THE DEMANDS OF WOMEN.

EARNEST ADDRESSES DELIVERED BY SUFFRAGISTS AT ALBANY.

MRS. ALMY THINKS THE GOOD WOMEN OF THE STATE WOULD OUTVOTE THE VICIOUS THOUSANDS BELOW THE HARLEM.

Albany, June 7.—Probably never in the history of legislation has there been such an outpouring of the advocates of any measure as graced the Assembly Chamber to-night. The occasion was the hearing granted by the Constitutional Convention Committee on Suffrage to the advocates of woman suffrage throughout the State outside of New-York City, the last hearing having been devoted to the suffragists from the metropolis. The chamber both within and without the rails was crowded to suffocation with women and delegates, while the commodious galleries were also filled. Chairman Goodelle, of Syracuse, occupied the Speaker's rostrum and called the meeting to order. The list of speakers included the following:

Mrs. Cornelia H. Carry, Mrs. Cora E. Seeberry, Mrs. Marianna W. Chapman, president of the Brooklyn Woman Suffrage Association; Mrs. Mary E. Cragie, Mrs. Cornelia K. Hood, president of the Kings County Political Equality League, of Brooklyn; Mrs. Martha R. Almy, of Jamestown; Mrs. Ella B. Hallock, of Southold; Mrs. Rathbun, of Mount Vernon; Mrs. Elinor Ecob Morse, of Utica; Mrs. A. E. P. Searing, of Kingston; Mrs. Maria C. Powell, of Ghent; Mrs. Helen G. Ecob, of Albany; George W. Vanderver, of Amsterdam; Mrs. Henrietta M. Banker, treasurer of the N. Y. W. S. A. of Essex County; Mrs. Carrie Twing, representing the State Grange, of Westfield; Mrs. H. C. Lowman, of Waverly; Miss Anna S. Huntington, of Syracuse, daughter of Bishop Huntington; Miss Elly Howland, president of the Cayuga County Woman Suffrage Association; Mrs. Clara Neymann, of New-York City; Mrs. Salina S. Merchant, and Dr. Sarah Morris, of Buffalo; Mrs. Maud Humphrey, of Warsaw; Miss Elizabeth Burrill Curtis, daughter of the late George William Curtis, of West New-Brighton, and Mrs. Mary Lewis Gannett, of Rochester.

Mrs. Greenleaf, of Rochester, introduced the speakers. Mrs. Cornelia K. Hood, of Brooklyn, was the first speaker. She stated that women own 24 per cent of the assessed valuation of property in Brooklyn and the annual tax paid on this property by the women of Brooklyn is $3,344,-764. The ideal home, she said, was that in which the father and mother had equal power and where the best characteristics of both parents found expression. The ideal state was that in which the best characteristics of both man and woman were represented; therefore, women asked the ballot on the ground of expediency.

Mrs. Cornelia H. Carry said that the result of last fall's election in Brooklyn was due largely to the influence of the Brooklyn women. If women had such influence without the ballot what would be her power for good should she be enfranchised?

Mrs. Marianna W. Chapman followed in the same strain. She did not see why the men should not be just as fair as statesmen as they are as business men, and grant to woman her right.

Mrs. Mary Lewis Gannet, of Rochester, among other things, said: "We come to ask you to give to women political equality with men. You have heard a great variety of reasons urged for this. I ask it because I am a happy wife, because I am a mother. Because home is the dearest spot on earth to me, and home cares the sweetest, I say let us share the duties and responsibilities of the larger home; the city, the State, the Nation; let us share these public burdens and gladly meet them as a duty, not to be feared and put off, but gladly accepted. Rather than less wives and mothers, we shall thereby be the better wives; shall the better fit our sons and daughters for true citizenship. By reason of its wider horizon of large outlooking interests, the home will be better, dearer, more helpful as a home to its inmates and to all who enter its doors, and will be worth more to the State."

