HANNA GOES TO CLEVELAND

MAJOR M'KINLEY, IT IS SAID, WILL MEET HIM THERE TO-DAY.

SENATOR QUAY NOW IN CHARGE OF HEADQUARTERS—REPUBLICAN MANAGERS JUBILANT OVER THE VERMONT VICTORY AND LOOKING TO MAINE.

After another conference with the Republican Executive Committee, at which Senator Quay was again present, Chairman Hanna yesterday afternoon left the National headquarters and went to the Waldorf. Early in the evening he started for the Pennsylvania Railroad station to take the 6 o'clock train for the West. Mr. Hanna was not accompanied by any one. He said he intended to go to Cleveland, and would proceed from there to Chicago to-morrow. It was reported that Major McKinley would be at Cleveland to-day to meet Mr. Hanna. The chairman of the Republican National Committee originally expected to make this Western trip several days ago, but the rush of business at the New-York headquarters and the installation of Senator Quay there delayed him. He said last evening that he would probably be at the Chicago headquarters for the next two weeks.

The second meeting of the Executive Committee, held before Mr. Hanna's departure, was held for the purpose of arranging such details in connection with the work to be done by Mr. Quay as were not disposed of at the meeting on Tuesday. It was understood that the Senator would be at headquarters for at least ten days to come. He will enter at once upon his duties.

The principal topic of conversation at headquarters yesterday was the Republican sweep in Vermont. The unprecedented majority was talked about by every one, and commented on as a magnificent showing of what the people in other States will do in November. As one caller put it, in referring to another election soon to be held in New England: "Vermont has done gloriously. Now for Maine."

INTERESTING NEWS FROM TROY.

Among the callers at headquarters was Jonas M. Barnet, of Troy, the secretary and treasurer of the Commercial Knitting Mills Company. He conferred with N. B. Scott, of the Executive Committee. In reply to a question regarding the sentiment in the manufacturing region in which he is interested he said:

"Perhaps I can answer best by telling you a little incident that occurred yesterday. A number of our employes, entirely of their own accord, held a meeting and organized a McKinley and Hobart Club. Some eighty or ninety men signed the roll, and I am told that an even 20 per cent of them had formerly always worked and voted with the Democratic party. They are very much in earnest, and their organization will grow rapidly, while their example will be followed by employes of other manufacturing establishments. It is the tariff, however, that interests these citizens of Troy. They are not led away from it by all this hue and cry for free coinage. They want a protective tariff, and they know that the Republican party is the only party that they can look to for it. This sentiment is general and will prove a potent influence in the election this fall."

CHICAGO SATISFIED WITH VERMONT.

According to the telegraphic reports received over the special wire from the Chicago headquarters, the satisfaction over the Vermont victory was no less intense there than in this city. The dispatches read as follows:

"A large number of Republican leaders from various Western States were at headquarters this morning, and all expressed great satisfaction with the effect which the news from Vermont would certainly have upon those States. They feel that the splendid Republican victory there will have an important effect in strengthening the party in the West, and that similar results in Maine, for which they hope, will be equally beneficial. Senator Kittredge, of South Dakota, who was in conference with Chairman Hahn this morning, was asked what was going to be the result of the campaign in his State, and promptly replied: 'We shall carry South Dakota for McKinley, of course.'

"A vote was taken on the Lake Shore Limited, coming into Chicago this morning. It resulted in sixty-four votes for McKinley, seven for Bryan, seven for the Gold Democratic candidate, and seven for the Prohibition candidate. A similar vote taken on one of the Wisconsin lines early to-day resulted in forty-five for McKinley and five for Bryan. A letter received from a traveller in Canada says that business houses, hotels and railroad offices generally have placards upon the walls announcing: 'No American silver received here.'

"W. T. Hansen, of Chicago, who has been spending several months in Michigan, talking of the situation there, says that it seemed at one time as though almost everybody had been carried away by the silver argument, but that a favorable change had taken place. The silver enthusiasm has subsided and Republican sound-money clubs are being formed. It now looks as though the Republicans would vote generally for McKinley, and that they would have a good many Democrats for company.

"John E. Packard, president of the McKinley Club of Pomona, Cal., reports remarkable progress in the sound-money sentiment in that State. The supposed free-silver sentiment in California, he says, is proving to be largely a will o' the wisp. It is always in some other place than you are. He adds that statements have been made, and authoritatively, that the free-silver sentiment alleged to be predominant in different sections, had, upon close investigation, been found to be the reverse of the true state of affairs. He says: 'My impression is that California will go Republican by a larger majority than ever before in its history. We are far ahead of the opposition in our fight. California is a gold State, and the proposition to substitute anything else for that metal is not popular.'"

