THE MONEY MARKET.

SUNDAY, Aug. 13—P. M.

The Bureau of Statistics at Washington has issued its reports of the exports and imports for the month of June of the whole United States. The comparison with the same month of 1881 is less unfavorable than was the comparison for the month of May, yet it is unfavorable. In June this year the merchandise imports were $3,747,727 greater, and the merchandise exports were $12,490,408 less than in June, 1881, making a difference of $16,238,135 against the country. An increase of $4,914,458 in the exports of specie, against an increase of only $111,280 in the imports of specie, however, reduces the difference for the month to $11,434,957, against a difference of $14,163,269 shown by the comparison for the month of May. Last year the exports of merchandise in June exceeded the imports of merchandise during the same time $4,529,470; this year for the same month the imports of merchandise exceed the exports $11,708,665.

The following table shows the totals of imports and exports of merchandise and specie for the months of June, 1881 and 1882:

IMPORTS.

	1881.	1882.	Differences.
Merchandise	$58,920,809	$62,668,536	Inc. $3,747,727
Specie	962,543	1,073,823	Inc. 111,280
Total imports	$59,883,352	$63,742,359	Inc. $3,859,007

EXPORTS.

	1881.	1882.	Differences.
Merchandise	$63,430,279	$50,939,871	Dec. $12,490,408
Specie	1,004,695	6,899,153	Inc. 5,914,458
Total exports	$65,434,974	$57,859,024	Dec. $7,575,950
Exports in excess of imports	5,551,622	.....	.....
Imports in excess of exports	.....	5,883,335	11,434,957

The report for the month of June completes the Government's fiscal year. For the twelve months the merchandise movements of two years compares as follows: Year ended June 30, 1881—Exports, $902,377,346; imports, $642,664,628; exports over imports, $259,712,718. June 30, 1882—Exports, $750,351,173; imports, $724,623,317; exports over imports, $25,727,856; decrease, $233,984,862. The specie movements for the same time compare as follows: 1881—Exports, $19,406,847; imports, $110,575,497; imports over exports, $91,168,650; 1882—Exports, $49,472,390; imports, $42,472,390; exports over imports, $6,940,186; difference, $98,108,836. The net results of the merchandise and specie movements for the twelve months are: 1881—Exports in excess of imports, $168,544,068; 1882—Exports in excess of imports, $32,668,042; decrease, $135,876,022. The unfavorable change in our foreign commerce, however, began about October 1, 1881. We therefore add the figures for the month of June to our previously published comparative tables from October 1, making up a record of the movement for nine months. During that nine months the decrease in the amount of exports in excess of imports—merchandise and specie—was only $5,100,000 less than the decrease for the whole twelve months. For the nine months ended June 30, 1882, compared with the same period of the preceding year, there was an increase in the merchandise imports of $73,425,874; a decrease in the merchandise exports of $136,266,172; difference against the country, $214,692,046; there was a decrease in the imports of specie of $56,358,845; an increase in the exports of specie of $27,859,728. For the nine months to June 30, 1881, the merchandise exports exceeded the merchandise imports $217,077,299; and for the nine months to June 30, 1882, the merchandise exports exceeded the merchandise imports only $2,385,253; decrease, $214,692,046. The grand result—including the merchandise and specie movements—is that the excess of exports over imports for the nine months ended June 30, 1882, are only $24,102,015, against an excess of $154,575,488 for the nine months ended June 30, 1881; decrease, $130,473,473.

The following is the comparative statement of movements of merchandise and specie for the period of nine months ended June 30:

IMPORTS.

	1880-'81.	1881-'82.	Differences.
Merchandise	$475,865,925	$554,291,799	Inc. $78,425,874
Specie	80,010,756	23,651,911	Dec. 56,358,845
Total imports	$555,876,681	$577,943,710	Inc. $22,067,029

EXPORTS.