Mrs. Carrie Twing, of Westfield, representing the State Grange, presented a memorial from that organization, representing 50,000 people, asking for the enfranchisement of women. She said: "We desire the rights of franchise, first, because it is right; secondly, that we may with women's intuition and experience change in some way the laws referring to country schools. Another reason why the women of the country would like the right of franchise is that the wife's share after years of toiling, standing side by side with her husband, bearing and rearing the children, or if the home be empty, being equal in bearing all burdens, is very small when manipulated by the law, unless the husband wills to her that which by right should be her own."

Mrs. Almy, of Chautauqua, representing the XXXIId Senatorial District, said that the vote of the vicious women below the Harlem would not be of the slighest avail against the vote of the women of New-York above the Harlem. Her district was well organized, she said, and essentially a woman suffrage district, as shown by the number of votes cast by the women for school commisssioners.

Mrs. A. E. P. Searing, of Kingston, delivered an address of unusual interest. She said in part: "Political equality a menace to the home? Why, sirs, the only real and imminent danger that now threatens our firesides is the reactionary spirit of separation of the sexes, and that is now being disseminated with mischievous activity; the Ouidas and Grands who rant at the men from over seas are no more dangerous to our harmony than these would-be friendly enemies at home. You will not, I am sure, believe or assert that we, your mothers, sisters, wives, could or would unsex ourselves. It will not be too much too ask of your courtesy and companionship that by and by you will escort us to your ballot-box. You have in the past, not you, but your fathers, perhaps, tried to frighten us away with direful tales of bogies that lurk behind it to devour and destroy us, but we do not want to go there alone, and if you go with us, what can make us afraid?"

The remarks of Miss Elizabeth Burrill Curtis were well received. She said in part: "The State is the people, gentlemen, and the people make the homes; you cannot move the whole without affecting the component parts; you cannot touch the State without reaching the homes. It is because this is true, and because the welfare of most of us is so vitally connected with that of our homes, that we plead with you, gentlemen, to give us the weapon which will help us to guard that welfare, and will at least render less futile our efforts to protect our homes against the forces which tend to devastate and disintegrate them, and which we are now utterly powerless even to attempt to control."

Miss Anna S. Huntington said that all the political economy of the age was in favor of the suffrage of women. Women were interested more than men in the proper education of the future citizen; in the morals of the State and the upraising of the Nation.

Several other speakers also delivered addresses, the meeting not adjourning until near midnight. Among the interested spectators were Mrs. Isabella Davis, of New-York City, recording secretary of the National Council of Women and corresponding secretary of the King's Daughters; Mrs. Edwin S. Jenny, Mrs. Hendrick S. Holden, Mr. and Mrs. William Howland, of Cayuga; Mrs. J. B. Crossett, of Warsaw, and Miss Margaret L. Chanler, of New-York.

MEMORIALS AND RESOLUTIONS.

MR. GREEN STARTS AN INVESTIGATION OF NEW-YORK AND BROOKLYN STREET RAILROADS.

Albany, June 7.—When the Constitutional Convention opened to-day the President handed down a number of petitions from citizens of New-York City in favor of the extended application of civil service reform and the abolition of political assessments. Mr. Lester presented a memorial from W. A. Barnes, of Saratoga County, asking for the passage of an amendment providing for the inspection of asylums, monasteries, nunneries and other similar institutions. It was referred.

Mr. Holls presented memorials from the Eastern Conference of the Methodist Church, representing 60,000 members, and from the Western Conference, representing 51,000, in favor of the abolition of the appropriation of public money for sectarian institutions.

Andrew H. Green called up his resolution for the appointment of a special committee of five to consider improved methods for dealing with titles to real estate. The resolution was adopted, and the President appointed the following commission: Mr. A. H. Green, Mr. Riggs, Mr. Wadington, Mr. Arnold and Mr. Tibbett.

Mr. Green offered a resolution requiring the Appropriation Committee to report what privileges the Legislature had granted to divert the waters of the upper Niagara River, and what steps should be taken to prevent the granting of such privileges in future. This was referred.

Mr. Green also offered a resolution reciting that the street railways of New-York City and Brooklyn give inadequate service, charge too much to passengers, and do not protect the public against accident; and calling upon the Mayors of the two cities to report to the Convention the names of all railroads within their limits, their capital stock, bonds, their cost, their line or route, the fees paid annually to the cities, the total amount of fees paid by the Metropolitan Traction Company, the foreign corporations operating railways in this State, and the amount of fees paid by them, the fees paid upon a change of motive power, the market price of the stock, and when the franchises were obtained from the Legislature and the city. Referred.

