Breathe." We didn't suppose there was so much ignorance in the world. When a man doesn't know how to breathe the best health resort for him is a lot in a cemetery. He would spoil if kept many days above ground.—[Norristown Herald.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

MR. GRAU'S FRENCH OPERA.

Mme. Theo and her merry colleagues are furnishing a vast fund of delightful entertainment nightly at Wallack's Theatre. The performances have a higher degree of finish than those of recent years, and the ticklers for good singing have reason to be satisfied with the engagement of such artists as Mlle. Lefort and M. M. Gaillard and Lary. During this week there will be a nightly change of bill, the novelty for the season being "Mme. L'Archiduke," in which Mme. Theo was a distinguished success two years ago. The other operas of the week will be presented in the following order: Tuesday, "La Jolie Parfumeuse"; Wednesday, "La Mascotte"; Thursday, "Mme. Boniface"; Friday, "Mme. L'Archiduke"; Saturday afternoon, "La Mascotte"; Saturday evening, "La Jolie Parfumeuse." "Fanchon" is in preparation for performance to-morrow week.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC NOTES.

Mr. John McCullough opened his season at Milwaukee on Thursday evening in "Virginius," and was greeted with great enthusiasm by a crowded house.

A melodrama, entitled "A Heap of Gold," will be presented at the Grand Opera House this week. The piece is founded on a story of English life and is controlled by Maubray & Overton.

Madame Jantsch's first play at the New Park Theatre will be Schiller's "Kabali und Leib," in an English version entitled "Love and Intrigue."

Madame Janauschek will continue with "My Life" at the Fourteenth Street Theatre during the rest of her engagement in New York.

"Lynwood" still finds admirers at the Union Square Theatre, and will be kept on during this week. There is a strength of situation in the play which in the eyes of many atones for its literary shortcomings.

Lawrence Barrett is playing *Lanciotto* in "Francesca da Rimini" in Portland, Oregon, to crowded houses. From that city he goes to Helena and Butte City, Montana, for one week each, to Salt Lake City, (return visit), one night, to Chicago three weeks; thence in succession to Baltimore, Boston, Philadelphia and New-York, staying in this city six weeks; to St. Louis, San Francisco and Australia for one hundred nights; thence to London to join Henry Irving, thus making a trip round the World.

"Sicka," the Kiralfy Brothers glittering spectacle of magnificent scenery and costumes and beautiful women, continues its successful run at the Star Theatre, and is being received with much enthusiasm. Extensive arrangements are being made for the introduction in the third act of an entirely new and magnificent banquet scene and grand ballet in which 300 people will appear.

Marie Vanoni will sing at Koster & Bial's, where she established herself long ago as a private favorite, to-night. In the programme will also be a medley from "Olivette."

During the present season Fanny Davenport's company will be composed of Henry Lee, Blanche Weaver, Melbourne McDowell, Eugene O. Jepson, Frank Willard, Sheldon Kinnecom, Nellie Irving, and others. Miss Davenport is now rehearsing her company in "Fedora," and will begin her season in the West on Monday, October 6. Her New-York engagement will be played at the Fourteenth Street Theatre, beginning November 10.

Mme. Theo, Mlle. Lefort, Mlle. Nordali, M. Gaillard, and M. Lary, of Mr. Grau's French Company, will add to the pleasures which are to be expected at the Casino concert this evening.

The last nights of "May Blossom" at the Madison Square Theatre are at hand. There are but two more weeks of Belasco's charming dramatic play, when it will have closed a prosperous run of six months. All the original players continue to present the drama. To-morrow evening Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Whiffen will resume their places in the company.

The audiences at the Fifth Avenue Theatre crowded the house all last week to see "Called Back."

A BAD MARKET FOR FILTH.

MORE SCANDALS IN BUFFALO.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

SIR: You will fail in your duty as a public teacher if you do not reprint the accompanying letter, published in yesterday's *Cleveland Leader*, in relation to Mr. Cleveland's private vices. Leaving aside all partisanship, the public has a right to know all that is possible of the character of a candidate for the Presidency. The accusations here made by the Rev. Dr. Ball are simply horrible, indorsed as they are by the entire Christian ministry of the town where Mr. Cleveland resides and is best known.

It will be difficult to persuade persons not blinded by prejudice that accusations unanimously indorsed by the entire Christian community of those who know him best are not true, and disgusting as they are, and great as may be your reluctance to publish them, the readers of your paper have a right to demand the facts in the case. ALEXANDER DOYLE.

New-York, Sept. 20, 1884.

