MCCAULL HELD FOR TRIAL.

STORY OF THE ASSAULT TOLD IN COURT.

ACCOUNTS THAT DIFFERED IN VARIOUS PARTICULARS—THE DEFENDANT GIVES $300 BAIL.

A few theatrical people strolled into the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday about 4 p. m. Prominent among them were Rudolph Aronson and John McCaull. The case of Aronson vs. McCaull was called, and David Leventritt for the former, and ex-Judge Dittenhoefer for the latter, stepped up to the clerk's desk and had a little chat with Justice Kilbreth. The Justice then led the way to the examination room on the north side of the building. As that contained only five chairs, and there were over a score of persons to be accommodated, a second exodus to the small court room on the other side of the building was made at the Justice's suggestion. When all were comfortably seated Rudolph Aronson took the witness-stand and identified Mr. McCaull as his assailant. He said that after a controversy over the disputed $100 Mr. McCaull called him "a blank blank liar." He retorted by saying: "If you say that you are a blank liar." Mr. McCaull struck him a violent blow, grazing the skin, and then clinched with him and held him pinioned until assistance arrived. He denied that Mr. McCaull begged him to be quiet for fear of a panic arising in the theatre; and said that from the position of his office it would have been impossible for any sound to reach the auditorium. He said further that he was not excited during the conversation. Even when he was called a liar he was not particularly moved, because it was "only McCaull" who applied that epithet. It appeared also from his testimony that it was a threat of Mr. Aronson's to deduct the $100 from Mr. McCaull's share of the night's receipts that brought the latter over from his office in the Mystic Flats to ask an explanation.

Edward Aronson substantiated his brother's testimony, adding that the blow delivered by Mr. McCaull was a "terrific" one and "like a cannon-ball,"—which caused Mr. McCaull to double himself up in his mirth.

Herman Meyer, the Aronsons' office-boy, told the same story, denying in answer to Mr. Dittenhoefer that he had talked about the matter to the Aronsons "more than once." He said that Mr. Aronson did not cry out for the police, and that he (the witness) brought the ticket-taker, Ford, of his own accord.

Mr. McCaull then took the stand. According to him, the claim for the $100 was utterly unreasonable, and when he was told that it was to be deducted from his receipts at Mr. Aronson's order, he went over to expostulate. When Mr. Aronson said that the agreement called for the payment, the witness said: "That's in keeping with the other lies you have caused to be published about me," to which Mr. Aronson replied: "That's a blank lie." "Then," said Mr. McCaull, "I tipped his face with the ends of my fingers, and when he arose and shouted 'Police! Police!' I grappled with him and assured him I would not hit him. The cut on his forehead was caused, I think, by his falling against the sharp angle of a partition in the room. I swear I did not cause it with my hand." Mr. Aronson, according to Mr. McCaull, was excited, though not boisterous, and exceedingly insulting in his manner. The witness was asked by the plaintiff's counsel if he had ever assaulted, among others, "Phil" Goatcher, the scenic artist, a German barber, a deputy sheriff, and several employees at the Bijou Opera House. All these questions were excluded.

W. J. McBride corroborated Mr. McCaull's testimony, admitting on cross-examination that he had thrown Edward Aronson to the ground when he saw him hastening to his brother's rescue.

Justice Kilbreth announced that he must send the case to trial. The defendant elected to be tried at the Special Sessions and was held in $300 bail. The bail was furnished by George Dunlap, a business associate of Mr. McCaull.

CITY BUSINESS AT A STANDSTILL.

MANY DEPARTMENTS DESERTED.

HEADS AND SUBORDINATES IN CHICAGO SHOUTING FOR CLEVELAND.

A languid interest was shown yesterday in the exchanges and other public places in this city over the news from Chicago. The general opinion appeared to be that Cleveland would be nominated, but it was evident that his name would awaken no enthusiasm. The men who are the most interested in his success, and who have been doing all the talking here for him, are the Democratic officeholders and politicians; and they have nearly all gone to Chicago. So far as Republicans are concerned, the expression was general that Cleveland would be the easiest man to defeat. At the rooms of the Republican National Committee everybody present expressed the hope that Cleveland would get the nomination. At the City Hall and in the municipal departments business is at a standstill owing to the absence of the well-paid city officials. In the District-Attorney's office, the District Courts, the Department of Public Works, the Law Department and other branches of the city government important cases are awaiting the return of the department heads and their principal assistants. No meeting of the Police Board can be had because Commissioners Matthews and Nichols, with a number of subordinates, are in Chicago. In the Fire Department, which is supposed to be divorced from politics, and where high salaries are paid for the protection of life and property, there is even a worse condition of affairs than in the Police Department. Two of the three Fire Commissioners, Purroy and Croker, are in Chicago, and with them the assistant chief, the head of the third battalion, and also the heads of four other battalions, together with other subordinates. In the Public Works Department, Commissioner Thompson has taken with him to shout for Cleveland and Civil Service Reform—J. J. Mooney and various other bureau heads, and a "gang" of inspectors, clerks, laborers, engineers and others, under the command of his cousin, Architect Smythe. Flynn and Cunningham, the $600 order monopolists, have also gone and taken with them Inspector Babcock and the other inspectors who look after the $900 jobs. It is regarded as a holiday time in that department; though those who remained at home were expected to contribute liberally toward paying the expenses of the "shouters" for Cleveland who went to Chicago.

