SUGAR STILL TUMBLING.

THE TARIFF SCHEDULE NOT CONSIDERED FAVORABLE TO THE TRUST.

ENORMOUS DEALINGS IN THE STOCK—THE REST OF THE MARKET SAGS IN SYMPATHY WITH THE DECLINE—MANY OF THE TRADES SAID TO BE ON MATCHED ORDERS.

The Stock Exchange yesterday had a further taste of the "bitter-sweet" of the manipulation in the stock of the American Sugar Refining Company. Only on Tuesday the price of this stock went to 100, and transactions ran up to about 120,000 shares. Yesterday the transactions amounted to about 170,000 shares—a record that has often in dull times included dealings in every stock on the list. In spite of these enormous transactions the movement of prices was less sensational than on Tuesday. It was none the less important and decisive. The opening was wild, and buyers and sellers were so far apart in the struggling crowd of brokers that the official figures of the Stock Exchange were given at 91 to 92. The highest price was the best of the day, and there was a rapid decline to 91¾. A rally to 93¼ followed, but for the rest of the day there was a steady outpouring of stock which carried the quotations to 87½@87¾, a net loss of 6½ per cent from Wednesday night. The lowest price of Sugar stock—87½—showed a net loss from Tuesday's best price of 12¾ per cent, but a gain of about 10 per cent from the break of a few weeks ago. The extent of the speculation this week in Sugar has almost appalled the conservative brokers of Wall Street. It is considered fortunate for the solvency of many concerns that an immense part of the reported dealings is believed to consist of "washes," or matched orders, which are forbidden by the rules of the Stock Exchange. The energy which the Governors of the Exchange expend on suppressing the so-called "arbitrage" business in stocks between New-York, Philadelphia and Boston has never been directed toward suppressing a manipulation against which many protests have been privately uttered by conservative men in the Street.

The prominence of Sugar speculation renders it impossible to "side-track" Wall Street talk about the connection between the dealings at the Stock Exchange and the news that has come from Washington while the Democratic sub-committee of the Senate Finance Committee has been struggling to put the Tariff bill into shape for a report to the Senate.

Wall Street yesterday asked why, when Senators McPherson and Vest were disclaiming in the Senate all connection with stock speculation, other Senators who have been talked about in print sat silent in their seats. The experiences since November, 1892, have told to investors the story of the impossibility of mixing profitable investment and successful business with a Democratic Administration. But the record of this week proves that a most demoralizing speculation may be conducted while Democratic legislators sit in secret conclave on measures which may affect the well-being and even the existence of thousands of hard-working wage-earners.

The story from Washington yesterday ran that H. O. Havemeyer, the controlling magnate of the Sugar Trust, had learned in New-York late Wednesday night with the report of the sub-committee of the Senate Finance Committee in his pocket. The decision of the sub-committee was not officially announced yesterday until the Stock Exchange had opened, to afford opportunity for operations based on the principle of "the devil take the hindmost." Mr. Havemeyer was not at his office yesterday, according to the statement made by the man in charge, and James E. Searles, the treasurer, was not at his office. But in the salesroom of the Sugar Trust the sugar schedule of the Senate sub-committee was not commented upon favorably. The schedule is prepared on such technical lines that no one but an expert in the sugar trade can figure out its practical result. Sugar men said that the schedule gave a protection to the refiner of no more than one-eighth cent a pound, an amount that was declared to be insufficient to defeat the competition of the German sugar refiners. Some estimates of the amount of protection were even lower than this figure, but there was only one opinion as to the dissatisfaction of the Havemeyer interest with the net result of the hard labor that has been expended at Washington in the last few weeks to secure for the Sugar Trust the recognition in legislation which it was entitled to by reason of its reputed large contributions to the Democratic campaign fund in the battle of 1892.

The whole stock market was unfavorably affected by the heavy break in Sugar, and railway stocks closed lower in spite of the declaration of the regular dividend on the common stock of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

CONDITION OF THE IRON TRADE.

Cleveland, March 8.—"The Iron Trade Review" says to-day: "It cannot be said that the opening week in March has brought any encouragement to the iron trade. Quietness prevails at centres usually most active. The reaction from the spurt of a few weeks ago, that gave rise to so many predictions of betterment, has been complete, and there is evidence besides that prices have slipped below the point maintained previous to the advance. The heavy consumption of soft steel is a strong factor of chief importance in the situation. The first week of March has brought the resumption of four blast furnaces in the valleys and the Pittsburg district, all of which are to contribute to the growing volume of Bessemer production. If the buying of the past week were taken as a criterion, it would be said that the drift was backward. The best sellers can do is to work off their product in small lots and give buyers the benefit of inside figures. A round lot of Bessemer pig was sold at $10 50 in the week. It is reported that several thousand tons of billets have been disposed of at $15 25 at makers' mill. It would seem that the developments are cutting a larger figure than ever in business calculations, now that the tariff situation has again been resolved into chaos."