	1880-'81.	1881-'82.	Differences.
Merchandise	$692,943,934	$556,677,062	Dec. $136,266,172
Specie	17,508,945	45,368,673	Inc. 27,859,728
Total exports	$710,452,169	$602,045,735	Dec. $108,406,444
Exports in excess of imports	154,575,488	24,102,015	Dec. 130,473,473

In view of the foregoing statistical comparisons and of the random talk of an early resumption of specie imports, a retrospection may not prove to be inopportune. On July 1, 1881, after a business of nine months, there was an apparent balance of trade—as shown by the movements of merchandise and specie—of $154,575,488 in favor of the United States. The importation of specie from July 1 to December 31, 1881 (the importation practically ceased in November), was $26,000,000. On July 1, 1882, upon the same basis, the balance of trade in our favor was only $24,102,015, a difference of $130,473,473. Deduct from that difference the amount of specie imports after July 1, last year, and there is a remaining difference of about $105,000,000 to be overcome by exports in excess of imports before there may be hopes of specie imports. If the movements at New-York for July bore the usual ratio to the movements of the whole country, that month passed without bettering the situation. Compared with July, 1881, the imports of merchandise at New-York last month were $8,300,000 greater and the exports were $1,800,000 smaller. Hence it is reasonably certain that any improvement cannot date from earlier than August 1. The question is, How long will it take to restore the equilibrium first, and after that is done, to turn the balance so that gold will come—not as a loan—but in settlement of trade balances. After July 1, 1879, the average of monthly excess of exports over imports of merchandise was $22,750,000; in 1880 it was $26,950,000, and in 1881 it was $10,950,000. If we accept the figures of 1880 as the probable result for this year from and after August 1, the equilibrium will not be restored until December 1; if those of 1881 are the basis of calculation, it will require ten months. Of course there are other elements which may affect the flow of gold—such as the movements of securities and a difference in the condition of the money markets at home or abroad. But from a commercial point of view, there seems to be no reason to expect an importation of specie this year, while whether or not we shall export much more specie depends upon the requirements of the money markets of the nations to which we are in debt.

The result of the foreign movements of merchandise last week at New-York is only little different from that of the same week of last year, but that difference ($150,057) is against the port. The value of the merchandise imported last week is $9,118,861, or $259,200 more than for the week of 1881; the value of the merchandise exported is $8,472,071, or $109,143 more than for the week of 1881. For the thirty-two weeks since January 1, this year, the value of merchandise imported is $45,004,611 greater than for the corresponding time in 1881, while the value of the merchandise exported is $35,528,098 less; difference against the port, $80,532,709. For the thirty-two weeks of last year the imports exceeded the exports only $33,632,961; this year the imports exceeded the exports $114,165,670; difference, as before stated, $80,532,709. To date last year the imports of specie at this port ($31,230,098) exceeded the exports by the sum of $28,968,463; to date this year the exports of specie ($41,457,313) exceed the imports by the sum of $34,390,788—a change of $63,359,251 to the credit of the port, yet lacking $17,173,458 of equalling the increased debit in the merchandise account.

The following shows the imports and exports, other than of securities, at New-York since January 1, for 1881 and 1882:

IMPORTS.

	1881.	1882.	Differences.
Merchandise	$267,476,913	$312,481,524	Inc. $45,004,611
Specie	31,230,098	2,261,635	Dec. 28,968,463
Total imports	$298,707,011	$314,743,159	Inc. $16,036,148

EXPORTS.

	1881.	1882.	Differences.
Merchandise	$239,443,952	$198,315,854	Dec. $35,128,098
Specie	7,066,525	41,457,313	Inc. 34,390,788
Total exports	$246,510,477	$239,773,167	Dec. $1,137,310
Balance against the port	67,796,534	74,969,992	Inc. 17,173,458

The weekly bank statement published yesterday reflects unimportant interior movements of lawful money, except through the Sub-Treasury, during the week. The net result of the Sub-Treasury's coin movements for the week ended Friday night was a specie gain to the banks of $1,329,125. But at the close of business last Tuesday the gain was $2,168,962, therefore the resulting average is $1,750,000, or $430,000 greater than the net gain for the week. The bank statement reports a gain in specie of $1,744,600, which figures so nearly approximate to the result of the Sub-Treasury's average loss as to indicate that the movements to and from the interior of specie or its representative, except through the agency of the Treasury's exchange shop, were about evenly balanced. The banks Friday evening held nearly $500,000 specie less than the sum reported as the week's average. The Sub-Treasury lost $175,503 "currency" during the week, and the banks report a loss (average) of $882,300 legal tenders.