Mr. McClure offered a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the convention that the attendance of delegates who are lawyers in the convention should be deemed a sufficient cause for the postponement of cases in which they are engaged, and which were begun before the convention was organized. The resolution was lost, and the convention, at 11:10, adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock, having been in session a little over an hour.

CITY AND STATE ELECTIONS.

DELEGATES AT ALBANY BELIEVE IN THEIR SEPARATION.

BUT THEY HAVE NOT YET BEEN ABLE TO ARRANGE THE DETAILS OF AN AMENDMENT LOOKING TO THAT END—A NEW WOMAN SUFFRAGE SCHEME.

[FROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE.]

Albany, June 7.—It is plain that important amendments to the Judiciary Article of the Constitution will be submitted to the people at the fall election. There are 133 lawyers in the Constitutional Convention, and several of them were members of the Judiciary Commission which drew up some important amendments to the Judiciary Article which were rejected by the Legislature. These men have come to the convention with the purpose of having the same amendments adopted. Louis Marshall, of Syracuse, one of the members of the commission, submitted some of them yesterday, and others to-day. They touch the Court of Appeals and the Supreme Court, limiting the right of appeal to the former and strengthening the latter court.

Charles Andrews, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, and Robert Earl, present Associate Judge and former Chief Judge of the same court, appeared by invitation before the Judiciary Committee to-day and gave their views on suggested amendments in reference to the Court of Appeals. Both Judge Andrews and Judge Earl said that they deemed it unwise to increase the number of judges of that court with the idea of enabling it to keep up with its business. In their opinion such an increase of the number of judges would diminish the weight of the court in the eyes of suitors. The Court of Appeals, as at present constituted, could do all its work. A division of the Court of Appeals would actually lessen its strength. Judges Andrews and Earl also opposed any increase of the age limit, which it had been proposed to raise from seventy years to seventy-five years.

The Committee on Cities has adopted by a unanimous vote a resolution providing for a separation of city elections from State elections. The proposition is to reduce the term of the Governor to two years or to increase it to four years, and to elect the Governor and other State officers in even years; while the Mayors of cities and other city officers are to be elected in uneven years. In order to avoid having a President and a Governor elected the same year, the latter officer must be elected for four years.

Mr. Moore, Republican, of Plattsburg, wishes to refer the subject of woman suffrage to the decision of the women themselves; that is, he wishes the male voters of the State to learn if women desire to vote before voting upon this question themselves. With this view he introduced an amendment to the Constitution to-day providing for the registration of all the female citizens of the State and the taking of a vote by them in regard to this question: "Shall female citizens of the age of twenty-one years be entitled to vote in this State as provided in Article II of the Constitution for male citizens?" Affirmative and negative ballots upon this proposition are to be given to such female citizens of the age of twenty-one years or more as shall appear at the polls to vote on this question. The total female vote cast upon the question must be at least 10,000 votes in and for the whole State, "and if a majority of the 100,000 or more votes shall be found for the proposed amendment, then the proper officers shall certify to that fact as now provided by law for canvassing and certifying to the results of elections, and likewise if a majority shall be found to be against the proposed election."

The following proposed amendments were also offered:

By Mr. McArthur—Amending section 15, article 6, relative to county courts. Judges now in office shall hold office until the expiration of their terms of office. Their successors shall be chosen for a term of six years.

By Mr. Hill—Providing that all elections shall be by ballot or by the use of a voting apparatus, except for town officers directed to be otherwise chosen.

By Mr. McArthur—Amending section 21, article 6, relative to judges practising law by adding the words: "Any county judge or surrogate."

By Mr. Wiggins—Providing against the election of officers of cities by or in the name of any political party or organization of the State or Nation.

By Mr. Tucker—Striking out sections 10, 11 and 12 of article 7, and inserting a new article prohibiting the creation of an interest-bearing debt by the State.

By Mr. C. B. McLaughlin—Continuing the salary of Judges of the Court of Appeals for their full term after retirement on account of age.

