CHARGES OF CRUELTY AT NAVASSA.

THOMAS CASSIDY INSISTS THAT THE WORKMEN WERE TREATED BRUTALLY.

The defence which was made by Ethan Allen, secretary of the Navassa Phosphate Company, to charges of cruelty brought by workmen of that concern, and which appeared in The Tribune of November 4, is called in question by the men. Thomas Cassidy, one of the victims, said yesterday:

"In reply to the statement by Mr. Allen that we expected to be conveyed to the island by a Cunarder and feasted on terrapin and other delicacies, and that we did not want to do much work when we arrived at the island, I will say that we hired out to work, and were willing to work. We expected decent accommodations on the voyage, instead of being huddled in a filthy pen. If the company had kept its contract we would have received what was proper. Mr. Allen claims that the Kearsarge was sent down to investigate the charges made by the workmen, and reported them exaggerated. At that time most of the workmen were Poles, who could not talk English well. Some of them were special pets of the superintendent, and either through fear of punishment or hope of reward they declared everything all right.

"The food which the investigators tasted and pronounced wholesome was not the putrid meat and the decayed vegetables which the men ate, but consisted of ham, eggs and chickens such as the bosses had. As proofs that our food was unsuitable I can say that last April Dr. Mohr, the company's physician, ordered three barrels of beef thrown over the cliff into the sea. I say that the company cannot bring forward its officers to disprove our charges of cruelty. I saw Assistant Superintendent Mead choke a workman named Henry Lawrence till his tongue hung out of his mouth and he was nearly dead. A young man named Charles Hess was falsely accused of stealing chickens, and was thrown into jail for several days. His innocence was known to the officers at the time. I know of other such cases of abuse.

"Our daily work was to make four trips from the settlement to the phosphate beds and back, a total distance of sixteen miles. There were four of us to a crew, and each crew had to push a car of phosphate weighing two tons to the grounds and back, besides the loading and unloading. The car went over a raised track, three men going behind to push while one went ahead to pull. The man in front had only a narrow plank to walk on, and if he missed his foothold he would fall through between the ties and be crushed. We were made to understand that we would have to work but five or six hours a day on account of the heat, but in fact we were compelled to work ten hours. Instead of having 600 or 700 men, as the company represents, they only had 120."

Cassidy says the men sent a letter explaining their horrible condition to President Cleveland. It was intercepted on the way, and never reached its destination. When he came back he was blind through weakness, but has now recovered his eyesight.

A COLLECTOR'S DISMISSAL RECOMMENDED.

THOMAS H. TERRY OWED THE BROOKLYN BRIDGE TREASURER $23,988 08—HIS QUEER WAY OF KEEPING ACCOUNTS.

The examination of Thomas H. Terry, collecting agent of Brooklyn Bridge rentals, whose singular methods were the subject of inquiry by the Commissioners of Accounts on Saturday appeared again before them yesterday and presented a statement which showed that he owed the treasurer $23,988 08. This was $5,000 or $6,000 more than Mr. Terry thought he ought to pay on Saturday. The amount still due from tenants he placed at $5,581 67. In answer to Commissioner Wahle's questions he admitted that when he made his last return to the trustees he retained a considerable sum in his hands.

Mr. Terry's answer made it clear in the opinion of the Commissioners that he was a wholly unnecessary appendage to the bridge outfit. Some of the tenants' leases do not expire until 1911, but sixteen of them run only to May 1, next. Mr. Terry tried to make it appear that his services were required to look after repairs, but he was obliged to acknowledge that the repairs were attended to by Superintendent Martin.

President James Howell, of the Board of Trustees, who is understood to be Terry's sponsor, entered the Accounts Bureau while the agent was on the witness-stand and soon took Terry into a private room. Before Mr. Howell's entrance the agent had said that he would be able to turn over the money due at 3 p. m. This, it would seem, did not suit President Howell, and after the private interview Terry said that he could make the amount good inside of twenty minutes. Terry and Howell left the office together, and the hearing was suspended for an hour. At the end of that time Howell telephoned to the Commissioners that Terry had "made good," having placed in the president's hands two certified checks covering the entire sum of $23,988 08.

Terry returned to the Commissioners' office immediately afterward and submitted to further examination regarding his employment. After the inquiry had ended the Commissioners said that in their report to the Mayor they would recommend that Terry's services be dispensed with by the bridge trustees, and that the work he has been doing be given to a clerk of the treasurer or the board.

HE SNEEZED HIS TEETH OUT.

A PATCHOGUE DEACON INTERRUPTS THE SERVICES IN AN UNSEEMLY MANNER.