The loans were expanded so as to show an average increase of $1,591,600, which, in connection with a net average increase of $1,692,300 in lawful money and a decrease of $55,800 in circulation, calls for an increase of $3,309,100 in deposits, instead of $2,057,700 as reported. The discrepancy of $1,252,000 may be the result of remittances to the interior of National bank notes. The statement results in a seeming increase of $1,147,875 in the surplus reserve, and leaves it at $3,832,300, against $2,087,500 at same date in 1881.

The following are the comparative totals of the statements of August 5 and August 12:

	Aug. 5.	Aug. 12.	Differences.
Loans	$335,324,600	$336,916,200	Inc. $1,591,600
Specie	39,696,500	39,493,100	Dec. 1,744,600
Legal-tenders	24,044,900	23,962,600	Dec. 82,300
Deposits	338,083,900	341,393,000	Inc. 3,309,100
Circulation	18,259,900	18,204,100	Dec. 55,800

The following shows the relation between the total reserve and the total deposit liabilities:

	Aug. 5.	Aug. 12.	Changes.
Specie	$39,696,500	$39,493,100	Inc. $1,744,600
Legal-tenders	24,044,900	23,962,600	Dec. 82,300
Total reserve	$82,705,400	$84,367,700	Inc. $1,662,300
Reserve required against dep'sits	80,020,975	80,535,400	Inc. 514,425
Surplus	$2,684,425	$3,832,300	Inc. $1,147,875

The banks now hold in cash—specie and legal-tenders—$3,400,400 less than the sum held a year ago. The loans now are $14,108,500 less than then, and the deposits are $20,580,800 less; so that the reserve required by the 25 per cent rule now is $5,145,200 less than it was a year ago. And the surplus of reserve now is $1,744,800 greater than it was then, and the proportion of total reserve now is 26.19 against 25.61 per cent at the same date of 1881.

The following are the totals of the statements at the corresponding date for preceding years:

	1879.	1880.	1881.
Loans	$274,211,000	$306,491,800	$331,024,700
Specie	19,553,200	18,630,900	71,811,100
Legal-tenders	43,974,000	10,372,000	15,027,000
Deposits	248,474,000	299,601,000	342,722,400
Circulation	20,719,500	19,581,000	18,188,000
Total reserves	63,527,200	84,042,900	87,788,100
Surplus reserve	1,408,550	9,970,000	2,087,500
P. ct of reserve	25.56	28.34	25.61

While the local money market for call loans ruled easy all the week, there was a gradual hardening of rates and 3½@4 per cent is the fair average for the week, against 4@3 per cent, the average for the preceding week. On Friday, the bulk of the business was done at 4@5 per cent with exceptions at 6@7 per cent, but yesterday, probably because loans were for two days, and as is usual on Saturdays, rates were easier at 3½@4 per cent. Except on the choicest of securities, time loans are scarce at 1 per cent, and little commercial paper passes at a less rate. The smaller movements of the new crops at the West have strengthened exchanges on New-York, and at St. Louis the rate has advanced to par, against 75 cents discount a week ago, and at Chicago the latest quotation is 25 cents discount, against 75 cents discount a week ago. At other points there are no material changes. The foreign exchanges have greatly hardened without the transaction of any important amount of business. Merchants are still holding back their remittances, waiting that tremendous influx of commercial bills which has been promised for two or three months. As the exports are increasing, there must be a greater supply of commercial bills than there was a few weeks ago, but all that are offered are quickly absorbed to meet bankers' bills which before have been drawn in anticipation of them. At the moment, the movement of securities in either direction is unimportant, so that a sometimes important element at present neither furnishes nor creates a demand for exchange.

