TRANSFERRED TO THE TOMB.

THE BODY OF GENERAL GRANT IN ITS FINAL RESTING PLACE.

SIMPLE CEREMONIES MARK ITS REMOVAL FROM THE REPOSITORY TO THE MONUMENT AT CLAREMONT—MEMBERS OF THE FAMILY PRESENT.

In the magnificent tomb just completed at Claremont rests for all time the body of General Grant. It was borne there yesterday afternoon without any formal ceremonies from the repository a few steps north in which it had lain since August 8, 1885. Colonel Frederick Dent Grant had expressed the wish that the body of his father be transferred to the sarcophagus in a quiet and simple manner, and his wishes were faithfully honored. After the cedar case containing the purple-covered coffin had been opened and lowered into the sarcophagus, the coffin, on the shoulders of six young men dressed in deep black, three on each side, was carried down the steps of the repository, around its north end, up the north steps leading to the asphalt approach, between two ranks of some hundred graycoats, under command of Captain Collins, of the Park Department, then up the granite steps of the tomb, through the massive copper doors and down the winding stairs leading to the floor of the pit. In the procession following the pallbearers were Colonel Frederick D. Grant and his brother, Ulysses S. Grant, jr., General Horace Porter and Colonel Grant's son, Ulysses S., 3d, and the Guard of Honor, consisting of thirteen members of Grant Post No. 327, all of whom were members of the original Guard of Honor at Mount McGregor and at the time the body was placed in the repository. The coffin was lowered into the sarcophagus in the presence of the persons already mentioned and a number of newspaper men and visitors. Some two thousand persons saw the body of the General carried to the tomb.

PREPARING FOR THE REMOVAL.

The first intimation anybody had that the transfer of the body was to take place yesterday was on Friday morning, when orders were issued that no one was to be allowed to approach the tomb or the repository nearer than 100 feet, until further notice. These orders were given by the Park Commissioners, and were enforced without delay, the guard at the repository and at the tomb being nearly doubled. At an early hour yesterday morning a large number of persons braved the wind and the rain to visit the tomb in expectation of being present at the removal of the body. These visitors learned that the last finishing touches on the tomb had been given, and that everything was in readiness for the placing of the coffin within the monument. It was whispered about that the removal of the body would take place at 3:30 o'clock p. m. sharp. Soon after noon the number of persons in the vicinity of the tomb began to increase at a rapid rate, and the policemen patrolling in front of the monument had a busy time in answering questions and in preventing the curiously inclined from roaming about the grounds as they pleased. When the rain stopped and the clouds were broken, several hundred persons rode in carriages and on bicycles along Riverside Drive to the tomb. About this time a large number of policemen were detailed to duty in the neighborhood of the tomb, and the scene about the grounds became more lively. At 2:30 o'clock John H. Duncan, the architect of the tomb, with several young men, opened the door of the box-like structure built about the front of the repository. They closed the door behind them, but did not break the ribbons sealed with wax which were drawn through holes in the glass door of the repository and wound many times around a bar of the little iron gate. As the men entered the old vault, the several thousand visitors at the tomb drew closer to the entrance to the repository. Sergeant Ferris, of the Park Police, had opened the door of the structure in front of the vault to admit the architect and his friends.

ARRIVAL OF COLONEL GRANT.

He started to leave the place just as Colonel Frederick D. Grant, accompanied by his son Ulysses S., 3d, alighted from a carriage. Colonel Grant and his son walked slowly toward the repository and were at once admitted. The Colonel quickly broke the seal on the glass door of the repository, and a few moments later six men from the firm of J. Edward Winterbottom & Co., the undertakers, entered the vault and began the work of opening the cover of the cedar coffin containing the body. The armor-steel case in which the cedar one rested had been opened some days ago. On top of the cedar box were four beautiful wreaths. One of the wreaths was made of mixed flowers, and another was of immortelles formed into the words "Grandpapa." There was also a sheaf of wheat on the top of the case. These tokens of affection were placed in a paper and carried to the police station at Claremont.

Colonel Grant and his son spent only a few minutes watching the opening of the cover of the case. After the Colonel had given instructions as to the disposal of the wreaths, he said that he desired placed on the coffin as it was lowered into the sarcophagus, a wreath of oak leaves that had been made by his daughter, Miss Julia, at Mount McGregor. Miss Julia was a little girl at the time.

