BIG STEEL ENTERPRISE.

PLANS FOR THE PLANT AT SYDNEY, CAPE BRETON, WELL UNDER WAY.

Montreal, Sept. 16 (Special).—As the details of the Canadian iron and steel venture on which H. M. Whitney and his associates have embarked become known, the extent of the enterprise is revealed. With a capital of $20,000,000 the company expects to have in running order in a few years an establishment which will probably be unique. The iron will be brought to the wharves at Sydney from the company's own mine at Bell Island, in Conception Bay, and there it will be turned first into iron and then into steel. This output, it is hoped to utilize to a great degree in shipbuilding, the establishment of a shipyard on a scale to rival that of the Cramps being part of the scheme.

If the plans are carried through the Dominion treasury will be taxed for a heavy sum in bounties; $2 a ton is paid for iron smelted in Canada and $3 a ton for steel which is native made. The Dominion Coal and Steel Company expects to reach an output of 800 tons of steel daily, all made from their own iron; in this way they will get double bounties, aggregating $5 a ton. They will therefore draw $4,000 a day from the Dominion treasury, or over $1,200,000 a year.

The company's works at Sydney, Cape Breton, are being erected at tidewater, with wharves at which the largest steamers can tie up. There are to be four smelting furnaces, each with a minimum capacity of 250 tons a day. The steel works will be near the smelting furnaces, so that the molten iron can be transferred there and converted into steel without being allowed to cool. The steel plant will have a minimum capacity of 800 tons a day. The company will make its own coke for smelting, and immense ovens for this purpose are being built. These will be so constructed that the gas produced in the process will be utilized in the making of steel. One of the blast furnaces will, it is expected, be in operation by August of next year, and others will follow until the whole will be in operation by the fall of 1901. The steel plant will be somewhat later in getting into operation, but the promoters expect to have the whole gigantic establishment in complete running order within three years from date.

COAL AND IRON FROM ITS OWN MINES.

The demand for coal will be immense, and it will be supplied from the company's own mines in the immediate neighborhood, at a price lower, it is said, than it is possible for the Pittsburg iron men to secure their coal. The company owns seven mines at Sydney, capable of yielding 3,500,000 tons of coal annually. Limestone is abundant near Sydney, and agents of Mr. Whitney have been quietly buying up those properties during the last year or so in anticipation of the move that has now been made. In this way plenty of limestone has been secured at low prices.

The iron mines on Bell Island, in Conception Bay, which have been bought for $1,000,000, are said to constitute a remarkable deposit of hematite iron. They were purchased in 1892 by the Ferrona Steel Company, of New-Glasgow, for $120,000; this company has now sold a portion of its holdings for the handsome figure mentioned above. The island is practically a mass of iron, the veins running under the sea. The ore ledges are of most peculiar formation; they are in the shape of segregated cubes formed by cracks running transversely. No. 3 seam, which is now being worked, is ten feet thick, 90 feet wide and three miles long. It is estimated that there are 25,000,000 tons of ore available on the island without following the seams under the sea. The ore is loaded into cars which are carried to the wharves by an endless cable. The cars are unloaded automatically into pockets, from which the ships are loaded. The cost of the ore free on board is about 30 cents a ton, and it is said that the ore laid down at the blast furnaces will not cost more than 50 cents a ton.

The directors of the company include a number of the rich men of Canada. Among them are Sir William Van Horne and R. B. Angus, of the Canadian Pacific Railway; R. G. Reid, the Newfoundland railway magnate; James Ross, of Montreal, and Senator Cox, of Toronto. Two New-Yorkers are on the directorate—A. H. Paget and H. P. Dimock. The master mind of the whole enterprise is H. M. Whitney, of Boston, who is president and managing director. Mr. Whitney has announced his intention of making his home in Sydney as soon as work on the undertaking is a little further advanced.

ORDERS A TWIN SCREW YACHT.

TO BE USED BY THE HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE FOR ITS LONG CRUISES.

The Hamburg-American Line has given orders to the shipbuilding firm of Blohm & Voss, at Hamburg, for the construction of a large twin screw cruising yacht, which is to be named the Princess Louise Victoria.

