

NEW YORK HERALD EASTER NUMBER

will be published next SUNDAY, MARCH 22nd, and will contain PICTURES IN COLORS, PICTURES IN HALF-TONES, PICTURES IN PEN & INK; also MUSIC appropriate to the season. Written especially for the HERALD by noted COMPOSERS, NOVELTIES, SHORT STORIES, POETRY, and some of the most famous writers of Europe and America.

It will be a magazine of ART, LITERATURE, and NEWS. THE PICTURES and LETTERPRESS in this great Number will be anything that has yet been achieved by a Daily Newspaper.

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NEWS NOTES AT THE CAPITAL

ARGUMENT IN THE DEBS CASE BEGINS TO-MORROW

JAMAICA RAISING THE TARIFF ON AMERICAN PRODUCTS—SPRINGER AND KILGORE SWORN IN—AN EDITOR CONVICTED OF LIBEL. Washington, March 20.—All the counsel engaged in the Debs case have arrived in the city and will be present in the Supreme Court on Monday, when the arguments will begin. In consequence of the extreme importance of the case the Court will probably allow ample time for counsel to present their views. The petitioners will be represented by Lyman Trumbull, the venerable ex-Senator of Illinois, and Messrs. Greaves and Darrah, and will be assisted by Messrs. Spruill and Clegg. The Government will be represented by Attorney-General Olney, Assistant Attorney-General Whitney, and Edwin Walker, the special Assistant District-Attorney who prosecuted the complaint against Debs and his associates.

The Department of State today received a report from Consul Eckford at Kingston, Jamaica, inclosing a copy of the message of the Governor of the island to the Legislative Council. The Governor of the island, Sir John D'Almeida, has advised that the withdrawal of the Government of the United States from the reciprocal arrangements with this colony, entered into in 1881, and the reimposition of the duty on sugar, have caused a serious depression in the island. He has requested that the Government of the United States should be induced to reconsider the arrangement.

The President today denied applications for the pardon of Jefferson Paulding, convicted of uttering counterfeit coin in South Carolina, and sentenced in January, 1883, to six years in the Ohio Penitentiary, and George Chandler, convicted in Tennessee for breaking into the United States postoffice, and sentenced in 1884 to a year and ten days in the Kings County Penitentiary, Brooklyn, N. Y. Pardons have been granted to Frank Adams, convicted in December, 1884, to ninety days additional imprisonment, and in December, 1885, to ninety days additional imprisonment, Adams is suffering from a pulmonary complaint, and is in bad health, and has family needs his assistance.

Controller Bowler, of the Treasury, has decided to raise the salaries of the United States Indian Territory officials, and to take effect when the new officials begin to draw their salaries when the new courts are organized. The judges—Messrs. Springer and Kilgore—sentenced in 1884 to a year and ten days in the Kings County Penitentiary, Brooklyn, N. Y. Pardons have been granted to Frank Adams, convicted in December, 1884, to ninety days additional imprisonment, and in December, 1885, to ninety days additional imprisonment, Adams is suffering from a pulmonary complaint, and is in bad health, and has family needs his assistance.

DOCKERY'S REMARKABLE STATEMENT, AND SOME IMPORTANT FACTS WHICH HE OMITTED TO MENTION.

Washington, March 20 (Special).—The final number of "The Congressional Record," containing proceedings and alleged proceedings of the Lillard Congress, was issued on Thursday. It contains on its first page Congressman Dockery's remarkable statement in which he eulogizes President Cleveland's payment of the public debt under the sinking fund, and refers to the sinking fund, but omits to refer to his increase of the public debt under a Democratic tariff. He says that the bonds purchased during President Cleveland's first term amounted to \$38,718,500, while those purchased under President Harrison amounted to \$28,995,500. And there he stops. He makes no reference to what President Cleveland has done since a Democratic tariff was in force, either actual or prospective, for it is a conceded fact that a prospect of a Democratic tariff began to make its effects apparent upon the receipts of the Treasury within a short time after the election of 1892. The election of a Democratic Congress and President in November was followed by a rapid reduction in the receipts of the Treasury, which in the year following fell \$30,000,000 below those of the year just preceding that election, while those of the year in which the tariff law was actually enacted fell \$65,000,000 below those of the year prior to the election of a Democratic Congress and President. If Mr. Dockery had made his statement absolutely fair and accurate it would have stood about as follows: Cleveland's reduction of the public debt under a Republican tariff, \$28,995,500. Cleveland's increase of public debt under a Democratic tariff, \$164,247,881.