It did not take long to remove the lid of the cedar box, and the undertakers' assistants then began to cut with chisels the hermetically sealed lead case within the cedar one. While this was being attended to a platoon of policemen, numbering one hundred, marched two by two to the tomb under the command of Captain Collins, of the Park Police. The graycoats broke ranks when they reached the approach to the mausoleum, and were stationed so as to clear a path from the repository around the northeast corner of the tomb to the steps leading to it. At the steps of the tomb Captain Collins and Sergeant Dillon waited. Behind them were drawn up in line about twenty policemen to prevent the crowd from blocking the cleared part of the approach. At exactly 3:15 o'clock thirteen members of Grant Post, No. 327, of the Grand Army, reached the repository. Nearly all of them were dressed in black suits and wore high hats. Each had a Grand Army badge fastened to his coat. They had served as the Guard of Honor at Mount McGregor and at the placing of the body of General Grant in the repository twelve years ago. In a like capacity they served yesterday. The members of the guard were William J. McKelvey, commander, and Comrades Willis McDonald, James Dean, William W. Brodie, James P. Howatt, R. B. Gwillim, chaplain; Robert F. McKellar, George F. Tait, George W. Brush, sergeant, Noah Tebbitts, George A. Price, William H. Barker and Henry W. Knight. Three of the original guard of honor were absent. They were John H. Johnson, who is ill; George B. Squire, reported to be travelling in the West, and George J. Collins, who is dead. On learning of the approach of the guard Colonel Grant hastened to greet the members of the post. The guard of honor did not enter the repository, but waited outside until the coffin was brought out.

CARRIED TO THE VAULT.

About five minutes after the arrival of the Grand Army men, the cedar case was carried to the tomb and deposited in the sarcophagus. It fitted easily within the place prepared for it.

At 3:30 o'clock General Horace Porter and U. S. Grant, jr., arrived, and were greeted by Colonel Grant, all three then entering the repository. When they got inside, they found that the leaden case had been opened. This inclosure, covered with a rich purple velvet, was in an excellent state of preservation. Mr. Duncan said that it would have been in the same condition had it been in its hermetically sealed cases a thousand years. Between the lid of the cedar case and the leaden one was found the wreath of oak leaves made by Colonel Grant's daughter, Julia. Colonel Grant and his son, and brother, Ulysses S. Grant, jr., and General Horace Porter, lingered for a few moments at the side of the coffin and then left the repository for the last time, taking their position at the foot of the steps.

FALLING IN LINE.

Their approach was a signal for the guard of honor—all the members of which had been busy for some minutes putting crape on their coats—to fall in line two by two. They marched, headed by Commander W. J. McKelvey, to about the middle of the wooden walk to the repository. Directly behind the members of the Grant family and General Porter were the guard of honor and some visitors, including Park Commissioner Samuel McMillan, General Horatio C. King and John T. Brady, the contractor of the tomb.

THE DOORS THROWN OPEN.

At 3:55 the doors of the repository were thrown wide open, and the six young men appeared bearing the coffin. As it was borne down the wooden steps of the repository, the Stars and Stripes, floating from the flagstaff a few feet west of the old brick vault, were pulled down to halfmast. The journey to the tomb did not take many minutes. Following the coffin were the members of the Grant family, General Porter, some visitors and a number of newspaper men, in the order named. All those in the procession walked with uncovered heads, and most of the visitors lined along the asphalt walk lifted their hats as the coffin was carried past them. At the steps to the tomb Captain Collins and Sergeants Ferris and Dillon were waiting, and as the procession turned around the northeast of the mausoleum the three police officials uncovered their heads and began to ascend the steps. This order of the procession was continued until the main floor was reached, where the Captain and his sergeants drew to one side. The coffin was carried on down the winding stairs leading to the lower floor and for a few moments was placed on a black velvet trestle. It was then lowered inside of the cedar case within the sarcophagus, and that part of the leaden case that had been removed was put in place after Colonel Grant had laid the wreath of oak leaves at the foot of the coffin.

END OF THE CEREMONY.

A moment later the cover of the cedar case was fastened down and the solemn ceremony was over. Only the members of the Grant family, General Porter, the guard of honor and some visitors stood on the marble base of the sarcophagus, which is entirely of porphyry, as the body of General Grant was laid in its last resting place. A large number of visitors witnessed the scene from the main floor by looking over the railing of the pit of the sarcophagus. After the lid of the cedar case was made tight visitors were asked to leave the tomb and the cover of the sarcophagus was then lowered. The cover was made firm to the body of the sarcophagus with cement.

(For other news of the Grant celebration, page 1, Part II.)

LOTS OF TALK, BUT NO ACTION.

A MEETING AT SHERRY'S TO DISCUSS NEW-YORK REPRESENTATION AT THE TENNESSEE EXPOSITION.

Mayor Strong appointed some time ago a Commission consisting of some of the most prominent women of this city to take action in securing the proper representation of New-York City at the Tennessee Centennial and International Exposition, to be held at Nashville, Tenn., from May to November of this year. The Mayor also appointed a Commission of men for the same purpose. Little progress, it appears, had been made by either committee, so it was deemed necessary to make an attempt to create public interest in the work and try to bring home to the people of the city the fact that New-York, if it did not hurry, would have no representation at all at the exposition.