The success of the line's cruises to Norway, the North Cape and Spitzbergen in the summer, and to the Mediterranean and the Orient in winter, by express steamers, has prompted the company to build this yacht, with a view of offering to their patrons on long cruises better advantages in point of arrangement and comfort than the express liner affords. The space on this vessel, which will have a length of 400 feet, will be devoted to the accommodation of about two hundred first class passengers. No cargo or mail is to be carried. Her average speed is to be about sixteen knots. She will have a figurehead bow, and her appearance in general is intended to be that of a private pleasure yacht.

The arrangement and equipment of the staterooms will receive special consideration. They will all be outside and unusually large, light, well ventilated and comfortable, and many of them will have private baths and toilet rooms attached. There will be no upper berths, as only lower extension berths are to be provided in the staterooms. For the accommodation of single women or men who do not wish to share a room with a stranger there will be single staterooms. There are also to be new features in the construction of the main dining saloon, drawing rooms, social hall and smoking room. She will be ready for service in July, 1900.

EX-SENATOR PAVEY ON DREYFUS.

HE ATTENDED ONE SESSION OF THE TRIAL AT RENNES.

Ex-State Senator Frank D. Pavey returned home yesterday after a long vacation in Europe. Senator Pavey was fortunate enough, through the aid of friends, to obtain admission to the courtroom at Rennes while the trial of Dreyfus was in progress.

"While I was in the court," Senator Pavey said to a Tribune reporter who saw him on the American Line pier, where he had just landed from the St. Louis, "I heard Senator Trarieux, ex-Minister of Justice, giving evidence; that is, he was presumed to be giving his evidence, but as a matter of fact his testimony was nothing more than an argumentative address of two hours' duration. The French trial methods, as I saw them at Rennes, are, viewed from an American point of view, extremely peculiar. The evidence that was submitted to the court would not be received in this country, for the reason that it was almost entirely of an indirect character and founded on hearsay. Witnesses were allowed to give their individual opinions as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner, while the taking of evidence was frequently interrupted by protests and contradictions coming from people in the courtroom."

Senator Pavey would not give his personal opinion of the verdict of the court martial, but he said that all intelligent Frenchmen with whom he came in contact, while they did not think Dreyfus would be acquitted, expressed their conviction that there was not sufficient proof of his guilt forthcoming. Of Dreyfus himself Senator Pavey said:

"I found him to be a much finer looking man than I supposed him to be. While his hair has turned nearly white, he has a good complexion, and appears to be well and healthy. His manner at the trial was perfectly calm and composed. Every class of people in France was intensely interested in the result of the trial, but I do not think there will be any further disturbance in France on account of the verdict."

OPENING OF GENERAL SEMINARY.

The opening of the Michaelmas term of the General Theological Seminary will take place as usual on the Wednesday in the September week, which this year falls on September 20. Nearly seventy new students are applying for admission, and if these are all accepted there will be a larger number of students in attendance at the seminary than at any previous time in its history.

It was hoped that the new refectory and gymnasium, Hoffman Hall, and the new dormitories, Eigenbrodt Hall, would be ready for occupation by the beginning of the term. The impossibility of securing the iron for the beams and roof has prevented this, but it is expected that Eigenbrodt Hall will be finished in about six weeks and Hoffman Hall at no distant date.

BUREAU OF ELECTIONS CLERKS NAMED.

The Police Board yesterday appointed one hundred temporary clerks in the Bureau of Elections, to aid in canvassing the votes cast at the primaries on Tuesday. Under the law the canvass of the vote must be made within the seventy-two hours after the voting. This requires the large number of extra clerks to do the tabulating. The Police Commissioners have selected a large loft at Elm and Houston sts., in which the clerks will do the tabulating, as there is no room in Police Headquarters for the work.

IN THE HANDS OF A RECEIVER

THE AMERICAN WOOD WORKING MACHINE COMPANY TO REORGANIZE.