If he had carried the statement further he would have shown that Mr. Cleveland in his present term has constantly violated an apparently mandatory law with reference to the sinking fund. The act of March 2, 1882, establishing the sinking fund, which stands without modification upon the statute books, provides: That all duties on imported goods shall be paid in coin or in notes payable on demand hereof...

That all duties on imported goods shall be paid in coin or in notes payable on demand hereof authorized to be issued, and the Treasury shall be authorized to issue such notes, and the coin so paid shall be set apart as a special fund and shall be applied as follows: (1) To the payment in coin of the interest on the bonds and notes of the United States; (2) To the payment in coin of the interest on the bonds and notes of the United States to be made within each fiscal year after July 1, 1882, which is to be paid out of the sinking fund, and the interest of which shall in like manner be applied to the purchase of payment of the public debt as the Secretary of the Treasury shall from time to time direct. (3) The residue thereof shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States.

So it appears from the reading of this law that a duty of the Secretary of the Treasury is first to deduct from the customs receipts enough money to pay interest on the outstanding debt, and then to take from that fund enough to pay into the sinking fund 1 per cent of the outstanding debt and for full rate of interest upon the bonds purchased for the sinking fund, thus paying to itself interest upon the bonds which have been from time to time purchased for this sinking fund. Under this law the Government has to set apart about \$4,000,000 each year for a sinking fund.

During President Harrison's term there was set aside each month an average of \$4,000,000 a year for a sinking fund. Since the beginning of President Cleveland's present term, however, the amount of bonds purchased for the sinking fund does not amount to a single million of dollars, while, on the other hand, he has added \$28,995,500 to the public debt. The statement of the Secretary of the Treasury showing the purchase and redemption of bonds on account of the sinking fund gives the amount for 1892, next year, ending June 30, 1893, as follows: \$1,000,000.

Tonight If your liver is out of order, causing Biliousness, Sick Headache, Heartburn or Constipation, take a dose of Hood's Pills on retiring, and to-morrow your bowels will be regulated and your organs will be regulated and you will be bright, active and ready for any kind of work. This has been the experience of others. 25c. All druggists.

at less than \$250,000, and for the preceding year a little more than \$200,000. On these subjects Dockery is silent. He shows that Mr. Cleveland's additions to the sinking fund through the receipts coming from the Republican tariff were extremely large, and that the addition to the sinking fund during President Harrison's term was far more during that period than the law would have required during that period. He does not mention the additional fact that President Cleveland has deliberately ignored the law, which makes it his first duty after paying the interest on the public debt to set apart \$4,000,000 a year for the sinking fund, or that besides thus ignoring the law he has also, while the new Democratic tariff and internal revenue law in its first six months fell nearly \$30,000,000 short of the amount required to pay ordinary current expenses, aside from its failure to add anything to the sinking fund.

IMPORTANCE OF SEA POWER.

SENATOR LODGE'S SPEECH ON THE HAWAIIAN CABLE PROJECT.

WITHOUT A SUPERVENING NAVY, HE SAYS, NO NATION HAS EVER BEEN REALLY GREAT. THIS COUNTRY DOES NOT FEAR WAR, BUT SHOULD BE PREPARED FOR IT.