By Mr. Devo—Relative to the limitation or restriction of the right of appeal from judgments and orders in actions and special proceedings.

By Mr. Mabee—Striking out the provision in section 1, article 2, requiring voters to be residents of a county four months.

The Committee on Legislative Organization met late this afternoon, and after some debate adopted a resolution favoring the separation of the election of Senators and Assemblymen from city elections. The details of this plan, however, were not adopted. One of the suggestions of this reform is to lengthen the term of Assemblymen to two years and of Senators to four years. It is proposed soon to have a joint meeting of the four committees which will have to agree upon the plan for the separation of city from State elections.

Mr. Barhite, of Rochester, submitted to the convention a statement of the Woman's Suffrage Society reciting that outside of New-York City women own property worth $320,324,172, while the total taxable valuation of the State is $2,353,269,735. There are 143,713 women who pay taxes in the State.

The Committee on Charities, consisting of Edward Lauterbach, of New-York City, as chairman, and Messrs. C. B. McLaughlin, I. Sam Johnson, Cassidy, A. B. Steele, Phipps, Powell, Arnold, Manley, Kellog, Giegerich, Danforth, Durnin, C. S. Truax, Forbes, Peabody and Riggs, will meet at the Windsor Hotel in New-York City on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. The committee will spend next week in visiting and inspecting the sectarian and non-sectarian charitable institutions in New-York and Brooklyn and thereabouts, with special reference to the aid extended to such institutions from the public treasury.

The Committee on Education this afternoon appointed the following sub-committee to go to New-York with the Committee on Charities: Messrs. Hill, Cornwall, Durfee, Tibbitts, Sanford, McIntyre, Peck and Platzek.

TROTTING AT BELMONT PARK.

Philadelphia, June 7.—After two days' postponement caused by rain the spring circuit of the Belmont Driving Club opened to-day at Belmont Racetrack. After two heats had been trotted in the 2:29 class, it began to rain and the race was postponed until to-morrow. Summaries:

FIRST RACE—2:27 CLASS—PURSE $500.

Arena, by Alcantara (Knox)	8	3	1	1	1
Fauntleroy, by Albino (McFarland)	1	1	2	4	2
Grateful (Moore)	5	2	3	3	3
Carpenter Boy (Camburn)	3	11	7	5	4
Antonina (Greenway)	6	5	6	6	6
Rube Burrows (Granger)	7	7	8	7	5
My Trinket (Devy)	4	6	5	2dis	
Forward (Achuff)	2	4	4dis		
Claus Forester (Clark)	11	8	9dr		
Conformation (Rush)	9	9dr			
Little May (Odell)	10	10dr			

Time—2:23¼, 2:24¼, 2:23¼, 2:28, 2:29¼.

SECOND RACE—2:18 PACING—PURSE $500.

Simmons, by Belladonna (Barnes)	8	3	1	1	1
Charley B., by Dan Brown (Parberry)	1	1	3	7	4
Marie H. (Chambers)	2	2	5	8	3
Dalgetty (Curran)	6	6	2	2	5
Miss Woodford (Greenway)	9	5	6	3	2
Raymond (Pender)	4	9	8	9	7
Pomp (Johnston)	3	8	7	4	6
Sancho (Saunders)	7	7	9	6	8
Eagle Princess (Devy)	3	4	4	5dr.	

Time—2:18¼, 2:20¾, 2:18¾, 2:20¾, 2:18¼.

THIRD RACE—2:29 CLASS—PURSE $500.

Brother Jim, by Intrigue (Ernst)	1	2
Kate, by Woodbridge, jr (Barnes)	9	1
George W (Haight)	2	3
Alexis (Grady)	3	6
Elbert K. (Kipp)	4	4
Henry O. (Kerlin)	5	5
Kathleen (Smith)	6	8
Mystery (Devy)	8	7
Lady M. (Beekman)	7	10
Robert A. (Clark)	10	9
Belle of Macon (Waterman)	11	11

Time—2:24¾, 2:24¾.

MR. SIMPSON TO RETURN IN TWO WEEKS.