District-Attorney Olney took with him his $7,500 assistants, Fellows, Farris, and Fitzgerald, and some subordinates. In the mean time the men accused of crime will await the action of the Chicago Convention before they can be tried. County Clerk Keenan took with him Deputy Beattie and others. In the Corporation Counsel's office Boyd and Beardslee, both at the head of bureaus, accompanied the other Cleveland workers. The Excise office might as well be closed in the interest of Cleveland, as Commissioners Mitchell and Baughton took with them the secretary of the Board and a large number of other subordinates. Dock Commissioner Voorhis took with him Dock master Hall and other $2,000 subordinates. Sheriff Davidson was accompanied by Deputies Finn, Dongan, Broderick, Wild, Maxwell and others. They all promised to work hard for Cleveland, in order that he may continue to ignore the grave charges against the Sheriff. Charities Commissioner Keenan, Park Commissioner Crimmins, Commissioner Campbell, Register Reilly, the Mayor's Marshal, and other important officers and 198 clerks and others are also absent at Chicago. The Assessors Commission office is entirely closed. Stenographer Dickinson is acting as official stenographer of the Convention, and clerk Martin and some members of the commission are also in Chicago. Business in many of the District Courts is entirely suspended. Civil Justice "Mike" Norton, who is a Cleveland delegate, has company in Justices Ford, Kelly, Gorman, Duffy, O'Reilly, Power and White, and also in the clerks of several of the courts. Fourteen Democratic Aldermen, the clerk, deputy clerk and sergeant-at-arms and minor clerks are also in Chicago.

Nearly all of these officials are earnest Cleveland workers. They all draw their salaries for full time. Many of them sold their salaries for the present month, before their departure, in order to pay expenses. In their services are worth anything to the city it will lose by their absence at Chicago about $20,000 in salaries alone, and few of them will be fit to do any work until at least a week after their return.

TO CHANGE BANKING METHODS.

DISCUSSION OF IMPORTANT REFORMS BY THE CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION.

On June 4 the Clearing House Association appointed a committee to consider reforms in the methods of doing business between the associated banks. The committee consisted of the following bank presidents: George S. Coe, George H. Potts, O. D. Baldwin, John Jay Knox and E. L. Edwards. A well attended meeting of the Clearing House was held yesterday, at which the report of the committee was received. The measures proposed involve a radical change in existing customs, the most important being the discontinuance of interest upon deposits received by the banks, and the adoption of some plan for avoiding the necessity of over-certification of checks. The recommendations of the committee are as follows:

First—That no bank member of the Clearing House Association pay interest upon deposits after July 1, 1884.

Second—That to secure uniformity in the business of the banks, no bank member of the Association will redeem the checks through the Clearing House of any other bank, banker or trust company not a member which, (1) pays interest upon deposits payable on demand, and which, (2) does not carry the same cash reserve as the law now requires the National Banks to carry. And to verify their compliance with this recommendation, weekly statements shall be made to the manager of the Clearing House, by all such parties, in the same manner as is required of the regular members of the Association.

Third—That no compensation in any form, directly or indirectly, shall be given by any bank member of this Association for such deposits.

Fourth—That any infraction of the above rules shall be regarded as a forfeiture of membership of the Association, subject on complaint of any member to investigation by the Clearing House Committee, in the manner provided in the Constitution.

Fifth—That checks drawn upon banks and bankers out of the city shall not be taken on deposit and credited as cash subject to immediate check, but that the Clearing House Committee shall fix a minimum rate at which all such drafts and checks will be taken and credited as cash.

Sixth—That the banks will use their influence to secure some mode of exchange or settlement of transactions in the New-York Stock Exchange, whereby the large volume of checks which now pass between banks dealing with parties engaged in that business may be diminished, and that the Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange be urgently requested to give this subject their immediate attention.

Seventh—To give ample time for preparation, these recommendations shall go into full and binding operation not sooner than the 1st July, 1885.

Eighth—If unanimously adopted by this Association, that the Committee recommend the same to Clearing Houses in Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and other large cities.

There was an extended discussion, and while the general sentiment of the bank presidents was favorable to the proposed reforms, it was recognized that the most conservative action should be taken. In order to allow time for the expression of opinion by the directors of the different banks, the report was referred back for further consideration. It was also decided to increase the number of the committee to eight. The meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

There was some apprehension expressed that the abolition of interest on deposits would cause some of the country banks to withdraw their deposits and so tend to make money there stringent. Manager Camp said that since the May stock panic the out-of-town deposits had been reduced $70,000,000 and he did not think there could be much left. The fact that none of the measures proposed by the committee, if adopted, were to be put into effect for about a year would show the needlessness of any anxiety.

