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New-York Tribune.

PART II.
PAGES 13 TO 24.

THE CELEBRATION BEGINS.

IN HONOR OF COLUMBUS.

BIG SERVICES IN ALL THE SYNAGOGUES.

LARGE CONGREGATIONS LISTEN TO SPECIAL MUSIC AND APPROPRIATE SERMONS.

A formal beginning of the Columbian Celebration was made yesterday, when services in honor of the great discoverer were held in many Hebrew places of worship. The hardships and triumphs of Columbus were recounted and lessons were drawn from his trials, for the benefit of the people of to-day. Musical programmes of exceptional interest were given in each case.

From the galleries of Temple Emanuel, Forty-third-st. and Fifth-ave., there rang yesterday the voices of children singing patriotic songs. The congregation entered thoroughly into the spirit of the celebration and the services were interesting and impressive. The synagogue was tastefully decorated with bunting, and the pulpit and reader's desk were concealed beneath drapings of the National colors. At one side of the chancel was a bank of palm trees, and at the other side were flowers and fruit, the emblems of peace and plenty. The Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman, the assistant rabbi of the congregation, delivered an eloquent sermon upon "America, the Land of Promise." He said that the Hebrews had ceased to long to return to Jerusalem, and had come to regard America as the true land of promise. The musical part of the service was in charge of A. J. Davis, the organist. The singing was led by a double quartet, consisting of Charles Fritz and J. M. Clark, tenors; Misses Fanny Hirsch and Fanny Trischet, sopranos; Signor Bologna and Mr. Sanger, baritones; and Miss Bulkley-Hill and Miss Frank, contraltos.

At the Temple Israel of Harlem, Fifth-ave. and One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth-st., the Hebrews of upper New-York attended a special service in commemoration of the discovery of America. A number of changes were made in the Sabbath ritual. The children of the school sang "The Star Spangled Banner" and "My Country 'Tis of Thee" with much enthusiasm. The rabbi of the congregation, the Rev. Dr. H. M. Harris, preached a sermon upon "Suggestions of the Columbus Celebration" in which he spoke of the progress made by the Hebrew race in America. The interior of the temple was appropriately decorated.

At Temple Ahawath Chesed, Fifty-fifth-st. and Lexington-ave., the temple was tastily decorated on the outside and inside. The railing in front of the balcony, extending all the way round the auditorium, was hung with bunting and flags. Pictures of Columbus surrounded by the Stars and Stripes were also arranged in different places in the church, and the altar was draped with a large American flag. The exercises began with the regular Sabbath service conducted by Rabbi Guinsburg. Then came the march of the Sabbath-school children, the leader of the procession carrying the American flag. After the march "The Star Spangled Banner" was sung by the congregation, and then the centennial lecture by the Rev. Dr. Alexander Kohut began. "The Importance of Columbus's Discovery of America for the Jews," was the subject of the rabbi's lecture. He reviewed the stormy voyage of Columbus across the Atlantic, and compared it with the struggles of the Hebrew race. He spoke of the time when 300,000 industrious and law-abiding Hebrews were expelled from Spain.

"Many since that time have sought shelter in this glorious country," said the rabbi, "and the Jewish people certainly have cause to express gratitude for the hero who founded a haven of repose for our noble race. The very name of Columbus is significant of love, truth and rest, for Columbus discovered America because he had faith in himself and in God, and because he discovered a country for wandering Israel as well as for others."

The service closed with the singing by the congregation of "America."

"Influence of the Discovery of America on the American Jew," was the subject of the lecture delivered in Temple Rodeph Scholom yesterday. The lecture was by the Rev. Dr. Aaron Wise, who spoke of the bettered condition of the Hebrews on account of the discovery of America. An appropriate musical programme, under the direction of the cantor, the Rev. David Kahn and Professor Joseph Davis, had been arranged. There was also a march by the Sabbath-school children who sang patriotic hymns.

Max Cohn, a trustee of the synagogue at Sixty-seventh-st. and Third-ave., lectured on "Israel's Debt of Gratitude to Columbus and America," at the synagogue yesterday. Services were first conducted by Rabbi Drachman, and then Mr. Cohn began his lecture. He said that the Hebrew race could not be too grateful to Columbus and to America, and referred to the religious liberty and freedom accorded to the race in this Republic.