Washington, March 20.—In the closing hours of Congress at the inconvenient hour of 7 A. M. on Monday the debates are too late to be reported for the morning papers and too early for the afternoon papers. Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, made a notable little speech on the National influence of sea power, which has just appeared in "The Record," and, by request, is to be reprinted for circulation. The Senate was debating the conference report on the Consular and Diplomatic bill, which resulted in striking out the appropriation for the Hawaiian cable. Among other things Mr. Lodge said: The sea power has been one of the controlling forces in history. Without the sea power no nation has been really great. Sea power consists, in the first place, of a strong navy, and in the second, but in order to sustain the Navy we must have suitable posts for naval stations, strong places where our navy can be protected and refurnished. For that reason he advocated getting possession of the Hawaiian Islands, and in illustrating the lesson to be derived from the policy of Great Britain, Mr. Lodge pointed out with the aid of a great map which was brought into the Chamber that that Government had done on the American Atlantic coast. Huge Maltese crosses indicated Great Britain's six points of naval stations, the Cape of Hope, Halifax, Bermuda, Jamaica, Santa Lucia and Trinidad. When asked how long American warships could prevent the British from taking the Hawaiian Islands if this country had them, Mr. Lodge replied that he feared England so little that he thought if the flag of the United States were to be hoisted over the Sandwich Islands the nation did not now exist that would be able to call it their own. He said that the United States had this country enter on an unlimited career of acquisition of colonial possessions. But still, while it held the citadel of its greatness here in this continent within the borders of the United States, the necessary outposts should not be neglected. The stations on the Atlantic coast showed the foresight of England; no one supposed, the naval station was placed at Bermuda because England did not have enough such stations. She put it there because it was only a little more than 200 miles from New York. On the subject of a possible war with Great Britain, Mr. Lodge said: I have no idea that England desires to go to war with this country. I do not think she does, but we may as well look for it, for it is the rival and competitor of England for the trade and commerce of the world. The English people have been the great conquerors of modern times. Our own colonies sprang from her hands, and since we parted from her, her statesmen have never failed to recognize the men speaking her language and of her race as was to find her most formidable rivals. She has always opposed, thwarted and sought to injure us. She desires to keep her control of the great pathways of commerce. She desires to put us in a position where we can do without her, except at a great disadvantage.

I have said that I do not fear a war. I do not think we are in any danger from England. I am quite well aware as we are that though she might bombard a few of our coast cities, her great territory and her great resources would enable her to carry on the event of a war. But to neglect our Navy and our outlying islands which ought to belong to us and put us in the position where all the advantages are on her side and none on ours. The control of these great points in the highways of commerce is the source of the sea power. It was the power in history that enabled Rome to crush Hannibal, perhaps the greatest military genius of all time, and to bring the empire of the world to her feet. It was the power more than anything else, that crushed the power of Napoleon, and it is the power that is essential to the greatness of every great people. We are a great people, and we control this continent; we are dominant in this hemisphere; we have no great inheritance to be trifled with or partitioned. It is ours to guard and to extend. We do not want too great a rival posted too near our coasts; and there, in the one place where the hand of England is most likely to be felt, we must get away those islands in readiness for any man who looks beyond the present moment or who sees in this question anything but a mere matter of population or money.

THE NEW SWISS MINISTER RECEIVED. PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S REMARKS ON ACCEPTING HIS CREDENTIALS.

Washington, March 20.—Dr. J. R. Piola, the Swiss Minister, was formally received by the President in the Blue Room of the White House at noon today. After the Minister had presented his credentials, the usual complimentary remarks were exchanged. Secretary Gresham accompanied Dr. Piola. In reply to the assurances of Dr. Piola in presenting his credentials, President Cleveland said: Mr. Minister, the relations of this country to yours have been long and unbrokenly cordial. It is in the course of the diplomatic change the coming of a new representative will serve to mark a new stage in their friendly relations. It is from your hands the letters of credence whereby the High Swiss Federal Council designated you as our representative in this country. It is a privilege and a development of ties of friendship and interest that fortunately join the two republics. To the same laudable end I promise you the sincere cooperation of myself and my constitutional advisers. For yourself, Mr. Minister, I do not think that you will have any occasion to regret this Government and people which have followed him to the end of duty. In bearing witness to the agreeable memories they have left among us, I offer you my personal wishes, and tender through you to our Government and people the renewed assurance of the regard my countrymen feel for the Swiss Nation.

ORDNANCE TESTS AT INDIAN HEAD.

