Cashmere Bouquet

TOILET SOAP and PERFUME.

FINANCE BY DEMOCRACY.

A FISCAL YEAR MARKED BY DEFICIT AND DEBT-INCREASE.

THE BONDED DEBT INCREASED $131,000,000 AND THE TREASURY LOST $140,000,000 OF GOLD

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, July 1.—The net results of another year's operation of the "tariff for deficit" and of the borrowing and discrediting capacity of the present Democratic Administration are shown by the monthly statements put out by the Treasury Department to-day. Epitomized they are: A deficit or excess of expenditures over receipts of $26,000,000; an increase of $131,000,000 in the bonded indebtedness of the country; a net increase of about $54,000,000 in the National debt, and a loss of $140,000,000 Treasury gold during the fiscal year which closed yesterday.

On July 1, 1893, soon after the advent of the present Administration, the bonded indebtedness of the Government aggregated in round numbers $585,000,000; on July 1, 1895, it had reached $716,000,000. To-day it amounts to $847,363,890, making an average annual increase of $131,000,000 in the bonded indebtedness, or $262,000,000 more to-day than at the beginning of President Cleveland's second term in office.

The total debt to-day, less $267,432,096 net cash balance in the Treasury, is $955,297,254, or $53,624,287 more than on July 1 a year ago, and $116,327,779 more than on July 1, 1893. Of the debt as it stands to-day, $847,000,000 is bonded indebtedness, made up in round numbers of $722,000,000 4 per cent, $100,000,000 5 per cent and $25,000,000 2 per cent bonds.

Treasury gold assets to-day aggregate $144,517,793, against which there is outstanding $42,818,189 in gold certificates, leaving a gold reserve of $101,699,604, or $6,645,629 less than it was a month ago. A year ago, or on July 1, 1895, the Treasury gold reserve stood at $107,512,362, and since that date funding operations have netted the Treasury, or should have netted it, about $136,000,000 in gold; and, had none been lost, the Treasury to-day would have a gold reserve of $243,000,000, or about $142,000,000 more than it really holds.

Silver assets to-day aggregate $559,224,627, against which there are outstanding $342,619,504 in silver certificates and $129,683,280 in silver Treasury notes, leaving a silver reserve of $86,921,843, or about $8,000,000 more than a month ago. One year ago the silver reserve amounted to $76,628,290.

The Treasury to-day holds $121,379,658 in United States notes, against which there are outstanding $31,990,000 in currency certificates, leaving a greenback reserve of $89,389,658, or about $2,500,000 more than on June 1 a month ago. One year ago the Treasury held about $82,000,000 United States notes, but with a greenback reserve of only $26,166,650.

Government receipts last month aggregated $27,794,219, or nearly three millions more than in the preceding month of May. Customs receipts were nearly half a million more than in May, and internal revenue receipts about two millions greater than in May. By deferring payments a surplus or excess of receipts over expenditures of $2,349,430 is shown for the month. Receipts from all sources for the fiscal year amounted to $326,189,226, which is about $20,000,000 less than Secretary Carlisle's estimate, while expenditures for the year were $352,231,470, leaving a deficit of $26,042,244, or about $10,000,000 more than the Secretary's estimate. By "holding up" the $5,000,000 sugar bounty, and going slow with public buildings, and by pinching and pruning, probably $10,000,000 or $12,000,000 appropriated to meet proper claims and to prosecute public works have been retained in the Treasury, so as to keep the deficit down somewhere near Department estimates.

Customs duties during the year just ended brought in $160,524,351, or about seven and three-quarters millions more than during the preceding year. Sugar duties last year helped out amazingly in revenue, and at least twelve millions of this comparative increase in customs duties came from this source. While the importation of raw sugars last year did not reach normal, or what it was in 1892, still the higher price of the raw commodity latterly has brought in a revenue of perhaps $30,000,000, or fully $12,000,000 more than during the preceding year.

Internal revenue receipts for the year were $146,508,264, or three millions more than during the preceding year. The whiskey tax yielded about $78,000,000, or several millions less than during the preceding year, while the revenues from taxes on fermented liquors and tobacco were about the same as in the preceding year.