A DYETT & CO. SUSPEND.

FORMAL FAILURE OF A FIRM THAT WAS BROKEN DOWN BY THE ENO DEFALCATION.

Just before the close of the Stock Exchange yesterday, notice was sent to the chairman that A. Dyett & Co., brokers at No. 80 Broadway, had suspended payments. The announcement caused no surprise, as the firm has been practically considered out of business since the developments regarding John C. Eno, recently the president of the Second National Bank. The house has no outstanding contracts at the Stock Exchange. The firm was composed of Arthur Dyett and A. R. L. Norton, both members of the Exchange. They have been in business for several years and stood high in the esteem of their fellow brokers.

The firm was brought to the verge of failure on May 13 last, by the refusal of the Continental National Bank to certify its checks, after a large amount of certification had been done for it. A formal suspension was avoided in the face of the heavy fall in stocks and the several failures of Stock Exchange firms which followed for the next few days, by William Heath & Co. helping Dyett & Co. to carry out their contracts. It was learned subsequently that the house had been operating heavily for Mr. Eno and that a large part of the losses of his speculations fell upon it. It is generally believed that since the Eno developments the house has been liquidating its accounts so as to protect the friends who came to its assistance during the May financial storm. A short time ago the Second National Bank began a suit against the firm to recover the moneys of the bank which Mr. Eno had diverted to it for speculative purposes, it being alleged that the firm must have been cognizant of the source from which they came. It is suggested that there may be a connection between this action and the present formal suspension. The condition of the firm is not known. The suspension was announced at so late an hour that when inquiries were made at the firm's office both members had gone home for the day.

INSURANCE NEWS AND INCIDENTS.

At meeting of fire underwriters yesterday, the Van Valkenburgh loss was settled for $207,000, or 29 7-100 per cent of the amount of insurance involved. This loss was the heaviest one in the Thomas-st. fire of April 29.

The statement is made by one of the insurance newspapers that "in nine years from fifty millions to sixty millions of the nearly seven hundred million dollars worth of property destroyed in the United States have been caused by a deficiency of a few inches in the annual rainfall." Signal Service data and fire loss statistics clearly demonstrate that the interdependence between the precipitation and the fire loss is much closer than is commonly supposed.

The question of warranty in a life insurance application is being pretty thoroughly discussed by life underwriters, and the sentiment seems to be fairly divided as to whether the statements of the applicant should be regarded as warranties or representations. The companies of the more liberal sort, such as those which issue incontestable policies, and whose contracts do not depend for enforcement on a rigid interpretation of words, are disposed to allow the applicant considerable latitude in making his replies to these questions, while the position of those of the old school is to insist on the absolute warranty of every statement.

Midsummer dividends, so far, have been few and far between among the city companies. Perhaps this is chiefly to be accounted for by the fact that the fire loss in the country at large during the first dividend-earning period of the year—from January to June—was 20 per cent greater than for the same period in 1883.

KILLED AT NOON IN FIFTH AVENUE.

A runaway horse, attached to a light covered wagon, dashed down Fifth-ave. above Fourteenth-st. at noon yesterday. Fourteenth-st. was crowded with shoppers. Several persons were crossing the avenue when warning shouts called their attention to the runaway horse. They all got out of the way except a well-dressed woman who had her arms full of packages. She turned to run, but became confused and stopped directly in the path of the horse. An instant later she was lying insensible on the cross-walk, having been struck on the head by one of the wagon shafts. She was about thirty years old, with light complexion and brown hair. As quickly as possible she was removed to the New-York Hospital, where she died at 1:30 p. m., without regaining consciousness. Among her purchases were several papers addressed to Carrie C. Johnson, and a letter signed James R. Marston, No. 108 West Fortieth-st. Mr. Marston went to the hospital and identified the woman as Jeanne Neuville, the wife of A. Neuville, a manufacturing agent, of No. 612 Washington-ave., St. Louis. He said that she was an actress, and that Carrie C. Johnson was her stage name. She had for some time been travelling with a "Hazel Kirke" company.

The wagon was owned by the Trow Directory Company, and was driven by John Flynn. Flynn had got out to deliver a package, when the horse became frightened and started to run.

A THIEF SOON CAPTURED.