Washington, March 20.—The ordnance officers of the Navy Department today to make two trials of the new 10-inch gun, designed by Mr. John D. Hurst, of Mississippi. It was an eight-chamber, ten-inch bore. The main point of difference between it and guns of a similar calibre was that the cartridge case is divided into two parts, one inside the other, and that each part has a charge of powder. Today in the cartridge case the inner charge of powder was ten pounds and the outer 15, making a total charge of 25 pounds. The test was made at Indian Head, Md., and the results were very satisfactory. The test was made at Indian Head, Md., and the results were very satisfactory. The test was made at Indian Head, Md., and the results were very satisfactory.

GORMAN WILL TAKE A HAND.

HE YIELDS TO THE ENTREATIES OF DEMOCRATIC MANAGERS TO HELP MAKE OUT A SLATE FOR AN EARLY STATE CONVENTION. Baltimore, March 20 (Special).—Senator Gorman has changed his mind, and, yielding to the entreaties of the Democratic managers, will take a hand in the work of mapping out what promises to be the hottest campaign ever fought in Maryland. His physician has requested him to avoid all political excitement and go abroad for a long rest. He has a letter from his medical adviser, but not until he has assisted the managers in making up the slate for the State ticket. As the fight for the nomination for Governor promises to be a bitter one, it was reported that the Senator would go to Europe early in the spring to avoid becoming entangled in it, and perhaps making enemies among Democrats. The critical condition of the party consequent upon the disclosures made in the Republican investigation of municipal affairs in Baltimore, has, it is believed, caused him to change his mind and to extend a helping hand to the managers who he had at first intended to leave in the lurch.

WASH DRESS GOODS.

Counters crowded. Good reason why—variously bewildering, styles tempting and the lowest prices for ever known on equal goods. Let three stand for all. 62 pieces 27 in. printed Ducks, Stripes, Spots, Figures, of the season, at 50c. the yard. English printed Dimity, Crinkles, Crepe and solid colors, Court Royal Pipes, in Bureas, 25 in., new, light ground Brocade—all at 12 1/2c. the yard. 1 Case French Organzae, colored grounds, beautiful printings, regular 30c., now 25c. the yard. CENTRE ISLE, BROADWAY.

BROADWAY 9th & 10th Sts. FURTHAVE. HILTON, HUGHES & Co. SUCCESSORS TO A.T. STEWART & Co.

IT'S IN THE AIR that a quicker pulse is thrilling the store. But no matter what you may be told of enterprise and energy here—of newer goods and improved ways, of merchandise that charms and of prices that tempt—the facts are above anything you'll find in the Basement to the two acres of Furniture on the Fourth Floor—see if there isn't almost everywhere evidence of an upward lift.

A SILK SENSATION.

\$150.00 worth to be turned into cash at once. Only one way to do it—make the price so tempting that you must buy. See if we haven't done so. Silks at 15c. the yard. 5,000 yards 20-inch black and colored double warp French, 60 shades. Used to wholesale at 25c. the yard. On a special coupon, 4th ave. side, at 10 A. M., Monday.

Silks at 25c. the yard. 3,000 yards Wash Silks, Crepes, Satins, Merisettes, French Impres and the like. Short lengths, long lengths, fairly worth 65c., 75c. and 80c. On sale in the Rooms at 11 A. M., Monday.

Silks at 35c. the yard. 24 and 27-inch printed Japs, printed China, printed Pongee, Glace Silks and a great variety of other silks. Most you have been paying 85c. the yard for. Table full, Broadway, Centre.

Silks at 47c. the yard. Recently made, Taffeta Silks—stripes, fleures, checks. Say 7,000 yards, many of them at \$1.40.

Silks at 59c. the yard. The Taffetas that everybody wants for waists; good for dresses, too. Bought to retail at 75c. a yard. We don't know their equal at \$2. Two long counts. Broadway, Centre aisle.

Silks at 88c. the yard. 15,000 yards fancy Silks, French, Swiss, American, Taffetas and Jacquards. All new goods, expressly designed for us and meant to wholesale at \$1.25 to \$1.50. At 88c. it is giving you two yards for one. Choose from a choice. Special coupon, Broadway, Centre aisle.