POLITICAL NOTES.

A few of the more radical independent newspapers of the State, in their eagerness to score a point on the machine, endeavor to demonstrate that Mr. Black's nomination was entirely due to the Anti-Machine elements in the convention. This is a mistake. Mr. Black was undoubtedly more satisfactory to the independent delegates than any other candidate put forward by Mr. Platt, but the Anti-Machine people were in the minority and lacking in organization. They constituted about one-fourth of the convention. Had all the independents who were rightfully entitled to seats been admitted, they would have comprised about a third of the delegates. Nearly 100 contestants were thrown out by the Committee on Credentials. These included Mr. Miller and his friends, the Westchester County people, Attorney-General Hancock and his Onondaga followers, and many others. The Anti-Machine candidates were Controller Roberts and Lieutenant-Governor Saxton. Mr. Roberts received 76 votes, Mr. Saxton 74. These, together with the contestants who were rightfully entitled to seats, would have given the Anti-Machine forces upward of 250 seats in the convention, and this was the highest estimate made in these columns at any time previous to the convention after the recognition of the Platt machine and the publication of the interviews of General Thomas and Mr. Bliss.

Syracuse politicians will read with amazement the piece of political information contained in "The Brooklyn Eagle" of last Tuesday. According to that authority Frank Hiscock was deposed from membership in the Republican Advisory Committee because of his "organized opposition in Onondaga County" to Francis Hendricks. It would be interesting to know just when this remarkable event took place. The oldest salt-digger would be puzzled to recall a time when these two statesmen were not political inseparables and the uncompromising foes of James J. Belden.

Some of the Fifth Avenue Hotel politicians think that the appointment of Mr. Hiscock as a member of the Advisory Committee indicates his candidacy for return to the United States Senate as the successor of David B. Hill. But what says Mr. Platt on the subject?

"Miller is out and so are the people," is the way in which "The Brooklyn Citizen" describes the recent reorganization of the Republican State Advisory Committee.

A short and sensible reply to some of Mr. Bryan's recent efforts to stir up feeling against capitalists appears in "The Middletown Press." It does not doubt Mr. Bryan's ability to make mischief in this direction, but, it asks, can "any one tell how doing that can possibly work anything but harm to the men who are not capitalists? Just think how it is right here at home in Middletown or wherever the reader may be. Every town wants capitalists to come to its borders, and the more money they have the better. We have to depend on such men to start up glass factories, hat shops, milk factories, shoe shops, file factories, boiler factories, type foundries, build houses and trolley lines and push along the scores of other enterprises that give employment to thousands of men and women and build up towns and cities in all parts of the country. We repeat that Mr. Bryan may be able to injure these men, who have money to put in manufacturing concerns and other forms of industry, but how can that help the mechanic, the laboring man or the farmer?"

The result of the Herkimer County contest is thus summed up by "The Herkimer Citizen": "The convention is over. Senator Miller returns stronger than ever with his party, secure in the affections of the people, who were deceived by the Platt Committee on Credentials, speaking to 10,000 people and rousing their enthusiasm by his manly bearing and inspiring eloquence, while Mr. Sheard comes home to face an indignant people whom he has outraged, misrepresented and disgraced."

In its advocacy of Black's election for Governor "The Buffalo Express" finds consolation in the fact that "he has no part or lot in the record of the last Legislature."

Frank S. Witherbee's defeat as a member of the State Committee from the Hiscock district is said to be due to the fact that he opposed the return to Congress of his brother-in-law, Mr. Foote.

The appointment of Dr. P. M. Wise as president of the State Lunacy Commission is heartily indorsed by the best newspapers of Northern New-York.

The plank of the Republican State platform in favor of good roads finds favor throughout the State. "The Syracuse Post" insists that the next Legislature will be expected to pass progressive and liberal measures along the lines of this party declaration.

The Democratic State Committee was increased to fifty members a year ago, but if the sound-money members continue to resign at the present rate it will soon be no larger in number than the Republican organization.

Mayor Gleason of Long Island City is in favor of a second Democratic State ticket, and also believes that rival nominations should be made for Congress and the Assembly. "The cause of sound money," Mr. Gleason declares, "admits of no combination with those who favor silver, even for the smallest office."

"Mr. Miller was beaten in his own county," says "The Brooklyn Eagle." Oh, no, he wasn't. He carried it, and every intelligent Republican in Herkimer and every delegate who heard him speak in the State Convention know that he did. Of the sixty-four delegates who made up the County Convention thirty-four cast their votes for him. Each of these thirty-four gentlemen made a sworn statement to that effect. The affidavits were presented to the Credentials Committee, and yet Mr. Miller was deprived of his seat in the State Convention, to which he was legally and morally entitled.