[From the beginning THE TRIBUNE has declined to enter into this personal warfare upon the private character of Mr. Cleveland, believing that there were overwhelming reasons in his public career why he should be defeated for the Presidency, and preferring to rest its case on these. The scandals concerning Mr. Cleveland were first made public by conspicuous Democrats and Democratic journals and afterward by the clergymen of Buffalo. Even then THE TRIBUNE refused to print them, and up to this time it has never printed these scandals excepting as reference to them became so essential a part of the news of the day that they could not be omitted. Lately it felt it to be a duty to the community to reproduce the monstrous article in which *The Evening Post* avowed and condoned the worst. For all the scandals and filth which have been precipitated upon the public in this campaign the Democrats are themselves primarily and almost solely responsible.

We do not see any public duty that requires us to print these new and nasty stories. Nothing but gross Republican neglect can prevent the overwhelming defeat that now stares Governor Cleveland in the face, and we mean to keep THE TRIBUNE as clean as we can.—*Ed.*]

MR. DEMING'S THRIFTINESS.

USING THE YOUNG REPUBLICAN CLUB TO INCREASE HIS BUSINESS.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

SIR: Mr. Horace E. Deming, the former president of the Brooklyn Young Republican Club, is attempting to show that Mr. Blaine made use of his official position to advance his personal interests. This brings to mind some of Mr. Deming's past transactions, which might be objected to upon the same ground. As the transaction referred to dates back only three years, not fifteen, it is still fresh in the minds of many of the members of the club.

To bring the matter clearly before one it will be necessary to remember that in the autumn of 1880 there was organized in Brooklyn a "Young Republican Garfield and Arthur Campaign Club." Seth Low was elected president. Mr. Deming was one of its most active members. Afterward the club was reorganized under the name of the "Brooklyn Young Republican Club," which was to be Republican in National affairs and to know no party in local matters. Mr. Deming was elected president and assisted in forming the constitution and by-laws.

At this time you must bear in mind that Mr. Deming was a young lawyer, and had plenty of time to devote to the interests of the club. During the first Low campaign the membership of the club increased rapidly, and went up among the thousands. With such an extensive membership Deming saw his opportunity, and the roll book of the club was used to send to the members his business card and address, and his firm envelope was used in sending out the official business of the club. Was not that "using his official position to advance his personal interests?"

Furthermore, Mr. Deming has during the past winter repeatedly informed members of the club that he expected and intended to vote for the Democratic nominees on the free trade issue alone. Whether he is using his position now, as he did when president of the club, to advance his personal interests with members of the Free Trade Democratic Alliance or not, I cannot say, but this I know, that the Brooklyn Young Republican Club cannot afford to allow their good name to be used to advance the interests of Deming & Co., or take any stock in or countenance his transactions.

A MEMBER OF THE CLUB.

New-York, Sept. 20, 1884.

[The writer refers to prominent members of the Young Republican Club for confirmation of his statement. Two of these gentlemen have fully sustained it.—*Ed.*]

KILLED IN A RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

DENVER, Sept. 20.—At 4:30 this morning a collision between a freight and a passenger train, eleven miles south of Albuquerque, New-Mexico, on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé Railroad, resulted in the death of the engineer, W. K. Fisher, the fireman, Robert Baxter, and a freight brakeman whose name has not been learned. The passengers were thoroughly shaken, but otherwise escaped uninjured.

SENATOR EDMUNDS HARD AT WORK.

George F. Edmunds, the Vermont Senator, arrived in this city yesterday. He shut himself in his room in the Everett House, and denied himself to all callers on the plea that he was "hard at work on pressing professional business."

GIRLS RUN AWAY FROM A LODGING HOUSE.

Lillie Winslow and Alice Onion ran away from the lodging house of the Children's Aid Society, No. 27 St. Marks-place, on Friday night. They had been there for about six months, being placed there at the wish of Lillie's parents, and Alice's uncle, who were unable to control them. About two weeks ago Carrie Ford went there to lodge, pretending that she worked at cloak-making. She supplied the future runaways with sensational literature, which was confiscated by the matron as soon as discovered. It is supposed that she also planned and aided there escape. The girls went out of the front parlor window.

MR. BLAINE'S LIBEL SUIT.

PLAIN ANSWERS AS TO HIS MARRIAGE.

REPLYING TO QUESTIONS ASKED BY COUNSEL FOR "THE SENTINEL."

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 20.—In the Blaine libel suit in the District Court this afternoon, Mr. Blaine's attorneys filed the following answers to the interrogatories propounded by *The Sentinel's* attorneys on September 5:

I, James G. Blaine, of Augusta, Maine, on oath, depose and say, in answer to the foregoing interrogations:

1. Harriet B. Stanwood.

2. Georgetown, Ky., in the spring of 1818.

3. I lived in Kentucky as assistant professor or tutor in the Western Military Institute from January, 1848, to December, 1851. In 1848 and 1849 the Institute was at Georgetown; in 1850 at Blue Lick, and in 1851 at Decaturville Springs.