To this end invitations were sent to about six thousand well-known people of New-York, requesting them to attend a meeting held yesterday afternoon at Sherry's. Mayor Strong was announced as chairman of the meeting, and it was also stated in the card that Theodore Roosevelt, General Alexander S. Webb, John S. Wise and others would address the meeting.

The women of the Commission who issued the invitations are Mrs. Benjamin S. Church, chairman; Mrs. William Warner Hoppin, Mrs. Richard Irvin, Mrs. Levi P. Morton, Mrs. William Mechlenburg Polk, Mrs. William Rhinelander, Mrs. Samuel Spencer, Mrs. Howard Townsend, Mrs. Samuel Thomas, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Mary V. B. Vanderpoel, Mrs. Candace Wheeler, Mrs. McCulloch Williams and Mrs. John S. Wise. All of these named were present yesterday afternoon except Mrs. Irvin, Mrs. Morton, Mrs. Polk, Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Wheeler. Of the men's commission there were a few on hand, including Chairman W. V. King, William Ray, Dunham Wheeler, L. J. Ellis, Major A. M. Wheeler and George Smith.

The small attendance, there being only about fifty persons present, put a damper on the women directly in charge of the affair, and the enterprise was placed in serious danger by the absence of Mayor Strong and General Webb. Mrs. Church was wondering what to do when she saw Richard Watson Gilder, and he had to promise her to say something at the meeting. It then started. Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Gilder made short addresses, but little interest was aroused during the fifteen minutes of this part of the afternoon's work.

The chairman then announced that there would be a meeting of both Commissions after the general public meeting. At this meeting George Smith took the chair. He said that no progress had been made and that it was time something was done in the matter. The men's commission, he said, had guaranteed that $3,000 to defray the expense of sending a women's exhibit to the exposition would be raised by them. He wanted to know whether the women had done anything, as they were to get up the exhibit.

"The $3,000 guaranteed is a mere bagatelle," continued the chairman. "Yet I think we ought to have it all at once. I've subscribed something, and if Smith can subscribe, the Rhinelanders and Terwilligers can, too."

Mrs. Church, the chairman of the women's commission, said that she knew of an artist, a Mrs. Robert W. Gardner, who would get an artistic exhibit of women's work ready in two weeks for the cheap remuneration of $100. As the exposition would open on May 1, she thought that a good proposition.

But Mrs. Williams interposed. She flushed as she arose and spoke quickly. "This is hardly gracious," she said, "to the lady, who submitted a proposition at the last meeting of the Commission to arrange for an exhibit of women's work at the exposition. That was Mrs. Florence Elizabeth Corey. She said she could get up a comprehensive exhibit of women's work for the city, and no attention has been paid to her offer. It seems hardly right to turn the matter over now to another. She made the offer, I think, to do it for nothing, and wanted to serve on the Commission, but no attention was given her."

Mrs. Church then rose and said: "Suppose Mrs. Williams notifies her friend to send word"——

Here she was interrupted by Mrs. Williams, who hastily arose from her chair and said, somewhat excitedly: "I beg your pardon, Mrs. Church. She is not my friend. I only arose here to say that it seems not just right to her to leave her out in the cold entirely. There are no personal relations between us. Indeed, I do not know her. She is not my friend."

Major Wheeler said that two cases in the Industrial Building had been retained for the New-York women. These were 8 feet by 2½ feet each. He also said that a large room was at first put down to New-York in the Women's Building, but that the lack of interest shown by New-York in the exposition had caused the managers to give that room to Chicago. He said that they could now get a room 20 by 21 feet.

After nearly every one present had declared that something ought to be done, the meeting adjourned and, after the men had departed, the women's commission held a further session to "talk it over."

There were representatives of the Society of Colonial Dames present, who said that a number of relics would be sent to the exposition.

CELEBRATING DEFENDERS' DAY.

Reading, Penn., April 17.—Defenders' Day, the thirty-sixth anniversary of the response to President Lincoln's call for troops, was celebrated here to-day. The first troops that arrived at the Capitol on the afternoon of April 18, 1861, were the Washington Artillery and the National Light Infantry, both of Pottsville; the Allentown Infantry, the Logan Guards, of Lewistown, and the Ringgold Artillery, of Reading. Of the 550 members of these bodies at that time only 125 are still living. Out of this number about one hundred were present to-day, among them Galusha A. Grow, Congressman-at-large. The visitors were met by the local association, the Boys' Brigade, guard of McLean Post and guard of Meade Camp, Sons of Veterans, and escorted to the City Hall, where the address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Weidel. Major James Wren, president of the association, responded. The paraders took a trip over the Mount Penn Gravity Railroad. Later they returned to Reading, and at 8 o'clock this afternoon a banquet was given.

DEATH OF JAMES MAFFIT.