MUST NOT REPEAT THE PASSION PLAY.

THE DISTRICT-ATTORNEY SERVES SUMMONSES ON THE YOUNG PEOPLE WHO TOOK PART IN THE PERFORMANCE.

District-Attorney Noble, of Queens County, has taken steps which may lead to the punishment of those who took part in the amateur production of the Passion Play in Newtown on last Sunday night. The play was given in St. Mary's Hall for the purpose of raising funds for the church. The District-Attorney has summoned most of those taking part in the performance to appear before him at Long Island City. This action was hastened by a letter from the Sunday Observance Society of this city. The society sent a communication to the Rev. Jacob E. Mallmann, pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Newtown, asking him that he call the attention of the District-Attorney to the breach of the State law in producing the play on Sunday. Those served with summonses yesterday afternoon were Anthony Smith, who impersonated Jesus Christ; Miss Mary Kelly, who took the part of the Virgin Mary, and Miss Barbara, as Rebecca. The other members of the cast who will be present at the hearing are Miss Nellie Downing, Miss Kate Murphy, Miss Anna Rocca, James Becker, Abram Hammer and William Lacka.

Mr. Noble said last night he was determined that all those who took part in the production should give bonds not to repeat the play. Mr. Mallmann asked the District-Attorney not to bring criminal prosecutions against any of the characters, but simply to warn them and prevent any recurrence of the matter.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

San Diego, Cal., March 8.—A. A. Cole, one of the wealthiest men in San Diego, committed suicide yesterday by blowing out his brains. No cause is assigned for the act.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 7.—General G. S. Boynton, of Washington, has written that the dedication date of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military Park has been postponed, after considerable consultation, by the National Park Commission from September 17, 1894, to September 17, 1895.

Atlanta, Ga., March 8.—Samuel H. Cheek, one of the most prominent contractors in the State, committed suicide here yesterday. The act was inspired by remorse. Cheek having confessed before the deed that he had been living a double life and had two wives.

St. Louis, March 8.—A discharged employe named Charles Weigman entered the rotunda of the Southern Hotel last night and caused a panic by threatening to blow up the place unless he was given $400 at once. Weigman was arrested. No explosives were found on him.

Pleasanton, Kan., March 8.—The Bank of Pleasanton was entered by burglars on Tuesday night, the combination of the vault door blown out, and the safe robbed of $1,500. The safe was cracked with dynamite, but the burglars failed to open the chest in the safe which contained about $10,000.

Richland Centre, Wis., March 8.—Anthony Tracy, an eccentric and well-to-do farmer, who lived in the town of Richwood, was shot and instantly killed by his son Daniel. The latter took to the woods with a rifle and defied the officers, but was finally captured. His friends say he is insane.

Detroit, March 8.—The body of E. Swan, a local insurance agent in this city, was found floating in the river late yesterday afternoon. His overcoat and hat were found on a dock nearby, and it is supposed he committed suicide. Despondency was the cause of the act.

THE APPEAL IN THE SUGAR TRUST CASE.

Philadelphia, March 3.—Argument upon the appeal taken by the United States from Judge Butler's decision in favor of the Sugar Trust in the proceedings brought to have set aside as illegal the taking into the trust of the Philadelphia Refineries began this morning in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Judges Acheson, Dallas and Green were on the bench. The Government was represented by ex-Solicitor-General Samuel F. Phillips, of Washington; District-Attorney Ingham and Assistant District-Attorney Ralston. John C. Johnson and Richard P. McMurtrie, of Philadelphia, and John E. Parsons of New-York, appeared for the Sugar Trust.

"THE TALE OF A TUB."

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DANIEL COUGHLIN NOT GUILTY

ACQUITTED OF COMPLICITY IN THE ASSASSINATION OF DR. CRONIN.

WILD CHEERING IN THE COURTROOM ON THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE VERDICT—THE EX-DETECTIVE HAD TO EVADE THE ENTHUSIASTIC CROWD IN ORDER TO LEAVE THE COURTHOUSE FOR HIS HOME.

Chicago, March 8.—Daniel Coughlin is a free man to-night for the first time since the morning of May 25, 1889, when he was stripped of his detective's star and placed under arrest by order of Mayor Cregier. Once convicted of murder and conspiracy and sentenced to the penitentiary for life, receiving a new trial as the result of errors in the previous proceedings, and brought back from Joliet after three years of incarceration, a jury this afternoon declared, as the outcome of a second trial, which has lasted four months and four days, that he had no part in the assassination of Dr. Patrick Henry Cronin.

The knowledge of the fact that the trial was in its closing stage brought an immense crowd to the county building this morning. Judge Tuthill's charge to the jury occupied one hour in delivery, and was commented upon by counsel on both sides as being eminently fair and impartial.