The American Wood Working Machine Company, whose offices are at No. 141 Broadway, and whose plants are in various States, has gone into the hands of a receiver, with a view of reorganization. J. E. McKelvey, the secretary and treasurer, has been appointed receiver by the New-Jersey courts, it being a Jersey corporation, and has been appointed ancillary receiver in the various States where it has branches. For some time it has been common report that there was a lack of harmony.

The company was incorporated in December, 1897, with a capital stock of $4,000,000, one-half preferred and one-half common, with an authorized bond issue of $2,000,000. The company is the result of a consolidation of the following concerns: F. H. Clement & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; the Glen Cove Machine Company, Aurora, Ill.; the Levi-Houston Company, Montgomery, Penn.; the Sander Manufacturing Company, Green Bay, Wis.; C. B. Rogers & Co., Norwich, Conn., and the Lehman Machine Company, the Rowley & Herrmance Company, the Williamsport Machine Company and Young Brothers & Co., all of Williamsport, Penn., and the Globe Machine Company, of Evanston, Ill. William Duryea was the first president, and he was succeeded by Frank H. Clement, of Rochester, in March. The company controlled a large part of the wood working machine making plants of the country.

Mr. McKelvey said yesterday that the business would go on without interruption, as heretofore, and added: "It having been found an impossibility to successfully conduct the affairs of this company on the present basis of organization, receivers have been appointed, who, under order of Court, will continue to conduct the business of the corporation as usual, pending an adjustment of matters upon such basis as shall meet the approval of the parties in interest. The following is a brief statement of assets and liabilities, exclusive of the company's factories and equipment, which are mortgaged to secure its bonded debt: Last inventory (dated October 31, 1898), including finished machines and materials, bills and accounts receivable, but excluding plants and equipments, at least $625,000. Accounts and bills payable, not exceeding $320,000."

Mr. McKelvey said he did not care to give the name of the other receiver appointed, as he has not qualified and there might be a change. From other sources it was learned that the inventory of October, 1898, gave the value of the plant, equipment and real estate at $1,290,095, against which $1,200,000 in bonds had been issued.

SAYS SHE WAS FORCED TO STEAL.

MRS. SCHRAMP ACCUSES HER HUSBAND OF COMPELLING HER TO ROB HER EMPLOYER.

If the story told by Mrs. Kate Schramp, who was charged with theft in the Harlem Police Court yesterday is true, she has a strange individual for a husband. She asserts that although her husband owns four houses in Rosebank, Staten Island, and a tenement house in Thirty-third-st., near the East River, rather than draw money from the bank to pay for repairs, he compelled her to steal from her employer. The woman was employed by Frederick Schmittberger, a baker, of No. 183 West Tenth-st. Last Sunday the Schmittberger family attended a German festival at Sulzer's Park. Mrs. Schramp went also, but returned early in the evening in order to open the store. When Mr. Schmittberger arrived home he found that his rooms had been forced open, and that $50 and a gold watch had been taken. He suspected Mrs. Schramp, and informed the police, but there was not sufficient evidence to warrant her arrest. Then he put the matter in the hands of Fuller's Detective Agency, and on Friday one of the detectives obtained a confession from the woman. She charged her husband with compelling her to steal the money, and stated also that he took her wages from her as soon as she received them. She and her husband were held yesterday by Magistrate Zeller in $1,000 bail for examination.

NO CHANGE IN BEEF SITUATION.

RETAIL BUTCHERS TO DISCUSS THE ANTI-TRUST ABATTOIR IDEA ON TUESDAY.

The situation with relation to the rise in the price of beef remains unchanged.

A butcher who supplies well to do people said yesterday: "Our customers read the papers, and know that we are compelled to make this advance, and so they pay it without complaint, but with those butchers who deal with the poorer classes it is different."

A butcher in First-ave. said: "Well, we've reached the limit, and it looks to me as though we are up against it for fair. There hasn't been any money in this business for a month. There isn't any use raising the price, because the people around here can't pay, and unless the prices come down I, for one, have got to shut up shop and find something else to do. I'm losing right along. We've been hanging on by our eyelids, hoping prices would come down and we could even up later."

The Retail Butchers' Mutual Protective Association will hold a meeting next Tuesday night to try, if possible, to raise funds and to formulate plans for building an abattoir here. Word has been received from St. Louis that the retail butchers there are organizing to fight the Beef Trust.