Washington, June 7.—A letter received from Representative Jerry Simpson to-day says that his health is rapidly improving. He expects to return to Washington in about two weeks.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California liquid laxative, Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

WON, BUT NOTHING TO SPARE

THE GIANTS HAVE A HARD BATTLE WITH CHICAGO.

ANSON AS FULL OF FIGHT AS EVER—BROOKLYN AND PITTSBURG TIED AFTER AN EXCITING CONTEST.

GAMES YESTERDAY.

New-York 8, Chicago 7.	Baltimore 7, Louisville 4.
Brooklyn 13, Pittsburg 13 (called on account of darkness).	Washington 5, Cincinnati 3.
	Boston 18, St. Louis 7.
	Philadelphia 6, Cleveland 0.

It was a hard day for the pitchers yesterday, the batting in most of the games being terrific. Four pitchers were used up in the game at the Polo Grounds, while five ambitious twirlers had considerable trouble in Brooklyn. As the fog and rain clear away the batsmen may come to the front and play a more important part in the game than they have done heretofore.

The game at the Polo Grounds was like one of those old-time New-York-Chicago battles, which kept the spectators on the anxious seat from start to finish. The Giants won, but they had nothing to spare at the end. Delays were frequent, protests were innumerable and brilliant and amateurish plays followed each other so closely that a wild yell of exultation at some brilliant manoeuvre would fade away into a groan of disgust as a bungling play followed.

Anson, the old warhorse, and the grandfather of many baseball ideas and fancies, was as aggressive, impertinent and as full of fire as he was fifteen years ago. He handles what material he has with rare tact and judgment, and with three or four good players at his command he makes a good showing. But crows' feet are creeping into the old warrior's eyes, and that "belt of fat," the terror of all athletes, is making itself felt. Anson knows it, and his constant battle against advancing years and superfluous flesh would discourage and send into retirement a less determined man. Even after yesterday's battle, Anson donned extra clothing and ran around the field for many miles. He was running still when the writer left the grounds at 7:10 p. m.

With the score at 8 to 7 in New-York's favor in the ninth inning, with two men on bases and two out, Anson came to the bat. The old fellow had made three hits and Meekin was told to send Anson to first on called balls, and await for Lange. Farrell stood out to one side of the plate and Anson followed him, trying to balk Meekin. Anson had no right to leave the position assigned to batsmen, and, even had he struck the ball, he could have been declared out.

Westervelt pitched for seven innings, but, as he was erratic, Meekin relieved him. Terry pitched for six innings, and he retired in the seventh in favor of Griffith. The Giants scored three runs in that inning and won the game, so that in the change of pitchers Ward clearly outgeneralled Anson. Doyle was severely injured by a pitched ball in the first inning, and he may not be able to play for several days. About 3,000 people were present. The score:

CHICAGO.	ab	r	1b	po	a	e	NEW-YORK.	ab	r	1b	po	a	e
Ryan, rf	2	1	0	1	0	0	Murphy, es	5	1	1	0	3	2
Dahlen, 3b	3	0	0	3	0	0	Burke, lf	5	2	2	2		
Wilmot, lf	5	0	0	2	1	0	Davis, 3b	4	0	1	2	3	0
Anson, 1b	4	3	3	14	0	1	Doyle, 1b	0	0	0	3	0	0
Lange, cf	4	1	1	0	0	0	Wilson, 1b	4	0	1	7	1	1
Irwin, ss	4	1	1	0	4	1	Ward, 2b	4	0	0	8	3	0
Parrott, 2b	4	1	1	1	4	1	Van H'ltn, cf	2	1	2	2		
Schriver, c	4	0	2				Stafford, rf	3	1	1	4	0	0
Terry, p	3	0	0	0	2	0	Farrell, c	3	1	2	8	0	1
Griffith, p	1	0	0	0	2	0	Westervelt, p	3	1	1	1	5	0
							Meekin, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	34	7	8	24	14	3	Totals	34	8	10	27	15	4

Chicago	0	1	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	—7
New-York	1	0	0	0	2	2	3	0	x	—8

Earned runs—Chicago 4, New-York 3. First base by errors—Chicago 2, New-York 3. Left on bases—Chicago 7, New-York 8. First base on balls—Off Terry 5, off Westervelt 5, off Meekin 2. Struck out—By Terry 2, by Griffith 2, by Westervelt 1. Home runs—Irwin, Parrott. Two-base hits—Burke, Westervelt. Sacrifice hits—Ryan, Dahlen, Farrell. Stolen bases—Dahlen 2, Anson, Lange, Van Haltren, Stafford, Farrell. Wild pitches—Westervelt 2, Terry 1. Umpire—Swartwood. Time of game—2:25. Attendance, 3,000.

