THE MARKETS.

TOTAL DOMESTIC RECEIPTS TO-DAY.

New-York, January 26, 1899.

Beans, white, bbls	1,200	Onions, bbls	798
Flour, bbls	7,844	Cranberries, pkgs	128
Flour, sacks	10,217	Tar, bbls	12
Cornmeal, bbls	950	Cakes, pkgs	1,074
Cornmeal, bags	2,500	Oleo stock, pkgs	793
Cornmeal, bbls	318	Peanuts, bags	995
Oatmeal, bbls	116,800	Pecans, pkgs	1,488
Wheat, bush	9,750	Pork, bbls	125
Corn, bush	55,200	Beef, bbls	130
Oats, bush	900	Beef (canned), cases	1,401
Rye, bush	2,200	Hams, pkgs	898
Peas, bush	3,750	Bacon, pkgs	919
Buckwheat, bush	44,800	Lard, tcs	1,913
Barley, bush	6,000	Lard, kegs	5,433
Malt, bush	14,000	Lard, cases	200
Flaxseed, bush	4,57	Tallow, pkgs	111
Cotton, bales	1,258	Grease, pkgs	59
Cottonseed oil, bbls	1,030	Butter, pkgs	3,370
Hay, tons	20	Cheese, pkgs	1,564
Straw, tons	266	Eggs, cases	6,737
Milkfeed, tons	432	Rice, pkgs	159
Hides, bales	1,988	Rice chaff, bags	300
Hops, bales	6,240	Grass seed, bags	800
Leather, sides	409	Prunes, pkgs	766
Leaf, pkgs	380	Silk, pkgs	654
Leaf, bbls	125	Spelter, pieces	60
Pitch, bbls	22	Tobacco, hhds	31
Dressed hogs, No	2,450	Tobacco, tcs	2,252
Dressed poultry, pkgs	460	Tobacco, pkgs	878
Live poultry, crates	1,903	Whiskey, bbls	
Apples, bbls	10,563		
Potatoes, bbls			

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Iron, No. 1 ldy	$12 00	Flour, Minn. patents	$4 25
Iron, No. 2 soft	10 87½	Cotton, middling	6⅝
Steel, rails	18 00	Coffee, No. 7 Rio	5
Pig iron, warrants	8 50	Sugar, granulated	5
Lake copper inact	16 15	Molasses, O. K. prime	32
Tin	24 40	Beef, family	10 50
Lead	4 35	Beef, hams	18 25
Spelter	4 10	Tallow, prime	4⅛
Wheat, No. 2 red	83⅝	Pork, mess	10 25
Corn, No. 2 mixed	45½	Hogs, dressed, 100 lb	5¾
Oats, No. 2 mixed	35	Lard, prime	5 95

EXPORTS TO-DAY.

Wheat, bush	146,631	Spirits turp, gals	910
Corn, bush	32	Rosin, bbls	625
Oats, bush	720	Pitch, bbls	6
Rye, bush	6	Tar, bbls	22
Peas, bush	16,778	Refined pet, gals	1,774,847
Beans, bush	1,365	Cottonseed oil, gals	720
Flour, bbls	11,807	Lubricating oil, gals	124,600
Flour, sacks	9,574	Pork, bbls	3,000
Cornmeal, bbls	400	Beef, bbls	241
Feed, lb	1,500	Beef, tcs	233
Oatmeal, pkgs	1,275	Bacon, lb	1,177,450
Bran, lb	5,780	Hams, lb	44,000
Grass seed, bags	1,227	Lard, lb	341,840
Hay, bales	1,168	Lard oil, gals	2,000
Hops, bales	1,027	Tallow, lb	114,000
Whiskey, gals	2,450	Grease, lb	16,000
Malt, bush	852,875	Butter, lb	234,700
Grain, lb	1,526,700	Cheese, lb	167,100

GENERAL MARKET REPORT

New-York, January 26, 1899.