The jury retired on the stroke of 11 o'clock. Word soon came from the juryroom that an immediate verdict might not be expected, and accordingly the bailiffs decided that Coughlin should be returned to the jail. During the next hour all kinds of stories were circulated regarding the conditions which prevailed in the juryroom. From the window of a sky-scraping office structure on the other side of Washington-st. the movements of the twelve men could be plainly distinguished. Two of the number divested themselves of their coats on entering the room, conveying the impression that they were in for a siege. Juror Clark Bruce opened a discussion which apparently waxed warm at times, various jurors gesticulating wildly and pounding the table. Frequent reference was made to the judge's instructions.

At about 4 o'clock a bailiff was dispatched to Judge Tuthill with the information that the jury desired to return to the courtroom. Bailiffs were dispatched to the county jail for Coughlin, and the counsel for the State and defence were summoned, in the mean time the jury's action had been noised about, and streams of people poured into the building through every entrance. Coughlin was brought in at 4:25 o'clock. There was a smile on his face and his step was jaunty. Immediately behind him, looking careworn and anxious, sat his gray-haired father, who has been in daily attendance on the trial. Five minutes later the jury filed in. Judge Tuthill, this time accompanied by Judge Haney, once more took his seat on the bench. An impressive silence prevailed, which was soon broken by Judge Tuthill with the question to the jury: "Have you agreed upon a verdict?"

"We have," answered Foreman Holsman, as he passed the paper to the bench.

The judge glanced at the sheet of legal cap and passed it to Clerk Melvin. Every ear was strained. Coughlin half leaned forward and grasped the arm of his chair.

"We find the defendant, Daniel Coughlin, not guilty," read out the clerk, in clear, emphatic tones.

For a moment not a person stirred. Then from the rear of the room came a cheer. A hundred throats joined in, and pandemonium prevailed. The cheers were taken up by the crowd outside, and soon were re-echoing through the vaulted corridors of the big structure. Men slid down the banisters, or went down the steps in jumps, shouting as they reached the open air, "Coughlin not guilty."

In the courtroom the enthusiasm continued, no effort being made by the Court or attaches to maintain decorum. Coughlin himself seemed stunned, as the words fell from the clerk's lips. Then by an effort he arose from his seat, pushed back the crowd, and exclaimed, in triumphant tones:

"Boys, justice has come at last."

The crowd gave an answering cheer. Pausing for a moment to wring the hand of his father, Coughlin jumped into the jury box and thanked every man in turn, while the tears streamed down his face. With hundreds at his heels, Coughlin then endeavored to get to the carriage in waiting; but his enthusiastic friends pressed so closely about him that he was forced to take refuge in the Sheriff's office, where his wife and father joined him. The crowd remained outside, but by a flank movement the trio reached the open air and were driven to the home which the ex-detective had left four years ago.

POLICE WAR ON THE POLICY SHOPS.

DETECTIVES TRYING TO GET EVIDENCE AGAINST CORNELIUS B. PARKER, WHO IS CREDITED WITH HAVING CARRIED ON MANY SUCH PLACES.

Detectives were sent from Police Headquarters yesterday to investigate a report that a large number of policy shops in Harlem had been carried on lately by Cornelius B. Parker, of No. 303 East Sixty-second-st., who is down in the city directory as a cigar dealer at No. 138 Crosby-st. and No. 425 Third-ave. It was learned that Parker has been well-known to many policy players in Harlem, east of Fifth-ave., as the backer of several shops. He is one of six or seven backers of policy games in the city who have made considerable money out of the ignorant and deluded persons, hundreds of whom are colored people, who spend a few cents apiece every day in playing the "gigs" and other "combinations" in the policy game. He closed the place at No. 138 Crosby-st. several weeks ago, but he was said to be carrying on the game at the alleged cigar store in Third-ave. and at several other places, including No. 156 East Ninety-eighth-st., where a large room in a tenement-house had been visited by players every day.

It is necessary for a policy backer to protect himself against the "writers" at the various shops. After the policy slips for the first drawing each day are collected they must be sent to the office of the backer before the drawing takes place, and the winning numbers are announced, otherwise the "writers" would be able to cheat the backer. "Jim" Harris, a colored man, who has been a "runner" between the various shops backed by Parker, and has been too fond of display in dress and too careless in his talk, is said to have betrayed the backer, but the detectives had not been able to obtain sufficient evidence to warrant the arrest of Parker yesterday. One of the detectives said:

"It would be as easy to stop the East River from flowing as to stop policy playing in this city. There are thousands of poor creatures who have become so much attached to the game that they would almost sell their souls for a chance to play the game, although the chances of winning are a thousand to one against the player."

A man who has been in the "policy ring" in the city for a number of years said yesterday: "Parker has been backing only a few shops, and he has not been particularly successful at the business. Only a few months ago Parker was hard hit at the game. So many of the tickets won at the shops he was backing that the losses nearly drove him to the wall."