Silks at \$1.20 the yard. You need not wait for a June trousseau in exclusive and Novelty Silks. That part of June is here now. Latest Parisian fancies, printed Taffetas, plaids and high art Satin Novelties, such as you expect to pay \$2, \$2.50 or \$3 for, may go at \$1.20.

Silks at \$1.35 the yard. Novelty Silks, \$1.34 and \$1.35 kind, many of them in only single dress pattern lengths. Probably the chance of a lifetime to get such goods at \$1.35. We shall fill mail orders for these silks at the prices named as long as possible; but a few hours will very likely end some of the lots.

BLACK SILKS.

As cheap accordingly as the colored silks, and under a light—the clear, soft light of the Rotunda—where you need guess at nothing. Three thoughts from a roomful. Simply suggestive of our leading weaves in fine, plain and brocaded Black Silks. AT 90c. SILKS USUALLY \$1.25. AT \$1.15 SILKS USUALLY \$1.50. AT \$1.35 SILKS USUALLY \$2.00.

If you have a Black Silk thought, this is your Black Silk opportunity. Rotunda.

FINE DRESS GOODS.

We mean that you shall know what a grandly good Dress Goods stock we have. Never mind have been or traditions; it is now and the days to come that we mean to make you think of. We intend to so choose for you and buy for you, that whenever you want fine Dress Goods, medium priced Dress Goods—any sort of dress goods above the shabby and mean—that Hillan, Hughes & Co. will come into your mind. We have been doing some startling things for Monday—making dress goods prices such as were probably never seen in New-York before. It is one of our ways of getting you to know the store better. The things we tell of will make a stir in Dress Goods circles, yet maybe no more than the ten of the extra interesting lots will get a word in the papers.

\$3.4 and 5 goods at \$1.90. All the latest weaves in Crepes, Crepons and many other English and French exclusive Novelties designed for us.

\$2.49 and \$2.75 goods at \$1.75. Gowns and French Novelties in every new design. \$1.53, 1.50 and 1.75 goods at \$1.00. English "Tailor Made" Suits in all the latest effects and styles, also "Tailor Made" Whippings.

\$1.15 and 1.25 the yard. All the new styles, popular Fancy Dress Stuff. See the goods in the names, popular mixed goods.

75, 45 and 55c. goods at 49c. Covers, suitings, silk and wool fabrics, series 47 in. French Costumes, figured checks.

50c. goods at 33c. All the latest spring styles, silk and wool Jacquards, French checks, all warranted genuine effects, pure Australian wool diagonals.

60c. goods at 41c. The new English Crepons, new "Tailor Made" suitings, 42 in. English Bureas.

Of course there are remnants, stacks of them. Scissors can't fly so fast without making them. Here are 800 lengths, 2 to 8 yards, that will go on sale at 10 c. Monday at 15c. the yard—less than quarter prices.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

They say we are selling vastly more Black Dress Goods than ever before. Of course there's a reason for it. Counters and shelves are heaped with reasons. Here are a few of them:— 20 pieces the famous R. D. Mack French Cashmere, \$1 quality, on Monday at 45c. 25 pieces Jacquard all wool Cheviots, in a range of new styles, of 60, 66 and 72 inch widths. 750 pieces new black Crepons, such as you have been going freely at 50c., \$1 and \$1.25. They go on Monday at 30c., 35c. and \$1.00.

Newest and naggiest blacks of every sort, bright with the freshest Paris thought, are heaped all around. We make a specialty of Mourning Veils. If the prices were wrong we'd be first to bear it. We bear nothing of the sort. 10th St. and 4th Av.

WASH DRESS GOODS.

Counters crowded. Good reason why—variously bewildering, styles tempting and the lowest prices for ever known on equal goods. Let three stand for all. 62 pieces 27 in. printed Ducks, Stripes, Spots, Figures, of the season, at 50c. the yard. English printed Dimity, Crinkles, Crepe and solid colors, Court Royal Pipes, in Bureas, 25 in., new, light ground Brocade—all at 12 1/2c. the yard. 1 Case French Organzae, colored grounds, beautiful printings, regular 30c., now 25c. the yard. CENTRE ISLE, BROADWAY.