At the Fifteenth Street Temple yesterday morning a large congregation listened to the services and to the sermon of Rabbi Raphael Benjamin. The synagogue was decorated with American flags and long streamers of red, white and blue. Before the sermon the choir sang "My Country 'Tis of Thee." Among those who assisted in the services were Cantor Herman Goldsheim, President Nathan Kaun, Vice-President Jacob Wau, and Trustees Gottlieb Manasse, Julius Feldhien, A. Crager, J. Blumenthal, Ralph Wiel, F. Greenwood and S. J. Halbersaas. Dr. Benjamin preached on "Columbus, Ever Onward in Search of New Realms." He called to the minds of his hearers the fact that through the discovery of Columbus this Nation became a haven where the long persecuted people of Israel had found at last civil and religious liberty. At the Temple Gates of Hope, in East Eighty-sixth-st., Rabbi Adolph M. Radin preached to a large congregation on "The Achievements of Columbus for the Benefit of Mankind in General and the Jews in Particular." The synagogue was decorated with American flags inside, and a large flag hung over the front entrance. The children of the congregation, under the direction of Cantor Rosenzweig and Miss Cohen, sang several patriotic songs in the course of the services.

Among the religious observances of the Columbus celebration were those held yesterday morning by the Spanish and Portuguese Congregation in West Nineteenth-st. near Fifth-ave., in the synagogue Sherith Israel. For an hour before the time appointed for beginning the services the worshippers began to assemble and there were hundreds turned away without gaining admittance. This is the oldest congregation of Hebrews in the city. The ancient ritual was sung with the traditional chants. All of the ancient customs were observed by the congregation, and the Rabbi, the Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes, read selections from the old rules adopted by the Spanish Inquisition for determining a Hebrew. Dr. Mendes gave a most entertaining lecture on the history and development of the expelled Hebrews since 1492.

At the conclusion of the service the Feast of Tabernacles was celebrated by the members of the synagogue. The rooms were decorated with fruits of the woods and fields. The First Hungarian Congregation Ohab Zedek observed the Columbian celebration with special services at its synagogue, No. 174 Norfolk-st. The exercises were begun promptly at 9:30 a. m., and the building by that time was filled. After the usual services the Rev. Dr. Philip Klein made an address appropriate of the occasion.

THE LOAN EXHIBITION.

The informal opening of the New-York Columbian Celebration Loan Exhibition took place yesterday evening at the National Academy of Design. Sunday, October 16, will be "free day" and the last day of the exhibition. On other days an admission fee of 25 cents will be charged.

The organizers of the display, Louis C. Tiffany and William A. Coffin, seem to have devoted their efforts to securing pictures of general and National interest, rather than a collection of paintings bearing exclusively upon the events which the festival is intended to commemorate. Both George Inness and Winslow Homer are extensively and charmingly represented, one entire wall of the East Room being devoted to the poetic landscapes of the former, while the other wall is occupied by Mr. Homer's works. The latter include, besides several new pieces of Adirondack scenery, a number of paintings with which the public is already familiar, notably the "Eight Bells."

The place of honor in the South Room is given to Leutze's "Settlement of Maryland by Lord Delaware," which appeared to be the only painting shown that in any way relates to the early settlement of this country. Plenty of National coloring is, however, to be found in the characteristic types of Eastman, Johnson, Hovenden, W. T. Smedley, Brush, Wordsworth, Thompson and Homer. A good-sized crowd attended the opening and seemed much pleased with the collection.

ARRIVAL OF FOREIGN WAR VESSELS.

Three foreign men-of-war, two French and one Spanish, steamed into this harbor yesterday morning about 11 o'clock. They were the Arethuse and Hussard of the French Navy, and the Infanta Isabel of the Spanish fleet. They all passed up the bay and anchored in the North River shortly after their arrival.

The Hussard is 199 1-2 feet long, 28 1-2 feet beam and 11 feet draft, and her tonnage is 781 tons. She carries four five and one-half inch breech loading rifles, and also has a battery four and one-half feet above the water line. She is a wooden bark-rigged ram.

When the Arethuse passed Castle William on Governor's Island she was welcomed with twenty-one guns. At about 3 o'clock in the afternoon both the Hussard and the Infanta Isabel came up the bay, the French ship, the Hussard, leading, and again from the fort on Governor's Island came the twenty-one gun salute. The three ships anchored near each other in the North River, not far from the Giovanni Bausan. Large crowds gathered at every point of vantage along the river front to watch the progress of the war ships as they slowly and majestically went up the stream.

