TWO NEW POLICE JUSTICES.

JOHN J. GORMAN AND DANIEL O'REILLEY.

RICHARD CROKER MADE A FIRE COMMISSIONER TO SUCCEED GORMAN.

The corridors of the City Hall, the Mayor's office and the rooms of the Board of Aldermen were filled at an early hour yesterday with a motley crowd of politicians. The Aldermen were mixed in with Hubert O. Thompson and other department heads, and clerks, laborers, and employes of high and low degree fairly swarmed in the costly decorated rooms of the Board. The great question to be decided was that in regard to the appointment of two Police Justices to succeed Bankson T. Morgan, Republican, and Gerson N. Herrman, a member of the County Democracy. Commissioner Thompson wanted Daniel O'Rielley, of the Public Works Department, appointed to succeed Herrman, and John Kelly insisted on the appointment of Richard Croker to succeed Morgan. The Mayor was besieged by representatives of the two factions during the entire morning. At noon he was closeted with Mr. Thompson, who feared that the Mayor would renominate Mr. Herrman instead of O'Reilley. John Reilly and other representatives of Tammany Hall were still anxious to have Croker made a Police Justice; but the Mayor was disposed, in deference to public opinion, not to appoint Croker to a judicial office. After numerous conferences and a great deal of bargaining it was finally rumored that the whole question had been settled. Fire Commissioner Gorman was to be made a Police Justice, Mr. Croker was to be made a Fire Commissioner, Daniel O'Reilley was to be appointed to succeed Mr. Herrman, and, to satisfy the friends of Mr. Herrman, he was to be made Water Purveyor at $3,000 to succeed O'Reilley, or else to be given some other office.

The rooms of the Aldermen were fairly packed with politicians when the Board was called to order at 1 p. m., and there was a crowd outside unable to gain admission. Without any waste of time two communications from the Mayor were read, one nominating John J. Gorman for Police Justice in the place of Mr. Morgan, and the other nominating Daniel O'Reilley in the place of Mr. Herrman. The Democratic Aldermen had previously held a caucus and agreed upon the immediate confirmation of the two nominations. But Mr. Wells, a Republican, was quickly on his feet and moved to lay on the table the motion to confirm Mr. Gorman. In seconding the motion to lay on the table Mr Waite said that Mr. Gorman would make a good Police Justice, but Mr. Morgan was a Republican and should be succeeded by a member of that party: and that his long and honorable service on the bench merited a reappointment. The motion to lay on the table was defeated, all the Democrats and Mr. Cochrane (Republican) voting against it. Mr. Gorman was then confirmed by a vote of 17 yeas to 7 nays. The seven Republican members of the Board all voted against confirmation. Daniel O'Reilley was confirmed by a vote of 19 to 5—Cochrane and Seaman (Republicans) voting in the affirmative.

Mr. O'Reilley, who was in the room, received the congratulations of his friends. A few minutes later Mr. Gorman and Mr. O'Reilley, in company with Richard Croker, "Mike" Norton, "Jimmy" Oliver, "Tom" Ecclesine and a large number of other ward politicians, were seated in the Mayor's office smoking 25-cent cigars. Mr. Gorman resigned as a Fire Commissioner and Richard Croker was appointed by the Mayor to fill the unexpired term of five and one-half years. Gorman and O'Reilley were then sworn in as Police Justices.

Mr. Gorman is a well-known Tammany politician. He is treasurer of the Tammany General Committee and a sachem in the Tammany Society. He is fifty-five years old and was appointed a Fire Commissioner in 1877 and re-appointed last May. Daniel O'Reilley was born in Ireland, but he has held office in this city almost since the time he became of age, being a well-known Third Ward politician. In 1866 he was elected to the Assembly as a Mozart Hall Democrat and was re-elected in 1867. At the expiration of his second term he was appointed Deputy Collector of City Revenue in the Finance Department, an office which he held during the time of the Tweed Ring and until 1874, when he was appointed Water Purveyor, the position which he resigned yesterday to accept the office of Police Justice at $8,000 a year for ten years. Richard Croker was also born in Ireland. His career as Coroner and ward politician is well known. He was elected an Alderman at the recent election. The vacancy will be filled by the next Board.

Mayor Edson said that he did not think the Republicans could complain because he did not appoint one of their number to succeed Mr. Morgan. He added that there were three prominent political parties in the city and they all had to be satisfied. The Mayor exhibited a letter from Abram S. Hewitt commending Mr. Croker and stating that he "would discharge the duties of Police Justice to the satisfaction of the public."

THE RAID ON THE DURANT ESTATE.

John H. Cheever of this city had for many years close business connections with Henry F. Durant, whose estate is threatened with litigation by his so-called widow, otherwise Mrs. Shelley. Mr. Cheever for the sake of his old friend has taken much interest in the affair and in conversation yesterday with a TRIBUNE reporter said:

"In the first place I want to set you right on a question of fact. *The Post* last night published an editorial upon the case in which some misstatements occur. Mr. Durant did not leave his property to be divided between his widow and children. He left no children, but bequeathed his entire property with the exception of two legacies amounting together to $30,000 to his wife. She will only enjoy the income during her life. The legatees who consist of his brother, to whom he left $20,000, and his niece, who got $10,000, will also only enjoy the income from these sums for life. Eventually the whole of his large property will revert to Wellesley College, on which he had already spent large sums and of which in fact he was the sole endower. There is one rather interesting thing I may mention. Some time ago, in 1882, letters from a New-York correspondent were printed in *The St. Louis Republican* and an extract of a rather virulent nature was printed in one of the New-York morning papers. The gist of the paragraph was that startling developments might soon be expected relative to Mr. Durant, for though he was not mentioned by name, there could be no mistake as to the reference. It was also hinted that Durant was an assumed name, and the general outline of this woman's story was traced. We naturally imagined that this was part of a blackmailing scheme, and accordingly used means to discover the writer of these letters. We traced the authorship to Joseph C. Hendrix, late candidate for the Brooklyn Mayoralty. After a time these anonymous attacks on a dead man's reputation ceased, and the subject was not brought up in public until its recent appearance in the Boston and New-York papers. As to the case itself I feel that it would not become me to give an opinion, though I have formed a very decided one as to the character of the suit. I received yesterday a message from one of the Judges of the Supreme Court to the effect that if such a case were brought before him he would use all possible means to effect the disbarring of the counsel engaged."