Messages received here from Elkton, Md., yesterday, announced the death there of James Maffit, formerly a popular actor. His death is said to have been caused by a surgical operation. He was over ninety years old. Maffit is best remembered from his impersonation of the Lone Fisherman in the burlesque "Evangeline." He was the original of the character, over twenty years ago, and he played nothing else for several years. He played the part many hundred times. He was an old-time pantomimist, and he knew how to make the most of the Lone Fisherman, who was one of the most important characters in the play, was seldom off the stage in the whole course of it, yet never spoke a word. Maffit was at one time regarded as a rival of Fox, the famous clown.

A GRAND JURY IN POLITICS.

DR. HUNTER AND OTHERS INDICTED AT FRANKFORT.

DENOUNCED BY REPUBLICANS AS A CONSPIRACY TO DRIVE THE PARTY'S NOMINEE FOR SENATOR OUT OF THE RACE.

Louisville, Ky., April 17.—A dispatch to "The Evening Post" from Frankfort says:

"The Franklin County Grand Jury has returned true bills against Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter, the Republican nominee for the United States Senate; ex-Congressman John Henry Wilson, of the XIth District; the Hon. E. T. Franks, of the IId District, and Captain Noel Gaines and his brother-in-law, Thomas Tanner, of Frankfort. Those named have been indicted for conspiracy to bribe. All are Republicans with the exception of Gaines and Tanner."

Frankfort, Ky., April 17.—When the bribery indictments had been returned to-day Judge Cantrill ordered that bench warrants be issued for the arrest of the accused men and made returnable for the next term of the court, which is in September. Bail was fixed at $250 in each case. When asked why he set the cases for next September, Judge Cantrill said: "I do not think it proper to try the cases at this term of the court, but if the parties come in and ask for an immediate trial I will proceed with it at once; otherwise it will go over until September."

The vital portion of the true bill is as follows:

The said W. Godfrey Hunter, John H. Wilson, Noel Gaines, E. T. Franks and Thomas R. Tanner did unlawfully, corruptly and wickedly conspire, combine, confederate and agree together to attempt to bribe them, the said W. G. Gossam, Nerge Clarke and Johns (members of the Legislature), and then offered them the sum of $15,000 each for the vile purpose of securing and influencing them to cast their votes at the time and in manner provided by law for said election for the said W. Godfrey Hunter, and by such unlawful means to secure his election to the said office."

The news at once became public, and created the greatest indignation among the Republicans, all of whom denounced it as a conspiracy among Frankfort Democrats to defeat and humiliate Hunter. They said that the indictments against Gaines and Tanner, the Democrats, were returned simply as "savers," to prevent the public generally from gaining the impression that the Grand Jury had been made an engine of political persecution, and that they would be dismissed at the first hearing on account of insufficient evidence.

Chairman Jones of the Republican caucus said that it was a "diabolical and hellish conspiracy," and that the Republicans would disprove and resent it in proper spirit. State Senator Deboe was of the same opinion, and not one of the Republican leaders hesitated to condemn the action of the Grand Jury as partisan and prejudiced. It is said that immediate trials will be asked for.

Dr. Hunter was absolutely non-committal. When asked what effect the indictments would have on his candidacy he asked a legislator to reply for him. "Hunter is the victim of a conspiracy and will be elected yet," was the answer, and Dr. Hunter smiled grimly. The same reticence is maintained by Wilson and Franks.

The session of the General Assembly this morning was uneventful in the extreme, the bribery indictments overshadowing all else. Many of the members were absent, and those who were not had made pairs. According to previous agreement, a formal ballot was taken, and one vote was cast for each of the candidates—Hunter, Blackburn, Martin, Boyle and Stone. It is not believed that the indictments will force Hunter to withdraw. On the contrary, it is believed that it will solidify his forces, and that he will stand like a stone wall against all opposing forces from now on, as the majority of the Republicans now here are inclined to the opinion that it is nothing more or less than political persecution. The bolting Republicans, however, are gleeful, and are urging a call for another caucus. Hunter men insist that if a new caucus is called they will again win.

THE BOSTON HORSE SHOW.

NEW-YORK AGAIN A STRONG BIDDER FOR MOST OF THE PRIZES.

Boston, April 17.—Preparations for the Horse Show, which will open here on Monday, have been completed. There are 843 entries, and the competition between New-York and Boston horsemen for the blue ribbons will be of a lively nature. Last year the New-Yorkers carried off the bulk of the prizes. The entries from New-York are much larger than last year.

THE CHINESE WERE ASTONISHED.

WU TING FANG AND HIS SUITE GET A GLIMPSE AT AMERICAN MILITARY AND NAVAL EFFICIENCY.

San Francisco, April 17.—Wu Ting Fang, the new Chinese Minister, and his suite, have received an insight into the military and naval efficiency of the United States through visits to the Presidio and the Union Iron Works. On both occasions even the usual stolid countenances of the Chinese expressed wonder and astonishment at the many sights they saw. That these impressions might not be lost upon them, copious notes were made in their little pocket-books. Earlier in the day a number of the Christian Chinese, accompanied by their ministers, were received by Wu Ting Fang. Addresses were made in both English and Chinese, the Chinese Minister saying some nice things to his countrymen in their own language.

