with the return trip, makes a ride of about ten miles.

A party of a dozen ladies and gentlemen, some of whom are guests of the West End Hotel and some of the Elberon, rode out on horseback to the Deal Woods this morning after autumn leaves; returning they looked like woods coming to Dunsinane.

To-morrow evening there will be a full dress hop at the West End Hotel, which will doubtless close the hop season.

LINGERING IN THE CATSKILLS.

OVERLOOK MOUNTAIN, Sept. 3.—The weather is still delightful, and no finer season for visiting the Catskills could be chosen by anyone than September and early October. In fact, the grand old mountains are never quite so beautiful at any other time.

The season here has been a most successful one, and largely increased accommodations will be provided in another year. Among other improvements will be a fine observatory on the crest of the mountain far above the trees, from which the view will be unsurpassed.

At Mead's Mountain Home, half way down this mountain, the rush has also been very great; a large cottage will be erected near at hand another season.

The proposed new hotel at Sunset Rock is now a forgone conclusion, work being already under way. George Harding, of Philadelphia, will have an immense house there ready for 500 guests next season, at an estimated cost of $70,000. The road is now also under construction. Passengers will leave the boats at Malden-on-the Hudson, for this house.

THE COURTS.

EXPLAINING AWAY GRAVE CHARGES.

The examination of Henry De Morgan on the charge of smuggling antique relics into this country through Canada was continued before United States Commissioner Deuel yesterday. Mr. De Morgan claimed that the articles were imported as personal property for his own use and collection, and not for sale. This collection, he said, was exhibited at the Paris Exposition in 1878. Before coming to America he sold some of the articles to his father. After bringing the remainder to this port he learned that they would not be admitted without the payment of heavy duties. He therefore had them carried to Montreal and, taking them into his own possession, brought them into this country by way of Rouse's Point. After they were brought to this city they were exposed to the public in Fearnbach's warerooms in Lafayette-place. Cards, beside the articles, announced that they were not for sale. Afterward they were placed on exhibition at the Homeopathic Fair, and when the work of Madison Square Garden fell upon one of the statuettes were destroyed. For this lost property Mr. De Morgan said he received $500, and he had received $400 from other sales.

Commissioner Deuel will give his decision on Monday.

DECISIONS—SEPT. 3.

Supreme Court—Chambers—By Judge Beach.—Haverle agt. Dixon.—Motion denied with $10 costs. Reichert agt. Dunc.—Motion for continuance of temporary injunction denied and the same is dissolved.

By Judge Donohue.—In the matter of Horan (2 motions); In the matter of Fish (2 motions); In the matter of Tracey; In the matter of Donavan; In the matter of Prince; In the matter of Bailey; In the matter of Edwards; In the matter of Andreas; In the matter of Steenberger; In the matter of Cate. In the matter of Van Schaick; In the matter of Pfeiffer; In the matter of Watson; In the matter of Passage.—Granted. Wilson agt. Simpson.—Motion to reargue granted. Vanderbilt agt. Schreyer.—Motion denied without costs. Vanderbilt agt. Schreyer.—Order granted.

Circuit—Part I.—By Judge Van Vorst.—Thomas agt. the Mayor, etc. or the City of New-York.—New trial granted, see opinion.

Common Pleas—Chambers—By Judge Van Brunt.—Cohen, etc., agt. Schneidtscher, etc.—Motion granted. The Mayor, etc. agt. Ryan and another.—The justification of Mrs. Tran is not satisfactory, and she cannot be approved as a surety.

By Judge Larremore.—Jex agt. Jacob et al.—See papers. Judge Van Brunt.

Marine Court—Chambers—By Judge Sinnott.—Williams agt. McMurray.—Motion granted placing cause on special calendar. Lindsay agt. Bischoff.—Order vacating order of September 1, 1880, 3 months agt. Carr.—Order vacating stay. Scongangs, jr. agt. Guilbeault.—Motion dismissed with $10 costs. Lynch agt. Sexton.—Order for Charles Bloom agt. Russell.—Motion granted amending judgment. Meanhof agt. Rohrer.—Justification of sureties dismissed. Feinberg agt. Isaacs.—Order discharging defendant from arrest. D'Young agt. Bosch. Moore agt. Disch.—Orders of reconsideration denied. Ferguson agt. Frenzel.—Hoorock agt. the U. S. Engraving Company.—Orders signed.

By Judge Gieslp.—Bernabrecks agt. Katzenberg.—Case approved and noted.

A SPORTSMAN FATALLY WOUNDED.

SPRING LAKE, N. J., Sept. 3.—Henry Kemester, an Englishman, who has been staying at the Monmouth House, while out gunning for snipe this morning near sea Girt, met with a singular and fatal accident. Not satisfied with the manner in which his gun discharged, he placed several wads in it. Upon discharging it the gun exploded and the plug at the bottom of the stock entered Kemester's head at the top of the nose, piercing the brain. The wounded man walked half a mile to the hotel, suffering severely. He was alive when placed on a train to be taken to New-York, but there is no possible chance of his recovery. Kemester has been president of the "Watters' Club," composed of English sportsmen and containing one hundred members.

REAL ESTATE.

NEW-YORK, Friday, Sept. 3, 1880.

The following foreclosure sale was held at the Exchange Salesroom to-day:

By E. A. Lawrence & Co.

1 three-story basement stone dwelling, with lot, No 305 East 50th-st, n s, 50 ft e of 2d-ave, lot 20x90; United States Trust Company	$8,000

RECORDED REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NEW-YORK CITY.

86th-st, n s, 281 ft e of 1st-ave, 25x100.8½; Amelia F Baker and husband to James J Owens	$3,800
Lexington-ave, n w corner of 103d-st, 55x81.10; John E Davis and husband to Stephen H Thayer	1
126th-st, s s, 250 ft w of 4th-ave, 20x99.11 (part of); Caroline Davis to Elizabeth F Washburn	8,000
81st-st, s s, 181 ft e of 4th-ave, 16x102.2; George D Bulpard to Helene Ingelsby	14,000
30th-st, s s, 75 ft e of 7th-ave, 25x98.6x irregular; Edward F James to the Sterling Heating and Power Company of New-York	40,000
Greenwich-st, n e corner of Christopher-st (No 679 Greenwich-st), 33x7.9x irregular; Lewis Radford to John J Murray	6,150
122d-st, s s, 166.4 ft w of 2d-ave, 25.8x100.10; Oswald Schmidt to Moritz Bauer	10,500
Pearl-st, No 69, 21.7x65 x irregular; John Steward to Charles G Wolff	1
126th-st, s s, 250 ft w of 4th-ave, 20x99.11 (¼ part of); Elizabeth F Washburn and husband to Caroline Davis	8,000
113th-st, n s, 225 ft e of 2d-ave, 25x100.11; John McMahon, referee, to the New-York Life Insurance Company	6,000
Clarkson, n e corner of Thebout-ave (Fordham), 92.4x72x irregular; John W Searing, referee, to Bridget Fitzpatrick	1,000
122d-st, s s, 164.4 ft w of 2d-ave, 24.8x100.10; Moritz Bauer and wife to Charles