ONLY A FAIR FIGHT WANTED.

WARNER MILLER RECEIVES MANY ENCOURAGING LETTERS FROM REPUBLICANS.

Ex-Senator Miller was greatly pleased yesterday with the popular response to the address to the Republican voters of the State by prominent members of the McKinley State League. Mr. Miller was himself the author of the address as it appeared on the first page of The Tribune yesterday. The ex-Senator's desk yesterday was covered with letters and telegrams he had received from all parts of the city and State, urging him to go ahead with the fight for honest politics and the election of Anti-Machine delegates to the State Convention, and assuring him that the people are behind him.

"We could have had as many thousands of signatures to the address as we had hundreds," said Mr. Miller, "if we had waited for them. But we did not think it necessary. Many good Republicans telegraphed from all parts of the State desiring to sign. We had not the time to circulate the paper, so that thousands who would append their names did not have the opportunity. The people all over the State are in sympathy with this movement and indorse the sentiment in favor of fair primaries.

"All we ask is a full, fair and free expression of opinion. That having been given, all Republicans should abide the result. I have no thought of bolting, and I assume that the Republicans who call themselves regular will accept the issue in the same spirit. If the so-called regulars win after a fair fight, we shall turn in and give the ticket loyal support. If we win we shall expect the loyal support of the regulars."

Mr. Miller was asked if he feared that a fight within the party lines at the present time would affect the chances of the National ticket in this State, and he replied:

"Why, this movement will help the National ticket. It will draw into active politics many men who have been taking very little interest in party affairs. This is a movement within the party. It is a revolt against the methods of men who have arrogated to themselves the management of the affairs of the party. What we want is to give Republicans a chance to say just what the policy of the party shall be, and who shall be its candidates."

A NEW COLORED REPUBLICAN CLUB.

A colored Republican club was formed at Bedell's Hall, One-hundred-and-seventy-fifth-st. and Third-ave., on Tuesday evening. Nearly one hundred persons were present. They organized by calling the club the Independent Colored Republican Club of the XXVth Assembly District. A. W. White was elected president, and W. E. Thomas accepted the secretaryship. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the nominations of McKinley and Hobart, and pledging them hearty support.

A USEFUL POLITICAL PUBLICATION.

"The Bradhurst Journal," published in the interest of the Bradhurst Republican Club, is worthy of imitation. The Bradhurst Republican Club is composed of the leading Republicans in the XXIIId Assembly District, and State Senator John Ford and County Committeeman T. C. Campbell are among the contributors to "The Bradhurst Journal." In the June number of the publication is a list of the election district organizations in the XXIIId Assembly District, giving the name of each election district chairman, his address, the regular night of meeting and the place for each meeting.

A MEAN FOURTH OF JULY TRICK.
The Donkey—And the worst of it is, I don't dare kick!

BARNES IS FRIGHTENED.

A SCHEME TO HOLD SNAP CAUCUSES IN ALBANY COUNTY DISCOVERED.

Albany, July 1 (Special).—The anti-Platt leaders in this county have recently become cognizant of an ingeniously conceived scheme on the part of Ross Barnes, whose object is to hold snap caucuses for delegates to the State Convention. It is now understood that Mr. Platt has determined to hold the State Convention on August 25, a month earlier than usual. Following the example of his master, Barnes has determined to hold the local primaries about the middle of July. For several days agents of the machine have been casting about in an endeavor to secure places for the primaries in each district. It was this that aroused the suspicions of the "antis" and led to the discovery of the early primary move.

Since the St. Louis Convention the McKinley League has been active in extending its organization and has won many recruits. It is the League's intention to organize an association in every ward in the city, and preparations are being pushed as rapidly as possible to that end. By calling the primaries within two weeks Barnes hopes to select his delegates before the opposition has attained dangerous proportions.

His scheme will meet with determined opposition. Mr. Montignani said to-night that he had heard of the plan, and the anti-Barnes forces would certainly protest and resist with every possible effort its consummation.