Two young men were seen leaving the house of A. J. Lockwood, at No. 100 St. James-place, Brooklyn, shortly before 11 a. m. yesterday, with a bundle wrapped in a piece of carpet, and police was given to the Myrtle-ave. police. The officers found Mr. Lockwood's house vacant, the family being in the country, and that entrance had been effected by breaking the panel of the basement door. All the silverware and other portable property in the house had been stolen. Mr. Lockwood was sent to at his place of business, No. 12 Platt-st., this city, to ascertain what had been stolen. Meanwhile the Oak-st. police of this city had been informed of the robbery, and a sharp lookout was kept for the thieves, who were expected to seek their customary resorts to dispose of the plunder. Vigilance was rewarded at the Catharine Ferry by the sight of two men answering the description given and one of them carrying a bundle wrapped in a piece of carpet. Chase was given to them as they landed, but one made his escape. The other, who was "carrying the bag," was caught. The police of this city were able to send a list of the stolen articles to the Brooklyn police before Mr. Lockwood found out what he had lost. The stolen property was valued at from $200 to $250. The thief caught was John McGuire, an ex-convict.

SODAWATER MADE FROM IMPURE WELLS.

Dr. Cyrus Edson, Chief Inspector of the Second Sanitary Division, yesterday sent to the Board of Health a report concerning soda water and mineral water manufactured in this city. Several of the manufacturers have sunk wells in order to save the expense of Croton water. Dr. Edson recently procured samples of water from nine of these wells, and Professor Waller, the chemist of the Department, made analyses. The report shows that the water from seven of the wells is impure and unfit for use. Most of the wells are sunk to a depth of less than seventy feet. On account of the peculiar rock formation of Manhattan Island, wells can be sunk only in pockets, between the folds of rock, and the water in a well is the drainage from the immediate district. Dr. Edson thought that the use of impure water by the manufacturers was all the more dangerous because mineral waters are used chiefly by invalids whose systems are in a condition to be undermined easily. It was said at the office of the Board of Health that the manufacturers were probably not aware of the quality of the water. Their names and the situation of their wells were not made public.

THE INDICTED POOL-SELLERS.

The cases of the pool-sellers under indictment for violating the law at the Sheepshead Bay racecourse were called in the Kings County Court of Sessions yesterday before Judge Moore. W. C. De Witt, ex-corporation counsel, who appeared for the accused men, asked for the discharge of eleven of those who had given bail, on the ground that they had been indicted under names not their own. Assistant District-Attorney Jenks opposed the motion on the ground that this point was a surprise to him, and Judge Moore decided not to entertain the motion. The names of the men indicted were then called. In the cases of Alfred Cridge, James E. Kelley, Thomas Murray, John S. Stone, David Johnson, Dougal McDougal, John Kelley, James Dunne and Michael Murray, demurrers were entered by their counsel. Peter Cridge, Frederick Ducks, Andrew Fuller, John Schmidt, Richard Baker, George Rose, Richard Rogers, Michael Kelly, Aaron Platt, Hermann Schneider, Mark Jordan, Charles Kemball, John Kelly and George Hall failed to respond to their names and Judge Moore issued bench warrants for their arrest. The matter was adjourned until next Tuesday.

LOOKING TO TELEGRAPH UNION.

Negotiations are pending for a union of the interests of the Postal Telegraph Company and the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company. No action has been taken, although there is a strong belief expressed by the persons interested that an agreement will be reached soon. No idea of consolidation is understood to be entertained. What is proposed is an arrangement similar to that entered into between the Postal and the Bankers and Merchants' Company, which necessarily will be a party to any plan that is adopted. It is desired to reduce expenses by the abolition of competing offices and the avoidance of the building of competing lines between the Postal and the Baltimore and Ohio, and in other ways to bring the operations of the two companies into close harmony. The Baltimore and Ohio Company has decided to reduce its rate to Chicago from 40 to 25 cents for ten words.

BROOKLYN POLICE JUSTICES.

Mayor Low, Controller Brinkerhoff and City Auditor Voege met in the Brooklyn City Hall yesterday to appoint four police justices for four years to succeed Justices Walsh, Naeher, Bergen and Massey. Unless they all agree each official is entitled to appoint one and the majority agree upon the fourth. Mayor Low said that he desired to reappoint Justice Naeher, a Republican. The Controller selected Justice Walsh, and the Auditor Justice Massey, both Democrats. As the Controller said that he and the Auditor failed to agree upon the fourth man no appointments were made, and an adjournment was taken to Monday. The names most mentioned for the fourth place are Justice Bergen, a Republican, who failed to support Mayor Low last fall, and ex-Justice of the Peace Thomas J. Kenna and Patrick Hayes, both Democrats. The salary is $3,500 a year.

FALLING DOWN A LIGHT SHAFT.

Occupants of the Clinton Flats, at No. 229 West Sixteenth-st., were startled at daybreak yesterday by a loud crash followed by the rattle of breaking crockery and the groans of a man, who had fallen down a light shaft. It was thought that he was a burglar, but the janitor discovered that the man was Edward Bunton, a young clerk, who had a room on the fourth floor. A window of his room opened into the shaft and he had fallen through the window. His fall had been partly broken by a tray of dishes which had been set in the shaft, but his skull was fractured and he became insensible. An ambulance carried him to the New-York Hospital. He was alive at a late hour yesterday, but the surgeons had little hope of saving his life. It was said that Bunton was employed in the office of Richfield & Co., brokers, at No. 48 Broad-st.

