THE WEEK IN SOCIETY.

MANY BEAUTIFUL AUTUMN WEDDINGS.

THE MARRIAGE CHIMES PEALING FORTH MERRILY IN CITY AND COUNTRY—A HUNDRED DEBUTANTES WAITING TO BE ANNOUNCED.

Nothing thus far has happened in the world of society to bring back for any permanency the fashionable contingent which figures so extensively later on. Fleeting trips to town have been made for an opportunity to hear Coquelin and Hading, Mr. Daly's company or the new Gilbert and Sullivan opera. Familiar faces have been seen at all representations by these companies, but they disappear again and return to the country until the season shall be in full away.

At this time last year fashion was well represented at the German opera, which does not begin this year until November 26. On Wednesday night "The Yeomen of the Guard" was witnessed by a large number of fashionable people, among whom were Mr and Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Miss Adele Grant, the great beauty, who is about to start for Europe, where she will pass the winter at Cannes with the Von Hoffmans; Miss Sallie Hargous, Robert Hargous, Miss Florence Griswold, J. N. A. Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Herman Oelrichs, Lorillard Ronalds, Suydam Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Griswold, Mrs. John P. Brady, Miss May Brady and her future husband, Albert Stevens, Lieutenant and Mrs. Battini, Mr. and Mrs. E. Ely-Goddard and the Messrs. Cutting.

The weddings in town have with scarcely an exception been quiet. On Monday at noon Miss Ella Elizabeth Billings became Mrs. Maunsell Bradhurst Field, at the Church of the Ascension. She wore a plain travelling dress of brown cloth and no jewels or flowers. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. James Millet, the venerable uncle of the bride, who is a young lady of rare attainments. The Billings family have for some years made their home at Peekskill, though formerly living in New-York. Mr. Field has for some years lived on the country seat at Peekskill left by his father, Augustus Field, where the young couple will make their future home.

The day following, just as the clock told the noontime hour, two weddings were celebrated, one in Trinity Chapel and the other at Grace Church. Both were unpretentious for a similar cause, bereavement in the families of the brides. At Trinity Chapel Miss Clara Louise Ryder, a petite beauty, who has often been styled the "pocket Venus," was married to Henry Payn Nash, son of Stephen P. Nash, the distinguished attorney of this city. The bride has made her home with her aunt, Mrs. Charles Hadden Palmer, for some time. Mr. and Mrs. Nash will live in Philadelphia. The other wedding, at Grace Church, was of greater interest, owing to the prominence of the ancestors of the young couple, who hold an important place in the history of the United States. The pair on this occasion were Miss Lilian Carnochan, whose ancestor, Lewis Morris, was a signer of the Declaration of Independence, and Livingston Crosby, who claims two ancestors whose signatures were affixed to that document. Philip Livingston and William Floyd. Owing to the recent death of the bride's father, Dr. John M. Carnochan, no formal invitations to the wedding were sent out, and those to the relatives were written. The bride wore some rare point applique lace, which had graced her mother when a bride and other brides of her family and some magnificent pearls, also family heirlooms. There were present at the church representatives of many old families of this city, among them Mr. and Mrs. Newbold Morris, Miss Eva Van Cortlandt Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Gallatin, James Duane Livingston, Louis Rutherford, Mrs. Eastman Johnson, Schuyler Crosby, Philip Livingston Livingston, Mrs. Bettner, Mrs. Arthur Morris, James Ludlow, Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Morris, Mrs. Augustus Field and Thomas Pearsall Field. The bride was given away by her brother, Gouverneur Morris Carnochan, who is soon to marry Miss Goodridge.

On Thursday evening a large number of people gathered at the Church of the Holy Spirit, at Madison-ave. and Sixty-sixth-st., to witness the nuptials of Miss Nellie Petitt and the Rev. James M. Philputt, pastor of the Church of the Disciples, of this city. The bride has for some time been the organist of the Church of the Strangers, in Mercer-st., where the Rev. Dr. Charles F. Deems has preached for many years. Various members of the Vanderbilt family have attended and still attend this church. Miss Petitt has been a great favorite, as was evinced by many gifts from those who have listened to her music for so long. A pretty feature of the wedding was the presence of the bride's young nephew, Larremore Sweezy, a lad of five years, who acted as master of ceremonies. He walked up the aisle, bearing his wand of office with all the importance of maturer years, dressed in a page's costume of black velvet and white satin. The bride was becomingly dressed in white silk and duchesse lace, wearing diamond ornaments, the bridegroom's gift. She was attended by her two nieces, Miss Nellie and Miss Vesta Sweezy, who wore pink surah. A reception followed at the bride's home, just opposite the church. The pair will be at home to their friends on November 12 and 19, at No. 40 East Sixty-sixth-st.