For complete programme of the remaining days of the celebration see pages 18 and 19.

TO FLY THE NATIONAL FLAG ON SUNDAYS.

Colonel E. G. Arthur, in a letter to F. A. Goodman, chairman of the house committee of the 7th Regiment Veteran Club, offers a suggestion in regard to the flying of the National colors on Sundays from the flagstaff of the clubhouse. It is as follows: "I beg to submit a suggestion for the consideration of your committee. You will remember that the National colors were displayed on Sundays during the War of the Rebellion, not only on public and private buildings, but on the spires of the churches, and that the sight of 'Old Glory' on that sacred day inspired the patriotism and strengthened the hearts of our own people, while it evoked the admiration of all visiting foreign subjects. New-York has properly been chosen as the pioneer in the Columbus celebration, and it is a most appropriate time for her citizens to prove to each other and to the whole world that their love of country is akin to their religion. I respectfully request that your committee consider the propriety of flying the National colors on the flagstaff of the clubhouse on all Sundays hereafter. Let us be the leaders in a movement that will certainly receive enthusiastic approval from the people of every city and hamlet in our beloved land."

In reply, Edmund Hendricks, secretary of the committee, said: "Your communication was duly received, and it gives me pleasure to inform you that the entire committee approved your suggestion, and have directed that the National colors be displayed on the flagstaff of the clubhouse on all Sundays hereafter."

BOSTON CATHOLICS TO CELEBRATE.

Boston, Oct. 8 (Special).—The Catholics of Boston will celebrate Columbus Day, October 21. The statue of Columbus rejected by the Art Commission of Boston will be unveiled by Archbishop Williams and a parade will follow. A committee, consisting of the chairmen of the outstanding committees, together with the chairman and secretary of the executive committee, has been appointed to draw up an official programme for the day. The evening exercises will consist of an ovation in Music Hall by General Patrick A. Collins, the reading of Miss Conway's ode and singing by a chorus of 500 voices selected from the Catholic choirs of the city. Governor Russell and Mayor Matthews are to be invited to review the parade, and the city government will be invited to participate in it. The 9th Regiment has accepted an invitation to act as escort to Chief Marshal Donahue.

THE JUSTICES WILL PROBABLY NOT COME.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Marshal Wright, of the United States Supreme Court, called on the President to-day and arranged for a reception to the Justices of the Supreme Court Monday afternoon, when they will formally call on the President and pay their respects. It is probable the court will not take a recess to attend the New-York Columbian celebration, but will stay in session and attend to business.

Republicans of New-York City and Brooklyn, go to the polling places in your election districts on Tuesday and see that your names are placed on the registration books! Failure to do this will disfranchise you. The books will be open in every election district from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. on Tuesday. There will be three other days for registering: Wednesday, October 19; Friday, October 28, and Saturday, October 29. But every patriotic, true blue and full-blooded Republican ought to attend to this duty on the first day—Tuesday, October 11. If you want to vote for Harrison and Reid you must register!

THEY RUSHED TO THE ROOF IN FLAMES

MRS. LAVINE AND HER TWO CHILDREN SERIOUSLY BURNED—PANIC IN A TENEMENT-HOUSE.

An accidental fire caused a panic in the crowded five-story tenement-house No. 100 Suffolk-st. early yesterday morning, and three persons, a mother and her two children, were burned seriously as they were escaping from the flames. The house sheltered eighteen families, most of the tenants being Hebrews. Morris Freeman and his wife and children lived in front rooms on the fourth floor. At 3:30 a. m. yesterday, as his wife was heating some milk for the baby over a kerosene stove, he upset the stove. Flames quickly filled the rooms. Freeman fled to the street with his family, shouting "Fire!" to alarm the other tenants, but leaving the door to the hallway open.

Mrs. Rachel Lavine was in a room adjoining Freeman's, with her two children, Sarah, five years old, and Esther, a baby. When she was awakened her room was full of smoke. She ran out on the landing, having her baby in her arms, and started toward the roof. When she was near the stairs leading to the fifth story she remembered little Sarah. Placing the baby on the floor, Mrs. Lavine ran back to her room where Sarah was lying, half unconscious from the smoke. The mother caught up the little girl and ran again toward the stairs. Flames caught her on the landing, and her clothing was on fire when she reached the baby and started up the stairs with both children in her arms. Occupants of the fifth floor had fled to the roof before her. When she gained the roof she and the children were wrapped in flames that were burning their flimsy clothing. Blankets and coats were flung over them to smother the flames, but the mother and two children were burned from head to foot. An ambulance carried them to the Gouverneur Hospital, where it was said later that all three were in danger, and the baby was believed to be dying.