"In the first place," he said, "we demanded an enrolment and it was refused. The constitution of the local Republican organization requires an enrolment in November and one in May. The most important enrolment, of course, is in May, just after the changes of residence. This year it is of especial importance because of the Presidential campaign. Many business men who do not care about the primaries in local contests are interested in the Presidential election, and would like to take an active part in the primaries. Under the enrolment of last November they would be debarred.

"Mr. Barnes succeeded in carrying the primaries under the November enrolment. He evidently does not dare to risk a new enrolment and, therefore, has disregarded and violated the provisions of the constitution of his own organization. Another thing—West Troy will become the city of Watervliet in August, with nine wards, and must necessarily be redistricted. A new enrolment, therefore, becomes absolutely necessary there to make the primaries legal."

CAPTAIN JACK, "THE POET SCOUT."

HE OWNS MINES HIMSELF, BUT SAYS HE CAN'T FIND ANY SILVERITE WHO CAN MAKE SIXTEEN OUNCES OF WHITE METAL WORTH AS MUCH AS ONE OF GOLD.

Captain Jack Crawford, "The Poet Scout," arrived in this city from Canton yesterday. He went there to see Major McKinley as a member of the Notification Committee which officially informed the next President of his nomination last Monday. The Captain expects to take an active part in the coming campaign for McKinley and Hobart in this part of the country.

Although Captain Crawford has large silver interests in New-Mexico and elsewhere, he is a devoted supporter of McKinley on a sound-money platform. He said yesterday that McKinley would be elected by the votes of the men of the great West who believe in silver and in McKinley and McKinleyism. "Not one-half of the silver men today believe in the 16 to 1 ratio," said the Captain. "I have failed to find one silver man who can make sixteen ounces of silver worth as much as one ounce of gold. Fix the ratio where it belongs, or put a duty on silver. It is an American product, and in so doing some of America's most deserving workingmen will be protected. Put a high protective tariff on the white metal and the world won't make a dumping-ground of America and there will be less chance for steals and gambling."

Captain Crawford goes back to New-Mexico in a few days to look after his interests there, but he says he will be back in September to take a hand in the campaign in the East. He has been chosen the poet for the next annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, at Burlington, Vt., September 9 and 10.

SENATOR QUAY DOES NOT KNOW OF IT.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 1.—Senator Quay, who arrived at Brigantine Beach Saturday, to enjoy the fishing, denies any knowledge of the movement to make him chairman of the National Executive Committee.

SURE OF A GREAT MAJORITY IN IOWA.

Washington, July 1 (Special).—"I live in the Congress district represented by Colonel D. B. Henderson," said B. P. Birdsall, of Iowa, at Willard's Hotel to-day. "It is heavily Republican, and the Democratic ticket will stand no chance in that section. I don't see any ground for confidence on the part of the Democrats so far as Iowa is concerned. Even if they nominate "Uncle" Horace Boies, McKinley will sweep the State, and I don't believe his majority will be less than 80,000. In my community I have not heard of a Republican who will desert his party on account of the gold plank in the platform. The people are for McKinley, because they look upon protection as the correct principle, and they believe that by putting him in the Presidential chair we shall have a revival of the good times of five or six years ago.

SILVER REPUBLICANS ORGANIZE.

Tacoma, Wash., July 1.—A new political party was organized last night immediately after the adjournment of the Bimetallic League of this State. The new organization is to be called the Free-Coinage Republican party. It is composed of Republicans who favor the free coinage of silver. About one hundred Republicans, representing twelve counties, assisted in the organization, of which Attorney-General W. C. Jones, of Spokane, was elected permanent chairman. A State Central Committee of one member from each county will be named. A committee of five was appointed to select seventeen delegates to the Bimetallic Convention at St. Louis on July 22. The delegates will go instructed to use all honorable means to combine the silver forces.

THE PLATT-LAUTERBACH GAME.

CHARGES TRUMPED UP AGAINST ANTI-MACHINE MEN IN ORDER TO FACILITATE THE SENDING OF THEIR OWN MINIONS TO THE CONVENTION.

The Platt-Lauterbach Committee on Organization held a meeting last evening at the Republican County headquarters, No. 113 West Thirty-eighth-st., and considered a quantity of "fake" complaints against the Anti-Machine leaders of the XVIIIth, XXIXth and XXXth Assembly districts. The complaints were found to be of so flimsy a character that the committee, which includes such shining lights as National Committeeman F. S. Gibbs, Abraham Gruber and Amasa Thornton, decided that more affidavits were needed and that specific charges must be made and served upon the accused persons.