NEW WINDOW GLASS COMBINATION.

Pittsburg, Sept. 16.—James A. Chambers, president of the American Glass Company, is authority for the statement that a window glass combination has been finally effected. The new company will take in fifty of the largest concerns in the country, their aggregate capacity being about two [illegible] pots. This is said to leave only about six hundred pots outside of the combination. The new company will bear the old name, "American Glass Company," and will be capitalized at $17,000,000, $4,000,000 of which will be 7 per cent cumulative preferred and $13,000,000 common stock. No bonds will be issued.

OFFICERS OF COOPERS' UNION.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 16.—The International Coopers' Union voted to hold its next meeting in Boston. It was decided to organize the machine coopers into separate but unaffiliated unions. Daily wages are to be all on an eight hour basis, as follows: Brewery machine coopers, $2.50; flour barrels, whiskey barrels and other slack work, $2.40. The following officers were elected: President, Joseph P. Hamer, Buffalo; vice-president, W. Donnelly, Boston, and general secretary and treasurer, J. A. Cable, Kansas City.

THE PRINT CLOTH MARKET.

Fall River, Mass., Sept. 16 (Special).—Brokers say that the demand for cloth in the local market has been fairly active during the week, and sales of about two hundred thousand pieces are reported. The trading has been confined to the odd counts, which are selling on a basis of 2¾ cents for sixty-four squares, and there seems to be no call for the goods known as regulars. It is said that printers who objected to the pooling arrangement, which fixed the price, are supplying their wants elsewhere, while the contracts of their competitors, who were protected by the selling committee, have not yet expired.

PETITION IN BANKRUPTCY.

A petition in involuntary bankruptcy has been filed here against John D. Scott, a grocer, of New-Rochelle. The creditors allege that he committed an act of bankruptcy by making an assignment on September 8 in Westchester County.

ATTACHMENTS.

The Sheriff has received an attachment against John R. Matlock, jr., of Montclair, N. J., for $1,334 in favor of John Wanamaker, the drygoods merchant, for the amount due on a note dated March 22, payable on July 1. The attachment was obtained on the ground of non-residence.

The Sheriff has received an attachment against Valentine J. Hill, of Brooklyn, for $632, in favor of the Camp Manufacturing Company, which was served on six concerns in this city with whom Mr. Hill does business. The attachment was obtained in the City Court on the ground that Mr. Hill is not a resident of the city of New-York.

THE NEW CHAIR TRUST.

The capitalization of the new chair trust will be from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000. It is proposed to raise $1,500,000 working capital by the sale of preferred stock. The average earnings of the constituent plants are given as $1,500,000. It is proposed to have the preferred stock redeemable at 105 after ten years. The headquarters of the company are to be at No. 30 Broad-st.

OFFICERS OF STATIONARY ENGINEERS.

St. Louis, Sept. 16.—The International Brotherhood of Stationary Engineers, which has been in convention here, has adjourned to meet at Peoria, Ill., next year. The officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: J. W. Morton, Chicago, president; H. V. Bausch, of Toledo, vice-president; C. L. Shamp, Kansas City, secretary and treasurer.

KILLED WHILE HUNTING IN JERSEY.

Burlington, Sept. 16 (Special).—William Lawrence, of this city, was shot and instantly killed on the flats here this afternoon. He and Edgar Horner were gunning for reed birds, and while going through the reeds the gun carried by Horner exploded, one barrel following the other, the entire charge entering Lawrence's head. Lawrence leaves a widow and four small children.

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Frederick Loeser & Co.

BROOKLYN.

Carlsbad Pine Cone Soap.
Nothing else known to science as good for the skin.

Special offer of Candy
at 15c. lb., not charged or sent.

The Broadest Guarantee Given by any Retail House in the World, and What It Means.

This Is the Guarantee:

We guarantee the price of everything we sell to be as low or lower than the same article or pattern can be bought anywhere else. If in a day, a week or a month later you find the same thing lower elsewhere, make a claim upon us and it will be allowed at once.