The Puritan decorum which the audience-room of the Congregational Church of Patchogue has inspired since the impressive dedication services of last May, and especially since the revival of last October, was sadly broken Sunday night. During Pastor Colton's discourse the sounds of a mighty sneeze ascended to the vaulted ceilings. The startled congregation glanced around just in time to see Deacon Homan, who had only recently been ordained, spring from his seat and dart down the aisle after his false teeth, which during that awful sneeze had shot from his mouth as though from a gun.

Just as the deacon succeeded in grasping his teeth as they skated over the register, the audience grasped the situation and roared with laughter, the deacon's clattering on the iron register resounded through the church. The choir hid behind the velvet curtains, the minister lost his place, and the congregation was still laughing as the tall deacon regained his seat.

Then, as the minister was about to resume his sermon a sneeze from the choir loft set everybody laughing again, at the thought of the luckless deacon's experience with his teeth.

It is thought that Deacon Homan will be waited upon by the pastor and his brother deacons and requested to go out in the vestibule when he feel a real good sneeze coming on in church again, so that the services may not be broken up and he may have a clear field in which to chase his teeth, should they get away again.

DR. PARKHURST AND THE GRAND JURY.

The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst and Superintendent Byrnes were both at the General Sessions Building yesterday, expecting to go before the Grand Jury. They did not do so, however, as that body spent its entire session in considering the Madison Square Bank cases. Dr. Parkhurst would not say what business he had to lay before the Grand Jury.

District-Attorney Nicoll announced that the Grand Jury would consider complaints made by Dr. Parkhurst to-day or to-morrow. It is surmised that the clergyman will ask the indictment of persons in Captain Devery's precinct.

WORK FOR YOUNG CHRISTIAN WOMEN.

The Young Women's Christian Association held a well-attended business meeting and an election of eight members of the executive committee, in the parlors of the association, No. 7 East Fifteenth-st., at 11 a. m., yesterday. The president, Mrs. C. B. Beebe, presided, with Mrs. Robert Jaffray, jr., as recording secretary. The Library Committee reported that during the two months ended November 1 there had been issued 5,042 books, while there had been 191 new readers, and 1,761 women had used the reading-room. The Employment Committee reported that during the same period there were 281 applicants for employment, of whom 155 were employed by 187 persons. The demand for employment had been and still was rapidly increasing on account of hard times. The managers of the Margaret Louisa Home reported that during September and October 309 needy women were admitted to the Home, and in its restaurant 55,833 meals were furnished. Women admitted to the Home are allowed to remain there four weeks. The annual holiday sale of needlework is now in progress at the building of the association, the proceeds of which will be given to the women who did the work. A prominent feature of the sale is a large number of well-made, print dresses suitable for holiday gifts to servants. The association is greatly in need of financial aid on account of the increased number of applicants for assistance. Of eight members of the Executive Committee elected, the Misses M. E. Field and E. L. Flagg were re-elected. The six new members elected were Miss Mary Beach, Mrs. W. H. Humphrey, Mrs. C. W. Packard, Mrs. Charles G. Taylor, Mrs. B. F. Watson and Miss H. Wynkoop.

A BIG FACTORY QUICKLY DESTROYED.

The factory and storehouse of the T. New Manufacturing Company, at the southwest corner of Avenue B and Twentieth-st., was destroyed by flames yesterday. It was a flimsy frame building, two stories high, extending about 100 feet in Twentieth-st., and eighty feet in the avenue. The company manufactures tar and asbestos roofing, and the building was filled with highly inflammable materials when the flames were discovered on the Twentieth-st. side soon after 6 p. m. An alarm was given quickly, but before the fine engines arrived the entire building was ablaze. A third alarm was sent without delay, and later a fourth alarm was rung, but the firemen could not prevent the complete destruction of the building. The extra engines called to the fire were useless because there was a scarcity of water.

The coal office of Trapp & Bussing next to the factory caught fire, and was burned to the ground also. The factory was in ruins within an hour. The burned buildings were not of great value, and the materials in the factory were cheap. Chief Bonner, of the Fire Department, estimated the loss by the fire at $20,000. The amount of insurance was not known, and no person could tell the cause of the fire.

SHORT OF WATER AT PASSAIC, N. J.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT HAMPERED IN ITS WORK—STOREKEEPERS BURNED OUT.