The Lauterbach faction is intent on making trouble in the districts led by General C. H. T. Collis, William Henkel, John Simpson, John C. Graham and others, for the reason, it is said, that these well-known Republicans were among those who declared for McKinley's nomination and proclaimed their preference for the candidate of the people. Trumped-up accusations are filed that proper notice was not given of election district meetings in some cases, and in others that a sufficient number of meetings were not held by election district associations. The machine promoters of these charges are not particular as to the ground of the complaints so that they can bring something on which the Committee on Organization may be willing to act and order that the Anti-Machine districts be "reorganized." Platt-Lauterbach workers would then be put in charge of the "reorganization" and the districts delivered over to the machine.

This is simply part of a game to send machine delegates to the Republican State Convention from Assembly districts that would naturally elect representatives who believe in the movement of Warner Miller and his associates for placing the Republican organization in this State in accord with the Republicans of the Nation. Another attempt to "reorganize" a number of Anti-Machine election districts will be made at the next meeting of the Organization Committee.

KANSAS IS IN LINE.

THE ST. LOUIS PLATFORM HEARTILY INDORSED BY THE REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Topeka, Kan., July 1 (Special).—The Republican State League held its ninth annual meeting to-day. There were over five hundred delegates present, all elected since the National Convention at St. Louis. The manner in which the National platform was received settles the question beyond all doubt as to the position the Republicans of Kansas have assumed. The St. Louis platform was indorsed amid great cheering. The feeling is favorable to an aggressive campaign and there is a firm belief that Kansas will cast its electoral vote for McKinley.

E. H. Madison was elected president, and Oscar Swayze, of Topeka, secretary. Delegates to the National League Convention at Milwaukee were elected, among them being Senator Lucien Baker, Congressman Calderhead, W. H. Reeder and J. Ware Butterfield. Congressman Grosvenor, of Ohio, was the principal speaker of the occasion.

GOVERNOR CLOUGH RENOMINATED

CANDIDATES AND PLATFORM OF THE MINNESOTA REPUBLICANS.

St. Paul, July 1.—The Minnesota Republican State Convention to-day adopted a platform emphatically indorsing that of the St. Louis Convention, and also declaring for good roads and the taxation of unused railroad lands.

The following ticket was nominated: For Governor, David M. Clough; for Lieutenant-Governor, John L. Gibbs; for Secretary of State, Albert Berg; for Treasurer, Andrew T. Koerner; for Attorney-General, Henry W. Childs.

The only contest of the day was over the Attorney-Generalship, for which there were five candidates. Childs won on the second ballot.

CROKER COMING BACK.

EXPECTED TO ARRIVE THIS MONTH TO TAKE CHARGE OF TAMMANY'S CAMPAIGN.

Richard Croker is coming back to New-York in time to assume practical charge of the Tammany campaign this year. Wigwam leaders posted as to Mr. Croker's movements said yesterday that he would sail from England so as to reach New-York before the end of this month.

ARKANSAS REPUBLICANS MEET.

H. L. REMMEL NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR AND ELECTED PRESIDENT OF THE STATE LEAGUE OF CLUBS.

Little Rock, Ark., July 1.—The Republican State Convention met here to-day with a full representation from every county in the State. W. G. Whipple, of this city, was made permanent chairman. General Powell Clayton, immediately after organization, placed H. L. Remmel, of Newport, in nomination for Governor, and he was chosen by acclamation. Mr. Remmel, who had just returned from Canton, where he took part in the notification ceremonies, appeared before the convention and accepted the nomination. A. H. A. Reynolds, of Madison County, was nominated for Secretary of State, and J. F. Mays, of Fayetteville, for Auditor.

The State Convention of Republican League Clubs met at Glenwood Park, in this city, yesterday afternoon. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President, H. L. Remmel, of Newport; secretary, S. B. Redling, of Little Rock; treasurer, M. Kirst, of Little Rock.