Firemen, who were called to the burning house, found the stairs leading from the lower hallway blocked by panic-stricken tenants. There was only one line of narrow and crooked stairway. Before the blockade could be broken several persons were bruised on the stairs, but it was said later that they all had escaped serious injury. As soon as the firemen could make their way up the crooked stairways with lines of hose they found no further difficulty in extinguishing the fire, which had burned most of the rooms in the fourth story.

The tenement-house belongs to Max Goldberger, of No. 237 East Fifty-eighth-st., and is insured for $19,000. It has fire-escapes on the front and rear walls, but few of the occupants thought of them in the rush from their rooms.

Efforts are being made to colonize this city in the interest of Tammany Hall and Grover Cleveland. If the Republicans will register on Tuesday they can aid greatly in preventing this.

INSPECTOR TRAITTEUR'S STORY.

Special Inspector Traitteur, who made the seizure of pictures imported by Mrs. Anna Cocaci, and in turn is charged with having been in love with her, and having seized the pictures in revenge, because she rejected his addresses, yesterday made a statement of his side of the case. He said that he was handicapped in doing this by the fact that he could not publish many facts connected with the affair without revealing his evidence and enabling the woman to be prepared to shield herself when the smuggling case was brought into court. He says the letter published by her purporting to be a love letter from him, although not signed, was never written by him. Other letters published he did write, and he would have written more if necessary."

He never met the woman until three months after the importation of the pictures. Then he sought her acquaintance to get evidence. As his official position was perfectly well-known, it was necessary to gain her confidence to learn of the frauds. The woman had asked why, if he was seizing the pictures in good faith, he did not take those she gave to S. W. Parker, in payment for a horse. This, in fact, he had done. Mr. Traitteur says he never told her anything about getting bogus parchment certificates, and the man whom he sent to Mrs. Cocaci, ostensibly to buy pictures, was an expert sent to estimate their value. He says he has evidence that the pictures did not belong to Dr. Cocaci, but were placed in his hands to send here and sell.

MINISTER EGAN IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct. 8.—Patrick Egan, United States Minister to Chili, arrived here this morning, and immediately called upon Mr. Grinnell, the Acting Secretary of State, in the absence of Secretary Foster. Mr. Egan presented the treaty concluded with Chili for the settlement of the claims between the two countries.

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ENGLISH BRASS BEDSTEADS in over fifty different designs.

All prices are marked on a small-profit basis and in plain figures.

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GUARDING THE STREETS.

THE TROLLEY FRANCHISE TO BE RECALLED.

MAYOR GRANT APPROVES OTHER RESOLUTIONS OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Mayor Grant yesterday approved eight of the nine ordinances passed by the Board of Aldermen on Thursday, granting the applications of the Metropolitan Traction Company for various street railway extensions and connections. The franchise granted by the Aldermen which the Mayor has not signed is that authorizing the extension in Ninth or Columbus-ave. By direction of President J. H. V. Arnold, Chief Clerk Michael F. Blake yesterday issued notices for a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen, to be held to-morrow at noon, for the purpose of recalling the approval of the Ninth-ave. application. It will then be amended by the insertion of a clause prohibiting the use of the trolley in that avenue. This is the route through which President Crimmins, of the Traction Company, said a few days ago that it was the company's purpose to operate by the trolley system.

The Mayor's message informing the Board of Aldermen of his action is as follows:

October 8, 1892.

To the Honorable Board of Aldermen:

The resolutions adopted by the Common Council on the 29th of September and now before me for approval are intended to effect a much needed improvement of the surface railroad facilities of the city. The property-owners affected in the important cases (the extension on Ninth and Lexington aves.) have consented to the construction of a branch railroad, and at the public hearing before the Board of Aldermen, but one property-owner appeared to oppose it, while numbers of property-owners demanded that the roads be authorized.