M'KINLEY FLAG DAY.

MANY BANNERS TO BE RAISED IN BROADWAY TO-MORROW EVENING.

THEY ARE PROVIDED BY SUBSCRIPTION AMONG THE BUSINESS HOUSES BETWEEN SEVENTEENTH AND TWENTY-THIRD STS.—A GENEROUS RESPONSE TO MR. MONTAGUE'S PLAN.

More McKinley and Hobart flags are to be added to the already unprecedented number of banners flying in Broadway and cross streets in honor of the Republican nominees and the principles they represent. Not a single Bryan and Sewall banner is flung to the breeze in all the miles of Broadway, where the great throngs are daily looking up at Republican flags.

The opposition to Bryan and free silver manifests by Democratic merchants has augmented the Republican strength, and a movement has been under way for several days, whose outcome to-morrow evening will be a splendid demonstration of the unity of purpose to defeat Bryan. The business men in Broadway from Union Square to Madison Square the great retail shopping district, have united in making a presentation of McKinley and Hobart banners which is to vie with the splendid display in the wholesale drygoods district. They propose to raise flags in every block in Broadway from Seventeenth to Twenty-third-st. These McKinley banners will be 20 by 36 feet in size. The flags will have the names of the Republican nominees at the bottom, and will make a striking appearance.

The first flag will be unfurled in Broadway, near Seventeenth-st., between the establishments of Marcus & Co. and Jackson & Co. Another will be stretched across Broadway from the MacIntyre Building to Aitken, Son & Co.'s. A third will be flung to the breeze from Lord & Taylor's to Herts Brothers's. Another from C. Dorflinger's Sons to the Charles Jones Building. One more will be unfurled between Brooks Brothers's and Van Gaasbeek & Arkell's.

The movement among the merchants to raise these flags began when William P. Montague, head of the firm of hat manufacturers at No. 874 Broadway, offered to raise a flag on the block between Eighteenth and Nineteenth sts. on behalf of the Hat and Cap Trade Sound-Money Club, of which he is a member. The banner was to be raised by subscription, limited to a maximum amount of $4 from each subscriber, in order to give as many as desired the opportunity to contribute. When Mr. Montague went among the merchants in the neighborhood he found such readiness among them to subscribe that the required sum for one flag was obtained in a few hours. Then he decided to extend the project and enlist the aid of the business men as far up as Madison Square to raise five banners. The responses were quick, coming from the following:

Gotham Manufacturing Company,	Howard & Cockshaw,
W. & J. Sloane,	Pach Brothers,
Arnold, Constable & Co.,	John F. Ballouine,
Aitken, Son & Co.,	C. P. Chichester,
C. H. Ditson & Co.,	F. W. Clark,
Reed & Barton,	White & Major,
Marcus & Co.,	Louis C. Woehling Company,
Keys & Lockwood,	Gall & Lembke,
William P. Montague Company,	Howard Sterling Company,
Edward A. Sellinz Company,	S. Cottle Company,
Earl & Wilson,	Merrill Brothers & Co.,
E. A. Morrison & Son,	Wilson Brothers,
Decker Brothers,	Raritan Hollow and Porous Brick Company,
Bank of the Metropolis,	J. B. Pond,
Brooks Brothers,	Nederland Life Insurance Company,
Dunlap & Co.,	Whiting Manufacturing Company,
Cornelius N. Bliss,	D. B. Redell & Co.,
Second National Bank,	Whittemore Brothers,
Park & Tilford,	Frank Seaman,
Van Gaasbeek & Arkell,	D. S. Hess & Co.,
C. Dorflinger's Sons,	H. Wunderlick & Co.,
Everett House,	Jacot & Son,
A. A. Vantine & Co.,	Amzi Lyon & Co.,
Johnson & Faulkner,	Alexander Morton & Co.,
W. B. Kerr & Co.,	Charles A. Dean,
Dominick & Haff,	J. D. Butler,
Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company,	McLaughlin Brothers,
Lord & Taylor,	Hubard & Brother,
W. H. Jackson & Co.,	T. G. Brown & Sons,
Sandford & Sandford,	Redlich & Co.,
S. W. Richards,	T. B. Clark & Co.,
Allison & Lamson,	J. H. Johnson,
Central FirepROOFing Company,	Charles Jones,
Arthur Seafry,	J. Carlton Ward,
A. P. Lawrence,	Geoffrey & Co.,
William Sherer,	John H. Murphy, and
	Alexander H. Smith.