Last week witnessed some changes in prospects that heretofore have entered largely into the calculations of the future. The extent or importance of the changes it is yet too early to estimate correctly. But the crop prospects of Western Europe—Great Britain and France—are reported to be much better than they were two weeks ago, and large crops in Germany and Russia are reported as assured. On the other hand, there are reports of some damage done by storms to the crops in certain parts of our own country. What the damage is—great or little—can be told only when the grain is threshed. The crops of the South this year are so much more extensive than ever before that that part of the country will be an exporter of small grains instead of a customer of the West. Last week the receipts of wheat at Baltimore amounted to 1,100,000 bushels, nearly all of Southern growth, against receipts of 1,270,000 bushels in this city. At the West, the decline in prices has checked receipts, Chicago receiving only 405,000 bushels of wheat last week against 1,166,000 bushels the preceding week, and the receipts at St. Louis also show a considerable falling off. At Chicago the prices for wheat show an average decline of about 14 cents for the week. Corn is about 2 cents higher than a week ago, and oats about 1 cent lower. Pork and lard were strong, and close the week with an advance of 50 cents and 15 cents respectively. The cotton speculation during the week developed weakness, and both "spot" and "future" suffered material declines on dull reports from Liverpool and better prospects for the new crop. The exports last week amounted to 18,774 bales, against 13,515 bales for the preceding week, and against 19,022 bales for the week of 1881. Since September 1, 1881, the exports now foot up 3,539,123 bales, against 4,507,454 bales for the same time of the preceding year. The European stocks at date are 969,800 bales, against 1,145,800 bales at the same date in 1881, and 979,601 at this date in 1880, and the quantity afloat for Europe now is 374,000 bales, against 391,000 bales at this date last year; but of that quantity afloat now, only 64,000 bales are American, against 137,000 bales last year. The iron trade and that in metals generally is dull, while prices are firmly held in expectation of a better demand. It is reported:

The steel-rail trade has been for some time and is still in an unsatisfactory condition. Although most of the mills are supplied with orders for a month or two to come, the persistency with which buyers are holding off for so long a time is beginning to tell seriously. The production is enormous and has now reached a point where it exceeds the demand. Although having the advantage of a considerable item in the way of freights in their favor, Western mills are selling for as low a figure as Eastern mills are holding for, and the latter must soon follow. There is practically nothing doing in large contracts for future delivery, and what little business is doing is on the basis of $47@$47 50 for ordinary sections.

The condition of the anthracite coal trade is fast approaching that of demoralization. *The Engineering and Mining Journal* says of it:

The anthracite coal trade is dull, and the anxiety to move coal is causing prices to weaken, and they may now be said to be entirely independent of the circulars; more so than they have been at any time. In the face of this, there is talk of an advance in September. The June advance was made to move May coal; it was followed by a nominal increase in prices in the beginning of July to move June coal, and in both instances the following of this policy to a rapidly decreasing extent was successful. It did absolutely no good to attempt to start July coal by an advance at the beginning of this month, and yet there are men occupying the most influential positions in the coal trade who have a belief in the efficacy of such a worn-out stimulant. To talk seriously of an advance for September, when even the July figures are not generally realized as it is rumored they are, both is preposterous. If ever the circulars of the companies had any meaning, their action during the last few months has thoroughly discredited their value.

The Stock Exchange markets last week were variable, and with a few exceptional instances developed nothing of special interest, except to the daily traders. The transactions in stocks aggregated 1,916,111 shares, against 2,131,000 shares for the preceding week. By classes, the Northwestern list, the high-price coal stocks, the Northern Pacific system and the Southern Atlantic stocks all show more or less final gains in prices. The trunk-line shares, the Southwestern stocks generally, Western Union and a majority of the low-price shares are lower than a week ago. The week was made up of days that were active and buoyant, days that were active and weak, and days that were dull and featureless. But the chief characteristic of the whole week's market was that of feverishness and uncertainty. Yet there was no diminution of the speculative element and there is still an almost universal belief, among operators, in a higher valuation for all kinds of securities.

WEEKLY RANGE OF PRICES.