One of the prettiest weddings of the fall season occurred on Thursday afternoon at Beech Lawn, S. I., the country place of Mrs. R. Henn Smith. The contracting parties were Miss Kitty Smith, who was christened Mary Fleming, and Barclay Harding Warburton, son of Charles Warburton, proprietor of "The Philadelphia Evening Telegraph." Young Warburton has often been called the handsomest man in Philadelphia, and is known in his native city as the "Greek god." He is a great athlete, devoted to horses and fond of society. The bride herself is devoted to out-door sports, and is a member of the Ladies' Out-door Club. Few brides have been dressed more simply than this one, who appeared in a girlish gown of white silk mull, made with extreme simplicity. Her veil was held in place by three magnificent stars, a gift of the bridegroom. The Rev. George D. Johnson, of St. John's Church, Clifton, made the pair one. Among the guests were George W. Childs, of "The Philadelphia Ledger," who presented a beautiful salad bowl of solid silver, lined with gold; Charles E. Warburton and Miss Warburton, brother and sister of the bridegroom; Mr. and Mrs. Powers Farr, Dr. Beverly Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Schack, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander D. Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer Fowler and the leaders of Staten Island society. Mr Warburton gave the young people a splendid tea-service of silver, and Mrs. Smith gave her daughter a chest of small table silver. The young couple will take a house in Philadelphia for the winter, and will go abroad next summer.

There are yet two country weddings for this month. On Wednesday, Henry Warner Slocum, jr., who has been as fortunate in the courts of love as in the lawn tennis courts, will lead to the altar Miss Grace Edsall, who fully sustains the reputation for beauty borne by the women of her family. The ceremony will take place in St. John's Church, Clifton, S. I., at noon, and a small wedding breakfast will be given by the bride's sister, Mrs. J. J. Alexandre. Miss Edsall is a granddaughter of Thomas Jerome and a near relative of Lady Randolph Churchill, Mrs. Jack Leslie, Mrs. Moreton Frewen and Mrs. Clarence Dinsmore.

The other country wedding will occur on October 30, at the country place of Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Goodridge, at Riverdale-on-the-Hudson, when their daughter, Miss Mattie Goodridge, will be married to Gouverneur M. Carnochan. A large number of guests will go up from town on a special train. The house is finely adapted for a large wedding, a spacious ballroom having been recently added.

November has by common consent been chosen this year by the followers of Hymen. The weddings thus far announced are as follows: November 1, Miss Blanche Phelps Stebbins to Lucien Paul Vallois, at the Madison Square Presbyterian Church; November 14, Miss Sadie Cochrane and Dr. John Herndon French; on the same day, Miss Amy Draper and Dr. William May, at St. Thomas's Church, and a daughter of the Rev. Dr. W. R. Huntington at Grace Church; November 15, at Trinity Chapel, Miss May Brady and C. Albert Stevens; Nov. 20, Miss Charlotte Pearsall and Elisha Walker, jr., at Calvary Church; November 21, Miss Georgiana Remsen and Charles Hillhouse at Grace Church, Miss Whitlock and Clarence Satterlee at Calvary Church; November 27, Miss Kitty Colt to Samuel Sloan, jr. Several others for that month are yet to be announced.

If a reinforcement of beautiful girls will make a season successful, the coming winter is likely to be a gay one, for the number of debutantes is said to exceed one hundred. Most of these girls have been members of various dancing classes for the last two years, notably Mrs. Delafield's, Mrs. Oldie's, Mrs. Hoe's and the Saturday evening classes, and during that time have had an opportunity to meet the older dancing men, who have found it agreeable to attend the meetings of these classes. What troubles the mammas more than anything else is the intelligence that the series of dances, the Subscription Cotillions, will not be continued, and the fact that invitations to the Assemblies and Patriarchs' will be in such great demand that some of these new-comers will be left in the lurch.

Now is a chance for the young bachelors of New-York to step forward and return the many civilities which have always been offered them by organizing a series of dances with a special view to the debutantes. It would be impossible to name all of these young aspirants to social honors. Among them, however, are many whose mothers were great belles. There are three granddaughters of Hamilton Fish, Miss Harriet and Miss Julia Rogers and Miss Fish, the daughter of Nicholas Fish; Miss Margaret Schieffelin, Miss Kitty Sands, Miss Georgiana Wilmerding, Miss Mary Jones, whose mother, Mrs. Herman Lefroy Jones, may give her a ball at Delmonico's; Miss Eleanor Duer, Miss Eleanor Robinson, a granddaughter of John Jay; Miss Ethel Johnson, Miss Daisy Hamilton, Miss Lily King, Miss Lena Goodridge and the Misses Randolph. There are no rumors of Delmonico balls such as were given for Miss Morris and Miss Livingston last year.