A fire that broke out in the little barber-shop of William J. Zdzicokowski, No. 180 Main-ave., Passaic, N. J., early yesterday morning, resulted in a loss of about $20,000. Edward Jacofski, a shoe dealer, discovered flames in the barber-shop about 3 a. m. and gave the alarm. The blaze soon spread to a three-story building on the north and a frame block on the south. The entire Fire Department responded, but lack of water hampered its efforts, and the flames had too much headway. By daylight the fire was under control, and the barber-shop, the three-story building at the north and the block at the south were in ruins. Zdzicokowski has not been seen since he closed his shop on Sunday afternoon. The losses are as follows: Mrs. McCarthy, $6,000, partially insured; H. Meyers, $8,000, partially insured; various small storekeepers, about $5,000. Many of the latter have no insurance. The barber, it is said, had an insurance on his stock which would cover its price three times over.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

Baltimore, Nov. 27.—Flour quiet; Western super, $1 85@2 15; do extra, $2 25@2 75; do family, $3@3 25; winter wheat patent, $3 60@3 65; spring wheat patent, $3 90@4 25; spring wheat straight, $3 50@3 75. Wheat strong; No 2 red spot, 65½@65¾c; November, 65¾@65¾c; December, 65¾@66c; May, 72¾@72¾c; steamer No 2 red, [illegible]; milling wheat by sample, 64@66c; receipts, 26,666 bush; stock, 1,294,497 bush; sales, 289,000 bush. Corn firm; mixed spot and November, 43½@43¾c; year, 42¾@43c; January, 42¾@42¾c; steamer mixed, 42¾@43c; white corn by sample, 43@43c; yellow do, 40@43c; stock, 321,152 bush; sales, 28,000 bush. Oats quiet and steady; No 2 white Western, 31½@32c; No 2 mixed Western, 23½@24c; stock, 223,114 bush. Rye dull; No 2, 53c; stock, 59,788 bush. Hay steady; good to choice timothy, $14 50@$15 00. Ocean freights quiet; steam, to Liverpool, per bush, 3½@4d; Cork for orders, per qtr, 3s 3d@3s 6d; cotton per 100 lb, 35c; flour per 100 lb, 14c. Cotton nominal; middling, 8c. Eggs steady, 24c. Coffee firm; Rio cargoes, fair, 19½c; No 7, 18c. Other articles unchanged.

Boston, Nov. 27.—Markets quiet.

Buffalo, Nov. 27.—Spring wheat active, strong and higher; offerings light at closing; sales, 35,000 bush; No 1 hard spot, 71c; 5,000 bush do, 71½c; 24,000 bush do, c i f, 69c; 10,000 bush, 69½c; 25,000 bush do spot, 69½c; 3,000 bush No 1 Northern, 70c; 5,000 bush do, 70½c; 40,000 bush do, c i f, 68¾c. Closing No 1 hard spot, 71c; do c i f, 69½c; No 1 Northern spot, 70½c; do c i f, 68½c. Winter wheat in fair demand; sales, 3 cars No 2 red, 65c; 5 cars No 1 white, 65½c spot; 1 car No 3 extra red, 62c; 1 car mixed, 63½c; car No 2 extra white, 64c, closing ½c advance asked. Corn quiet; sales, 8 cars No 2 yellow, 42¼@42½c; 5 cars No 3, 41¾@41¾c; 12,000 bush No 3, 40¼@40½c; no 7 cars No 3 yellow, 41¾@41¾c; 5 cars No 3, 40¾c, 40½c track, closing inside prices. Oats dull but firm; No 2 white, 34½c track, 34c store; No 3 white, 33c store; No 2 mixed, 32c track. Barley in good demand, firm; choice to fancy Western, 60@67c; lower grades, 46@55c; State, 65@72c. Rye dull; No 2, 55c asked. Flour in fair demand, firm; best spring, $4@4 10; winter straights, $3 25@3 35; rye flour, $3 20@3 30; mill feed, firm and unchanged.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat No. 2:				
November	61½	62½	61⅜	62
December	62	63	61⅞	62½
May	68¾	69¾	68⅝	69¼
Corn No. 2:				
November	35½	35½	35⅛	35¼
December	35¼	35⅜	35⅛	35¼
January	35½	35⅝	35⅜	35⅝
May	40	40⅛	39⅞	39⅞
Oats No. 2:				
November	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞	27⅞
December	27⅞	28	27⅞	28
May	30⅞	31	30⅝	30⅞
Mess pork, per bbl:				
January	$12 45	$12 92½	$12 45	$12 87½
May	12 90	13 03	12 90	13 00
Lard, per 100 lb:				
January	7 82½	7 95	7 82½	7 92½
May	7 65	7 82½	7 65	7 80
Short ribs, per 100 lb:				
January	6 60	6 80	6 60	6 72½
May	6 75	6 82½	6 75	6 8