HOME NEWS.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS.

Fifth Avenue Hotel—Senator Justin S. Morrill, of Vermont; I. D. M. Sweat, of Portland, Me., and ex-Mayor Henry Overstolz, of St. Louis. *Hotel St. Marc*—Ex-Governor James E. English, of Connecticut. *Brevoort House*—Judge William L. Learned, of Albany. *Albemarle Hotel*—Congressmen John R. Glascock and Barclay Henley, of California. *Gilsey House*—Judge Walter S. Cox, of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. *Clarendon Hotel*—Luis L. Domingues, Argentine Minister at Washington. *Grand Central Hotel*—Congressmen William C. Oates, of Alabama, and John T. Heard, of Utah. *New-York Hotel*—The Rev. Joseph B. Stratton, of Natchez, Miss. *Hoffman House*—W. B. Strong, president of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad Company. *St. James Hotel*—Judge S. B. Beardsley, of New-Haven.

WHAT IS GOING ON TO-DAY.

Park Department investigation, Supreme Court, 10:30 a. m.
Meeting of the Board of Education, 4 p. m.
Canada-United States lacrosse match, Staten Island Grounds, 4:30 p. m.
Fisk & Hatch suit before Vice-Chancellor, Newark.
Meeting of the Dock Department.
Irish National League, No. 61 Union place, 8 p. m.
Excursion of Hebrew children by St. John's Guild.
Aqueduct Commissioners, THE TRIBUNE Building, 3 p. m.
International Institute on Perfection of Weights and Measures, Cooper Union, 8 p. m.
Electrical Society, Cooper Institute, 8 p. m.
Auction sale of Huguenot Park Association lands, New-Rochelle, 11 a. m.
Departure of party of Fresh Air children by Troy boat.

NEW-YORK CITY.

The Madison Avenue Bridge across the Harlem River has been completed.

The latest reports from the stranded steamship Gulf of St. Vincent state that the water has not reached the hold.

Louis Keil, who attempted to commit suicide on Sunday by shooting himself, died at St. Vincent's Hospital on Monday.

During the summer one of the steamers of the old New-Haven Line will leave Peck Slip (Pier No. 25, East River) on Sundays at 11 p. m.

The Church of the Holy Innocents, at Harlem, has acquired a plot of ground in One-hundred-and-thirty-sixth-st., west of Seventh-ave., for $13,861.

John Burley, who on June 29 was rowing near Blackwell's Island and assaulted Keeper Galligan, yesterday was sentenced to the Penitentiary for three months.

DAMAGE DONE BY WIRES COMING TOGETHER.

Electric light wires falling upon wires of the Fire Department caused some damage to the instruments at Fire Headquarters recently, and set fire to the woodwork in President Van Cott's house.

REMOVAL OF THE NANKIN.

Colonel Gillespie, of the Engineer Corps of the Army, has informed the Pilot Commissioners that the wreck of the Nankin will be removed from the Swash Channel by September 1.

MR. ARNOLD HAS HIS LIBERTY AGAIN.

On his discharge from the hospital yesterday Albert G. Arnold, of No. 107 West Tenth-st., who shot himself in the leg on July 3, was taken to the Essex Market Police Court. On explaining that the shooting was accidental he was discharged.

A NEW PARK IN MOTT HAVEN.

Several wealthy men living in Mott Haven have purchased the block bounded by One-hundred-and-thirty-seventh and One hundred-and-thirty-eighth sts. and Alexander and Willis aves., with the intention of making it a private park.

WORK OF THE SUMMER VISITING PHYSICIANS.

The summer corps of assistant Sanitary Inspectors last week went through 3,708 tenement houses, visiting 16,229 families. Only 548 sick persons were found, the majority being children suffering from diarrheal troubles. About seventy cases of contagious diseases, mostly measles, were reported.

TO REDUCE THE SUPPLY OF BRICK.

A meeting of the brick manufacturers of New-York and New-Jersey was held yesterday at the Cosmopolitan Hotel, and, by a unanimous vote, it was decided to buy off such a percentage of the brick made as to reduce the supply to the present demand, and thereby to save the trade from future loss. It was also decided to create a permanent organization.

TUESDAY EVENING CONCERT AT THE BATTERY.

The concert of Bayne's 69th Regiment Band last evening brought together nearly 3,000 people at the Battery. The selections were good and were well rendered. Many in the audience had just returned from Coney Island, as their lunch baskets showed, and a number came down in the Elevated trains from as far up even as Fifty-seventh-st., while a few stray emigrants were here and there. This was the first of the Tuesday night concerts.

ORDINANCES SIGNED BY MAYOR EDSON.

Mayor Edson returned from his trip to Auburn yesterday, and signed the ordinance passed recently by the Aldermen giving the Second Avenue Railroad Company the right to extend a double track through First-ave. from the Harlem River to Fifty-seventh-st., thence to Second-ave., to connect with the present roads. He also signed the amendments to the ordinance relative to the blasting of rocks.