For some time past the police have been suspicious regarding the second-floor flat at No. 231 East Seventy-fifth-st. Policeman Miller, of the East Sixty-seventh-st. Station, was assigned by Captain Strauss to watch the place. He finally succeeded in entering the building through a rear door. On the second floor he saw a number of women sitting around a table in the front parlor. Almost at the same moment he was discovered and the women made a dash for the front door. They all escaped except Lena Geary, a well-dressed good-looking young woman, twenty years old. Miller arrested her. She said that she was a dressmaker, that her mother rented the flat, and sublet the front parlor to two women. The policy layout was their property, though she professed not to know what its uses were. The defendant was held for examination in Yorkville court by Justice Voorhis.

WRECK ON THE NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

Roanoke, Va., March 8.—The vestibuled train on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, from Washington to Chattanooga, was wrecked at 6:40 this morning by a landslide forty-five miles north of this city. The engineer, Jacob Hardy, of this city, was killed, and the fireman, named Noffsinger, was thrown into the James River as the engine rolled down an embankment. He is severely injured. None of the passengers were injured.

ABANDONED EXHIBITS SOLD AT AUCTION.

Chicago, March 8.—All the unsold admission tickets to the World's Fair, about 3,500,000 in all, have been sold to a local speculator for about $11,000. The tickets are fine specimens of steel engravings, and cost the Exposition Company $2 66 2-3 a thousand. Sale by auction of abandoned World's Fair exhibits is in progress at Jackson Park, for the purpose of realizing the value of the duties on the goods. Wines from France, bamboo from Java, fish from Norway, statuary from Italy, sedan chairs from Turkey, with any amount of miscellaneous articles, the entire lot valued at $3,500, were offered for sale. The opportunity to secure bargains and souvenirs of the Fair attracted large crowds.

PROMINENT ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

ALBEMARLE—Mayor George W. Ochs, of Chattanooga, Tenn. BRUNSWICK—Colonel Henry M. Duffield, of Detroit. GILSEY—Ex-Governor Francis E. Warren, of Wyoming. HOLLAND—Charles Fargo, of Chicago. METROPOLE—State Senators Edmund O'Connor, Cuthbert W. Pound and Clarence Lexow. PARK AVENUE—David A. Wells, of Norwich, Conn. ST. JAMES—Mme. Emma Eames Story. VICTORIA—Colonel Daniel S. Lamont, Secretary of War, and Mrs. Lamont.

THE SKY IS BRIGHT AGAIN.

GOOD PROSPECT THAT THE TURF MUDDLE WILL SOON BE SETTLED.

THE CONEY ISLAND PEOPLE LIKELY TO COME INTO THE JOCKEY CLUB—NOTES ABOUT RACING AFFAIRS.

Delays seem to follow all the efforts of the men who have tried for sixty days to form a Jockey Club so as to elevate racing in the eyes of the public. It was expected that yesterday's meeting would end the suspense, and that all the principal matters that are to be settled would be arranged to the satisfaction of all who are associated with racing in the East.

John Hunter, the chairman of the stewards, is confined to his house as the result of a severe operation performed on his neck some days ago. James R. Keene did not attend yesterday's meeting, as he expects hourly to receive a dispatch announcing the death of his father, who is eighty-six years old, and seriously ill in Paris. Colonel W. P. Thompson and J. O. Donner were the only representatives of the Jockey Club who were present.

All the members of the Coney Island Jockey Club Executive Committee attended a long-drawn-out meeting in the rooms of the club. The obstacles in the way of a ratification of the union with the new Jockey Club were talked about. It was practically settled that the Coney Island Jockey Club's would be one of the four tracks that will form the Jockey Club itself. There will be no objection made to the engagement of one set of officials, to be appointed by the stewards of the Jockey Club.

Last night everything was as lovely as could be. The men who are wrestling with the problem of reforming the turf were extremely merry at the prospect of successfully accomplishing their ends. The Western turfmen were feeling well, and expressed themselves as highly pleased with the revised rules and the dawn of prosperity for the sport of racing by the adoption of uniform rules throughout the country.

Many turfmen have asked what will be done in regard to the racing associations in this neighborhood. Ample provision has been made by the stewards. It is proposed that the racing associations in this neighborhood race under the rules and auspices of the Jockey Club. They are to appoint their own officials, subject to the approval of the stewards of the Jockey Club, and are to derive the same benefits in regard to forfeits, expulsions, suspensions and other acts, so that every association will be protected.

P. J. Dwyer is likely to attend the meeting that is called for Monday afternoon. It is probable that representatives of Monmouth Park and the New-York Jockey Club will also be present. The illness of Mr. Hunter practically leaves them without representation in a meeting that affects their interests. As soon as the proposed agreement between the Coney Island, Monmouth Park, Brooklyn and New-York Jockey clubs is signed, as they are the tracks that form the Jockey Club, it is almost a certainty that the Western Turf Congress representatives will affix their signatures to the agreement, and the turf muddle of the two last months will be effectually settled.