On Friday night Mrs. Adolph Ladenberg gave a dance at her country place at Hempstead, L. I. The presence of members of the hunting set lent some variety to this dance. Mrs. Ladenberg's place is called "The Oaks." A lively german was led by Thomas Howard, jr., who danced with his hostess. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Elliott Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Sands, jr., Mr. and Mrs. John D. Cheever, Miss Hargous, R. L. Hargous, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Hoyt, Center Hitchcock, Thomas Hitchcock, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Dillon Ripley, John G. Beresford, Mr. and Mrs. Middleton Burrill, Clarence Peters, and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Schenck.

Miss May Brady will have for her bridesmaids her sister, Miss Kittie Brady; Miss Emmie Hecksher, Miss Georgie Berryman and Miss Jarvis. The young pair will sail for Europe about November 27.

Mrs. Calvin S. Brice will give a musical at her home, No. 6[illegible] Fifth-ave., on Wednesday night.

MR. COQUELIN AT THE LOTOS CLUB.

THE GUEST AT THE REGULAR "SATURDAY NIGHT" ENTERTAINMENT.

A reception was given to Mr. Coquelin last evening by the members of the Lotos Club at their club-rooms, No. 149 Fifth-ave. This was the first one of the regular "Saturday Nights" of the club after the summer recess, and the rooms, which have been refurnished and redecorated during the summer, presented an unusually attractive appearance. A remarkably good portrait of John Gilbert in his character of Sir Robert Bramble in "The Poor Gentleman," painted and presented to the club by George H. Story, has been placed on one of the walls. A centre canopy of tastefully arranged French and American flags attracted much notice.

Mr. Coquelin was received by Dr. C. I. Pardee, the vice-president. General Horace Porter made a brief address of welcome to the club's distinguished guest, and Mr. Coquelin briefly responded. After supper and an enjoyable hour of chat those present went down stairs for the usual "Saturday Night" entertainment. There was excellent music by the Hungarian band under the leadership of Eidelyi Naczi, of the Eden Musee.

The following were the members of the Reception Committee: General Horace Porter, Dr. Charles I. Pardee, Bronson Howard, Charles Graham, Steele Mackaye, Edward Moran, Constant Mayer, H. W. Cannon, Colonel Thomas W. Knox, Earnest Andre Jurgens, Eben Plympton, Sydney Rosenfeld, F. Edwin Elwell, Louis Windmuller, Charles Fulton. Others present were Vassili Verestchagin, Augustin Daly, Charles Fulton, M. Coquelin's son, Frank W. Sanger, Mr. Duquesne, T. Henry French, Henry L. Abbey, John T. Hand, Marcus Mayer, C. H. Webb, A. M. Palmer, C. G. Shaw, Lew Dockstader, George Alfred Townsend, Judge R. B. Cowing, Chauncey M. Depew, John Gilbert, Jules Montant, L. B. Elkins, Colonel E. C. James, Colonel R. B. Ingersoll, Judge John R. Brady, Henry Hartman, Ballard Smith, John R. Dos Passos, Judge Joseph Daly, Commissioner Von Glahn.

AMOS CUMMINGS'S NEW PAPER.

Congressman Amos J. Cummings is a Bohemian and will always be one if he lives a thousand years. His experience as a representative of his district in the National Legislature has been one of the bitterest disappointments of a busy life. The discovery that he is not an orator was the chief cause of his dissatisfaction with himself. He quickly learned that his voice was too weak to be heard throughout the House, and in his opinion a speaker whose eloquence does not penetrate the deepest recesses of the diplomatic gallery is a bore. He saw before him nothing but the committee-room, and with a courage born of long service in the Bohemia of journalism, he positively declines to let his talents moulder there. His return to Bohemia is heralded by the announcement that he is about to establish a one-cent evening newspaper in Harlem. Mr. Cummings has had his eye on this neglected field ever since he retired from the active management of "The Evening Sun." Harlem is a city in itself of no mean proportions, and, politics aside, the retiring Congressman will wake it up. The new paper is to be founded on the plant of "The New-York Eagle," a weekly journal published in Morrisania.

RECEPTION AT THE JUVENILE ASYLUM.

AN ENTERTAINMENT BY THE PUPILS—SOME OF THOSE PRESENT.

The semi-annual reception of the New-York Juvenile Asylum, at One-hundred-and-seventy-sixth-st. and Tenth-ave., was held yesterday. After the guests had luncheon they were conducted through the institution and then to the chapel, where 200 girls in red and white checked dresses and white aprons, and 750 boys in neat gray uniforms were awaiting them. The exercises were opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr. E. C. Clark. The programme consisted of singing, music by a brass band composed of pupils, and recitations. Addresses were then made by the Rev. L. H. Schwab, Theron G. Strong and Peter Carter. The president, E. M. Kingsley, gave a history of the institution and its work.