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour—The market was steadier, somewhat larger sales; No 2 spring wheat, 62½c; No 3 spring wheat, 57@61¼c; No 2 red, 62½c; No 2 corn, 35½c; No 2 oats, 28@28½c; No 2 rye, 47c; No 2 barley, 53@54c; No 1 flaxseed, $1 14; prime timothy seed, $2 20; mess pork, per bbl, $12 12½@12 20; lard, per 100 lb, $8 50@8 55; short ribs sides (loose), 6@7 75; dry salted shoulders (boxed), 6@6 25; short clear sides (boxed), $7 75@8; whiskey, distillers' finished goods, per gal, $1 15. Sugars, cut loaf, 5½c; granulated, 5c; standard A, 4¾c. On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was quiet and steady, fancy creamery, 25@26c; choice, 23@24c; sweet, but lacking flavor, 22@22c. Eggs scarce and firm at 23c.

Minneapolis, Nov. 27.—It was a bull wheat market in the face of quite a strong scalping opposition that was arrayed on the bear side. There was quite a demand for December this morning, and while May fell off ⅛c after the opening, December only fell off ¼c. The last month opened at 63⅝c, and up to noon there was not much fluctuation, but after that time there was an advance with a slight easing off at the close, May closing at 64¾c and December at 63c. The mill re were good buyers for cash wheat at good premiums over December. There were 1,000 bushels of Northern sold at 60½c; 80 cars at 61½c; 44 cars to arrive at 60½c; 21 to arrive at 60¼c, and a few scattering No 2 Northern was in demand at 59@59¼c. Receipts of wheat were 361 cars. Flour—First quality, firm; best spring, $4 10@4 20; second quality, $3 75@3 85; rye flour, $3 20@3 30; mill feed, firm and unchanged.

Milwaukee, Nov. 27.—May wheat opened easier at 64⅞c, sold to 64¾c, then advanced to 65⅝c on fresh buying due to the small increase in the visible supply of only 530,000 bush for the week, but suddenly weakened on reports of financial troubles in England and declined to an closed at 63⅝c; December closed 63c, and cash 59½c. Flaxseed steady; cash, $1 13@1 13½; May, $1 18¾ bid. Timothy seed steady; cash, $3 15@3 25; November and December, $3 30. Oats steady; No 2, 29½@29½c; No 3, 29@29½c; fair demand. Rye very brisk and prices 2c higher; No 1, 50c bid; No 2, 47@48c. Corn dull; No 3, 34½c; No 4, 31c. Barley steady; No 2, 50c. Mill feeds inactive; prices unchanged. Lake freights dull; 2½c for corn.

Philadelphia, Nov. 27.—Flour market rules firm under moderate offerings, but local jobbers generally well supplied for near wants and demand was light. Winter super, $2@2 10; do extras, $2 25@2 50; No 2 winter family, $2 60@2 75; Pennsylvania roller straight, $3@$3 25; Western winter clear, $2 90@3 15; do straight, $3 15@3 40; do do patent, $3 50@3 75; City mills extra, $3 25@3 65; do patent, $3 75@4. Rye flour steady but quiet at $3 05 per bbl for choice Pennsylvania. Buckwheat flour scarce and wanted at an advance; $2 75@2 85 per 100 lb. Wheat firm, but no speculative trading and foreign demand continued light. No 2 red, November, 64¼@64¾c; December, 64¾@65c; February, 69c. Corn—Option market quiet and firmer under light offerings, but mixed quiet for export; local trade demand light, but prices of carlots ruled steady; No 2 mixed November, 44@44¼c; December, January and February, 43¾@43¾c. Oats—Receipts moderate and carlots ruled firm with a good local trade demand; futures dull and unchanged; No 2 white November, 31@31½c; December, 30¾@31c; January, 31¼@31¾c; February, 30¾@31¼c. Butter quiet and steady; Pennsylvania creamery, extra, 27c; Pennsylvania prints, extra, wholesale, 29c; do jobbing, 30@32c. Eggs—Fresh stock scarce and wanted; Pennsylvania firsts, 27c. Cheese—Steady, but dull; New-York factory, 11¼@12¼c; part skims, 7@8c. Sugar—Refined quiet and steady; cubes, 4¾c; lozenge, 5 1-16@5¼c; standard powdered, 4¾c; fine granulated, 4½c; standard granulated, 4⅜c; Coffee C, 4 1-16c; Crystal A, 4½c; double refined Diamond A, 4½c; Confectioners' A, 4⅜c; Red Star A, 4 3-16c; Keystone A, 4 3-16c; Franklin B, 4 1-16c; Franklin extra C, 3¾c; Red Star C, 3¾c; Green Star C, 3 11-16c; Blue Star C, 3 9-16c; all less 2-10c rebate; Nos 12, 13 and 14, 3¾c. Molasses—Quiet and steady; Winter Islands, $16@$17 per ton. Petroleum quiet and unchanged; refined, in barrels, 5.10c.