And This Is What It Means:

It means that in these days of exaggerations and shallowisms, we stand between you and the puffing of misrepresentations. Why? Because we positively guarantee that the prices you pay us for any goods shall always be as low or lower than those you pay anywhere else.

It means that in the mad scramble for business, when artificial and imitative effects are used to crowd out the substantial and genuine, in attempts to undersell us, we gladly make good to you any difference. How? For instance, if we sell you an article to-day for one dollar and to-morrow it is cut to one cent by any one else we will gladly refund you the 99 cents.

It means, in other words, that our system of guarantee always protects you, and renders it absolutely impossible for you to buy anywhere at lower prices than ours.

It means that you can buy of us, with perfect confidence, anything you fancy without the trouble of shopping about. Because if, at a future time, you happen to see the article elsewhere for less than you paid us, you're only to report it to get the difference.

It means that every one of our customers has something really tangible to protect every purchase made at this store.

What protection to you is the oft told statement, "We sell goods cheaper than anyone else"? That doesn't make the assertion a fact. It doesn't protect you if some one else, a month later, offers the same goods fifty per cent less. It doesn't protect you if you find, in a month, the merchandise is not as it was represented or you expected it to be. It isn't wise to buy an article that's merely said to be cheap when a comparison in the best markets will prove it to be dear.

It's always the survival of the fittest, the good, honest merchandise is sure to come to the top, while the make-believe just as surely will reach the bottom. But the unfortunate fact for the public is that some, who compare only with the eye rather than article to article, suffer loss in the process. Our method of giving you exactly what is represented always protects you in the goods, and our guarantee of price absolutely protects you in what you pay for them. Aren't the facts worth careful reflection?

NOW AN INCOMPARABLE OFFER IN SILKS.

69c. for Regular 1.00 New Corded Taffetas.

History repeats itself. Our great selling of Silks last year became memorable in the trade and centred all eyes on our Silk store, but what we did then is going to be outdone this season. And here's an offer that will interest every woman in this great city. But, best of all for you, our Silk business is merely the index finger to the whole store. Silks are naturally interesting to every one. The fabrics themselves invite noticing and fondling and treasuring, and in calling attention to them now we call attention through them to every department in the store, every one of which has momentous prices to-morrow for your benefit.

These 1.00 Silks at 69c. are the very highest grade of Striped Corded Taffetas, the very newest, and never before seen in Brooklyn. New conceptions in color combinations, extremely pretty for waists and dresses, alluring at any price, but you'll find them irresistible at 69c. The following items form an interesting framework around our central offer:

BLACK SILKS.

Black Reversible Peau De Soie, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75 and 2.00.

Black Satin Duchesse, 1.00, 1.19, 1.25, 1.35, 1.50.

Black Taffetas, 49c., 59c., 69c., 79c., 89c., 1.00, 1.25 and 1.50.

Special Black Dress Taffeta, warranted to wear, 1.00 per yard.

PLAIN COLORED SILKS.

Our stocks of New Weaves in Foreign and Domestic Plain Silks are now complete, comprising Glace Merveilleux, Peau De Soie, Poplins, Mousseline Taffetas, Satin Duquesne, Duchesse, Satin Crepe De Chine, Pallet De Soie, &c., prices ranging from 89c. to 1.75.

NEW VELVETS.

All reports from PARIS indicate a great revival of the Velvet fashion for millinery—dress trimming and costumes. Our Velvets at 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00 and 3.00 are now complete and every desirable color is represented—black, too, of course.

Fresh Arrivals in Fall Shirt Waists.

Those in search of the first new things in becoming waists are sure to find satisfaction among these hundreds of correct styles. Velvets, Silks, Flannels and Brilliantines, all at special price inducements for to-morrow and the week.

AT $4.98, INSTEAD OF $6.75 AND $7.50.—350 assorted Silk Waists, made of extra fine Taffetas, black in 3 styles, one wide pleat, feather stitching down front, tucked back; the others yoke and sleeves tucked; also stylish striped Silk Waists, bias front tucked and black satin tucked yoke; all dress waist sleeve.