A LARGE SALE OF UPTOWN LOTS.

At the Exchange salesroom yesterday Richard V. Harnett sold at auction 136 vacant lots belonging to the estate of the late Governor E. D. Morgan. The prices realized were all that could be expected in the present dull condition of the real estate market. A. Van Tine purchased two lots in Sixty-ninth-st. for $23,100 each. Four lots in Seventieth-st. were bought by Charles Duggins for $74,400. The corner lot at Madison-ave. and Seventieth-st. was bought by John D. Cummins for $30,500. The Union Theological Seminary bought one lot in Seventieth-st. for $18,700. Corner lots at Central Park West and One-hundred-and-third and One-hundred-and-fourth sts. sold for $9,750 and $9,850. A lot at Central Park West and One-hundred-and-sixth-st. was purchased by W. Loughran for $10,200. E. P. Page paid $11,000 for the corner lot opposite to Mr. Lougran's purchase. Four lots in Ninety-seventh-st., between Central Park West and Ninth-ave., were sold for $16,150. The corner lots at Tenth-ave. and One-hundred-and-fiftieth and One-hundred-and-fifty-first sts. sold for about $3,100 apiece. The lots at the corner of the same streets and the Boulevard were bought for $4,200 and $3,050. The total sum realized at the sale was $764,256.

STEALING FROM PROMINENT CITIZENS.

The colored prisoners arrested recently for house thieving were arraigned at the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday. Julius Ringgold was held on one complaint, in default of $1,000 bail, for trial. Howard Connolly was held on three complaints, bail being fixed at $3,000 in all; Henry Hardy was held on four complaints, bail being fixed at a total of $5,000; Henry Harris was held on one complaint, bail being fixed at $1,000, and Walter Lightfoot was held on two complaints, the bail being fixed at $2,000. The complainants were the Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix, Nathaniel Gordon, jr., C. H. Marvin and Henry M. Baker. Dr. Dix recovered his seventy-dollar overcoat and a pair of gloves. Mr. Marvin recovered winter clothing for which he had recently paid $331. Mr. Baker recovered two overcoats and Mr. Gordon recovered his overcoat and other wearing apparel.

SUFFOLK COUNTY BI-CENTENNIAL.

By the record it was just 200 years ago on the 1st of the present month that Suffolk County was declared one of the twelve shires or counties of what was then the province of New-York. It was intended to have had the bi-centennial celebration on November 1, but in order to give time to the speakers to prepare their addresses it was set down for yesterday, and the place for holding it Riverhead, the county seat. The attendance was not as large as looked for. The parade took place in the morning. In the afternoon there was a meeting at the Methodist Church, at which addresses were delivered by Henry J. Scudder, Henry P. Hodges and the Rev. E. Whittaker, of Southold. At the evening meeting addresses were made by Henry A. Reeves, the Rev. Dr. S. E. Herrick and Charles R. Street. The private residences and stores were illuminated in the evening and the bi-centennial closed with a display of fireworks.

THE CIVIL SERVICE OF THE CITY.

MAYOR EDSON'S PLAN FOR ITS REFORM.

A CONFERENCE WITH THE STATE BOARD—WHAT IT IS PROPOSED TO DO.

Mayor Edson held a conference yesterday with the State Board of Civil Service Commissioners in regard to reforming the Civil Service of the city. Civil Service Commissioner Augustus Schoonmaker and Chief Examiner Silas W. Burt represented the State Board. The other persons present were the Mayor, Controller Grant, Charity Commissioner Porter, Dock Commissioners Voorhis and Stark, Street Commissioner Coleman, and Hubert O. Thompson, Commissioner of Public Works.

Chief Examiner Burt read the rules and regulations prepared at the suggestion of the Mayor. They apply to all departments except the police, health, fire, educational, and law departments, which are excluded by law. Elective officers and those under bond for the safe-keeping of money are also excepted from the application of the proposed rules. The proposed regulations divide the Civil Service of the city into four classes, which will correspond with the classification of the State Civil Service. Applicants for admission to the first three classes are to be examined either by competitive or non-competitive examinations. The fourth class will constitute laborers, or day workmen, who will not be examined, but all appointments and removals in this class must be reported to the examiners, in order that a complete record may be kept of the Civil Service of the city.

The State Board recommend the appointment of three Boards of Examiners. The first is to examine clerks, copyists, bookkeepers, etc., known as Class A; the second to examine employes who have executive and expert duties to perform; and the third board to be specially appointed to examine applicants for places under the Board of Charities and Correction. Mr. Burt said that it was deemed best to have a special Board of Examiners for the charity department, owing to the special and varied character of the duties performed by employes in that department. Each Board of Examiners is to be composed of three citizens appointed by the Mayor, and not more than two members of a Board shall belong to the same political party. The Mayor is to appoint a clerk and secretary for each Board. The compensation of examiners must be fixed by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment. All competitive examinations are to be confined to one class. In non-competitive examinations the applicants must fulfil certain requirements in order to be eligible for appointments.

The rules do not place any restrictions on removals, further than that the reasons therefor must be filed with the Board of Examiners; but, after the rules and regulations go into effect, no appointments can be made except among those persons who have qualified before the Board of Examiners. Chief Examiner Burt said that the State Board would favor a change in the laws governing the city so that the removals could be made at will. Commissioner Schoonmaker said that in his opinion the worst provision in the City Charter was that which restricted removals, and required the Mayor and heads of departments to go through the form of a trial when any person was to be removed.

The State Board of Civil Service Commissioners also recommended that the employes in the various departments be classified in regard to pay, so that men performing the same kind of work would receive the same pay. At the present time there is no classification whatever, Mr. Burt said, some men receiving 50 per cent more pay than others for performing precisely the same work.

The Mayor said that he regarded the recommendations made by the State Board as valuable, and he would carefully examine them, and appoint another conference at some future day.

INSURANCE NEWS AND INCIDENTS.