4. The lady I married lived in Kentucky from the spring of 1848 to the spring of 1851, engaged as a teacher in Colonel T. T. Johnson's Female Seminary, the first two years at Georgetown, the last year at Millersburg.

5. I finally left Kentucky in the latter part of December, 1851, went to New-Orleans on business and thence directly to Augusta, Me., which place I reached on February 9, 1852, and was next employed as principal teacher in the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind in Philadelphia.

6. My wife left Kentucky in March, 1851, accompanied by myself as far as Pittsburg, Penn.; thence we travelled alone to New York, where she was met by her brother, Jacob Stanwood, and under his protection proceeded to her mother's residence in Augusta, Me., where I next met her February 9, 1852.

MARRIED AT MILLERSBURG, KY., IN 1850.

7, 8, and 9. I was married in Millersburg, Ky., on the 30th of June, 1850, in the presence of Sarah C. Stanwood and S. L. Blaine. The marriage was secret. Having a doubt subsequently of its validity under the laws of Kentucky, which then stringently required a license from the Clerk of the County Court, I had the marriage solemnized a second time in Pittsburg, Penn., on the 29th of March, 1851, in the presence of John V. Lemoyne and David Bell.

10 and 11.—Jacob Stanwood was the eldest brother of my wife. I had no acquaintance with him at the time of my marriage, had never seen him nor heard from him in any way, directly or indirectly, before my marriage. I met him for the first time in February, 1852. I had two letters from him after my marriage—one warning, welcoming me as a member of the family, the other inquiring if he could promote my business interests by the loan of money. I had no other correspondence of any kind with him until after I had personally met him in February, 1852. My wife had two other brothers, neither of whom I had ever met when I came to New-England in February, 1852, nor did I ever meet any male relatives of my wife before my arrival in New-England in February, 1852.

12, 13 and 14.—My first child, a son, was born in the house of his grandmother on the 15th of June, 1851. His name was Stanwood Blaine. He lived with his parents in 1852, 1853 and a part of 1854 in Philadelphia. He died on July 31, 1854, and was buried in the Stanwood family lot in Forest Grove Cemetery, in Augusta, Maine.

DEFACING HIS SON'S MONUMENT.

15, 16 and 17. A monument was placed by my direction over his grave a year after his death, thus inscribed: "Stanwood Blaine, son of James G. and Harriet S. Blaine. Born June, 18, 1851, died July 31, 1854."

18. I have not myself seen the stone since the first week in July, but have reason to believe, and do believe, that since that date many letters and figures thereon have been defaced and that the figure 1, in the year 1851, has been entirely removed. I have no means of ascertaining by whom this was done, but have reason to believe, and do believe, that a photograph was taken of the defaced stone by the procurement of one of the publishers of *The New Age*, a Democratic paper published in this city, and that copies of said photograph were sent to divers and sundry persons, including the publisher of *The Indianapolis Sentinel*, defendant of this suit.

19, 20, 21 and 22. I know of the book referred to as "Life of James G. Blaine." I did not revise the volume nor become in any degree responsible for any statement made in it, though I saw parts of it before its publication, but did not and have not to this day seen page sixty-eight, to which the question refers, though the statement there made was doubtless derived by the author, Russell H. Conwell, from conversations with me, but not from any special authorization by me to make it. JAMES G. BLAINE.

United States of America, } ss.
District of Maine, }

Before me, Winfield S. Choate, Commissioner of the Circuit Court of the United States, and for said district, personally appeared James G. Blaine, and subscribed and made oath to the truth of the foregoing answers.

Witness my hand and official seal at Augusta, in said district, this 17th day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty four.

(Seal.) WINFIELD S. CHOATE,
Commissioner of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Maine.

NEWS FROM OVER THE SEA.

PREPARING FOR THE GERMAN ELECTIONS.

MUSIC FOR THE COTTON EXHIBITION—DYNAMITE SCARE—THEATRICAL.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—*The Germania*, of Berlin, publishes the election manifesto of the Ultramontane or Clerical party of Germany, in view of the approaching Reichstag elections. The document is an adroitly worded bid for votes, and is well calculated to disarm extreme or violent opposition. It protests against State socialism, and proposes direct and universal suffrage, by means of the ballot. The Clericals are confident that, with this platform, they will win the support of thousands of moderate men of all parties, and they believe that they will have a large increase of numerical strength in the next Reichstag. Dr. Windthorst, the leader of the Clericals, is about to make an extensive stumping tour in the interest of his party.

EARL SPENCER TO RETIRE.

It can now be stated that there will soon be a change in the Lieutenant-Governorship of Ireland. It is certain that Earl Spencer will retire from that post not later than next year, and it is possible that he may resign within a few weeks. It is reported that the Marquis of Ripon, who has just resigned the Viceroyalty of India, is to succeed Lord Spencer as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. This statement is doubted in view of Lord Ripon's delicate health, but the fact that he is an ardent Catholic might make his appointment an exceedingly judicious one.