AT $4.98.—A choice assortment of Velveteen Waists in 3 styles, tucked and hemstitched front, bias tucked and plain piece front, in green, garnet, royal blue, violet and black.

AT 98c., INSTEAD OF $1.65.—All wool Flannel Waists, in black, cardinal and navy, yoke front and back, tucked front; dress waist sleeve.

AT $1.79, $1.98, $2.59.—Finer qualities, plain and braided effects.

AT $1.98.—Black Brilliantine Waists, trimmed with 8 rows of fancy silk braid, shirt waist sleeves.

Women's Ready-to-Wear Suits

9.98, 16.25 and 22.50, instead of 14.00 to 39.00.

One hundred and fifty Women's Tailor Made Suits, finished after our usual standard of excellence, in style, workmanship and fit. Choice of materials, such as Cheviots, Broadcloths, Homespuns, Vicunas, &c. Among the colors are blue, gray, tan, castor and black. The variety includes reefer jacket, top coat and tight-fitting waist; sizes assorted from 34 to 42.

The majority of these suits are lined with taffeta silk and made to sell from $14.00 to $39.00. For Monday the collection will be divided into three lots and offered at the following very low price, $9.98, $16.25 and $22.50.

$3.90, INSTEAD OF $5.75 FOR SEPARATE SKIRTS.

Gray Homespun Cheviot, the finest grade, tight fitting "Habit" back, opening in front, lined with percaline and finished with velvet, 150 of them all at $3.90 each.

What of 39c. for Umbrellas.

Sixteen Hundred for Men, Women and Children.

An opportunity for every member of the family. And if there were a dozen in the family, the cost of umbrellas for all would be about the usual price for one good ordinary umbrella. These have steel rods, paragon frames, nicely covered with different kinds of Cotton Glorias and silk mixed materials, sizes 22, 24 and 26 inches; various kinds of handles. No cases, it is true, but what of that when the price is less than half the ordinary. Quite an opportunity to get three to a family—father, mother and children. Not sent C. O. D.—In Rear of Store.

Winter Underwear at Half.

Here's an offer that seems hardly possible, especially when you consider the goods, the newest seasonable things, and that prices are going up instead of down. Such offers will be hard to find a month from now.—Section C, Extreme Rear.

AT 19c. INSTEAD OF 35c.—Women's extra heavy shaped ribbed cotton Vests, self fronts, pearl buttons and trimmed with silk high neck, long and short sleeves with French band, Drawers to match. Sizes 4 to 6.

AT 19c. and 29c. INSTEAD OF 25c. to 60c.—Children's extra quality white and natural merino Shirts, self fronts and pearl buttons, high neck, long sleeves, Pantalettes and Drawers to match, 16 to 24, 19c.; 26 to 34, 29c. each.

AT 39c. INSTEAD OF 75c.—Women's white cotton and wool Vests, self fronts, long and short sleeves, also Drawers to match. Sizes, 28 to 38.

AT 39c., INSTEAD OF 75c.—Men's extra heavy natural merino Shirts, self fronts, pearl buttons and long sleeves, Drawers with Suspender tapes to match. Sizes, shirts 34 to 46; drawers 30 to 44.

Something New in Art Embroideries.

Novelties in Bureau Scarfs, Doilies, Tea Cloths, etc.

Here's something that cannot fail to attract the interest of every lover of the beautiful. Embroideries that have never been shown before, consisting of Doilies, Centre Pieces, Trays, Scarfs and Tea Cloths, beautifully made with two rows of double hemstitching and delicate colored embroideries of bow knots and forget-me-nots, garlands of forget-me-nots and other flowers, and at prices that have never been duplicated at twice the amount; but what of their price when you consider their novelty? Here is a brief list:

At 19c. to 39c., Doilies, 9 and 12 inches.
At 59c. to 75c., Centre Pieces, 16 and 20 inches.
At 75c. to 85c., Trays, 18x26 inches.
At 85c. to $1.10, Scarfs, 18x28 inches.
At $1.25 to $1.49, Scarfs, 18x54 inches.
At $1.19 to $1.39, Tea Cloths, 32x32 inches.

Sewing Machines Again.