A significant feature of the canvass, Mr. Montague said last evening, was the fact that, out of eighty subscribers, he found twenty Democrats who propose to vote for McKinley and Hobart and sound money. They told him that they had never voted the Republican ticket, but they intended to do so now. "And," said Mr. Montague, "I did not find a single Bryan man in the whole district."

Arrangements will be completed to-day for the raising of the flags to-morrow evening at 5 o'clock. There will be 20,000 lithographed cards distributed by messengers in Broadway, announcing the flag-raising. These cards are furnished for the cause by the Sackett & Wilhelms Lithographing Company. The American flag appears on them, with the inscription "Flag Day" above it. After the names of McKinley and Hobart is the motto, "Sound Money and National Honor." Below is the following: "Be in Broadway at 5 o'clock to-day. A McKinley and Hobart flag will be unfurled on every block in Broadway between Seventeenth and Twenty-third sts. Long may it wave over the land of the free and the home of the brave."

A request has also been sent to all merchants in the neighborhood to fly the American flag from their staffs from sunrise to sunset to-morrow.

AN ADDRESS TO REPUBLICAN WOMEN.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The following address has been issued from the headquarters of the Woman's Republican Association, signed by J. Ellen Foster:

Chicago, Sept. 1, 1896.

To Republican Women.

The honorable recognition given to women by the National Republican Committee should be acknowledged by them in embracing the present opportunity to serve the Republican party and the country.

Never were there more powerful and obvious motives for persistent and united effort among women than now. Morality and unity, the indispensable supports of the home and the Nation, are being assailed.

Where is security for the future honesty of our sons if they are now taught the lessons of repudiation?

Where is security for our National Union, that cost us suffering and blood, if partisan misrepresentation and intrigue alienate the South and West from North and East?

In the name of good faith and honesty, of union and prosperity, we urge women everywhere to help maintain the Nation's honor and unity. This can be done most effectively by united effort in forming women's Republican clubs, or McKinley and Hobart clubs, or Sound Money clubs, where women can meet and discuss the great issues of the campaign, and can consult as to plans and methods of influencing voters.

In connection with and under the supervision of the National Republican Committee, the woman's branch of the work has opened headquarters in the Auditorium Annex, Chicago, where all communications to me should be addressed.

I shall be pleased to communicate with any person relative to any phase of the work, and to furnish campaign literature and constitutions for the formation of local clubs.

I shall soon be speaking on the Republican platform for McKinley and Hobart, and hope to meet many of you personally. Yours sincerely,

J. ELLEN FOSTER.

CONNECTICUT REPUBLICANS.

A FULL STATE TICKET NOMINATED AT THEIR CONVENTION.

LORRIN A. COOKE THE CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR—THE PLATFORM DECLARES FOR THE GOLD STANDARD—ENTHUSIASM FOR M'KINLEY AND HOBART.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 2.—Lieutenant-Governor Lorrin A. Cooke was nominated for Governor on the first ballot by the Republican State Convention here to-day. The second day's session of the convention opened in the Auditorium at 11:20 o'clock, with almost all of the 504 delegates present, and a large attendance of spectators in the galleries. Temporary Chairman McLean called the convention to order, and the report of the Committee on Credentials was adopted. F. A. Jacobs, of Killingly, secretary of the Committee on Permanent Organization, reported in favor of Samuel Fessenden, of Stamford, as permanent chairman, and a list of vice-president and secretaries. Mr. Fessenden was presented amid shouts of welcome, which were renewed as a large portrait of Major McKinley was let down at the back of the stage. Mr. Fessenden then addressed the convention, his speech being received with round after round of applause. The delegates shouted loudly when he referred to the result in Vermont. At the close of Mr. Fessenden's speech three cheers were given for him and for McKinley and Hobart. Isaac M. Ullman, of New-Haven, presented a resolution directing the State Central Committee to inquire into the subject of representation in future conventions, and submit a report to the next State Convention. This was earnestly favored by Herbert E. Benton and Frederick B. Farnsworth, of New-Haven. C. E. Searles, of Thompson, favored indefinite postponement, which was voted by a large majority.

THE PLATFORM.

The platform was then adopted, as follows:

We, the Republicans of Connecticut, in convention assembled, while reaffirming the principles of the Republican party as enunciated in the platform adopted by the National Convention at St. Louis and in the masterly letter of acceptance of our Presidential nominee, William McKinley, and in the admirable platform recently adopted by our State Convention, recognize in the crisis which has been forced upon this country by the un-American and revolutionary action of the so-called Democratic Convention held at Chicago that the question of supreme importance at present is the preservation of the life, honor and integrity of our Nation.