The rumors that the combination of lawbreakers and politicians who are controlled by the racetrack element at Trenton were likely to defeat the will of the people in New Jersey, and that an effort would be made to race at an early day, caused general rejoicing among the followers of Gutenburg and Gloucester in this city yesterday. A large number of them, who have been hibernating since last summer, came out of their winter quarters. They stood upon the street corners of the Tenderloin district discussing the prospects. Should their hopes be premature many of them are likely to disappear forever from their haunts.

There is some betting being done in the city by men who do ticker-betting with their acquaintances. Nearly all the betting is done in barrooms or hotels. Sensational reports are frequently made about large amounts being placed on the New-Orleans or East St. Louis races. It was possible to place fair-sized commissions in December, but a commissioner would be extremely weary and footsore before a $500 commission could be placed at the present time. A round of the old haunts of the city bookmakers revealed to the writer that only a few of the places were open and that the ticker-betting was conducted by young men who did not care to bet with strangers.

The proposed race between Yo Tamben, Clifford and Boundless is off, as a report from Little Rock, Ark., says that Boundless is hopelessly broken down. Yo Tamben and Clifford are receiving some support in the ante-post betting for the Brooklyn Handicap.

A CLOSE CONTEST AT PIGEON SHOOTING.

THE RIVERTON TEAM FROM PHILADELPHIA AGAIN DEFEAT THE NEW-UTRECHT CLUB AT WOODLAWN.

The return match at live birds between marksmen of the Riverton Gun Club, of Philadelphia, and of the New-Utrecht Gun Club, of Brooklyn, took place at Woodlawn, L. I., yesterday, and was witnessed by an unusually large gathering of well-known sportsmen. The contest was close and interesting. The match was won by the visiting team by the narrow margin of three birds. The score stood: Riverton, 161; New-Utrecht, 158. The result was a great disappointment to the Brooklyn Club. Having lost the first match at Riverton on February 8 by a small score, they hoped to retrieve themselves yesterday, and so have another chance to win the trophy for which the matches were contested. The prize, a bronze figure of an archer, valued at $100, will adorn the handsome house of the Riverton Gun Club, on the banks of the Delaware River.

While the Brooklyn team lost yesterday's match, it must not be inferred that they shot poorly, as they, as well as the visitors, did remarkably well. The pigeons were almost all bluerocks, and strong and likely flyers. The woods back of the grounds offered a welcome refuge for them, and when the traps were sprung they wasted no time in starting for the trees as fast as wings would take them. There were only a few incomers, the majority of the birds being drivers or quarterers.

The match was shot under the Hurlingham rules, with the exception of the boundary of fifty yards. In the former match each club entered seventeen men, but yesterday there were fourteen on each team. The rise was twenty-eight and thirty yards, according to the calibre of the gun used by the marksman, and the King trap was used on these grounds for the first time. The Brooklyn men thought that the new and strange traps and the absence of some of their best shots had much to do with their defeat. On the other hand, the Riverton Club was also lacking some of its best men, among them Messrs. MacAlester and Dolan. The latter was recently slightly injured in a runaway accident, and MacAlester is away in the country preparing for his big £500 match with George Work, at Riverton, next Thursday.

The men yesterday shot in squads, there being four each in the first squad and five in the two following. At the end of the first squad's shooting the Brooklyn men were two birds ahead, and their stock rose in a corresponding degree. But at the finish of the second squad the Riverton men were leading by four. All then depended on Brooklyn's last five marksmen. But, while several times it seemed as if they would snatch victory from defeat, a couple of their men went to pieces and the chance were lost.

The only clean score of the day was made by J. H. Davis, of the Riverton club, while the best shooting of the New-Utrecht men was done by L. T. Davenport, who lost only one bird, a hard left-quartering driver.

The Rivertons were captained by D. S. Thomas and the New-Utrechts by W. F. Sykes. The referee was John S. Hoey, of Hollywood. The Riverton team was made up as follows: J. W. Smith, E. H. Gedschalt, W. H. Sterling, A. Gillingham, J. T. Alberger, J. B. Ridge, E. B. Showell, C. Rainbard, J. Finletter, J. C. W. Frismuth, J. H. Davis, W. Pack, J. H. Jones and D. S. Thomas. The following constituted the New-Utrecht team: Dr. Wynn, N. E. Money, C. Fergueson, C. E. Morris, M. Meyers, G. E. Grieff, G. W. Coulston, A. W. Money, G. W. Cropsey, L. T. Davenport, C. Plate, Captain Rattenstroth, D. Deacon and G. Nostrand.