BROADWAY 9th & 10th Sts. FURTHAVE. HILTON, HUGHES & Co. SUCCESSORS TO A.T. STEWART & Co.

A LACE SURPRISE. Every whit as notable an offering as the Embroideries of last Monday. Some at less than one-fifth prices, none that are not on the basis of three yards for one. It is the importer's worry.

Original Laces, 10 to 12 in. 25c. Net Laces, 10 to 12 in. 25c. Venetian Laces, 10 to 12 in. 25c. Spanglet Point, 10 to 12 in. 25c. Fecile, Cream, Ivory and Light Beurre colors. In quantities of 10 to 100 yards of a number. They may last the day out.

Lace Flowers, all silk Chantilly, Applique and Calais quality, sugar cured, exquisite hand and texture, Laces, meant to bring \$1 and upward, Monday at 25c. Special lot Normandy Valenciennes Lace, 2 to 2 1/2 inches wide, at 47c. for 12 yards; regular price, 8 to 12c. per yard.

We mean that you shall look to our lace counter hereafter. BROADWAY SIDE.

LACE COLLARS.

Fine Collars, the kind that so few merchants have and so many people want. Fine—French for string, twine, cord—but it's the color that counts; not natural, not ecru—sort of betwixt and between. Bound to be as popular as "Butter" was last season.

Here they are, the new Fecile Collars, in all the new shapes—Van Dyke point, Trilby, Sans-Gene. As the market goes, worth \$4 and \$5 each. But we want you to know this lace store of ours, therefore \$1 each to-day.

No need to tell a woman of taste how dressy these collars are. No other waist trimming needed. BROADWAY SIDE.

REAL DOTTED SWISS.

Is scarce, is it? Look at the way it has snow-drifted here. Fine cloth, well made and near to half prices. 32 in. at 25c. the yard. Worth 40c. 32 in. at 35c. the yard. Worth 60 and 70c.

For women's and children's dresses, curtains, draperies, etc. Some hundreds of pieces French Long Cloth, 36 in., soft finish, for women's underwear and children's wear. Regularly 18c., on Monday 12c. 100 pieces India Linen, beautiful finish. Regularly 18c., this lot at 10c.

Each of the above limited to one piece to a purchaser. Napoleon Check Lawn is a new thought in White Goods, crisp and exquisitely fit for women's, misses' and children's dresses. 100 pieces may go at 12 1/2c.; good value at 18c. BROADWAY.

MILLINERY.

Newer and nearer as you would have it—as we want it. See if it isn't. And dollars reach a long way there to-day. Round Hats, Turques, Turbans, jaunty, latest styles. Large, medium, small, \$7.50 to \$10 kind. Bureas, medium and small hats, fresh as June roses, 60c. instead of \$1.50.

Flowers that crowd nature—all but the perfume—are close by. Rose, 3 in. in a bunch 12 1/2c. for 50c. kind. Bureas assorted, roses, violets, etc., 25c. instead of 50c. A shower of all sorts of bonnet blossoms, at 50 and 60 pieces a bunch, 12 1/2c. for 50c. kind. BROADWAY.

GIRLS' REEFERS.

Five styles that may go at about cost of making. This season's goods, newest cloths and colors you'll see similar all around at third to half more. Double breasted Reefers, navy blue cloth, wide collar, extra large, 80c. instead of \$1.25. Double breasted Reefers, navy blue cloth, with large sailor collar, collar and sleeves trimmed with large sailor collar, 80c. instead of \$1.25.

Double breasted Reefers, navy blue cloth, neat collar and cape, extra, cape, pocket and cuff trimmed with fancy braid, at 82c. Fine all wool Ladies' Cloth Reefers, 6 buttoned collar, sailor collar and back trimmed with braid, at 84c. BROADWAY.

WITH THE LINENS.