President Hyde, of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, is back at his desk and has resumed his executive duties. The Equitable's French department is now under the entire charge of James A. Tabor, formerly of New-York City, who will probably continue to act as the society's representative in France.

Some heavy lines of assurance on Southern and Southwestern railway properties expire this month, and will not be renewed. This is a matter of much grief to many brokers. Nine-tenths of all the railroads in the United States effect their insurance in New-York City and the commissions on these lines are generally "fat things."

The cancelling of the American risks of Reassurances Generalles, a French company, is among the current proceedings in fire insurance circles. During the week various policies on large dry-goods houses have been cancelled.

The several heavy losses that have occurred recently on cotton in transit in this city and elsewhere have led the fire insurance companies to contemplate an increase in rates. Rates on these risks have been ruinously low for a long time. However, it is not probable that any action will be taken immediately to advance rates on cotton in transit risks.

The New-York Life had a $20,000 endowment policy on the life of the late Dr. Sims, which is a noteworthy incident only for the reason that if he had lived a few weeks longer the policy would have matured by expiration of the term of insurance and been payable to his order.

A war in dwelling-house rates has been going on in special quarters lately, and favorite risks have been written as low as 15 cents for three years.

One of the insurance newspapers, yesterday, in calling attention to carelessness as the chief cause of fires, gave statistics showing that, aside from the loss of life by great conflagrations, about 300 persons are annually burned to death in the United States by the burning of dwellings, hotels, factories, etc.

Among the visiting insurance men yesterday were Robert Dearden, of Philadelphia, and A. F. Crocker and D. Montes de Oca, general agents of the Equitable for the City of Mexico.

L. C. Burt, general agent of the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, has transferred his headquarters from Philadelphia to No. 161 Broadway, New-York. A new department has been created, which includes Pennsylvania, New-Jersey Southern, New-York and New-York City.

L. Spencer Goble, manager for the Mutual Benefit Life of Newark, is just back from Europe where he has been spending several months in recreation.

MORE ABOUT UNEXPENDED BALANCES.

The Board of Estimate and Apportionment met in the Mayor's office yesterday and authorized the Controller to issue revenue bonds to the amount of $25,000 to meet the expenses of the Assessment Commission for its extended term of one year. The Controller presented a letter from the District-Attorney requesting a transfer of $3,000 from the unexpended appropriation for salaries for the year 1882 to the appropriation for contingencies for the District-Attorney's office for the present year, and offered a resolution to make the transfer. Commissioner Asten objected. He said he did not believe in the way such matters were sprung on the Board and rushed through before any opportunity was had to examine into them. The rules of the Board required that such resolutions lie over until the next meeting, and he insisted on the rules being enforced. The question then went over until the next meeting of the Board. The Park Commissioners sent a letter again requesting that the transfer of $9,500 asked for by them be made. No action was taken on the letter.

The claim of J. M. Lyddy, a lawyer and a member of the Tammany Hall General Committee, for $16,000 for alleged services rendered in 1881 in securing a decision on the question affecting the term of Surrogate Calvin, was brought up for discussion by the Controller. Alderman Reilly said that the Corporation Counsel ought to give an opinion as to the value of the services rendered. President Asten said that some of the items in the bill were extraordinary. A charge of $20 was made for serving a paper. It was moved and adopted that Mr. Lyddy be requested to furnish an itemized bill and that the matter be referred to the Controller and Corporation Counsel for a report as to the legality of the claim and value of the alleged services.

GOOD READING FOR BOYS.

A free reading-room for boys was opened in June of this year at No. 16 East Fourteenth-st., by the Young Ladies' Christian Temperance Union and the Boys' Loyal Legion. It is designed to benefit all boys employed through the day and to provide them a pleasant place in which to spend their evenings. They can play harmless games or read healthful books. The room is open every evening except Sunday from 7 to 9:30. A reception was given last evening. Mrs. Willis A. Barnes is the president, Miss Bartlett the treasurer, and Mrs. James Talcott and Mrs. James B. Colgate are members of the advisory committee. Philip Mollesen is the superintendent and Miss Cook assistant-superintendent.

STRIKES BEGUN AND THREATENED.

The employes in the carpet factory of E. S. Higgins & Co., at the foot of West Forty-third-st., consisting of 2,000 men and women, are on a strike against a reduction of 10 per cent in their wages. A meeting of the strikers was held at Wendel's Assembly Rooms, in West Forty-fourth-st., yesterday morning. Three trades unions were formed, one consisting of section hands, another of weavers and pickers and another of spinners and twisters. A committee of three from each union was appointed to form an executive committee which will have charge of the strike. E. S. Higgins, the head of the firm, said: "We are simply tired of paying from 25 to 30 per cent more to our hands than our neighbors; and, as business is dull and will be dull until spring, we took off the 10 per cent increase in pay which we gave to our employes a year ago last March. It is immaterial to us what the strikers do."

The situation of affairs with the striking cigar-box makers is unchanged. Meetings were held yesterday of the strikers at which they appeared confident. The manufacturers say that in the course of two weeks they will have a new set of hands.

There is a probability of a number of important strikes in the building trades. The carpenters expect a general movement looking toward a reduction in wages, and they are determined to resist it. The matter was brought up before the Executive Council of the Building Trades at its last meeting, and it was resolved to assist the carpenters by ordering a general strike whenever it was necessary. In addition to the strike on Jeans & Taylor's jobs, a strike has been ordered on the Navarro flats, at Fifty-ninth-st. and Seventh-ave., against the employment of "lumpers" and for the payment of full wages.

HUGUENOTS IN AMERICA.

MEETING OF THE HUGUENOT SOCIETY.

ADDRESSES BY JOHN JAY, ASSISTANT BISHOP POTTER AND BISHOP QUINTARD.