Name.	For the week. Highest.	Lowest.	Closing. Aug 12	Aug 5	Shares Sold.
A. Top. & S. Fe	96½	93¾	95¾	94	100
Adams & E.	40	37¾	40	37¾	2,400
Alton & T H pref	87	84	86	84½	800
Boston Alt Lake pfd	77½	76½	76½	77	1,100
B., C. R. & N	81½	81½	81½	80	100
Central Pacific	95¾	93¾	95¾	95¾	35,005
C. St. L. & N. O	80	80	81	..	12
Canada Southern	66½	62½	65	64	10,425
C. C. C & I	87¾	87	87½	87	100
C. C. & I. C	14¾	12	13½	12½	5,000
Ches. & Ohio	25¾	25	25	29½	415
Do 2d pref	27½	27	27½	27	421
Do 1st pref	39¾	38	38½	38	2,011
C. B. & Q	141½	137½	137½	138¾	24,891
Chi. & Rock Island	140½	138¾	140	137½	15,369
Chicago & Alton	145	144	144½	144	1,030
Cleve & Pitts	139	139	139	..	120
C., St. P., M. & O	52½	50¾	51	51¾	64,600
Do pref	111½	110	110½	110¾	14,085
Chi. & N. W	143¾	141	144¼	142	27,175
Do pref	136	134	135	134½	4,000
Chi., M. & St. P	125	122¾	123¾	121¾	65,071
Do pref	138½	136½	137½	136½	10,810
Chi. & E. I	56¾	50	50	56½	500
Col. & Green. pref	74	74	74	100	100
Del. & Hud. Canal	96½	95	96	95	1,020
Del., L. & W	144½	138	142¾	139¾	122,475
Den. & R. G	118½	112¾	117	114	3,450
Den. & Rio Grande	63½	60½	61	62¾	85,100
E. Tenn. Va. & Ga	11½	11	11¾	11½	6,700
Do pref	19½	19	19¼	19½	625
Ev. & T. H	79	78	79	80	300
Hous. & Tex	90	87	87	87	750
Han. & St. Jo pref	98½	95½	98½	93¾	9,800
Harlem	226	225	225	226	100
Illinois Central	142¾	140¾	..	142	6,750
Do Ex Div	138	138	138	..	
Ind., B. & W	47¾	46	46½	46½	4,300
Keokuk & D. M	18	18	18	17	200
Long Island	59	57	58½	57	3,500
Lake Erie & Western	42½	40	40¾	41	5,000
Louis. & Nash	73	70	72¾	74	99,111
L. N. A. & Chic	72	70	72	72	500
Lake Shore	116¾	114¾	115¾	116	93,306
Manhattan Con	56	51	56	..	310
Manhattan Railway	57	53½	56	53¾	3,500
Manhattan pref	90¼	89¾	89¾	90½	1,300
Manhattan Beach	29½	28½	29	29	2,000
Mo. Kan. & T	85	83	85	83½	637
Michigan Central	99½	99	99¾	100½	26,310
Minn & St. Louis	23½	22	22	22¾	2,200
do pref	68½	66½	68½	68	510
Mobile & Ohio	23½	21½	22½	21½	2,150
Mo. Kan & Tex	41½	39¾	39¾	40½	71,770
Mo. & Pac	105	103	103½	105½	35,400
North. & Essex	127½	126½	127	127½	1,186
Nesm & Chat	60½	57½	57½	59½	11,400
Mil. L. S. & W	57½	55¾	56½	55½	3,100
N. Y., C. & St. L	16	15¾	15¾	15¾	7,355
Do pref	36½	35½	35¾	34½	3,900
Nash. Chat & St. L	66	63	64	65½	1,800
New Jersey Central	77½	77	77¾	79	66,070
N. Y. & H	181	180	180	..	53
N. Y. C. & H	138	136½	136½	137¾	14,730
N. Y. & N. E	54¾	54	54	54½	2,020
N. Y., L. E. & W	41	39½	39½	40½	37,350
Do pref	81½	80½	80½	81½	1,000
Northern Pacific	52½	48¾	51	49¾	156,675
Do pref	93½	90¾	91½	91	101,068
N. Y. Susq. & W	27½	26½	26½	27½	21,025
Do preferred	90	90	90	..	100
Nor. & W	20	20	20	20	100
Norfolk & West. pref	37	36	36½	36½	3,200
Ohio Central	19	16¾	17½	17¾	6,300
Ohio Southern	19	18½	19	18	400
Ore. R. & Nav	154½	150	152	151	1,405
Ohio & Mississippi	40	37¾	39	39¾	2,300
Oregon Trans	95½	89¾	91½	91¾	92,460
Pitt., Ft. Wayne & Chi	134½	134	134	135½	200
Pullman Palace C. Co	129	127½	128½	129	8,065
Phil. & Reading	36¾	37¾	36¾	37	26,200
Peoria, Dec. & Ev	38¾	35¾	36¾	37½	4,085
Pitts. C. & St. L	29	25½	26½	28	49,115
Richmond & Al	24½	23	23	24	355
Rich. & Dan	122½	117½	..	116	12,635
Do. ex div	122½	121	121	..	
Rich. & West Point	62¾	61½	62	61½	10,900
St. Paul & Dul	93½	93	93½	90	650
St. P. & Duluth pref	90	89	90	88½	1,620
St. L. M. & M	149	134½	140	134½	10,408
St. L. & S. Fran	43½	41¾	41¾	42	700
St. L. & S. Fran pref	61½	60	60½	61	2,930
Do 1st pref	99½	98½	99½	100	775
Do 2d pref	85	85	85	89	210
S. Carolina	53½	50½	50½	52½	63,910
Texas & Pacific	119½	117	117½	119½	41,097
Union Pacific	38½	36¾	38½	38¾	29,710
Wabash, St. L. & P	66½	62½	66	67½	52,247
Do pref	53	51	51	54	500
Virginia Midland	54	54	54	..	50
Am. Dist Tel	96½	93½	93¾	93½	105,430
Western Union Tel	140½	139	140	140	27
Adams Express	95½	94	95½	95	45
American Express	75½	74	75	74	143
U. S. Express	78	71½	73	74	143
Wells, Fargo Express	131	130	130½	128	110
Pacific Mail	47½	45½	45½	46½	3,510
Col Coal & Iron	48¾	46	46	48	2,150
Maryland Coal	18	18	18	..	200
Cent Arizona	½	½	½	..	500
Quicksilver	10	10	10	10½	100
Do pref	14½	13½	13½	14¼	995
Standard (Mining)					

