THE MONEY MARKET.

SUNDAY, Feb. 11—P. M.

The Custom House returns of the foreign movements of merchandise at New-York last week make a showing that is $508,813 less unfavorable to the port than the movements of the week of 1882; but compared with the week of 1881 the movements of last week show a difference of $4,321,672 against the port. The imports for the week were valued at $10,009,399, which is $295,081 more than the imports for the week of 1882 and $3,790,634 more than for the week of 1881; the exports last week were valued at $7,771,094, and that sum is $801,406 more than the exports for the week of 1882 and $531,038 less than for the week of 1881. Hence, the merchandise movements of last week show a balance against the port of $2,248,303, against a debit balance of $2,757,116 for the week of 1882 and a credit balance of $2,073,369 for the week of 1881. From January 1 to date the imports of this year have amounted to $2,647,407 less than for the same period of 1882, but to $10,615,951 more than for the period of 1881. The exports this year have amounted to $2,892,353 more than for the same time of 1882, and to $1,268,405 less than in 1881. So that the balance against the port on the six weeks' movement of this year is $5,539,960 less than for the same time of 1882, but is $11,884,366 greater than for the same time of 1881. Deducting the specie movement, the balance against the port for the six weeks this year is only $1,015,904 less than in 1882 and is $7,465,861 greater than in 1881.

The following table shows the totals of imports and exports, other than of securities, at New-York, from January 1 to date, for three years:

MERCHANDISE.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Imports	$42,472,529	$55,785,897	$53,088,490
Exports	38,316,336	34,155,578	37,047,931
Imports in excess of exports	$4,156,193	$21,580,319	$16,040,559
SPECIE.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Imports	$4,905,908	$444,617	$709,482
Exports	1,370,709	5,892,729	1,503,679
Imports in excess of exports	$3,534,308	.....	.....
Exports in excess of imports	.....	$5,408,053	$884,197
MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Imports	$7,690,501	$16,172,266	$15,156,362

The weekly bank statement published yesterday does not reflect the movement of money into the Treasury. During the week ended on Friday the Sub-Treasury gained net $1,054,857 in coin, but the gain was so distributed that in the banks' averages it would count as a loss of only $133,000. So by the Sub-Treasury movements alone the banks at the close of business in Friday evening held $920,000 less in specie than the amount reported as the average for the week. The banks' average shows a gain of $797,300 specie, which principally is due to the fact that the statement of the preceding week reported a smaller amount than was held at the end of that week. On the other hand, the loss of $1,235 legal tenders reported by the present statement is partly due to the "shortage" in actual amount held from the amount reported by the preceding statement, and partly to remittances to the interior in excess of receipts. The Sub-Treasury gained only $104,667 currency, and that in such driblets, even if all in legal tenders, that it did not affect the bank average. Probably the banks opened business on Saturday morning with about $1,250,000 less in cash than the average amount for the week. The loans were expanded $5,030,400, and the increase of $3,928,200 in deposits is about $800,000 smaller than the increase which the other changes call for. The circulation was further decreased $181,000, although several banks made small additions to the amount of their outstanding notes. The Republic reduced $175,000, the First National $65,000 and the Hanover $30,000. The result of the week's movements is a loss of $1,420,350 to the surplus reserve and leaves it at $6,419,700, which is $2,368,525 greater than the surplus of a year ago.

The following are the comparative totals of the statements of February 3 and February 10:

	Feb. 3.	Feb. 10.	Differences.
Loans	$316,400,800	$321,431,200	Inc. $5,030,400
Specie	61,645,200	62,402,500	Inc. 797,300
Legal-tenders	23,030,400	21,794,800	Dec. 1,235,600
Deposits	307,182,200	311,110,400	Inc. 3,928,200
Circulation	16,645,200	16,463,700	Dec. 181,500

The following shows the relation between the total reserve and the total deposit liabilities:

	Feb. 3.	Feb. 10.	Changes.
Specie	$61,605,200	$62,402,500	Inc. $797,300
Legal-tenders	23,030,400	21,794,800	Dec. 1,235,600
Total reserve	$84,635,600	$84,197,300	Dec. $438,300
Reserve requir'd against dep'ts	76,795,550	77,777,600	Inc. 982,050
Surplus	$7,840,050	$6,419,700	Dec. $1,420,350

The banks now hold in cash—specie and legal-tenders—$2,483,300 more than the sum held a year ago. The loans now are $6,422,300 less than then, and the deposits are $459,100 more; so that the reserve required by the 25 per cent rule now is $114,775 less than it was a year ago. And the reserve now shows a surplus of $6,419,700, against a surplus of $4,051,175 then, and the proportion of total reserve now is 27.06, against 26.30 per cent at the same date of 1882.