The French Protestant Church du St. Esprit was almost filled last night at the first public meeting of the Huguenot Society of America, which has recently been established. After singing and a prayer by the Rev. A. V. Wittmeyer, pastor of the church and secretary of the society, the president, John Jay, delivered an address. He referred to the object for which the society had been formed—the perpetuation and gathering together of the records of the Huguenots in America. He referred to the incalculable benefits conferred on this country by the emigration hither of Huguenot refugees, and quoted a glowing tribute of admiration from an address by Dr. Storrs. Mr. Jay then introduced Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee, who delivered an interesting discourse. He began by giving a brief account of the great Reformation in Europe in the sixteenth century. He said that in the twenty years preceding the Edict of Nantes 400,000 Huguenots left France, and 600,000 in the twenty years following the revocation of the edict. Most of these refugees were citizens of consideration. In 1664 the first Huguenot colony was settled in New-York, and in September of the year 1669 the town of New-Rochelle was founded.

After the singing of Rossini's Terzetto "Accorde nous les faveurs O Dieu" Assistant Bishop Potter made a few remarks. He said in part:

I am in no sense here to deliver an address, but have come to express my congratulations and rejoicing at the organization of such a society as yours. In such times as these we want to be reminded of things unseen yet eternal, of heroism which, though unseen, never dies; of courage and virtues which are an element of power in a community as well as a dignity to any name; and that is the reason that I am thankful that this association exists. It is a curious anomaly that in a Republic so altogether republican as ours, so eager to forget distinctions of rank and lineage held in esteem elsewhere, and make little of them, yet the New-Englanders and the Hollanders, the Irish and the Germans are all ever glad to go back on the trail of the past and rejoice to remind themselves of the honored names among their race and of the lines their own name has come down—or shall I say come up? This must be supremely a privilege of the members of this society, for what ancestry can boast itself as can the Huguenot? There are, we have been told, three strains in our State—Puritan, Dutch and Huguenot. In early history we find that they were all distinguished, but the last more especially, for a lofty and austere morality, for the largest charity and for the finest manners. Could there be more distinguished characteristics? The secretary of this society tried to make me believe that my own ancestry must have been Huguenot. I tried to see it myself, but unfortunately my ancestors are Quaker and I am a Puritan. Now, though the Puritans were distinguished for an austere morality, and perhaps for a large charity, it is undeniably rather to the Huguenots than the Puritans that the finest manners belong; certainly they cannot be proud of the kind of fine manners which drove my ancestors from Massachusetts to Rhode Island. If the former State had been settled by Huguenots rather than by Puritans their roots would be there to-day.

The speaker then referred to Millais's well known picture of the Huguenot lover and his Catholic mistress, and asked his hearers if they could forget "that expression, so tender, so gentle, but so courageous and so unyielding, which denoted that he would not save his life unless he saved his honor too," and summed up the meaning of the words "Noblesse oblige." He besought his hearers to remember the claims on them to be held in honored memory, of those forefathers who had held on to the faith which God had revealed to them in their closets and on their knees. He ended by adjourning those present to cherish the memory of their forefathers' virtues and to remember that "Noblesse oblige."

An interesting paper was then read by Professor Henry M. Baird, D. D., author of the "Rise of the Huguenots," on some historical aspects of the Huguenot community. Then the Rev. Dr. Thomas E. Vermilye made a few striking remarks. He said that "God had created the Huguenots for the great things which had to be accomplished to secure civil and religious liberty on the face of the earth." They had throughout their history given evidence, not only of a high probity, but of an earnest and unostentatious religion.

MR. JUDSON NOT TO LEAVE NEW-YORK.

A paragraph in the Brooklyn items of THE TRIBUNE yesterday stated that a call had been extended by the Marcy Avenue Baptist Church, of Brooklyn, to the Rev. Edward Judson, of the Baptist Mission at Bedford and Downing sts., New-York. Mr. Judson has been engaged in mission work about two years in New-York. He came here from Orange, N. J., leaving one of the principal churches there to enter into a field which he thought needed his efforts more. He was surprised yesterday to learn that any knowledge of his call to the Brooklyn church had become public, as it was only on Tuesday that the call had been extended him. "I have no intention of leaving my present field," he said. "I have been here just long enough to lay a foundation for good work and in this time I have met even with greater returns than I had reason to expect. Here, in the old Ninth Ward, there is a large American population that has been left by the churches that have moved uptown. These people need and deserve attention and they know very well what is a good church."

"You will not then accept this offer, probably?"

"I do not expect to, highly as I esteem it. I have no wish to leave this work. When I was informed a short time ago of the intention to extend to me this call, I wrote requesting that the church would not do so, as I could not accept it."

DR. DEEMS DENIES A PUBLISHED STORY.

In *The Graphic* of yesterday appeared a paragraph relating to the Church of the Strangers. It described a church quarrel in which two men, each Smith by name, were the contestants, and the Rev. Dr. Deems, the pastor of the the church, was said to have "castigated" the Smith who was not his favorite. Dr. Deems returned last night from Lafayette College, where he had delivered a philosophical lecture on Wednesday. "The story published in *The Graphic* is wholly false," he said. "There was no quarrel at our monthly meeting. The two Smiths mentioned in the article did take part in that meeting. One of them offered a resolution—an unimportant resolution—and the other raised an objection. The two men are the best of friends. One of them is Henry P. Smith, the artist, and a fine young man he is, too. I think it is a shame that a paper should print such false statements."

THE DISAPPEARANCE OF MR. FELLOWS.

No tidings of Robert Fellows, of Stamford, Conn., the missing mining broker and member of the firm of E. A. Bliss & Co., jewellers at No. 176 Broadway, were received yesterday by his friends, who declare that it is impossible that Mr. Fellows is on a protracted spree. He was an active church member, and was for a long time president of the Young Men's Christian Association of Stamford. Mr. Fellows was last seen at the liquor store of C. J. Donovan, at Cortlandt and Greenwich sts., on the evening of October 29. Mr. Donovan says that Mr. Fellows came into the place with Thomas B. Decker, superintendent of the Weehawken Ferry, both of the men being under the influence of liquor. They took one drink and Mr. Fellows went out alone.

THE CAUSE OF JOHN POTH'S DEATH.

Coroner Levy yesterday concluded the inquest in the case of John Poth, the driver of a meat wagon, who fell from the seat of his wagon on the night of October 3, at Pier No. 38 North River, and sustained injuries of which he died. The jury found that Poth came to his death by an accidental fall from his truck which caused a fracture of the skull.

"DON'T CUT ME UP."