Among those who came from all parts to witness the shoot were L. Flannigan, C. Flannigan and E. M. Gunther, of Philadelphia; R. J. Van Brunt and Judge Cowenhoven, of Brooklyn; A. Eddy, W. Stewart, C. Van Brunt, J. Lock Mapleton, Dr. Cummings, of New-Jersey; Major Berier, of Fort Hamilton; J. C. De Fraine and J. V. R. Elliott, of Kanlitom; G. Robinson, Wilmot Townsend, James Van Pelt, T. Blankley, Jacob Pentz, J. E. Lake, C. A. Sykes, T. W. Morfey, R. G. Downing, D. C. Bennet, George Pool, P. S. Pool and Sergeant Murphy.

A FAIR AVERAGE FOR THE D. H. GRAND HORSES.

W. D. Grand's sale of harness horses yesterday at the American Horse Exchange, Broadway and Fiftieth-st., realized nearly $300 a head for thirty head consigned by D. H. Grand. Below is a list of some of the best prices:

Sandow and Samson, bay geldings, 7 years, 16:1; R. B. Cox, city	$700
Hamlet and Mona, g. and m., 6 years, 16 hands; J. L. V. Mott, city	525
Margrave, b. g., 6 years, by Redmond; J. E. Weldeper, Philadelphia	500
Meteor, b. g., 5 years, by Redmond; J. E. Weldeper	475
Emporia Belle, b. m., 5 years, by Evermond; Orange Judd, city	450
Sunshine, ch. g., 6 years, by Golden Rod; G. W. Jackson, Brooklyn	400
Gossip, ch. g., 5 years; C. Antony, city	330
Confidence, b. g., 6 years; G. Saportas	325
Con, b. g., 5 years; H. W. Jackson, Brooklyn	315
Elaine, br. m., by Verus; W. C. Johnson, city	310
Sunset, ch. g., 5 years; R. V. de H. Koch	305
Snowball, gr. g., 5 years; A. Winckelmer, city	270
Nora, b. m., 5 years; C. Antony, city	250
Warlock, b. g., 5 years; G. Saportas	245
Berlin, gr. g., 5 years; T. Nevins, Orange, N. J.	235
Rumor, ch. g., 6 years; Dr. Perrin, Trenton	225

BOUNDLESS PULLS UP LAME.

Little Rock, Ark., March 8.—Boundless, the four-year-old winner of the American Derby at Chicago last year, worth $50,000, pulled up lame in a right fore tendon to-day, after going over the Little Rock Jockey Club's track this morning. Boundless had just been ridden a mile in 1:48½, and it was after this run that the lameness was discovered. This makes it necessary to withdraw him from all the spring races.

AMONG THE BASEBALL MEN.

Ward, Wilson, Burke and Tiernan, of the New-York baseball team, spent two hours in hard work at the Polo Grounds yesterday. A few spectators assembled to see the men go through the task of reducing superfluous flesh. "Fungo" batting, catching and running were the exercises indulged in.

Cornelius Van Cott, president of the New-York Club, held a conference with Director Talcott yesterday regarding the arrangements for the opening game in this city. Mr. Van Cott while in Albany recently invited Governor Flower to be present at the opening of the championship season in this city, and the Governor promised to be present if possible. One of the directors of the New-York Club yesterday offered an official of the Brooklyn Club a wager of $500 to $250 that the Giants would beat out the Bridegrooms in the coming race for the League pennant. The offer was not accepted.

Shindle, the third baseman, signed with the Brooklyn Club yesterday. The club across the river has given Lovett, the pitcher, his unconditional release. The club officials have heard nothing from Richardson, and the opinion is gaining ground that some deal may be made by which Richardson may be transferred to some other city. Kennedy, Corcoran and Griffin are the Brooklyn players who have not yet signed contracts.

C. H. Byrne, president of the Brooklyn club, was put out at the predictions made yesterday by F. de H. Robison, of Cleveland. Mr. Robison placed Brooklyn far down at the finish. Mr. Byrne, however, would not retort in kind, contenting himself with saying that if his team played good ball it might finish first, and that if it did not, it might finish possibly as low as tenth place. He remarked sarcastically that he did not believe in winning championships in March, Anson's famous pastime.

W. H. Wheeler has discovered a "phenomenon" down in Jersey. The player is said to be a giant in size and he is able to play in any position. Ward will give the player a trial.

John Hartley may umpire the preliminary games at the Polo Grounds. Hartley is highly spoken of, and he may be appointed a regular League umpire. Joseph Hornung will not be appointed a League umpire this year.

IN THE FIELD OF SPORTS.

Michael C. Murphy, the clever athletic trainer of Yale College, has been appointed trainer of the New-York Athletic Club. Murphy was a famous sprinter himself a few years ago, and he has been remarkably successful in bringing out athletes, both at Yale and for the Detroit Athletic Club. Murphy is a brother of the Yale shortstop of that name, who has signed with the New-York Baseball Club.

The thirty-third "ladies' day" of the New-York Club will be held at the clubhouse in Fifty-fifth-st. to-morrow. An interesting programme has been arranged. Several changes have been made in the standing committees of the club.