The following are the totals of the statements a the corresponding dates for the preceding years:

	1880.	1881.	1882.
Loans	$290,445,200	$317,133,100	$327,913,500
Specie	54,704,500	67,800,600	63,226,600
Legal-tenders	16,936,000	15,546,000	18,484,500
Deposits	267,128,100	307,924,300	310,631,400
Circulation	21,593,600	18,832,900	19,840,100
Total reserve	71,640,500	83,346,600	81,714,000
Surplus reserve	4,550,475	5,365,525	4,051,175
Per c't of reserve	26.74	27.07	26.30

During the calendar week the Sub-Treasury redeemed only $46,500 bonds embraced in the 119th call. The call matured yesterday, so that after this the bonds are only redeemable at the Treasury in Washington. There were no further issues of gold certificates nor of legal tender certificates. Neither were there any redemptions of legal tender certificates. Money at the Stock Exchange was in abundant supply all the week at 3½@4 per cent with exceptions at 5 and 3 per cent; on Governments the call rate is about 3 and the time rate 3½. Except on Government bonds there is not much disposition to put out time money, and the banks are doing nothing in mercantile paper beyond granting such accommodations to their dealers as they cannot avoid doing; they are not buyers of paper, and seem to prefer the placing of funds on call at lower rates than are obtainable on merchants' notes. The silver question is attracting more attention in financial circles than it has done heretofore, and it would be idle to attempt to disguise the fact that serious apprehensions are entertained concerning the outcome of a continued coinage of the (412½ grains) silver dollar. It is comprehended that the general use of silver means a premium in the market for gold, and that means an immediate contraction (through demonetization) of all the gold coin there is in the country. In October, 1878, when the silver bill was passed, silver in London was quoted at 54@54½d. per ounce. Since that time the United States Treasury has coined $135,000,000, and has accumulated and now has in its vaults nearly $100,000,000 of the 412½-grain silver dollars. So much of the production of silver has been taken out of the markets. Yet the value of silver in London now is 3d. per ounce less than it was before the Treasury had begun to furnish free storage for silver. Despite all that, the House Committee on Coinage last week reported a resolution that it is inexpedient to discontinue silver coinage, and admitted its knowledge that a discontinuance is expedient by recommending appropriations for the construction of new storage vaults for silver, that the accumulation of depreciating "dollars" shall not be restricted for want of room to store it in. The domestic exchanges in New-York last week were fluctuating; at Chicago the rate turned in favor of New-York while at New-Orleans the change was against New-York: the latest quotations at the places named are as follows: Savannah, par to ¼ premium; Charleston, par to ¼ premium; New-Orleans, 50 cents discount for commercial and nominal par for bank; St. Louis, 75 cents discount; Chicago, 25 cents premium; Boston, 25 @ 30 cents premium.

The foreign exchanges ruled firm all the week through, and that with only a moderate demand for mercantile bills. The reason for this has been so often given that it seems almost superfluous to repeat it. But such strenuous efforts are made to exaggerate the importance of an excess of exports over imports of $69,000,000 for the three months ended on December 31, 1882, against an excess of only $42,000,000 for the same time of 1881, that the truth cannot be too frequently repeated. For the same three months of 1880 the exports exceeded the imports $119,000,000. Yet following the excess of exports for the last three months of 1880 our excess of imports of gold over exports during the first six months of 1881 was only $27,000,000, and following the excess of merchandise exports for the last three months of 1881 ($42,000,000) we exported $27,000,000 more gold than we imported. If each month's settlement of the balance between exports and imports were made immediately, there would be some show of reason in the wonder so often expressed that in view of the favorable change in the balances, which dates back to September 30, 1882, the foreign exchanges remain so strong as they do. But the merest tyro in commercial and mercantile affairs knows that our exports create exchange immediately or are cash, while a large proportion of our imports are made upon a practical credit of from three to four months. The tide of the merchandise movement as compared with preceding years turned against the country in September, 1881, but we exported no gold until February, 1882, and the showing now made, upon which so much comment is heard, because of the favorable comparisons made with the showing of a year ago, would have been considered poor at that time. Again, no allowance is made for the country's indebtedness for freight money and interest and dividends paid to foreign holders of our securities. By general consent those items are estimated to amount to $100,000,000 per annum, but there is little question that the estimate is too low, particularly in a year when the freight-money is to be computed upon $1,500,000,000 of merchandise carried.