Our Sewing Machines have been so much appreciated that the past week we could only book orders for future delivery. Since then we were able to get out from the factory a small quantity of the "Drop Head" machines, which we place on sale Monday at the extraordinary price of $14.98 each. The name of our machine is the "Loeser," which means perfection or the name wouldn't be there. Every machine is guaranteed for five years. Lessons given by a competent teacher at your home. The earlier comers get the machines which are ready to deliver; for others we can book order for future delivery only.

David Harum and Richard Carvel Given Away.

Your choice of one of these books with a year's subscription to "The Bookman" at the regular subscription price, 2.00. Why do we make such an astonishing premium offer? Because the circulation of this, the best literary journal in America, will stimulate the sale of good books in our new book store soon to be opened. Every book-lover knows "The Bookman." If you buy it by the month it will cost 3.00 a year. We will mail it to you every month for 12 months and give you either of the above books for 2.00. If you want to keep abreast of the latest literary news, gossip or reviews in the world of letters, in New York, London or Paris, take advantage of this offer. The September number of "The Bookman" begins a new volume, but your subscription can begin with the October number if desired. We reserve the privilege of withdrawing this offer without notice.

Second Week of Our Autumn Sale of Blankets, Comfortables and Household Linens.

This has been the most successful sale of Housekeepers' Supplies in the history of this store, and will continue to-morrow and this week to afford the most unusual offers for the alert housekeeper ever known. We haven't thought of profit, indeed giving you merchandise at prices less than the cost to manufacture. Blankets, Comfortables, Counterpanes, Sheets and Pillow Cases, Table Cloths, Towels and Towellings, Flannels, Muslins and White Goods—a magnetic force of quality and goodness, all at incomparable prices. Seize the opportunity early to-morrow; we've too much goodness for detail; you'll not be disappointed.

Good News for Men.

19.50 for a 27.50 Made to Order Frock Coat and Vest.

And just at the opening of the season when such a coat and vest will be the most serviceable and fashionable. Double breasted and tailored in the very latest fashion, fine quality black vicuna, the correct fabric for this style of coat, lined throughout with silk and finished in the most aristocratic manner. Had we not had foresight enough to give orders for this cloth before the advance in the price of woolens we would have to ask you about 50% more for such a suit.

Men's Shirts, Pajamas and Night Shirts.

One of the best offers of the year, too good for any man who cares about making money to overlook.—Section B, Rear.

AT 29 CENTS.—
Men's and Boys' Unlaundered Shirts, with pure linen bosoms and splendid muslin; the 50c. shirts of most stores.

AT 39 CENTS.—
Our regular 50c. Unlaundered Shirt, men's and boys' sizes, 12 to 18 inches; equal to most of the 65c. shirts sold.

AT 35 CENTS.—
A splendid lot of fancy trimmed Night Shirts for men; usually 45c.

AT 59 CENTS.—
Men's fancy Madras Pajamas; reduced from $1.00.

25c. FOR BOYS' 50c. WINDSORS.—
All silk fancy plaid and stripe Windsors; the regular 50c. quality; for Monday 25c.

3.35 for Men's 5.00 Mackintoshes.

A 25.00 mackintosh cannot be any more rainproof than these 5.00 ones, because these are not the ordinary 5.00 kinds; well shaped and nicely made of a splendid tan cotton covert cloth. We offer them to-morrow at 3.35 each.

7.65 and 9.95 for 10.50 and 15.00 Iron and Brass Bedsteads.

White Iron and Brass Trimmed Bedsteads, with woven wire springs attached, two patterns, full size only—

10.50 Iron and Brass Bedstead, 7.65. 15.00 Iron and Brass Bedstead, 9.95.

Extraordinary Brass Bed Offer.

In the face of rapidly advancing prices in all metal goods, we give you two very opportune offers on Brass Beds to-morrow. These beds are exceptionally heavy and handsomely made. Both have high head ends, one a straight foot end, the other a gracefully curved foot end, very artistic and chaste design throughout, heavy brass tubing, and finished with the very best lacquer.

The one with straight foot end, 33.50. The one with curved foot end, 39.50.