Last night the See Yup merchants gave a banquet to the Minister and his suite at the Hang Fer Low restaurant, in Dupont-st. An elaborate Chinese dinner was served, a number of white people attending. A Chinese band of music enlivened the proceedings from an adjacent balcony.

HIS TITLE SUFFICIENT SECURITY.

SO THOUGHT AN ALLEGED POLISH COUNT, WHO REFUSED TO PAY HIS BILL FOR DINNER.

Nicholas Monsell, twenty-seven years old, who declares that he is a Polish Count, but at present without any fixed occupation or permanent abode, was arrested last night for violating the law drawn for the special preservation and protection of innkeepers. He was locked up in the West Thirtieth-st. station and will be arraigned in court this morning.

The Count entered Beefsteak John's place, at No. 512 Sixth-ave., last night and ordered the best meal in the house. He began with soup and topped off with pie and coffee. Several dishes were not to his liking, and these he disdained to touch, but sent them back to the chef with his compliments.

When he had finished he gave the waiter a "tip," and was pulling on his gloves when the clerk at the desk suggested that he observe the formality of paying the bill.

"Charge it, charge it," he said, loftily. "My dear sir, I am a Count and am not to be troubled with these little details."

Count or no Count, the clerk insisted on being paid, and as the Count bombarded him with a lot of words in a foreign language he called Policeman Gannon. The latter is six feet tall, and the Count is only five, but he bravely offered battle to the officer. After an exciting scuffle the Pole was hustled along Sixth-ave. and on to the West Thirtieth-st. police station.

WHEELMEN AND THE CYCLE PATH.

The Road Committee of the Good Roads Association held a meeting last evening at the headquarters in Bedford-ave., Brooklyn, and passed a resolution unanimously requesting Park Commissioner Dettmer to use $15,000 now at his disposal for much-needed repairs on the old cycle path to Coney Island. This amount has been appropriated for the work on the path, but Commissioner Dettmer, it is said, had been told by prominent wheelmen that cyclists were in no hurry to have the path repaired and had decided to use the money for other purposes. The resolutions passed by the committee inform the Commissioner that the repairs on the path are earnestly desired by the wheelmen of Brooklyn and New-York, and urge him to begin the work as soon as possible.

Members of the committee said last night that Mr. Dettmer had promised them that he would have the path repaired if they would show that the repairs were really desired. Mr. Dettmer will probably have the repairs begun immediately.

CUTTING PICNIC RATES.

Minneapolis, April 17.—Railroad men see in recent occurrences here a decided possibility of a passenger rate war involving all the Chicago-Minneapolis lines. The trouble started in the cutting of a party rate from Minneapolis to St. Louis and in the cutting of picnic rates from here to Minnetonka. The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is charged with being the aggressor, and the aggrieved roads threaten to retaliate by cutting the Chicago rate. This would affect the St. Paul vitally, since it carries 58 per cent of the traffic. The violation of local agreements may thus interfere with the success of the proposed Western agreement.

AN AMERICAN SINGER MARRIES.

London, April 17.—Lucille Hill, a singer, daughter of the late Matthew Hill, of Trenton, N. J., was married Saturday to J. E. Nichalls, of the British South Africa Company.

DISPLEASED A LONDON AUDIENCE.

London, April 17.—The first performance of "On Leave" at the Avenue Theatre showed a rather thin French farce, which had been ruined for a London audience by reason of two actors exchanging trousers before the footlights. The company was poor and the translation, entirely without the French delicacy of touch, vulgarized. The audience expressed dissatisfaction.

OBITUARY.

COLONEL W. L. KELLOGG.

Atlanta, Ga., April 17.—Colonel W. L. Kellogg, commanding the 5th United States Infantry, died at McPherson Barracks, near this city, this morning. He had been in ill-health for about a year, and only two weeks ago a retiring board considered his case with a view to relieving him from active service.

Washington, April 17.—Colonel Kellogg was born in Ohio. He served throughout the Civil War, being breveted colonel for conspicuous gallantry at Chancellorsville. At the close of the war he entered the Regular Army, attaining the rank of colonel in 1895. His death will cause the following promotions in the infantry branch of the service: Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. Cook, of the 4th, to be colonel of the 5th; Major A. H. Bainbridge, of the 10th, to be lieutenant-colonel of the 4th; Captain R. I. Eskridge, of the 22d, to be major of the 10th; Captain James N. Morgan, of the 24th, retired with the rank of major; First Lieutenant A. C. Ducat, of the 24th, to be captain in the 24th, vice Morgan; First Lieutenant Stephen O'Connor, of the 23d, to be captain in the 23d, vice Eskridge; Second Lieutenant H. G. Lyon, of the 17th, to be first lieutenant in the 24th; Second Lieutenant G. D. Moore, of the 18th, to be first lieutenant in the 23d; Sergeant Ira L. Reeves, Company B, 17th, to be second lieutenant in the 17th; Corporal Edward S. Walton, Company F, 15th, to be second lieutenant in the 18th. It is expected that these nominations will be sent to the Senate on Monday.