COFFEE—Speculative enthusiasm ran high on the Coffee Exchange to-day, and total transactions of 44,000 bags represent one of the largest markets in a long while—in fact, something over a year. The appearance of very substantial outside investment orders for the bull clique to work respectfully, and for the best figures of the day, a fair of 5 points was scored. Initial cables indicated a further improvement in European markets, both as to speculative activity and the temper of sentiment. Other factors tending to strengthen the confidence of longs here included a marked increase in the distribution of supplies from United States warehouses, an insignificant movement from interior points to Brazilian ports, a sharp drop in the American visible supply and buying orders from abroad. Aboy the only cause for hesitation were signs of weakness at Rio, but as that market reported unchanged quotations the long trade gave it little attention, but little thought. The Santos market was closed on account of a holiday. The ins and outs of the long market were unquestionably in favor of the long interest, support from outside sources holding good, while in the spot department attention of buyers appeared to have taken a more definite form. At the close the market was steady at a net gain of 15@25 points. A further advance was made in the Rio rate of exchange, to 17d. No clearances from Brazilian ports for this country were reported. The market for spot Brazil coffee was not very active, but closed steadier in tone than in some time. Quotations were a shade better, say, on the basis of 7¾@8¼c. for invoice lots of No 7 Rio. Some traders claimed that the market was easily on a 8¼c basis, while still others stated that an advance was not justified by actual sales.

The range of contract prices in the local market to-day was as follows:

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday.
January	—	—	—	5.40@5.55	5.50
February	5.60	5.60	5.60	5.55@5.60	5.40
March	5.65	5.75	5.65	5.70@5.75	5.55
April	5.85	5.85	5.85	5.80@5.85	5.65
May	5.90	5.90	5.90	5.85@5.90	5.70
June	—	—	—	5.95@6.00	5.75
July	6.00	6.10	5.90	6.05@6.10	5.85
August	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.15@6.20	5.95
September	6.15	6.25	6.05	6.20@6.25	6.05
October	6.10	6.25	6.10	6.25@6.30	6.05
November	6.15	6.25	6.20	6.40@6.45	6.15
December	6.20	6.45	6.20	6.40@6.45	6.15

Foreign Coffee Markets—Santos—Coffee market holiday. Hamburg—Coffee market opened unchanged at 2.30 p. m. and closed unchanged, selling higher, sales, 4,000 bags. Havre—Coffee market opened steady and ¼ franc higher at 12 m., unchanged at 3 p. m., steady and unchanged, closing prices ½ franc higher, total sales, 20,000 bags.

Rio—Coffee market weak. No 7 Rio, 8¼c; exchange, 17d; receipts, 9,000 bags; cleared for the United States, 10,000 bags; stock, 213,000 bags.

January	5.90	July	5.95
February	5.95	August	5.95
March	5.95	September	5.95
April	5.95	October	5.95
May	5.95	November	5.95
June	5.95	December	5.95

The statistical position of Brazil coffee is as follows:

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Last week.
New-York deliveries	26,210	15,773	18,442
Baltimore deliveries	250	518	150
New-Orleans deliveries	600	883	920
Total deliveries	27,060	16,174	19,612
New-York stock	682,019	708,229	684,319
Baltimore stock	72,253	72,513	59,230
New-Orleans stock	28,262	28,878	30,501
Stock at all ports	782,534	809,620	774,050
Afloat	492,000	492,000	550,000
Visible supply	1,274,534	1,301,620	1,330,050
Same time 1898	1,080,082	1,089,402	1,119,205

COTTON—There was no sign of subsiding interest in cotton to-day. On the contrary, trading was on the increase and far-reaching. A flood of outside investment orders and heavy covering by shorts sent prices up with a whirl at the start, opening sales showing an advance of 3 to 5 points over the close of last night. The bulge was followed by an almost equally heavy break under an avalanche of realizing sales and a quick turn of trading tears. While showing more or less feverishness the market steadily improved later in the forenoon, and in the afternoon the early afternoon. The opening flurry was directly due to very strong English cables and bullish advices from nearly all portions of the cotton belt. Even the more rabid bulls were hardly prepared for an advance of 5 to 6 points in futures at Liverpool, and an advance of 1 16d in spot cotton, as indicated in the official cables. That shorts were scared for a time is putting it mildly, but with later advices of a less bullish turn some hearts regained some of their old-time composure and took a more conservative view of the situation. Commission houses received large telephonic orders, while the telegraphic wires were kept hot with business from outside points. The unloading shortly after the call had little influence with the stronger holders of cotton, many of whom believed the sales to be for the general good of the market in that they did much to eliminate weaker holdings from the situation. In hammering the markets the bears only succeeded in creating additional, excessive, short lines without accomplishing the purpose intended. All sorts of reports were in circulation as to the remarkable rise in Liverpool, but the one given the greatest credence was that shorts abroad had become badly frightened by the tremendous wave of speculative enthusiasm in progress in this country, fearing that after the unaccountable advance in stocks, cotton was not immune from equally sensational possibilities should speculation turn its undivided attention in that direction. Liverpool, both bought and sold all through the session, orders from the Continent were chiefly for the purchase of the near months. The South was a good buyer around the opening, but later in the day was generously on as a seller of the August and new crop months. The better feeling was less marked in the New-Orleans market, which, after opening 5 points higher, immediately broke to last night's prices with subsequent fluctuations rather sluggish though generally favorable to friends of the staple. Crop news was practically a repetition of information received earlier in the week; planters were said to be making indifferent progress so far as preparing the fields for new seed was concerned; demand for fertilizers continued light, picking was making little headway, while the movement marketward and forward was hanging fire. From the textile centres of the country came the news that cotton goods were very strong, owing to light stocks, the higher price of raw material and increasing demand in all directions. Late in the afternoon prices slowly gave way under realizing and Liverpool arbitrage business. The cotton market closed steady at 1 point lower to 2 points net advance. The more cautious operators were seen to be trimming their accounts for a reaction, fearing the market to be over long.