Among the guests were the Rev. J. C. Bliss, Robert Douglass, Mrs. J. M. Speers, Miss Louise Pettingel, Miss Kittie Bevier, Walter E. and Mrs. Hope, Mrs. W. B. Taylor, Mrs. George H. Hope, Mrs. M Williams, Robert F. Little, William Lambert, W. E. Taylor, Miss Fanny Peck, Mrs. E. M. Kingsley and daughter, Albert Burnton, Miss R. Burnton, Mrs. C. W. Beers, Mrs. [illegible] Beers, and the Misses Agnes. The following directors of the asylum were also present: E. M. Kingsley, Peter Carter, Henry Talmadge, Charles C. Peck, William B. Taylor, Mornay Williams and A. Gifford Agnew.

SPEAKERS, READERS, SINGERS AND PLAYERS.

Mrs. Alice J. Shaw is testing the capacity of the auditoriums wherever she appears. At the Chestnut Street Opera House last Wednesday afternoon, "Standing room only" was put out before the time for the concert to begin. Miss Ollie Torbett, violinist, and Miss Jessie Foster, of St. Louis, soprano, have been secured for Mrs. Shaw's concert tour.

Miss Nettie Carpenter, the violinist, will close her engagement in Paris on December 22. She will begin an American tour about the middle of January, under Major Pond's direction.

Harry Stillwell Edwards, of "The Macon, Ga., Times," author of "An Idyl of Sinkin Mountin" and other stories of Georgia character, is preparing for the platform. He will make a tour of the Southern cities in November and December.

Thomas Nelson Page and Richard Malcomb Johnston are to be among the popular readers from their own writings this season.

The Rev. Emil Veniaminovitch Barri is meeting with great success in the West with his lecture on Russia. Mr. Barri is the son of a Russian nobleman, and was for a long time professor of modern languages in St. Petersburg. He is said to have a marvellous command of the English language and the charm of a pleasing address.

"The Gospel of the Grape" is Kate Field's new subject, soon to be brought out in Chickering Hall.

George W. Cable has returned from a successful reading and lecture tour in California. He expresses himself delighted with the entire tour, and says his reception reminded him of his first appearance in Boston, five years ago. Much of Mr. Cable's time for the coming season is already booked.

George W. Williams (colored), historian and orator, author of the "History of the Negro Race in America;" "History of the Reconstruction of the Insurgent States," "History of the Negro Troops in the War of the Rebellion," etc., will lecture and give readings from the battle scenes of his military works, accompanied by a recitation of "The Black Regiment."

S. S. Cox will make a lecture tour, visiting the principal Western cities, in April.

Henry George is a favorite lecturer among educational societies. Much of his lecturing is under the auspices of colleges.

Felix Adler is a good card for lyceums. He does a good deal of lecturing, but never accepts a fee for himself. His contracts always stipulate that the fee shall be paid to the Society for Ethical Culture.

The Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott is having numerous applications to lecture, but declines most of them since he was installed pastor of Plymouth Church. Dr. Abbott is still Editor and proprietor of "The Christian Union."

Henry Watterson will lecture next spring and go to California. His subject will be "Is Marriage a Failure?"

Major Pond says he will give Chauncey M. Depew a bigger salary to lecture than the New-York Central Railroad Company can afford to give him as its president. Mr. Depew did not say no to the Major, but asked him to call again.

Major Pond says that the last words Henry M. Stanley said to him were: "You may expect me in about three years." The Major is blocking out Stanley's lecture tour for 1890-'91, asserting that as there is not the slightest evidence of Stanley's movements since he left the Congo there is better reason for believing him safe than lost.

SORROW CROWDING UPON SORROW.

The death of Captain James M. Hill, at Malden, Mass., on Thursday last, makes the sixth loss from the immediate family of Mrs. W. G. Nowell, of No. 54 West Fifty-seventh-st., this city. Her only son died last January and her only sister went down in the Farragut soon after. Captain Hill was one of New-England's most active shipmasters in the palmy days of the Pacific Coast trade around Cape Horn.

TALKING TO DRUMMERS.

A UNIQUE RECEPTION BY GEN. HARRISON.

TRAVELLING SALESMEN FROM MANY STATES PARADE THE STREETS OF INDIANAPOLIS.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Indianapolis, Oct. 20.—After four large delegations of commercial travellers had called upon General Harrison in the earlier days of his public receptions, it was determined nearly a month ago that to-day should be "Drummers' Day" in his calendar of engagements, when all of his admirers among the travelling salesmen of the country would be afforded an opportunity of meeting him and receiving individual attention. Representatives of the trade of distant cities began arriving in Indianapolis last night, and this morning they came from nearer wholesale centres in large delegations, headed by bands, until at noon there were as many of them in the city as could be properly looked after. Among the cities represented were New-York, Philadelphia, Boston, Cleveland, Chicago, Buffalo, St. Louis and Louisville. Large delegations came from Richmond, Lafayette and Fort Wayne, in Indiana, and from Cincinnati, Columbus, Dayton and Zanesville, in Ohio. More enthusiastic Republicans have not visited Indianapolis, and this is saying much, for three months of ceaseless hurrah has given the Capitol City Hoosiers a pretty high idea of what is top-register cheering.