It is said that Zimmermann, the champion bicycle rider, will decide definitely to-morrow whether or not he will turn professional.

Local oarsmen are making active preparations for the coming season, and a lively year in rowing circles is predicted. Oarsmen are looking forward to the Harlem River Regatta, on Decoration Day, with unusual interest. A heavy entry list is expected.

The Columbia Athletic Club will give a professional boxing tournament at Grand Central Palace on March 17.

The auction sale of boxes for the A. A. U. boxing and wrestling championships will take place on March 15. The championships will be decided on March 19 and 21, at Madison Square Garden.

SALE OF A NOTED STOCK FARM.

Lexington, Ky., March 8.—Fairlawn, the former noted home of the trotting stallion Red Wilkes, was sold at auction here to-day. The place brought $50,000; $25,000 less than A. Smith McLann contracted to pay for it five years ago. The estate of the late General W. P. Withers bought it at the price stated. Mr. McLann owed Withers's estate a balance of $85,000 on the farm.

MURPHY TO MANAGE THE CZAR'S STABLES.

Petalumia, Cal., March 8.—Thomas Murphy, the well-known trainer and driver of trotting horses, has been appointed manager of the racing stables of the Czar of Russia, and, with William Overholzer, assistant trainer, will leave San Francisco on March 15 for New-York, thence to St. Petersburg.

TAILORS MAY STRIKE.

PRICES MUST COME DOWN AND WORKMEN ARE THREATENED.

FIGURES SHOW THAT EXORBITANT RATES FOR CLOTHING CAN EASILY BE REDUCED WITHOUT CUTTING WAGES—EMPLOYERS AND JOURNEYMEN TO CONFER.

The members of the Journeymen Tailors' Protective and Benevolent Society held a meeting Wednesday evening at Heiter's Hall, for the purpose of discussing a proposed reduction of wages paid by the Merchant Tailors' Association, a society embracing about 35 prominent merchant tailoring establishments, employing several thousand journeymen in this city. The Merchant Tailors' Association had given notice to the members of the Journeymen's Association that business had been seriously affected by the hard times, and that many customers will no longer pay the prices they have been paying for clothes, and therefore a reduction of prices must of necessity follow, or customers will patronize the ready-made clothing establishments or send their orders to Europe through the agents now in this country representing first-class houses abroad at greatly reduced prices.

The reduction demanded by the Merchant Tailors' Association is 15 per cent, and the journeymen say this means starvation for them if they submit to it. A strike is, therefore, threatened if some agreement is not speedily arranged between these two societies.

A committee has been appointed by the Merchant Tailors' Association, which will meet on Monday next. A similar committee has been appointed representing the journeymen for the purpose of settling all differences as to wages, if possible. It is announced that there will be a meeting of the journeymen this evening at the Lyceum Opera House, and meetings will be held to-morrow by the journeymen in each shop. The society will meet on Sunday and decide what instructions shall be given their committee for final action at the joint meeting on Monday next.

Many of the leading tailoring establishments of this city have found their business gradually slipping away, owing to the ridiculously extravagant prices they have been exacting for their garments, and some of the merchant tailors are now wondering what has become of the patrons through whom they have grown rich. Many of the well-dressed of this city have learned that they can buy clothes abroad at a great reduction from New-York prices, and have informed their New-York tailors that they must reduce their prices or loose their custom, and the workmen have been asked to stand some of the reduction that will be forced upon the tailors if they wish to hold their trade.

A Tribune reporter yesterday called on James W. Bell & Son, at No. 152 Fifth-ave., who said that they were not interested in the threatened strike, as they are independent of all associations and managed their business without the aid or advice of outsiders. They assert that they pay higher wages to all their help, and therefore their men will not strike. They further said that some of their men receive from $50 to $80 a week, but when the reporter sifted this statement a little they admitted, after further questioning, that this workman receiving $50 or $80 a week had to employ extra help, and this high-priced man at the end of the week would not average for himself over $30 a week.

Cropsey & Lent, No. 202 Fifth-ave., told The Tribune reporter that they were not members of the association. He added that wages are too high. They say that the present cost of labor on a suit of clothes is from 33 to 40 per cent, and adding about 30 per cent for the materials there would be a net profit of between 30 and 40 per cent, which made it clear to the reporter that they could never afford to reduce prices without the workmen being paid smaller wages.

John Patterson & Co., said to the reporter that they did not advance the price of their clothing under the McKinley law, and recently they have reduced their prices 10 or 15 per cent.

Since the agitation with reference to the Wilson bill they have practically done no business, and fear they must still make a further reduction in order to stimulate business. As to wages, their best men earn in a busy season from $40 to $60 a week, and in dull times from $10 to $15 a week, averaging through the year about $30 a week.