Total shares sold for the week.....1,916,111

CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS.

BOSTON, Saturday, Aug. 12, 1882.

	Yesterday.	To-day.		Yesterday.	To-day.
Water Power	4½	4½	N Y & N Eng	54	54
Boston Land	8¾	8¾	Old Colony	133	133½
A & Top. 1st 7s	122¾	122¾	Rutland prefer'd	..	..
Do Income 7s	114½	..	Atchison & Co.	2¼	2¼
E. R. 1st 4½s	109½	109½	Cammel & Hecla	248	245
B. & A. Bus'ds	115½	115½	Catalpa	..	30
Land Bs 6s	..	..	Franklin	14¾	14¾
N Y & N Eng 7s	117	117	Pewabic s'k'g	10	9
A & Top 1st	97½	94½	Quincy	61½	61½
Bos & A R	167½	167½	Silver Lead	15	14
Bos & Me R	147	..	Wis Cen S R cons	..	16½
Chester & Lew	138½	137½	Wis Cen S R pfd	30	..
Chi Sun & Cleve	23	27½	Flint & P Marq	96	95½
Eastern R R 7s	43	44	Dec Mil	34	35
Fitchb Pere Mar	..	22½	Huron	3¾	3¾
Litch & Pt Smith	55	..			

Government bonds were dull all the week through, and for the long-date issues the market was weak. The final bids show declines for the week of ⅛ for 4½s, and ½ per cent for the 4s. Little was done in State bonds outside of Tennessee 6s, and they fluctuated between 55 and 57, closing at 56. The new bonds are quoted at 65 bid. There was some inquiry for Arkansas State aid bonds, and there were some private sales made at full figures, but present quotations bring few bonds to market, and probably will not pending the suit to compel the railroads to recognize their liability for the bonds. The railroad bond market was less than usually active, and the fluctuations in prices for the speculative kinds were sympathetic with the movements of their kindred shares.

The receipts of flour and grain at the principal Atlantic ports on Saturday, August 12, were:

New-York.

	Canal.	R. R.	Ocean'r	Rail.	Phila.	Boston.
Flour, bbls	300	18,213	.....	1,027	1,995	8,614
Wheat, bush	55,300	143,500	.....	140,413	73,000	52,000
Corn, bush	8,300	5,875	.....	3,961	3,000	11,000
Oats, bush	.....	82,002	1,242	1,850	10,200	9,000
Rye, bush	.....	.....	.....	228	.....	.....
Barley, bush	10,300	5,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total bush	74,900	234,867	1,242	146,061	86,200	74,100

The receipts and shipments at and from Buffalo Saturday were as follows:

	Receipts. R. R.	Lake.	Shipments. R. R.	Canal.
Flour, bbls	1,900	.....	1,500	.....
Wheat, bush	34,000	61,000	83,000	204,200
Corn, bush	44,000	26,000	62,000	.....
Oats, bush	17,000	.....	17,000	.....
Rye, bush	1,000	.....	1,000	.....
Total bush	116,000	87,000	163,500	204,200