The range of contract prices in the local market to-day was as follows:

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday.
January	6.14	6.14	6.07	6.07@6.08	6.07
February	6.14	6.14	6.09	6.07@6.08	6.05
March	6.15	6.16	6.09	6.09@6.10	6.08
April	6.16	6.18	6.14	6.13@6.14	6.11
May	6.20	6.23	6.16	6.16@6.17	6.15
June	6.20	6.23	6.17	6.16@6.17	6.15
July	6.22	6.23	6.17	6.17@6.18	6.17
August	6.23	6.28	6.20	6.20@6.21	6.20
September	6.10	6.12	6.08	6.06@6.07	6.07
October	6.10	6.12	6.06	6.06@6.07	6.07
November	6.08	6.12	6.05	6.06@6.08	6.07
December	6.15	6.15	6.10	6.09@6.10	6.09

The day's business was conservatively estimated at 310,600 to 320,000 bales, with August displaying the greater amount of activity.

Spot cotton closed steady, with prices unchanged, on the basis of 6⅝c for middling upland, and 6¾c for middling gulf, as compared with 5 15-16c and 6 3-16c respectively a year ago. Sales of 1,748 bales included 400 for export, 948 to spinners and 800 for delivery on contract. Spot cotton in Southern markets (middling quoted) was reported by telegrams as follows: Mobile firm, 5¾c, 1-16c higher, sales 500 bales. Savannah firm, 5¾c, 1-16c higher. Augusta steady, 6¼c, 1-16c higher, sales 85 bales. Baltimore nominal, 6¼c. Norfolk firm, 5 15-16c, 1-16c higher, sales 85 bales. Philadelphia nominal, 6¼c. New-Orleans firm, 5 15-16c, 1-16c higher, sales 1,268 bales. Galveston firm, 5¾c, 1-16c higher, sales 800 bales. Memphis firm, 5 11-16c, sales 1,500 bales.

The export movement is as follows:

Total to-day	Great Britain.	France.	Continent.
Total for this week	13,184	—	15,757
Total since September 1	51,415	16,290	71,971
Receipts at New-Orleans	2,617,077	569,889	1,854,105

Receipts at New-Orleans to-morrow were officially estimated to be 6,500 to 7,500 bales, against 8,503 bales active last week and 10,970 bales last year. To-morrow's receipts at Houston were estimated at 2,700 to 2,800 bales, against 4,848 bales last week and 5,948 bales last year.

Receipts at the port and interior points to-day compared with the same day last week and last year:

	To-day.	Last week	Last year	Present stock
Galveston	4,535	3,062	6,719	240,753
New-Orleans	7,729	4,943	8,697	450,156
Mobile	610	610	516	37,623
Savannah	3,696	3,688	8,158	114,237
Charleston	151	519	1,998	52,625
Wilmington	1,314	—	442	12,661
Norfolk	1,527	1,258	1,160	83,111
Baltimore	—	—	—	40,418
New-York	524	116	1,469	108,097
Boston	2,101	2,109	543	—
Philadelphia	389	352	365	16,600
Various	—	—	—	8,293
Totals	22,576	15,947	26,076	1,079,184
Interior:				
Augusta	489	161	656	45,568
Memphis	1,636	1,294	2,633	106,828
St. Louis	200	648	323	80,622