Fill among them; stop where you please—only one story—variety and values close to your wish. Duck Towels, 22x42 in., 1600 yds. 25c. Turkish Bath Towels, brown, undyed, white and fancy, 20c. kind at 12 1/2c. Extra Large Turkish Bath Towels, 30c. kind at 25c. Better at 30c. and 40c.; the 45c. and 60c. kinds at 50c. and heavy, usual 75c. kind, at 60c. Glass Linen, 8 and 10c. the yard. Kitchen Towel Towelling, 60c. for the kind. New patterns 8-4 bleached damask Table Cloths, \$1 quality at 75c. Same, better quality, \$1 and \$1.25. Dinner Napkins to match, 42x75 and 35x75. Finger Scarfs, 1500 and silk, 40c. and squares, 85 grade, at \$2.50. 85 grade at \$1. \$1.90 grade at \$1.50. Damask Lunch and Tea Towels, cloth and one dozen, 25x40, 25x30, 25x20, 25x15 yds., are now 45c. 45c. 85 grade, now \$1.45. Dresden damask Dinner Cloths, with napkins to match, 25x40, 25x30, 25x20, at \$16, \$17.25, \$18.75 the set, were \$25, \$27, \$29.50. Linen Cloth suitings, plain and fancy, some worth 50c., now 35c. Buff linen Towel Suiting, 25c., 50c. quality. FURTHAVE.

CLOTH BOUND BOOKS, 25c.

A thousand of them—fair paper, good type, gilt tops. A hundred different titles, including some of the most famous works of fiction. BROADWAY AND 9TH ST.

EASTER CARDS.

And all the range of Novelties and Booklets that everybody wants for the glad days so near at hand. Special line of Episcopal Prayer Books and Hymnals. BROADWAY AND 9TH ST.

GROceries.

The convenience of it—the safety of it! Almost anything you wish in the Grocery line chosen for you from the markets of the world by men who know where to go and when to go for the best. And the prices are very likely below what you ever dreamed of. (GROCERIES ARE DELIVERED FREE ANYWHERE WITHIN 100 MILES OF NEW-YORK.) Measure the store by these:—

Hams and London Bacon, "Korffed" brand, finest quality, sugar cured, exquisite hand and texture, For 3 days, at 12c. the lb. Scotch Kippered Herring, best quality, plain or tomato sauce, a breakfast delicacy, to eat hot or cold. 17c. the can; \$1.90 the doz. Columbia River Salmon Steaks, best quality, one solid piece of the tenderloin of the fish. To eat hot or cold. 18c. the lb., \$1.10 the doz. Gloucester Mackerel, extra shore, No. 1, \$1.43 the 10 lb. kit.

California Egg Plants or Green Gages, whole, firm, large fruit of natural flavor, in good syrup, 14c. the can; \$1.61 the doz. California Bartlett Peas, extra quality, best that can be packed, large halves, heavy syrup, 25c. the can; \$3.36 the doz. Turkey Layer Figs, finest quality. For this week only, 25c. the 2 lb. box. Halloweek Dates, best quality, in 1 lb. boxes, 5c. Loose Mincemeat Raisins (California), large, fine fruit, cleaned and stemmed, 8c. the lb. carton. Currants, washed and cleaned ready for use, box, not barrel Currants, 5c. the lb. carton. Apple Butter, old-fashioned, finest quality, made of boiled cider and best apples, 35c. the stone jar, with cap, \$1.61 the doz. French Table Prunes, finest quality, very large, handsome fruit, packed in 2 lb. glass jar, 50c. the jar. Winter Bay Asparagus, finest quality, large, handsome, outer layer appears, full bunch in each can, 32c. the can; \$3.72 the doz. Maine Sugar Corn (Baby Corn), finest quality, the sweetest, tenderest, creamiest and most delicious corn packed, small kernels, solid pack, 15c. the can; \$1.72 the doz.; \$1.92 the case. N. Y. State String Beans, the "matrimonial" kind, very small, tender, crisp and green. Equal to the best French. 10c. can; \$2.04 the doz.; \$1 for 2 doz. case. Marrowfat Peas, N. Y. State, fine quality, exquisite flavor, sweet and meaty; cans full, 10c. the can. Tea, choice quality, mixed Oolong or English breakfast. Three Teas are of fine leaf and possess exceptional drawing qualities. The regular 90c. kind at 85c. the lb. BASEMENT FOURTH AVENUE.