The cable railroad, now built through the centre of the island to Fifty-ninth street, should be extended northerly on both the East and West sides, to give the public a full benefit of the present franchise on Broadway. These resolutions will, if faithfully executed, enable the travelling public, for one fare of 5 cents, to obtain the benefit of a continuous ride for a much greater distance and more speedy than is possible at the present time. Property interests in the upper portions of the city are at present languishing because of the lack of such facilities. The provisions of the Cantor act, now, in substance, embodied in the General Railroad law, provide for the sale at auction of all franchises granted by the local authorities, the bidders to compete upon the basis of percentages to be paid upon gross receipts. The law has, in one respect, operated unfavorably. Irresponsible bidders have been enabled to compete at the sale and to purchase franchises on roads which have not been built, but have, nevertheless, held the streets against needed railroad improvements. These grants provide for a deposit of money at the time of the sale. This money is to be held by the city and to be forfeited to it if the roads are not built; but it is to be returned to the depositors as the work of construction goes on.

With regard to the motive power to be used upon these extensions, there is but one case requiring consideration. The short connections between existing roads cannot be used as independent railroads and must have the same motive power as the present roads which they unite. The other grants cover extensions in Lexington-ave. and Ninth-ave. In the matter of the Lexington-ave. extension the resolutions of the Common Council provide as one of the conditions of the sale, as follows:

Third. That the bidder to whom the aforesaid sale shall be made shall construct and put in operation a double track cable railroad upon said branch or extension, etc.

The character of the road, the time in which it is to be built, and other necessary conditions are so definitely provided for as to leave no doubt that if the sale is made a cable railroad will be built. I have therefore approved the resolution of the Board regarding Lexington-ave.

In the matter of the extension authorized in Ninth-ave. I have concluded to request the Board to recall the resolution and insert in it conditions similar to those contained in the Lexington-ave. branch. The assurances given by the Houston, West Street and Pavonia Ferry Railroad Company would be quite sufficient, but for the possibility that the franchises might be bought at the sale by some other bidder. To provide against this contingency, I think the safest course would be to have it inserted as one of the conditions of the sale, that a cable railroad shall be built in Ninth-ave.

The legal effect of restrictions imposed by the Common Council as to the motive power to be used is not, to be sure, controlling. In the Third-ave. railroad case it was held that restrictions of this sort imposed by the Common Council could be set aside by the joint action of the Railroad Commissioners and the property owners on the line of the road.

The responsibility regarding the power to be used is not with the Board of Aldermen, but, if a condition of the sale of a railroad franchise were that a cable railroad should be built, it would doubtless have a controlling influence on the Railroad Commissioners as against any other form of traction, at least for some years.

Since writing the passage above, stating it to be my purpose to request your Honorable Body to recall the resolution permitting the railroad extensions in Ninth-ave., so as to amend it, I have been visited by the Railroad Committee of the Board and have learned that they had determined to make such a request of their own motion. I am exceedingly gratified that our minds should meet in the matter.

HUGH J. GRANT.

DULNESS IN THE REAL ESTATE MARKET.

The real-estate market fails to show the activity usual at this season of the year, but there was a fair amount of business last week when it is considered how stagnant the market has been for some time. The season is about a month late, and little real life may be expected until after the election. The Columbian celebration may serve to divert people's minds from the market, and this week may be dull. On the whole, however, there is an undertone of strength to values, and brokers are expecting a revival of interest when the winter draws near.

At public auction there was an improvement in the character of the offerings, there was a fair demand from investors and moderately good prices were obtained. The most important feature in this line was the sale of 172 lots at Kingsbridge, and the general average of the sale showed an all-around price of about $1,250 a lot. Among the private transactions last week were the sale of five lots on the north side of Sixty-sixth-st., between Central Park West and Columbus-ave., by Jacob Steinhardt to Cornelius W. Luyster for $110,000. F. G. Bourne sold No. 36 West Seventy-third-st. for $54,000, and No. 329 West Seventy-sixth-st. was sold for $40,000 by Jacob & Skinner. Wilson & Tichborne sold No. 30 West Seventy-sixth-st. to Elmer T. Butler, of Staten Island, for $15,000. Among the sales of Bellamy & Winans were No. 30 West Fifty-eighth-st., for $95,000; Nos. 255 and 293 West Eighty-eighth-st., for $50,000, and No. 24 West Seventy-first-st. for $17,000.

There are two important events this week: the celebration of the landing of Christopher Columbus and registration of voters. The registration of the voters is on Tuesday, from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. After the celebration on that day go and register!

HEALTHFUL STATE OF THE CITY.

THE CHOLERA SCARE HAD ITS USES—MORTALITY TABLES.