Cincinnati	2,218	1,753	2,512	16,006		
Houston	1,536	3,603	5,093	165,878		

Cotton Exchange special Liverpool cables—Spot cotton, a hardening tendency; sales, 10,000 bales; speculation and export, 1,000; American, 9,000; receipts, 28,000; American, 23,000; middling upland, 3 5-16d. Futures opened irregular, 3½@5 points advance; closed barely steady, 4@4½-64 net advance; January, 3.16½b; January-February, 3.16½b; February-March, 3.16½b; March-April, 3.17b; April-May, 3.18b; May-June, 3.19b; June-July, 3.19½b; July-August, 3.20½b; August-September, 3.20½b; September-October, 3.20½b; October-November, 3.20½b; November-December, 3.21b. Manchester—Yarns quiet; cloths, the higher price asked checks business.

FLOUR AND MEAL—Decided strength and increased activity developed in flour, prices for which advanced 5@10c, with the market closing firm, and many holders refusing to sell, having limits wired them from the mills they represent much above the present trading basis. Spring patents, $4 10@$4 35; winter straights, $3 70@$3 75; winter patents, $3 85@$4 10; spring clears, $3 15@$3 40; extra No 1 winter, $2 85@$3; extra No 2 winter, $2 70@$2 80; no grade, $1 67½, to arrive; buckwheat flour, $1 90. RYE FLOUR—Firm. Quoted: Good to fair, $3 20@$3 30; choice to fancy, $3 35@$3 50. CORNMEAL—Firm. Quoted: Kiln-dried, $2 15@$2 25, as to brand. BAGMEAL—Steady. Quoted: Fine white, 90c; fine yellow, 85c@$1; coarse, 85@86c. FEED—Firm. Quoted: Spring bran, bulk, to arrive and spot, $14 75@$15; sacks, to arrive, 200 lb, $15@$15 25; coarse winter bran, $13@$13 50; latter white, fine, $14 25@$14 50; middlings, $15@$18; city feed, $15@$16; hominy chop, $16 50; olimeal, $25 50@$26.

GRAIN—WHEAT—Speculation in grain, which for some time has been steadily broadening, became erratic to-day. The general course of prices was strongly and finally upward. Exporters continued to resist the advance, and after the market had opened with a gain of 1⅛c on yesterday's closing prices the foreign contingent succeeded in bringing about a reaction of ⅜c. Later, however, the market once more broke away from them, and the rank and file of the more local short interests. Buying orders became numerous from outside sources, especially from Wall Street, as well as from the neighborhood of the Cotton Exchange. On this indication of vigor many of the exporters changed front and became active buyers. The upward movement of prices at this point was also accelerated by every indication of tremendous strength and speculative activity at Chicago. All of the Western markets wheeled into line, and contributed to the advance and general stability of the situation. At times intense excitement prevailed. The rise was not unattended by violent reactions, but the undertone of the market was vigorous. Large blocks were kicked about the grain pit like footballs, and the volume of the day's trading was exceptionally heavy. At one time the New-York market showed a net advance of 4¼c. May wheat having sprung up from 78⅝c, last night's closing figure, to 82⅞c. The market at the strongest interval was made wild by reports that exporters were taking all the cash wheat they could lay their hands on. These reports materialized to the extent of 39 loads of wheat and 61 loads of corn, a very respectable business, but not enough to justify the claims of the speculators, and a reaction of 1⅜c followed, then the market became choppy, changing frequently within a narrow range, but finally closing firm, in tone and at a net rise of 2⅞@3¼c. The sole explanation for such a rise in our market yesterday justified: private cables said that the English advance was altogether due, as far as it went, to the rise here yesterday, and that if the advance continued here to-day the English response would be full and complete to-morrow. The disposition ahead has been to consider the rise in prices on this side of the water too much an affair of speculation. To-day for the first time in quite a while exporters, whether wanting cash supplies or short of the remote futures, showed some genuine alarm. After their early morning attempt to break the market they lost no opportunity for the rest of the session to cover. The fact that Great Britain and the Continent were carrying small stocks, Liverpool being particularly short of supplies, and the fact that Argentine shipments and shipments from other grain-producing countries were doubtful factors as to quantity, quality and time of availability now turned the attention of foreign buyers seriously toward American supplies, with a positive fear that American farmers are better able to hold their stocks than for many seasons past, generally having ample funds. This combination of influences was discovered by American speculators some time ago, only to be resisted by foreigners who swung into line to-day for the first time with anything like a general movement. The rise in the price of wheat this week has already been a matter of 8c. Export sales for the entire coast, chiefly from Gulf ports, to-day reached 325,000 bush, largely from Gulf clearances of wheat and flour all ports, 675,000 bush; interior receipts, 655,000 bush, against 240,000 a year ago. A cold wave is rapidly working toward the winter wheat belt, another bullish factor. Strong cables are expected from Great Britain to-morrow, as well as from other European centres, following the 1¾d rise to-day at Liverpool, the slight advance at London, the improving tendency at Antwerp and Berlin and the small decline reported for Paris to-day. Gossip following the close of Change was in nearly all cases bullish. Quotations for cash wheat f. o. b. afloat basis, were as follows: No 2 red, 86⅝c to arrive; No 1 Northern Duluth, 86c spot, No 2 Northern Duluth, 84c spot; No 1 Northern New-York, 85⅝c spot; No 1 hard Manitoba, 87½c to arrive.....CORN—Chiefly as an affair of sympathy with the rise in wheat, the corn market took a higher level, opening ⅜c higher, only to lose the advance, but again turning very strong, at one time showing a net gain of ⅝c, and finally ⅜c above the closing figures of yesterday. While speculation in corn was not particularly active, it showed a decided gain, and had the support of decided activity in the cash corn department, where sales reached 61 loads. There was some realizing in the way of option selling, but buyers were on hand for everything offered. No 2 corn closed 40⅛c for old and 44⅜c for new.....OATS—There was also a firmer market for oats, which were favorably influenced more by the advance of wheat and corn than through any inherent speculative energy. Light receipts, however, continued to be a feature. A very fair business was done in cash oats. No 2 oats closed at 35c; No 2 oats, 34½c; No 2 white, 36½c; No 3 white, 36c; No 2 white clipped, 37@38½c; track white, 36@40c.....RYE—Market stronger. No 2 Western, 67c f. o. b. afloat; No 1 Western, 67½c f. o. b. afloat; State rye, 61c c. i. f. New-York.....BUCKWHEAT—Market nominally firm, quoted 56c c. i. f. track New-York.