We realize that this can only be accomplished by the maintenance of our judicial system, which is the bulwark of our liberties and the admiration of the world, and by the continuance of a financial policy which makes gold the standard of value until a different policy is adopted by international agreement.

We favor a tariff which will provide revenues sufficient to meet the ordinary necessary expenses of the Government, and so adjusted as to place American labor, without the sacrifice of our high-wage system, on at least equal terms in our own market with the labor of other lands.

We commend the wise and economical administration of the affairs of this State by Governor Coffin and his associates.

We cordially commend the nominees of the Republican National Convention and of this Convention to the suffrages of all good citizens of the State of Connecticut, irrespective of party.

STATE OFFICERS NOMINATED.

Nominations were then called for for State officers, Governor leading. Charles E. Searles, of Putnam, presented the name of John Addison Porter, of Pomfret. Judge A. T. Roranack, of North Canaan, presented the name of Lieutenant-Governor Lorrin A. Cooke, of Winchester. Tellers were appointed, and a vote was taken by rollcall of counties. This was completed at 2:30 o'clock, and resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes, 495; necessary to a choice, 249; Lorrin A. Cooke, of Winchester, 315; John Addison Porter, of Pomfret, 181; majority for Cooke, 134. When Chairman Fessenden announced the vote there was loud cheering, and the nomination of Mr. Cooke was made unanimous.

For Lieutenant-Governor, James D. Dewell, of New-Haven, was nominated by H. E. Benton, of New-Haven, and Judge George H. Cowell, of Waterbury, by Senator Webster. They were each seconded by several delegates. The ballot resulted: Whole number of votes, 428, necessary to a choice, 215; Dewell, 244; Cowell, 183, and Mr. Dewell's nomination was made unanimous.

Charles Phelps, of Rockville, was nominated for State Secretary by acclamation.

The nominations made for Treasurer were ex-Senator Grosvenor, of Pomfret, and George W. Hodge, of Windsor, the present Treasurer. A ballot was ordered, pending which Lieutenant-Governor Cooke was presented and addressed the Convention. A note of congratulation was read from J. A. Porter, the unsuccessful candidate for the nomination for Governor, Mr. Grosvenor was nominated for Treasurer by a vote of 210 to 185 for Hodge.

General Hawley addressed the Convention, and Presidential electors were chosen as follows: At-large, Colonel George Pope, Hartford; James Graham, Orange; 1st District, Gardner Hall, Willington, IId, George I. Allen, Middletown; IIId, George A. Hammond, Putnam; XIth, J. Deming Perkins, Litchfield.

There were three candidates for Controller—Benjamin P. Mead, Greenwich; Charles E. Chapman, Westbrook; A. O. Crosby, Glastonbury. Mr. Mead was nominated on the second ballot.

The Convention adjourned at 5 o'clock.

WYOMING AND NORTH CAROLINA.

BOTH STATES GOOD FIGHTING GROUND FOR THE REPUBLICAN STANDARD-BEARER.

Washington, Sept. 2 (Special).—Among the callers at the headquarters of the Republican Congress Committee to-day were Senators Warren, of Wyoming, and Pritchard, of North Carolina, and Chairman Halton, of the Republican State Committee of the latter State. One of Senator Warren's errands was to obtain an additional supply of campaign literature for use in his State which has been a favorite missionary field for the free-silver apostles from Bryan and Bland down—or up. The Senator, who is regarded as a sagacious politician, thinks the silver tide in the West is succumbing, and that it will be checked in enough States to prevent the Democrats capturing anywhere near a solid West. He is at least positive about his own State. He believes the Republicans there will have a hard fight, but they will win. He says:

"We will carry Wyoming, South Dakota and Nebraska. We will also get three or four of the Pacific Coast States. I am free to admit that the Presidential race is nobody's yet, but I am confident that the work the Republicans are doing will be so effective that McKinley will be elected by a large majority."

Senator Clark and Representative Mandell, of Wyoming, are both in the field working hard for the success of the Republican National ticket, and it is said that with perhaps a half-dozen exceptions all the other Republicans of any considerable prominence or influence are doing the same thing.

Judging from what he says and the earnestness with which he says it, Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, hasn't the least doubt about how that State will go. He called on Chairman Babcock this morning, in company with State Chairman Halton, of North Carolina. Both of them have been to New-York to confer with Chairman Hanna and the National Committee. From New-York they came here. Senator Pritchard will speak at Ashboro on Saturday. "McKinley will carry North Carolina against all combinations that can be made," said Senator Pritchard to a "Star" reporter. "I am not boasting, but know what I am talking about. I don't care what the opposition is, we are going to win. We have fair elections in North Carolina now, and that means that the Republican party is going to secure control of the State. The Republicans are united, and there is no disaffection. It is true that there is much silver sentiment among the Republicans of the State, but the voters know the Republican party will do more for silver than the Democrats. Again, the Republicans want protection for the raw materials of their State and for their farm products."