A MEMORIAL SENT TO WASHINGTON AND BERLIN.

It is stated on good authority that Earl Granville, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has sent copies of the memorial adopted at the recent meeting of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce, asking for mediation in the France-Chinese trouble, to the United States and Germany, with a note requesting the opinions of the Washington and Berlin authorities as to the advisability of acting on the appeal.

DISORDER AT A TORY MEETING.

At a Tory meeting in Charlton Park, the Liberals caused to be printed and distributed a large number of counterfeit tickets of admission, and there were fully as many Liberals present as Tories. The principal orator was the Right Hon. David Robert Plunkett, M. P. for Dublin University, who began to berate Mr. Gladstone. To his astonishment every reference to Mr. Gladstone was received with enthusiastic cheers, and the rest of his remarks were accompanied by a running fire of chaff which utterly destroyed their effect. The climax was reached when the crowd attempted to storm the platform. Then the police were called in and the meeting broke up in disorder.

THE GRENADIER GUARDS.

Henry F. Gilig, who is the financial agent in London of the coming Cotton Centennial Exposition at New-Orleans, has had several conferences with Mr. Godfrey, leader of the band of the Grenadier Guards, with a view to engaging him and his musicians for a series of performances at the exhibition. The authorities of the War Office say they are willing to grant a leave of absence to the band as well as to their chief, and the men express themselves as being delighted at the prospect of visiting the United States. If Mr. Gilig succeeds in his negotiations, it is understood that Mr. Godfrey will receive $3,000 as a personal fee.

MADAME KOLOMINE'S APPEAL.

Much interest is excited in Germany by the approaching trial of the appeal of Mme. Kolomine from the decree of the supreme Tribunal of Darmstadt, which divorced her from Grand Duke Louis of Hesse and allowed her £1,000 per annum. The appeal will be heard on October 10, and the general opinion among German lawyers is that she will win her case, and that the divorce will be annulled.

DYNAMITEURS AT WORK.

The Scotland Yard officials decline to discuss *The Standard's* statement of a coalition between Invincibles and Nihilists for fresh attacks upon life and property in London. The general belief is that the story is well founded, and another dynamite scare is imminent.

A NEW OCEAN STEAMER.

The new Cunard Line steamer Etruria was launched at Glasgow to-day. She is 527 feet long, with 57 feet breadth of beam. Her registry is 8,000 tons and her engines are of 14,000 horse power. She can carry 720 saloon passengers.

TRYING TO BUY "PARSIFAL."

The German newspapers state that a rich American recently offered $1,000,000 to the heirs of Richard Wagner for the exclusive right of performing his opera "Parsifal." The guardian of the heirs, however, absolutely refused to entertain the proposition, and declared that as long as he lived "Parsifal" should be produced at Bayreuth only, in compliance with the clearly expressed wish of the dead master.

Miss Emma Thursby's concert tour of Norway was a complete triumphal progress, yielding a splendid harvest of plaudits and coin. Her great success is attributed partly to the swarms of cholera-scared American and English tourists, who have been unusually numerous in Norway and throughout Northern Europe this season.

Henry E. Abbey has purchased from M. Mayer, of Paris, the English and American rights to Oliner's five-act drama, "Serge Panine." This piece will be the principal feature of Mrs. Langtry's repertory in her London season, which is to open at the Prince's Theatre in January. Mr. Abbey is now at Scarborough in consultation with Mrs. Langtry.

THE WEEK IN SOCIETY.

AUTUMN PLEASURES AT LENOX.

INCIDENTS AT NEWPORT—SUBURBAN GAYETY—APPROACHING WEDDINGS.

Lenox is a name which to many people at once recalls one of the loveliest of places, and probably some of their most genuine pleasures. Situated among the hills of Western Massachusetts, it is one of the most quiet of summer retreats, as it is visited by people who care more for the scenery, good air and restfulness of the place than for dress and display. It is not until autumn that Fashion invades the place, and sets the social wheel revolving. At least ten of the regular cottage families are in Europe this season, but their places have been taken by others, who have kept the social attractions unimpaired. Archery has proved one of the most fascinating pastimes of the season there, and the fine lawns have been used in turn at the meets, which have been not only pretty to look at, but productive of better health, increasing grace and steadier nerves in the archers themselves. Among the people who entertain Mrs. David P. Morgan, who has the Rathbone place, has been prominent, and has given a garden party, a tennis tournament and a ball. Mrs. Folsom's fancy dress ball was a recent pleasant success, and Mrs. William C. Whitney has given a supper party for fifty at small tables, and an archery tournament, at which handsome prizes were distributed. Miss Furniss has given a succession of elaborate luncheons and dinners, and Mrs. Burton N. Harrison, assisted by Mrs. Clarence Cary and Mrs. Frank White, made a great success of a tea party on her veranda, hung as it was with evergreens and Chinese lanterns. Mrs. Samuel G. Ward has entertained at receptions and teas and Mrs. Lanier at dinners, luncheons and tennis parties. Dancing at the Hall has been a regular feature each week.