St. Louis, Nov. 27.—Flour—Market quiet and unchanged. Bran dull; offerings small. Wheat higher; November, 58¾c; December, 59½c; January, 60½c; May, 66½c. Corn firm; November, 33c; December, 33c; year, 33c; January, 32¾c; May, 35¾@35¾c. Oats higher; November, 28c; December, 28c; May, 31½c. Pork—steady; mess selling $14 62½; on orders, $14 25@$14 37½. Lard—Prime steam, 8¼c, nominal. Dry salt meats—Shoulders, 6¾c; longs and clear ribs, 7½c; shorts, 7¾c. Bacon—Shoulders, 7½c; longs, 8¾c; clear ribs, 8¾c; shorts, 8¾c. Whiskey steady at $1 13. Lead quiet, with $4 20 asked, and no sales. Spelter easier at 3½c.

THE TRADE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Nov. 27 (Special).—The seaboard exporters sent a lot of bear news from here on wheat on the opening, but prices bulled in spite of it. The market was kept almost to the call price until just before the close, when a break of 5 points in consols was reported, and new rumors started in regard to some financial troubles in London. The apparent bull incentive was an increase in the visible supply of only 530,000, instead of the 1,500,000 increase expected. The increase for the same week last year was 1,230,000. May opened at 68⅞c, sold between 68⅝ and 69¼, and closed at 69¼@69¼. Corn early was helped by the wet weather and by the strength of wheat. There was some good-sized local covering through brokers. A very large estimate for Tuesday's cars, 820, however, weakened the market and kept it weak until the close. May opened at 40, sold between 40⅛ and 39⅞, and closed at 39⅞@39⅞. Oats kept within a range of ⅜ cent, May selling at 31 and at 30⅞ and closing at 30⅞.

Provisions were firm on some little commission house buying, which seemed to be for Armour. Sellers were made bullish by the advance in wheat. With the exception of the buying, which must have been for Armour, the packers generally were sellers. January pork closed at $12 87, an advance of 27½ cents over Saturday; January lard at $7 92, an advance of 7½ cents; January ribs at $6 77½, an advance of 10 cents. There were 35,000 hogs; prices at the yards were 10 cents lower; the estimate for Tuesday was 25,000.

On the curb on May wheat were 68⅝@68¾; calls, 69⅞.

SOUTHERN COTTON MARKETS.

Galveston, Nov. 27.—Cotton steady; middling, 7⅝c; low middling, 7 5-16c; good ordinary, 7c; net and gross receipts, 5,527 bales; exports coastwise, 3,494 bales; sales, 400 bales; stock, 178,131 bales.

Norfolk, Nov. 27.—Cotton steady; middling, 7 7-16c; low middling, 7 1-16c; good ordinary, 6⅝c; net receipts, 7,882 bales; gross, 8,128 bales; exports to Great Britain, 7,777 bales; to continent, 2,202 bales; coastwise, 1,073 bales; stock, 88,529 bales.

New-Orleans, Nov. 27.—Cotton quiet; good middling, 7 13-16c; middling, 7⅝c; low middling, 7⅛c; good ordinary, 6⅝c; net receipts, 9,687 bales; gross, 10,295 bales, 400 bales; stock, 178,131 bales.

Savannah, Nov. 27.—Cotton easy; middling, 7 7-16c; low middling, 7 1-16c; good ordinary, 6 13-16c; net and gross receipts, 8,248 bales; exports coastwise, 5,103 bales; sales, 250 bales; stock, 133,761 bales.

EUROPEAN FINANCIAL MARKETS.

London, Nov. 27, 4 p. m.—Consols, 98 7-16 for both money and the account; New-York, Pennsylvania and Ohio first mortgage bonds, 19⅝; Canadian Pacific, 71; Erie, 15½; do second consols, 77½; Illinois Central 97; Mexican ordinary, 14½; St Paul common, 67¾; New-York Central, 103; Pennsylvania, 51½; Reading, 11½; Mexican Central new 4 per cent bonds, 50½.

4:30 p. m.—Money, 1½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills is 2⅝ per cent. Paris advices quote 3 per cent rentes at 99 francs 10 centimes for the account, and exchange on London at 25 francs 17 centimes for checks.

THE MARKETS.

TOTAL RECEIPTS TO-DAY.

New-York, November 27, 1893.