PROGRESS CLUB INDORSES M'KINLEY.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Progress Republican Club of the XXXVth Assembly District, on Monday night:

Resolved, That the Progress Republican Club ratify the platform of the Republican party adopted in Convention at St. Louis; that in the nominations of William McKinley, of Ohio, for President, and Garret Hobart, of New-Jersey, for Vice-President, we recognize the champions of protection and industry; and that we, the members of the club, pledge ourselves to make a personal canvass of our districts in favor of the nominees and do all in our power for the success of the ticket nominated at St. Louis.

RATIFICATION IN THE XXIID.

M'KINLEY AND HOBART INDORSED—SPEECHES BY MONTAGUE LESSLER AND A. H. STEELE.

The McKinley Club of the XXIId District held a ratification meeting last night for the purpose of indorsing the nominations of McKinley and Hobart.

The meeting was held at the clubhouse, No. 215 East Forty-fifth-st., and was attended by a packed audience. H. W. Roseborn presided and introduced as the first speaker Montague Lessler. The latter's address was exclusively confined to reminiscences of the St. Louis Convention, which he attended. In well-chosen language he gave a vivid and graphic description of the scene at the Convention when McKinley was nominated, and of the home life and domestic surroundings of the nominee of the Republican party.

To A. H. Steele, who spoke next, a cordial reception was accorded. Protection was the theme of his address, and this subject, he contended with emphasis, was the paramount issue before the American people. The silver question he characterized as of vastly inferior importance to that of a protective tariff. To the Democratic Administration and to the Wilson bill, he pointed out, were due the disasters, the disgrace and the distress of the last four years, and by the quotation of statistics he demonstrated the necessity and value of conserving by means of protective laws American labor and prosperity.

A resolution indorsing the nomination of McKinley and Hobart, the platform adopted at St. Louis, and of promising support to Warner Miller "in his efforts to secure honest primaries and fair enrolments," was carried with acclamation.

Letters of regret were read from General Anson G. McCook, William Brookfield and Benjamin Oppenheimer, and the meeting was also addressed by other speakers.

ORGANIZING FOR WORK IN MICHIGAN.

Detroit, Mich., July 1.—The new Republican State Central Committee held its first meeting here today. Charles Wright was re-elected treasurer of the committee and D. A. Alward secretary. The date for holding the State Convention was fixed for August 5, and Grand Rapids captured it. Victor M. Gore, of Benton Harbor, will be the temporary chairman.

PHASES OF THE CAMPAIGN.

The Theodore F. Ruhle Republican Club of the VIIIth Assembly District will have a meeting at the clubrooms, No. 97 Forsyth-st., on Friday evening. The meeting would have taken place last night, but it was postponed on account of the indisposition of Mr. Ruhle. The club will have an outing on July 19 at Brown's Elm Park, Staten Island, and it is expected that there will be a large attendance. The officers of the club are: W. H. Van Norden, president; A. F. Gugel, first vice-president; Louis Harris, second vice-president; D. J. Fogarty, financial secretary; Thomas Boylan, recording secretary; Edward J. Fries, treasurer; John J. Purcell, sergeant-at-arms; Samuel Hutton, assistant sergeant-at-arms. The committee having charge of the outing is composed of the following members: John Sherry, George Murray, John McCann, sr., J. Thomas Paine and James McNulty.

Republicans of Fordham and other parts of the XXXVth Assembly District will have a mass-meeting at Republican Hall, Fordham Square, this evening to ratify the nomination of McKinley and Hobart. Prominent speakers will be at the meeting, and there will be fireworks and music.

The Republican organization of the Twenty-fifth Election District of the XIVth Assembly District had a meeting at No. 188 Avenue B on Tuesday night, and ratified the nomination of McKinley and Hobart.

The Colored Republican County Organization will hold a ratification meeting to-morrow evening at the clubrooms of "The Sons of New-York." Resolutions will be passed pledging the support of the organization to the ticket nominated at St. Louis. The following are expected to address the meeting: Bishop Derrick, Charles W. Anderson, Caleb A. Sims, W. B. Davis, Rush F. Sims, Judge Black and Pierre Barguett.