The distinctive social spectacle which Lenox always looks forward to occurred on Thursday, when force young ladies in bright costumes drove through the town in a procession of twenty "tubs" all decked with flowers and ribbons. The whips were decorated with bouquet and rosettes, and so were the horses, and all combined to make a merry and a charming sight. The reigning belles have been named as Miss Minot, of Boston; Mrs. Frank White, Mrs. Clarence Cary, Mrs. Whitney and Mrs. Henry Sloane. The parade was watched by thousands of people, including a considerable Newport contingent. The coaches are beginning to make the place lively, also. Mr. Beck's and Mr. Schermerhorn's are the latest additions. The next few weeks at the Berkshire capital do not promise to be dull, either. Next Tuesday Mrs. Harrison, whose pen will not be idle, will bring out her play of "Weeping Wives," at her own house, with Mr. Coward, Miss Emma Leavitt, Mrs. Alfred Bishop Mason and William Draper in the cast. The play was adapted from "Les Femmes qui Pleurent," which Mr. Rible made familiar to many last spring. Next Saturday Mrs. Harrison will produce on their new play and some tableaux at the Town Hall. Mrs. Sloane, Mrs. White and Mrs. Cary will take part in the tableaux, and the play will be acted by about the same cast as the first one, and will be richly costumed in the style of the Empire. Among other attractions there will be a house-warming, at Mrs. Appleton's "Old Colony" house, just finished, and concerts at Dr. Greenleaf's.

The select few yet remaining in the villas of Newport do not appear as yet to mind the gathering winds of autumn and the thinning out of the summer guests. The adventure of Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Wetmore and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Wetmore, drifting in a steam launch without coal or water, has furnished a topic of interest. They found that to jump out of a disabled steamer into an ill-provided launch was like a leap from the frying-pan into the fire—only in this case more fire and less sea water would have been welcome. The picnic party has come to be the correct kind of entertainment at Newport, and another was given last week by Mrs. James P. Kernochan, and managed by the veteran Ward McAllister. Ogden Goelet's yacht party, Mrs. Tiffany's children's entertainment and Miss Leary's musicale have been among the week's diversions. Judge and Mrs. Brady and Attorney General and Mrs. Brewster have been among the distinguished visitors of the week. The Ocean House is closed, and Bellevue-ave. grows more like a country road. Mrs. Cullum's death cast a gloom over the community, as she was well-known and highly respected. Mr. Bennett, it is said, has won the affection of his men on the Namouna by increasing their pay and giving them vacations with pocket money to make things pleasant. He proposes to sail by a regular steamer next Saturday, returning in time to receive the election returns, and then will sail on his yacht for the West Indies. The pending divorce suit between Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Fosdick is attracting some attention at Newport.

The big hotels in the Catskills close this week, and Saratoga no longer claims to be gay. A number of guests, including the Blosses and Hargous families, linger at Cranston's, West Point; others at Milford, Penn., and a few other favored spots. Westchester County is regaining some of its wanderers. The Kanes and Iselins are back at New-Rochelle, and matters at the Country Club are waking up again. There is prospect of some steeplechases there on October 18, and a ball in the evening at the club-house. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Lorillard have rented Charleton N. Potter's Nuttwood. There will probably be some private entertainments in the neighborhood soon.

As for the great share of Long Island, few of the cottages are yet empty. At Far Rockaway the weather has favored the hunts, which, however, interest few outside of the coterie of young men who ride. A hunt german will take place at the Kennels this week. Quite a company, including the Wetmores, Lawrences, Livingstons and Hobsons have been staying at the Manhattan Beach Hotel, and attending the races at Sheepshead Bay. Now that the sporting scenes shift to Jerome Park, the people of Westchester County will probably turn out in force.

The social record of the week in this city is meagre. Mr. and Mrs. John E. Brooks celebrated their rare occurrence, a golden wedding, on Monday. The Aztec Club dined on Thursday, and there were several quiet wedding receptions. The arrival of Francis Lord, which sailed from Liverpool, starting April 16, by the owner to the White Mountains and back, via West Point and Lenox, was another incident. The passengers—Mrs. Underhill, Miss Varnum, Miss Onderdonk, Miss Meyer, G. E. Wurzl, H. M. Thorp, C. G. Swan and H. O. Meyer—were loud in praising the trip.