After their arrival at Tomlinson Hall the visitors gave cheers for Harrison, the Republican party, Indianapolis, the local committee, and everything else about which there was the slightest provocation for cheering. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon a meeting was held, and the visitors were formally welcomed to the city, with all the freedom that could be allowed Republicans, in an address by Mayor Denny.

A street parade followed the meeting, the line of march extending over several miles of the city's best streets. Before General Harrison's house the cheering of the men was continuous. No stop was made, however, as the crowd was too large for the General to greet in his home. The procession returned to Tomlinson Hall, where the galleries were already filled. Singing and cheering filled up the time until General Harrison arrived at the hall. He was greeted with long continued applause, in which the enthusiasm of the day reached the grand climax. When the crowd quieted sufficiently he began his address without the usual introductory remarks in behalf of the visiting delegations. He spoke with greater fervor than at any time since the beginning of his receptions and repeatedly he brought his hearers to their feet with a prolonged interruption of cheers. He said:

My Friends: Four times already, I believe, the commercial travellers have honored me by calling upon me in large delegations. You have assembled to-day, not from a single state or locality, but from many States, upon the invitation of your associates of this city, to show your intelligent interest in the principles that are involved in this campaign. (Cheers.) I do not need to repeat what I have said on former occasions, that I very highly value the respect and confidence of the commercial travellers of the United States. (Cheers.) I value it because I believe they give their adherence to the party whose candidate I am, upon an intelligent investigation and upon an earnest conviction as to what is good for the country of which they are citizens. (Cheers.) Who should be able better than you to know the commercial and business needs of our country? You, whose hand is every day upon the business pulse of the people; you, who travel the country up and down upon all the swift highways of commerce and who are brought in contact with the business men of the country not only in our great centres of commerce, but in all the hamlets of the land. I believe I may say for you that, as a result of this personal knowledge of our business needs, you have concluded that the policy for Americans is the policy of a protective tariff. (Great cheering.) There are doubtless here many representatives of great American manufacturing establishments; and who should know better than they the prostrating effects upon the industries they represent of this policy of a revenue tariff or the no much differing policy of free trade? (Cheers.) Who would know better than you that if the discriminating duties now levied which enable our American manufacturers to maintain a fair competition with the manufacturers of other countries, and at the same time to pay a scale of living wages to the men and women who work for them, is once broken down, that American competition with foreign production becomes impossible, except by the reduction of the scale of American wages to the level of the wages paid abroad? (Cheers.)

Certainly you do not need to be told that that shop or mill that has the smallest pay-roll in proportion to its production will take the market. (Cheers.) Certainly you do not need to be told that the wages now enjoyed by our American workmen are greatly larger and the comforts they enjoy greatly more than those enjoyed by the working people of any other land. (Cheers.) Certainly you do not need to be told that if the American Government, instead of patronizing home industries, buys its blankets for the public service in England, that this is just that much less work for American workmen to do. (Cheers and cries of "That's so.") This is to be the beginning and the end of the tariff question. Since I was old enough to have opinions, or to utter them, I have held to the doctrine that the true American policy was that which should maintain not only a living rate of wages, but one with a margin for savings and comforts for our workingmen.

I believe that policy is essential to the prosperity and possibly to the perpetuity of our Government. (Cheers and cries of "That's right.") The two propositions that now stare our working people and our whole country in the face are these: Competition with foreign countries, without adequate discriminating and favoring duties, means lower wages to our working people (cheers); a revenue-only tariff, or progressive free trade, means larger importations of foreign goods, and that means less work in America. (Cheers and cries of "Give it to them.")

Let our Democratic friends fairly meet these two indisputable conclusions. How do they do it? (Cries of "They don't do it" and "They can't.") By endeavoring to pervert and poison the minds of our working people by utterly false and scandalous campaign stories. (Enthusiastic cheering.) Let me say in conclusion (shouts of "Go on," "Go on") that I believe the managers of the Democratic campaign greatly underestimate the intelligence, the sense of decency and the love of fair play which prevail among our people. (Great cheering and cries of "What's the matter with Harrison," and "He's all right.") You will pardon further remarks. The evening is drawing on and many of you, I am sure, have been made uncomfortable by your muddy walk through the streets of our city. (Cries of "We took the pavement," "We are all right," and "Go on.") I cannot close, however, to thank my friends from Lafayette for this beautiful floral tribute which they have placed at my side, an emblem of their profession. I accept it gratefully and very highly appreciate it as a mark of the confidence and respect of the intelligent body of my own fellow-citizens of Indiana. (Cheers.)