The East Side Colored Republican Club held a rousing meeting at No. 168 East Ninety-eighth-st. last evening to ratify the nominations of McKinley and Hobart. James E. Lee presided. Speeches were made by Samuel C. Slaim, Otto Irving Wise, Joseph Handby, Henry Denis and others. More than 200 people were present. This club is one of the largest colored Republican clubs in the city.

NOMINATIONS FOR CONGRESS.

San Francisco, July 1.—Congressman J. A. Barham, of Santa Rosa, was renominated yesterday by the Republicans of the 1st Congress District.

Hutchinson, Minn., July 1.—The Republicans of the IIId District yesterday renominated Congressman Joel P. Heatwole by acclamation.

Albert Lea, Minn., July 1.—The Republicans of the 1st District yesterday renominated Congressman J. A. Tawney by acclamation.

Manhattan, Kan., July 1.—The VIth Congress District Republican Convention yesterday renominated William A. Calderhead by acclamation.

Mankato, Minn., July 1.—Congressman J. T. McCleary was renominated by the IId District Republicans by acclamation yesterday.

Carlisle, Ill., July 1.—The Democrats of the XXIst Congress District at Duquoin yesterday nominated Thomas E. Ford, of this city, for Congress by acclamation.

Casey, Ill., July 1.—The Democratic Convention of the XIXth Congress District met in this city yesterday. A. J. Hunter, of Paris, was nominated.

Navasota, Tex., July 1.—The Democrats of the 1st Congress District yesterday nominated Thomas H. Hall for Congress.

(Save this Card.)

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THE TREASURY'S FIGURES.

SOME CURIOUS DISCREPANCIES IN TABLES FOR THE SAME MONTH.

THE MONTHLY FIGURES OF THE JUNE RECEIPTS FAVOR THE TREASURY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, July 1.—A careful examination of the "Treasury comparative statement of receipts and expenditures of the United States" for the month ending June 30, 1896, June 30, 1895, and the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, and June 30, 1895, respectively, discloses some curious and interesting facts when it, in turn, is compared with the Treasury "statement of the condition of the United States Treasury and the receipts and expenditures of the Government on June 30, 1896." The former is a monthly statement and the latter a daily statement, except that the latter is not issued on the first day of the fiscal year, the receipts and expenditures of that day being carried into the June monthly statement. On the first business day of every other month of the year the daily statement is issued.

The following table shows the receipts and expenditures of the month of June, 1896, according to the monthly statement and the daily statement of June 30, respectively:

RECEIPTS.	Monthly statement.	Daily statement.
Customs	$11,351,803	$10,832,109
Internal revenue	13,352,717	12,751,167
Miscellaneous	3,089,698	1,609,257
Totals	$27,794,218	$25,221,533
EXPENDITURES.		
Totals	$25,444,789	$25,030,000

According to the former statement the excess of receipts over expenditures for the month of June amounted to about $2,350,000, and according to the daily statement for the same month it amounted to about $191,000. It will be observed that the increase in the item of miscellaneous receipts amounted to nearly $1,500,000, or only a little less than $120,000 less than the total amount reported in yesterday's daily statement. The increase in customs amounted to about $400,000 and in internal revenue receipts to about 600,000. The difference between the two statements on account of expenditures was only about $415,000.

Both the statements are "official" and both purport to give the receipts and expenditures for the same month. The monthly statement makes a showing more favorable to the Treasury by more than $2,000,000 than the latter does, and reduces the deficit for the fiscal year from about $26,000,000 to about $20,000,000.

According to the monthly statement the receipts and expenditures of the fiscal years 1896 and 1895 respectively were as follows:

RECEIPTS.	1896.	1895.
Customs	$160,524,351	$152,158,617
Internal revenue	146,508,264	143,421,672
Miscellaneous	19,146,610	17,809,785
Totals	$326,189,225	$313,390,074
EXPENDITURES.		
Totals	$352,231,470	$356,195,298

According to this statement the deficit for the fiscal year amounted to a little more than $26,000,000, which was $9,000,000 more than the estimate of the Secretary of the Treasury.