The Stock Exchange markets last week moved irregularly in all the departments. Government bonds ruled dull, with considerable depression in the prices for the optional issues, and later a partial recovery. The opinion gains ground that the 120th call for bonds was not warranted by the prospective revenues of the Government, and hence that future calls will be infrequent and for small amounts. The final bids for the 3s and 3½s are ⅜ and ¾ respectively lower than a week ago, and for the 4s and 4½s are ¼ higher. State bonds were neglected; for the Arkansas 7s there was a sharp decline from the advances of the preceding week, but toward the close they again were in active demand and recovered about one-half of their losses. Railroad bonds were moderately active and for some issues higher values were marked, but such movements were sympathetic with the changes in their kindred share. Among miscellaneous bonds those of Mutual Union were specially active and rose from 71½ to 85.

The share speculation was interesting, but the movements were characterized by much feverishness and uncertainty. Early in the week there was continued depression; a large covering of "short" accounts steadied the market, and imparted to prices a better tone. That was followed by purchases under the rule of some 7,000 shares of Lake Shore stock against "shorts" who had failed to return borrowed stock when it was called. This had the effect of checking trading in that stock, so that at times during the following days close quotations for it were unobtainable, but it stimulated a general buying in of "shorts" in other stocks, causing an ephemeral but unhealthy activity. The market also was stimulated by reports of settlements of the telegraphic and elevated railroad wars and of new combinations. The latest of these reports was that of a consolidation of the Central and Union Pacific railroads. This was the occasion of Union Pacific selling up to 95½ after having been down to 91 early in the week. Railroad earnings, whether reported good or bad, had little or no effect upon speculation, because in both cases they are believed to be exceptional. The losses since January 1 as compared with the earnings of 1882, of the Northwestern Company of $382,600 on an increased mileage of 457 miles, of the St. Paul of $214,100 with 361 more miles, and of $52,100 by the Omaha with 167 more miles, are without effect on prices, because it is believed that the losses are due to snow blockades. And so with the large gains shown by nearly all the Southwestern companies; their prices are not thereby stimulated because an extraordinary cotton movement, which largely contributes to the gains, is not believed to be permanent. The total transactions in stocks for the week amounted to 2,520,426 shares, against 2,217,192 for the preceding week and against 2,128,500 shares for the week preceding that. Union Pacific, St. Paul, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Western Union, Denver and Rio Grande, and Northwestern contributed 1,487,000 shares to last week's total business. The prices generally are from ¼ to 3¼ higher than they were a week ago. The notable exceptions are Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Union Pacific and Denver, and Rio Grande.

WEEKLY RANGE OF PRICES.