NEW-YORK PRICES.

Wheat.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday.
March	83⅞	85⅝	83⅛	85⅝	82⅛
May	80⅞	82⅞	79⅝	81⅞	78⅝
Corn:					
March	43⅞	43⅝	43⅝	—	—
May	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	43¼
Lard:					
January	—	—	—	$5 97	$5 97

CHICAGO PRICES.

Wheat.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yesterday.
January	73⅝	79⅛	73⅝	74⅞	—
May	73	76⅛	73	74⅞	71⅞
Corn:					
January	—	—	—	36⅛	36⅛
May	28⅝	29⅛	28⅛	28⅝	28⅝
July	29	29½	28 13-16	29⅛	28⅝
Oats:					
January	—	—	—	27½	26⅛
May	25½	29	25⅝	28⅝	28⅝
July	26⅝	27⅛	26⅝	26⅞	26⅝
Lard:					
January	—	—	—	$5 67½	$5 65
May	$5 87½	$5 90	$5 85	$5 87½	$5 85
Ribs:					
January	5 05	5 05	4 95	5 02½	5 00
May	5 15	5 20	5 12½	5 17½	5 15
Pork:					
January	—	—	—	10 32½	10 22½
May	10 50	10 62½	10 42½	10 57½	10 42½

Receipts of breadstuffs at interior points in thousands, last three ciphers (000) omitted. Flour bbls, grain bush.

	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
Chicago	15	143	483	254	10	44
Milwaukee	5	26	10	42	9	20
Minneapolis	—	234	54	4	4	7
Duluth	—	181	70	35	8	6
St. Louis	2	18	92	81	—	—
Kansas City	—	75	19	7	—	—
Toledo	—	17	93	5	1	—
Detroit	4	8	5	2	—	—
Peoria	—	—	66	24	—	—
Totals	26	685	912	377	32	77
Shipments from these points:						
Chicago	33	39	274	213	35	15
Milwaukee	7	7	2	1	1	15
Minneapolis	30	23	35	26	8	3
St. Louis	5	10	58	13	—	—
Kansas City	—	42	7	8	—	—
Toledo	—	13	106	8	2	—
Detroit	1	6	5	—	—	—
Peoria	—	—	19	23	—	—
Totals	65	142	505	290	43	33
Receipts at Atlantic ports:						
New-York	28	117	10	55	1	45
Boston	3	58	90	27	—	—
Philadelphia	9	53	18	13	7	—
Baltimore	5	58	250	8	7	5
New-Orleans	8	5	36	7	—	—
Galveston	—	40	28	—	1	—
Totals	48	328	533	110	16	50
Exports from Atlantic ports:						
New-York	19	150	—	1	17	—
Boston	24	65	79	—	—	—
Philadelphia	—	107	152	11	—	—
Baltimore	15	72	254	—	—	—
New-Orleans	2	24	155	—	—	—
Totals	60	418	640	12	17	—