WILLIAM EVARTS BARNES.

William Evarts Barnes, who was at one time a well-known New-York shipping merchant, died at No. 19 East Twenty-fourth-st. yesterday. He was born in this city, and was at the time of his death in his sixty-eighth year. His father was Daniel Barnes, a descendant of an old American family, and was also related to the Evarts family. Until about eleven years ago Mr. Barnes lived in New-York, conducting a shipping business at No. 60 South-st. He was a member of the Maritime and Produce exchanges. He retired in 1885, and in 1886, on account of the poor condition of his wife's health, he removed to Colorado Springs, where Mrs. Barnes died several years ago. In 1895 Mr. Barnes had a stroke of paralysis, from which he never entirely recovered, and which ultimately caused his death. Three months ago he returned to New-York to the house of his son-in-law, Edward H. Schell, where he died. His daughter, Mrs. Schell, survives him. The funeral will be to-morrow at 11 a. m., at No. 19 East Twenty-fourth-st.

CHARLES C. HINE.

Charles C. Hine, proprietor and editor of "The Insurance Monitor," died at his home, No. 209 Washington-st., Newark, yesterday. He was seventy-two years old. He was born in New-Haven, Conn., and early in life went to Ohio and worked for several years in the West as a telegraph operator. He was president of the Telegraphers' Association at one time. After a long residence in Cincinnati he came East, and entered the insurance business, in which he became an expert and authority. He took great interest in local affairs in Newark, and was of independent opinion in politics. He belonged to the Dutch Reformed Church, and was active in church work. Mr. Hine leaves a widow and three sons.

THE REV. I. P. FEIGL.

The Rev. I. P. Feigl, the father of Colonel Frederick Feigl, Editor of "The Tammany Times," died yesterday. Mr. Feigl leaves a widow and seven children. He was a man of much learning and had travelled widely.

MAJOR GREEN PEYTON.

Richmond, Va., April 17.—Major Green Peyton, the venerable proctor at the University of Virginia, died early this morning in Charlottesville.

JOHN LANE.

Chicago, April 17.—John Lane, the veteran inventor and pioneer manufacturer of Chicago, who had been ill for some time with heart disease, died to-day. Mr. Lane came here from New-York State, and became famous for his invention of the "iron centre" in metals, used extensively in the manufacture of plated ware. He was seventy-three years old.

HENRY D. HYDE.

Boston, April 17.—Henry D. Hyde, a prominent corporation lawyer and counsel for the West End Street Railway, died at his home, in Commonwealth-ave., at 8 o'clock this morning, as a result of blood-poisoning from a carbuncle on the neck. Mr. Hyde was a son of Benjamin D. Hyde, of Sturbridge, a leading lawyer. He was graduated from Amherst College in 1861, and afterward studied at the Harvard Law School. He was Assistant United States District-Attorney during President Johnson's term, his superior being George S. Hillard. Mr. Hyde was a member of the relief committee appointed by Governor Andrew at the close of the war to take food and clothing to Savannah. During the early seventies he was a member of the Boston Common Council, and was elected its president.

AN UNKNOWN MAN FOUND DEAD.

SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES IN CONNECTION WITH THE DISAPPEARANCE OF A YOUNG MAN.

An unknown man was found dead or dying last night on the string piece on the end of the pier at Forty-eighth-st. and the North River. Captain John Simpson of the coal barge Tazewell was at his dinner on board the boat lying alongside the pier when a strange young man about twenty-three years old ran on board and asked the captain to help him carry a drunken man from the pier. The mariner followed his visitor, and while trying to arouse the man, Simpson says he believes his eyes opened.

The captain failed to resuscitate the man and went to summon Patrolman Clifford. Meanwhile the strange young man had dropped off the pier into a boat and was rowed away by his companion. Later an ambulance was summoned from Roosevelt Hospital and the surgeon pronounced the man dead. There was no evidence of liquor about him.

A suspicious circumstance was that the man's shoes were gone, and nothing was found in his pockets. The dead man's hair was dark. He wore a mustache and was slightly bald. He was 5 feet 8 inches high and weighed about 200 pounds. He wore black trousers with gray stripe, a gray coat, brown waistcoat and brown fedora hat and had the appearance of a laboring man.

THE KANE ALTAR NOT IN PLACE.