Name.	For the year. High'st	Low't.	Closing. Feb. 10.	Feb. 3.	Shares Sold.
Albany & Susq	131	131	131		5
Alton & T H	68½	60¼	68	61	3,360
Alton & T H pref	98	97	98	93½	740
Boston Air Line pref	81½	80½	81½	80	140
B., C. R. & N	81½	81½	81½	82½	28
Cedar Falls	14	14	14		200
Central Pacific	83¼	79	83¼	82¾	32,295
Canada Southern	68¾	65¾	68	66¾	24,900
C., C. C. & I	77¾	77½	77½	78	600
C. C. & I. scrip	5	4	5	4	850
Ches. & Ohio	22¾	20¾	22¾	22½	675
Do 2d pref	25¼	23	25¼	25	400
Do 1st pref	32	30	32	32¼	1,300
C. B. & Q	122¼	117¾	121¾	117¾	76,300
Chi. R. I. & Pac	123¾	121¾	123¾	122¾	10,000
Chicago & Alton	136¼	135	135½	137	210
Do pref	140	140	140		50
C., S. P., M. & O	47¾	43½	46¾	46¾	30,960
Do pref	105¼	102½	105	104¾	22,180
Chi. & N. W	133¾	129¾	131¼	130¼	100,740
Do pref	147¾	143	143¾	144	6,010
Chi., Mil. & St. P	108¾	99¾	102¾	102¾	301,961
Do pref	119	116¾	118¾	119	5,825
Del. L. & W	129¼	120	122	122½	262,411
Den. & R. G	108¾	107¼	108¾	107¾	33,960
Den. & Rio Grande	46¾	42¾	43¾	45¾	135,930
Kan. Tex. Va. & Ga	9¾	9	9	9¾	3,775
Do pref	16¾	16	16¾	16	2,000
Ev. & Ind	72½	72½	72½	75	400
Ft. Worth & Denv	31	30	30½	30	300
Han. & St. J	40	40	40	41½	800
Han. & St. Jo pref	85	80	85	84½	2,000
Green Bay	5	5	5		500
Illinois Central	148¾	144¾	148¾	148¼	2,225
Ind. B. & W	36½	29¾	33	30¾	1,625
Long Island	63¾	62½	62½	62½	400
Lake Erie & Western	29¾	28	29¾	28¾	2,000
Louis. & Nash	56½	54¾	56	55¼	58,245
L. N. A. & Chic	64	61	62	60	400
Lake Shore	111	108¾	110¾	109	88,968
Manhattan Com	53	53	53	50	100
Manhattan	53½	46	53½	50	7,200
Manhattan Beach	16½	16½	16½	17	100
Mar. & Cin 1st pref	11	11	11		100
Mich. Central	85	81	84¼	80	790
Michigan Central	96½	93½	96	94¼	24,705
Minn. & St. Louis	2¾	2	2¾	2¾	1,900
do. pref	6¾	5¾	6¾	6½	2,750
Mobile & Ohio	18	17½	18	18¼	900
Mo. Kan. & Tex	41	39¾	39¾	41¼	30,500
Mo. & Pac	103½	100¾	103¾	101¾	39,350
Morris & Essex	122	121¼	121¼	122	470
Mem. & Chas	45	40	45	45	7,400
Mil. L. S. & W. pfd	48	45	45½	46	600
N. Y., C. & St. L	11½	10½	11	10½	5,045
Do pref	26¾	23	25	25½	5,150
Nash. Chat. & St. L	61	59¼	60	61	5,400
New Jersey Central	73½	71¼	72¾	71¾	34,930
N. Y. & H	172	172	172	172	30
N. Y. C. & H	127¾	124¾	125	125	23,870
N. Y. & N. E	48	48	48	45½	100
N. Y. L. E. & W	38	36¾	37¾	37¾	75,750
Do pref	79¾	78¾	79½	80	1,510
Northern Pacific	48¾	45¾	48¾	47¾	44,003
Do pref	84½	82¾	84½	83½	15,312
N. Y. Lake Erie & We	26	25¾	25¾	25¾	1,166
Norfolk & West pref	44¾	41¾	43¾	43	16,115
Ohio Central	12½	11½	11½	12¼	5,100
Ohio Southern	13	13	13	10	100
Ore. R. R. & Nav	138	135	135	135¼	320
Ohio & Mississippi	32	31¼	31¼	31	670
Oregon Trans	85¼	83	85	84	16,587
Pitt. Ft. Wayne & Chi	136½	136½	136½	136	15
Pullman Palace C. Co	121¾	120	121¼	121	785
Phil. & Reading	55	52¾	54¾	54¼	35,400
Peoria, Dec. & Evv	23½	22	23½	23¾	2,900
Roch. & Pitts	21	19½	21	19½	56,150
Ren. & Sara	142	142	142	140¾	20
Richmond & Al	12¾	12¼	12¾	13	300
Rich. & Dan	56	54½	56	55½	1,020
Rich. & West Point	26	25	26	26¼	1,600
St. Paul & Dul	39½	39¼	39¼	39½	200
St. P. & Duluth pref	93	93	93	95	100
St. P. M. & M	142	139¾	141	141	2,250
St. L. & S. Fran	32	30	31½	30¼	4,400
St. L. & S. Fran pref	51½	50	51	50	8,700
Do 1st pref	92	91¾	91¾	93	450
Texas & Pacific	40¼	37¾	40¼	38¾	55,550
Union Pacific	96½	91	95¼	96¾	463,714
Wabash, St. L. & P	32½	30¾	32¾	31¼	18,750
Do pref	52½	50¼	52¾	52¼	42,950
Mutual Union Tel	22½	21	21½	22	2,920
Amer Cable	67	66	66½	66¾	1,173
Western Union Tel	84¾	79¾	83¾	80½	223,532
Gold Stock Tel	96½	96½	96½		7
Adams Express	135	135	135	135	60
American Express	92	90½	90¾	91½	555
U. S. Express	63	61½	63	65	233
Wells Fargo Express	124½	122	124½	124	15
Pacific Mail	42¾	39¾	40½	40½	7,700
Col. Coal & Iron	29¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	1,700
Maryland Coal	17	17	17	..	150
New Central Coal	14	14	14	..	100
Homestake Min	17½	17½	..	17½	395
Ontario Mining	34	18	20	35	395
Quicksilver	8	8	8	8	100
Sutro Tunnel Co	¾	¾	¾	..	500