METALS—More or less irregularity was noted in to-day's market. The feature of the session was a sharp change of front in tin, under less favorable news from abroad and increased offerings. Well sustained strength and a fair amount of activity was shown in the other departments, copper attracting the larger share of attention in this respect, and leading in the upward move. At the close the Metal Exchange called pig-iron warrants firm; spot quoted at $8 50, nominal. Copper at the close was strong and higher, with spot to April quoted at $16 bid, $16 25 asked. Tin closed easier; spot, $24 25 bid, $24 50 asked; January, $24 bid, $24 25 asked; February, $23 75 bid, $24 asked. Lead closed strong and higher, with spot to February quoted at $4 35 bid, and $4 37½ asked. Spelter at the close was firmer in tone, with spot and February quoted at $5 65 bid and $5 75 asked. The closing London cables reported copper steady; spot, £67, futures, £67 2s 6d. Tin steady; spot, £108 2s 6d; futures, £107 10s. The quotations for soft Spanish lead and for spelter were £13 5s. and £25 17s 6d, respectively.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—The better lines continue to show pronounced strength on light offerings and small stocks. The lower or inferior grades command indifferent attention and find a slow market. Syrups rule firm, but rather quiet. We quote: New-Orleans centrifugal, common, 19@14c; fair, new, 19@16c; good, new, 16@20c; prime, new, 21@27c. New-Orleans, open kettle, new, 22@30c. Porto Rico, 28@35c; syrups, common, 12@13c; fair, 14½@15½c; good, 16@17c; prime, 18@19c. Fancy, 21@27c.

OCEAN FREIGHTS—The market for berth freights was dull and weak at the following quotations: Liverpool, 2d; London, 3d; Glasgow, 3d; Bristol, 3½d; Leith, 3½d; Hull, 3½d; Newcastle, 3½d; Antwerp, 3d; Hamburg, 40 pfgs; Rotterdam, 7c; Amsterdam, 7c; cotton to Liverpool, per 100 lb, 18c nominal; London, oats, 1s 6d.....FREIGHTS—Sail tonnage continues in good demand in many of the various departments, and rates are firm, owing to the light offerings. Steam freights were very quiet, there being little or no inquiry for tonnage, and rates, in consequence, have an easier tendency.

OILS—Without change in prices the market for cottonseed oil ruled quiet and closed firm. Linseed oil was fairly active at well-sustained prices; petroleum quiet and unchanged. We quote: Petroleum, bbls, $7 40, and in bulk, $4 90; Philadelphia, bbls, $7 35, and in bulk, $4 85; refined, cases, $8 15; crude naphtha, carboys, $10; deodorized, $10 50.....COTTONSEED OIL—Prime crude, 19c; prime crude, f. o. b. mills, 15½@16½c; prime summer yellow, 22½@24c; off summer yellow, 22c; butter grades, 26@30c; prime white, 29@30c; prime winter yellow, 30@31c; linseed, American, raw, 41@42c; American, boiled, 43@44c; Calcutta, raw, 54c; lard oil, 46@48c.