About 4,000 people witnessed one of the most exciting games of the season at Eastern Park, Brooklyn, yesterday. The home team had won seven straight games and the players were particularly anxious to capture the first game with Pittsburg. Ten innings were played, the result being a draw. Stein retired in the third inning with a split hand, while Kennedy relieved Gastright in the ninth.

In the ninth inning Stenzel jumped into Dailey at the plate, knocking down the Brooklyn catcher, and the crowd hissed and showed its disapproval. President Byrne was highly incensed and he will make a formal complaint against Stenzel to the League board of directors. The score:

PITTSBURG.	ab	r	1b	po	a	e	BROOKLYN.	ab	r	1b	po	a	e
Schiebeck, lf	6	2	2	3	0	1	Daly, 2b	5	2	1	0	1	2
Donovan, rf	6	3	4	2	0	1	Corcoran, ss	6	2	2	4	3	0
Beckley, 1b	5	2	1	11	0	1	Tredway, lf	6	3	1	0	1	1
Stenzel, cf	6	2	4	4	0	0	Griffin, cf	5	2	2	4	0	0
Lyons, 3b	5	2	3	1	1	0	Shindle, 3b	5	2	3	1	3	0
Glasscock, ss	5	1	3	0	1	0	Burns, rf	5	2	4	1	1	0
Eberhart, 2b	6	0	2	0	6	0	Foutz, 1b	5	0	2	7	0	0
Mack, c	6	0	1	6	0	0	Dailey, c	5	0	1	6	0	1
Killen, p	2	0	0	0	0	0	Stein, p	3	0	0	1	1	0
Gumbert, p	3	0	0	0	3	0	Gastright, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
							Kennedy, p	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	50	13	20	30	11	3	Totals	48	13	17	30	8	4

Pittsburg	0	1	4	3	1	2	0	2	0	—13
Brooklyn	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	4	2	0—13

Earned runs—Pittsburg 10, Brooklyn 3. First base on errors—Pittsburg 2, Brooklyn 3. Left on bases—Pittsburg 12, Brooklyn 9. First base on balls—Off Gastright 3, off Killen 3, off Gumbert 1. Struck out—By Gastright 3, by Killen 3, by Gumbert 2. Three-base hits—Schiebeck, Donovan, Beckley, Stenzel. Two-base hits—Stenzel 2, Eberhart, Daly, Shindle, Burns 2. Sacrifice hit—Foutz. Stolen bases—Glasscock, Mack, Griffin, Burns. Double plays—Burns and Dailey. Passed ball—Dailey 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Stein, 1. Umpire—McQuaid. Time—2:30. Attendance, 3,839.

THE RECORDS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pr ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pr ct.
Baltimore	22	9	.710	New-York	18	18	.500
Pittsburg	24	12	.667	St. Louis	18	19	.486
Cleveland	21	12	.636	Cincinnati	12	21	.364
Philadelphia	21	12	.636	Louisville	10	24	.294
Boston	24	14	.632	Chicago	10	25	.286
Brooklyn	19	15	.559	Washington	10	27	.270

GAMES TO-DAY.

New-York vs. Chicago, at Polo Grounds, New-York.
Brooklyn vs. Pittsburg, at Eastern Park, Brooklyn.
Washington vs. Cincinnati, at Washington.
Baltimore vs. Louisville, at Baltimore.
Philadelphia vs. Cleveland, at Philadelphia.
Boston vs. St. Louis, at Boston.

The New-York and Chicago teams will play again at the Polo Grounds to-day.

GAMES IN OTHER CITIES.