Total shares sold for the week.....2,520,426

CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS.

BOSTON, Saturday, Feb. 10, 1883.

	Yesterday.	To-day.		Yesterday.	To-day.
Water Power	3⅝		Old Colony	136	136½
Boston Land	6	6⅛	Allouez M Co. N	2½	2¼
A & Top. 1st 7s	121	121	Cammet & Hecla	242	242
Do. landgrant 7s	113½		Catalpa	100	87½
B. R. & Ed.	109¾	109¾	Franklin	13	12¾
A & Top R.	81¼	82	Pewabic (new)	8	8
Bost & A R R	175¼	175½	Quincy	50	50½
Boston & Maine	155½	155¾	Silver Islet	6	6
Chicopee & Glov	11¾	11¾	Wis Cen R R com	20¼	20
Cin San & Clove		22	Wis Cen R R pfd		31
Eastern RR	45	47	Flint & P Marq pfd	98½	..
Flint & Pere Mar	26¼	27	Osceola	30	31
Litt'n & Gt'smith	33	32	Huron	1¾	1¾
N Y & N Eng'nd	46	47½			

The shipments of flour, grain and provisions by the eastern railroads out of Chicago for the week ended on February 3 amounted to 45,051 tons (instead of 39,500 tons as was estimated a week ago), against 72,010 tons for the week of 1882. The following shows the movement by each road for the week ended on yesterday compared with that of the week of 1882:

Week ended on Feb. 11.—	1882.	1883.
Michigan Central, tons	12,367	8,605
Lake Shore, tons	12,299	7,733
Fort Wayne, tons	10,575	7,109
Pan Handle, tons	6,835	4,457
Baltimore and Ohio, tons	4,215	2,052
Grand Trunk, tons	7,256	3,785
Total tons	53,576	34,341

The gross earnings of the following railroads are reported:

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Number of miles	2,764	3,123	3,580
First week in February	$298,100	$377,400	$257,000
Jan. 1 to Feb. 7	1,469,767	2,024,300	1,636,700
CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Number of miles	3,775	4,104	4,465
First week in February	$177,071	$352,643	$214,000
Jan. 1 to Feb. 7	1,167,918	1,787,179	1,073,000
CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND OMAHA.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Number of miles	946	1,003	1,170
First week in February	$39,646	$73,069	$16,200
Jan. 1 to Feb. 7	297,433	401,000	348,900
ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Number of miles	597	661	726
First week in February	$50,800	$63,500	$53,300
Jan. 1 to Feb. 7	263,235	320,200	331,400
LONG ISLAND.	1881.	1882.	1883.
First week in February	$23,284	$28,371	$35,177
Jan. 1 to Feb. 7	127,797	159,934	164,433

The receipts of flour and grain at the principal Atlantic ports February 10 were:

	New-York.	Balt.	Phila.	Boston
Flour, bbls	14,883	2,497	600	9,540
Wheat, bush	30,000	64,289	7,000	5,975
Corn, bush	41,340	29,973	24,800	21,500
Oats, bush	9,800	2,400	1,750	18,400
Rye, bush	.....	200	.....	.....
Barley, bush	6,050	.....	.....	.....
Total bush	87,190	96,862	33,550	42,875

The following were the receipts and shipments at and from Chicago and Milwaukee Saturday:

RECEIPTS.	Chicago.	Milw'kee.	SAME DAY. *Chicago.	Milw'kee.
Flour, bbls	8,477	6,717	263	4,625
Wheat, bush	7,205	8,250	8,373	425
Corn, bush	97,066	2,350	2,247	450
Oats, bush	31,772	2,400	.....	800
Rye, bush	4,578	950	.....	.....
Barley, bush	22,807	13,460	3,521	12,360
Total bush	164,278	27,410	14,141	14,035

*Eastern roads not reported.

EUROPEAN FINANCIAL MARKETS.

LONDON, Feb. 10—12:30 p. m.—U S five per cent bonds, extended, 106; Atlantic and Great Western first mortgage trustees' certificates, 36⅞; do. second mortgage, 19½; Erie, 38¾; Illinois Central, 150½; Reading, 27¾; Mexican Railway, limited, Ordinary 14¾; Milwaukee and St. Paul common, 105½.

LONDON, Feb. 10—2:00 p. m.—Paris advices quote three per cent rentes at 73 francs 45 centimes for the account.

LONDON, Feb. 10—2:00 p. m.—Atlantic and Great Western first mortgage trustees' certificates, 36⅞; Erie second consols, 9½; New-York Central, 130¼; Illinois Central, 150¼; Reading, 27¾; Mexican Railway (limited) ordinary, 14¾.

LONDON, Feb. 10—4:30 p. m.—Paris advices quote three per cent rentes at 73 francs 37½ centimes for the account and exchange on London at 25 francs 24½ centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows an increase in specie of 3,843,000 marks.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—The Bank of Belgium has reduced its rate of discount to 3½ per cent.

THE MARKETS.

TOTAL RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

Per North River, Vessels and Railroads.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Feb. 10, 1883.

Ashes, pkgs	70	Meal, bbls	367	Cl'm'ts, pkgs	1,632
R Wflour, p	141	Grease, pkgs	260	Lard, tcs	442
Beans, bbls	3,317	Seed, bags	820	Leather, sides	15
Cotton, bals	8,767	Hides, No	825	Butter, pkgs	1,635
D Grain, pkgs	208	Hides, bal's	24	Cheese, pkgs	1,932
Eggs, pkgs	780	Lead, pigs	240	D Hops, No	460
Flour, bbls	13,068	Leather, sides	13,059	Rice, tcs	366
C Meal, bbls	305	Spt'r'ts, bbls	40	Rosin, bbls	54
C Meal, b'ks	382	Rosin, obls	237	R flour, pkgs	200
Wheat, bush	30,000	Oil, bbls	50	Redoil, bbls	60
Corn, bush	41,340	Oil, cases, pkgs	780	Sumac, hf'gs	182
Oats, bush	9,900	O. L'th'r, bbls	200	Tallow, pkgs	82
Malt, bush	8,400	Peas'ts, bags	9	T'bacco, hds	141
Barley, bush	6,050	Pork, pkgs	6	T'bacco, pkgs	359
Peas, bush	500	Beef, pkgs	158	Whi'ky, bbls	387

GENERAL MARKET REPORT.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Feb. 10, 1883.

ASHES—Quiet and unchanged.

COFFEE—Rio stock closed 7¾c. for Fair, with as high as 10c. asked; some parties on sale on the spot; stock here in first hands, 21,077 bags; options active and 2c to 35 points higher; 35,250 bags No. 7 sold at 8.10@8.15c. for March, 8.15@8.20c. for April, 8.05@8.20c. for May, 8.20@8.25c. for June, 8.30c. for July, 8.30@8.35c. for August, 8.90c. for November and 9.10c. for December. Mild grades firm; Good Cucuta quoted 10¾c.; 6,000 bags Maracaibo were sold from second hands, and 5,000 bags Costa Rica, part from second hands.