The following were the receipts and shipments at and from Chicago and Milwaukee Saturday:

	Receipts. Chicago.	Milw'kee.	Shipments. Chicago.	Milw'kee.
Flour, bbls	5,430	9,415	7,337	14,033
Wheat, bush	405,405	8,250	165,353	150
Corn, bush	114,412	1,919	21,219	1,440
Oats, bush	62,122	2,475	35,000	.....
Rye, bush	2,752	450	2,061	.....
Barley, bush	500	.....	.....	.....
Total bush	584,731	12,094	323,573	1,590

EUROPEAN FINANCIAL MARKETS.

LONDON, Aug. 12—12:30 p. m.—Consols, 99⅛ money, and 99⅝ for the account. Erie, 41¼. New-York Central, 138; Pennsylvania Central, 69¾. Illinois Central, 140½.

LONDON, Aug. 12—2:30 p. m.—Paris advices quote three per cents at 82 francs 35 centimes for the account.

LONDON, Aug. 12—2:30 p. m.—Atlantic and Great Western second mortgage trustees' certificates, 17¾. New-York, Ontario and Western, 27¾. New-York Central, 139¼.

LONDON, Aug. 12—6 p. m.—Paris advices quote three per cent rents at 82 francs 35 centimes for the account, and exchange on London at 25 francs 18 centimes for check.

THE MARKETS.

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per North River, Vessels and Railroads.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Aug. 12, 1882.

Ashes, pkgs	13	Rye, bush	8,300	Cheese, pkgs	9,768
Ryewh, pkg	3	Malt, bush	15,900	Lard, lbs	63
Cott'n, bale	209	Grass, seed, bgs	50	Lard, kegs	24
Cotton, pkgs	106	Hops, bales	749	Butter, pkgs	5,061
Copper, c'k's	665	Leather, sides	7,500	Cheese, pkgs	9,197
Drugs, pkgs	181	Hides, bales	53	Tobacco, pkgs	65
Eggs, pkgs	1,804	Leather, sides	15,500	Tallow, pkgs	20
Flour, bbls	18,430	Spr'ng'r'ds	304	Tobacco, hds	267
C'l meal, bbls	300	Rosin, bbls	1,000	Tobacco, pkgs	187
Wheat, bush	98,300	Oil, bbls	50	Whiskey, bbls	367
Corn, bush	11,317	Oil, gallons	2,800	Wool, bales	422
Oats, bush	83,654	Pork, pkgs	50		

GENERAL MARKET REPORT.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Aug. 12, 1882.

ASHES—Quiet; Pots, 5@5¼c.; Pearls, 6½@6¾c.

COFFEE—The dull and nominally unchanged. Fair cargoes, 9½@10c.; 2,000 bags ex Venezuela, 9¾c. and a trifle higher but steady. 400 bags Savannah ex Columbia and on private terms and terms not stated. 12,000 bags Old Cuba on private terms; Savanilla 9¾c.

COTTON—Spot Cotton still weak though quoted nominally as before; sales 800 bales (194 bales last evening, including 664 bales for export and 2 bales for spinning). Delivered on contracts, 100 bales. Receipts at the ports to-day, 8,9 bales, against 11 bales this day last week and 2,[illegible] bales last year. Futures dull, opening 3@4c. and closing 2@3 points lower. Closing prices paid—August, 12.[illegible]@12.[illegible]; September, 12.[illegible]@12.[illegible]; October, 11.[illegible]@11.[illegible]; November, 11.[illegible]@11.[illegible]; December, 11.[illegible]@11.[illegible]; January, 11.[illegible]@11.[illegible]; February, 11.[illegible]@11.[illegible]; March, 11.[illegible]@11.[illegible]; April, 12.10@12.11; May, 12.[illegible]@12.[illegible]. Transfer orders, 12.[illegible].