At the conclusion of the speaking the usual handshaking followed, after which the crowd adjourned.

LAYING PLANS FOR THE BIG PARADE.

THE WHOLESALE DRY-GOODS MEN TAKING THE MATTER IN HAND.

There was held yesterday at the headquarters of the Wholesale Dry-Goods Harrison and Morton Club, No. 324 Broadway, a meeting of representatives of the several business men's organizations invited to take part in the big Republican parade of November 3. Delegates were present from the Wholesale Dry-Goods Harrison and Morton Club, Bankers and Brokers' Republican Club of New-York City, Produce Exchange and Maritime Exchange Republican Clubs, the Paper and Associated Trades Harrison and Morton Club, the Cotton Exchange Harrison and Morton Club, the Jewellers' Harrison and Morton Club, the Insurance Men's Harrison and Morton Club, the Hatters, Furriers and Straw Goods Harrison and Morton Club, the Lower Wall Street Merchants' Harrison and Morton Club, the Hide and Leather Trade Harrison and Morton Club, the New-York Custom House Brokers' Clerks' Harrison and Morton Club, the Bowling Green Harrison and Morton Club and the Workingmen's Protective Association Harrison and Morton Club.

John F. Plummer was elected chairman, E. A. Drake secretary, and Thomas B. Clarke treasurer of the Conference Committee. Colonel C. B. Mitchell, of No. 51 White-st., was elected grand marshal, an office he held in the campaign of 1880 and 1884. An executive committee to consist of one delegate from each club was elected.

It was determined that the parade should be distinctly a business and working men's parade and that no uniforms be worn and that no uniformed clubs as such should be invited to participate. Trade devices, however, which were approved by the Executive Committee, are to be permitted. The same body were instructed to invite all business, trade and working men's Republican clubs wishing to join in the demonstration to address the secretary at No. 64 Broadway, New-York City, and to send a delegate to the next meeting of the Executive Committee, to be held on Monday at 4:30 p. m. at the Republican Committee rooms, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Bank clerks already enrolled in the Bankers and Brokers' Republican Club of the City of New-York will shortly receive a notice of assignment to the company of one of the several captains appointed for the parade.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

FIFTH AVENUE—Congressman Charles A. Boutelle, of Maine, and Colonel A. S. Buford, of Richmond, Va. GILSEY—Paymaster Theodore S. Thompson, U. S. Navy. GRAND UNION—Ex-Senator B. K. Bruce, of Mississippi. VICTORIA—Charles T. Russell, U. S. Consul at Liverpool. WINDSOR—Ex-Congressman Jonathan Scoville, of Buffalo.

THE CASH GONE WITH THE BOOKKEEPER.

Newburg, N. Y., Oct. 20.—Robert C. F. Koener, bookkeeper for the Newburg Beef Company, started for the bank yesterday to deposit $500 in money and $600 in checks. Koener disappeared, and an investigation shows that only the checks were deposited. Detectives are in search of Koener.

DATES OF PHILADELPHIA ASSEMBLIES.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20 (Special).—The Assemblies this winter will take place on Friday, January 18, and Tuesday, February 26. There is some talk of making the Charity Ball a social occasion of great interest, but so far no definite arrangements have been made.

BACK TO THE FATHERLAND.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR EXPECTED TO-DAY

SOON TO VISIT THE REMAINING COURTS OF THE CONTINENT—THE RESULTS OF HIS CALL UPON THE POPE—DR. MACKENZIE'S DEFENDERS ALL SILENCED—PROFESSOR VIRCHOW'S DAMAGING ASSERTION—CHARGES AGAINST THE EX-EMPRESS.

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Berlin, Oct. 20.—Emperor William is expected to arrive at the Drewitz Station, near Potsdam, to-morrow on his return from Italy. He will drive immediately to the Marble Palace, where he will pass the day in retirement with his family. Monday is the birthday of the Empress, and the day will be celebrated quietly. No public fetes will be held. The Emperor will visit Berlin, where he will receive the congratulations of the municipal authorities, upon his return. On Wednesday he will resume his itinerary, going to Blankenberg, where he will meet the Regent of Brunswick. He will then visit Prince Bismarck, who will probably accompany him to Hamburg, where the Emperor is expected to arrive on October 29, and where he will preside over the celebration of the entry of the Hanse city into the Zollverein. The Emperor will then visit Leipsic, where on October 31 he will lay the corner-stone of the Imperial Palace of Justice. He will return to Berlin early in November and will be present at the opening of the new Landtag. It is also added that he will receive the Czar on November 10.