From The Atlanta Journal.

Thursday night while Patrolmen Myers and Steerman were on their beat near Decatur-st., they were sent for to go over on lower Wheat-st. to squelch a row. While passing the medical college on Butler-st. they notice a man shying around in the dark. Suspecting that something was wrong, they gave chase and ran him some distance. No sooner had the officers started after him than he began to yell: "Murder! Oh, Lordy! Dem students!" After a run of more than half a mile he was caught.

"Why are you?" demanded Myers.

"Ain't dun nuffin, boss. 'Fore God I ain't," continued the excited negro.

"What did you run for?"

"Don't cut me up, fur de Lawd sake, master!"

"Who wants to cut you? What have you done?"

"Dem students—dem students! Oh, Lawd!" and the poor fellow fell to the ground yelling and screaming.

The officers pacified him, and finally found out that the supposed midnight prowler thought they were students hunting for somebody to dissect.

"JUSTICE'S JUSTICE" IN MAINE.

From The Boston Herald.

An astonishing specimen of "justice's justice" was afforded last week by a Farmington (Me.) functionary called Judge Chandler. One David Staples was suspected of stealing $30 from an uncle. There was no proof, but somebody remembered that at one time, how far back in the past is not stated, he did take a two-cent piece and a one-cent piece which did not belong to him, and for this crime David Staples was arrested, arraigned, convicted and sentenced by "Judge" Chandler to thirty days in jail—ten days for each cent. If any greater outrage has recently been perpetrated we don't want to hear about it. This is enough. And this happened in the same State where last month a murderer was allowed to escape on paying a fine and costs. *He* was rich and did not mind the fine, and the judge thought he ought to be spared the disgrace and given a chance to reform.

An English humorist is about to take steps to get a divorce from his American wife. She probably makes his life miserable by asking him for explanatory diagrams of his jokes.—[Philadelphia Call.

HOME NEWS.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS.

Brevoort House—The Right Hon. Sir Lyon Playfair, of England....*Fifth Avenue Hotel*—Dr. George B. Loring, United States Commissioner of Agriculture; Senator A. P. Gorman, of Maryland; the Rev. O. B. Frothingham, of Boston; A. V. Annesley, British Consul at Portland, Me., and Congressman Henry H. Bingham, of Philadelphia....*Hotel Brunswick*—The Earl of Denbigh and Viscount Fielding, of England, and Henry Rawle, of Philadelphia........*Buckingham Hotel*—Sir Charles Wolseley, of England........*Windsor Hotel*—J. H. Devereux and Stevenson Burke, of Cleveland....*Victoria Hotel*—Mayor W. G. Thompson, of Detroit, and Colonel Jonas H. French, of Boston....*Albemarle Hotel*—Martin Brimmer, of Boston......*Park Avenue Hotel*—Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee.

WHAT IS GOING ON TO-DAY.

Standard Oil Inquiry by Pennsylvania Legislative Committee.
Feuardent-Di Cesnola libel suit before Judge Shipman.
Funeral of Dr. J. Marion Sims in Madison Square Presbyterian Church, 10 a. m.
Gerald Massey's lecture in Chickering Hall.
Porter murder trial in Oyer and Terminer.
Second grade policemen's meeting in Germania Assembly Rooms.
Grand Jury's investigation into City Bureaus.
Mamon-Bibby wrestling match in Irving Hall.
Electrical Society at Greenwich and Liberty sts.
Meeting of Customs Inspectors.

NEW-YORK CITY.

The Southern Electric Light Company was incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $500,000.

Alfred C. Clark is to build a stable in Seventy-fifth-st., between Tenth-ave. and the Boulevard at a cost of $60,000.

The Board of County Canvassers yesterday canvassed the returns of the VIIth, VIIIth, IXth, Xth and XIth Assembly Districts.

The new church of the Disciples of Christ, West Fifty-sixth-st., between Eighth and Ninth aves., will be dedicated on Sunday morning.

The Harvard and Princeton football teams will play the first game of this year's series, for the inter-collegiate championship, at Princeton to-morrow.

The City Chamberlain has received $50 from "R." "to pay taxes on a very small estate," with the request that it be acknowledged in THE TRIBUNE.

CHARACTERISTICS OF HANDWRITING.

The Accountants and Bookkeepers' Institute held a meeting last evening at No. 29 Warren-st. D. T. Ames discussed the personal characteristics of handwriting and the methods of detecting forgeries.

PERE HYACINTHE IMPROVING.

Pere Hyacinthe is almost entirely recovered from his late indisposition, and will lecture in Steinway Hall on Tuesday evening next. On Sunday he will occupy the pulpit of the French Church du Saint Esprit, in West Twenty-second-st.

SALES AT THE METAL EXCHANGE.

The sales at the Metal Exchange yesterday were the largest yet made in one day, reaching 330 tons of tin and 100 tons of iron. The tin market was strong and excited, with a net advance of nearly ¾ of a cent per pound, and iron also was firm and 25 cents a ton higher.

DISCUSSING TESTING-MACHINES.

The Master Car Builders' Club held a business and social meeting last evening in the rooms at No. 113 Liberty-st. William R. Cock read a paper on "Testing Machines," and A. B. Chandler delivered an address upon the same subject. A general discussion followed.

BROCKWAY AND HIS FELLOWS INDICTED.

The Grand Jury yesterday found indictments against William E. Brockway, L. R. Martin, and Nathan B. Foster, who were arrested on Saturday for attempting to forge bonds of the Morris and Essex Railway. The indictments charge forgery in the first degree.

BENJAMIN FITCH'S WILL.

The late Benjamin Fitch, by his will filed yesterday, bequeaths his house, No. 61 Fifth-ave., to his grand-nephew, Benjamin Fitch, jr. To his nephew, Francis S. Fitch, he leaves the use of his property in Darien, Conn. He also makes provision for the Fitch Home for Soldiers at Darien.

"THE TIMES WE LIVE IN."

The Rev. Dr. J. R. Day, of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, delivered a lecture last evening at the Forsyth Methodist Episcopal Church in Forsyth-st., on "The Times We Live In." "We are bursting from the shell," he said, "and supplying possibilities to the world."