FLOUR AND MEAL—FLOUR—Market without important change; low grades especially Superfine and No. 2 and old fresh-ground Winter Wheats rule very firm, all other kinds strongly in favor of buyers; jobbing trade demand light, export inquiry moderate, and chiefly for Common Grades; sales, 16,[illegible] bbls., including 1,500 bbls. Southern; 4,700 bbls. Winter Wheat Extra, $4.60@$5.50; 1,600 bbls. Superfine, $3.40@$4 75, latter lately; 1,500 bbls. City Mill Extra, prices within the range. Quot ably: No. 2, $2.60@$3 70, latter extreme; Superfine, $3.40@$4 75, latter extreme; Common to Fair Extra State, $4.60@$4 50. Good to Fancy do., $4.90@$7 75; Common to Good Extra Western, $4.60@$5 25; Good to Choice, $5.30@$5 75. Common to Good Extra Round Hoop Ohio, $4.60@$5 25; Good to Choice do., $5.30@$7 50; Common Extra Minnesota, $4.60@$5.50; Clear, $5.50@$7 50; Rye Mixture, $5.70@$5 90; Bakers' Extra, $5.60@$7 00; Straight, $6@$7 75; Patent, $7.00@$8 75. St. Louis: Common to Fair Extra, $4.60@$5 25; Good to Very Choice Family, $5.20@$6 50; Patent Winter Wheat Extra, $6@$7 50. City Mill Extra for Patent Winter Wheat Extra, $6@$7 50. Patent Spring Wheat, $6.50@$8. South America, $6.00@$8 50. Fair to Fancy, $5.25@$8 50; market closed quiet & steady. SOUTHERN FLOUR quiet; prices without decided change; sales, 300 bbls. Common to Good Extra, $4.50@$5; Good to Choice, $5.50@$8 50. RYE FLOUR steady fairly active; sales, 625 bbls. Superfine, $3.50@$4.50. CORN MEAL firm; quiet. Yellow Western quoted at $4.40@$4.50, and Brandywine, $4.60@$4 70.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Market ¼@½c. higher on cash lots and very strong; options opened firm, advanced because weak, and declined ¼@¾c., closing, however, firm at ¼@¾c. under the outside prices; fair export inquiry, and a great City Milling demand; more active business on special lots; sales, 1,000,000 bush. futures, 210,000 bush. spot. Receipts, 252,000 bush. Inferior to Prime Spring, $1.[illegible]@$1.[illegible]; No. 3, $1.[illegible]@$1.[illegible]; No. 2 Spring, $1.[illegible]@$1.[illegible]; No. 2 Red, $1.11½@$1.11¾, and $1.12 delivered; Steamer No. 2 Red, $1.13@$1.13½; No. 2 Red, $1.14@$1.14¼; Steamer No. 2 Red, $1.14@$1.14½ delivered; No. 1 Red, $1.17½@$1.17¾; Mixed winter, $1.12@$1.12½; Ungraded White, $1.12@$1.18; No. 2 White, $1.12; No. 1 White, $1.18; No. 1 White August, $1.16; do. for September, $1.14@$1.14¼; No. 2 Red August, $1.13¾@$1.14; closing, $1.13½; do. September, $1.13¾@$1.14¼, closing $1.14; do. October, $1.14@$1.14⅛, closing $1.14; do. November, $1.15¼@$1.15½, closing $1.15½; do. December, $1.17¾@$1.17⅞, closing $1.17½; do. seller the center year, $1.13¾@$1.13⅞, closing $1.13⅞. RYE very scarce; been firm; quoted ship load-loads; sales, 1,000 bush. No. 2, 76c. BARLEY fairly active; about steady; sales, 16,000 bush. No. 1 Canada, first half October, $1; 2,000 bush. do., all October, private terms, quoted 99c. bid, $1 asked. BARLEY MALT firm; sales, 10,000 bush. Canada, private. CORN—Cash lots dull, an scarcely so firm; options a trifle higher, closing with less strength; scarcely anything doing for export, and a limited home trade inquiry; moderate business on speculative account; sales, 864,000 bush. future, 40,000 bush. cash, including Ungraded Western Mixed at 84@86c.; No. 2, 87c.; do. store, 86c. Western New-York Yellow, 94c.; No. 2 Mixed August, 87@87¼c., closing 87c.; do. September, 86⅞@86⅞c., closing 86¾c.; do. October, 85⅞@86c., closing 86c.; do. November, 87@87¼c., closing 87c.; do. seller the year, 78@79c., closing 79c. OATS—Market unsettled; cash lots 1@2c. higher, and