Colonel De Lancey A. Kane has decided to postpone the putting in place of the handsome altar which he presented to St. Gabriel's Roman Catholic Church, in commemoration of his conversion to the Catholic faith, owing to the fact that one of the marble figures ornamenting the reredos was found broken when the altar was unpacked. It may be necessary to send the statue back to Munich, where the altar was made. It is probable that the altar will not be set up in the baptistry of the church until the broken figure has been replaced by another one.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

YESTERDAY'S RECORD AND TO-DAY'S FORECAST.

Washington, April 17.—A depression is central over the Gulf of St. Lawrence and is moving slowly eastward. A storm of considerable energy is forming to the north of North Dakota. An area of high pressure covers the central valleys and the Gulf States. The barometer has fallen in New-England and in all districts west of the Mississippi River; it has risen from the lower lake region southward to the East Gulf States.

The temperature is lower in New-England and the Atlantic States; it is higher in the Mississippi Valley and throughout the Rocky Mountain districts. Rain has occurred in New-England and the lower lake region, but the weather has been fair in all other districts. Occasional showers may occur in the northern regions, in the lake regions and in the upper Missouri valleys, but the weather will be fair in all other districts. Slowly rising temperature is indicated for the Atlantic States and the central valleys, and a fall is indicated for the Northern Rocky Mountain plateau.

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Maine, New-Hampshire and Vermont, showers in the early morning, partly cloudy weather Sunday; continued cool weather; westerly winds.

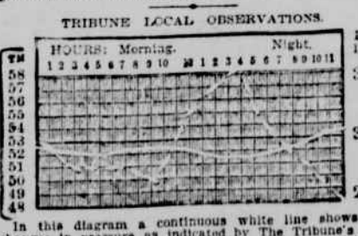
Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, fair, stationary temperature, northerly winds.

Eastern New-York, fair in southern portion, showers in extreme northern portion; warmer; westerly winds becoming southerly.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, fair; warmer Sunday night; westerly winds, becoming variable.

Western New-York, Western Pennsylvania and Ohio, generally fair; warmer; brisk southerly winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording barometer. The dotted line represents the temperature as recorded at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, April 18, 1 a. m.—The weather yesterday was rainy in the morning, but fair during the rest of the day. The temperature ranged between 48 and 58 degrees, the average (52¾ degrees) being 1¾ degrees lower than that of Friday and 20¾ lower than that of the corresponding day of last year.

The weather to-day will be fair and warmer.

LOUISIANA'S LINE BROKEN.

BAD CREVASSE AT BIGGS, A LITTLE BELOW DELTA.

WATER RUSHING THROUGH AN OPENING MORE THAN FIFTEEN HUNDRED FEET WIDE AND FLOODING A GREAT AREA.

Memphis, Tenn., April 17.—The crisis has arrived in Northern Louisiana. The mighty force of Nature has won the fight. Last night at 10 o'clock the workers on the levee at Biggs, four miles below Delta, La., were horrified to see a sudden bulge in their embankment. A small yellow stream began to trickle through the aperture and a moment later there was a crash. The Louisiana main levee system had at last succumbed to the fearful onslaught of the Mississippi River.

A general alarm was sounded and the inhabitants of the vicinity began moving their most valuable effects. In thirty minutes the crevasse had increased in size from a dozen feet to fifty yards and the water was pouring through the opening with fearful velocity. There is a strip of swamp about two miles wide immediately behind the levee where the break occurred and beyond that are many of the finest plantations in Northern Louisiana.

The break has widened rapidly, and to-night a solid stream of water is passing through an opening more than one thousand five hundred feet wide. The town of Delta is now inundated and the waters are spreading over the lowlands and will soon cover many fine plantations in Madison Parish. All the convicts at work on the levee when the break occurred were safely put on board of a steamer and so far no loss of life is reported.

The outflow of water at Biggs will do much to relieve the levees on the Mississippi side. It will also hasten the passage of the flood through the Mississippi Delta, thus insuring a crop in that rich valley. There are many weak spots reported in the Louisana levee, and another break may occur at any hour.

Throughout the flooded Mississippi Delta today the situation is more encouraging. The backwaters are slowly falling, passing through the Yazoo into the main channel north of Vicksburg. At Helena the river has fallen nearly five feet since April 4. In the northern part of that city, which has been under water more than three weeks, the water has fallen sufficiently to allow many people to move back into their houses.

New-Orleans, April 17.—The break on Bayou La Fourche is proving much more serious than was anticipated. It is over two hundred feet wide, and no attempt is being made to close it. Its effects will be more disastrous than either the Geudron or Le Blanc crevasses, as every one from La Fourche to the Gulf on the right bank of the bayou will suffer to a great extent.

Vicksburg, Miss., April 17.—At 10 p. m. the Queen and Crescent officials report the crevasse in Biggs levee to be three-quarters of a mile wide and cutting rapidly.

TO PROTEST TO THE GOVERNOR.

PROMINENT CITIZENS WHO WILL URGE MR. BLACK TO VETO THE CHARTER.