PROVISIONS—There was a firmer market for provisions at the opening, followed by a period of reaction, when grain was temporarily breaking, but when the wheat and corn markets took another upturn there was a prompt response by provisions, the market for which closed firm at all points.....PORK—Firm. Quoted: Mess, $9 75@$10 50; family, $10 50@$11 25; short clear, $10 50@$12 50; $10 50.....BEEF—Steady. Quoted: Mess, $8 50@$9; family, $10 @$11; packet, $9 50@$10; extra India mess, $15@$16.....BEEF HAMS—Steady; quoted, $18@$18 50.....DRESSED HOGS—Firmer. Quoted: Bacon, 5¾c; 180 lb, 5¼c; 160 lb, 5⅝c; pigs, 5¾c.....CUT MEATS—Pickled bellies dull; quoted, smoking bellies, 5¾c; 10 lb, 5¾c; 12 lb, 5¾@5¾c; 14 lb, 5⅝@5¾c. Pickled shoulders steady; quoted, 4c. Pickled hams quiet; quoted, 7c. Western green, 16 lb, 6½c. Western S. P. 6¾c.....TALLOW—Firm, city, 4 1-16@4¼c; country, 4¼@4½c.....LARD—Steady; quoted, 5 80@5c; city lard firm; quoted, 5.55c bid; refined lard firm; quoted, South America, 6.50c; Continent, 6.10c; Brazil, kegs, 7.60c; compound steady; quoted, city, 4¾c; Western, 4½c.....STEARINE—Steady. Quoted: Oleo, 5¾c; city lard stearine, 6½c.

RICE—The situation locally is without radical change. The high grades domestic and foreign staple were in urgent call to-day at full rates, but the less choice lots met with small sales and showed a relatively easier position. Reports from the South were generally favorable, as heretofore. We quote: Domestic, common to low fair, 3¾@4¼c; fair to good, 4½@5¼c; prime to choice, 5¼@6¼c; head, 6¾@7c; Patna, 5@5½c; do in bond, 3@3½c; Japan, 5@5¼c; Java, 4⅝@5¼c; Rangoon in bond, 2⅝@3¼c.

SUGAR—A generally firm undertone pervaded the market for refined sugar all day. Business was on moderate lines at unchanged prices. The outlook for activity and a healthy state of affairs in general was very encouraging at the close. We quote: Dominos, 5¾c; cut loaf and crushed, 5½c; powdered and coarse powdered, 5¼c; granulated and fine granulated, 5c; coarse granulated and extra fine granulated, 5⅛c; confectioners' granulated, 5⅛c; cubes, 5⅛c. XXXX powdered and mould A, 5⅜c; diamond A, 5c; confectioners' A, 4⅞c; Nos 1, 2 and 3, 4⅞c; No 4, 4.50c; No 5, 4½c; No 6, 4.44c; No 7, 4⅜c; No 8, 4.31c; No 9, 4¼c; Nos 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, 4.18c. The raw sugar department showed an equally firm front despite a rather disappointing turn to the English market. Demand at last prices was decidedly better, although the actual transactions were not of imposing proportions. At the close prices were about on the basis of 4¼c for 96 test centrifugal, 3⅝c for 89 test muscovado, and 3 9-16c for 89 test molasses sugar. The official London cable reported a quiet market for cane sugar at that point, with demand slack. Java was quoted 11s 3d and fair refining 9s 9d. Beet sugar was quiet, with prices barely maintained; present month rated 9s 6d and next month 9s 6d, the latter being a decline of ¼d.

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

New-York, January 26, 1899.

BEANS AND PEAS—Trade was very slow to-day, but the market has undergone no material change. A few marrow are reported sold for export at $1 47½, but some fancy stock is still commanding $1 50 in a jobbing way. Medium and pea must be very choice to reach our top figures. Red kidney are dull and rather easy. Would be difficult to exceed $1 75 for any quantity. White kidney are strong. Green peas are low but firmly held. We quote: Beans, marrow, 1898, choice, per bush, $1 47½@$1 50; do medium, 1898, choice, $1 30@$1 32½; do pea, 1898, choice, $1 25@$1 27½; do red kidney, 1898, choice, $1 75@$1 77½; do white kidney, 1898, choice, $1 85@$1 90; do yellow eye, 1898, choice, $1 50; do black turtle soup, 1898, choice, $1 65@$1 70; do lima, California, $2 30@$2 35; green peas, bags, 92½c; do Scotch, bags, $1 62½.