STABBED IN A STREET QUARREL.

Michael Sarsfield, sixteen years old, of No. 210½ Cherry-st., was stabbed in the back and seriously wounded by James Tobin, a boy of his own age, living at No. 308 Stanton-st., on Monday night. They had quarrelled at Pike and Cherry sts. about some trivial matter and Sarsfield went home and made no complaint until morning, when a doctor was called.

THE REV. E. M. DEEMS WELCOMED HOME.

About 400 people gathered in the basement of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, No. 151 West Twenty-second-st., last night to welcome home from a three months' travelling tour in Europe, their pastor, the Rev. Edward M. Deems. James L. Kemp, in behalf of the Young People's Association, presented Mr. and Mrs. Deems with two handsome easy chairs, and in behalf of the ladies of the parish with a mahogany desk and a silver service.

AN EXAMPLE FOR DISHONEST DRIVERS.

Joseph Owrie, who was locked up in the Mercer-st. Station charged with embezzlement on Monday night, yesterday was held in $300 bail on a charge of petit larceny. D. J. Osgood, who is the selling agent of the Kendall Manufacturing Company, said to a TRIBUNE reporter that the company had lost a lot of money by its drivers, of whom Owrie was one, and that he thought it was time to make an example.

HARD TO OBTAIN A SHIP'S CREW.

Captain M. J. Daly, of the ship W. H. Lincoln, now loading at the foot of East Thirty-first-st., is having considerable difficulty in getting a crew. The ship is going to Japan and is the last foreign-bound ship ready for sea since the Dingley Shipping bill went into effect. The trouble is in regard to advance wages which the bill prohibits. The boarding-house keepers have most of the sailors in debt to them and, being opposed to the bill, will not allow their men to ship.

RAMSCAR IN TROUBLE AGAIN.

Two children begging for Ramscar's "Home for Children and Seminary for Girls," at One-Hundred-and-fifty-third-st. and St. Nicholas-ave., and the driver of the wagon in which the bread, meat, etc. were placed, were arrested yesterday by officers of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. In the Yorkville Court the driver was held, the children were committed to the society temporarily, the horse and wagon sent to the Board of Health, and a warrant was issued for Ramscar.

NOT A CASE OF CHOLERA.

Assistant Sanitary Superintendent Janes said yesterday that the house surgeon at the New-York Hospital made a mistake in reporting the death of James Vaughan as due to "cholera." Vaughan was sick several days before he went to the hospital, his illness having been caused by eating unripe fruit and by drinking bad liquor. His death was caused by cholera morbus. If the case of death had been one of Asiatic cholera, Dr. James said, the house surgeon at the hospital would have been in a bad position on account of his failure to report it more promptly.

REUNION OF VETERAN ZOUAVES.

Fifty veterans, in the picturesque uniform of the old Durvea Zouaves, descended from the Elevated station at Harlem, yesterday, marched over the Harlem Bridge and took possession of Union Park, on the Southern Boulevard. They were the survivors of the 165th New-York Regiment, and this was the first reunion since the war. The day was also celebrated as the anniversary of the battle of Fort Hudson, in which the regiment took an active part. Over a hundred veterans are enrolled in the association.

BROOKLYN.

Absolute divorce was given yesterday to Mrs. Emily W. Redman from Carl Redman.

The Rev. Dr. Albert G. Lawson, who was recently elected secretary of the American Baptist Missionary Union, has resigned his position as pastor of the Greenwood Baptist Church. He had held the pastorate for over seventeen years, and had built up one of the strongest churches in the denomination in the city.

A number of temperance workers called upon Health Commissioner Raymond yesterday and protested against the closing of the public pumps. The Commissioner assured them that the water was not healthful.

Thomas E. Smith, age forty-three, a railroader, of No. 474 Seventh-ave., committed suicide yesterday by taking a dose of carbolic acid.

NEWS FROM THE SUBURBS.

PROBABLE SUICIDE OF A GERMAN PEDLER.

FOUND IN THE WOODS NEAR JAMAICA WITH THREE BULLET WOUNDS.

The body of a man about thirty-five years old was found yesterday in Way's Woods, a short distance north of Jamaica, L. I. There was a bullet hole in the breast, and one on the inside of each thigh, evidently made with balls from a revolver of 22 calibre. No weapon of any kind was found on the body or near it, although a thorough search was made. The body was discovered by W. H. Lee, of the Elsworth Comedy and Concert Troupe. Dr. Philip Wood examined the body and found that death was caused by internal hemorrhage; there is little doubt that the man had committed suicide. The fact that no weapon was found is accounted for by the fact that neither of the three wounds was necessarily fatal, and the police think that the man threw the pistol away and walked to the place where the body was found. In his pocket was a small memorandum book, in which were several addresses in German; an envelope bearing the name "Weil, Esq., 6 Avenue B, City," postmarked "New-York, May 6," a receipt to Salomon, from the Prudential Insurance Company of America, dated June 14, 1884.