Senator Pritchard said, in answer to a question, that he was not advised as to the prospects of Populist and Democratic fusion in that State, "but it doesn't make any difference to us what is done. We will carry the State."

Chairman Halton was as confident of carrying the State as Senator Pritchard. He said he knew what he was talking about, and that North Carolina could be put in the McKinley column. He believed that if the Populists and Democrats fused a large percentage of the Populists would vote the Republican ticket.

MR. BLACK WAS NOT THE MAN.

Washington, Sept. 2 (Special).—"The Washington Post" of to-day contained the following:

"Editor Post.

"In your issue of the 30th inst. I notice the following:

"'Mr. Platt's Gubernatorial candidate is accused of franking his laundry. The soiled linen department of the campaign opens auspiciously.'

"For the purpose of 'nailing a campaign lie,' permit me to say that I handled all of Frank S. Black's mail during the last session of Congress, and, while it is true that a package of laundry from Troy, N. Y., under a member's frank, was received in the mail, that member was not Frank S. Black, nor was he from the State of New-York. Yours respectfully,

T. M. SULLIVAN,
"House Postoffice Messenger."

COLORED REPUBLICANS' MASS-MEETING.

The colored citizens of this city will open the campaign to-morrow evening with a mass-meeting at No. 114 West Fifty-third-st., under the auspices of the Colored Republican County Organization, for the purpose of ratifying the nominations of McKinley and Hobart. Among the speakers will be Dr. Ernest Lyons, Caleb A. Simms, Edward Lauterbach, Rush F. Simms and Dr. P. H. Murphy.

Law Schools.

NEW-YORK LAW SCHOOL. Day School, 120 Broad way. Evening School, Cooper Union. "Dwight Method" of Instruction. LL. B. in two years. Graduate course, one year. High standard. GEORGE CHASE, Dean.

N. Y. U. EVENING LAW SCHOOL (Formerly Metropolis Law School). Opens Oct. 4, 1896. LL. B. after three years' evening course. TUITION, $100. NO INCIDENTAL FEE. Address for catalogue, REGISTRAR, University, Washington Square, East, or Vice Dean CLARENCE D. ASHLEY, 207 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Instruction.

For Young Ladies.—City.

AMER. Kindergarten Normal School. Begins 34th year Sept. 16, at 70 Fifth Ave., N. Y., and East Orange, N. J. Best training for kindergarten and primary work. Good positions for Graduates. Terms reasonable. Emily M. Coe, Prin.

BARNARD SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 841 St. Nicholas Ave. Opens Sept. 23. Prepares for the leading colleges. Primary Department for boys. For catalogue address Miss DAVIS, Resident Principal. Wm. Livingston Hazen, B. A., LL. B. Headmaster. T. E. Lyon, B. S., W. S. Stevens, M. A., Asss. H'dm'st'rs.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 697 FIFTH AVENUE. COLLEGE PREPARATION. REV. DR. and Mrs. CHAS. H. GARDNER, Principals.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE OF DR. J. SACHS. —SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.— 116 WEST 59TH-ST. REOPENS MONDAY, SEPT. 28, 1896. COMPLETE ORGANIZATION FROM PRIMARY TO ACADEMIC CLASSES. LIMITED NUMBER OF NEW PUPILS ADMITTED TO ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

MISS JAUDON'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 348 Madison Avenue. 30th Year. Preparation for all colleges. Kindergarten. Boarding pupils.

MISS WALKER'S DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 148 MADISON AVENUE. Primary and Advanced Classes, including Preparation for College. Will reopen October 1st. Address by letter until September 15.

MISS PEEBLES AND MISS THOMPSON'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 30, 32 and 34 East 57th Street.

MISS CROCKER. School for girls. Primary and advanced work. Classes for little boys. October 7th. 69 East 52d Street.

MRS. LEOPOLD WEIL'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 109 and 111 West 77th-st. Reopens September 23d.

MISS WATSON AND MISS FORBES will open on Oct. 1st a Day School for Girls at 135 West 70th St., in connection with MISS WILLEY'S Home School.

MISS WARREN'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 108 West 81st-st. Primary, Intermediate, Academic. Class for boys in the Primary Department.

NEW-HAVEN, CONN., 56 HILLHOUSE AVE. Mr. and Miss Cady's School for Girls, on the most beautiful avenue in the "City of Elms." Apply early.