REINSTATED IN THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

F. M. Lockwood and William H. Bingham were reinstated as members of the Stock Exchange yesterday. Alexander Taylor, jr., was suspended for five days, by vote of the Governing Committee, on Wednesday, on account of indecorous language on the floor of the Exchange. These announcements were made from the rostrum yesterday.

A LUNAR RAINBOW.

The attention of hundreds of persons in the city early last evening was attracted by the appearance of the moon. The disc of the moon lay against a pale gold circular mass of cloud, the edges of which were warmly tinted with pink, with outer circles in varying shades of emerald, purple, scarlet and vermilion.

CONTINUATION OF THE HAYDEN SALE.

The sale of the Hayden library at the Clinton Hall salesrooms of George A. Leavitt & Co. was continued yesterday. The lots sold comprised law books and rare books of songs, besides engravings and etchings. There was a fair attendance, and considerable interest was manifested. The sale will be concluded this evening.

A MISSION IN A WRETCHED QUARTER.

In Baxter-st., between Worth and Leonard sts., was established a short time ago a mission under the auspices of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The mission rooms on the ground floor are neatly fitted up. Within a few days the upper floors of the mission house have been furnished for lodgings for men. The beds are new and the place is kept scrupulously neat and clean.

FARRAGUT'S VETERANS ORGANIZING.

About thirty of the seamen and marines who served under Admiral Farragut, in the West Gulf Squadron, during the Civil War, met last evening at No. 31 Park-place and formed a permanent organization under the name of the Farragut Association of the Port of New-York. J. J. Winn was elected president, Joseph Hadfield vice-president, and F. H. Grove secretary and treasurer.

LECTURE ON THE NEW TIME STANDARDS.

Professor J. K. Rees, of Columbia College, lectured last evening to the Engineering Society of the School of Mines, on the proposed new time standards for the United States. In a few years, he said, the system would be extended, probably, over the world and in time it was hoped that a universal standard would be agreed on for scientific purposes throughout the world.

COREANS BUYING CARPETS.

The Corean Ambassadors are busy preparing for their near departure by the United States steamer Trenton. Yesterday they made a visit of inspection to the dry-goods house of E. J. Denning & Co. and were surprised at the extent of the establishment. Among the many purchases made by the members of the embassy were a large quantity of Glenham velvet carpets, which will soon decorate their Corean homes.

SCULPTURES AT AUCTION.

Twenty pieces of statuary, the work of C. B. Ives, an American sculptor resident in Rome, were sold at auction last night in Matthews's Madison Square Art Rooms. A life-size statue of Undine, represented with robe draped on her outstretched arms, brought $1,300. A life-size statue of Jephtha's daughter, in Oriental dress, seated on a bank, brought $1,200. A life-size statue of Pandora sold for $1,225, and the rest of the pieces varied in price from $200 to $900.

THE AMERICAN ACTORS' FUND.

A meeting of the American Actors' Fund was held at the society's rooms in the Theatre Comique building yesterday. The president, A. M. Palmer, and Messrs. William Henderson, W. Florence, Mallory, Harrigan, Poole, White and others were present. At the beginning of the year $7,740 was set aside to meet the year's expenses and of this amount over $4,000 has already been spent and it is feared that the balance will be insufficient. By a unanimous vote authority was given to the trustees to act as they judged best in the matter.

DRAPER'S LIQUOR STORE CLOSED.

After the Excise Commissioners revoked the license for Draper's liquor store at No. 466 Sixth-ave., on Tuesday, they sent an inspector to take possession of the license. The place was closed afterward by direction of Captain Williams of the Twenty-ninth Precinct. Yesterday ex-Senator Ecclesine, Draper's counsel, served a notice on the Commissioners that he was about to apply to the Supreme Court for a mandamus to compel them to restore the license.

SWINDLED IN THE NAME OF A HOSPITAL.

A woman about twenty-five years old, of medium height and stout, with light brown hair and blue eyes, who called herself Mary M. St. Clair, recently applied for assistance at the St. Francis Hospital in Harlem. As she appeared to be ill and in great poverty she was kept at the hospital for some time and furnished with new clothing when she went away. Since then the woman has used forged letters purporting to have been signed by the Superior of the hospital in order to obtain money.

THE CUSTOMS OFFICER CHARGED WITH BRIBERY.

Thomas H. Whalen, a Custom House inspector, was charged by Francis Whitely, of Philadelphia, who arrived here with his wife from Liverpool on the Guion steamship Arizona on September 3, with extorting from him a bribe to pass his baggage. Collector Robertson investigated the charge and sent the result to Secretary Folger with a recommendation that Mr. Whalen be dismissed. The papers were returned from Washington yesterday, Collector Robertson's decision was overruled and the matter is referred to United States District-Attorney Root for investigation.

BROOKLYN.

Considerable work has been already done upon the new road to run from the Ocean Parkway at Coney Island to Manhattan Beach.

A young woman who claimed to be Mrs. Sadie E. Rivers, of Nyack, N. Y., secured a warrant yesterday for the arrest of H. F. Rivers, of Brooklyn, claiming that he was her husband and the father of her seven-months child, and had abandoned her.

The Boards of Aldermen and Supervisors confirmed the tax rolls for 1884 yesterday. Taxes are payable on December 1.

Michael J. Dady, the Superintendent of Repairs upon Federal Buildings, stated in court yesterday that he owned a square block in South Brooklyn, to the amazement of those who knew him a few years ago when he did not own any property.

Seven "assisted immigrants," Patrick Lavelle, his wife their four children and his mother, who lately came from County Mayo, Ireland, and on their arrival were sent to the Kings County Almshouse, were placed on board the steamer State of Georgia on Wednesday night to return to Ireland.

At a meeting of representatives of the various amateur dramatic societies, relative to the project to build a new opera house to rival the Academy of Music, it was decided to submit the matter to each of the societies for action. It was reported that a site could be bought and a suitable building put up for $200,000. Congressman-elect Felix Campbell was reported to be willing to invest $100,000 in the project and guarantee six per cent to the stockholders. The project meets with much favor.