On Wednesday, at Roaknokonna Lake, Long Island, was celebrated the marriage of Miss Florence Ford and Herbert Lloyd. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. Barnwell Campbell, assisted by the Rev. John Q. Archdeacon, of St. James's. The church (St. Mary's), which is situated on the banks of the lake, was tastefully and elaborately decorated with flowers and ferns, and completely filled with the friends of the bride and groom. The bride, attended by her seven maids of honor, preceded by the four ushers, entered the church to the sound of the wedding hymn, which was beautifully sung by a boat trio. The bride wore a dress of white silk and embossed velvet, handsomely trimmed with duchesse lace. The bridesmaids were seven young girls, each in a profusion of lace, and hats to match; the only distinctions being the linings and aigrettes, two being of pale blue, two of garnet, two of scarlet, and one of dark green with a pink aigrette. The first bridesmaid was a cousin of the bride, and daughter of J. H. Paleston, esq., M. P. of England, and the others were the bride's two sisters, Miss Hoyt, Miss Hall, Miss Alice Ford and Miss Elde Ferguson. The groom was accompanied by his brother, J. Llewellyn Lloyd. After the ceremony the guests were received at Mr. Lea, the residence of the bride's father, where a breakfast was served to about seventy guests within a beautifully decorated tent on the lawn. The bride and groom started in the afternoon for New-York, whence the wedding journey will be continued.

Professor George W. Wallace and wife returned from an extended wedding tour on Wednesday, and on Friday evening gave a reception at their academy, one hundred and twenty-ninth-st. and Fourth-ave., to the ex-pupils of Professor Wallace. Last night a reception was given to the classes of '82, '83, and '84 at the Grand Opera House. The Professor and his wife were the recipients of hearty congratulations and received many handsome gifts. Professor Wallace made an acknowledgment in a few happy remarks.

Several autumn weddings, which some style are the most delightful, are approaching. The fair Miss Chauncey wedding takes place at Paterson next Tuesday. The wedding of Miss Leonie Jerome, daughter of Lawrence Jerome, and John Leslie, a son of Sir John Leslie, is announced to take place at Grace Church, on Wednesday, Oct. 1. On the next day Miss Albertina Tappan Pyne will be married to Archibald Douglas Russell at "Aldenbosch," Riverdale, the home of the bride's father. It is reported that Nov. 18 is the date selected for the wedding of Miss Caroline A. Astor to Orme Wilson. The family will return early in October to prepare for festivities. Among the engagements announced last week were those of Miss Honora Harwood, of New-Haven, and John Perry, jr., of Albany, and of Miss Agnes Binney, daughter of L. B. Binney, and Reginald Fropkelyn. The report which came from Newport that Miss Estelle Garrison and G. H. Warren, jr., are engaged, is stated on good authority to be untrue.

SHOOTING WITH THE KEELY MOTOR.

The steamer Laura M. Starin took two boxes, a small cannon, a party of engineers and Mr. Keely down to Sandy Hook yesterday morning to see the famous motor applied to artillery. Secretary Lincoln had given permission for the experiments, which were conducted by Colonel John Hamilton, of Fort Hamilton, under the direction of Mr. Keely. The boxes contained two iron cylinders, one about four feet in length and a foot in diameter, the other about one-third of that size. Mr. Keely connected these with each other by a hollow brass wire the thickness of an ordinary telegraph wire. The motive power passed through this wire. The larger cylinder was called the "magazine," and the smaller the "striker." A brass tube was fastened to the mouth of the small cannon and a five ounce ball was put into the piece. Then Mr. Keely connected the cannon with the magazine by another piece of hollow wire. The gun was sighted at a target 500 yards distant. Mr. Keely wrapped the cylinder with a wooden mallet, turned a wheel on the "magazine," and the ball sped with a sharp put to the target. Nineteen shots were fired, several of them striking the target, and one conical steel ball passed through five inches of spruce plank.

Colonel Hamilton said that the highest initial velocity of the ball was 523 feet a second, about one-sixth less than that of a ball from a Spencer rifle under like conditions. The force, he said, was much greater than that of compressed air. Mr. Keely said that the pressure was about 2,000 pounds to the square inch. He considered the experiment satisfactory, but thought it was only an inferior demonstration of what his motor could do. All who saw the experiments expressed themselves as well satisfied.

RAILROAD INTELLIGENCE.

WESTERN FREIGHT BUSINESS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—The general managers of the Western and Southwestern Railroads at their adjourned session this morning resumed negotiations with the view to forming a pool on Colorado and Utah business. The impression last night was that no further attempt would be made at this time to settle the question of the Colorado and Utah business beyond probably an attempt to maintain rates by a plan similar to the ninety days' agreement entered into yesterday, with respect to the Nebraska business. No progress was made to-day.

The freight agents of all the Omaha lines have been in session today, endeavoring to arrange a tariff to Nebraska points in conformity with the action taken by the managers yesterday.