A comparison of Secretary Carlisle's estimates with the actual receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year which ended yesterday is as follows:

RECEIPTS.	Estimate.	Actual.
Customs	$172,000,000	$160,524,351
Internal revenue	175,000,000	146,508,264
Miscellaneous	18,000,000	19,146,610
Totals	$345,000,000	$326,189,225
EXPENDITURES.		
Totals	$362,000,000	$352,231,470

The decrease in revenue from customs in the last half of the fiscal year, as compared with the corresponding period of 1895, amounted to $4,960,000, and the total for the former period was about $26,000,000 less than for the corresponding period of 1893, which ended before the actual assault upon the Tariff law of 1890 was begun by Professor Wilson and his colleagues. In the last six months of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, the receipts from customs amounted to $103,511,000; in the last six months of 1895 to $82,884,000, and in the last six months of 1894 to $77,724,000. The customs receipts for the month of June, 1896, amounted to $11,351,803, as compared with $12,130,443 in June, 1895, and $14,864,390 in 1893.

NAVY YARD WORK TO BEGIN AGAIN.

Washington, July 1.—Work in nearly all the navy yards, which has been partly suspended owing to lack of funds, will begin at once under the various appropriation bills which go into effect to-day. The Navy Yard at Mare Island, Cal., will get a large share of the work, and matters there will be busy for some time. Repairs and changes will be made there in the Bennington, the Thetis, the Petrel, the Baltimore, the Concord, the Ranger, the Mohican and the Hartford. At Norfolk the Texas will get needed repairs. The Naval Ordnance Bureau will also have considerable work under the appropriations available for about 100 guns for secondary batteries.

BANK NOTES AND MINT FIGURES.

Washington, July 1.—The National bank circulation outstanding July 1 aggregated $225,912,960, an increase during June of $712,612, and since June 30, 1895, of $14,312,262. The circulation based on United States bonds aggregated $211,625,640.

Coinage executed at United States mints during June aggregated 12,780,619 pieces of the value of $4,623,929, as follows: Gold, 140,982 pieces, of the value of $2,471,217; silver, 3,143,423 pieces, of the value of $1,950,692; minor coin, 9,496,210 pieces of the value of $202,019. Of the silver coined, $1,500,000 was in standard silver dollars on which the seigniorage was about $400,000. It is understood that the coinage of standard silver dollars will soon be increased to $3,000,000 a month.

During the fiscal year ended yesterday, 3,584,760 gold pieces, valued at $38,878,490; 20,424,529 silver pieces, valued at $11,440,641, and 54,321,484 minor coins, valued at $869,337, were executed at the mints of the United States. The total coinage for the year was 78,330,773 pieces, valued at $71,188,468. A statement of the coinage for the first six months of the current calendar year shows a coinage of 1,207,419 gold pieces, valued at $22,523,572; a coinage of 12,240,551 silver pieces, valued at $8,856,713, and 27,447,784 minor coins, valued at $446,086. The total coinage of silver dollars for the period was $7,500,412.

MOVEMENTS OF NAVAL VESSELS.

Washington, July 1.—Movements of naval vessels have been reported to the Navy Department as follows: The dispatch-boat Dolphin arrived at Greenpoint, Long Island, this morning; the cruiser Raleigh reached New-Orleans yesterday; the transport Fern arrived at New-York yesterday, and the Alliance arrived at Newport to-day.

WEST POINT CADETS-AT-LARGE NAMED.

Washington, July 1.—The President has appointed the following cadets-at-large to West Point to enter the class beginning June, 1897: Henry E. Mitchell, son of the late William G. Mitchell, U. S. A., who died in active service; alternate, Frederick Mears, son of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Mears, 4th United States Infantry, who died in active service; Richard P. Williams, son of Major Charles W. Williams, U. S. A.; alternate, William P. Ennis, son of Captain William Ennis, 4th Artillery; and to fill the vacancy in the cadetship for the District of Columbia, Joseph F. Barnes, grandson of the late General Joseph K. Barnes, U. S. A.; alternate, William L. English, son of the late Lieutenant W. L. English, 7th Infantry, who died of wounds received in action with the Nez Perces Indians.

THE PACIFIC SQUADRON'S EVOLUTIONS.