COTTON—Spot Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales, 625 bales; 1,00 bales last evening, all for home consumption. Delivered on contracts, 300 bales. Receipts at the port to-day, 1,100 bales, against 21,2[illegible] bales this day last week, and 10,622 bales last year. Futures opened 1@2 points, closing quiet but steady; sales, 34,200 bales. Prices paid: February, 10.22@10.23c.; March, 10.35@10.36c.; April, 10.47@10.50c.; May, 10.61@10.64c.; June, 10.73@10.78c.; July, 10.87@10.90c.; August, 10.98@11.00c.; October, 10.32@10.34c.; November, 10.20c. Closing prices: February, 10.21@10.23c.; March, 10.35c.; April, 10.48@10.49c.; May, 10.62@10.63c.; June, 10.[illegible]@10.77c.; July, 10.90@10.93c.; August, 11.03@11.05c.; September, 10.[illegible]@10.[illegible]; October, 10.32@10.34c.; November, 10.18@10.20c. Transferable orders 10.25c.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Low R. Market dull and in buyers' favor; export demand limited and 10c. over-all trade confined mainly to small parcels for urgent wants. Sales, 14,000 bbls, of which 10,000 bbls were for export including 1,800 sour. City Mill Extras, [illegible] 1,000 bbls. Rye Flour, $3 50@[illegible]; 1,000 bbls Low Grade Extra, $3.[illegible]. Corn Meal, [illegible] bbls Spring and Winter Wheat Extras, mainly within the range, $[illegible]@$5.00. Quotations: No. 2, $2.[illegible]@$3.00, latter extreme Superfine, $3.00@$3.25, latter extreme; Common to Fair Extra State, $3.50@$4.25; Good to Fancy do, $4.30@$4.87; Common to Good Extra Western, $3.[illegible]@$4.25; Good to Choice do, $4.30@$4.75; Common to Good Extra Round Hoop Ohio, $4.[illegible]@$4.60; Good to Choice do, $4.[illegible]@$5.00; Common Extra Minnesota, $3.[illegible]@$4.00; Clear, $4.15@$5.75; Rye Mixture, $4.[illegible]@$5.00; Bakers Extra, $5.25@$6.[illegible]; Straight, $5.10@$6.75; Patent, $6.[illegible] St. Louis Common to Fair Extra, $4.00@$4.50; Good to Very Choice, $4.60@$6.25; Patent Winter Wheat Extra, $5.[illegible]@$7.[illegible]; City Mill Extra for West Indies, $5.[illegible]@$6.[illegible]; South America, $5.60@$6.00; market closed dull.——SOUTHERN FLOUR steady with a fair demand. Sales, 300 bbls. Superfine, $3.[illegible]@$4.25.——BUCKWHEAT FLOUR $2.50@$2.75.——CORN MEAL quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Market about steady for cash lots; options opened [illegible] lower, subsequently lost most of the advance, and closed firm at [illegible] above the lowest prices; only a very limited business for export and City Milling; a large trade on speculative account; sales, 7,000,000 bush. for future, 130,000 bush. for cash, including Ungraded Western Red at $1.[illegible]@$1.[illegible], Steamer No. 2 Red, $1.[illegible]@$1.[illegible]; Steamer No. 2 Red, $1.17. No. 2 Red, $1.20@$1.24½ for certificates, $1.21¼@$1.21½ delivered; No. 1 Red, $1.24. Ungraded White, [illegible]@$1.[illegible]; Winter No. 2 Red February, $1.19¾@$1.20¼, closing $1.19¾; March, $1.20¼@$1.21¼, closing $1.20¼; April, $1.22¼@$1.23¼, closing $1.22¼; May, $1.23¼@$1.24¼, closing $1.23¼.——RYE—Market quiet and steady. State, [illegible] Canada, [illegible].——BARLEY—Western dull. No. 1 Canada, 94c.@97c.; No. 2, $1.[illegible]@$1.02; No. 1 Bright, $1.[illegible]@$1.[illegible].——BARLEY MALT quiet and firm.——CORN—Market about steady for cash lots; options opened [illegible] better, and subsequently lost most of the advance, closing firm at [illegible] above the lowest prices; only moderate receipts and light home trade demand; a very active business on speculative account; sales, 1,016,000 bush. future, 137,000 bush. cash, including Ungraded Western Mixed at 6[illegible]@74½c.; No. 3, 65½@[illegible]c.; Steamer Mixed, 67c.; No. 2 Mixed, [illegible]c.; No. 2 Mixed February, 71[illegible]@72[illegible]c., closing 72[illegible]c.; March, 71[illegible]@72[illegible]c., closing 72[illegible]c.; April, 71[illegible]@72[illegible]c., closing 72[illegible]c.; May, 70[illegible]@70[illegible]c., closing 70[illegible]c.; June, 69[illegible]@69[illegible]c., closing 69[illegible]c.——OATS—Market unsettled; prices lower, closing [illegible] above the lowest prices; options opened [illegible] better and closed dull, and a shade easier; sales, 210,000 bush. including No. 3 at 48c., No. 2, 48½c., No. 1 quoted 49c.; No. 3 White, 49c.; No. 2 White, 49½c.; No. 1 quoted 50c.; Mixed Western, 46@50c.; White do, 50@53c.; White State, 51@55c.; No. 2 Mixed February, 44½@44¾c., closing 44½c.; March, 45¼@45½c., closing 45¼c.; April, 45¾@46c., closing 45¾c.; May, 46¼@46½c., closing 46¼c.——FEED steady with a fair business; 40,000 bush. Western Corn Meal at 1[illegible]@1[illegible]c. Rye Feed, 90c.@$1.00.——HAY—Market is barely steady. The better grades are in demand and steadier. Straw firm. We quote: Hay, Medium to Prime Timothy, 70@80c.; shipping grades, 60@65c.; Cover 60@70c.; No. 1 Rye Straw, 60@65c.; short do, 60@65c.; Oat, 45@50c.