Nearly one hundred of New-York's prominent citizens will take a special train for Albany Monday morning to represent to Governor Black their objections against the Greater New-York charter as it now stands, and to urge the Governor to veto the measure. Among the men who will compose the party are Jefferson M. Levy, Alfred E. Marling, John E. Parsons, Lewis L. Delafield, Dorman B. Eaton, S. Nicholson Kane, A. A. Low, a brother of Seth Low; Morris K. Jesup, Charles Bulkley Hubbell, E. Ellery Anderson, William Jay, I. N. Seligman, W. Bayard Cutting, Edward Mitchell, John D. Crimmins, Brayton Ives, Richard Watson Gilder, H. J. Fairchild and H. L. Thornell.

The special train is to leave the Grand Central Station a few minutes after the departure of the Empire State Express, and it is expected to make a very fast run. The men composing the party represent the Bar Association, the Union League Club, the Builders' League of Harlem, the Real Estate Exchange, the Board of Trade and Transportation, the City Club and other influential organizations.

TO FORTIFY PORT TOWNSEND.

Port Townsend, Wash., April 17.—Information has reached here in a private telegram that before the beginning of May a force of United States soldiers will be sent to Port Townsend to put the place in readiness for immediate occupancy by the Army officials who are soon to arrive to superintend and direct the construction of the fortifications for which Congress has appropriated a large sum at Wilson, Admiralty and Narrowstone Point, all near to this city. Another evidence of the fact that the Government does not intend longer to delay protection of the great inland sea and its flourishing cities is contained in information to the effect that immediately after the termination of this session of the United States Court at Spokane Judge William H. Brinker, United States District-Attorney, will, under instructions from the Department of Justice, at once begin the work necessary for the condemnation of such property as may be required by the Government.

NOT MYSTERIOUS AFTER ALL.

Trenton, N. J., April 17 (Special).—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Miss Addie Keeler, the pretty companion of Mrs. Howard Bower and former student of Pennington Seminary, has been solved. The failure of a newsboy of Trenton to deliver Miss Keeler's message to Mr. Bower is responsible for the mystery. Miss Keeler is at the home of her foster mother, Mrs. Henry Strickland, near Freehold. She says that, wishing to spend Easter at home and fearing that Mrs. Bower might be displeased if she mentioned her desire, she concluded to make the journey to Freehold and explain afterward. On reaching Trenton she gave the team to a newsboy with instructions to take it to a livery stable and ask Mr. Bower to come and get it. She then took the train for Freehold. The boy failed to deliver her message, and the liveryman, learning the name of the owner of the team, requested Mr. Bower to come and get it.

MAINE VOTES FOR WOMEN DELEGATES.

Portland, Me., April 17.—At this forenoon's session of the Maine Methodist Conference the proposition to admit women to the General Conference was adopted by a vote of 65 to 5. The proposition to admit an equal number of clergymen and laymen to the Conference was adopted by a vote of 40 to 26.

DIED.

BARNES—On Saturday morning, April 17, at the residence of his son-in-law, Edward H. Schell, No. 19 East 24th-st., William Evarts Barnes.
Funeral services at residence on Monday, at 11 o'clock.
It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BOORUM—Suddenly, April 15, at his residence, No. 280 Clinton-ave., Charles Lowe, elder son of William B. and the late Millie S. Boorum, in the 31st year of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

HOYT—At her residence, in New-York, April 17, Geraldine Livingston, widow of Lydig Monson Hoyt, in the 75th year of her age.
Interment at Hyde Park.
It is requested that no flowers be sent.

LINES—On Saturday, April 17, Anna Mary, the daughter of the late Joseph B. and Elizabeth Berry Lines.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at the residence of her brother, M. G. Belloni, No. 66 Clark-st., Glen Ridge, N. J.
Train leaves 6:50 p. m. on D., L. and W. R. R., Christopher-st.

MANDEVILLE—On Thursday, April 15, John L. Mandeville, aged 67 years.
Funeral services at his late residence, No. 331 West 29th-st., on Sunday, April 18, at 4 p. m.

M'ANERNEY—On Thursday, April 15, Ellen M., wife of John McAnerney, aged 49.
Funeral services will take place at St. Patrick's Cathedral at 9 a. m. on Eastern Monday, April 19.

MONTGOMERY—On April 17, at 1 a. m., John H. Montgomery.
Funeral services at his late home, No. 239 East 34th-st., on Sunday, at 3 p. m.
Interment at convenience of family.
Granard, County Longford, Ireland, papers please copy.

NEWTON—At Flushing, Long Island, April 16, at the residence of her son, Elizabeth G., widow of Ralph W. Newton.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services on Monday, April 19, at 12 noon from her late residence, No. 342 Amity-st., Flushing.
Train leaves Long Island City at 11 o'clock for Murry Hill station.
Please omit flowers.

POWELL—Suddenly, at Orange, N. J., April 16, 1897, Mortimer A., only son of