Washington, July 1.—Evolutions similar to those in which Admiral Bunce's North American Squadron will engage this summer will be conducted by the Pacific Squadron under Admiral Beardslee. The Pacific Squadron is much smaller than the North Atlantic in the number of warships available for such practice, and these will be kept together as long as possible. For that reason no special assignments of Admiral Beardslee's vessels for attendance at public or private celebrations or other ceremonies will be made, and Secretary Herbert will be obliged to refuse all requests to that end.

THE PORTE ENTERS A DENIAL.

Washington, July 1.—The Turkish Legation received from the Sublime Porte, the following telegram under yesterday's date:

The news published lately about the so-called cruelties of the Mussulmans and Imperial troops in Crete are absolutely false. The truth is, on the contrary, that the Christians themselves burned the houses and olive trees of the Mussulmans, and committed sacrilegious acts in the mosques. The Mussulmans burned in return, and from a spirit of vengeance, a few Christian houses. But the Imperial troops are doing their best to protect all property without distinction.

NAVAL OFFICERS GOING TO THE THEATRE.

The performance of the Steindorff & Ebert Opera Company in "Olivette" at the Herald Square Theatre will be witnessed to-morrow night by a notable theatre party. It will consist of Admiral Bunce, commander of the North Atlantic Squadron, and officers of the New-York, Indiana, Montgomery, Terror, Newark, Katahdin, Cincinnati and Columbia. A new song entitled "Miss Liberty" will be sung in honor of the occasion. The words are by Walter Brown and the music by J. Leslie.

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READY TO PAY BOUNTY CLAIMS

HELD UP BY THE TREASURY TO KEEP FROM SWELLING THE DEFICIT.

THE NEW FISCAL YEAR LAPS OVER INTO THE NEXT REPUBLICAN ADMINISTRATION, SO PAYMENTS HAVE BEGUN.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, July 1.—The Treasury Department to-day entered upon the last act in the series of contemptible subterfuges by which it has kept in the Treasury between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000 a year and a half after it was appropriated by Congress. This being the last year of its control of the Treasury Department, the Democratic Administration can now afford to be generous with the money. It will be out of power before the end of the fiscal year entered upon to-day is reached, and therefore will feel no disgrace from deficiencies which may be announced at the end of the year which began to-day. So it can afford to pile up the expenditures which it has kept down in the last two fiscal years by refusing to pay out money which it was ordered by Congress to pay.

This being the case, it to-day began certifying to the Auditor of the Treasury the sugar bounty claims for payment. It is about a year and a half since this payment was ordered by Congress, but as the deficiency under the new Tariff law was running heavy, Controller Bowler was required to bear that much of the burden, and his "famous" decision was rendered refusing to pay the claims until the Supreme Court should act upon them. This "stood them off" nearly a year. Meantime, however, the deficiency continued at a galloping rate, and although the Supreme Court ordered the money to be paid, it was important to keep it in the Treasury until after the end of the fiscal year, so that the showing should not be any worse than absolutely necessary. So, although the decision of the court was rendered nearly two months ago, the Treasury officials have, upon the petty pretence that they must have time to scale down the claims, held back the money until the fiscal year is ended and the one which is to lap over into the next Republican Administration is begun.

Now, on the very first day of the new fiscal year it announces its readiness to begin the payment of these claims, which have been lying in the Treasury for more than a year, and for which the money has been appropriated much more than a year. Having kept this payment from swelling the deficit of one fiscal year by refusing to obey an act of Congress, and having kept it out of the deficit of another fiscal year by a petty plea of adjusting the appropriation to the claims, which should have been considered eighteen months ago, it is now able to put into the deficit of the fiscal year which will not end until after the Administration is out of office this $5,500,000.

CONDITION OF ADMIRAL CLITZ.

Dr. E. F. Bullock, who is attending Rear-Admiral J. M. B. Clitz at the latter's home, No. 170 West Eighty-fifth-st., said last night that the Admiral's condition was not much improved. He added that the Admiral was not in immediate danger, however, and might live for years.

If you feel "All Played Out" Take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. "It repairs broken nerve force, clears the brain and strengthens the stomach."