AN OFFER TO THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20.—A dispatch to *The Chronicle* from Portland, Ore., says: "Private dispatches received yesterday state that the Northern Pacific Railroad stockholders at their annual meeting on September 17 authorized the Board of Directors to enter a lease of the lines of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, if the Board thought it for the best. The Oregon Railway and Navigation Company have submitted a proposition offering to lease their lines at 6 per cent for the first year, and 7 per cent thereafter. The Northern Pacific Board is considering the proposition."

MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—The statement is made here that the principal object had in view by the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company when it mortgaged its property for $5,000,000 a few days ago, was the purchase of the Chicago and Evanston Railroad from the syndicate which has had control of it for a little over a year. The Chicago and Evanston road was projected twenty years ago, but little has been done toward utilizing the franchise then secured, until within the last few years. This purchase will give the St. Paul road a valuable local route and terminal facilities in Chicago, and will bring the city to the entrance of any roads not already within the boundaries.

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé Railroad yesterday gave Commissioner Daniels notice that it would withdraw from the Colorado and Utah pools on September 30.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 20.—At a meeting of the directors of the Northern Railroad yesterday, a petition headed by Samuel H. Dow Warner was presented, in behalf of 282 stockholders, representing 2,871 shares, asking for a division of the surplus of the corporation, which amounts to nearly $1,500,000, but owing to the absence of Francis B. Hayes and two other members of the board, no action was taken.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—The receivers of the Wabash Railroad filed a petition in the United States Court this morning for authority to pay interest on the bonds of the Champaign, Havana and Western Railroad, $56,300 of which fell due on June 1, and $11,931.50 on July 1. The receivers state in their petition that the Champaign, Havana and Western is a good feeder, with excellent prospects.

Lumber rates from St. Louis to Michigan River points were cut this morning to 7 cents per 100 pounds.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO TELEGRAPH.

ITS RELATIONS TO THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

D. H. Bates, President of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph, before the Massachusetts Railroad Commissioners, reported in The Boston Advertiser, September 8.

A question was asked Mr. Bates concerning the financial condition of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company. This he declined to answer until he had seen further into the matter. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company had furnished most of its money for building purposes. There were no bonds out, and about 2,000,000 of stock had been issued. The primary object of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company was to make money, and he supposed if it could make money by selling out to the Western Union than by operating, it would do so. But there was no more certainty that the Western Union would eventually control the Baltimore and Ohio than that the Baltimore and Ohio would control the Western Union.

THROUGH NEW-YORK STATE.

GOVERNOR CLEVELAND'S VISITORS.

ALBANY, Sept. 20.—The Executive Chamber was besieged to-day with saturday excursion parties. Up to noon 300 to 400 persons had called upon Governor Cleveland, among them General Thomas Francis Rodenbough and Benjamin A. Willis, of New-York; General S. C. Mazey, of Washington; J. H. Preston, of Oneonta, County Clerk Ewell, of Buffalo; Frank Turner, of Plymouth, Penn.; Daniel Bradley, of Brooklyn; J. H. Stale, of Mt. Retainica, of Illinois, and T. J. Farron, of Baker & Farron.

A WASH-OUT ON THE ERIE CANAL.

UTICA, Sept. 20.—A wash-out on the Erie Canal, in the western part of this city, occurred at 5 o'clock this morning. The water in the canal was drawn off to allow repairs to be made. The canal was filled again this afternoon, and navigation will be resumed to-morrow. The tracks of the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad east of Utica were flooded, this morning, by the overflow caused by the opening of the canal gates. Trains were running at noon.

ANOTHER PARDON BY THE GOVERNOR.

ALBANY, Sept. 20.—The Governor has pardoned James Larkin, convicted of burglary in Queens County. He regards the verdict of the jury as brutal and outrageous. The Governor has also restored fifty-one persons to citizenship.

POLITICS IN PLYMOUTH CHURCH.

MOST OF THE CONGREGATION IN FAVOR OF BLAINE, BUT NO TROUBLE HINTED AT.