The mortality in this city last week was lower than in any previous week since the one ending on November 29, 1890. Only 659 deaths were reported at the Bureau of Vital Statistics during the week. In the previous week 689 deaths were recorded. Dr. John T. Nagle, Register of Vital Statistics, said that the average number of deaths for a corresponding week of the last five years was 707. The weather had been favorable for a low death rate last week, he said, but the decrease of mortality doubtless was due partly to the increased cleanliness of the city and the care in eating and drinking which the cholera scare caused.

Chief Inspector Roberts, of the Bureau of Contagious Diseases, said there had been no case of cholera in the city since the death of James Miller, in Twenty-ninth-st., near the North River, last month, but, as the diagnosis was not made certain until last week, the case appears on the record as credited to last week. Following is the record of contagious diseases for two weeks:

	October 1. Cases.	Deaths.	October 8. Cases.	Deaths.
Typhoid fever	57	13	41	6
Scarlet fever	39	8	22	4
Measles	39	7	31	2
Diphtheria	60	19	58	21
Smallpox	7	0	6	1
Cholera	0	0	1	1
Total	193	47	192	35

Two Italians, who were suffering from smallpox were sent to North Brother Island yesterday. They were Antonio Gigalis, of No. 111 Mulberry-st., and Antonio Decamillo, of No. 112 Mulberry-st.

To Republicans: Tammany Hall is making every effort to get out a big registration on Tuesday. See to it that the Republicans do as well as Tammany does!

SCHOOLMASTERS IN SESSION.

The thirty-ninth annual meeting of the Schoolmasters' Association of New York was held yesterday morning in Hamilton Hall, Columbia College, President Randall Spaulding in the chair. After the usual routine business had been finished, it was resolved, on motion, that the association protest against the action of the Latin department of Columbia College in using an abridged version of Caesar in the recent examinations. After an interesting paper, entitled, "The Schoolmasters' Association of New-York, Retrospect and Prospect," had been read by President Spaulding, the meeting adjourned until next October. The following is a list of the officers and committees for 1892-3: President, Randall Spaulding; vice-president, Hiram V. King; secretary and treasurer, Theodore Churchill. Executive committee, F. G. Ireland, C. L. Harrington, Wilson Farrand; book review committee, Emery W. Given, E. W. Fisher, H. H. Gadsby, D. V. Thompson, E. A. H. Allen; committee on educational periodicals, H. C. Wait, C. A. Mead, Elmer E. Phillips, W. E. Humley, H. K. Spaulding, committee on conferences with colleges, D. A. Kennedy, Julius Sachs, A. H. Cutter, S. A. Farrand, W. McD. Halsey, Benjamin H. Campbell and the president, ex officio.

THE MANHATTAN TRUST COMPANY SUED.

Horace B. Fry is suing the Manhattan Trust Company, the John B. Stetson Company and others for $59,000 alleged to be due for commission for forming the Stetson Company into a corporation and arranging to place the stock. Fry declares that in March, 1890, the firm of J. B. Stetson & Co. was desirous of forming a corporation and selling the capital stock to capitalists in New-York with arrangements to have the stock all placed before the corporation was actually formed. Fry declares that he made such arrangements, but the company was formed in another way and the commissions which he alleges were promised him were refused. For this reason he brought the present suit. The case came up yesterday on a motion for a commission to Robert H. McGrath, of Philadelphia, to examine John B. Stetson before trial. The motion was granted by Judge Gildersleeve in the Superior Court. Leopold Wallach appears for the plaintiff, and Strong & Cadwalader for the defendants.

THE EDISON COMPANY'S DIFFICULTY.

The impression has gone abroad that the Edison Electric Company has settled its differences with the Board of Underwriters, owing to its expressed intention to put in no more grounded circuits, but the officers of the board say that no agreement has been reached and that the situation is exactly the same as it was at the beginning of the week. The Edison Company has many grounded circuits already in existence, and no arrangement has been made concerning them.

AN ADVANCE IN COTTON.

Cotton took another turn upward yesterday and recovered the loss of the day before. The prices advanced from 17 to 19 points on reports of a cold wave from the Northwest. Cotton for January delivery was quoted at from 8.34 to 8.35 cents. The sales of cotton on the Exchange amounted to 164,200 bales.

DID HE VIOLATE THE RULE?