HIDES—Market unchanged.

HOPS—Continued quiet. Nothing of new import can be mentioned. The greater part of the supplies is in good hands and they are averse to selling at present prices. The country and foreign markets are dull. New State Clusters quoted 20@25c., other grades, 12@18c.; Langdon, 65@80c.

METALS—The Iron and Metal Exchange Review for the week says: Iron has been exceedingly dull all week. American Pig, opening barely steady on Monday, has weakened since, and closed quiet and heavy of the inactivity and pressure to sell. Foreign Pig opened weak, but stiffened slightly on Thursday, closing about steady, but dull. Old material has been quiet, but firm in steady all week, closing without material change, but with old rails slightly easier. The Opening for the week dull and easier, but moved after one in both activity and tone, closing strong and fairly active, with a sale of all of 25 tons Straits Feb.-March at 21c. The sales for the week are about 500 tons. Copper has been almost entirely stagnant since Monday, and closes dull and barely steady. Sales during the week of 500 tons Lake Ingot, 12½c. per lb. Tin has been quiet and nearly steady since Monday, closing weak. Spelter—Has again been neglected, but steady all week, closing easier.

MOLASSES—New-Orleans quiet and unchanged; new Porto Rico quoted 38c. for.

NAVAL STORES—Spirits Turpentine was generally quoted at 63@63½c. for southern although 75 bbls sold at the latter price; Rosins were active for export; there were reported sales of 6,000 to 10,000 bbls., mostly strained and good-strained, at $1.65@$1.70. Tar and Pitch quiet.

OILS—Linseed in fair demand and steady, 57@58c.; Calcutta, 58@59c. Sperm and Whale quiet both here and at New-Bedford. Cottonseed Oil in demand; sales 1,200 bbls. Refined Summer Yellow, 47½@50c.; some holders ask 52½c. for jobbing lots; 150 bbls. Crude sold at 40c. Prime Lard, 32@36c.; Prime Menhaden, 40c.

OCEAN FREIGHTS—A better business was done in berth room at irregular and easy rates. Charters quiet but steady. LIVERPOOL, steam, Grain quoted 7d.; 500 bbls Flour, 2s. 9d.; 170 tons do., 2s. 6½d.; 300 boxes Bacon, 35s. 6d.; 4,000 boxes Cheese, 40s.; Beef, 35s.; Pork, 42s. 6d.@ [illegible]; 1,000 bales Cotton, [illegible]d.; 200 tons