FURNITURE. Two acres of samples. The light right, the stock right. For the most exacting tastes, for the modest purse. Let two items tell the story. Bedroom Suits, Antique Oak, well made, substantial, liberal sized and well finished—bed, dresser, wash stand. Three pieces, \$9.75. Think of the country home or the seaside cottage. Parlor Suits, 27 in. all, backs very richly carved and upholstered, spring seats, frames mahogany finished and highly polished—some have mahogany finish in back-covered with fine quality silk and satin damask. Sofa arm chair, parlor chair, three pieces, \$28.50. FURTH FLOOR.

UPHOLSTERY. New space for it, Third Floor. This is a sort of housewarming—a double welcome, tempting goods at most tempting prices. English Chintzes that were 30, 40, 50c. are now 18, 20, 25c. the yd. Reversible English Chintzes that were 50c. are now 20c. Printed Mottin Chintzes, 30 yds. long, \$1.25 the pair. Printed Silk Curtains, 22c. the yd., 35c. kind. French Silk Broadcloths, \$1 the yd., instead of \$1.75. Double faced Velour for Portieres, \$1.50 from \$2. Single faced Velour for Portieres, \$1.20 from \$1.75. THIRD FLOOR, FOURTH AVENUE.

BROADWAY 9th & 10th Sts. FURTHAVE. HILTON, HUGHES & Co. SUCCESSORS TO A.T. STEWART & Co.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS. Measure the stock by a random handful of sorts. Men's Shirts, white muslin bodies, with fancy colored Scotch Oxford bosoms, cuffs attached, 75c.; value, \$1.50 the pair. Men's fancy silk striped Scotch flannel Pyjamas, light weight, \$2.25; were \$4.50 to \$6. Men's Spring Neckwear, four-in-hands, tecks and hand bows, all at 25c.; made to sell at 50c. Same shapes as above, made of the finest and newest imported weaves, 50c. Men's silk striped Suspender, 45c. the pair; round elastic cord ends and patent cast-offs. Men's fancy trimmed Night Shirts, full length, extra heavy muslin, 48c. each. Men's Golfing and Cycling Hose, assorted mixtures, \$1.50 the pair. Men's fast black and navy blue cotton Half Hose, embroidered fronts, neat designs, 3 pairs for \$1; were 50c. the pair. BROADWAY AND NINTH STREET.

HOSIERY—UNDERVESTS

For women. Listen to the goods. Women's pure black silk Hose, \$1.50 the pair; were \$2. Women's colored silk Hose, plain and ribbed, 3 pair for \$1; were \$2. Women's black cotton opera Hose, 3 pair for \$1; were 75c. the pair. Women's black ribbed slide thread Hose, 25c. the pair; were 40c. Women's fancy cotton Hose, black boots, colored tops, 3 pair for 50c.; were 35c. the pair. Women's Herzkopf dye black cotton Hose, high spliced heels and toes, guaranteed stainless, 3 pair for \$1; were 50c. the pair. Children's fine cotton Hose, black and assorted tan shades, 2 pair for 25c.; were 25c. the pair. Wagner's Swiss ribbed 1 1/2 thread Vests, 15c. each; were 20c. Men's fast black and navy blue Equestrian Tights, black and cream, 10c. each; were 75c. and \$1. BROADWAY.

IN THE SHOE STORE

They were made as a \$2.50 staple, these women's Oxford Ties, vicid aid, new pointed toes, patent leather trimmings, turned soles, stylish and serviceable, but we say \$1.60 the pair. Overgarters at 48c. the pair that we warrant to give good service. All the novelties and standards in footwear. TENTH STREET.

LORRAINE STRIPED FLANNELS.

32 in. Beautiful color blends. For women's outing suits, house gowns, children's dresses. No, not 40c.; they're 19c. 7 piece 4-4 white Flannel; embroidered in blue, pink, black and white, at 50c. instead of 75c. NEAR CENTRE.