Beeswax, pkgs	15	Lead, pigs	878
B. E. jelts, bags	224	Molasses, bbls	232
Beans, bbls	518	Moss, bales	10
Beans, bags	2,108	Spirits turp., bbls	91
Cotton, bales	11,841	Rosin, bbls	2,000
Cottonseed oil, bbls	1,079	Tar, bbls	23
Cottonseed meal, bags	600	Oil cake, pkgs	803
Copper, bbls	100	Oil, lub., bbls	125
Copper, cakes	200	Oleo stock, pkgs	75
Dried fruit, pkgs	1,727	Peanuts, bags	1,703
Eggs, bbls	228	Pork, pkgs	821
Eggs, cases	6,226	Beef, pkgs	256
Flour, pkgs	40,255	Cutmeats, pkgs	3,390
Buckwheat, bush	3,875	Dressed hogs, No	15
R. W. flour, pkgs	226	Lard, pkgs	960
Cornmeal, bbls	750	Lard, kegs	3,722
Cornmeal, bags	645	Butter, pkgs	3,508
Oatmeal, bbls	150	Cheese, pkgs	2,920
Wheat, bush	398,000	Rice, pkgs	1,328
Corn, bush	117,500	Rice chaff, bags	100
Oats, bush	117,500	Rubber, cal., pkgs	6,045
Rye, bush	17,600	Silk, pkgs	46
Malt, bush	7,350	Skins, bales	172
Barley, bush	63,675	Sheller, pieces	2,025
Peas, bush	1,100	Stearine, pkgs	75
Hay, bales	1,700	Tallow, pkgs	172
Straw, bales	202	Tobacco, hds	591
Flaxseed, bags	42,820	Tobacco, pkgs	1,198
Grease, pkgs	237	Whiskey, bbls	515
Hides, bales	1,952	Wool, bales	3,354
Hops, bales	1,178	Cal. wine, pkgs	230
Leather, sides	28,552	Do brandy, pkgs	125

EXPORTS TO-DAY.

Wheat, bush	85,005	Ref. pet., gals	1,316,270
Corn, bush	137,426	Lubricating oils, gals	192,404
Peas, bush	17,230	Pork, bbls	850
Flour, bbls	2,254	Beef, bbls	86
Flour, sacks	20,441	Beef, tcs	250
Hay, bales	5,944	Bacon, lb	466,100
Oats, bush	80	Hams, lb	65,400
Bran, lb	180	Lard, lb	1,119,800
Oilcake, lb	1,197,300	Tallow, lb	139,000
Peans, bush	1,834	Butter, lb	300
Hops, bales	772	Cheese, lb	104,287
Cottonseed oil, gals	46,650	Grease, lb	375,100
Spirits turp., gals	588		

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Iron, No. 1 foundry Penn	$14 00	Molasses, prime new	35
So. Grey Forge	11 50	Turpentine	31
Copper, lake, ingot	10 30	Lard, prime West'n	$9 00
Coffee, No 7	18¾	Pickled ham	15 50
Steel rails	24 00	Pork, mess	14 50
Lead	3 30	Tallow, prime city	5¼
Tin, spot	20 65	Sugar, granulated	4½
Cotton, middling	8⅛	Beef, family	12 50
Coal, stove	4 50	Beef hams	16 25
Wheat, No 2 red	67½	Beef, dressed, 100 lb	7¼
Oats, No 2 mixed	31¼	Butter, creamery, fancy	27@27½
Flour, Minn patents	4 00	Cheese, large, fancy	11½@11¾
Corn, No 2 mixed	45	Eggs, best Western	25½@26

NEW-YORK WEEKLY EXPORTS.