A. J. Connick, of No. 229 Fifth-ave.; Cavanagh, Sanford & Co., Twenty-third-st., near Fifth-ave., and Vredenburgh & Brooks, No. 164 Fifth-ave., made about the same statements as were given by the others mentioned.

SPRING FRESHETS ARE IMMINENT.

Lancaster, Penn., March 8.—The Susquehanna River at Columbia is over three feet above low water, and is rising at the rate of an inch an hour.

Hartford, March 8.—The Connecticut River is free of ice to the south, except large floating cakes, and navigation has been resumed. The New-York steamers will begin running on Monday.

Concord, N. H., March 8.—The prevailing hot weather has caused a rapid rise in the Merrimac River, and at this point to-day the water is going up at the rate of an inch an hour. Unless the ice breaks up and the weather conditions change there is likely to be a big freshet.

Wilkesbarre, Penn., March 8.—The water in the Susquehanna River here continues to rise rapidly. Early this morning the water broke through the channel near here and this afternoon a large portion of the west side of the river is submerged. As far as can be learned no particular damage has yet been done.

IN THE COURT AT TRENTON.

Continued from First Page.

Senate, and that Rogers, its unanimously elected President, was such.

THE MAJORITY WILL NOT JOIN THE MINORITY.

Continuing, Mr. Parker said: "We were in a state of anarchy. The quo warranto proceedings were brought to inform the Governor, who has the whole matter in his power, and could, if he wished, settle it any minute. The majority will not join the minority, and the minority joining the majority will not help matters. The majority is in the right, and will not give away those rights." He could not see what the Court could do, since it could not enforce its decision.

Mr. Gray followed Mr. Parker with a strong argument intended to prove that the Court had no jurisdiction.

THOMPSON'S RACETRACK BALLOT-BOX.

IN A DAMAGED CONDITION AND EASY TO STUFF—THE "DUKE" LOSING HIS TEMPER.

Trenton, N. J., March 8 (Special).—When Chairman Storrs, of the House Investigating Committee, picked up the ballot-box from the Second Precinct of the Second Ward of Gloucester City, this morning, he remarked to his colleagues that something was wrong. This is the box in which are packed 1,100 votes, 989 of them being for William J. Thompson, whose seat is being contested by Mr. Lippincott. These votes came from the Gloucester racetrack, which is located in this precinct. A short examination of the box showed that the top of the glass side of the box could be removed and any number of ballots packed in without the formality of a legal vote. The contents of this box will be examined to-morrow morning.

An examination of the ballots cast in the First Precinct of the First Ward of Gloucester revealed many irregularities.

Frank Anderson, judge of election in the First Ward of Gloucester City, identified the ballot-box from there, and James E. McElmoyle, judge of the First Precinct of the Second Ward, testified that the box purporting to come from that district was the right one, as far as he knew.

George C. Coubbler, judge of election in the Second Precinct of the Second Ward of Gloucester, identified the box from there. This is the "racetrack box." It was in a damaged condition, the top of one side of it being chipped off. Chairman Storrs of the committee took the supports out of its sides with his fingers, and lifted the glass partition out, showing that any one who chose might have got at the inside of the box without much trouble. Coubbler was cross-examined at length about the box. He is a Republican, and said he could not account for the present condition of the box. So far as he knew, it was untouched when it left the polls and was delivered to the city clerk. Coubbler was kept on the witness-stand several hours, but no evidence elicited from him.

Thompson lost his temper once, and abused John B. Wartman, counsel for Lippincott. He said, flushed with anger, that he could take care of Wartman, either physically or mentally. The lawyer deigned not to notice his remarks.

CHIEF JUSTICE BEASLEY'S NAME OMITTED.

In the list of judges of the Supreme Court of New-Jersey, sitting in the quo warranto proceedings, which was published in The Tribune yesterday morning, the name of the chief justice, Mercer Beasley, was omitted through an error.

COL. BRECKINRIDGE ON TRIAL

MISS POLLARD'S SUIT AGAINST HIM.

BEGINNING OF THE CASE AGAINST THE KENTUCKY ORATOR WHO IS ACCUSED OF SEDUCTION AND BREACH OF PROMISE.

Washington, March 8.—Congressman William C. P. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, was placed on trial to-day in the suit brought by Miss Madeline Vinton Pollard, who accuses him of seduction and breach of promise and claims $50,000 damages.

Mr. Breckinridge stands charged by Miss Pollard with having accomplished her ruin when she was a schoolgirl of seventeen; with being the father of several children born to her, and with making and breaking a promise to marry her. The alleged contract of an engagement is claimed by Miss Pollard to have been made shortly after the death of defendant's wife, and broken less than a year later when he married Mrs. Louisa Wing, of St. Louis.

On the other hand, Colonel Breckinridge, in his answer to Miss Pollard's charges, denies that he at any time or place attempted to take advantage of the youth and inexperience of the plaintiff, or that he seduced her. He also denies that there was at any time any engagement