Washington, June 7.—Cincinnati was easy for the Senators to-day. The home team played a magnificent game in the field, and four times made double plays which cut off the visitors from prospective runs. The Senators batted hard, and played the hits at the proper time. Maul pitched a good, steady game. Weather cloudy. Attendance, 3,127. Score:

Washington	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	2	1	—8
Cincinnati	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Base hits—Washington, 11; Cincinnati, 7. Errors—Washington, 1; Cincinnati, 2. Batteries—Maul and McGuire; Parrott and Murphy. Umpire—Hurst.

Baltimore, June 7.—The Orioles' onward march could not be checked by Barnie's Colonels, who made their first appearance here to-day. The game was lost through errors and Hemming's wildness. Twitchell led with the bat, while the fielding honors went to Brown and Keeler. Rain-filled clouds had a depressing effect on the attendance—3,600. Score:

Baltimore	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	0	1	—7
Louisville	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	—4

Base hits—Baltimore, 8; Louisville, 10. Errors—Baltimore, 1; Louisville, 5. Batteries—Inks and Robinson; Hemming and Grim. Umpire—Lynch.

Philadelphia, June 7.—Philadelphia shut out Cleveland this afternoon. Taylor was invincible throughout the game, and besides holding the visitors down to two singles, struck out Zimmer, Clarkson and Childs in succession in the eighth inning, and also retired Burkett, the first batter in the ninth, on strikes. The Phillies bunched a triple and two singles in the third, and two doubles and two singles in the ninth. The last four innings were played in the rain. Attendance, 6,500. Score:

Philadelphia	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	—6
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Base hits—Philadelphia, 11; Cleveland, 2. Errors—Philadelphia, 4; Cleveland, 4. Batteries—Taylor and Grady; Clarkson and Zimmer. Umpire—Stage.

Boston, June 7.—The champions put Nichols in the box to-day and had a walkover with St. Louis. Breitenstein was touched up freely, and was wild as a hawk, while Nichols was effective until the game was practically won, and then he let up. The Browns made a spurt in the eighth, mainly through errors of Long and Lowe, but the Bostons romped away from them in the ninth. It rained just before the game. Attendance, 613. Score:

Boston	1	1	2	1	1	3	2	0	7	—18
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	6	0	—7

Base hits—Boston, 17; St. Louis, 13. Errors—Boston, 2; St. Louis, 3. Batteries—Nichols and Ryan; Breitenstein and Peitz. Umpire—Emslie.

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

Syracuse, N. Y., June 7.—Fourteen innings were required to decide to-day's game, which was sharply contested throughout. The game abounded in brilliant bits of fielding, several double plays being made at critical points when a hit meant victory. The Stars played without an error for thirteen innings, but a wild throw by Hanrahan to first in

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the fourteenth inning, after two men had been retired, let in Buffalo's winning run. Both Callhan and Bott were effective. Wilson played first base for the home team in place of Jay Faatz, who has been released, and he put up a strong game. Score:

Syracuse	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2—7
Buffalo	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3—8

Base hits—Syracuse 13, Buffalo 15. Errors—Syracuse 2, Buffalo 4. Batteries—Callhan and Hess; Bott and Boyd. Umpire—Battin.

Springfield, Mass., June 7.—Springfield defeated Binghamton to-day by hard hitting, assisted by Binghamton's errors. Springfield got twenty-two hits, with a total of thirty-six bases. Nadeau, Burns and Leahy led with four hits each. Shannon put up a great game at short, and Sheehan made a beautiful catch in the fourth, doubling up Dolan on second. Dolan did good work with the stick for Binghamton, knocking a home run into the river, besides getting two singles. Score:

Springfield	3	2	1	0	2	0	6	0	2	—16
Binghamton	2	1	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	—8

Base hits—Springfield 22, Binghamton 14. Errors—Springfield 3, Binghamton 8. Batteries—Vickery and Leahy; Barnett, Dolan and Lohbeck. Umpire—Snyder.