BUTTER—The market held steady for extra fresh creamery and there was fair trading on the basis of 19c. We note some call also for good firsts at 18c, but the lower qualities dragged and prices favored buyers slightly. Held creamery has scarcely any home trade, and exporters are lowering their bids a little, most sales at 15½@16½c. State dairy is a little easier in price and sells rather slowly. Factory had sales for export at 13½@14c, mainly; business above the latter figure is now too exceptional to quote. We quote: Creamery, Western, extras, per lb, 19c; do firsts, 17½@18c; do thirds to seconds, 14@17c; do State, finest, 18@18½c; do firsts, 17@17½c; do thirds to seconds, 14@16½c; Western June, finest, 16½@17c; do good to prime, 13@16c. State dairy, half-firkin tubs, fresh made, finest, 17c; do firsts, 15@15½c; do seconds, 14@14½c; Welsh tubs, fresh, finest, 16½@17c; do seconds to firsts, 14@16c; State dairy, tubs, thirds, 13@13½c; do firkins, finest, 15c; do thirds to seconds, 13@14½c; Western imitation creamery, extras, 16@16½c; do firsts, 14½@15c; do seconds, 13@14c; factory, June, finest, 13½@14c; do thirds to firsts, 12@13c; factory, fresh, extras, 14c; do firsts, 12½@13½c; do seconds, 13@13½c; do lower grades, 12@12½c; rolls, fresh, choice to fancy, 13½@14c; do common to prime, 12@13c.

CHEESE—The out of town demand continues very satisfactory, and with a moderate local jobbing trade the market continues to show a firm tone. Most of the sales of large size full cream have been at 10½c, and small sizes from 11@11¼c, though occasional exceptionally fancy lots have been reported at a premium. Exporters are showing very little interest, though we hear of occasional inquiries from that class of buyers for under-priced cheese, supplies of which are quite moderate. Skims have some inquiry, but stocks are narrow compared and prices firmly held. Liverpool cable, 49s for both colored and white. We quote: State, full cream, September to October, large, colored or white, fancy, per lb, 10½c; do, colored or white, November, choice, 9¾@10c; do good to prime, 9¼@9½c; do common to fair, 7@8c; do September and October, small, colored or white, fancy, 11@11¼c; do small, November, good to choice, 10@10¼c; do common to fair, 7@9c; part skims, small, choice, 8¼@9c; do large, choice, 7¾@8c; do good to prime, 6¼@6¾c; do common to fair, 4½@5½c; full skims, 3½@4c.

EGGS—At the opening this morning there was a little business in fine fresh Western at 18¾@19c, but the supply became more liberal, and later 18½c was accepted, in fact the bulk of the day's business was on the basis of the latter price. Demand was very good, but buyers felt that yesterday's price was a little too high for safety. Prime Southern brought 18c, and some of the finest Kentucky lots sold even with Western. Refrigerators are dull. We quote: State and Pennsylvania, average best, per dozen, case count, 19c; do Western, fresh gathered, firsts, 18½c; do Washington, fresh gathered, firsts, case count, 18@18½c; do Kentucky, fresh, good to choice, 16@16½c; do Tennessee and Virginia, fresh, good to prime, case count, 16c; other Southern, 17@18c; refrigerators, fair to prime, 13½@15c.

FRUITS—FRESH—Apples continue fairly plenty, but only a small proportion of strictly fancy fruit, and such grades are firm, occasionally exceeding quotations. On average grades, however, there is little if any change in the range of quotations. Cranberries are in good demand and held with increasing confidence. Florida oranges in moderate supply, and fancy fruit in good demand and firm, but ordinary stock is dull and prices in most cases in favor of the buyer. Florida strawberries in moderate supply, but quality irregular, most of the berries having been picked too green, and selling slowly at 40@50c per quart for best refrigerators. A few lots of Florida pineapples have appeared, but hardly sufficient to establish quotations. We quote: Apples, Northern, Greening, extra fancy, per bbl, $4 50@$5 50; do Baldwin, $4@$4 50; do common to good, $2 50@$3 25; do State, Greening, good to fancy, $3 50@$4; do Spy, good to prime, $3@$3 50; do Baldwin, fancy, $3 50@$3 75; do good to prime, $2 75@$3 25; winter red varieties, poor to fair, $2@$2 50. Pacific Coast boxes, as to kind and quality, $2@$3. Cranberries, Cape Cod, per box, $3 50@$5; per case of 15 2-lb baskets, $1 65@$1 75; do, per 5 lb basket, 13@15c; cranberries, Cape Cod, extra large varieties, fancy, per bbl, $7; do usual varieties, good to fancy, $6@$6 50; do common to fair, $4 50@$5 50; Jersey, good to choice, per bbl, $4 50@$5; do extra, per crate, $1 60; do good to prime, per crate, $1 40@$1 50; do poor to fair, $1@$1 25. oranges, Florida, per box, $3 50@$5; grape fruit, per box, $4@$10; tanger