Coroner Smith telegraphed to the agent and received the following reply: "Salomon Weil, divorced from his wife, did board at No. 120 Wall-about-st., Brooklyn. Superintendent will come up in the morning." George Jones, a milkman, living on Hillside-ave., informed the Coroner that he saw Weil on Sunday, about 10 a. m., walking in Flushing-ave. toward the spot where the body was found. At the inquest last night, James A. Scott testified that he talked with the dead man at the railroad depot on Monday at 9:30 a. m.; that he inquired the way to the Jamaica woods and was intoxicated. The inquest was adjourned until Friday evening.

Weil was last seen at his boarding house, in Brooklyn, on Monday, about 7 a. m. He was at a grog shop later, and about 7:30 he called on a customer (he was a pedler of tailor's supplies) to collect a bill. Mr. Haxamer requested him to call the next day, and he promised to do so. He had boarded in Wallabout-st. about four months. He apparently made little by peddling, as he seemed only slightly removed from destitution. It had been noticed that he was melancholy last week. He said on Sunday that he was suffering a great deal, but that it would not be for long. It is supposed he meant that he would soon die from consumption, with which he believed himself afflicted. He was born in Germany, and had a wife and children, but was separated from them.

DENYING THE STORY OF AN OUTRAGE.

"I have lived forty years in or near Spring Valley and nothing has occurred during that time to give rise to any such statement as that," said a Rockland County farmer yesterday, in referring to an article in *The World* of June 27, that purported to be an account of recent outrages by tramps in the vicinity of Spring Valley, N. Y. Last Saturday about twenty-five prominent citizens met in the office of Counsellor Garrett Z. Snider to protest against the publication of such sensational stories. The article stated that Mrs. Snider was assaulted and beaten almost into unconsciousness, minutely describing the tramp's action and asserting that he was pursued and knocked down by William Oldfield. Mr. Snider said yesterday that since the indignation meeting on Saturday, a committee of citizens called at the *The World* office and were told that the "special" was sent by Mulligan, of Harlem. The Spring Valley Committee, however, deem Mr. Mulligan a mythical being. The sensation was based on the visit of a tramp to Mr. Snider's house in Easter week. Food was given him with the request that he would "move on." A small spaniel joined in the request by barking and snapping at the beggar. Mr. Oldfield, who was passing, also urged a more rapid retreat on the part of the tramp.

EX-CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS AT NEWARK.

The reception in Newark yesterday of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues, Robert E. Lee Camp of Confederate Veterans and Phil Kearney Post, G. A. R., of Richmond, was most extraordinary in the warmth and enthusiasm with which the visitors were greeted. The city was profusely decorated with flags and bunting. Said an ex-Confederate soldier to a TRIBUNE reporter, looking with tears in his eyes, at a large flag suspended across the street:

To think that I once fought to tear the stars out of that flag. I express the sentiments of my comrades here, I know, as well as my own, when I say here that if ever that flag is assailed again, my arm and my comrades' arms will be the first to be raised in its defence.

The visitors were met at Trenton in the morning by a committee of the Grand Army Posts of Newark. The train conveying the party—about 250 in all—reached the Chestnut Street Station about 10 o'clock. After marching to the City Hall, Mayor Haynes welcomed them to the city and Judge Flournay, of Richmond, responded in a pleasing address. The visitors were entertained at dinner in the Academy of Music, and in the afternoon a parade took place, closing with a Grand Army picnic and camp-fire.

THE PAULLIN MURDER MYSTERY SOLVED.

Chief of Police Bell, of Newark, left that city on Saturday and returned there at noon yesterday. He had a talk with a reporter and soon the story was published that the chief had solved the mystery regarding the murder of Phebe Paullin on the Orange Mountain last November. As the story ran, the chief learned that two men named Davis and Pearsall had been arrested in another State for highway robbery, and that Davis answered exactly to the description given of the "man with a long coat" before the Coroner's jury. Steps were taken to secure his identification, a link after link of the chain of evidence by which his conviction will undoubtedly be secured was obtained, and Chief Bell now only awaits the expiration of his term in prison to rearrest him. It is said that the ulster and the knife with which the girl's throat was cut have been found.

Chief Bell said last night that the foregoing story is true, and that the prisoner is in New-York State. He was born and lived near Newark. For good reasons, the chief said, no more facts can be made public at present. Mayor Haynes also says the published story is true.

FOUND DEAD WITH HIS HEAD CUT OPEN.

Robert Mahar was found unconscious and bleeding on the railroad track near Mineola, L. I., about 3 p. m. yesterday, having a large cut in the back of the head, evidently caused by a very heavy instrument. He was taken to Mineola, where he died. The authorities think that he was murdered, and Constable Buehler is working on a clue that may lead to the detection of the murderer.

NEWARK.