These beds are really worth twice as much if sold in the ordinary way.

Oak Chiffonieres for a Little.

AT 8.75 INSTEAD OF 11.50—Oak Chiffonieres, 34 inches wide, containing 4 large, 2 small drawers and a closet; top has shaped French plate bevelled mirror.

AT 11.50 INSTEAD OF 14.50—Oak Chiffonieres, 34 inches wide, serpentine front, containing 5 large drawers, oval French plate bevelled mirror.

NEW NATIONAL BANK PROPOSED.

ITS PURPOSE TO MAKE A SPECIALTY OF COLLECTING OUT OF TOWN CHECKS.

An effort is being made to organize an institution to be known as the Domestic Exchange National Bank of New-York, with a capital of $300,000. The purpose is to make a specialty of the collection of out of town checks. The head of the undertaking is said to be Robert D. Kent, cashier of the Passaic National Bank and vice-president of the Passaic Trust and Safe Deposit Company.

CIGARMAKERS PLAN TO CONSOLIDATE.

Wall Street heard yesterday of the scheme for a general consolidation of the more important cigar manufacturing interests of this city, Tampa, Key West, New-Orleans and Chicago. The plans are practically completed, and incorporation papers will be filed at Trenton, N. J., to-morrow. The consolidated companies will be known as the United States and Havana Cigar Company, with $5,000,000 of preferred stock and $10,000,000 common. Isidore Hernsheim, of New-Orleans, is slated for the presidency, and E. H. Gato, a Key West manufacturer, for the vice-presidency. The principal offices will be in this city, with Eugene Vallens as managing director.

TRUST CUTS GRANULATED.

The American Sugar Refining Company (Sugar Trust) yesterday announced that prices of sugar would be less three-sixteenths cent, less one-eighth cent, less 1 per cent for cash, or on the basis of five cents for granulated to dealers in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas and Tennessee. The other sugar concerns immediately met these prices. The Mollenhauer and National sugar refineries are closed, owing to the accumulation of refined sugars. Meltings of raw sugars are heavy, and are likely to continue so. Refiners are receiving very large supplies, and it is said to be the policy of the trust to work its refineries full, and thus economically turn raws into refined, shipping the refined at present low freights to points all over the country, where it will be convenient to meet not only the present but the future demand.

It was decided by the committee of the National Wholesale Grocers' Association not to wait for action by grocers at Saratoga or elsewhere, but it completed its arrangements with the American Sugar Refining Company, and furnished the company with a revised plan for the distribution of sugar. Many grocers complain that their profits are reduced one-half under the new plan, as the three-sixteenths cent will be given away, and the 1 per cent trade discount, being discontinued, makes a loss of about one-fourth cent, against a gain of only the new "gratuity" of one-eighth cent.

RESIGNATIONS IN THE 12TH REGIMENT.

Chaplain Roderick Terry of the 12th Regiment, which he joined on March 18, 1889, has sent in his resignation. He was popular in the regiment, and served with the volunteer regiment during the Spanish war. Captain Albertson V. Z. Post, of Company H, has also resigned. He entered the guard as a private in Troop A in April, 1889, and joined the 12th as second lieutenant of Company H in March, 1895. He was elected first lieutenant in April, 1897. He served in the 12th Volunteers as lieutenant and captain, and was elected to the latter office in the National Guard Regiment a few months ago.

LIEUT. HART RESIGNS FROM THE 22D.

Lieutenant Benjamin S. Hart, of Company K, 22d Regiment, has resigned. Some time ago he had trouble with the members, who declared they would not serve under him, and the matter was compromised by the lieutenant agreeing to resign on completion of his ten years' service. He has, to avoid trouble, received leave since the demand for his resignation was made several months ago. He served as captain of Company K during the Spanish war, and after the volunteer regiment was re-established as a National Guard command he was defeated for the captaincy by former Captain Frank M. Anderson, of Company D, who, however, was denied a commission on the ground that he had declared that in the event of another call for service he would not volunteer. Captain Anderson denied that he ever said this, and declared that his words had been purposely misconstrued by a certain officer of the regiment who was unfriendly to him.