Arrangements for Emperor William's reception at Windsor Castle have been abandoned. He contemplates a voyage in the course of the winter to Lisbon, and thence a journey to Madrid. His decision upon this matter is not final, but an intimation has been sent to Madrid that he has in contemplation a visit to the Spanish Court. His reception at Brussels early in the spring completes his tour of the Continental Courts, the English Court remaining under the Imperial excommunication.

THE VISIT TO ROME A BLOW TO THE VATICAN.

The Berliners anticipate a dull winter. The Court is still in mourning, and the leading families are absentees. The Emperor is now called "Wilhelm der Answartige." He is absorbed either in work or travel. It is settled that King Humbert will visit Berlin in the spring. The results of the Emperor's visit to Rome, beyond doubt, have been a blow to the hopes of the Vatican. The semi-official press here, having been instructed to maintain a judicious silence, ignores the Vatican. The dissatisfaction, anger and discontent of the Clericals break out in the "Germania" and other Catholic organs. It is admitted that the Emperor used the utmost tact in his interview with the Pope and Cardinal Rampolla, the Papal Secretary of State. But authentic advices from sources which are accepted as accurate state that the Pope forced from the Emperor William a declaration that Germany could not encourage Papal aspirations without endangering the present entente with the Italian Government. From one of the Imperial attendants it became known that the Emperor William, while telling King Humbert how the Pope had insisted upon talking on the question of Rome, said, "I had to destroy his illusions, and it was done effectually." The Vatican does not rest submissive or inactive. Cardinal Rampolla, besides instructing the Bishops to renew the agitation for sympathy with the Pope, has prepared a statement explaining that His Holiness consented to receive the Emperor only after obtaining a formal declaration that the visit did not imply any recognition of the incorporation of Rome with Italy.

DR. MACKENZIE'S DEFENDERS DISAPPEARING.

The discussion of Dr. Mackenzie's book tends more and more to the discredit of the English doctors. Even the radical "Vossische Zeitung," hitherto a fierce and outspoken champion of Dr. Mackenzie, has ceased to defend him since the appearance of Professor Virchow's and Dr. Waldeyer's official report on the results of the post-mortem examination of the body of Emperor Frederick.

At a meeting of the Medical Society here on Thursday, the members approved a report the effect of which will amount to accusing Dr. Mackenzie of distorting the facts disclosed by the post-mortem examination and of a general divergence from the truth. The statement of Professor Virchow in the "Vossische Zeitung," further charging Drs. Mackenzie and Hovell with evading his request for an exact description of the affected parts whence the particles were taken for analysis, intensifies the suspicion that Dr. Mackenzie aimed to mystify the German doctors, if possible. Professor Virchow now asserts that the particles given him to analyze with the microscope were taken from the vocal chord, and not from the seat of the disease. Public opinion is made up that Dr. Mackenzie is a clever juggler, and that he was an able and willing instrument in the plans for prolonging Frederick's life until he had a chance to ascend the throne. The public is ceasing to take an interest in the medical squabble. The Medical Society has expressed a desire that the Government permit Mackenzie's book to circulate freely in Germany, holding that if the prohibition of the sale of the book were withdrawn to-morrow, the public would not make a rush to buy.

CHARGES AGAINST EMPRESS FREDERICK.

Court and domestic politics are more than ever surcharged with inflammable matter. The ex-Empress is implicated in both of Mackenzie's statements and in Geffcken's line of defence. Spaarmacn, the publisher of the German edition of Mackenzie's book, has written a deposition to the police, in which he states that the ex-Empress revised the original English proofs. This is accepted as true. Geffcken's defence, including the allegation that the ex-Empress knew he intended to publish the extracts from the late Emperor's diary, is also held to be probable. The friends of the late Emperor are hopeful that the high character of the ex-Empress will find vindication in the developments of the Geffcken trial.

A SPLENDID DISPLAY OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

Messrs. R. J. Horner & Co., whose reputation as house furnishers stands high among the fashionable society of New-York, are just now displaying their new fall stock of household goods. Among the innumerable domestic and imported designs contained in this vast establishment may be found some peculiarly beautiful specimens of high grade art furniture. Although the firm has been established but a little over two years, it already possesses one of the choicest and most varied stocks of furniture in the country.

Entering the drawing-room floor, the eye is at once attracted by a charming Louis XV drawing-room suite in tapestry and gold, the tapestry, of pale blue, being hand woven and embroidered with flowers. Then follow some elegantly carved tete-a-tete suites in white mahogany, upholstered in fawn, pale blue and terra cotta colored plush. In a smaller room adjoining are exhibited couches and sofas of various designs, among which are some of corded tapestry and blue silk with raised crimson velvet flowering, and others of great beauty. The solid mahogany hand-carved dining-room sets are especially worthy of mention. Perhaps, however, the most striking features of the exhibition are the specimen drawing, dining and bed rooms, all furnished as if ready for use. It would be impossible to give a detailed description of the various superb pieces which make up this splendid display. Among the more notable objects noticed were an onyx and gold pedestal; a white and gold divan of exquisite design; a magnificent French centre seat, upholstered in silk-flowered tapestry and surmounted by a vase; and a screen in gilt, richly festooned with brown silk. The bed-room sets in Indian maple are models of simplicity and refinement of taste, while in the dining-room is seen a genuine Chippendale sideboard, guaranteed to be 350 years old. Messrs. R. J. Horner's stock will more than repay the trouble of inspection by intending purchasers, as it is complete and attractive in every department.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS FOR 24 HOURS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—10 p. m.—For Maine, New-Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, fair and colder; westerly winds.