	Last week.	Since Jan. 1, '93.	Since Jan. 1, '92.
Wheat, bush	188,841	36,197,408	43,744,152
Corn, bush	377,069	10,898,710	15,824,604
Oats, bush	14,391	5,066,527	3,037,108
Flaxseed, bush	178,172	1,603,353	1,044,519
Barley, bush	1,120	2,09,691	737,153
Peas, bush	18,411	437,133	659,855
Rents, bush	2,761	169,469	129,013
Flour, bbls	41,352	5,430,330	5,001,364
Rye flour, bbls	10	2,153	3,902
Cornmeal, bbls	5,280	112,479	144,420
Feed, lb	10,100	2,599,655	3,799,529
Oatmeal, bbls	502	10,259,146	57,304
Hops, bales	4,456	63,908	29,066
Hay, bales	21,153	447,269	271,285
Oil meal, lb	260,000	10,548,644	10,324,845
Oil cake, lb	4,290,900	194,939,529	246,875,500
Rosin, bbls	1,000	149,321	171,147
Pitch, bbls	29	4,087	4,677
Refd petroleum, gals	7,335,494	432,547,068	338,801,450
Naphtha, gals	216,150	9,110,350	11,844,500
Fendine, gals		347,540	271,033
Cottonseed oil, gals	131,654	3,314,959	4,988,945
Lubricating oils, gals	515,399	22,485,704	21,621,765
Pork, bbls	347	159,478	215,305
Beef, bbls	1,381	143,635	185,728
Bacon, lb	3,878,800	155,653,847	298,324,491
Lard, lb	4,212,795	188,957,627	298,499,694
Lard oil, gals	3,378	305,692	449,041
Stearine, lb	20,000	2,460,700	3,528,781
Tallow, lb	304,000	32,187,300	52,076,761
Grease, lb	581,000	27,705,250	23,612,492
Butter, lb	51,100	4,850,731	8,193,281
Cheese, lb	401,800	55,495,647	73,805,229

GENERAL MARKET REPORT.

New-York, November 27, 1893.

COTTON—The cotton market opened at a decline of 3 to 5 points, reached 2 to 3 points, again declining, and at the lowest point showing a loss of 10 to 11 points for most of the active positions, but reacting 5 to 10 points, and closing very steady with prices from 3 to 7 points net decline as compared with Saturday's closing figure. Total sales for the day 173,600 bales. The early weakness of the market was due to adverse cables, which showed finally a loss of 5-64@9-64 for the future list, with sales of only 5,000 bales spot cotton, and the general Liverpool cotton market weak in tone. Advices indicated that the Liverpool market was weakened by reports from this side to the effect that port receipts are likely to be large again this week, some private advices indicating that even as high as 3,000 bales had been sent over as the estimate. As a matter of fact, the current estimate here is for 150,000 bales net receipts for the week, against 219,000 bales corresponding week last year. To-day's receipts were estimated this morning at 52,000 bales, and turned out to be 56,064 bales, against 50,000 bales last year. New-Orleans receipts for to-morrow are estimated at 23,000 bales, against 20,000 bales one day last week. It is estimated that 300,000 bales will come into sight this week, against 376,000 bales the corresponding week last year. The rally in the market this afternoon was prompted by reports from the South to the effect that the large movement in cotton was the result of mild marketing, and that planters were holding an unusually small portion of their crop back. Advices from the Southern States generally of a tendency to something like a crop of 7,250,000 bales of 480 lb to the bale. Regarding the size of the crop, Atwood, Violett & Co., in a recent circular, reason as follows:

"Our information from the South to-day corroborates more strongly what we have been getting for some time, as to the small percentage of first per cent. We shall be prepared to bear in mind what we have put before our readers frequently recently, viz, that instead of an average of 160 lb lint per acre, which our reports indicate as a maximum throughout the South, the yield per acre must be 175 lb on Mr Neill's acreage of 19,250,000 to make a crop of 7,000,000 bales, allowing 480 lb to the bale. Now, this is absolutely a mathematical fact. The figures are even, in its report, Mr Neill's own bureau, showed that the average of their reports from all the cotton States was 149 lb to the acre; and we put these figures in print again, because the people who are making big estimates can show no information from the Southern States that will confirm their estimates, but rely entirely upon meteorological conditions, and, further, that the cotton crop year after year in conditions broadly similar, with certain results, the same results should be realized this year upon somewhat similar conditions. This is the sum and substance of their crop ideas, and it will be well for the spinner in this country and abroad to take into consideration the facts that we state herein. Further, The New-York Financial Chronicle's estimate of yesterday this year is 1,000,000 more than Mr Neill's, and we will therefore estimate their acreage and allow 180 lb to the acre, or 21 lb more than the Government's replies show, and divide by 480 lb to the bale, and this will give a crop of less than 7,400,000 bales, so that even with this liberal allowance the figures show far below 8,000,000 bales. There is only one way to realize such a crop this year, and that is to take The Chronicle's acreage and allow 160 lb to the acre, whereas, as we said before, there is nothing to indicate, so far as advices from the most reliable sources are concerned, a yield exceeding 160 lb this season. It is not necessary, therefore, to dwell upon the possibility of 8,000,000 bales, or anything approaching it, unless we and others have been misinformed as to the yield per acre throughout the South, and whenever the consumer in this country or abroad can be satisfied that the heavy movement now does not confirm such estimates as Mr Neill's, we will have a spot demand such as we are in need of, and have been hoping for, and such as we were having from abroad, but apparently not until then, up to the time that the 7,000,000 bales estimate was announced. Every one must recognize that the first thing is to make the spinner less of a doubter than he is as to the probability of a small crop, and this should be brought about if a smaller movement is realized."