The sixth annual convention of delegates from the Sunday-schools of King's County was held yesterday in the Strong Place Baptist Church. Upward of 300 were present. J. W. Cummings was chosen to preside and George Williams as secretary. The Rev. Dr. F. H. Kerfoot greeted the delegates in behalf of the Church. The following permanent officers were chosen: President, Horace B. Griffin; vice-presidents, Messrs. George A. Bell, T. C. Stokes, John D. Prince, W. C. Anderson, E. E. Nellis and J. W. Cummings; Secretaries, John R. Morris and George Williams; Committee on Resolutions, Benjamin H. Bayliss George A. Bell and S. H. Macdonald.

JERSEY CITY.

Edward Rose, one of the drillers in the Pennsylvania freight yard, was struck and fatally injured by a train yesterday, at the Henderson Street crossing.

Some miscreant, by means of false keys, obtained admission to the lecture-room of the Bergen Baptist Church, either on Tuesday or Wednesday night, and stole a roll of velvet carpet and an organ cover. Before leaving he cut the pulpit table cover, chair covers and baptismal gowns, and tore up a book.

It was rumored in Jersey City yesterday that President Beach and Commissioners Smith and Tilden of the Board of Finance had resigned. The rumor, in connection with the fact that the Grand Jury has been investigating the affairs of the Board of Finance, occasioned considerable comment. A TRIBUNE reporter investigated the rumor and learned that it was only partly true. Mr. Tilden, the only member of the Board who has resigned, sent his resignation to Mayor Taussig, declaring that his action was prompted solely by the advice of his physician. His resignation, he says, has no political significance. Mr. Beach, however, freely declares his intention of resigning. He says that he never sought the office and does not want it. He is and has been doing everything in his power for the best interest of the city, and he is annoyed and worried by the frequent investigations and attempts to investigate the affairs of the Board.

NEWARK.

A month ago Rose Scheibner, the wife of the proprietor of a restaurant at No. 19 Springfield-ave., eloped with Herbert Schlichter, a customer. The wife was soon afterward found domiciled with her mother and Schlichter at No. 33 Prince-st. She subsequently began proceedings for divorce, and Schlichter paid a lawyer $70 as a retaining fee. A few days ago Mrs. Scheibner returned repentant to her husband, who received her. Schlichter thereupon wrote a letter demanding the repayment of the $70 which he had given the lawyer as a retainer and threatening bodily harm if the money was not forthcoming in twenty-four hours. Police Justice Ricord issued a warrant yesterday for Schlichter's arrest.

STATEN ISLAND.

TOTTENVILLE.—The ferry-boat Maid of Perth, of the Staten Island Railway Company, while entering her slip at 7 a. m. yesterday, ran against the bridge with great force. A team attached to a large truck on the rear of the boat, frightened by the collision, backed overboard. The horses sank with the truck and were drowned. The team was owned by the terra-cotta works of Perth Amboy.

MIDDLETOWN.—A special meeting of the taxpayers and village officials was held in the school-house of District No. 2 on Wednesday to consider the necessity of enlarging the school-house. Dr. John L. Feeny, health officer of the village of Edgewater, was requested to prepare a report on the sanitary condition of the school-house. Dr. Feeny's report stated that he found the premises altogether inadequate for the number of pupils in the building.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

WHITE PLAINS.—The Grand Jury in the case of Dr. Caroline G. Marr, of the Mount Vernon branch of the New-York Infant Asylum, failed to find an indictment.

DOBB'S FERRY.—Gustav Peters, a Swede, yesterday jumped off a passenger train of the Hudson River Railroad, breaking his hip bone and injuring his spine.

Catarrh.

At this season of the year everybody has a cold, and some very bad ones. By frequent exposures the membranes of the nose become very sensitive, and catarrh and influenzas are epidemic. Relief may be obtained by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"For many years in succession, beginning so far back I don't remember when, I had the catarrh in my head. It consisted of an excessive flow from my nose,

Ringing and Bursting Noises

in my head. Sometimes the heartache in my left ear was affected. Five years ago, about this season of the year, I began to use Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was helped right away, but I continued to use it until I felt myself cured."—Mrs. Eliza D. Caulfield, Lowell, Mass.

Jerome Brownell, merchant and extensive miller at Victor, Ontario County, N. Y., writes: "I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for my catarrh, and it has helped me. I consider Hood's Sarsaparilla one of the best remedies for blood-disease to be obtained."

100 Doses One Dollar.

"I have been troubled with that distressing complaint, catarrh, and have been using Hood's Sarsaparilla, and find it one of the best remedies I have ever taken. My trouble has lasted ten years, and never could get any relief until I commenced to use Hood's Sarsaparilla."—Martin Shield, Chicago, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Sun rises 6:49; sets 4:41 | Moon rises 6:03 | Moon's age, ds. 17

HIGH WATER TO-DAY.

A.M.—Sandy Hook, 8:47 | Gov. Island, 9:16 | Hell Gate, 11:05
P.M.—Sandy Hook, 9:14 | Gov. Island, 9:32 | Hell Gate, 11:32

FOREIGN STEAMERS DUE AT THIS PORT.

TO-DAY.

Vessel.	From.	Line.
Rugia	Hamburg	Hamb.-Amer.
Anchoria	Glasgow	Anchor
Chateau Leoville	Bordeaux	Bordeaux
Rialto	Hull	Wilson
Amerique	Havre	French Trans
Warwick	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lydian Monarch	London	Monarch
State of Nebraska	Glasgow	State
Westernland	Antwerp	Red Star
Greece	London	National
Habsburg	Bremen	N. G. Lloyd
Baltic	Liverpool	White Star

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17.

Vessel.	From.	Line.
Geiser	Copenhagen	Thingvalla
Italy	Liverpool	National
Elbe	Bremen	N. G. Lloyd

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 18.

Vessel.	From.	Line.
Silesia	Hamburg	Hamb.-Amer.
City of Berlin	Liverpool	[illegible]
Amsterdam	Amsterdam	Amsterdam

SHIPPING NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-YORK........THURSDAY, NOV. 15, 1883.

ARRIVED.

[illegible]

SUNSET—Wind at Sandy Hook, light, SW; hazy. At City Island, light SSW; clear.