The City Attorney instituted a suit yesterday against the Mulberry Street Horse Car Company, for refusing to comply with the city ordinances prohibiting the use of the "bob-tail car."

Nathan Brennen, a cigarmaker, living at No. 81 Canal-st., who took a dose of poison on Monday, died yesterday. He had become disheartened with remorse.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

NEW-ROCHELLE.—Coroner Hyler was called yesterday to hold an inquest upon the body of an unknown man found upon the railroad track, with one arm, one leg, just below the knee, and one foot cut off, also with a deep cut on the face from the top of the head to the chin.

YONKERS.—William Devere, a comic singer, was held in $2,500 bail charged with abducting Nora Hogan, age fourteen.

PEEKSKILL.—W. D. Southard, president of the village, and also of the Highland Ferry and Transportation Company, yesterday caused the arrest of William Dyckman, Hamilton Bagley, Edward Whalen and Charles Garrison, charging them with running an illegal ferry by carrying passengers in row boats from the Peekskill dock to the State camp grounds.

RAISING A CINCINNATI HOUSE.

From The Merchant Traveller.

"Chicago is a great city," remarked one travelling man to another, as they got off the train in that town.

"Yes, it's a big place. Did you ever see them raising houses and building the first story last?"

"No; do they do that?"

"Yes, all the time. Why, some time ago they raised the whole Tremont House, with 4,000 jacks."

"How many?"

"Four thousand."

"Thunder! It didn't take that many, did it? By gravy, I saw a fellow down in Cincinnati, about a week ago, go into one of the biggest establishments there, and I'm a sucker if he didn't raise the whole house with two jacks. Prettiest game of bluff I ever saw."

The other man gave Cincinnati the lead, and Chicago came in a very fair second.

THE CANADIAN LACROSSE PLAYERS.

TWO HARD-FOUGHT CONTESTS LOOKED FOR BY THE AMERICAN TEAM—MR. WIMAN'S DIVIDED HOPES.

Fourteen active and sinewy young men, with bright eyes, clear and often ruddy complexions, stepped on a Jersey City ferry-boat yesterday morning shortly after 11 o'clock, bound for New-York. They were the team, including the captain and spare man, sent here by the Toronto Lacrosse Club, to do what Mother England proved quite unable to do, beat the American Lacrosse Team, and pluck from them them their fresh won laurels. They were met in Jersey City by some members of the American team, and conducted to the quarters selected for them at St. Mark's Hotel, New-Brighton, Staten Island. In the afternoon Erastus Wiman, president of the National Lacrosse Association, and the best friend the American team has yet found, gave them a trip to Coney Island and a dinner at the Manhattan Beach Hotel, winding up with a view of the Storming of Pekin, done in fireworks. The young men acquitted themselves well as regards the dinner, proving themselves possessed of wholesome appetites, and were pittingly impressed by the fireworks.

The club which sends this team out has a formidable record. It has defeated easily every team which ventured to face it in the Dominion. It sent a team to England and disposed of the Britishers quite as easily as did the American team. The members of the American team recognize in the Canadian team the most formidable opponents they have yet been called on to encounter. Most of them are small, sparely built men, but touch as hickory and spry as cats. Several of them weigh in the neighborhood of 135 pounds, but their average is 155 pounds or two pounds more than their opponents. But this preponderance is due to the immense avoirdupois of one of their number, Ross McKenzie, who weighs considerably over 200 pounds. He enjoys the reputation of being the best player in the world, but bears his honors with becoming modesty, and is good-natured, as most giants are. He is really a New-Yorker by birth, though of Canadian parentage. For that accident of birth he says he was not responsible, and he has since done his best to make amends for it by growing up and making his home in Canada. Captain Balch, of the American team, confessed to a wholesome respect for the prowess of his rivals. Said he: "You cannot rate them too highly. We have no individual player who can contend with Ross McKenzie, and take them all round they are by long odds the best men we have yet met. But we hope to win. Our friends don't need to be told that in any event we shall play our best. It will be a hard fight and the game will be better worth seeing than any we have yet played."

Erastus Wiman is in a curious predicament and is almost rent in twain by his opposing sympathies. He is president of the National Lacrosse Association and the principal backer of the American team. He is therefore bound to wish them success. He is also honorary president of the Toronto Club, is personally acquainted with the members, and is therefore bound to hope they will win. So he hopes alternately that both will win, and that neither will. Whichever wins one half of him will be sorry and the other half glad.

The names and brief sketches of the Canadian team were given in Sunday's TRIBUNE. The first match with the American lacrosse players will take place on the grounds of the Staten Island Cricket Club, at 4:30 p. m. to-day. There will be two half-hours of play with an interval of ten or fifteen minutes. In the evening Mr. Wiman will take the Canadians on another excursion. The second match will take place at the Polo grounds to-morrow. The proceeds will go to the Bartholdi Pedestal Fund, after paying the deficiencies in the expenses of the American team incurred in its English tour. Mr. Wiman defrays the expenses of the Toronto team here.