Providence, June 7.—To-day's game between the Providence and Wilkesbarres was a battle of giants. Both teams batted the ball terrifically, and the 1,100 spectators were kept in constant excitement by the hitting, daring base running and piling up of runs. There were many bits of brilliant fielding on both sides, and nearly every error was excusable. Egan was batted for a dozen hits, with a total of nineteen bases, but the Grays pounded Keenan for twenty-two hits, with a total of thirty-one. Score:

Providence	3	2	0	0	1	0	4	3	4	—17
Wilkesbarre	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	3	0	—8

Base hits—Providence 22, Wilkesbarre 12. Errors—Providence 5, Wilkesbarre 5. Batteries—Egan and Dixon; Keenan and Warner. Umpire—Hunt.

Troy, N. Y., June 7.—The game with Erie was postponed on account of rain.

PENNSYLVANIA APOLOGIZES.

THE FACULTY OF THE QUAKER CITY INSTITUTION SENDS A DELEGATION TO NEW-HAVEN.

New-Haven, June 7.—The trick by which the University of Pennsylvania baseball nine exacted from the Yale nine a promise to play an extra game in Philadelphia next week by threatening to leave the Yale Field on last Monday has been frowned upon by the Pennsylvania faculty, who have decided that the action of their team was unsportsmanlike. Yesterday they sent a delegation here representing the Pennsylvania nine, who apologized for compelling Yale to agree to play the extra game, under pressure of a threat to leave the field where a crowd of 2,000 people was awaiting for play to begin. They also requested Yale to withdraw her ultimatum not to arrange any more athletic contests with the University of Pennsylvania, owing to alleged shabby treatment, and released Yale from the extorted promise to play in Philadelphia next week. The members of the Yale team are delighted to be released from their contract to play next week, and may yet play the Pennsylvania team in future years.

COLLEGE GAMES.

Providence, June 7.—Brown walked away with the University of Vermont team on Lincoln Field this afternoon, in an interesting contest. Score:

Brown	1	4	1	4	0	4	0	0	0	—14
Vermont	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	—6

Base hits—Brown, 14; Vermont, 9. Errors—Brown, 0; Vermont, 7. Batteries—Brady and Lang; Doggett and Kinsella.

Middletown, Conn., June 7 (Special).—The annual ball game between the freshmen and sophomores was played this afternoon. Score:

'96	3	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	2	—9
'97	2	1	0	0	0	0	7	2	0	—12

Base hits—'96, 4; '97, 8. Errors—'96, 6; '97, 7. Batteries—Tirrell and Searle; Wilson and Davis.

SALE OF THE FASHION STUD FARM.

Trenton, June 7 (Special).—James R. Cuming, of the law firm of Vanderpool, Cuming & Goodwin, of New-York, has bought H. N. Smith's Fashion Stud Farm, just outside this city. The lawyer was acting for Messrs. Gould and Morosini, the principal creditors of Mr. Smith at the time of his failure in Wall Street several years ago. Smith was worth over a million and lost about two millions. His brokers, Heath & Co., who carried him for some time on a downward market, were forced to make an assignment through his failure. The assignee of Heath & Co. secured judgment against Mr. Smith in New-York and New-Jersey. Gould and Morosini bought up the judgments which amounted to about $1,000,000. In the Court of Chancery of this State Mr. Smith, as trustee for his wife's estate, resisted the attempt of the assignee to set aside the deed. Mr. Smith had made conveying the stud farm to his wife, and which was left for the benefit of the children. The court set aside the deed. At the sale the attorney of Gould and Morosini was the only bidder. Some months ago all the stock of the place was sold.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

TWENTY-EIGHT SUITS AGAINST RAILROADS.

Chicago, June 7.—On behalf of the city of Chicago, Corporation Counsel Rubens to-day filed in the Circuit Court twenty-eight suits against as many railroad companies for sums aggregating $2,082,000. The suits are for land damages, resulting from the construction of viaducts over various streets. The law department has been at work on the bills for the last month. Mayor Hopkins, after having a long conference with the Corporation Counsel, ordered the suits to be filed at once. Suits for $180,000 each are brought against the Fort Wayne road, the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and the Chicago and Alton; for $100,000 each against the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, the Chicago, St. Louis and Pittsburg and the Chicago and Northern Pacific. A second suit for $150,000 is brought against the