THE MISSES ELY'S DAY SCHOOL, FOR GIRLS. RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 85TH AND 86TH STREET. Fully equipped Primary and Intermediate Departments. Especial attention paid to College Preparation. Reopens September 29th.

TWENTY-FIFTH YEAR OF MISS GIBBONS' SCHOOL, NEW-YORK CITY, 55 WEST 47TH-ST. Mrs. SARAH H. EMERSON, Principal. Primary and Advanced Classes. Preparation for all Colleges. A few boarding scholars taken. Re-opens Sept. 30, 1896. Address to residence. House open after Sept. 14.

THE MISSES MOSES BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, NOS. 647 & 649 MADISON AVENUE, NEW-YORK CITY. Primary (incl. kindergarten), intermediate, academic and college preparatory departments. Special 2-year course for graduates of grammar schools.

VAN NORMAN INST., 278, 280, 282 WEST 71ST-ST., entrance No. 280. (Founded 1857.) Mme. Van Norman, Prin. Mrs. J. L. Matthews, Vice-Prin.

THE VELTIN SCHOOL, SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. FIREPROOF SCHOOL BUILDING. 160 AND 162 WEST 74TH ST. Reopens Oct. 5th. COLLEGE PREPARATION.

316 WEST 86TH STREET.—English and German Home School, conducted by Lucy C. Allen. German taught by the word and sound method with phenomenal results. German Summer School, Wilton, near Saratoga.

Hoboken.

STEVENS SCHOOL. THE ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT of THE STEVENS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, RIVER STREET, between 5th and 6th Streets, HOBOKEN, N. J., REOPENS SEPT. 16TH, 1896. Examinations for admission on the 14th and 15th of September. Full courses of studies preparatory to Colleges and Schools of Science, Law and Medicine. The rate of tuition for all classes is $150 per year or $50 per term. These terms include all the studies. For catalogues apply to the Principal of Stevens School.

For Both Sexes.—City.

BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, —Madison Square (25th-st and Broadway).— 75 Court St., Brooklyn, and other principal Americ. and Europ. cities. Term begins now.

BACKWARD CHILDREN, 6 to 11, will instruct at their home; special adaptation of Pestalozzi's method; results rapid; work thorough; references abundant. Address SUCCESS, Tribune Office.

DAHEIM PREPARATORY INSTITUTE.—For Boys and Girls; German Kindergarten; Drill. College Preparation; 4 boarders received. 242 Lex.-ave., bet. 39 & 40 sts.

PACKARD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE AND SCHOOL OF STENOGRAPHY NOW OPEN. Call or send for prospectus. S. S. PACKARD, President. 101, 103, 105 East 23d-st., New-York.

SCHOOL OF SOCIAL ECONOMICS, UNION SQUARE. Reopens Sept. 21. Prepares for citizenship, business, Regents' examinations, colleges and professional schools. Both sexes. Annual fee, $50. Call or write. GEORGE GUNTON, President.

THE ETHICAL CULTURE SCHOOLS. 109 West 54th Street. 609 Madison Avenue. Two Kindergartens, Two Primary Departments (one at each school). Intermediate Department, for children of 10-14 years, at 109 West 54th Street. All the regular school branches and Manual Training, Art, Natural Science, Music, Foreign Languages, Unsectarian Moral Instruction. College Preparatory, for boys and girls, at 609 Madison Avenue. Normal Course for Kindergartners.

1893. MOELLER INSTITUTE. 1896. No. 236 West 29th-st. Day school for both sexes, kindergarten, and boarding school for boys; prepares for business and college. Reopens September 15th. P. W. MOELLER, Principal.

For Boys and Young Men—City.

BERKELEY SCHOOL, 18-20-22 and 24 West 44th St. CLASSICAL. SCIENTIFIC. COMMERCIAL. Autumn half, 17th year, begins Sept. 28th. The headmaster will be at the school building from 9 to 12 on Thursday and Friday, Sept. 3d and 4th, to meet parents. J. CLARK READ, Registrar.