Louis Sternberger, a broker, yesterday on the floor of the Stock Exchange offered 500 shares of Reading at 58 cents and cried out, "All I've got," in the customary way to stimulate sales. He sold the stock

The New-York Central has the only natural grade in the country. It is practically a water-level line from New-York to Buffalo.

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are invited to look through our store, whether wishing to purchase or not.

THE FACT that our stock of High-Class China, Rich Cut Glass, &c., is one of the largest in the city, and our prices positively the lowest, may be of interest to you.

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Beautifully decorated in assorted flowers, with heavy burnished dull gold, size 15x15 inches, open handles, artistic shapes,

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It is surprising how far a small amount of money will go in this Department. Our assortment is the most complete in New-York, and prices positively the lowest. Shall be pleased to estimate on anything you may require.

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Wonderful the Assortments!
Wonderful the Quantities!
Wonderful the Values!

Chenille Portieres	$2 98 to 20 00
Silk Striped Curtains	2 98 to 7 00
Pure Silk Curtains	4 98 to 25 00
Madras Curtains	1 49 to 7 00
Scotch Lace Curtains	69c to 6 00
Antique Lace Curtains	1 98 to 10 00
Irish Point Curtains	2 98 to 25 00
Real Tambour Curtains	3 98 to 50 00
Brussels Lace Curtains	11 98 to 60 00
Renaissance and Louis XIV.	9 98 to 35 00
Tapestries—latest and best colors	39c to 4 00
Brocatels—French and Italian	1 49 to 6 00
Plushes—Silk and Mohair	87c to 3 00
Cotton Plushes—all widths	8½c to 60
Cretonnes—Imported and Domestic	7½c to 30
Scrims—cotton and linen	8½c to 50
Drapery Silks—plain and fancy	57c to 1 00
Curtain Poles—wood, brass, enamel	12½c to 6 00
Window Shades	24c to 1 50
Table Covers	39c to 20 00
Rugs—Smyrna, Japanese and Turkish	39c to 60 00
Art Squares	2 97 to 20 00

At $4 98....6 98....9 98.

REAL IRISH POINT CURTAINS.

Extra fine net—well covered—handsome border, Exceptionally good value,

AT 6 98...8 98...11 98....14 98.

Four special Bargains in

HAND WROUGHT TAMBOUR CURTAINS.

This offering represents about three hundred pair closely wrought Tambours—3½ and 4 yards long—in new and beautiful designs, bought at exceptionally close figures—worth far more.

IN SCOTCH LACE CURTAINS,

1 29....1 98...2 98....3 98,

represent 3½ and 4-yard Curtains by 50 and 60 inches wide—such as are usually sold at $2.00 to $5.00.

At FIVE NINETY EIGHT

Handsome Chenille Portieres—with double dado frieze and hand-knot fringe.

These have rapidly sold at 8.00—but while assortment is still complete with every color, we make the price as stated—5 98.

Heavy Damask Silk Curtains—all Colors	7 98
Egyptian Yarn Curtains—Satin Damask cross stripes and dado—all colors	6 98
Fine Rice Bead Portieres	1 75
Beaded Bamboo Portieres	2 29
Fancy Beaded—Stork and panel designs	3 98

Tapestries

begin at Thirty-nine cents—from thence prices advance by easy steps to Six dollars.....Between these extremes fully a hundred designs and about twenty grades are offered..... All are worthy particular attention, but space permits but mention of

Gros Points—Bouquets and small figures	98 cents
Heavy Noil—copies of finest woollens	1 29
Satin Warps—large leaf designs	1 98
Satin Moresques—four tintings—worth 4 00	2 69

Fine Lace Bed Sets.

Irish Point	Louis XIV. effects	$7 98 to 25 00
Real Antique	Cluny effects	4 98 to 20 00
Scotch Lace	Fifty styles	95c. to 5 00

In Rug Dept — Third Floor

(and the busiest third floor in the city) we will offer this week

At A DOLLAR NINETY-EIGHT

Velvet Rugs———2 yards long———1 yard wide Turkish, Oriental and Wilton Colorings, worth Four dollars.