Opening, range, and close to-day, and closing bids Saturday night and last year follow:

	Open-ing.	High-est.	Low-est.	Closing today.	Sat. night.	Last year.
November						8.00
December	7.94	7.95	7.80	7.91@7.94	7.91	8.11
January	7.95	7.97	7.90	7.95@7.96	8.01	9.60
February	8.04	8.05	7.97	8.00@8.03	8.08	9.73
March	8.13	8.13	8.04	8.09@8.10	8.16	9.85
April	8.19b	8.20	8.12	8.16@8.17	8.24	9.95
May	8.28	8.28	8.19	8.24@8.25	8.31	10.05
June	8.31	8.31	8.27	8.30@8.32	8.38	10.14
July	8.41	8.41	8.41	8.37@8.39	8.44	10.23

Market closed very steady. Transferrable orders issued at November, 8.10; December, 7.95. Total sales, 173,500 bales.

SPOT COTTON—The market for spot cotton has been easy. Quotations 1-16c lower. Middling upland, 8 1-16c. Middling Gulf, 8 5-16c. Sales, 533 bales. Rates on and off middling, at which grades other than middling may be delivered on contract: Fair, 1½c on; middling fair, ⅞c on; strict good middling, ⅝c on; good middling, 5-16c on; strict low middling, 3-16c off; low middling, 7-16c off; strict good ordinary, 13-16c off; good ordinary, 1⅛c off; good middling tinged, even; strict middling stained, 7-32c off; middling stained, 7-16c off; strict low middling stained, 29-32c off; low middling stained, 1⅛c off.

New-York net receipts, 400 bales; gross, 11,841 bales; exports continent, 675 bales; Great Britain, 1,999 bales; France, 442 bales; forwarded, 2,521 bales; sales, 523 bales; spinners, 123 bales; stock, 197,408 bales. Net port receipts to-day, 56,094 bales; gross for this week, 109,652 bales. Exports to-day: Great Britain, 14,937 bales; France, 442 bales; Continent, 675 bales. Consolidated net port receipts so far this week, 109,652 bales. Exports for the week: Great Britain, 24,727 bales; France, 442 bales; Continent, 8,425 bales; total, 43,594 bales; stock, 1,096,452 bales. Liverpool cables—Spot cotton quiet, free supply offering, prices in buyers' favor. Sales, 8,000 bales; speculation and export, 500 bales; American, 7,100 bales; receipts, 23,000 bales; American, 22,000 bales; ordinary, 4; good ordinary, 4 3-16; low middling, 4 5-16; middling, 4 7-16; good middling, 4 9-16; middling fair, 4⅝. Futures opened quiet, demand poor at 2-64@3-64 decline; closing steady at unchanged to net 1-64 decline. January-February, 4188@419; February-March, 419@420; March-April, 421; April-May, 422@423; May-June, 424b; June-July, 426; July-August, 427@428; November, 419b; November-December, 418b; December-January, 418b.

COFFEE opened quiet, with prices from 5 points higher to 5 points lower and a decided scarcity of orders from outside parties, and an equal destitution of local business, as seen by the fact that the sales for the day amounted to only 250 bags and up to 2 p. m. had reached only 1,750 bags at the following prices: November, 16.65; December, 16.25; March, 15.70, and May, 15.30@15.35. The reports from the street as to the condition of the spot market were equally featureless, with the price of No 7 quoted nominally 17½c. The foreign markets were destitute of feature, Havre showing a decline of 1½ francs, steady, with sales of only 11,600 bags. The London market was quiet at from unchanged prices to an advance of 3d, and Hamburg, with sales of 18,000 bags, closed quiet at 1½c higher. The weekly Rio report showed a quiet market, with No 7, exchange standard, quoted 15 000; exchange, 10½d; receipts during the week, 52,000 bags; purchases for the United States, 20,000 bags; shipments to the United States, 28,000 bags; stock, 126,000 bags. The weekly Santos report showed the market quiet, with good average 15@200; receipts during the week, 67,000 bags; shipments to the United States, 9,000 bags; purchases for United States, 15,000 bags; stock, 210,000 bags. The market for contracts closed barely steady, and 5 to 10 points lower on some months, but 5 points lower on others. Total sales were 12,000 bags, as follows:

	Sales, bags.	High-est.	Low-est.	Closed to-day.	Last year bids.
November	2,000	16.35	16.30	16.35@16.40	16.80
December	4,000	16.25	16.25	16.30@16.