BARNARD SCHOOL, 117 and 119 W. 125. 11th year begins Sept. 24. Thorough preparation for college or business. For catalogue address WM. M. STEVENS, Registrar. Wm. Livingston Hazen, B. A., LL. B., Headmaster. Thos. Edward Lyon, B. S., Associate Headmaster.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL. Founded 1633. Boys prepared for College, Scientific School and for Business. Primary department. Well-equipped gymnasium. Reopens September 29. L. C. Mygatt, A. B., Head Master. 241-243 WEST SEVENTY-SEVENTH STREET.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL, 34 AND 36 EAST 51ST ST. ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-THIRD YEAR BEGINS TUESDAY, SEPT. 29TH. Boys are prepared for all Departments of Columbia, Princeton, Yale and Harvard, for Law and Medical Schools and Business. Primary Department, Gymnasium. Large corps of experienced teachers. Alumni Scholarship Prize for Best Entrance Examination to Columbia College in 1896 was awarded to this School. The Principal will confer with parents on and after Tuesday, Sept. 15th, at the School. Catalogues on application. B. H. CAMPBELL, A. M., Principal.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE OF DR. J. SACHS. —SCHOOL FOR BOYS.— 58 WEST 59TH-ST., REOPENS WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 23, 1896. THOROUGH PREPARATION FOR ALL COLLEGES; SPECIAL COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT.

COLUMBIA INSTITUTE, 270 W. 72d St., corner West End Ave., reopens Sept. 30th. Collegiate, Preparatory, Primary Dep'ts.; optional Military Drill, Gymnasium, Playground. Five boarding pupils received. Catalogues. EDWIN FOWLER, M. D., A. B., Prin.

DRISLER SCHOOL, 9 EAST 49TH-ST. FRANK DRISLER, A. M., Principal. A select school for a limited number of pupils. Students prepared for all colleges. Circulars on application. Reopens Tuesday, October 1st.

DWIGHT SCHOOL, 15 West 43d St., near 5th Ave. 17th year begins September 30. Fifteen instructors. Small classes. New building; laboratories; large gymnasium. For catalogue, address ARTHUR WILLIAMS (Yale), Principal. Building open throughout summer, 9—12.

DR. CALLISEN'S SCHOOL, 122 WEST 71ST STREET. A select school for a limited number of boys. Primary department. 29th year begins October 1.

HARVARD SCHOOL.—REMOVED TO 568 5TH-AVE., bet. 46th and 47th sts. Reopens Sept. 28th, 1896. Thorough preparation for Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Columbia. Primary Department. Gymnasium. W. FREELAND, Principal; W. C. READIO, Vice-Principal. Send for circular. Address until Sept. 10, Gosnold Hall, Nantucket, Mass.

Instruction.

For Boys and Young Men.—City.

DR. E. D. LYON'S CLASSICAL SCHOOL, 576 Fifth-ave., will reopen September 28th. Pupils thoroughly prepared for college or for business. Number limited to thirty-five. Primary department.

HEIDENFELD INSTITUTE, 523 LEXINGTON-AVE., COR. 53D-ST. A select private school and kindergarten. ENGLISH branches thoroughly taught. GERMAN and FRENCH specialties. Preparation for college. Instruction in Drawing, Painting, Music and Needlework. 33d year begins Sept. 23.

HALSEY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, 34 WEST 40TH ST. 32d year begins Sept. 23d. Building now open from 9 to 12 daily. Primary, commercial and collegiate departments.

HAMILTON INSTITUTE, 103-105 WEST 82D ST. Thorough preparation for leading Colleges. Commercial Courses. Primary and Junior departments limited. Reopens Sept. 30th. Large play ground for use of students. N. ARCHIBALD SHAW, JR., Principal.

IRVING SCHOOL, 54 West 84th-st. L. D. RAY, M. A., Ph. D.—Thorough preparation for College or Mining School. Primary and Intermediate Dept's. Reopens Sept. 29th.

J. H. MORSE'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, 423 MADISON AVENUE. Will reopen Thursday, Oct. 1st. For circulars and information, the principal's address until Sept. 16th is Cotuit, Mass.

MISS CARRIER'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, 52 East 30th-st. Reopens Oct. 1. Manual training under competent teachers.

PREPARATION for Scientific Colleges at the Woodbridge School, 417 Madison Ave. 15th year begins Oct. 1st.

THE HELBURN SCHOOL.—Kindergarten, primary, intermediate. Reopens October 5th. 35 West 90th-st.

THE WILSON & KELLOGG SCHOOL, 622 FIFTH AVE. A school of high grade, preparatory to all the leading colleges and scientific schools. Senior, Middle, Junior and Preparatory Depts. Gymnasium, Laboratory, and Art Room. REOPENS OCT. 1.

Brooklyn.

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For Young Ladies.—Country.

ACADEMY MOUNT ST. URSULA, BEDFORD PARK, N. Y., on the Harlem Railroad, near St. John's College, Fordham, opposite Bronx Park.—This Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, in charge of the Ursulines, is equipped with all modern improvements. The surroundings are healthy and attractive. The scholastic year begins on the second Tuesday in September. For terms address the MOTHER SUPERIOR.

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