Arrived yesterday—

[illegible]

CLEARED.

Steamer Roanoke, Couch, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond—Old Dominion Ss Co.
Steamer Manhattan, Stevens, West Point, Va—Old Dominion Ss Co.
Steamer John Gibson, Young, Alexandria via Georgetown—Thos W Wightman.
Steamer Josephine Thompson, Moore, Baltimore—J S Krems.
Ship Ferdinand (Nor), Lukins, Liverpool—Benham & Boyesen.
[illegible]

SAILED.

Steamers City of Richmond, for Liverpool; France, London; State of Georgia, Glasgow; [illegible], Hamburg; Orinoco, Bermuda; City of Augusta, Savannah; Roanoke, Norfolk; Manhattan, West Point, Va. [illegible]

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

WHISTLING SIGNAL BUOY OFF EASTERN POINT, GLOUCESTER.

Notice is hereby given that on or about Nov 20, 1883, a Whistling Signal Buoy will be moored in 16½ fathoms of water, off Eastern Point, Gloucester Harbor, Mass. [illegible] This buoy is surmounted by a whistle, sounded by the motion of the sea, and giving from 20 to 30 blasts a minute.

By order of the Lighthouse Board.

STEPHEN C. ROWAN,
Vice-Admiral U. S. Navy, Chairman.

Washington, DC, Nov 13, 1883.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ship Anna (Ger), Monkens, at London from New-York, is leaky.

THE MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

FOREIGN PORTS.

LONDON, Nov 15—Arrived, steamer Erin (Br), Griffiths, from New-York Nov 4.

[illegible]

DOMESTIC PORTS.

[illegible]

As a disinfectant Platt's Chlorides is especially recommended. Odorless, prompt, thorough and cheap. It's just what every family needs. Try it.

By using Platt's Chlorides freely much sickness, sorrow and trouble may be prevented. It is the best disinfectant, and has no objectionable features.

Careful housekeepers use Platt's Chlorides and thus, by thoroughly disinfecting every suspicious place, enjoy freedom from disease.

Druggists everywhere sell Platt's Chlorides, and every intelligent family should use it as the best disinfectant known. Try it, you will like it.

Each bottle of Platt's Chlorides prepares over two gallons of disinfecting fluid strong enough for household purposes. Price, 50 cents. It will pay you to use it.

For all the purposes of household disinfection, for cleaning closets, sinks, cesspools, &c., use always Platt's Chlorides. Druggists sell it.

Get a bottle of Platt's Chlorides from your druggist to-day, and thoroughly purify the water-closets, drains, sinks, cesspools and cellars. It will pay.

Having used Platt's Chlorides to disinfect the pipes and closets of your own house, recommend your neighbor to do the same.

If every family used Platt's Chlorides the sewers would be so thoroughly purified that scarlet fever, diphtheria, etc., would be unknown.

HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D.,
144 Lexington-ave., between 29th and 30th sts. Hours, 8 to 1, 5 to 7. Diseases of the Nervous system, Genito-Urinary Organs. Impotence and sterility.

SKINNY MEN.—"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence. $1.

The surpassing merits of the Willcox & Gibbs AUTOMATIC Sewing Machine will be fully demonstrated to you by a thorough and practical test. Sews from the spool direct. 658 Broadway, New-York.

"UNCOMFORTABLE PEOPLE."

SOME ONE HAS SUGGESTED AS A TYPE OF IT THIS PICTURE OF A BOY WHO IS TOLD HE IS GOING TO BE PUT BACK IN FROCKS ABOUT A WEEK AFTER HE HAS HAD HIS DEBUT IN KNEE BREECHES. ANOTHER: "TYPE" IS THE MAN WHO HAS ORDERED A SUIT OR OVERCOAT FROM HIS TAILOR AND HAS TO WAIT THROUGH THIS COOL WEATHER UNTIL THE GARMENTS ARE MADE; OR, PERHAPS, AFTER THEY ARE MADE, HAS TO RETURN THEM FOR ALTERATION, BECAUSE TAILORS, YOU KNOW, DON'T ALWAYS GIVE FITS. MEN ARE LEARNING THE CONVENIENCE AS WELL AS ECONOMY OF READY-MADE CLOTHES, JUDGING FROM OUR INCREASED SALES OF FINE SUITS AND OVERCOATS THIS SEASON. OUR BEST GOODS ARE EVERY WAY EQUAL TO CUSTOM WORK. WHY NOT TEST THIS MATTER AND SAVE A FEW DOLLARS?

THIS NOTICE IS INTENDED CHIEFLY FOR BOYS' CLOTHING, OR RATHER IT WAS TO HAVE BEEN ADDRESSED TO THE MOTHERS OF BOYS WHO USUALLY BUY THE CLOTHES. IT IS SO PLEASANT TO WRITE FOR THE LADIES, AND WE ARE TOLD THAT SOME LADIES IN THIS TOWN READ OUR ANNOUNCEMENTS REGULARLY IN THE COLUMNS OF "DEATH NOTICES." BUT WE MUST REMEMBER: IF THERE'S A BOY IN NEW-YORK NOT IN SOME PART OF OUR CLOTHING, IT'S THE CHRONIC STATE OF A BOY'S WARDROBE, DOES YOUR BOY NEED A SUIT OR OVERCOAT, SHIRTS, WARM UNDERWEAR, HOSE OR GLOVES, SHOES OR A HAT? IF ANY OR ALL OF THESE THINGS ARE TO BE BOUGHT, WHAT BETTER CAN YOU DO THAN TO COME HERE WHERE THEY ARE TO BE FOUND IN SUCH VARIETY AS TO RENDER CHOOSING VERY EASY. TO PRINT A LIST OF PRICES WOULD CONVEY NO IDEA OF THE GOODS, BUT IN DEALING WITH US YOU HAVE ALWAYS THE PROTECTION OF OUR LEGAL GUARANTEE WHICH ENTITLES YOU TO A RETURN OF MONEY FOR GOODS SENT BACK.

Rogers, Peet & Co.,

CLOTHES, HATS AND SHOES,
569-575 BROADWAY,
OPPOSITE
METROPOLITAN HOTEL.