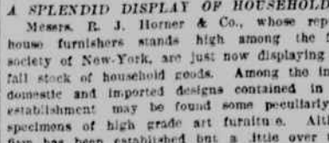
For Maryland, Delaware and Virginia, fair; colder, with northerly winds; indications of a storm off the coast.

For the Carolinas, Georgia and Eastern Florida, fair and colder; northwesterly winds, with indications of a storm off the coast.

For Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Eastern Texas, Arkansas, Tennessee and Missouri, rain; cooler.

For West Virginia, Western Pennsylvania and Western New-York, fair; warmer, with northerly winds, becoming variable.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In the diagram a continuous line shows the barometer fluctuations yesterday, as observed at the United States Signal Service station at this city. The dashes indicate temperature noted at Hufnut's pharmacy, 218 Broadway.

TRIBUNE OFFICE, Oct. 21—1 a. m.—Clear and cooler weather prevailed yesterday. The temperature ranged between 47° and 59°, the average (49⅞) being 1⅞° lower than on

In and near this city to-day there will probably be fair and colder weather.

CENTRAL PARK METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Professor Draper, of the Central Park Observatory, makes the following report for the week ended at noon Saturday:

Barometer.	Inches.	Thermometer.	Degrees.
Mean	29.850	Mean	48.8
Max'm, Oct. 18, 12 p. m.	30.100	Max'm, Oct. 16, 4 p. m.	59.0
Min'm, Oct. 20, 3 a. m.	29.590	Min'm, Oct. 19, 6 a. m.	37.0
Range	.510	Range	22.0

Distance travelled by the wind, 943 miles. Rainfall, .75 inch.

SUDDEN DEATH OF COL. R. M. PULSIFER.

FOUND DEAD AT HIS COUNTRY HOME, WHERE HE HAD GONE FOR NEEDED REST

Boston, Oct. 20.—Colonel R. M. Pulsifer, for many years one of the proprietors of "The Boston Herald," died in his country home at Islington yesterday morning. He was expecting to go to Springfield on Thursday night, but sent a note to his wife at his Boston residence saying that he was too ill to go, and should instead go to Islington and get a good night's rest, which he greatly needed. It was no unusual thing for him to visit his country house under similar circumstances. He also said he would go to Springfield on the following morning. He was suffering at the time from severe nervous prostration due to insomnia. As Mrs. Pulsifer had received no word from her husband up to Friday night she became alarmed and directed that a search be made for him. Upon opening the door of the room known as the guest's chamber the body was found lying on a low bed in a perfectly natural position as if in slumber. In the opinion of the medical examiner and the family physician, who made a careful examination, death resulted from natural causes. The funeral will take place on Monday afternoon and will be strictly private.

Colonel Pulsifer's career has been a phenomenal one, but in recent years he has been financially embarrassed, so deeply that his failure has been announced several times. He was a remarkably shrewd manager in his own line, but very unfortunate in his outside speculations. He was connected with "The Herald" for a quarter of a century. When Mr. E. C. Bailey, the old owner of "The Herald," sold the paper to Messrs. Justin Andrews, C. H. Andrews, E. B. Haskell and R. M. Pulsifer, the latter was a clerk in the counting-room. He took the business management of the paper into his hands. Under careful management "The Herald" became a literal mint. Colonel Pulsifer bought Justin Andrew out and thereby became the chief owner. The owners put up a handsome new marble building, each of them became millionaires from the profits, and all went swimmingly until Colonel Pulsifer's outside ventures began to embarass him. He was interested in all kinds of speculation—mines, steamboats, land companies and quarries. The other owners of the paper insisted that "The Herald" be converted into a stock company, the business management taken from Colonel Pulsifer's hands and his interest in the company much lessened. He was made president of the new company, but he had not had much to do with the paper since the change four months ago.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Bridgeton, N. J., Oct. 20.—Charles Ewing Elmer, of Bridgeton, died this morning age seventy. Mr. Elmer was a lawyer by profession, but being of ample means he retired from active practice about 1860.

London, Oct. 20.—The Rev. John Black, General Secretary of the Presbyterian Church of England, is dead.

MUGWUMP MISREPRESENTATION.

NO