The return of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who preaches to-day for the first time this fall in Plymouth Church, has renewed the interest in the political sentiments of the congregation to which he ministers. There has been no conference of members of the church and no attempt to influence Mr. Beecher in his political views by any concerted action. The relations of Mr. Beecher to his congregation are peculiar in that while they have the greatest respect and admiration for their pastor, they are frequently uninfluenced by his opinions on political matters and others in which individual judgment is called in action. Mr. Beecher has long been a Free Trader, yet the great body of his congregation are in favor of protection. He has constantly taught from the pulpit the supremacy of the individual over the individual opinion of others that do not commend themselves to the best judgment of the individual, and the congregation have learned the lesson well. The great majority of the members of the church and congregation are, according to the opinion of several members who spoke of the matter yesterday, in favor of the Republican party, and will vote for the Republican candidates this fall. A list of officers of the church and congregation was shown to a TRIBUNE reporter, and almost all of those whose opinions were known are supporters of the Republican ticket. Among them are Augustus Storrs, of Monroe-place; S. V. White, the well-known banker; W. B. Bostwick, of Clinton-ave.; John B. Hutchinson; Hayden W. Wheeler, Henry A. Richardson, the civil engineer; Reuben W. Ropes, a wealthy merchant; Dr. George W. Bruen, in response to whose letter to THE TRIBUNE Mr. Beecher refers, and others. Among the Democrats of Plymouth Church are Mr. Bathe's clerk of the entire Bathe's W. Raymond, A. D. Wheeler, clerk, the city treasurer of Brooklyn; D. W. Talmadge, of the Board of Education; I. Augustus Stanwood, a deacon in the church and a relative of Mr. Beecher; L. W. Manchester, Thomas J. Emery and Henry I. Pratt. The gentlemen named are members of the committees, Trustees, of the Board of Deacons, or of the majority of the choirs of the church, and consist of the majority of the choirs of others.

The others having the best opportunity to judge of the prevailing sentiment in Plymouth Church is Assistant Pastor S. B. Halliday. He has had some correspondence with Mr. Beecher on political matters, and conversed with Mr. Beecher on political matters yesterday: "I know how the sentiments of Plymouth Church feel in regard to the political situation. I have had made any attempt to influence the views of the congregation, but I see no need of members of the church to stand in fear of Cleveland avoid learning their opinions. Since the character of the Democratic candidate became known I have heard of scarcely any one of the church members who will support him. You may safely say that as far as my information goes the great majority of the church members do not agree with Mr. Beecher in his support of Governor Cleveland. There is no trouble in the church and will not be. The congregation love and respect Mr. Beecher and will continue to do so. They only exercise the same independence that he does and regret that he should have adopted the course that he has. I think it fair that as Mr. Beecher has expressed his opinion, the views of the congregation should be known, lest it should be supposed that the members of Plymouth Church generally supported Governor Cleveland because their pastor does. I have received several letters, as Mr. Beecher has said, in which the church members have declared the impossibility of giving their support to such a man as the Democratic candidate."

Mr. Halliday is named as a supporter of Mr. Blaine. He does on the general work of the church, making frequent visits among the church members and constantly meeting them socially. He corresponds with those who are out of town, and knows the opinions of the people thoroughly.

A member of the church said yesterday: "There should not have been any talk of "trouble" in the church. There are differences of opinion as to whether the Democratic candidate should be supported, but the church members, who are for the most part supporters of Mr. Blaine, do not attempt to control Mr. Beecher. They simply desire to have it understood that the congregation who attend Plymouth Church are not necessarily Democratic because Mr. Beecher says he will support Governor Cleveland."

FINDING GOLD IN CONNECTICUT.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.)

PUTNAM, Conn., Sept. 20.—On the farm of Simon Ranson, in the south part of Douglas, gold has been discovered. A gentleman has found what is supposed to be gold quartz. A specimen of it was sent to an assayer for inspection and it was found to be worth $48 92 per ton, which will pay for working. Specimens of both gold and silver have already been found, and a rush of speculators to buy up the land has set in. There is much excitement.

OBITUARY.

FRANCIS B. HAYES.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—Francis B. Hayes died about 3 o'clock this morning, at his home in Lexington. He was nominated for Congress ten days ago by the Republicans of the VIth District. About a week ago he was reported to be dying, but subsequently he recovered sufficiently to enable him to accept the nomination.

Mr. Hayes was a native of Berwick, Me., and was nearly sixty-five years old. He was graduated from Harvard College in the class of 1839. After studying law he gave much attention to railway questions, and he had been a director of the Old Colony, Boston and Albany, Northern, Concord, Boston and Maine, Atlantic and Pacific, and St. Louis and San Francisco railways. He gave much money to charitable and educational objects, especially to the Berwick Academy in his native town. He was a visitor to the Chandler Scientific School of Dartmouth College, and had also had charge of the financial affairs of the school. Its fund, originally $50,000, is now $150,000. Mr. Hayes has also given liberally to Phillips Academy. In politics he was prominently identified with the Republican party. He has served in both branches of the Legislature, and in 1880 he received the nomination to Congress from the then IVth District, but was defeated by Congressman Morse.

In 1860 Mr. Hayes married Mrs. Margaret M. Wilson, of Baltimore, a daughter of General William H. Marriott, one of the heroes of the defence of 1814. She is left with an only son. Soon after his marriage he purchased the house in Mt. Vernon-st., Boston, erected some years previously by John Elliot Thayer, and he has since occupied it as his winter home. His home has been a favorite resort for men of letters who have been attracted by Mr. Hayes's broad culture, and he one of the finest private collections of rare and curious books to be found in the city, which had been collected by Mr. Hayes. His estate