ALSO

Cocoa Door Mats	good brush	49c
Smyrna Rugs	18x36 inches	69c
Smyrna Rugs	21x45 inches	89c
Smyrna Rugs	26x54 inches	1 29
Smyrna Rugs	30x60 inches	1 49
Smyrna Rugs	36x72 inches	2 19
Fancy Combination Fur Rugs—6 ft		4 67
Ingrain Art Squares	2½x3 yds	2 97
Ingrain Art Squares	3x3 yds	3 98

Who will match these prices for

Chenille Table Covers

All over figured			hand knot fringe
4-4	98c	8-4	3 49
5-4	1 24	10-4	4 98
6-4	1 79	12-4	5 98

The above are all fringed!
Unfringed covers are still lower in price!

Jute Velour Table Covers

plain and Tinsellet—all sizes...4 98 to $13 00 worth fully double.

In our great and popular

Dress Goods Department

we offer

EXCEPTIONALLY FINE ASSORTMENTS

of Henriettas, Cloths and Serges in all the popular colorings for day and evening—also Black.

Serges	Ten qualities	49 cents to 1 25
Henriettas	Eight qualities	49 cents to 1 25
Cloths	Twelve qualities	49 cents to 1 98

In Fancies and Novelties we offer

Cheviots	Stripes and Mixtures	49c. to 1 24
Chevrons,	Plaids and Stripes	39c. to 1 49
Fancy Weaves	In plain colors	75c. to 1 85
Fancy Weaves	Illuminated Effects	49c. to 1 24

Our special tribute to the universal good will be hundred pieces

Fine All Wool

Bedford Cords and Crocodile Cloths,

at FORTY-NINE CENTS,

such as until now have been 75c.

Forty inches wide.....all colors and Black

ALSO

All wool, rough finish Suitings—double width		39c
Stripes, Checks and Diagonals—54-inch		49c
All wool Tricots and Tailor Cloths		49c
All wool Henriettas—new shades		49c
Homespuns and Serges—plain and fancy,		39 cents
Camel's Hair Plaids and Fancy Stripes,		49 cents
Imported Striped Chevrons—extra wide,		64 cents
Imported Camel's Hair Stripes,		75 cents
Extra Values in Black Goods.		
Black Tricots and Serges	all wool	39 cents
Black Henriettas	all wool	49 cents
Black Camel's Hair	all wool	49 cents
Black Imperial Serges	all wool	64 cents
Black Biarritz Cords	all wool	89 cents
Black French Henriettas	silk finish	75 cents
Black French Diagonals	all wool	98 cents
Black Henriettas	silk warp	98 cents
Black Tufted Camel's Hairs	54 inch	75 cents
Black Imported Stripes, Figures and Moires		98 cents
Cloaking and Astrachans		at Popular Prices

Ladies' Wraps and Jackets.

Where is there so fine a stock?

	Where such variety?	Where such value?
Jackets,	hundreds of styles,	$3.98 to $75.00
Wraps,	hundreds of styles,	5.98 to 50.00
Capes,	hundreds of styles,	4.98 to 125.00
Newmarkets	all styles,	5.98 to 50.00
Dresses,	all styles,	6.98 to 100.00
Wrappers and Teagowns,		98c. to 60.00

The following Prices are for Best Styles, Materials and Workmanship, and represent Values more remarkable than any thus far given.

TAILOR-MADE JACKETS		
Cheviot—extra fine—Double breasted		4.98
Cheviot—Satin lined throughout		10.98
Diagonal—Fur back—large pearl buttons		11.98
FUR TRIMMED JACKETS		
Cheviot—30 inches long	Astrakhan edge	5.98
Cheviot—Satin lined sleeves	Wool Seal trim	7.98
Cheviot—Wide Wale	Bear trim	9.98
Cheviot—Mink collar and edge		12.98
CAPES AND MANTLES		
Cheviot—Black and Col'd—braided		4.98
Fine Diagonal—handsomely braided		6.98
Clay Diagonal—Watteau plait		6.98
Heavy Diagonal—Beaded and Braided		9.98
Fine Cheviot—seal edge all around		12.98
Silk Matelasse—velvet trim		24.98
Black Plush—richly appliqued		29.00
LONG GARMENTS		
Colored Cheviot with Cape		5.98
Colored Cheviot with Cape and velvet Collar		9.98
Navy Blue Serge Cape half-lined		12.98
Stylish Travelling Cloaks—adjustable Capes		15.98
DRESSES		
Fine Serge Blazer Dresses,		7.98
Marlowe Suits—new mixtures,		9.98
Double Breasted Suits—tailor finish,		13.98
Fine Black Diagonal Dresses,		16.98
Fine Serge Costumes—cape to match,		19.98
WRAPPERS AND W